

HON. AUSTIN L. CROTHERS GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND



2-3-13-14

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# 1911

A COMPENDIUM

-OF-----

Legal, Historical and Statistical Information

RELATING TO THE

# STATE OF MARYLAND

Published Under Act of 1900, Chapter 240

\* COMPILED BY N. WINSLOW WILLIAMS Secretary of State

JOHN MURPHY CO.

Baltimore, Md.

New York



### Chapter 48, Acts of 1904.

AN ACT to formally adopt and legalize the Maryland flag.

Whereas It is represented to the General Assembly that the flag designed and used as the Flag of Maryland, under the Proprietary Government, and which is still known as the Maryland Flag, has never been formally adopted by Maryland as a State, its use having been continued by common consent only; and

Whereas lt is not only desirable that the official Flag of Maryland should be formally adopted and legalized, but it is eminently fitting that, by reason of its historic interest and meaning, as well as fcr its beauty and harmony of colors, the flag adopted should be the one which, from the earliest settlement of the Province to the present time, has been known and distinguished as the Flag of Maryland; therefore,

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the flag heretofore, and uow in use, and known as the Maryland Flag, be and the same is hereby legalized and adopted as the flag of the State of Maryland, which said flag is particularly described, as to coloring and arrangement, as follows: Quartered—the first and fourth quarters being paly of slx pleces, or and sahles, a bend dexter counterchanged; the second and third, quarterly, argent and gules, a cross bottonly countersigned; that is to say, the first and fourth quarters consist of six vertical bars alternately gold and black with a diagonal band ou which the colors are reversed, the second and third consisting of a quartered field of red and white, charged with a Greek Cross, its arms terminating in trefoils, with the coloring transposed, red heing on the white ground and white on the red, and all being as represented upon the escutcheon of the present Great Seal of Maryland.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That the Flag of Maryland shall be displayed from the State House at Annapolis, Maryland, continuously during the session of the General Assembly, and ou such other public occasions as the Governor of the State shall order and direct, the flag always to be so arranged upon the flag-staff as to have the black stripe on the diagonal bands of the first quartering at the top of the staff as represented in the Illustration of the Maryland Flag In "Chronicles of Colonial Maryland."

SEC. 3. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved March 9, 1904.

### Chapter 240 of the Acts of 1900.

AN ACT to provide for the annual compllation and publication of a Manual of the State of Maryland.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That it shall he the duty of the Secretary of State to accurately prepare and publish annually, on December thirty-first of each year, a Manual of the State of Maryland.

SEC. 2. And he it enacted, That sald Manual shall consist of not less than fifteen hundred copies in each year, five hundred of which shall be hound in cloth and shall contain a copy of the Charter and Constitution of the State, a complete llst of Members of the Legislature, with their postoffice addresses, the names and addresses of all State and county officers elected by the people, as well as those appointed by the Governor and the Board of Public Works; a brief summary of the dutles of the several State officers; the official returns of the State election of each year; a list of State, educational, charltable, reformatory and benevolent institutions, with the amounts approprlated to each by the State; the amounts paid by counties to the public schools of the State on account of public school tax; the gross and net debt of the State at the close of each fiscal year; the area, population, assessable hasis and tax rates in the several counties of the State and city of Baltimore; the construction of the Judicial system of this State; the official payroll of the State, and such other information as in his judgment may seem right and proper.

SEC. 3. And be it enacted, That the said Manual shall he distributed as follows: Twenty-five copies, bound in cloth, to the Maryland State Library; ten copies, two of which shall be hound in cloth, to each of the Members of the Legislature; one copy to each of the Clerks of the Circuit Courts of the State and the several courts in Baltimore city; one copy to each of the Boards of County Commissioners of this State, and the remaining number to the Executive Department, to be distributed by the Secretary of State to each of the several States of the Union, to the public libraries in this and other States, and to officials and citizens of this State.

SEC. 4. And be it enacted, That for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act, compiling, printing and distributing said Manual, the sum of fifteen hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby annually appropriated; and the Comptroller of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant upon the State Treasurer, who is hereby directed to pay same, in favor of the Secretary of State upon the presentation of proper vouchers by him that the work above mentioned has been fully done, which vouchers shall be filed in the office of the State Comptroller.

Approved April 5, 1900.

# CHARTER OF MARYLAND

Translated from the Latin Original

CHARLES,\* by the grace of GOD, of *England*, *Scotland*, *France*, and *Ireland*, KING, Defender of the Faith, &c. To ALL to whom these Presents shall come, GREETING.

II. WHEREAS our well beloved and right trusty Subject, CÆCILIUS CALVERT, Baron of BALTIMORE, in our Kingdom of Ireland, Son and Heir of GEORGE CALVERT, Knight, late Baron of BALTIMORE, in our said Kingdom of Ireland, treading in the Steps of his Father, being animated with a landable and pious Zeal for extending the Christian Religion, and also the Territories of our Empire, hath humbly besought leave of Us, that he may transport by his own Industry, and Expence, a numerous Colony of the English Nation, to a certain Region, herein after described, in a Country hitherto uncultivated, in the parts of America and partly occupied by Savages, having no Knowledge of the Divine Being, and that all that Region, with some certain Privileges, and Jurisdiction, appertaining unto the wholesome Government, and State of his Colony and Region aforesaid may by our Royal Highness be given, granted, and confirmed unto him and his heirs.

111. KNOW VE therefore that WE, encouraging with our Royal Favour, the pious and noble Purpose of the aforesaid Baron of BALTIMORE, of our special Grace, certain Knowledge, and mere Motion, have Given, GRANTED, and CON-FIRMED, and by this our present CHARTER, for US, our Heirs, and Successors, do Give, GRANT and CONFIRM, unto the aforesaid CÆCILIUS, now Baron of BALTIMORE, his Heirs and Assigns, all that Part of the Peninsula, or *Cher*sonese lying in the Parts of *America*, between the Ocean on the East, and the bay of *Chesopeake* on the West, divided from the Residue thereof by a Right Line drawn from the Promoutory, or Head Land, called *Watkin's Point*, situate upon the Bay aforesaid, near the river of *Wighco*, on the West, unto the Main Ocean on the East; and between that

\*Charles the First, of England.

Boundary on the South unto that Part of the Bay of Delaware on the North, which lieth under the Fortieth Degree of North Latitude from the Aequinoctial, where New-England is terminated; And all the Tract of that Land within the Metes underwritten, (that is to say,) passing from the said Bay, called *Delaware Bay*, in a right line, by the degree aforesaid, unto the true Meridian of the first Fountain of the River of *Pattowmack*, thence verging toward the South, unto the further Bank of the said River, and following the same on the West and South, unto a certain place called *Cinquack*, situate near the Mouth of the said River, where it disembogues into the aforesaid Bay of Chesopeake, and thence by the shortest line unto the aforesaid Promontory, or Place called Watkin's Point; so that the whole Tract of Land, divided by the Line aforesaid, between the Main Ocean and Watkin's Point, unto the Promontory called Cape Charles, and every the Appendages thereof, may entirely remain excepted for ever to US, our Heirs, and Successors.

IV. Also WE DO GRANT, and likewise CONFIRM unto the said Baron of BALTIMORE, his Heirs, and Assigns, all Islands and Islets within the Limits aforesaid, all and singular the Islands, and Islets, from the Eastern Shore of the aforesaid Region, toward the East, which have been, or shall be formed in the Sea, situate within Ten marine Leagues from the said Shore; with all and singular the Ports, Harbors, Bays, Rivers, and Straits belonging to the Region or Islands aforesaid, and all the Soil, Plains, Woods, Mountains, Marshes, Lakes, Rivers, Bays, and Straits, situate, or being within the Metes, Bounds, and Limits aforesaid, with the Fishings of every kind of Fish, as well as of Whales, Sturgeons, and other royal Fish, as of other Fish, in the Sea, Bays, Straits, or Rivers, within the Premises, and the Fish there taken; And moreover all Veins, Mines, and Quarries, as well opened as hidden, already found, or that shall be found within the Region, Islands, or Limits aforesaid, of Gold, Silver, Gems, and precious Stones, and any other whatsoever, whether they be of Stones, or Metals, or of any other Thing, or Matter whatsoever; And furthermore the PATRON-AGES and ADVOWSONS of all churches which, (with the increasing Worship and Religion of CHRIST,) within the said Region, Islands, Islets, and Limits aforesaid, hereafter shall happen to be built; together with License and Faculty of erecting and founding Churches, Chapels, and Places of Worship, in convenient and suitable Places, within the Premisses, and of causing the same to be dedicated and consecrated according to the Ecclesiastical Laws of our Kingdom of *England*, with all and singular, such, and as ample Rights,

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Jurisdictions, Privileges, Prerogatives, Royalties, Liberties, Immunities, and royal Rights and temporal Franchises whatsoever, as well by Sea as by Land, within the Region, Islands, Islets, and Limits aforesaid, to be had, exercised, used and enjoyed, as any Bishop of *Durham*, within the Bishoprick or County Palatine of *Durham*, in our Kingdom of *England*, ever heretofore hath had, held, used, or enjoyed, or of Right, could, or ought to have, hold, use or enjoy.

V. And WE do by these Presents, for US, our Heirs and Successors, MAKE, CREATE and CONSTITUTE HIM, the now Baron of BALTIMORE, and his Heirs, the TRUE and ABSO-LUTE LORDS and PROPRIETARIES of the Region aforesaid, and of all other the Premisses (except the before excepted) saving always the Faith and Allegiance and Sovereign Dominion due to US, our Heirs and Successors; to HAVE, HOLD, POSSESS and ENJOY the aforesaid Region, Islands, Islets and other the Premisses, unto the aforesaid now Baron of BALTIMORE. and to his Heirs and Assigns, to the sole and proper Behoof and Use of him, the new Baron of BALTIMORE, his Heirs and Assigns forever. To HOLD of US our Heirs and Successors, Kings of England, as of our Castle of Windsor, in our County of Berks, in free and common Soccage, by Fealty only for all Services, and not in Capite, nor by Knight's Service, YIELDING therefore unto US, our Heirs and Successors, TWO INDIAN ARROWS of those Parts, to be delivered at the said Castle of Windsor, every Year, on Tuesday in Easter-week: and also the fifth Part of all Gold and Silver Ore, which shall happen from Time to Time, to be found within the aforesaid Limits.

VI. Now, That the aforesaid Region; thus by us granted and described, may be eminently distinguished above all other Regions of that Territory, and decorated with more ample Titles, KNOW YE, that WE, of our most especial Grace, certain Knowledge, and mere Motion, have thought fit that the said Region and Islands be erected into a PROVINCE, as out of the Plentitude of our royal Power and Prerogative, WE do, for US, our Heirs and Successors, ERECT and INCORPORATE the same into a PROVINCE, and nominate the same MARYLAND, by which Name WE will that it shall from henceforth be called.

VII. And forasmuch as WE have above made and ordained the aforesaid now Baron of BALTIMORE, the true LORD and PROPRIETARY of the whole PROVINCE aforesaid, KNOW YE therefore further, that WE, for US, our Heirs, and Successors do grant unto the said now Baron, (in whose Fidelity, Prudence, Justice, and provident Circumspection

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of Mind, WE, repose the greatest Confidence) and to his Heirs, for the good and happy Government of the said Prov-INCE, free, full and absolute Power, by the Tenor of these Presents, to Ordain, Make and Enact LAWS, of what kind soever, according to their sound Discretion, whether relating to the Public State of the said PROVINCE, or the private Utility of Individuals, of and with the Advice, Assent, and Approbation of the Free-Men of the same PROVINCE, or of the greater Part of them, or of their Delegates or Deputies, whom WE will shall be called together for the framing of LAWS, when, and as often as Need shall require, by the aforesaid now Baron of BALTIMORE, and his Heirs, and in the Form which shall seem best to him or them, and the same to publish under the Seal of the aforesaid now Baron of BALTIMORE and his Heirs and duly to execute the same upon all Persons, for the Time being, within the aforesaid PROVINCE and the Limits thereof, or under his or their Government and Power, in Sailing toward MARYLAND, or thence Returning, Outward-bound, either to England or elsewhere, whether to any other Part of Our or of any foreign Dominions, wheresoever established, by the Imposition of Fines, Imprisonment, and other Punishment whatsoever; even if it be necessary, and the Quality of the Offence require it, by Privation of Member or, Life, by him the aforesaid now Baron of BALTIMORE, and his Heirs, or by his or their Deputy, Lieutenant, Judges, Justices, Magistrates, Officers, and Ministers, to be constituted and appointed according to the Tenor and true Intent of these Presents, and to constitute and ordain Judges, Justices, Magistrates and Officers, of what Kind, for what Cause, and with what Power soever, within that Land, and the Sea of those Parts, and in such Form as to the said now Baron of BALTIMORE, or his Heirs, shall seem most fitting: And also to Remit, Release, Pardon, and Abolish, all Crimes and Offences whatsoever against such Laws, whether before, or after Judgment passed; and to do all and singular other Things belonging to the Completion of Justice, and to Courts, Prætorian Judicatories, and Tribunals, judicial Forms and Modes of Proceeding, although express Mention thereof in these Presents be not made; and, by Judges by them delegated, to award Process, hold Pleas, and determine in those Courts, Prætorian Judicatories, and Tribunals, in all Actions, Suits, Causes and Matters whatsoever, as well Criminal as Personal, Real and Mixed, and Prætorian: Which said Laws, so to be published as abovesaid, WE will, enjoin, charge and command. to be most absolute and firm in Law, and to be kept in those Parts by all the Subjects and Liegemen of US, our Heirs,

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and Successors, so far as they concern them, and to be inviolably observed under the Penalties therein expressed, or to be expressed. So NEVERTHELESS, that the Laws aforesaid be Consonant to Reason, and be not repugnant or contrary, but (so far as conveniently may be) agreeable to the Laws, Statutes, Customs and Rights of this Our Kingdom of England.

VIII. AND FORASMUCH as, in the Government of so great a PROVINCE, sudden Accidents may frequently happen to which it will be necessary to apply a Remedy before the Freeholders of the said PROVINCE, their Delegates or Deputies. can be called together for the framing of Laws; neither will it be fit that so great a number of People should immediately on such emergent Occasion, be called together, WE THERE-FORE, for the better Government of so great a PROVINCE. do Will and Ordain and by these Presents, for US, our Heirs and Successors do grant unto the said now Baron of BALTI-MORE, and to his Heirs, that the aforesaid now Baron of BALTIMORE, and his Heirs, by themselves, or by their Magistrates and Officers, thereunto duly to be constituted as aforesaid, may, and can make and constitute fit and wholesome Ordinances from Time to Time, to be kept and observed within the PROVINCE aforesaid, as well for the Conversation of the Peace, as for the Better Government of the People inhabiting therein, and publickly to notify the same to all Persons whom the same in any wise do or may effect. Which Ordinances, WE will to be inviolably observed within the said PROVINCE, under the Pains to be expressed in the same. So that the said Ordinances be Consonant to Reason, and be not repugnant nor contrary, but (so far as conveniently may be done) agreeable to the Laws, Statutes, or Rights of our Kingdom of England: and so that the same Ordinances do not, in any Sort, extend to oblige, bind, charge, or take away the Right or Interest of any Person or Persons, of, or in Member, Life, Freehold, Goods or Chattels.

IX. FURTHERMORE, that the New Colony may more happily increase by a Multitude of People resorting thither, and at the same Time may be more firmly secured from the Incursions of Savages, or of other Enemies, Pirates, and Ravagers WE, therefore, for US, our Heirs and Successors, do by these Presents give and grant Power, License and Liberty, to all the Liege-Men and Subjects, present and future, of USE, our Heirs and Successors, except such to whom it shall be expressly forbidden, to transport themselves and their Families to the said PROVINCE, with fitting Vessels, and suitable Provisions, and therein to settle, dwell, and inhabit; and to build and fortify Castles, Forts, and

other Places of Strength at the Appointment of the aforesaid, now Baron of BALTIMORE, and his Heirs, for the Public and their own Defence; the Statute of Fugitives, or any other whatsoever to the contrary of the Premisses in any wise notwithstanding.

X. WE will also, out of our more abundant Grace, for US, our Heirs and Successors, do firmly charge, constitute, ordain and command that the said PROVINCE be of our Allegiance: and that all and singular the Subjects and Liege-Men of US, our Heirs and Successors, transplanted, or hereafter to be transplanted into the PROVINCE aforesaid, and the children of them, and of others their Descendants, whether already born there, or hereafter to be born, be and shall be natives and Liege-Men of US, our Heirs and Successors, of our Kingdom of England and Ireland; and in all Things shall be held, treated, reputed, and esteemed as the faithful Liege-Men of US, and our Heirs and Successors, born within our Kingdom of England; also Lands, Tenements, Revenues, Services, and other Hereditaments whatsoever within our Kingdom of England, and other our Dominions, to inherit or otherwise purchase, receive, take, have, hold, buy, and possess, and the same to use and enjoy, and the same to give, sell, alien, and bequeath; and likewise all Privileges, Franchises and Liberties of this our Kingdom of England, freely, quietly and peaceably to have and possess, and the same may use and enjoy in the same Manner as our Liege-Men born, or to be born within our same Kingdom of England, without Impediment, Molestation, Vexation, Impeachment, or Grievance of US, or any of our Heirs or Successors: any Statute. Act, Ordinance, or Provisions to the contrary thereof, notwithstanding.

FURTHERMORE, That our Subjects may be incited to XI. undertake this Expedition with a ready and chearful Mind; KNOW YE, that WE of our especial Grace, certain Knowledge, and mere Motion, do, by the Tenor of these Presents, give and grant, as well as to the aforesaid Baron of BALTI-MORE, and to his Heirs, as to all other Persons who shall from Time to Time repair to the said Province, either for the sake of Inhabiting, or of Trading with the Inhabitants of the Province aforesaid, full License to Ship and Lade in any the Ports of US, our Heirs and Successors, all and singular their Goods, as well moveable as immoveable, Wares and Merchandize, likewise Grain of what Sort soever, and other Things whatsoever necessary for Food and Cloathing, by the Laws and Statutes of our Kingdoms and Dominions, not prohibited to be transported out of the said Kingdoms; and the same to transport, by themselves, or their Servants

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or Assigns, into the said PROVINCE without the Impediment or Molestation of US, our Heirs or Successors, of any officers of US, our Heirs or Successors (Saving unto US, our Heirs and Successors, the Impositions, Subsidies, Customs, and other Dues payable for the same Goods and Merchandizes), any Statute, Act, Ordinance or other Thing whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

XII. BUT BECAUSE, that in so remote a Region, placed among so many barbarous Nations, the Incursions, as well of the Barbarians themselves, as of other Enemies, Pirates and Ravagers, probably will be feared, THEREFORE WE have Given, and for US, our Heirs and Successors, do Give by these Presents, as full and unrestrained Power as any Cantain-General of an Army ever hath had, unto the aforesaid now Baron of BALTIMORE, and to his Heirs and Assigns, by themselves or by their Captains or other Officers, to summon to their Standards, or to array all Men, of whatsoever Condition, or wheresoever born for the Time being, in the said Province of MARYLAND, to wage War, and to pursue, even beyond the Limits of their Province, the Enemies and Ravagers aforesaid, infesting those Parts by Land and by Sea, and (if GOD shall grant it) to vanquish and captivate them, and the Captives to put to Death, or, according to their Discretion, to save, and to do all other and singular the Things which appertain, or have been accustomed to appertain unto the Authority and Office of a Captain-General of an Army.

We also WILL, and by this our CHARTER, do XIII. Give nnto the aforesaid now Baron of BALTIMORE, and to his Heirs and Assigns, Power, Liberty and Authority, that, in Case of Rebellion, sudden Tumult or Sedition, if any (which GOD forbid) should happen to arise, whether upon Land within the PROVINCE aforesaid, or upon the High Sea in making a Voyage to the said PROVINCE of MARYLAND, or in returning thence, they may, by themselves, or by their Captains, or other Officers, thereunto deputed under their Seals (to whom WE, for US, our Heirs and Successors, by these Presents, do Give and Grant the fullest Power aud Authority) exercise Martial Law as freely, and in as ample Manner and Form, as any Captain-General of any Army, by virtue of his Office may, or hath accustomed to use the same, against the seditions Authors of Innovations in those Parts. withdrawing themselves from the Government of him or them, refusing to serve in War, flying over to the Enemy. exceeding their Leave of Absence, Deserters, or otherwise howsoever offending against the Rule, Law, or Discipline of War.

XIV. MOREOVER, lest in so remote and far distant a Region, every Access to Honours and Dignities may seem to be precluded, and utterly barred to Men well born, who are preparing to engage in the present Expedition, and desirous of deserving well, both in Peace and War, of US, and our Kingdoms: for this Cause, We, for US, our Heirs and Successors, do give free and plenary Power to the aforesaid now Baron of BALTIMORE, and to his Heirs and Assigns, to confer Favours, Rewards, Honours, upon such Subjects, inhabiting within the PROVINCE aforesaid, as shall be well deserving, and to adorn them with whatsoever Titles and Dignities they shall appoint; (so that they be not such as are now used in *England*,) also to erect and incorporate Towns into Buroughs, and buroughs into CITIES, with suitable Privileges and Immunities, according to the Merits of the Inhabitants, and Convenience of the places; and to do all and singular other Things in the Premisses, which to him or them shall seem fitting and convenient; even although they shall be such as in their own Nature, require a more special Commandiment and Warrant than in these Presents may be expressed.

XV. WE will also, and by these Presents do, for US, our Heirs and Successors, give and grant License by this our CHARTER, unto the aforesaid now Baron of BALTIMORE, his Heirs and Assigns, and to all Persons whatsoever, who are, or shall be, Residents and Inhabitants of the PROVINCE aforesaid, freely to import and unlade, by themselves, their Servants, Factors or Assigns, all Wares and Merchandizes whatsoever, which shall be collected out of the Fruits and Commodities of the said PROVINCE, whether the Product of the Land or the Sea, into any of the Ports whatsoever of US, our Heirs and Successors, of England or Ircland, or otherwise to dispose of the same there; and, if Need be, within One Year, to be computed immediately from the Time of unlading thereof, to lade the same Merchandizes again in the same or other Ships, and to export the same to any other Countries they shall think proper, whether belonging to Us. or any foreign Power, which shall be in Amity with US, our Heirs or Successors; Provided always, that they be bound to pay for the same to US, our Heirs and Successors, such Customs and Impositions, Subsidies and Taxes, as our other Subjects of the Kingdom of England, for the Time being shall be bound to pay, beyond which WE will that the Inhabitants of the aforesaid PROVINCE of the said Land, called MARYLAND, shall not be burdened.

XVI. AND FURTHERMORE, of our more ample special Grace, and of our certain Knowledge, and mere Motion, WE

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do for US, our Heirs and Successors, grant unto the aforesaid now Baron of BALTIMORE, his Heirs and Assigns, full and absolute Power and Authority to make, erect and constitute, within the PROVINCE of MARYLAND, and the Islands and Islets aforesaid, such, and so many Sea-Ports, Harbours, Creeks, and other Places of Unlading and Discharge of Goods and Merchandize out of Ships, Boats and other Vessels, and of Lading in the same, and in so many, and such places, and with such Rights, Jurisdictions, Liberties and Privileges, unto such Ports respecting, as to him or them shall seem most expedient: And, that all and every the Ships, Boats and other Vessels whatsoever, coming to, or going from the PROVINCE aforesaid, for the Sake of Merchandizing, shall be laden and unladen at such Ports only as shall be so erected and constituted by the said now Baron of BALTIMORE, his Heirs and Assigns, any Usage, Custom, or any other Thing whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding. SAVING always to US, our Heirs and Successors, and to all the Subjects of our Kingdoms of England and Ireland, of US, our Heirs and Successors, the Liberty of Fishing for Sea-Fish as well in the Sea, Bays, Straits and navigable Rivers, as in the Harbours, Bays and Creeks of the Prov-INCE aforesaid; and the Privilege of Salting and Drying Fish on the Shores of the same PROVINCE; and for that Cause, to cut down and take Hedging-Wood and Twigs there growing, and to build Huts and Cabbins, necessary in this Behalf in the same Manner as heretofore they reasonably might, or have used to do. Which Liberties and Privileges, the said Subject of US, our Heirs and Successors shall enjoy without notable Damage or Injury in any wise to be done to the aforesaid now Baron of BALTIMORE, his Heirs or Assigns, or to the Residents and Inhabitants of the same PROVINCE in the Ports, Creeks and Shores aforesaid, and especially in the Woods and Trees there growing. And if any Person shall do damage or Injury of this kind he shall incur the Peril and Pain of the heavy Displeasure of US, our Heirs and Successors, and of the due Chastisement of the Laws, besides making Satisfaction.

XVII. MOREOVER, WE will, appoint, and ordain and by these Presents, for US, our Heirs and Successors, do grant unto the aforesaid now Baron of BALTIMORE, his Heirs and Assigns, that the same Baron of BALTIMORE, his Heirs and Assigns, from Time to Time, for ever, shall have, and enjoy the Taxes and Subsidies payable, or arising within the Ports, Harbours and other Creeks and Places aforesaid, within the PROVINCE aforesaid, for Wares bought and sold, and Things there to be laden and unladen, to be reasonably

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assessed by them, and the People there as aforesaid, on emergent Occasion; to whom WE grant Power and by these Presents, for US, our Heirs and Successors to assess and impose the said Taxes and Subsidies there, upon just Cause, and in due Proportion.

XVIII. AND FURTHERMORE, of our special Grace, and certain Knowledge, and mere Motion, WE have given, granted and confirmed, and by these Presents, for US, our Heirs, and Successors, do give, grant, and confirm, unto the aforesaid now Baron of BALTIMORE, his Heirs and Assigns, full and absolute License, Power and Authority, that he, the aforesaid now Baron of BALTIMORE, his Heirs and Assigns, from Time to Time, hereafter, for ever, may and can, at his or their Will and Pleasure, assign, alien, grant, demise, or enfeoff so many, such and proportionate Parts and Parcels of the Premisses, to any Person or Persons willing to purchase the same, as they shall think convenient, to have and to hold to the same Person or Persons willing to take or purchase the same, and his and their Heirs and Assigns, in Fee-Simple, or Fee-tail, or for Term of Life, Lives or Years; to hold of the aforesaid now Baron of BALTI-MORE, his Heirs and Assigns, by so many, such and so great Services, Customs and Rents OF THIS KIND, as to the same now Baron of BALTIMORE, his Heirs and Assigns, shall seem fit and agreeable, and not immediately of US, our Heirs or Successors. And WE do give, and by these Presents, for US, our Heirs or Successors, do grant to the same Person and Persons, and to each and every of them, License, Authority and Power, that such Person or Persons, may take the premises, or any Parcel thereof, of the aforesaid now Baron of BALTIMORE, his Heirs and Assigns, and hold the same to them and their Assigns, or their Heirs of the aforesaid Baron of BALTIMORE, his Heirs and Assigns, of what Estate of Inheritance soever, in Fee-Simple or FEE-tail, or otherwise, as to them and the now Baron of BALTIMORE, his Heirs and Assigns, shall seem expedient; the Statute made in the Parliament of Lord EDWARD, son of King HENRY, late King of England, our Progenitor, commonly called the "STATUTE QUIA EMPTORES TERRA-RUM," heretofore published in our Kingdom of England, or any other Statute, Act, Ordinance, Usage, Law, or Custom, or any other Thing, Cause, or Matter, to the contrary thereof, heretofore had, done, published, ordained or provided to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XIX. WE, also, by these Presents, do give and grant License to the same Baron of BALTIMORE, and to his Heirs, to erect any Parcels of Land within the PROVINCE

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aforesaid, into Manors, and in every of those Manors, to have and to hold a Court-Baron, and all Things which to a Court-Baron do belong: and to have and to keep View of Frank-Pledge; for the Conservation of the Peace and Better Government of those Parts, by themselves and their Stewards, or by the Lords, for the Time being to be deputed, of other of those . Manors when they shall be constituted, and in the same to exercise all Things to the View of Frank-Pledge belonging.

AND FURTHER, WE will, and do, by these Presents, XX. for US, our Heirs and Successors, covenant and grant to, and with the aforesaid now Baron of BALTIMORE, his Heirs and Assigns, that WE, our Heirs and Successors, at no Time hereafter will impose, or make or cause to be imposed, any Impositions, Customs, or other Taxations, Quotas or Contributions whatsoever, in or upon the Residents or Inhabitants of the PROVINCE aforesaid, for their Goods, Lands or Tenements within the same PROVINCE, or upon any Tenements Lands, Goods or Chattels within the Province aforesaid, or in or upon any Goods or Merchandizes within the PROVINCE aforesaid, or within the Ports or Harbours of the said PROVINCE, to be laden or unladen: And WE Will and do, for US, our Heirs and Successors, enjoin and command that this our Declaration shall from Time to Time, be received and allowed in all our Courts and Prætorian Judicatories, and before all the Judges whatsoever of US, our Heirs and Successors, for a sufficient and lawful Discharge, Payment, and Acquittance thereof, charging all and singular the Officers and Ministers of US, our Heirs and Successors, and enjoining them, under our heavy Displeasure, that they do not at any Time presume to attempt any Thing to the contrary of the Premisses, or that may in any wise contravene the same, but that they, at all Times as is fitting, do aid and assist the aforesaid now Baron of BALTIMORE, and his Heirs, and the aforesaid Inhabitants and Merchants of the PROVINCE of MARYLAND aforesaid, and their Servants and Ministers, Factors and Assigns, in the fullest Use and Enjoyment of this our CHARTER.

XXI. AND FURTHERMORE WE WILL, and by these Presents, for US, our Heirs and Successors, do grant unto the aforesaid now Baron of BALTIMORE, his Heirs and Assigns, and to the Freeholders and Inhabitants of the said PROVINCE, both present and to come, and to every of them, that the said PROVINCE and the Freeholders or Inhabitants of the said Colony or Country, shall not henceforth be held or reputed a member or Part of the Land of Virginia or of any other Colony already transported, or hereafter to be transported, or be dependent on the same, or subordinate in

any kind of Government, from which WE do separate both the said PROVINCE, and Inhabitants thereof, and by these Presents do WILL to be distinct, and that they may be immediately subject to our Crown of *England*, and dependent on the same for ever.

XXII. AND if, peradventure, hereafter it may happen that any Doubts or Questions should arise concerning the true Sense and Meaning of any Word, Clause or Sentence, contained in this our present CHARTER, WE will, charge and command, THAT Interpretation to be applied, always, and in all Things, and in all our Courts and Judicatories whatsoever, to obtain which shall be judged to be the more beneficial, profitable, and favourable to the aforesaid now Baron of BALTIMORE, his Heirs and Assigns: PRO-VIDED always that no Interpretation thereof be made, whereby GOD'S holy and true Christian Religion, or the Allegiance due to US, our Heirs and Successors, may in any wise suffer by Change, Prejudice, or Diminution; although express Mention be not made in these Presents of the true yearly Value or Certainty of the Premisses, or any Part thereof, or of other Gifts and Grants made by US, our Heirs and Predecessors, unto the said now Lord BALTIMORE, or any Statute, Act, Ordinance, Provision, Proclamation or Restraint heretofore had, made, published, ordained or provided, or any other Thing, Cause or Matter whatsoever, to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

XXIII. IN WITNESS whereof WE have caused these our Letters to be made Patent. WITNESS OURSELF at Wesminister, the Twentieth Day of June, in the Eighth Year of our Peign.

# CONSTITUTION OF MARYLAND,

### ADOPTED BY THE CONVENTION

WHICH ASSEMBLED AT THE CITY OF ANNAPOLIS ON THE EIGHTH DAY OF MAY, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SIXTY-SEVEN, AND ADJOURNED ON THE SEVENTEENTH DAY OF AUGUST, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SIXTY-SEVEN, AND RATIFIED BY THE PEOPLE ON THE EIGHTEENTH DAY OF SEP-TEMBER, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SIXTY-SEVEN, WITH AMENDMENTS AND DECISIONS OF THE COURT OF APPEALS. TO AND INCLUDING 102 MARYLAND.

## DECLARATION OF RIGHTS,

We, the people of the State of Maryland, grateful to Almighty God for our civil and religious liberty, and Preamble. taking into our serious consideration the best means of establishing a good Constitution in this State for the sure foundation and more permanent security thereof, deelare:

Article 1. That all Government of right originates from the People, is founded in compact only, and instituted solely origin and for the good of the whole; and they have, at all times, the of governinalienable right to alter, reform or abolish their form of ment. Right Government in such manner as they may deem expedient.

Hepburn's Case, 3 Bl., 95. Manly v. State, 7 Md., 147.

Art. 2. The Constitution of the United States, and the Laws made or which shall be made in pursuance thereof, and Constitution of U. S. the all Treaties made, or which shall be made, under the au-supreme thority of the United States, are and shall be the Supreme Law of the State; and the Judges of this State, and all the People of this State, are, and shall be bound thereby, anything in the Constitution or Law of this State to the contrary notwithstanding.

Barney v. Patterson, 6 H. & J. 203. Ches. & Ohio Canal Co. v. B. & O. R. R. Co., 4 G. & J. 1. Howell v. State, 3 Gill, 14. Wilson v. Turpln, 5 Gill, 56. Larabee v. Talbott, 5 Gill, 426. Irvin v. Sprigg. 6 Gill, 200. Evans v. Sprigg, 2 Md., 457.

Powers reserved.

English

Art. 3. The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution thereof, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the People thereof.

Art. 4. That the People of this State have the sole and State's rights. exclusive right of regulating the internal government and police thereof as a free, sovereign and independent State.

Art. 5. That the Inhabitants of Maryland are entitled to Common law: the Common Law of England, and the trial by Jury, accordtrial by jury. ing to the course of that law, and to the benefit of such of the English statutes as existed on the Fourth day of July, statutes. seventeen hundred and seventy-six; and which, by experience, have been found applicable to their local and other circuinstances, and have been introduced, used and practiced by the Courts of Law or Equity; and also of all Acts of Assembly in force on the first day of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven; except such as may have since expired, or may be inconsistent with the provisions of this Constitution; subject, nevertheless, to the revision of, and amendment or repeal by, the Legislature of this State. And the Inhabitants of Maryland are also entitled to all property derived to them from or under the Charter granted by His Majesty, Charles the First, to Cæcilius Calvert, Baron of Baltimore.

> State v. Buchanan, 5 H. & J., 317. Dashiell v. Attorney General, 5 II. & J., 401. State v. Wayman, 2 G. & J., 254. State v. Bank of Maryland, 6 G. & J., 205. Smith v. State, 5 Gill, 45. Wright v. Wright's Lessee, 2 Md., 429. Manly v. State, 7 Md., 135. Broadbent v. State, 7 Md., 416. Stewart v. Mayor, &c., of Balto., 7 Md., 500. Eichelberger v. Hardesty, 15 Md., 548. Pue v. Hetzell, 16 Md., 539. Koontz v. Nabb, 16 Md., 549. McCoy v. Johnson, 70 Md., 490. Ford v. State, 85 Md., 465. Knee v. City Pass. Ry., 87 Md., 624. Danner v. State, 89 Md., 225. In re Maddox, 93 Md., 727. Beasley v. Ridout, 94 Md., 659.

Right of reform.

Non-resistance.

frage.

Art. 6. That all persons invested with the Legislative or Executive powers of Government are Trustees of the Public. and as such, accountable for their conduct: Wherefore, whenever the ends of Government are perverted, and public liberty manifestly endangered, and all other means of redress are ineffectual, the People may, and of right ought to reform the old, or establish a new Government; the doctrine of non-resistance against arbitrary power and oppression is absurd, slavish and destructive of the good and happiness of mankind.

That the right of the People to participate in Art. 7. Right of suf- the Legislature is the best security of liberty and the foundation of all free Government; for this purpose elections

Charter of the State.

#### CONSTITUTION.

ought to be free and frequent, and every white\* male citizen having the qualifications prescribed by the Constitution, ought to have the right of suffrage.

Bevard v. Hoffman, 18 Md., 479.

That the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Separation of Art. 8. powers of Government ought to he forever separate and dis-tinct from each other; and no person exercising the func-governtions of one of said Departments shall assume or discharge ment. the duties of any other.

State v. Chase, 5 H. & J., 304. Crane v. Meginnis, 1 G. & J., 463. State v. Chase, 5 H. & J., 304. Crane v. Meginnis, 1 G. & J., 463. Mitchell v. Mitchell, 1 Gill, 66. Prout v. Berry, 2 Gill, 147. Miller v. State, 8 Gill, 145. Watkins v. Watkins, 2 Md., 341. Wright v. Wright, 2 Md., 429. Thomas v. Owens, 4 Md., 189. Gough v. Pratt, Adm'r, 9 Md., 526. Calvert v. Williams, 10 Md., 478. Mayor, &c., of Balto., v. State, 15 Md., 376. State v. N. C. R. W. Co., 18 Md., 193. Balto., v. State, 15 Md., 376. State v. N. C. R. W. Co., 18 Md., 193.
Miles v. Bradford, 22 Md., 181. Mayor, &c., of Balto., v. Horn, 26
Md., 206. Green's Estate, 4 Md. Ch. Dec., 349. Waters v. Roche, 72
Md., 264. Van Witsen v. Gutman, 79 Md., 405. Mayor, etc., of Balto., v. Ulman, 79 Md., 469. McCrea v. Roberts, 89 Md., 251. Roby v.
Prince George's Co., 92 Md., 161. Beasely v. Ridout, 94 Md., 659.
Board of Supervisors, Prince George's Co. v. Mitchell, 97 Md., 330.

Art. 9. That no power of suspending Laws or the execution of Laws, unless by, or derived from the Legislature, laws. ought to be exercised, or allowed.

Art. 10. That freedom of speech and dehate, or proceed-reedom of ings in the Legislature, ought not to he impeached in any speech. Court of Judicature.

Art. 11. That Annapolis be the place of meeting of the Seat of gov-Legislature; and the Legislature ought not to he convened, ernment. or held at any other p'ace but from evident necessity.

Art. 12. That for redress of grievances, and for amend-Meeting of ing, strengthening, and for preserving the laws, the Legisla-Legislature. ture ought to be frequently convened.

Art. 13. That every man hath a right to petition the Leg-islature for the redress of grievances in a peaceful and Right of peti-tion. orderly manner.

Art. 14. That no aid, charge, tax, burthen or fees ought Levying of to he rated, or levied, under any pretence, without the con- taxes. sent of the Legislature.

Art. 15. That the levying of taxes by the pool is grievous and oppressive, and ought to he prohihited; that paupers Poll tax. ought not to he assessed for the support of the Government; but every person in the State, or person holding property

\*The word "white" omitted under the 15th Amendment to the Constitu-tion of the United States.

\$

Taxation according to actual worth.

Fines.

therein, ought to contribute his proportion of public taxes for the support of the Government, according to his actual worth in real or personal property; yet fines, duties or taxes may properly and justly be imposed, or laid with a political view for the good government and benefit of the community.

Eagan v. Charles Co., 3 H. & Mcl1., 169. Tax Cases, 12 G. & J., 117. Waters v. State, 1 Gill, 302. Burgess v. Pue, 2 Gill, 11 and 254. State v. Mayhew, 2 Gill, 487. Howell v. State, 3 Gill, 14. Mayor, &c., of Balto., v. B. & O. R. R. Co., 6 Gill, 290. Bradford v. Jones, 1 Md., 368. Germania v. State, 7 Md., 1. State v. Norwood, 12 Md., 195. O'Neal v. Va. & Md. Bridge Co., 18 Md., 1. Howard v. First Independent Church, 18 Md., 451. State v. Stirling, 20 Md., 516. Tyson v. State, 28 Md., 577. State v. Cum. & Penn. R. R. Co., 40 Md., 22. State v. N. C. R. R. Co., 44 Md., 131. State v. Phil., Wilm. & Balto., R. R. Co., 45 Md., 361. Appeal Tax Court v. Rice, 50 Md., 303. Appeal Tax Court v. Patterson, 50 Md., 354. Co. Commr. of Prince George's Co. v. Commrs. of Laurel, 51 Md., 457. Mayor, etc., v. Canton Co., 63 Md., 237. Daly v. Morgan, 69 Md., 460. Commrs. Prince George's Co. v. Commrs. Laurel, 70 Md., 2(9). Allen v. Co. Commrs. Harford Co., 74 Md., 294. Wells v. Commrs. of Hyattsville, 77 Md., 125. U. S. Electric Power Light Co. v. State, 79 Md., 63. Rohr v. Gray, 80 Md., 274. Short v. The State, 80 Md., 292. Baltimore and Eastern Shore R. R. v. Spring, 80 Md., 510. Simpson v. Hopkins, 82 Md., 478. Faust v. Building Ass'n, 84 Md., 186. B., C. & A. Ry. v. Wicomico Co., 93 Md., 113. Carstairs v. Cochran, 94 Md., 500. Corry v. Baltimore, 96 Md., 320. M. & C. C. of Balto, v. Johnson, 96 Md., 737. Baltimore v. Safe Deposit and Trust Co., 97 Md., 662.

Sanguinary laws.

Art. 16. That sanguinary Laws ought to be avoided as far as it is consistent with the safety of the State; and no Law to inflict cruel and unusual pains and penalties ought to be made in any case, or at any time, hereafter.

Foote v. State, 59 Md., 264. Mitchell v. State, 82 Md., 527.

Art. 17. That retrospective Laws, punishing acts com-Retrospective mitted before the existence of such Laws, and by them only declared criminal are oppressive, unjust and incompatible with liberty; wherefore, no ex post facto Law ought to be made; nor any retrospective oath or restriction be imposed or required.

> McMechen v. Mayor, etc., of Balto., 2 H. & J., 41. C. & O. Canal Co. v. B. & O. R. R. Co., 4 G. & J., 1. State use of Washington Co., v. B. & O. R. R. Co., 12 G. & J., 399. State v. Burke, 2 Gill, 79. Baugher v. Nelson, 9 Gill, 302. Wilson v. Hardesty, 1 Md. Ch., 66. Wilder-man v. Mayor, etc., of Balto., 8 Md., 551. Thistle v. Frostburg Coal Co., 10 Md., 129. State v. Norwood, <sup>12</sup> Md., 195. Willis v. Hodson, 79 Md., 327. Lynn v. The State, 84 Md., 67.

Art. 18. That no Law to attaint particular persons of treason or felony, ought to be made in any case, or at any time, hereafter.

Right to have Art. 19. That every man, for any injury done to him in justice. his person or property ought to have remedy by the course

laws.

Attainder.

#### CONSTITUTION.

of the Law of the Land, and ought to have justice and right, freely without sale, fully without any denial, and speedily without delay, according to Law of the Land.

Wright v. Wright, 2 Md., 452. United States Electric Power and Light Co. v. State, 79 Md., 63. Knee v. City Pass. Ry., 87 Md., 624.

Art. 20. That the trial of facts, where they arise, is one of Trial of facts. the greatest securities of the lives, liberties and estate of the People.

Art. 21. That in all criminal prosecutions, every man Criminal hath a right to be informed of the accusation against him; prosecuto have a copy of the Indictment, or Charge in due time (if dictment. required) to prepare for his defence; to be allowed counsel; Counsel and to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have witnesses. process for his witnesses; to examine the witnesses for and against him on oath; and to a speedy trial by an impartial Trial by jury. jury, without whose unanimous consent he ought not to be found guilty.

Ford v. State, 12 Md., 514. Davis v. State, 39 Md., 355. State v. Glenn, 54 Md., 572. John v. State, 55 Md., 350. Danner v. State, 89 Md., 225. Lancaster v. State, 90 Md., 213. Guy v. State, 96 Md., 694.

That no man ought to be compelled to give evi- Evidence against Art. 22. one-self. dence against himself in a criminal case.

Day v. State, 7 Gill, 321. Broadbent v. State, 7 Md., 416. Blum v. State, 94 Md., 381-2.

Art. 23. That no man ought to be taken or imprisoned or disseized of his freehold, liberties or privileges, or out freemen not to be imprislawed, or exiled, or in any manner destroyed, or deprived of oned. his life, liberty or property, but by the judgment of his peers, or by the Law of the Land.

Wright v. Wright, 2 Md., 429. Mayor, etc., Baltimore, v. Ilorn, 26 Md., 206. Davis v. Helbig, 27 Md., 462. Roth v. House of Refuge, 31 Md., 329. Grove v. Todd, 41 Md., 633. Singer v. State, 72 Md., 464. Ulman v. M. & C. C. Baltimore, 72 Md., 587-609. Scharf v. Tasker, 73 Md., 378. Danner v. State, 89 Md., 225. Sprigg v. Garrett Park, 89 Md., 400. State v. Brondhurst, 89 Md., 565. State v. Know-der, 90 Md., 653. Lancaster v. State, 90 Md., 213. Lurman v. Hitchens, 90 Md., 17. Board of Police, Balto. City, v. Wagner, 93 Md., 182. Wagner v. Upshur, 95 Md., 519.

Art. 24. That slavery shall not be re-established in this State; but, having been abolished, under the policy and authority of the United States, compensation, in consideration thereof, is due from the United States.

Art. 25. That excessive bail ought not to be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel or unusual punishment in-Bail and fines. flicted by the Courts of Law.

Mitchell v. State, 82 Md., 527, 532.

Search warrants.

Art. 26. That all warrants, without oath or affirmation. to search suspected places, or to seize any person or property, are grievous and oppressive; and all general warrants to search suspected places, or to apprehend suspected persons, without naming or describing the place, or the person in special, are illegal, and ought not to be granted.

Blum v. State, 94 Md., 382.

Art. 27. That no conviction shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture of estate.

Art. 28. That a well regulated Militia is the proper and natural defence of a free Government.

Art. 29. That Standing Armies are dangerous to liberty, and ought not to be raised, or kept up, without the consent of the Legislature.

Art. 30. That in all cases, and at all times, the military ought to be under strict subordination to, and control, of the civil power.

Art. 31. That no soldier shall, in time of peace, be quar-Quartering of tered in any house, without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war, except in the manner prescribed by Law.

> Art. 32. That no person except regular soldiers, marines. and mariners in the service of this State, or militia, when in actual service, ought, in any case, to be subject to, or punishable by, Martial Law.

> Art. 33. That the independency and uprightness of Judges are essential to the impartial administration of Justice, and a great security to the rights and liberties of the People; wherefore, the Judges shall not be removed, except in the manner, and for the causes, provided in this Constitution. No Judge shall hold any other office, civil or military or political trust, or employment of any kind whatsoever, under the Constitution or Laws of this State, or of the United States, or any of them; or receive fees, or perquisites of any kind. for the discharge of his official duties.

> Bradford v. Jones, 1 Md., 368. Cantwell v. Owens, 14 Md., 215. McCrea v. Roberts, 89 Md., 251. Supervisors v. Todd, 97 Md., 247.

> Art. 34. That a long continuance in the Executive Departments of power or trust is dangerous to liberty; a rotation, therefore, in those Departments is one of the best securities of permanent freedom.

> Art. 35. That no person shall hold, at the same time more than one office of profit, created by the Constitution or Laws of this State; nor shall any person in public trust receive

Corruption of blood.

Militia.

Standing armles.

Military sub-ject to civil power.

Martial law.

Judiciary.

Rotation in office.

Holding offices.

Presents.

any present from any foreign Prince or State, or from the United States, or any of them, without the approbation of this State.

Art. 36. That as it is the duty of every man to worship God in such manner as he thinks most acceptable to Him, all Religious persons are equally entitled to protection in their religious liberty; wherefore, no person ought, by any law to be molested in his person or estate, on account of his religious persuasion or profession, or for his religious practice, unless, under the color of religion, he shall disturb the good order. peace or safety of the State, or shall infringe the laws of morality, or injure others in their natural, civil or religious rights; nor ought any person to be compelled to frequent, or maintain, or contribute, unless on contract, to maintain any place of worship or any ministry; nor shall any person, witnesses. otherwise competent, be deemed incompetent as a witness, or juror, on account of his religious belief; provided, he believes in the existence of God, and that under His dispensation such person will be held morally accountable for his acts, and be rewarded or punished therefor in this world or the world to come.

Judefind v. State, 78 Md., 510.

Art. 37. That no religious test ought ever to be required as a qualification for any office of profit or trust in this oath of office. State, other than a declaration of belief in the existence of God; nor shall the Legislature prescribe any other oath of office than the oath prescribed by this Constitution.

Davidson v. Brice, 91 Md., 688.

That every gift, sale or devise of land to any Art. 38. Minister, Public Teacher or Preacher of the Gospel, as such, Devises and or to any Religious Sect, Order or Denomination, or to, or ministers for the support, use or benefit of, or in trust for, any Min- and religious bodies, and ister, Public Teacher or Preacher of the Gospel, as such, or for burying any Religious Sect, Order or Denomination; and every gift or sale of goods, or chattels, to go in succession, or to take place after the death of the Seller or Donor, to or for such support, use or benefit; and also every devise of goods or chattels to or for the support, use or benefit of any Minister, Public Teacher or Preacher of the Gospel, as such, or any Religious Sect, Order or Denomination, without the prior or subsequent sanction of the Legislature, shall be void; except always, any sale, gift, lease or devise of any quantity of land, not exceeding five acres, for a church, meeting-house, or other house of worship, or parsonage, or for a burying-ground, which shall be improved, enjoyed or used

only for such purpose; or such sale, gift, lease or devise shall be void.

Vansant v. Roberts, Admr., 3 Md., 119. Grove v. Trustees of the Disciples, 33 Md., 451. Eugland, Ex'r, v. Vestry of P. George's Par., 53 Md., 466. Church Extensiou Society v. Smith, 56 Md., 362. Halsey v. Prot. Epis. Church, 75 Md., 275. Kelso v. Stigar, 75 Md., 376. Rogers v. Sisters of Charity, 97 Md., 550.

Art. 39. That the manner of administering the oath or affirmation to any person ought to be such as those of the religious persuasion, profession, or denomination, of which he is a member, generally esteem the most effectual confirmation by the attestation of the Divine Being.

Art. 40. That the liberty of the press ought to be inviolably preserved; that every citizen of the State ought to be allowed to speak, write and publish his sentiments on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of that privilege. Negley v. Farrow, 60 Md., 148.

Art. 41. That monopolies are odious, contrary to the spirit of a free government and the principles of commerce, and ought not to be suffered.

The Broadway and Locust Point Ferry Co. v. Hankey, 31 Md., 346. Wright v. State, 88 Md., 443. Scholle v. State, 90 Md., 734.

Art. 42. That no title or hereditary honors ought to be granted in this State.

Art. 43. That the Legislature ought to encourage the dif-Duties of the fusion of knowledge and virtue, the extension of a judicious system of general education, the promotion of literature, the arts, sciences, agriculture, commerce and manufactures, and the general amelioration of the condition of the people. Clark v. Md. Institute, 87 Md. 663.

Constitutions apply in war and peace. Art. 44.

United States, and of this State, apply as well in time of war as in time of peace; and any departure therefrom, or violation thereof, under the plea of necessity, or any other plea, is subversive of good government and tends to anarchy and despotism.

That the provisions of the Constitution of the

Rights retained by the people. Art. 45. This enumeration of Rights shall not be construed to impair or deny others retained by the People. Campbell's Case, 2 Bl., 209.

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Liberty of the press.

Administer-

ing oaths.

Monopolies.

Titles of nobility.

### CONSTITUTION.

### ALL AMENDMENTS ARE INCLUDED IN BRACKETS AND FOLLOW THE SECTIONS AS ORIGINALLY ADOPTED.

#### ARTICLE I.

### ELECTIVE FRANCHISE.

SECTION 1. All elections shall be by ballot; and every white\* male citizen of the United States, of the age of twen Elections by ty-one years, or upwards, who has been a resident of the State for one year, and of the Legislative District of Baltimore city, or of the county, in which he may offer to vote, for Qualifications six months next preceding the election, shall be entitled to vote, in the ward or election district in which he resides, at all elections hereafter to be held in this State; and in case any county or city shall be so divided as to form portions of different electoral districts, for the election of Representatives in Congress, Senators, Delegates, or other Officers, then to entitle a person to vote for such officer, he must have been a resident of that part of the county, or city, which shall form a part of the electoral district, in which he offers to vote, for six months next preceding the election; but a person, who shall have acquired a residence in such county Residence. or city, entitling him to vote at any such election, shall be entitled to vote in the election district from which he re Removal. moved, until he shall have acquired a residence in the part of the county or city to which he has removed.

Bevard v. Hoffman, 18 Md., 479. Miles v. Bradford, 22 Md., 171. Shaeffer v. Gilbert, 73 Md., 66. Southerland v. Norris, 74 Md., 326. Kemp v. Owens, 76 Md., 237. Langhammer v. Munter, 80 Md., 518. Hanna v. Young, 84 Md., 179. Howard v. Skinner, 87 Md., 558. Davidson v. Brice, 91 Md., 688.

SEC. 2. No person above the age of twenty-one years, convicted of larceny or other infamous crime, unless pardoned Disqualificaby the Governor, shall ever thereafter, be entitled to vote at any election in this State; and no person under guardianship, as a lunatic, or as a person non compos mentis, shall be entitled to vote.

State v. Bixler, 62 Md., 354.

\*The word "white" became inoperative under the 15th Amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

Bribery.

SEC. 3. If any person shall give, or offer to give, directly or indirectly, any bribe, present, or reward, or any promise, or any security, for the payment or the delivery of money, or any other thing, to induce any voter to refrain from casting his vote, or to prevent him in any way from voting, or to procure a vote for any candidate or person proposed, or voted for, as Elector of President and Vice-President of the United States, or Representative in Congress, or for any office of profit or trust, created by the Constitution or Laws of this State, or by the Ordinances, or Authority of the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore, the person giving, or offering to give, and the person receiving the same, and any person who gives, or causes to be given, an illegal vote, knowing it to be such, at any election to be hereafter held in this State, shall, on conviction in a Court of Law, in addition to the penalties now or hereafter to be imposed by law, be forever disqualified to hold any office of profit or trust, or to vote at any election thereafter.

SEC. 4. It shall be the duty of the General Assembly to pass Laws to punish, with fine and imprisonment, any person who shall remove into any election district or precinct of any ward of the city of Baltimore, not for the purpose of acquiring a *bona fide* residence therein, but for the purpose of voting at an approaching election, or who shall vote in any election district or ward in which he does not reside (except in the case provided for in this Article), or shall, at the same election, vote in more than one election district, or precinct, or shall vote, or offer to vote, in any name not his own, or in place of any other person of the same name, or shall vote in any county in which he does not reside.

Registration.

SEC. 5. The General Assembly shall provide by law for a uniform Registration of the names of all the voters in this State who possess the qualifications prescribed in this Article, which Registration shall be conclusive evidence to the Judges of election of the right of every person thus registered to vote at any election thereafter held in this State; but no person shall vote at any election. Federal or State, hereafter to be held in this State, or at any municipal election in the city of Baltimore, unless his name appears in the list of registered voters; and until the General Assembly shall hereafter pass an Act for the Registration of the names of voters, the law in force on the first day of June, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, in reference thereto, shall be continued in force, except so far as it may be inconsistent with the provisions of this Constitution; and the registry of voters, made in pursuance thereof, may be corrected, as provided in said law; but the names of all per-

Penalties.

Punishment for illegal voting.

#### ART. II.]

#### CONSTITUTION.

sons shall be added to the list of qualified voters by the officers of Registration, who have the qualifications prescribed in the first section of this Article, and who are not disqualified under the provisions of the second and third sections thereof.

Miles v. Bradford, 22 Md., 176. Smith v. Stephan, 66 Md., 381.

SEC. 6. Every person elected or appointed to any office of profit or trust, under this Constitution, or under the laws, Oath of office. made pursuant thereto, shall, before he enters upon the duties of such office, take and subscribe the following oath —, do swear, (or affirm, as the case or affirmation: I, may be), that I will support the Constitution of the United States; and that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to the State of Maryland, and support the Constitution and Laws thereof; and that I will, to the best of my skill and judgment, diligently and faithfully, without partiality or prejudice (execute the office of ------, according to the Constitution and Laws of this State, (and, if a Governor, Senator, Member of the House of Delegates, or Judge), that I will not, directly or indirectly, receive the profits or any part of the profits of any other office during the term of my acting as -

Thomas v. Owens, 4 Md., 189. Archer v. State 74 Md., 410 and 443. Keyser v. Upshur, 92 Md., 728. Davidson v. Brice, 91 Md., 685.

SEC. 7. Every person hereafter elected or appointed to office in this State, who shall refuse or neglect to take the New election oath or affirmation of office provided for in the sixth section to take oath of this Article, shall be considered as having refused to accept the said office; and a new election or appointment shall be made, as in case of refusal to accept, or resignation of any office; and any person violating said oath shall, on conviction thereof, in a Court of Law, in addition to the penalties now or hereafter to be imposed by law, be thereafter incapable of holding any office of profit or trust in this State.

Archer v. State, 74 Md., 443. Davidson v. Brice, 91 Md., 684.

#### ARTICLE II.

#### EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

SECTION 1. The executive power of the State shall be vested in a Governor, whose term of office shall commence Governor's term of on the second Wednesday of January next ensuing his elec- office. tion, and continue for four years, and until his successor shall have qualified; but the Governor chosen at the first

election under this Constitution shall not enter upon the discharge of the duties of the office until the expiration of the term for which the present incumbent was elected; unless the said office shall become vacant by death, resignation, removal from the State, or other disqualification of the said incumbent.

Miles v. Bradford, 22 Md., 183.

Time, place and manner of electing Governor. SEC. 2. An election for Governor, under this Constitution, shall be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November, in the year eighteen hundred and sixtyseven, and on the same day and month in every fourth year thereafter, at the places of voting for delegates to the General Assembly; and every person qualified to vote for Delegates shall be qualified and entitled to vote for Governor; the election to be held in the same manner as the election of Delegates, and the returns thereof under seal to be addressed to the Speaker of the House of Delegates, and enclosed and transmitted to the Secretary of State, and delivered to said Speaker, at the commencement of the session of the General Assembly next ensuing said election.

SEC. 3. The Speaker of the House of Delegates shall then open the said returns in the presence of both Houses; and the person having the highest number of votes, and being constitutionally eligible, shall be the Governor, and shall qualify, in the manner herein prescribed, on the second Wednesday of January next ensuing his election, or as soon thereafter as may be practicable.

SEC. 4. If two or more persons shall have the highest and an equal number of votes for Governor, one of them shall be chosen Governor by the Senate and House of Delegates, and all questions in relation to the eligibility of Governor, and to the returns of said election, and to the number and legality of votes therein given, shall be determined by the House of Delegates; and if the person or persons, having the highest number of votes, be ineligible, the Governor shall be chosen by the Senate and House of Delegates. Every election of Governor by the General Assembly shall be determined by a joint majority of the Senate and House of Delegates, and the vote shall be taken viva voce. But if two or more persons shall have the highest and an equal number of votes, then a second vote shall be taken, which shall be confined to the persons having an equal number; and if the vote should again be equal, then the election of Governor shall be determined by lot between those who shall have the highest and an equal number on the first vote.

Tie vote.

Plurality to

elect.

House to decide all questions. [ART. 11.

#### ART. 11.]

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SEC. 5. A person to be eligible to the office of Governor must have attained the age of thirty years, and must have Qualifications been for ten years a citizen of the State of Maryland, and for five years next preceding his election a resident of the State, and, at the time of his election, a qualified voter therein.

SEC. 6. In the case of death or resignation of the Governor, or of his removal from the State, or other disqualifi-Election by cation, the General Assembly, if in session, or if not, at their next session, shall elect some other qualified person to be Governor for the residue of the term for which the said Governor had been elected.

SEC. 7. In case of any vacancy in the office of Governor, during the recess of the Legislature, the President of the succession. Senate shall discharge the duties of said office, until a Governor is elected, as herein provided for; and in case of the death or resignation of the said President, or of his removal from the State, or of his refusal to serve, then the duties of said office shall, in like manner, and for the same interval, devolve upon the Speaker of the Honse of Delegates. And the Legislature may provide by Law, for the impeachment Impeachment. of the Governor; and in case of his conviction, or his inability, may declare what person shall perform the Executive duties; and for any vacancy in said office not herein provided for, provision may be made by Law; and if such vacancy should occur without such provision being made, the Legislature shall be convened by the Secretary of State for the purpose of filling said vacancy.

The Governor shall be the Commander-in-Chief of SEC. 8. the land and naval forces of the State; and may call out the Governor to Militia to repel invasions, suppress insurrections, and be com-mander-in-enforce the execution of the Laws; but shall not take the militia. command in person, without the consent of the Legislature.

Scholle v. State, 90 Md., 733.

SEC. 9. He shall take care that the Laws are faithfully Duties. executed.

SEC. 10. He shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint all civil and military Appointofficers of the State, whose appointment or election is not otherwise herein provided for; unless a different mode of appointment be prescribed by the Law creating the office.

Davis v. State, 7 Md., 151. Cantwell v. Owens, 14 Md., 215. Scholle v. State, 90 Md., 743.

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SEC. 11. In case of any vacancy during the recess of the Appointments Senate, in any office which the Governor has power to fill, during rehe shall appoint some suitable person to said office, whose cess.

commission shall continue in force until the end of the next session of the Legislature, or until some other person is appointed to the same office, whichever shall first occur; and the nomination of the person thus appointed during the recess, or of some other person in his place, shall be made to the Senate within thirty days after the next meeting of the Legislature.

Watkins v. Watkins, 2 Md., 341. Cantwell v. Owens, 14 Md., 215. Smoot v. Somerville, 59 Md., 84. Kroh v. Smoot, 62 Md., 172. Ash v. McVey, 85 Md., 119. Sappington v. Slade, 91 Md., 645. School Com-missioners v. Goldsborough, 90 Md., 204.

SEC. 12. No person, after being rejected by the Senate, shall be again nominated for the same office at the same session, unless at the request of the Senate; or be appointed to the same office during the recess of the Legislature.

Townsend v. Kurtz, 83 Md., 331.

SEC. 13. All civil officers appointed by the Governor and Senate, shall be nominated to the Senate within fifty days from the commencement of each regular session of the Leg-Term of office. islature; and their term of office, except in cases otherwise provided for in this Constitution, shall commence on the first Monday of May next ensuing their appointment, and continue for two years, (unless removed from office), and until their successors, respectively, qualify according to Law: but the term of office of the Inspectors of Tobacco shall commence on the first Monday of March next ensuing their appointment.

> Dyer v. Bayne, 54 Md., 87. Smoot v. Somerville, 59 Md., 84. Merrill v. School Commrs. Garrett Co., 70 Md., 269. Commrs. Calvert Co. v. Hellen, 72 Md., 603. Sappington v. Slade, 91 Md., 645.

SEC. 14. If a vacancy shall occur during the session of the Senate, in any office which the Governor and Senate have the power to fill, the Governor shall nominate to the Senate, before its final adjournment, a proper person to fill said vacancy, unless such vacancy occurs within ten days before said final adjournment.

Smoot v. Somerville, 59 Md., 84. Ash v. McVey, 85 Md., 119.

Courts-martial

Vacancy dur-

ing session.

SEC. 15. The Governor may suspend or arrest any military officer of the State for disobedience of orders or other military offence; and may remove him in pursuance of the sentence of a Court Martial; and may remove for incompe-

Rejection by Senate.

Time of nomination

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#### CONSTITUTION.

tency or misconduct, all civil officers who received appointment from the Executive for a term of years.

Cantwell v. Owens, 14 Md., 215. Harman v. Harwood, 58 Md., 1. Townsend v. Kurtz, 83 Md., 331. School Commrs. v. Goldsborough, 90 Md., 195.

SEC. 16. The Governor shall convene the Legislature, or the Senate alone, on extraordinary occasions; and when Extra sessions ever from the presence of any enemy, or from any other ture. cause, the Seat of Government shall become an unsafe place for the meeting of the Legislature, he may direct their sessions to be held at some other convenient place.

SEC. 17. To guard against hasty or partial legislation and encroachments of the Legislative Department upon the co. Veto power. ordinate, Executive and Judicial Departments, every Bill which shall have passed the House of Delegates, and the Senate shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the Governor of the State; if he approves he shall sign it, but if not he shall return it with his objections to the House in which it originated, which House shall enter the objections at large on its Journal and proceed to reconsider the Bill; if, after such reconsideration, three-fifth of the members how passed. elected to that House shall pass the Bill, it shall be sent with the objections to the other House, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if it pass hy three-fifths of the members elected to that House it shall become a law; but in Yeas and all cases the votes of both Houses shall be determined by mays. yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the Bill shall be entered on the Journal of each veto within House, respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by six days. the Governor within six days (Sundays excepted), after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law in like manner as if he signed it, unless the General Assembly shall, by adjournment, prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

[The Governor shall have power to disapprove of any veto of items. item or items of any Bills making appropriations of money embracing distinct items, and the part or parts of the Bill approved shall be the law, and the item or items of appropriations disapproved shall be void unless repassed according to the rules or limitations prescribed for the passage of other Bills over the Executive veto.]\*

Hamilton v. State, 61 Md., 28. Lankford v. Commrs. Somerset Co., 73 Md., 105. Warfield v. Vandiver, 101 Md., 78.

\*Thus amended by Chapter 194, Acts of 1890, ratified by the people, November 3, 1891.

ART. 11.

Governor to examine Treasury accounts.

Recommendations.

Pardons.

Notice in

Reports to Legislature.

Residence and salary of the Governor.

Secretary of State.

SEC. 18. It shall be the duty of the Governor, semi-annually (and oftener, if he deems it expedient) to examine under oath the Treasurer and Comptroller of the State on all matters pertaining to their respective offices, and inspect and review their bank and other account books.

SEC. 19. He shall, from time to time, inform the Legislature of the condition of the State, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he may judge necessary and expedient.

SEC. 20. He shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons, except in cases of impeachment, and in cases in which he is prohibited by other Articles of this Constitution; and to remit fines and forfeitures for offences against the State; but shall not remit the principal or interest of any debt due the State, except in cases of fines and forfeitures; and before newspapers, granting a nolle prosequi, or pardon, he shall give notice, in one or more newspapers, of the application made for it, and of the day on or after which his decision will be given; and in every case in which he exercises this power, he shall report to either Branch of the Legislature, whenever required, the petitions, recommendations and reasons which influenced his decisions.

> SEC. 21. The Governor shall reside at the seat of government, and receive for his services an annual salary of four thousand five hundred dollars.

> SEC. 22. A Secretary of State shall be appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, who shall continue in office, unless sooner removed by the Governor, till the end of the official term of the Governor from whom he received his appointment, and receive an annual salary of two thousand dollars, and shall reside at the seat of government; and the office of Private Secretary shall then eforth cease.

retary of State.

SEC. 23. The Secretary of State shall carefully keep and Duties of sec- preserve a record of all official acts and proceedings, which may at all times be inspected by a committee of either branch of the Legislature; and he shall perform such other duties as may be prescribed by law, or as may properly belong to his office, together with all clerical duty belonging to the Executive Department.

Lankford v. Commrs. Somerset Co., 73 Md., 105.

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#### ARTICLE III.

#### LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

SECTION 1. The Legislature shall consist of two distinct branches—a Senate and a House of Delegates—and shall be styled the General Assembly of Maryland.

Bradshaw v. Lankford, 73 Md., 428. Warfield v. Vandiver, 101 Md., 78.

SEC. 2. Each county in the State, and each of the three Legislative Districts of Baltimore city, as they are now, or Senators. may hereafter be defined, shall be entitled to one Senator, who shall be elected by the qualified voters of the counties and of the Legislative Districts of Baltimore city, respectively, and shall serve for four years from the date of his Term. election, subject to the classification of Senators hereafter provided for.

[SEC. 2. The city of Baltimore shall be divided into four legislative districts, as near as may be, of equal population <sup>Legislative</sup> districts, and of continguous territory, and each of said legislative districts of Baltimore city, as they may from time to time be laid out, in accordance with the provisions hereof, and each county in the State shall be entitled to one Senator, who shall be elected by the qualified voters of the said legis Election of lative districts of Baltimore city and of the counties of the State, respectively, and shall serve for four years from the Term. date of his election, subject to the classification of Senators hereafter provided for.]\*

Sec. 3. Until the taking and publishing of the next National Census, or until the enumeration of the population Representaof this State, under the authority thereof, the several coun-tion in House. ties and the city of Baltimore, shall have a representation in the House of Delegates, as follows: Allegany County, five Delegates; Anne Arundel County, three Delegates; Baltimore County, six Delegates; each of the three Legislative Districts of the city of Baltimore, six Delegates; Calvert County, two Delegates; Caroline County, two Delegates; Carroll County, four Delegates; Cecil County, four Dele gates; Charles County, two Delegates; Dorchester County, three Delegates; Frederick Connty, six Delegates; Harford County, four Delegates; Howard County, two Delegates, Kent County, two Delegates; Montgomery County, three Delegates; Prince George's County, three Delegates; Queen Anne's County, two Delegates; St. Mary's County, two Dele-

\*Thus amended by Act of 1900, Chapter 469, ratified hy the people at November election, 1901.

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gates; Somerset County, three Delegates; Talbot County, two Delegates; Washington County, five Delegates, and Worcester County, three Delegates.<sup>†</sup>

sentation in House.

SEC. 4. As soon as may be after the taking and publish-Basis of repre-ing of the next National Census, or after the enumeration of the population of this State, under the authority thereof, there shall be an apportionment of representation in the House of Delegates, to be made on the following basis, to wit: Each of the several counties of the State having a population of eighteen thousand souls, or less, shall be entitled to two Delegates, and every county having a population of over eighteen thousand, and less than twenty-eight thousand souls, shall be entitled to three Delegates; and every county having a population of twenty-eight thousand and less than forty thousand souls, shall be entitled to four Delegates: and every county having a population of forty thousand, and less than fifty-five thousand souls, shall be entitled to five Delegates; and every county having a population of fifty-five thousand souls, and upwards, shall be entitled to six Delegates, and no more; and each of the three Legislative Districts of the city of Baltimore shall be entitled to the number of Delegates to which the largest county shall or may be entitled, under the aforegoing apportionment. And the General Assembly shall have power to provide by law, from time to time, for altering and changing the boundaries of the three existing Legislative Districts of the city of Baltimore, so as to make them, as near as may be, of equal population; but said districts shall always consist of contiguous territory.

> [SEC. 4. As soon as may be, after the taking and publishing of the National Census of 1900, or after the enumeration of the population of this State, under the authority thereof, there shall be an apportionment of representation in the House of Delegates, to be made on the following basis, to Each of the several counties of the State, having a wit: population of eighteen thousand souls or less, shall be entitled to two Delegates; and every county having a population of over eighteen thousand and less than twenty eight thousand souls, shall be entitled to three Delegates; and

city may be changed

Basis of representation.

tUnder the State Census authorized by the Act of 1901 (Special Session), and by the amendment to Sec. 2. the allotment of representation of the several counties in the House of Delegates Is as follows: Allegany County, five; Anne Arundel County, four: Baltimore County, six: Calvert County, two: Caroline County, two: Carroll County, four: Cecil County, three; Charles County, two: Dorchester County, four: Frederick County, five: Gar-rett County, two: Harford County, four: Frederick County, two: Kent County, two: Montgomery County, four: Prince George's County, two: Kent County, two: Montgomery County, four: Prince George's County, two: Talhot County, three; Washington County, five: Wicomico County, three: Worces-ter County, three: and Baltimore City, twenty-four delegates. Total, 101.

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every county having a population of twenty-eight thousand and less than forty thousanl souls, shall be entitled to four Delegates; and every county having a population of forty thousand and less than fifty-five thousand souls, shall be entitled to five Delegates; and every county having a population of fifty-five thousand souls and upwards, shall be entitled to six Delegates and no more; and each of the Legislative Districts of the city of Baltimore shall be entitled to the number of Delegates to which the largest county shall or may be entitled under the aforegoing apportionment, and the General Assembly shall have the power to provide by law, Legislative from time to time, for altering and changing the boundaries Baltimore of the existing Legislative Districts of the city of Baltimore, may be changed. so as to make them as near as may be of equal population; but said district shall always consist of contiguous territory.]\*

SEC. 5. Immediately after the taking and publishing of the next National Census, or after any State enumeration Governor to of population, as aforesaid, it shall be the duty of the Gov- arrange ernor, then being, to arrange the representation in said tion. House of Delegates in accordance with the apportionment herein provided for; and to declare, by Proclamation, the Proclamation. number of Delegates to which each county and the city of Baltimore may be entitled under such apportionment; and after every National Census taken thereafter, or after any State enumeration of population thereafter made, it shall be the duty of the Governor, for the time being, to make similar adjustment of representation, and to declare the same by Proclamation, as aforesaid.

SEC. 6. The members of the House of Delegates shall be Election of elected by the qualified voters of the counties, and the Legis. Delegates. lative Districts of Baltimore city, respectively, to serve for Term. two years from the day of their election.

SEC. 7. The first election for Senators and Delegates shall take place on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in the Time of elecmonth of November, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven; and tion. the election for Delegates, and as nearly as practicable, for one-half of the Senators shall be held on the same day in every second year thereafter.

SEC. 8. Immediately after the Senate shall have convened, after the first election, under this Constitution, the Senators Classification shall be divided by lot into two classes, as nearly equal in of Senators. number as may be. Senators of the first class shall go out of office at the expiration of two years, and Senators shall be

\*Thus amended by Act of 1900, Chapter 432, ratified by the people at November election, 1901.

representa-

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elected on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in the month of November, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, for the term of four years, to supply their places; so that, after the first election, one-half of the Senators may be chosen every second year. In case the number of Senators be hereafter increased, such classification of the additional Senators shall be made as to preserve, as nearly as may be, an equal number in each class.

Covington v. Buffett, 90 Md., 577. Weddle v. School Commrs., 94 Md., 344.

SEC. 9. No person shall be eligible as a Senator or Delegate who, at the time of his election, is not a citizen of the State of Maryland, and who has not resided therein for at least three years next preceding the day of his election, and the last year thereof, in the county, or in the Legislative District of Baltimore city, which he may be chosen to represent, if such county or Legislative District of said city shall have been so long established; and if not, then in the county or city, from which, in whole or in part, the same may have been formed; nor shall any person be eligible as a Senator unless he shall have attained the age of twenty-one years, at the time of his election.

SEC. 10. No member of Congress, or person holding any civil or military office under the United States shall be eligible as a Senator or Delegate; and if any person shall, after his election as Senator or Delegate, be elected to Congress, or be appointed to any office, civil or military, under the Government of the United States, his acceptance thereof shall vacate his seat.

SEC. 11. No Minister or Preacher of the Gospel, or of any religious creed or denomination, and no person holding any civil office of profit or trust under this State, except Justices of the Peace, shall be eligible as Senator or Delegate.

SEC. 12. No collector, receiver or holder of public money shall be eligible as Senator or Delegate, or to any office of profit or trust under this State, until he shall have accounted for and paid into the Treasury all sums on the books thereof charged to and due by him.

SEC. 13. In case of death, disqualification, resignation, refusal to act, expulsion, or removal from the county or city for which he shall have been elected, or any person who shall have been chosen as a Delegate or Senator, or in case of a tie between two or more such qualified persons, a warrant of election shall be issued by the Speaker of the House of Delegates, or President of the Senate, as the case may be,

Qualifications of Senators and Delegates.

Ineligibles.

Ineligibles.

Defaulters ineligible.

Vacancies.

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for the election of another person in his place, of which election not less than ten days' notice shall be given, exclusive of the day of the publication of the notice and of the day of election; and if during the recess of the Legislature, and more than ten days before its termination, such death shall occur, or such resignation, refusal to act or disqualification be communicated in writing to the Governor by the person so resigning, refusing or disqualified, it shall be the duty of the Governor to issue a warrant of election to supply the vacancy thus created, in the same manner the said Speaker or President might have done during the session of the General Assembly; provided, however, that unless a meeting of the General Assembly may intervene, the election thus ordered to fill such vacancy shall be held on the day of the ensuing election for Delegates and Senators.

Covington v. Buffett, 90 Md., 576.

SEC. 14. The General Assembly shall meet on the first Time of meet-Wednesday of January, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, ing of Legand on the same day in every second year thereafter, and at no other time, unless convened by Proclamation of the Governor.

SEC. 15. The General Assembly may continue its session so long as in its judgment the public interest may require, Limit of sessions. for a period not longer than ninety days; and each member thereof shall receive a compensation of five dollars per diem compensafor every day he shall attend the session, but not for such days as he may be absent, unless absent on account of sickness or by leave of the House of which he is a member; and he shall also receive such mileage as may be allowed by law, Mileage. not exceeding twenty cents per mile; and the presiding officer of each House shall receive an additional compensation of three dollars per day. When the General Assembly Extra sesshall be convened by Proclamation of the Governor, the session shall not continue longer than thirty days, and in such case the compensation shall be the same as herein prescribed.

SEC. 16. No book, or other printed matter, not appertaining to the business of the session, shall be purchased or sub-Books not to scribed for, for the use of the members of the General Assembly, or be distributed among them, at the public expense.

SEC. 17. No senator or Delegate, after qualifying as such, notwithstanding he may thereafter resign, shall during the Disqualifications. Whole period of time for which he was elected be eligible to any office which shall have been created, or the salary or profits of which shall have been increased, during such term.

[ART. 111.

Freedom of debate.

Powers of each House. SEC. 18. No Senator or Delegate shall be liable in any civil action or criminal prosecution whatever for words spoken in debate.

SEC. 19. Each House shall be judge of the qualifications and elections of its members, as prescribed by the Constitution and laws of the State; shall appoint its own officers, determine the rules of its own proceedings, punish a member for disorderly or disrespectful behavior, and with the consent of two-thirds of its whole number of members elected, expel a member; but no member shall be expelled a second time for the same offence.

Covington v. Buffett, 90 Md., 569.

SEC. 20. A majority of the whole number of members elected to each House shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and compel the attendance of absent members in such manner and under such penalties as each House may prescribe.

SEC. 21. The doors of each House and of the Committee <sup>be</sup> of the Whole shall be open, except when the business is such as ought to be kept secret.

<sup>e</sup> SEC. 22. Each House shall keep a Journal of its proceedings, and cause the same to be published. The yeas and nays of members on any question shall, at the call of any five of them in the House of Delegates, or one in the Senate, be entered on the Journal.

SEC. 23. Each House may punish by imprisonment during the session of the General Assembly, any person not a member, for disrespectful or disorderly behavior in its presence, or for obstructing any of its proceedings, or any of its officers in the execution of their duties; provided, such imprisonment shall not at any time exceed ten days.

SEC. 24. The House of Delegates may inquire, on the oath of witness, into the complaints, grievances and offences, as the grand inquest of the State, and may commit any person for any crime to the public jail, there to remain until discharged by due course of law. They may examine and pass all accounts of the State, relating either to the collection or expenditure of the revenue, and appoint auditors to state and adjust the same. They may call for all public or official papers and records, and send for persons whom they may judge necessary, in the course of their inquiries, concerning affairs relating to the public interest, and may direct all office bonds which shall be made payable to the State to be sued for any breach thereof; and with the view to the more

Quorum.

Sessions to be open.

Journals to be published.

Yeas and nays.

Disorderly persons.

Powers of House.

Grand inquest.

May call for persons and papers.

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certain prevention or correction of the abuses in the expenditures of the money of the State, the General Assembly shall create, at every session thereof, a joint standing committee of the Senate and House of Delegates, who shall have power to send for persons and examine them on oath and call for public or official papers and records; and whose Contracts. duty it shall be to examine and report upon all contracts made for printing, stationery, and purchases for the public offices and the library, and all expenditures therein, and upon all matters of alleged abuse in expenditures, to which their attention may be called by resolution of either House of the General Assembly.

Marshall v. Harwood, 7 Md., 466.

SEC. 25. Neither House shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days at any one time, norAdjournment. adjourn to any other place than that in which the House shall be sitting, without the concurrent vote of two-thirds of the members present.

SEC. 26. The House of Delegates shall have the sole power of impeachment in all cases; but a majority of all the Impeachmembers elected must concur in the impeachment. All impeachments shall be tried by the Senate, and when sitting for that purpose the Senators shall be on oath or affirmation to do justice according to the law and the evidence; but no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of twothirds of all the Senators elected.

SEC. 27. Any bill may originate in either House of the General Assembly, and be altered, amended or rejected by BIIIS. the other; but no bill shall originate in either House during the last ten days of the session, unless two-thirds of the members elected thereto shall so determine by yeas and nays; nor shall any bill become a law until it be read on three different days of the session in each House, unless two-thirds of the members elected to the House where such bill is pending shall so determine by yeas and nays; and no bill shall be read a third time until it shall have been actually engrossed for a third reading.

SEC. 28. No bill shall become a law unless it be passed in each House by a majority of the whole number of members bills. elected, and on its final passage the yeas and nays be recorded; nor shall any resolution requiring the action of both Houses be passed except in the same manner.

SEC. 29. The style of all laws of this State shall be, "Be <sup>Style</sup> of laws. it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland," and all <sup>Mode</sup> of enlaws shall be passed by original bill; and every law enacted Limitations. by the General Assembly shall embrace but one subject, and

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that shall be described in its title; and no law, nor section of law, shall be revived or amended by reference to its title or section only; nor shall any law be construed by reason of its title to grant powers or confer rights which are not expressly contained in the body of the Act; and it shall be the duty of the General Assembly, in amending any article or section of the Code of Laws of this State, to enact the same as the said article or section would read when amended. And whenever the General Assembly shall enact any Public General Law, not amendatory of any section or article in the said Code, it shall be the duty of the General Assembly to enact the same, in articles and sections, in the same manner as the Code is arranged, and to provide for the publication of all additions and alterations which may be made to the said Code.

Davis v. State, 7 Md., 151. Keller v. State, 11 Md., 525. Parkinson v. State, 14 Md., 184. Trustees of Allegany Co. School v. Maffit, 22 Md., 126. McPherson v. Leonard, 29 Md., 377. Cearfoss v. State, 42 Md., 403. McGrath v. State, 46 Md., 632. Co. Commrs. of Dorchester Co. v. Meekins, 50 Md., 28. Second German-American Bldg. Asso. v. Newman, 50 Md., 62. Co. Commrs. of Talbot Co. v. Co. Commrs. of Queen Anne Co., 50 Md., 245. Mayor, etc., of Balto. v. Reitz, 50 Md., 574. State v. Fox, 51 Md., 411. Co. Commrs. of Prince George's Co. v. Commrs. of Laurel, 51 Md. 457. Mayor, etc., of Balto. v. Stoll, 52 Md., 435. Maryland Agricultural College v. Keating, 58 Md., 580. Steifel v. Maryland Institute for the Blind, 61 Md., 144. Slymer v. State, 62 Md., 237. State v. Norris, 70 Md., 91. Trustees Catholic, etc., v. Manning, 72 Md., 116. Ellicott Co. v. Speed, 72 Md., 22. Commrs. Calvert Co. v. Hellen, 72 Md., 605. Scharf v. Tasker, 73 Md., 378. Lankford v. Commrs. Somerset Co., 73 Md., 105. Gans v. Carter, 77 Md., 11. Bond v State, 80 Md., 410. Mayor & C. C. Balto. v. Keeley Institute, 81 Md., 106. State v. Applegarth, 81 Md., 293. Garrison v. Hill, 81 Md., 551. State v. Schultz Gas, etc., 83 Md., 58. State v. Benzinger, 83 Md., 481. Plinney v. Sheppard Hospital, 88 Md., 670. Luman v. Hitchens, 90 Md., 14. Mealy v. Hagerstown, 92 Md., 670. Luman v. Hitchens, 90 Md., 14. Mealy v. Hagerstown, 92 Md., 741. Herbert v. Balto. Co., 97 Md., 639. Swan v. Kemp, 97 Md., 691. Price v. Liquor License Commrs, 98 Md., 346. Queen Anne's County v. Talbot County, 98 Md., 13. Kalke v. Wilkinson, 99 Md., 238. Brown' v. Md. Telephone Co., 101 Md., 574.

Bilis to be signed by Governor.

Laws to be recorded in the Court of Appeals. SEC. 30. Every bill, when passed by the General Assembly, and sealed with the Great Seal, shall be presented to the Governor, who, if he approves it, shall sign the same in the presence of the presiding officers and chief clerks of the Senate and House of Delegates. Every law shall be recorded in the office of the Court Appeals, and in due time be printed, published and certified under the Great Seal, to the several courts, in the same manner as has been heretofore usual in this State.

Parkinson v. State, 14 Md., 184. Berry v. Balto. & Drum Point R. R. Co., 41 Md., 446. Legg v. Mayor, etc., of Annapolis, 42 Md., 203.

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Hamilton v. State, 61 Md., 14. Allegany County v. Warfield, 100 Md., 516.

SEC. 31. No law passed by the General Assembly shall take effect until the first day of June next after the session When laws at which it may be passed, unless it be otherwise expressly declared therein.

Parkinson v. State, 14 Md., 184. Risewick v. Davis, 19 Md., 96.

SEC. 32. No money shall be drawn from the Treasury of the State by any order or resolution, nor except in accord Appropriations. ance with an appropriation by law; and every such law shall distinctly specify the sum appropriated and object to which it shall be applied; provided, that nothing herein contained Contingent shall prevent the General Assembly from placing a contingent fund at the disposal of the Executive, who shall report to the General Assembly at each session the amount expended, and the purposes to which it was applied. An accustatement rate statement of the receipts and expenditures of the public money shall be attached to and published with the laws after each regular session of the General Assembly.

Thomas v. Owens, 4 Md., 189. McPherson v. Leonard, 29 Md., 377.

SEC. 33. The General Assembly shall not pass local or special laws in any of the following enumerated cases, viz: Special laws For extending the time for the collection of taxes, granting divorces, changing the name of any person, providing for the sale of real estate belonging to minors or other persons laboring under legal disabilities, by executors, administrators, guardians or trustees, giving effect to informal or invalid deeds or wills, refunding money paid into the State Treasury, or releasing persons from their debts or obligations to the State, unless recommended by the Governor or officers of the Treasury Department. And the General Assembly shall pass no special law for any case for which provision has been made by an existing general law. The General Assembly, at its first session after the adoption of this Constitution, shall pass general laws providing for the cases enumerated in this section which are not already adequately provided for, and for all other cases where a general law can be made applicable.

Whittington v. Polk, 1 H. & J., 236. Horsey v. State, 3 H. & J., 2. Gover v. Hall, Exr., 3 H. & J., 43. Partridge v. Dorsey, 3 H. & J. 302. Crane v. Meginnis, 1 G. & J., 463. Dulany v. Tilghman, 6 G. & J., 461. Norris v. Trustees of the Abingdon Academy, 7 G. & J., 7. Barrett v. Oliver, 7 G. & J., 191. Lawrence v. Hicks, 8 G. & J., 386. The Regents of the University of Maryland v. Williams, 9 G. & J., 365. Dorsey v. Gilbert, 11 G. & J., 87. Cromwell v. State 12 G. & J., 257. Prout v. Berry, 12 G. & J., 286. State v. B. & O. R. R. Co., 12 G. & J., 400. Campbell's Case, 2 Bl., 209. Wright v. Wright, 2 Md., 429. Rock 37

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Hill College v. Jones, 47 Md., 16. Pumphrey v. Mayor, etc., of Balto.,
47 Md., 145. O'Brian & Co. v. Co. Commrs. of Baltimore Co., 51 Md.,
15. Co. Commrs. of Prince George's Co. v. Co. Commrs. of Laurel, 51 Md., 457. Montagne v. State, 54 Md., 481. Hodges v. Balto. Passenger Railway Co., 58 Md., 603. Lankford v. Commrs. Somerset Co., 73 Md., 105. Gans v. Carter, 77 Md., 1. Revell v. Mayor, etc., of Annapolis, 81 Md., 1. Hamilton v. Carroll, 82 Md., 326. Mealy v. Hagterstown, 92 Md., 745. Herbert v. Balto. Co., 97 Md., 634. Baltimore City v. Allegany Connty, 99 Md., 1.

Debts regulated.

Credit of the State not to be given.

Public debt.

Temporary deficiencies.

SEC. 34. No debt shall be hereafter contracted by the General Assembly unless such debt shall be authorized by a law providing for the collection of an annual tax or taxes sufficient to pay the interest on such debt as it falls due, and also to discharge the principal thereof within fifteen years from the time of contracting the same; and the taxes laid for this purpose shall not be repealed or applied to any other object until the said debt and interest thereon shall be fully discharged. The credit of the State shall not in any manner be given, or loaned to, or in aid of any individual association or corporation; nor shall the General Assembly have the power in any mode to involve the State in the construction of works of internal improvement, nor in granting any aid thereto, which shall involve the faith or credit of the State; nor make any appropriation therefor, except in aid of the construction of works of internal improvement in the counties of St. Mary's, Charles and Calvert, which have had no direct advantage from such works as have been heretofore aided by the State; and provided that such aid, advances or appropriations shall not exceed in the aggregate the sum of five hundred thousand dollars. And they shall not use or appropriate the proceeds of the internal improvement companies, or of the State tax, now levied, or which may hereafter be levied, to pay off the public debt [or] to any other purpose until the interest and debt are fully paid or the sinking fund shall be equal to the amount of the outstanding debt; but the General Assembly may, without laying a tax, borrow an amount never to exceed fifty thousand dollars to meet temporary deficiencies in the Treasury, and may contract debts to any amount that may be necessary for the defence of the State.

State v. Hendrickson, 15 Md., 205.

Extra compensation prohibited. SEC. 35. No extra compensation shall be granted or allowed by the General Assembly to any public officer, agent, servant or contractor, after the service shall have been rendered, or the contract entered into; nor shall the salary or compensation of any public officer be increased or diminished during his term of office. ART. III.]

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SEC. 36. No lottery grant shall ever hereafter be author-Lotteries ized by the General Assembly. prohibited.

Lucas v. McBlair, 12 G. & J., 1. State v. Hawkins, 96 Md., 133.

SEC. 37. The General Assembly shall pass no law providing for payment by this State for slaves emancipated from Slaves. servitude in this State; but they shall adopt such measures as they may deem expedient to obtain from the United States compensation for such slaves, and to receive and distribute the same equitably to the persons entitled.

SEC. 38. No person shall be imprisoned for debt.

State v. Mace, 5 Md., 337. Trail v. Snouffer, 6 Md., 308.

SEC. 39. The General Assembly shall grant no charter for banking purposes, nor renew any banking corporation now Banks. in existence, except upon the condition that the stockholders shall be liable to the amount of their respective share or shares of stock in such banking institution, for all its debts and liabilities upon note, bill or otherwise; the books, papers and accounts of all banks shall be open to inspection under such regulations as may be prescribed by law.

Hammond v. Strauss, 53 Md., 1. Helfrich v. Catonsville Water Co., 74 Md., 269. O'Brien v. Baltimore Belt R. R. Co., 74 Md., 363. Charters of Banks, 102 Md., 514, 619.

SEC. 40. The General Assembly shall enact no law author- Compensaizing private property to be taken for public use, without tion for property just compensation as agreed upon between the parties, or awarded by a jury, being first paid or tendered to the party public use. entitled to such compensation.

C. & O. Canal Co. v. B. & O. Railroad Co., 4 G. & J., 1. Tidewater Canal Co. v. Archer, 9 G. & J., 479. B. & S. Railroad Co. v. Compton, 2 Gill, 20. Alexander v. Mayor, etc., of Balto., 5 Gill, 383. Binney's Case, 2 Bl., 99. Waring v. Warring, 2 Bl., 673. Hepburn's Case, 3 Bl., 95. Compton v. The Susquehanna Railroad, 3 Bl., 386. Baltinore v. McKim, 3 Bl., 453. Hautilton v. Annapolis & Elkridge Rail-road Co., 1 Md. Ch., 107 Harness v. Chesapeake & Ohio Canal Co., 1 Md. Ch., 248. Hamilton v. Annapolis & Elkridge Railroad Co., 1 Md., 553. Hoye v. Swan, 5 Md., 237. Moale v. Mayor, etc., of Balto., 5 Md., 314. Steuart v. Mayor, etc., of Balto., 7 Md., 50. Graff v. Mayor, Mal, O'A, Malandi, M., Malandi, M., Malandi, M. Malandi, M. Malandi, M. Malandi, M. Malandi, M. Malandi, M. M. Maland Turnpike R. Co., 22 Md., 229. Western Md. R. R. Co. v. Patterson, 37 Md., 125. State v. Consolidation Coal Co., 46 Md., 1. Mayor, etc., of Cumberland v. Wilison, 50 Md., 138. PSR. R. Co. v. B. & O. R. R. Co., 60 Md., 267. American Telephone Co. v. Pearce, 71 Md., 535. Ulman v. M. & C. C. Balto., 72 Md., 587-609. Helfrick v. Catonsville Water Co., 74 Md., 269. O'Brien v. Balto. Belt R. R. Co., 74 Md., 363. Balto, Belt Railroad Co. v. Baltzell, 75 Md., 94. Mayor, etc., Balto, v. Ulman, 79 Md., 469. Van Witsen v. Gutman, 79 Md., 405. Garrett v. Lake Roland Elevated R. R. Co., 79 Md., 277. Deems v. Mayor and City Council of Balto., 80 Md., 164. Balto. and Eastern Shore R. R.

taken for

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v. Spring, 80 Md., 510. Turnpike Co. v. R. R. Co., 81 Md., 247. Mayor & City Council of Balto. et al. v. The Keeley Institute, 81 Md., 106. Baumgardner v. Fowler, 82 Md., 631. Poole v. Falls Road Ry., 88 Md., 536.

SEC. 41. Any citizen of this State who shall, after the adoption of this Constitution, either in or out of this State, fight a duel with deadly weapons, or send or accept a challenge so to do, or who shall act as a second, or knowingly aid or assist in any manner those offending, shall ever thereafter be incapable of holding any office of profit or trust under this State, unless relieved from the disability by an Act of the Legislature.

SEC. 42. The General Assembly shall pass laws necessary for the preservation of the purity of elections.

SEC. 43. The property of the wife shall be protected from the debts of her husband.

Schindel v. Schindel, 12 Md., 294. Steffey v. Steffey, 19 Md., 9. Kennedy v. Lange, 50 Md., 91. Clark v. Wooton, 63 Md., 113. Beall v. Frank, 93 Md., 335.

SEC. 44. Laws shall be passed by the General Assembly to protect from execution a reasonable amount of the property of the debtor, not exceeding in value the sum of five hundred dollars.

SEC. 45. The General Assembly shall provide a simple and uniform system of charges in the offices of Clerks of Courts and Registers of Wills, in the counties of this State and the city of Baltimore, and for the collection thereof; provided, the amount of compensation to any of the said officers in the various counties shall not exceed the sum of three thousand dollars a year, and in the city of Baltimore, thirty-five hundred dollars a year, over and above office expenses and compensation to assistants; and provided, further, that such compensation of Clerks, Registers, assistants and office expenses shall always be paid out of the fees or receipts of the offices, respectively.

Banks v. State, 60 Md., 305.

SEC. 46. The General Assembly shall have power to receive from the United States any grant or donation of land, money or securities for any purpose designated by the United States, and shall administer or distribute the same according to the conditions of the said grant.

SEC. 47. The General Assembly shall make provisions for all cases of contested elections of any of the officers, not herein provided for.

State v. Jarrett & Harwood, 17 Md., 309. Groome v. Gwlun, 43 Md. 572.

Elections.

Duelists.

Wife's property protected.

Exemption.

Compensation of clerks and registers.

Grants from U. S.

Contested elections.

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SEC. 48. Corporations may be formed under general laws; but shall not be created by special act, except for municipal Corporations. purposes, and except in cases where no general laws exist, providing for the creation of corporations of the same general character, as the corporation proposed to be created; and any act of incorporation passed in violation of this section shall be void. And as soon as practicable, after the adoption of this Constitution, it shall be the duty of the Governor to appoint three persons learned in the law, whose duty it shall be to prepare drafts of general laws, providing for the creation of corporations, in such cases as may be proper, and for all other cases, where a general law can be made; and for revising and amending, so far as may be necessary or expedient, the general laws which may be in existence on the first day of June, eighteen hundred and sixtyseven, providing for the creation of corporations, and for other purposes; and such drafts of laws shall by said commissioners, be submitted to the General Assembly, at its first meeting, for its action thereon; and each of said commissioners shall receive a compensation of five hundred dollars for his services, as such commissioner.

All Charters granted or adopted in pursuance of this section, and all Charters heretofore granted and created, subject to repeal or modification, may be altered, from time to time, or be repealed; provided, nothing herein contained shall be construed to extend to banks, or the incorporation thereof.

[SEC. 48. Corporatious may be formed under general laws, but shall not be created by special act, except for Corporations. municipal purposes and except in cases where no general laws exist, providing for the creation of corporations of the same general character as the corporation proposed to be created, and any act of incorporation passed in violation of this section shall be void; all charters granted or adopted in pursuance of this section, and all charters heretofore granted and created subject to repeal or modification, may be altered from time to time, or be repealed; provided, nothing herein contained shall be construed to extend to banks or the incorporation thereof; the General Assembly shall not alter or amend the charter of any corporation existing at the time of the adoption of this Article, or pass any other general or special law for the benefit of such corporation except upon the condition that such corporation shall surrender all claim to exemption from taxation or from the repeal or modification of its charter, and that such corporation shall thereafter hold its charter subject to the provisions of this Constitution; and any corporation chartered by this State

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which shall accept, use, enjoy or in anywise avail itself of any rights, privileges, or advantages that may hereafter be granted or conferred by any general or special Act, shall be conclusively presumed to have thereby surrendered any exexemption from taxation to which it may be entitled under its charter, and shall be thereafter subject to taxation as if no such exemption has been granted by its charter.]\*

New Central Coal Co. v. George's Creek Coal and Iron Co., 37 Md., 537. Montell & Co. v. Consolidated Coal Co., 39 Md., 164. State v. Northern Central R. R. Co., 44 Md., 131. Reed v. Balto. Trust and Guarantee Co., 72 Md., 531. Jackson v. Walsh, 75 Md., 304. Webster v. Cambridge Female Seminary, 78 Md., 193. Phinney v. Sheppard Hospital, 88 Md., 638. State v. N. C. Ry. Co., 90 Md., 471. Scholle v. State, 90 Md., 734. Mealey v. Hagerstown, 92 Md., 745.

SEC. 49. The General Assembly shall have power to regulate by law, not inconsistent with this Constitution, all matters which relate to the Judges of Election, time, place and manner of holding elections in this State, and of making returns thereof.

Lankford v. Commrs. Somerset Co., 73 Md., 105.

Bribery.

Eiections.

Punishment.

Evidence.

Disqualification.

SEC. 50. It shall be the duty of the General Assembly at its first session, held after the adoption of this Constitution. to provide by law for the punishment, by fine, or imprisonment in the penitentiary, or both, in the discretion of the court, of any person who shall bribe or attempt to bribe any Executive, or Judicial officer of the State of Maryland, or any member, or officer of the General Assembly of the State of Maryland, or of any municipal corporation in the State of Maryland, or any executive officer of such corporation, in order to influence him in the performance of any of his official duties; and also, to provide by law for the punishment, by fine, or imprisonment in the penitentiary, or both, in the discretion of the court, of any of said officers, or members, who shall demand or receive any bribe, fee, reward or testimonial for the performance of his official duties, or for neglecting or failing to perform the same; and also, to provide by law for compelling any person so bribing, or attempting to bribe, or so demanding or receiving a bribe, fee, reward or testimonial, to testify against any person or persons who may have committed any of said offences; provided, that any person so compelled to testify shall be exempted from trial and punishment for the offence of which he may have been guilty; and any person convicted of such offence shall, as part of the punishment thereof, be forever

\*As amended by Chapter 195, Acts of 1890, ratified by the people November 3, 1891.

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disfranchised and disqualified from holding any office of trust or profit in this State.

SEC. 51. The personal property of residents of this State shall be subject to taxation in the county or city where the Taxation of resident bona fide resides for the greater part of the year, property. for which the tax may or shall be levied, and not elsewhere, except goods and chattels permanently located, which shall be taxed in the city or county where they are so located.

[SEC. 51. The personal property of residents of this State Taxation of shall be subject to taxation in the county or city where the personal resident bona fide resides for the greater part of the year for property. which the tax may or shall be levied, and not elsewhere, except goods and chattels permanently located, which shall be taxed in the city or county where they are so located, but the General Assembly may by law provide for the taxation of mortgages upon property in this State and the debts secured thereby in the county or city where such property is situated.]\*

Hopkins v. Baker, 78 Md., 363. Faust v. Building Association, 84 Md., 186. B., C. & A. Ry. v. Wicomico Co., 93 Md., 113. City v. Safe Deposit and Trust Co., 97 Md., 659. Baltimore City v. Allegany Co., 99 Md., 1.

SEC. 52. The General Assembly shall appropriate no Private money out of the Treasury for payment of any private claim chains. against the State exceeding three hundred dollars, unless said claim shall have been first presented to the Comptroller of the Treasury, together with the proofs upon which the same is founded, and reported upon by him.

SEC. 53. No person shall be incompetent, as a witness, on witnesses. account of race or color, unless hereafter so declared by Act of the General Assembly.

SEC. 54. No county of this State shall contract any debt, or obligation, in the construction of any railroad, canal, or Counties other work of internal improvement, nor give, or loan its to contract credit to or in aid of any association, or corporation, unless out auauthorized by an Act of the General Assembly, which shall thority. be published for two months before the next election for members of the House of Delegates in the newspapers published in such county, and shall also be approved by a majority of all the members elected to each House of the General Assembly, at its next session after said election.

Baltimore & Drum Point Railroad Company v. Pumphrey, 74 Md., 86. Baltimore & Eastern Shore R. Co. v. Spring, 80 Md., 510.

\*Thus amended by Chapter 426, Acts of 1890, ratified by the people November 3, 1891.

forbidden debts with-

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SEC. 55. The General Assembly shall pass no law suspending the privilege of the writ of habcas corpus.

SEC. 56. The General Assembly shall have power to pass Powers of As-all such laws as may be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the powers vested by this Constitution, in any department or office of the Government, and the duties imposed upon them thereby.

> SEC. 57. The legal rate of interest shall be six per cent. per annum, unless otherwise provided by the General Assembly.

> Bandel v. Isaac, 13 Md., 202. Birmingham v. Md. Land and Perm. Homestead Association of Balto. Co., 45 Md., 541. Citizens' Land Co. v. Uhler, 48 Md., 455.

> SEC. 58. The Legislature, at its first session after the ratification of this Constitution, shall provide by law for State and municipal taxation upon the revenues accruing from business done in the State by all foreign corporations.

> SEC. 59. The office of "State Pension Commissioner" is hereby abolished; and the Legislature shall pass no law creating such office, or establishing any general pension system within this State.

### ARTICLE IV.

#### JUDICIARY DEPARTMENT.

### Part I-General Provisions.

The judicial power of this State shall be SECTION 1. vested in a Court of Appeals, Circuit Courts, Orphans' Courts, such Courts for the city of Baltimore as are hereinafter provided for, and Justices of the Peace; all said Courts shall be Courts of Record, and each shall have a seal to be used in the authentication of all process issuing there-The process and official character of Justices of the from. Peace shall be authenticated as hath heretofore been practiced in this State, or may hereafter be prescribed by law.

Ex parte O'Neill, 8 Md., 227. Shafer v. Mumma, 17 Md., 331.

Sec. 2. The judges of all of the said courts shall be citizens of the State of Maryland, and qualified voters under this Constitution, and shall have resided therein not less than five years, and not less than six months next preceding their election or appointment in the judicial circuit, as the

Justices of the Peace.

Qualifications of Judges.

Interest.

Foreign cor-

norations.

Pension

system

abolished.

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case may be, for which they may be respectively elected or appointed. They shall be not less than thirty years of age at the time of their election or appointment, and shall be selected from those who have been admitted to practice law in this State, and who are most distinguished for integrity, wisdom and sound legal knowledge.

Holt v. Tennallytown, etc., R. Co., 81 Md., 219.

SEC. 3. The judges of the said several courts shall be elected in the counties by the qualified voters in their re-Election of spective judicial circuits as hereinafter provided, at the general election to be held on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November next, and in the city of Baltimore, on the fourth Wednesday of October next. Each of the said judges Terms of office. shall hold his office for the term of fifteen years from the time of his election, and until his successor is elected and qualified, or until he shall have attained the age of seventy years, whichever may first happen, and be re-eligible thereto until he shall have attained the age of seventy years, and not after; but in case of any judge who shall attain the age of seventy years whilst in office, such judge may be continued in office by the General Assembly for such further time as they may think fit, not to exceed the term for which he was elected, by a resolution to be passed at the session next preceding his attaining said age. In case of the inability of any Retirement. of said judges to discharge his duties with efficiency, by reason of continued sickness, or of physical or mental infirmity, it shall be in the power of the General Assembly, two-thirds of the members of each House concurring, with the approval of the Governor, to retire said judge from office.

SEC. 4. Any judge shall be removed from office by the Governor, on conviction in a court of law, of incompetency, <sup>Removal of</sup> of wilful neglect of duty, misbehavior in office or any other crime, or on impeachment, according to this Constitution, or the laws of the State; or on the address of the General Assembly, two-third of each House concurring in such address, and the accused having been notified of the charges against him, and having had opportunity of making his defence.

SEC. 5. After the election for judges, to be held as above mentioned, upon the expiration of the term, or in case of the death, resignation, removal, or other disqualification of any judge, the Governor shall appoint a person duly qualified to fill said office, who shall hold the same until the next general election for members of the General Assembly, when

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a successor shall be elected, whose tenure of office shall be the same, as hereinbefore provided; but if the vacancy shall occur in the city of Baltimore, the time of election shall be the fourth Wednesday in October following.

Election of judges.

Appointment by Governor.

[SEC. 5. After the election for judges, as hereinbefore provided, there shall be held in this State, in every fifteenth year thereafter, on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November of such year, an election for judges as herein provided; and in case of death, resignation, removal or disqualification by reason of age or otherwise of any judge, the Governor shall appoint a person duly qualified to fill said office. who shall hold the same until the next general election for members of the General Assembly, when a successor shall be elected, whose term of office shall be the same as hereinbefore provided, and upon the expiration of the term of fifteen years for which any judge may be elected to fill a vacancy, an election for his successor shall take place at the next general election for members of the General Assembly to occur upon or after the expiration of his said term; and the Governor shall appoint a person duly qualified to hold said office from the expiration of such term of fifteen years until the election and qulification of his successor.]\*

SEC. 6. All judges shall, by virtue of their offices be conservators of the peace throughout the State; and no fees, or perquisites, commission or reward of any kind, shall be allowed to any judge in this State, besides his annual salary, for the discharge of any judicial duty.

Ex parte O'Neill, 8 Md., 227. State v. Glenn, 54 Md., 572. Sevinsky v. Wagus, 76 Md., 335.

SEC. 7. No judge shall sit in any case wherein he may be interested, or where either of the parties may be connected with him by affinity or consanguinity within such degrees as now are or may hereafter be prescribed by law, or where he shall have been of counsel in the case.

Crawford v. Crawford, 22 Md., 447.

SEC. 8. The parties to any cause may submit the same to the court for determination, without the aid of a jury; and the judge, or judges of any court of this State, except the Court of Appeals, shall order and direct the record of proceedings in any suit or action, issue or petition, presentment or indictment, pending in such court, to be transmitted to some other court (and of a different circuit, if the

\*Thus amended by Act of 1860, Chapter 417, ratified by the people at November election. 1881.

Duties.

Disqualifications. ART. 1V.]

party applying shall so elect), having jurisdiction in such cases, whenever any party to such cause, or the counsel of any party, shall make a suggestion, in writing, supported by the affidavit of such party or his counsel, or other proper evidence, that the party can not have a fair or impartial trial in the court in which suit, or action, issue, or petition, presentment or indictment is pending, or when the judges of said court shall be disqualified under the provisions of this Constitution to sit in any such suit, action, issue or petition, presentment or indictment; and the General Assembly shall make such modifications of existing law as may be necessary to regulate and give force to this provision.

[SEC. 8. The parties to any cause may submit the same to the court for determination without the aid of a jury and <sup>Trial with-</sup>out jury. in all suits or actions at law, issues from the Orphans' Court or from any court sitting in equity, and in all cases of presentments or indictments for offences which are or may be punishable by death pending in any of the courts of law of this State having jurisdiction thereof, upon sugges-Removal of cases. tion in writing under oath of either of the parties to said proceedings, that such party can not have a fair and impartial trial in the court in which the same may be pending, the said court shall order and direct the record of proceedings in such suit or action, issue, Presentment or indictment, to be transmitted to some other court having jurisdiction in such case, for trial; but in all other cases of presentment or indictment pending in any of the courts of law in this State having jurisdiction thereof, in addition to the suggestion in writing of either, of the parties to such presentment or indictment that such party can not have a fair and impartial trial in the court in which the same may be pending, it shall be necessary for the party making such suggestion to make it satisfactorily appear to the court that such suggestion is true, or that there is reasonable ground for the same; and thereupon the said court shall order and direct the record of proceedings in such presentment or indictment to be transmitted to some other court having jurisdiction in such cases for trial; and such right of removal shall exist upon suggestion in cases when all the judges of said court may be disgualified, under the provisions of this Constitution to sit in any case; and said court to which the record of proceedings in such suit or action, issue, presentment or indictment may be so transmitted, shall hear and determine the same in like manner as if such suit or action, issue, presentment or indictment had been originally instituted therein; and the General Assembly shall make such

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modification of existing law as may be necessary to regulate and give force to this provision.]\*

State v. Dashiell, 6 H. & J., 268. Wright v. Hamner 5 Md., 370. State v. Shillinger, 6 Md., 449. Manly v. State, 7 Md., 135. Brown v. Gilmor, 8 Md., 322. Jerry v. Townseud, 9 Md., 145. Hoshall v. Hoffacker, 11 Md., 364. Latrobe v. Mayor, & C. C. of Balto., 19 Md., 13. Griffin v. Leslie, 20 Md., 15. Price v. Nesbit, 29 Md., 203. Deford v. State, 30 Md., 179. Gambrill v. Parker, 31 Md., 1. Cross v. Kent, 32 Md., 581. Hall v. Schuchardt, 34 Md., 15. Kimball v. Harman, 34 Md., 401. Hoyer v. Coltou, 43 Md., 421. Geekie v. Harbourd. 52 Md., 460. Trahern v. Hamill, 53 Md., 90. Desche v. Gies, 56 Md., 135. Weiskittle v. State, 58 Md., 155. McMillan v. State, 68 Md., 307. Belair, etc., Club v. State, 74 Md., 297. Caledouian F. I. Co. v. Traub, 86 Md., 93. City Pass. Ry. Co. v. Nugent, 86 Md., 360. State v. Kiefer, 90 Md., 174.

SEC. 9. The judge or judges of any court may appoint such officers for their respective courts as may be found necessary; and such officers of the Courts in the city of Baltimore shall be appointed by the judges of the Supreme Bench of Baltimore city. It shall be the duty of the General Assembly to prescribe by law a fixed compensation for all such officers, and said judge or judges shall from time to time investigate the expenses, costs and charges of their respective courts, with a view to a change or reduction thereof, and report the result of such investigation to the General Assembly for its action.

Prince George's Co. v. Mitchell, 97 Md., 330.

SEC. 10. The clerks of the several courts created or continued by this Constitution shall have charge and custody of the records and other papers; shall perform all the duties, and be allowed the fees which appertain to their several offices, as the same now are or may hereafter be regulated by law. And the office and business of said clerks, in all their departments, shall be subject to the visitorial power of the judges of their respective courts, who shall exercise the same, from time to time, so as to insure the faithful performance of the duties of said offices; and it shall be the duty of the judges of said courts, respectively, to make from time to time such rules and regulations as may be necessary and proper for the government of said clerks, and for the performance of the duties of their offices, which shall have the force of law until repealed or modified by the General Assembly.

Peter v. Prcttyman, 62 Md., 566.

SEC. 11. The election for judges hereinbefore provided, and all elections for Clerks, Registers of Wills and other

\*Thus amended by  ${\rm Act}$  of 1874, Chapter 364, ratified by the people at November election, 1875.

Officers of court: how appointed.

Records.

Fees.

Visitoriai powers.

Rules.

Election returns.

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officers provided in this Constitution, except State's Attorneys, shall be certified, and the returns made by the Clerks of the Circuit Courts of the counties, and the Clerk of the Superior Court of Baltimore city, respectively, to the Governor, who shall issue commissions to the different per-Commissions. sons for the offices to which they shall have been respectively elected; and in all such elections the person having the greatest number of votes shall be declared elected.

Brooke v. Widdicombe, 39 Md., 386. Groome v. Gwinn, 43 Md., 572.

SEC. 12. If in any case of election for Judges, Clerks of the Conrts of Law, and Register of Wills, the opposing Tie elections. candidate shall have an equal number of votes, it shall be the duty of the Governor to order a new election; and in case of any contested election the Governor shall send the returns to the House of Delegates, which shall judge of the election and qualification of the candidates at such election, and if the judgment shall be against the one who has been returned elected, or the one who has been commissioned by the Governor, the House of Delegates shall order a new election within thirty days.

Brooke v. Widdicombe, 39 Md., 386. Ijams v. Duvall, 85 Md., 252. Wills v. Moore, 86 Md., 449.

SEC. 13. All public commissions and grants shall run thus: "The State of Maryland, etc.," and shall be signed by <sup>Style of Commissions.</sup> the Governor, with the Seal of the State annexed; all writs and process shall run in the same style, and be tested, sealed and signed as heretofore, or as may hereafter be provided by law; and all indictments shall conclude, "against the peace, government and dignity of the State."

# Part II—Court of Appeals.

SEC. 14. The Court of Appeals shall be composed of the Chief Judges of the first seven of the several judicial cir-Chief Judge. cuits of the State and a judge from the city of Baltimore specially elected thereto, one of whom shall be designated by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, as the Chief Judge; and in all cases until action by the Senate can be had, the judge so designated by the Governor shall act as Chief Judge. The Judge of the Court of Appeals from the city of Baltimore shall be elected by the qualified voters of said city at the election of judges to be held therein, as hereinbefore provided; and in addition to his duties as Judge of the Court of Appeals, shall perform such other duties as the General Assembly shall prescribe.

Jurisdiction.

Sessions.

Quorum.

Judge below not to sit.

Opinion.

Publication of reports.

Clerk.

Removal.

Vacancy.

Rules for Appeals. The jurisdiction of said Court of Appeals shall be co-extensive with the limits of the State, and such as now is or may hereafter be prescribed by law. It shall hold its sessions in the city of Annapolis, on the first Monday in April, and the first Monday in October; [on the second Monday in January, the first Monday in April and the first Monday in Octo ber]\* of each and every year, or at such other times as the General Assembly may by law direct. Its sessions shall con tinue not less than ten months in the year, if the business before it shall so require; and it shall be competent for the judges temporarily to transfer their sittings elsewhere upon sufficient cause.

Van Nostrand v. Carr, 30 Md., 128. State v. Shields, 49 Md., 301. Sevinsky v. Wagus, 76 Md., 335.

SEC. 15. Four of said judges shall constitute a quorum; no cause shall be decided without the concurrence of at least three; but the judge who heard the cause below shall not participate in the decision; in every case an opinion, in writing, shall be filed within three months after the argument or submission of the cause; and the judgment of the court shall be final and conclusive; and all cases shall stand for hearing at the first term after the transmission of the record.

Johns v. Johns, 20 Md., 58. Wells v. Monroe, 86 Md., 450.

SEC. 16. Provision shall be made by law for publishing reports of all causes argued and determined in the Court of Appeals, which the judges shall designate as proper for publication.

SEC. 17. There shall be a Clerk of the Court of Appeals, who shall be elected by the legal and qualified voters of the State, who shall hold his office for six years, and until his successor is duly qualified; he shall be subject to removal by the said court for incompetency, neglect of duty, misdemeanor in office, or such other cause or causes as may be prescribed by law; and in case of a vacancy in the office of said clerk, the Court of Appeals shall appoint a clerk of said court, who shall hold his office until the election and qualification of his successor, who shall be elected at the next general election for members of the General Assembly; and the person so elected shall hold his office for the term of six years from the time of election.

Wells v. Monroe, 86 Md., 450.

SEC. 18. It shall be the duty of the Judges of the Court of Appeals, as soon after their election under this Constitution

\*Terms thus arranged by Act of 1886, Chapter 185.

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as practicable, to make and publish rules and regulations for the prosecution of appeals to said appellate court whereby they shall prescribe the periods within which appeals may be taken, what part or parts of the proceedings in the court below shall constitute the record on appeal and Record. the manner in which such appeals shall be brought to hearing or determination, and shall regulate, generally, the prac-Practice. tice of said Court of Appeals so as to prevent delays and promote brevity in all records and proceedings brought into said court, and to abolish and avoid all unnecessary Costs. costs and expenses in the prosecution of appeals therein; and the said judge shall make such reductions in the fees and expenses of the said court, as they may deem advisable. It shall also be the duty of said Judges of the Court of Equity. Appeals, as soon after their election as practicable, to devise and promulgate by rules or orders, forms and modes of framing and filing bills, answers and other proceedings and pleadings in equity; and also forms and modes of taking and obtaining evidence, to be used in equity cases; and to revise and regulate, generally, the practice in the Courts of Equity of this State, so as to prevent delays, and to promote brevity and conciseness in all pleadings and proceedings therein, and to abolish all unnecessary costs and expenses attending the same. And all rules and regulations hereby directed to be made shall, when made, have the force of law until rescinded, changed or modified by the said judges, or the General Assembly.

B. & O. R. R. Co. v. State, 29 Md., 252. Gabelein v. Plaenker, 36 Md., 61. Meloy v. Squires, 42 Md., 378.

## Part III-Circuit Courts.

SEC. 19. The State shall be divided into eight judicial circuits, in manner following, viz: The counties of Worcester, Judicial Cir-Somerset, Dorchester and Wicomico,\* shall constitute the First Circuit; the counties of Caroline, Talbot, Queen Anne's, Kent and Cecil, the Second; the counties of Baltimore and Harford, the Third; the counties of Allegany, Washington and Garrett,† the Fourth; the counties of Carroll, Howard and Anne Arundel, the Fifth; the counties of Montgomery and Frederick, the Sixth; the counties of Prince George's, Charles, Calvert and St. Mary's, the Seventh, and Baltimore city, the Eighth.

SEC. 20. A court shall be held in each county of the State, <sub>County</sub> to be styled the Circuit Court for the county in which it may <sup>courts</sup>.

\*Wicomico formed since the adoption of this Constitution. †Garrett formed since the adoption of this Constitution.

Jurisdiction.

be held. The said Circuit Courts shall have and exercise, in the respective counties, all the power, authority and jurisdiction, original and appellate, which the present Circuit Courts of this State now have and exercise, or which may hereafter be prescribed by law.

Truett v. Legg, 32 Md., 147.

Chief Judge and two Associates.

Residence.

Terms.

Quorum.

Court in banc.

SEC. 21. For each of the said Circuits (excepting the Eighth) there shall be a Chief Judge and two Associate Judges, to be styled Judges of the Circuit Court, to be elected or appointed as herein provided. And no two of said Associate Judges shall at the time of their election, or appointment, or during the term for which they may have been elected or appointed, reside in the same county. If two or more persons shall be candidates for Associate Judge in the same county, that one only in said county shall be declared elected who has the highest number of votes in the Circuit. In case any two candidates for Associate Judge. residing in the same county, shall have an equal number of votes, greater than any other candidate for Associate Judge in the Circuit, it shall be the duty of the Governor to order a new election for one Associate Judge; but the person residing in any other county of the Circuit, and who has the next highest number of votes, shall be declared elected. The said judges shall hold not less than two terms of the Circuit Court in each of the counties, composing their respective Circuits, at such times as are now, or may hereafter be prescribed, to which jurors shall be summoned; and in those counties where only two such terms are held, two other and intermediate terms, to which jurors shall not be summoned; they may alter or fix the times for holding any or all terms, until otherwise prescribed, and shall adopt rules to the end that all business not requiring the interposition of a jury shall be, as far as practicable, disposed of at said intermediate terms. One judge in each of the above Circuits shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of any business; and the said judges, or any of them, may hold special terms of their courts, whenever in their discretion. the business of the several counties renders such terms necessary.

Gambrill v. Parker, 31 Md., 1. Jackson v. State, 87 Md., 196. Roby v. Prince George's Co., 92 Md., 163. Beasley v. Ridout, 94 Md., 659.

SEC. 22. Where any term is held, or trial conducted by less than the whole number of said Circuit Judges, upon the decision or determination of any point or question by the court, it shall be competent to the party against whom the ruling or decision is made, upon motion, to have the point or question reserved for the consideration of the three judges of

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the Circuit, who shall constitute a court in banc for such purpose; and the motion for such reservation shall be entered of record during the sitting at which such decision may be made; and the several Circuit Courts shall regulate, by rules, the mode and manner of presenting such points or questions to the court in *banc*, and the decision of the said court in *banc* shall be the effective decision in the premises, and conclusive, as against the party at whose motion said points or questions were reserved; but such decision in banc shall not preclude the right of appeal or writ of error to the adverse party in those cases, civil or criminal, in which appeal or writ of error to the Court of Appeals may be allowed by law. The right of having questions reserved shall not, however, apply to trials of appeals from judgments of Justices of Peace, nor to criminal cases below the grade of felony, except when the punishment is confinement in the penitentiary; and this section shall be subject to such provisions as may hereafter be made by law.

Shueey v. Stoner, 47 Md., 107. Costidan v. Bond, 65 Md., 122.

SEC. 23. The judges of the respective Circuit Courts of this State and of the courts of Baltimore city, shall render Opinions. their decisions in all cases argued before them, or submitted for their judgment, within two months after the same shall have been so argued or submitted.

SEC. 24. The salary of each Chief Judge and of the Judge of the Court of Appeals from the city of Baltimore shall<sup>Salaries.</sup> be three thousand five hundred dollars, and of each Associate Judge of the Circuit Court shall be two thousand eight hundred dollars per annum, payable quarterly, and shall not be diminished during his continuance in office.\*

SEC. 25. There shall be a Clerk of the Circuit Court for each county, who shall be elected by a purality of the quali-Clerks. fied voters of said county, and shall hold his office for six years from the time of his election, and until his successor is elected and qualified, and be re-eligible, subject to be removed for wilful neglect of duty or other misdemeanor in office, on conviction in a court of law. In case of a vacancy in the office of Clerk of a Circuit Court, the Judges of said court shall have power to fill such vacancy until the general election for Delegates to the General Assembly, to be held next thereafter, when a successor shall be elected for the term of six years.

Dowling v. Smith, 9 Md., 242. Stansbury v. Middleton, 11 Md., 296. Wells v. Monroe, 86 Md., 449.

\*By the Act of 1892, Chapter 388, the salary of the Chief Judges was increased to four thousand five hundred dollars, and of the Associate Judges to three thousand six hundred dollars per annum.

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Deputy clerks.

Courts.

Jurisdiction.

SEC. 26. The said clerks shall appoint, subject to the confirmation of the judges of their respective courts, as many deputies under them as the said judges shall deem necessary to perform, together with themselves, the duties of the said office, who shall be removable by the said judges for incompetency, or neglect of duty, and whose compensation shall be according to existing or future provisions of the General Assembly.

### Part IV—Courts of Baltimore City.

SEC. 27. There shall be in the Eighth Judicial Circuit six courts, to be styled the Supreme Bench of Baltimore city, the Superior Court of Baltimore city, the Court of Common Pleas, the Baltimore City Court, the Circuit Court of Baltimore city\* and the Criminal Court<sup>†</sup> of Baltimore.

SEC. 28. The Superior Court of Baltimore city, the Court of Common Pleas and the Baltimore City Court‡ shall each have concurrent jurisdiction in all civil common law cases, and concurrently all the jurisdiction which the Superior Court of Baltimore city and the Court of Common Pleas now have, except jurisdiction in equity, and except in applications for the benefit of the insolvent laws of Maryland, and in cases of appeal from judgments of Justices of the Peace in said city, whether civil or criminal, or arising under the ordinances of the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore, of all of which appeal cases the Baltimore City Court shall have exclusive jurisdiction; and the said Court of Common Pleas shall have exclusive jurisdiction in all applications for the benefit of the insolvent laws of Maryland, and the supervision and control of the trustees thereof.

State v. Mace, 5 Md., 337. Manly v. State, 7 Md., 135. Abbott v. Gatch, 13 Md., 314. Miller v. Barroll, 14 Md., 173. Van Nostrand v. Carr, 30 Md., 128. Page v. Mayor and C. C. of Balto., 34 Md., 558. Rohr v. Anderson, 51 Md., 205. Reese v. Hawkes, 63 Md., 130.

SEC. 29. The Circuit Court of Baltimore city shall have exclusive jurisdiction in equity within the limits of said city, and all such jurisdiction as the present Circuit Court of Baltimore city has; provided, the said court shall not have jurisdiction in applications for the writ of *habeas corpus* in cases of persons charged with criminal offenses.

SEC. 30. The Criminal Court of Baltimore shall have and exercise all the jurisdiction now held and exercised by the

\*Circuit Court No. 2 established by Act of 1888, Chapter 194.

 $\dagger Criminal$  Court No. 2 established by rule of the Supreme Bench, December 21, 1897. See 87 Md., 191.

The jurisdiction of the Baltimore City Court, the Superior Court and the Court of Common Pleas was enlarged by the Act of 1870, Chapter 177.

Jurisdiction of Circuit Court.

Jurisdiction of Criminal Court. CONSTITUTION.

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Criminal Court of Baltimore, except in such appeal cases as are herein assigned to the Baltimore City Court.

SEC. 31. There shall be elected by the legal and qualified voters of said city, at the election, hereinbefore provided for, supreme one Chief Judge and four Associate Judges, who, together, Bench of Baltimore shall constitute the Supreme Bench of Baltimore city, and city. shall hold their offices for the term of fifteen years, subject to Term. the provisions of this Constitution with regard to the election and qualifications of judges and their removal from office, and shall exercise the jurisdiction, hereinafter specified, and shall each receive an annual salary of three thousand five Salary. hundred dollars,\* payable quarterly, which shall not be diminished during their term of office; but authority is hereby given to the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore to pay to each of the said judges an annual addition of five hundred dollars to their respective salaries; provided, that the same being once granted shall not be diminished nor increased during the continuance of said judges in office.

SEC. 32. It shall be the duty of the said Supreme Bench of Baltimore city, as soon as the judges thereof shall be of judges. elected and duly qualified, and from time to time, to provide for the holding of each of the aforesaid courts, by the assignment of one or more of their number to each of the said courts, who may sit either separately or together in the trial of cases; and the said Supreme Bench of Baltimore city may, from time to time, change the said assignment, as circumstances may require, and the public interest may demand; and the judge or judges, so assigned to the said several courts, shall, when holding the same, have all the powers and exercise all the jurisdiction which may belong to the court so being held; and it shall also be the duty of the said Supreme Bench of Baltimore city, in case of the sickness, absence or disability of any judge or judges as-signed as aforesaid, to provide for the hearing of the cases, or transaction of the business assigned to said judge or judges, as aforesaid, before some one or more of the judges of said court.

Jackson v. State, 87 Md., 192.

SEC. 33. The said Supreme Bench of Baltimore city shall have power, and it shall be its duty, to provide for the hold-<sup>Supreme</sup> Bench ing of as many general terms as the performance of its duties may require, such general terms to be held by not less than three judges; to make all needful rules and regu-Rules lations for the conduct of business in each of the said courts,

\*Increased by Act of 1892, Chapter 388, to four thousand five hundred dollars.

Jurisdiction on motions. during the session thereof, and in vacation, or in chambers, before any of the said judges; and shall also have jurisdiction to hear and determine all motions for a new trial in cases tried in any of said courts, where such motions arise either, on questions of fact, or for misdirection upon any matters of law, and all motions in arrest of judgment, or upon any matters of law determined by the said judge, or judges, while holding said several courts; and the said Supreme Bench of Baltimore city shall make all needful rules and regulations for the hearing before it of all said matters; and the same right of appeal to the Court of Appeals shall be allowed from the determination of the said court on such matters, as would have been the right of the parties if said matters had been decided by the court in which said cases were tried.

[The judge, before whom any case may hereafter be tried, in either the Baltimore City Court, the Superior Court of Baltimore city, or the Court of Common Pleas, shall have exclusive jurisdiction to hear and determine, and the said judge shall hear and determine all motions for a new trial where such motions arise, either on questions of fact or for misdirection upon any matters of law, and all motions in arrest of judgment, or upon any matters of law, determined by the said judge, and all such motions shall be heard and determined within thirty days after they are made.]\*

Dykes v.' Banks, 31 Md., 239. Roth v. House of Refuge, 31 Md., 329. Merrick v. B. & O. R. R. Co., 33 Md., 481. Gibbons v. Cherry, 53 Md., 144.

SEC. 34. No appeal shall lie to the Supreme Bench of Baltimore city from the decision of the judge or the judges holding the Baltimore City Court in case of appeal from a Justice of the Peace; but the decision by said judge or judges shall be final; and all writs and other process issued ont of either of said courts, requiring attestation, shall be attested in the name of the Chief Judge of the said Supreme Bench of Baltimore city.

SEC. 35. Three of the judges of said Supreme Bench of Baltimore city shall constitute a quorum of said court.

SEC. 36. All causes depending, at the adoption of this Constitution, in the Superior Court of Baltimore city, the Court of Common Pleas, the Criminal Court of Baltimore, and the Circuit Court of Baltimore city, shall be proceeded in, and prosecuted to final judgment or decree, in the courts respectively of the same name established by this Constitu-

\*Thus amended by the Act of 1870, Chapter 177, as provided by Section 39 of Article 4 of the Constitution.

Appeals from Justices.

Quorum.

Cases pending. ART. IV.

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tion, except cases belonging to that class, jurisdiction over which is by this Constitution transferred to the Baltimore City Court, all of which shall, together with all cases now pending in the City Court of Baltimore, be proceeded in and prosecuted to final judgment in said Baltimore City Court.

Orrick v. Boehm, 49 Md., 72.

SEC. 37. There shall be a clerk of each of the said courts of Baltimore city, except the Supreme Bench, who shall be Clerks. elected by the legal and qualified voters of said city, at the election to be held in said city on the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, and shall hold his office for six years from the Term. time of his election, and until his successor is elected and qualified, and be re-eligible thereto, subject to be removed for wilful neglect of duty or other misdemeanor in office, on conviction in a court of law. The salary of each of the said Salary. clreks shall be thirty-five hundred dollars a year, payable only out of the fees and receipts collected by the clerks of said city, and they shall be entitled to no other perquisites or compensation. In case of a vacancy in the office of clerk Vacancies. of any of said courts, the judges of said Supreme Bench of Baltimore city shall have power to fill such vacancy until the general election of Delegates to the General Assembly to be held next thereafter, when a clerk of said court shall be elected to serve for six years thereafter; and the provisions of this Article in relation to the appointment of deputies by the clerks of the Circuit Courts in the counties shall apply to the clerks of the courts in Baltimore city.

Wells v. Monroe, 86 Md., 450. Vansant v. State, 96 Md., 127.

SEC. 38. The clerk of the Court of Common Pleas shall have authority to issue within said city all marriage and Licenses. other licenses required by law, subject to such provisions as are now or may be prescribed by law. The Clerk of the Superior Court of said city shall receive and record all deeds, conveyances and other papers which are or may be required by law to be recorded in said city. He shall also have custody of all papers connected with the proceedings on the law or equity side of Baltimore County Court and the dockets thereof, so far as the same have relation to the city of Baltimore, and shall also discharge the duties of Clerk to the Supreme Bench of Baltimore city unless otherwise provided by law.

SEC. 39. The General Assembly shall, whenever it may think the same proper and expedient, provide, by law, an- court. other court for the city of Baltimore, and prescribe its jurisdiction and powers; in which case there shall be elected by

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the voters of said city, qualified under this Constitution, another judge of the Supreme Bench of Baltimore city, who shall be subject to the same constitutional provisions, hold his office for the same term of years, receive the same compensation, and have the same powers, as are herein provided for the judges of said Supreme Bench of Baltimore city; and all of the provisions of this Constitution relating to the assignment of judges to the courts, now existing in said city, and for the dispatch of business therein, shall apply to the court, for whose creation provision is made by this section.\* And the General Assembly may re-apportion, change or enlarge the jurisdiction of the several courts in Baltimore city, until otherwise provided by law, the Clerk of the Superior Court of Baltimore city, of the Court of Common Pleas, of the Circuit Court of Baltimore city, of the Baltimore City Court, and of the Criminal Court of Baltimore, shall each give bond in such penalty as is now prescribed by law to be given by the clerks of the courts, bearing the same names, under the present Constitution.

[SEC. 39. The General Assembly shall, as often as it may think the same proper and expedient, provide by law for the election of an additional judge of the Supreme Bench of Baltimore city, and whenever provision is so made by the General Assembly, there shall be elected by the voters of said city another judge of the Supreme Bench of Baltimore city, who shall be subject to the same constitutional provisions, hold his office for the same term of years, receive the same compensation, and have the same powers as are, or shall be, provided by the Constitution or laws of this State, for the judges of said Supreme Bench of Baltimore city, and the General Assembly may provide by laws, or the Supreme Bench by its rules for requiring causes in any of the courts of Baltimore city to be tried before the court without a jury, unless the litigants or some one of them shall within such reasonable time or times as may be prescribed, elect to have their causes tried before a jury. And the General Assembly may re-apportion, change or enlarge the jurisdiction of the several courts in said city.]\*

# Part V-Orphans' Court.

Three judges.

Additional

judges.

SEC. 40. The qualified voters of the city of Baltimore and of the several counties shall on the Tuesday next after the

\*Under this section, the General Assembly, by the Act of 1888, Chapter 194, established the Circuit Court No. 2 of Baltimore City, conferring upon it the same jurisdiction as that possessed by the Circuit Court of Baltimore City.

<sup>†</sup>Thus amended by Chapter 313, Acts of 1892, ratified by the people November 7, 1893.

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first Monday in November next, and on the same day in every fourth year thereafter, elect three men to be Judges Term. of the Orphans' Courts of said city and counties, respectively, who shall be citizens of the State, and residents for the twelve months preceding, in the city or county, for which they may be elected. They shall have all the powers Jurisdiction. now vested in the Orphans' Courts of the State, subject to such changes as the Legislature may prescribe. Each of said judges shall be paid a per diem for the time they are Per diem. actually in session, to be regulated by law, and to be paid by the said city or counties, respectively. In case of a vacancy in the office of Judge of the Orphans' Court, the Vacancies. Governor shall appoint, subject to confirmation or rejection by the Senate, some suitable person to fill the same for the residue of the term.

Ijams v. Duvall, 85 Md., 252. Wells v. Monroe, 86 Md., 448.

SEC. 41. There shall be a Register of Wills in each county of the State and the city of Baltimore, to be elected by the Register of legal and qualified voters of said counties and city, respectively, who shall hold his office for six years from the time Term. of his election, and until his successor is elected and qualified; he shall be re-eligible, and subject at all times to removal for wilful neglect of duty or misdemeanor in office in the same manner that the clerks of the courts are removable. In the event of any vacancy in the office of the Regis-Vacancy. ter of Wills, said vacancy shall be filled by the Judges of the Orphans' Court, in which such vacancy occurs, until the next general election for Delegates to the General Assembly, when a Register shall be elected to serve for six years thereafter.

Sappington v. Scott, 14 Md., 40.

### Part VI-Justices of the Peace.

SEC. 42. The Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint such number of Justices Appointment. of the Peace and the County Commissioners of the several counties, and the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore, respectively, shall appoint such number of Constables, for the Constables. several election districts of the counties and wards of the city of Baltimore, as are now or may hereafter be prescribed by law; and Justices of the Peace and Constables so appointed shall be subject to removal by the judge or judges having criminal jurisdiction in the county or city, for incompetency, wilful neglect of duty or misdemeanor in office, on conviction in a court of law. The Justices of the

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Peace and Constables so appointed and commissioned shall be conservators of the peace; shall hold their office for two years, and shall have such jurisdiction, duties and compensation, subject to such right of appeal in all cases from the judgment of Justices of the Peace, as hath been heretofore exercised, or shall be hereafter prescribed by law.

State v. Mace, 5 Md., 337. Cantwell v. Owens 14 Md., 215. Smith v. Thursby, 28 Md., 244. Herbert v. Balto. Co., 97 Md., 639.

SEC. 43. In the event of a vacancy in the office of a Justive of the Peace, the Governor shall appoint a person to serve as Justice of the Peace for the residue of the term; and in case of a vacancy in the office of Constable, the County Commissioners of the county in which the vacancy occurs, or the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore, as the case may be, shall appoint a person to serve as Constable for the residue of the term.

Cantwell v. Owens, 14 Md., 215. Mayor, etc., of Balto., v. State, 15 Md., 376.

# Part VII-Sheriffs.

SEC. 44. There shall be elected in each county and in the city of Baltimore, in every second year, one person, resident in said county or city, above the age of twenty-five years, and Qualifications at least five years preceding his election, a citizen of this State, to the office of Sheriff. He shall hold office for two years, and until his successor is duly elected and qualified; shall be ineligible for two years thereafter; shall give such bond, exercise such powers and perform such duties as now are or may hereafter be fixed by law. In case of a vacancy by death, resignation, refusal to serve, or neglect to qualify, or give bond, or by disqualification, or removal from the county or city, the Governor shall appoint a person to be Sheriff for the remainder of the official term.

Beasley v. Ridout, 94 Md., 656.

SEC. 45. Coroners, Elisors and Notaries Public may be Coroners, etc. appointed for each county and the city of Baltimore in the manner, for the purpose and with the powers now fixed, or which may hereafter be prescribed by law.

Vacancies.

Election.

Term.

Vacancy.

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# ARTICLE V.

# ATTORNEY GENERAL AND STATE'S ATTORNEYS.

### Attorney General.

SEC. 1. There shall be an Attorney General elected by the qualified voters of the State, on general ticket, on the Tues-Election. day next after the first Monday in the month of November, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, and on the same day in every fourth year thereafter, who shall hold his office for four Term. years from the time of his election and qualification, and until his successor is elected and qualified, and shall be reeligible thereto, and shall be subject to removal for incompetency, wilful neglect of duty or misdemeanor in office, on conviction in a court of law.

Groome v. Gwinn, 43 Md., 572. Parker v. State, 99 Md., 189.

SEC. 2. All elections for Attorney General shall be certified to, and returns made thereof by the Clerks of the Cir-<sup>Returns of</sup> cuit Courts for the several counties, and the Clerk of the Superior Court of Baltimore city, to the Governor of the State, whose duty it shall be to decide on the election and qualification of the person returned; and in case of a tie between two or more persons to designate which of said persons shall qualify as Attorney General, and to administer the oath of office to the person elected.

Groome v. Gwinn, 43 Md., 572.

SEC. 3. It shall be the duty of the Attorney General to prosecute and defend on the part of the State all cases Dutles. which at the time of his appointment and qualification, and which thereafter may be depending in the Court of Appeals, or in the Supreme Court of the United States by or against the State, or wherein the State may be interested; and he shall give his opinion in writing whenever required by the Opinions. General Assembly, or either branch thereof, the Governor. the Comptroller, the Treasurer, or any State's Attorney, on any legal matter, or subject depending before them, or either of them; and when required by the Governor or the General Assembly, he shall aid any State's Attorney in prosecuting any suit or action brought by the State in any Court of this State, and he shall commence and prosecute or defend any suit or action in any of said courts, on the part of the State, which the General Assembly, or the Governor, acting according to law, shall direct to be commenced, prosecuted or defended; and he shall receive for his services

Salary.

an annual salary of three thousand dollars; but he shall not be entitled to receive any fees, perquisites or rewards whatever, in addition to the salary aforesaid, for the performance of any official duty; nor have power to appoint any agent, representative or deputy, under any circumstances whatever; nor shall the Governor employ any additional counsel in any case whatever, unless authorized by the General Assembly.

Mayor, etc., of Balto. v. Gill, 31 Md., 375.

SEC. 4. No person shall be eligible to the office of Attor-Qualifications. ney General, who is not a citizen of this State, and a qualified voter therein, and has not resided and practiced law in this State for at least ten years.

Groome v. Gwinn, 43 Md., 572.

Vacancy.

eral, occasioned by death, resignation, removal from the State or from office, or other disqualification, the said vacancy shall be filled by the Governor for the residue of the term thus made vacant.

SEC. 5. In case of vacancy in the office of Attorney Gen-

SEC. 6. It shall be the duty of the Clerk of the Court of Appeals and of the Commissioner of the Land Office, respectively, whenever a case shall be brought into said court or office, in which the State is a party or has interest, immediately to notify the Attorney General thereof.

### The State's Attorneys.

SEC. 7. There shall be an Attorney for the State in each county and the city of Baltimore, to be styled "The State's Attorney," who shall be elected by the voters thereof, respectively, on the Tucsday next after the first Monday in November, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, and on the same day every fourth year thereafter; and shall hold his office for four years from the first Monday in January next ensuing his election, and until his successor shall be elected and qualified, and shall be re-eligible thereto, and be subject to removal therefrom for incompetency, wilful neglect of duty, or misdemeanor in office, on conviction in a court of law, or by a vote of two-thirds of the Senate, on the recommendation of the Attorney General.

Jackson v. State, 87 Md., 195.

SEC. 8. All elections for the State's Attorney shall be certified to an returns made thercof by the clerks of the said counties and city to the judge thereof having criminal juris-

Election.

Term.

Returns of election.

ART. V.

### ART. V.]

#### CONSTITUTION.

diction, respectively, whose duty it shall be to decide upon the elections and qualifications of the persons returned; and in case of a tie between two or more persons, to designate which of said persons shall qualify as State's Attorney, and to adminster the oaths of office to the person elected.

SEC. 9. The State's Attorney shall perform such duties and receive such fees and commissions as are now or may hereafter be prescribed by law, and if any State's Attorney shall receive any other fee or reward than such as is or may be allowed by law, he shall, on coniction thereof, be removed from office; provided, that the State's Attorney for Baltimore city shall have power to appoint one deputy, at a salary of not more than fifteen hundred dollars per annum, to be paid by the State's Attorney out of the fees of his office, as has heretofore been practiced.

[SEC. 9. The State's Attorney shall perform such duties and receive such fees and commissions or salary, not exceed-Fees. ing three thousand dollars, as are now or may hereafter be prescribed by law; and if any State's Attorney shall receive any other fee or reward than such as is or may be allowed by law, he shall, on conviction thereof, be removed from office; provided, that the State's Attorney for Baltimore city shall receive an annual salary of forty-five hundred dollars, and shall have power to appoint one deputy, at an annual salary, not exceeding three thousand dollars, and such other assistants at such annual salaries not exceeding fifteen hundred dollars each, as the Supreme Bench of Baltimore city may authorize and approve; all of said salaries to be paid out of the fees of the said State's Attorney's office, as has heretofore been practiced.]\*

SEC. 10. No person shall be eligible to the office of State's Attorney who has not been admitted to practice law in thisQualifications. State, and who has not resided for at least two years in the county or city in which he may be elected.

SEC. 11. In case of vacancy in the office of State's Attorney, or of his removal from the county or city in which Vacancy. he shall have been elected, or on his conviction as herein specified, the said vacancy shall be filled by the judge of the county or city, respectively, having criminal jurisdiction, in which said vacancy shall occur, for the residue of the term thus made vacant.

Jackson v. State, 87 Md., 195.

SEC. 12. The State's Attorney in each county and the city of Baltimore shall have authority to collect, and give re-Duties.

\*Thus amended by Act of 1900, Chapter 185, ratified by the people at the November election, 1901.

ART. VI.

ceipt, in the name of the State, for such sums of money as may be collected by him, and forthwith make return of and pay over the same to the proper accounting officer. And the State's Attorney of each county and the city of Baltimore, before he shall enter on the discharge of his duties, shall execute a bond to the State of Maryland, for the faitbful performance of his duties, in the penalty of ten thousand dollars, with two or more sureties, to be approved by the judge of the court having criminal jurisdiction in said counties or city.

# ARTICLE VI.

### TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

SECTION 1. There shall be a Treasury Department, consisting of a Comptroller, chosen by the qualified electors Comptroller. of the State, at each regular election of members of the House of Delegates, who shall receive an annual salary of two thousand five bundred dollars; and a Treasurer, to be appointed by the two Houses of the Legislature, at each regular session thereof, on joint ballot, who shall receive an annual salary of two thousand five hundred dollars; and the terms of office of the said Comptroller and Treasurer shall be for two years, and until their successors shall qualify; and neither of the said officers shall be allowed, or receive any fees, commissions or perquisites of any kind in addition to his salary for the performance of any duty or services whatsoever. In case of a vacancy in either of the offices by death, or otherwise, the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall fill such vacancy by appointment, to continue until another election, or a choice by the Legislature, as the case may be, and until the qualification of the successor. The Comptroller and the Treasurer shall keep their offices at the seat of Government, and shall take such oath, and enter into such bonds for the faithful discharge of their duties as are now, or may hereafter be prescribed by law.

> Thomas v. Owens, 4 Md., 189. Archer v. State, 74 Md., 410 and 443. Davidson v. Brice, 91 Md., 682.

Comptroller's duties.

SEC. 2. The Comptroller shall have the general superintendence of the fiscal affairs of the State; he shall digest and prepare plans for the improvement and management of the revenue, and for the support of the public credit; prepare and report estimates of the revenue and expenditures of the

Salary. Treasurer.

Salary.

Term.

Vacancies.

Bonda

### ART. VI.]

#### CONSTITUTION.

State: superintend and enforce the prompt collection of all taxes and revenue; adjust and settle, on terms prescribed by law, with delinquent collectors and receivers of taxes and State revenue; preserve all public accounts; decide on the forms of keeping and stating accounts; grant, under regulations prescribed by law, all warrants for money to be paid out of the Treasury, in pursuance of appropriations by law, and countersign all checks drawn by the Treasurer upon any bank or banks, in which the moneys of the State may, from time to time, be deposited; prescribe the formalities of the transfer of stock, or other evidence of the State debt, and countersign the same, without which such evidence shall not be valid; he shall make to the General Assembly full reports of all his proceedings, and of the state of the Treasury Department within ten days after the commencement of each session; and perform such other duties as shall be prescribed by law.

Billingsley v. State, 14 Md., 369.

SEC. 3. The Treasurer shall receive the moneys of the State, and, until otherwise prescribed by law, deposit them, duties. as soon as received, to the credit of the State, in such bank or banks as he may, from time to time, with the approval of the Governor, select, the said bank or banks giving security, satisfactory to the Governor, for the safekeeping and forthcoming, when required, of said deposits), and shall disburse the same for the purposes of the State, according to law, upon warrants drawn by the Comptroller, and on checks countersigned by him, and not otherwise; he shall take receipts for all moneys paid by him; and receipts for moneys received by him shall be endorsed upon warrants signed by the Comptroller, without which warrants, so signed, no acknowledgment of money received into the Treasury shall be valid; and upon warrants, issued by the Comptroller, he shall make arrangements for the payment of the interest of the public debt, and for the purchase thereof, on account of the sinking fund. Every bond, certificate, or other evidence of the debt of the State shall be signed by the Treasurer, and countersigned by the Comptroller; and no new certificate or other evidence intended to replace another shall be issued until the old one shall be delivered to the Treasurer, and authority executed in due form for the transfer of the same filed in his office, and the transfer accordingly made on the books thereof, and the certificate or other evidence cancelled; but the Legislature may make provisions for the loss of certificates, or other evidences of the debt; and may prescribe, by law, the manner in which the Treasurer shall receive and keep the moneys of the State.

ART. VII.

Accounts.

SEC. 4. The Treasurer shall render his accounts quarterly to the Comptroller, and shall publish monthly, in such newspapers as the Governor may direct, an abstract thereof, showing the amount of cash on hand, and the place or places of deposit thereof; and on the third day of each regular session of the Legislature he shall submit to the Senate and House of Delegates fair and accurate copies of all accounts by him, from time to time, rendered and settled with the Comptroller. He shall at all times submit to the Comptroller the inspection of the money in his hands, and perform all other duties that shall be prescribed by law.

SEC. 5. The Comptroller shall qualify and enter on the fication. Sec. 5. The Comptroller shall qualify and enter on the duties of his office on the third Monday of January next succeeding the time of his election, or as soon thereafter as practicable. And the Treasurer shall qualify within one month after his appointment by the Legislature.

Archer v. State, 74 Md., 410.

Removal.

SEC. 6. Whenever during the recess of the Legislature charges shall be preferred to the Governor against the Comptroller or Treasurer for incompetency, malfeasance in office, wilful neglect of duty, or misappropriation of the funds of the State, it shall be the duty of the Governor forthwith to notify the party so charged, and fix a day for a hearing of said charges; and if from the evidence taken, under oath on said hearing before the Governor, the said allegations shall be sustained, it shall be the duty of the Governor to remove said offending officer and appoint another in his place, who shall hold the office for the unexpired term of the officer so removed.

# ARTICLE VII.

#### SUNDRY OFFICERS.

# County Commissioners—Surveyor—State Librarian—Commissioner of the Land Office—Wreck Master.

County Commissioners. SECTION 1. County Commissioners shall be elected on general ticket of each county by the qualified voters of the several counties of this State, on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in the month of November, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, and on the same day in every second year thereafter. Their number in each county, their compensation, powers and duties, shall be such as are now or may be herafter prescribed by law.

### ART. VII.]

#### CONSTITUTION.

[SEC. 1. County Commissioners shall be elected on general ticket of each county by the qualified voters of the County Commissioners. several counties of the State, on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in the month of November, commencing in the year eighteen hundred and ninety-one; their number in each county, their compensation, powers and duties shall be such as now or may be hereafter prescribed by law, they shall be elected at such times, in such numbers and for such periods not exceeding six years, as may be prescribed by law.]\*

Commrs. of Washington County v. Nesbit, 6 Md., 468. Commrs. of Public Schools v. County Commrs. of Allegany Co., 20 Md., 439. Worman, et al. v. Hagan, et al., 78 Md., 152. Brown v. Brooks, 95 Md., 739. Prince George's Co. v. Mitchell, 97 Md., 336.

SEC. 2. The qualified voters of each county and of the city of Baltimore shall, on the Tuesday next after the first surveyor. Monday in the month of November, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, and on the same day in every second year thereafter, elect a Surveyor for each county and the city of Baltimore, respectively, whose term of office shall commence on the first Monday of January next ensuing their election, and whose duties and compensation shall be the same as are now or may hereafter be prescribed by law. And any vacancy in the office of Surveyor shall be filled by vacancy. the Commissioners of the counties, or by the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore, respectively, for the residue of the term.

SEC. 3. The State Librarian shall be appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Sen-<sup>State Librarian.</sup> ate, and shall hold his office during the term of the Governor, by whom he shall have been appointed, and until his successor shall be appointed and qualified. His salary shall salary. be fifteen hundred dollars a year; and he shall perform such duties as are now, or may hereafter be prescribed by law; and no appropriation shall be made by law to pay for any clerk, or assistant to the Librarian. And it shall be the duty of the Legislature, at its first session after the adoption of this Constitution, to pass a law regulating the mode and manner in which the books in the library shall be kept and accounted for by the librarian, and requiring the librarian to give a bond, in such penalty as the Legislature may prescribe, for the proper discharge of his duties.

Marshall v. Harwood, 5 Md., 423. Sllver v. Magruder, 32 Md., 387.

SEC. 4. There shall be a Commissioner of the Land Office, <sup>Commissioner</sup> who shall be appointed by the Governor by and with the fice.

\*Thus amended by Act of 1890, Chapter 255, and adopted by vote of people November 3, 1890.

[ART. V111.

Duties.

Salary.

State papers.

Wreck Master.

Public schools. SECTION 1. The General Assembly, at its first session after the adoption of this Constitution, shall, by law, establish throughout the State a thorough and efficient system of free public schools; and shall provide by taxation, or otherwise, for their maintenance.

Clark v. Md. Institute, 87 Md., 661.

SEC. 2. The system of public schools, as now constituted, shall remain in force until the end of the said first session of the General Assembly, and shall then expire, except so far as adopted or continued by the General Assembly.

SEC. 3. The school fund of the State shall be kept inviolate, and appropriated only to the purposes of education.

advice and consent of the Senate, who shall hold his office during the term of the Governor, by whom he shall have been appointed, and until his successor shall be appointed and qualified. He shall perform such duties as are now required of the Commissioner of the Land Office, or such as may hereafter be prescribed by law, and shall also be the Keeper of the Chancery Records. He shall receive a salary of one thousand five hundred dollars per annum, to be paid out of the Treasury, and shall charge such fees as are now, or may be hereafter fixed by law. He shall make a semiannual report of all the fees of his office, both as Commissioner of the Land Office and as Keeper of the Chancery Records, to the Comptroller of the Treasury, and shall pay the same semi-annually into the Treasury.

SEC. 5. The Commissioner of the Land Office shall also, without additional compensation, collect, arrange, classify, have charge of and safely keep all papers, records, relics and other memorials connected with the early history of Maryland, not belonging to any other office.

SEC. 6. The qualified voters of Worcester county shall on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in the month of November, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, and every two years thereafter, elect a Wreck Master for said county, whose duties and compensation shall be the same as are now or may be hereafter prescribed by law; the term of office of said Wreck Master shall commence on the first Monday of January next succeeding his election, and a vacancy in said office shall be filled by the County Commissioners of said county for the residue of the term.

# ARTICLE VIII.

### EDUCATION.

School fund.

### CONSTITUTION.

# ARTICLE IX.

# MILITIA AND MILITARY AFFAIRS.

SECTION 1. The General Assembly shall make, from time to time, such provisions for organizing, equipping and dis-Organization. ciplining the Militia, as the exigency may require, and pass such laws to promote volunteer militia organizations as may afford them effectual encouragement.

SEC. 2. There shall be an Adjutant-General appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Sen-Adjutantate. He shall hold his office until the appointment and qualification of his successor, or until removed in pursuance of the sentence of a court-martial. He shall perform such Duties. duties and receive such compensation or emoluments as are now or may be prescribed by law. He shall discharge the duties of his office at the seat of government, unless absent under orders, on duty; and no other officer of the General Staff of the Militia shall receive salary or pay, except when on service and mustered in with troops.

Watkins v. Watkins, 2 Md., 341. McBlair v. Bond, 41 Md., 137.

SEC. 3. The existing Militia Law of the State shall expire at the end of of the next session of the General Assembly, except so far as it may be re-enacted, subject to the provisions of this Article.

# ARTICLE X.

### LABOR AND AGRICULTURE.\*

SECTION 1. There shall be a Superintendent of Labor and Agriculture elected by the qualified voters of this State at the first general election for Delegates to the General Assembly after the adoption of this Constitution, who shall hold his office for the term of four years, and until the election and qualification of his successor.

SEC. 2. His qualifications shall be the same as those prescribed for the Comptroller; he shall qualify and enter upon the duties of his office on the second Monday of January next succeeding the time of his election; and a vacancy in the office shall be filled by the Governor for the residue of the term.

\*This Article expired by limitation.

SEC. 3. He shall perform such of the duties now devolved by law upon the Commissioner of Immigration and the Immigration Agent, as will promote the object for which those officers were appointed, and such other duties as may be assigned to him by the General Assembly, and shall receive a salary of twenty-five hundred dollars a year; and after his election and qualification, the offices before mentioned shall cease.

SEC. 4. He shall supervise all the State inspectors of agricultural products and fertilizers, and from time to time shall carefully examine and audit their accounts, and prescribe regulations not inconsistent with law, tending to secure economy and efficiency in the business of their offices. He shall have the supervision of the tobacco warehouses, and all other buildings used for inspection and storage purposes by the State; and may, at the discretion of the Legislature, have the supervision of all public buildings now belonging to, or which may hereafter be, erected by the State. He shall frequently inspect such buildings as are committed to his charge, and examine all accounts for labor and materials required for their construction or repairs.

SEC. 5. He shall inquire into the undeveloped resources of wealth of the State of Maryland, more specially concerning those within the limits of the Chesapeake Bay and its tributaries, which belong to the State, and suggest such plans as may be calculated to render them available as sources of reveneue.

SEC. 6. He shall make detailed reports to every General Assembly within the first week of its session, in reference to each of the subjects committed to his charge, and he shall also report to the Governor, in the recess of the Legislature, all abuses or irregularities which he may find to exist in any department of public affairs with which his office is connected.

SEC. 7. The office hereby established shall continue for four years from the date of the qualification of the first incumbent thereof, and shall then expire, unless continued by the General Assembly. ART. XI.]

#### CONSTITUTION.

# ARTICLE XI.

#### CITY OF BALTIMORE.

SECTION 1. The inhabitants of the city of Baltimore qualified by law to vote in said city for members of the House of Delegates, shall on the fourth Wednesday of October, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, and on the same day in every fourth year thereafter, elect a person to be Mayor of the city of Baltimore, who shall have such qualifications, receive such compensation, discharge such duties, and have such powers as are now, or may hereafter be prescribed by law; and the term of whose office shall commence on the first Monday of November succeeding his election, and shall continue for four years, and until his successor shall have qualified; and he shall be ineligible for the term next succeeding that for which he was elected.

[SEC. 1. The inhabitants of the city of Baltimore, qualified by law to vote in said city for members of the House of Mayor. Delegates, shall on the Tuesday after the first Monday of November, eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, and on the same day in every second year thereafter, elect a person to be Mayor of the city of Baltimore, who shall have such qualifications, receive such compensation, discharge such duties and have such powers as are now, or may hereafter be prescribed by law; and the term of whose office shall commence on the first Monday of November succeeding his election, and shall continue for two years, and until his successor shall have qualified.]\*

SEC. 2. The City Council of Baltimore shall consist of two branches, one of which shall be called the First Branch, and city council. the other the Second Branch, and each shall consist of such number of members, having such qualification, receiving such compensation, performing such duties, possessing such powers, holding such terms of office, and elected in such manner as are now or may hereafter be prescribed by law.

SEC. 3. An election for members of the First and Second Branch of the City Council of Baltimore shall be held in the city of Baltimore on the fourth Wednesday of October, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven; and for members of the First Branch on the same day in every year thereafter; and for members of the Second Branch on the same day in every second year thereafter; and the qualification for electors of

<sup>\*</sup>Thus amended by Chapter 123, Acts of 1898. By Chapter 116, Acts of 1870, the term of Mayor was made two years; and hy Chapter 397, Acts of 1888, the day of election was set for the Tuesday after the first Monday in November. Act of 1898, Chapter 123, made the first Monday in May, 1899, the day of election, and every four years afterward.

the members of the City Council shall be the same as those prescribed for the electors of Mayor.

[SEC. 3. An election for members of the First Branch of the City Council of Baltimore shall be held in the city of Baltimore on the Tuesday after the first Monday of November in every year; and for members of the Second Branch on the Tuesday after the first Monday of November, eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, and on the same day in every second year thereafter; and the qualification for electors of the members of the City Council shall be the same as those prescribed for the electors of Mayor.]\*

SEC. 4. The regular sessions of the City Council of Baltimore (which shall be annual) shall commence on the third Monday of January of each year, and shall not continue more than ninety days, exclusive of Sundays; but the Mayor may convene the City Council in extra session whenever, and as often as it may appear to him that the public good may require, but no called or extra session shall last longer than twenty days, exclusive of Sundays.

SEC. 5. No person elected and qualified as Mayor, or as a member of the City Council, shall, during the term for which he was elected, hold any other office of profit or trust, created or to be created by the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore, or by any law relating to the corporation of Baltimore, or hold any employment or position, the compensation of which shall be paid, directly or indirectly, out of the city treasury; nor shall any such person be interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract to which the city is a party; nor shall it be lawful for any person holding any office under the city, to be interested, while holding such office, in any contract to which the city is a party.

SEC. 6. The Mayor shall, on conviction in a court of law, of wilful neglect of duty, or misbehavior in office, be removed from office by the Governor of the State, and a successor shall thereafter be elected, as in a case of vacancy.

SEC. 7. From and after the adoption of this Constitution, no debt (except as hereinafter excepted) shall be created by the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore; nor shall the credit of the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore be given or loaned to, or in aid of any individual, association or corporation; nor shall the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore have the power to involve the city of Baltimore in the construction of works of internal improvement, nor in granting any aid thereto, which shall involve the faith and credit of

\*Thus amended by the Act of 1888, Chapter 397. Further amended by Act of 1898, Chapter 123.

Sessions.

Limitations. Extra sessions.

Disqualifications.

Removal of Mayor.

Debts.

Time of elec-

#### ART. X11.]

#### CONSTITUTION.

the city, nor make any appropriation therefor, unless such debt or credit be authorized by an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, and by an ordinance of the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore, submitted to the legal voters of the city of Baltimore, at such time and place as may be fixed by said ordinance, and approved by a majority of the votes cast at such time and place; but the Mayor and City Council may, temporarily, borrow any amount of money to meet any deficiency in the city treasury, or to provide for any emergency arising from the necessity of maintaining the police, or preserving the safety and sanitary condition of the city, and may make due and proper arrangements and agreements for the removal and extension, iu whole or in part, of any and all debts and obligations created according to law before the adoption of this Constitution.

Mayor, etc., of Balto. v. Gill., 31 Md., 375. Pumphrey v. Mayor & C. C. of Baltimore, 47 Md., 145. Balto. City v. Gorter, 93 Md., 1.

SEC. 8. All laws and ordinances now in force applicable to the city of Baltimore, not inconsistent with this Article, Laws in force. shall be, and they are hereby continued until changed in due course of law.

Hooper v. New, 85 Md., 565.

SEC. 9. The General Assembly may make such changes in this Article, except in Section 7th thereof, as it may deem Changes best; and this Article shall not be so construed or taken as to make the political corporation of Baltimore independent of, or free from the control which the General Assembly of Maryland has over all such corporations in this State.

Pumphrey v. Mayor, etc., of Balto., 47 Md., 145.

### ARTICLE XII.

#### PUBLIC WORKS.

SECTION 1. The Governor, the Comptroller of the Treasury and the Treasurer shall constitute the Board of Public Board. Works in this State. They shall keep a journal of their proceedings, and shall hold regular sessions in the city of An-sessions. napolis on the first Wednesday in January, April, July and October in each year, and oftener if necessary; at which sessions they shall hear and determine such matters as affect the public works of the State, and as the General Assembly Powers. may confer upon them the power to decide.

ART. X11.

23

Duties.

SEC. 2. They shall exercise a diligent and faithful supervision of all public works in which the State may be interested as stockholder or creditor, and shall represent and vote the stock of the State of Maryland in all meetings of the stockholders of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal; and shall appoint the directors in every railroad and canal company in which the State has the legal power to appoint directors, which said directors shall represent the State in all meetings of the stockholders of the respective companies for which they are appointed or elected. And the president and directors of the said Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company shall so regulate the tolls of said company from time to time as to produce the largest amount of revenue, and to avoid the injurious effect to said company of rival competition by other internal improvement companies. They shall require the directors of all said public works to guard the public interest and prevent the establishment of tolls which shall discriminate against the interest of the citizens or products of this State, and from time to time, and as often as there shall be any change in the rates of toll on any of the said works, to furnish the said Board of Public Works a schedule of such modified rates of toll, and so adjust them as to promote the agricultural interests of the State; they shall report to the General Assembly at each regular session, and recommend such legislation as they may deem necessary and requisite to promote or protect the interests of the State in the said public works; they shall perform such other duties as may be hereafter prescribed by law, and a majority of them shall be competent to act. The Governor, Comptroller and Treasurer shall receive no additional salary for services rendered by them as members of the Board of Public Works. The provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of Maryland of the year 1867, Chapter 359, are hereby declared null and void.

SEC. 3. The Board of Public Works is hereby authorized to exchange the State's interest as stockholder and creditor in the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company for an equal amount of the bonds or registered debt now owing by the State, to the extent only of all the preferred stock of the State on which the State is entitled to only six per cent. interest; provided, such exchange shall not be made at less than par, nor less than the market value of said stock; and the said board is authorized, subject to such regulations and conditions as the General Assembly may from time to time prescribe, to sell the State's interest in the other works of internal improvement, whether as a stockholder or a creditor, and also the State's interest in any banking corporation,

#### CONSTITUTION.

receiving in payment the bonds and registered debt now owing by the State, equal in amount to the price obtained for the State's said interest; provided, that the interest of the State in the Washington Branch of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad be reserved and excepted from sale; and provided further, that no sale or contract of sale of the State's interest in the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, the Chesapeake and Delaware Canal and the Susquehanna and Tidewater Canal Companies shall go into effect until the same shall be ratified by the ensuing General Assembly.

[SEC. 3. The Board of Public Works is hereby authorized, subject to such regulations and conditions as the General Powers. Assembly may from time to time prescribe, to sell the State's interest in all works of internal improvement, whether as a stockholder or a creditor, and also the State's interest in any banking corporation, receiving in payment the bonds and registered debt now owing by the State, equal in amount to the price obtained for the State's said interest.]\*

# ARTICLE XII.

### NEW COUNTIES.

SECTION 1. The General Assembly may provide, by law, for organizing new counties, locating and removing county county seats. seats and changing county lines; but not new county shall be organized without the consent of the majority of the legal Consent of voters residing within the limits proposed to be formed into said new county; and whenever a new county shall be proposed to be formed out of portions of two or more counties, the consent of majority of the legal voters of such part of each of said counties, respectively, shall be required; nor shall the lines of any county be changed without the consent of a majority of the legal voters residing within the district. which, under said proposed change, would form a part of a county different from that to which it belonged prior to said change; and no new county shall contain less than four Area and pop-hundred square miles, nor less than ten thousand white inhabitants; nor shall any change be made in the limits of any county, whereby the population of said county would be reduced to less than ten thousand white inhabitants, or its territory reduced to less than four hundred square miles.

State v. Manly, 7 Md., 135. Eichelberger v. Hardesty, 15 Md., 54. School Commrs. of Wicomico Co. v. School Commrs. of Worcester Co., 35 Md., 200. Daly v. Morgan, 69 Md., 460.

\*Thus amended by Act 1890, Chapter 362, and ratified by the people November 3, 1891.

ART. X11.

Wicomico county.

SEC. 2. At the election to be held for the adoption or rejection of this Constitution, in each election district, in those parts of Worcester and Somerset counties, comprised within the following limits, viz: Beginning at the point where Mason and Dixon's line crosses the channel of Pocomoke river; thence following said line to the channel of the Nanticoke River; thence with the channel of said river to Tangier Sound, or the intersection of Nanticoke and Wicomico Rivers; thence up the channel of the Wicomico River to the mouth of Wicomico Creek; thence with the channel of said creek and Passerdyke Creek to Dashield's or Disharoon's Mills; thence with the mill-pond of said mills and branch following the middle prong of said branch, to Meadow Bridge, on the road dividing the counties of Somerset and Worcester, near the southwest corner of farm of William P. Morris: thence due east to the Pocomoke River: thence with the channel of said river to the beginning; the Judges of Election, in each of said districts, shall receive the ballots of each elector, voting at said election, who has resided for six months preceding said election within said limits, for or against a new county; and the return judges of said election districts shall certify the result of such voting, in the manner now prescribed by law, to the Governor, who shall by proclamation make known the same, and if a majority of the legal votes cast within that part of Worcester county, contained within said lines, and also a majority of the legal votes cast within that part of Somerset county, contained within said lines, shall be in favor of a new county, then said parts of Worcester and Somerset counties shall become and constitute a new county, to be called Wicomico county, and Salisbury shall be the county seat. And the inhabitants thereof shall thenceforth have and enjoy all such rights and privileges as are held and enjoyed by the inhabitants of the other counties of this State.

Provisions.

SEC. 3. When said new county shall have been so created, the inhabitants thereof shall cease to have any claim to, or interest in, the county buildings and other public property of every description belonging to said counties of Somerset and Worcester, respectively, and shall be liable for their proportionate shares of the then existing debts and obligations of the said counties according to the last assessment in said counties, to be ascertained and apportioned by the Circuit Court of Somerset county, as to the debts and obligations of said county, and by the Circuit Court of Worcester county as to the debts and obligations of Worcester county, on the petition of the County Commissioners of the said counties, respectively; and the property in each part of the said count

#### ART. XIV.]

#### CONSTITUTION.

ties included in said new county shall be bound only for the share of the debts and obligations of the county from which it shall be separated; and the inhabitants of said new county shall also pay the county taxes levied upon them at the time of the creation of such new county, as if such new county had not been created; and on the application of twelve citizens of the proposed county of Wicomico, the Surveyor of Worcester county shall run and locate the line from Meadow Bridge to the Pocomoke River, previous to the adoption or rejection of this Constitution, and at the expense of said petitioners.

SEC. 4. At the first general election held under this Constitution the qualified voters of said new county shall be entitled to elect a Senator and two Delegates to the General Assembly, and all such county or other officers as this Constitution may authorize, or require to be elected by other counties of the State; a notice of such election shall be given by the Sheriffs of Worcester and Somerset counties in the manner now prescribed by law; and in case said new county shall be established, as aforesaid, then the counties of Somerset and Worcester shall be entitled to elect but two Delegates each to the General Assembly.

SEC. 5. The county of Wicomico, if formed according to the provisions of this Constitution, shall be embraced in the First Judicial Circuit, and the times for holding the courts therein shall be fixed and determined by the General Assembly.

SEC. 6. The General Assembly shall pass all such laws as may be necessary more fully to carry into effect the provisions of this Article.

# ARTICLE XIV.

#### AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION.

SECTION 1. The General Assembly may propose amendments to this Constitution; provided, that each amendment Proposal. shall be embraced in a separate bill, embodying the Article or Section, as the same will stand when amended and passed by three-fifths of all the members elected to each of the two Houses, by yeas and nays, to be entered on the journals with the proposed amendment. The bill or bills Publication. proposing amendment or amendments shall be published by order of the Governor, in at least two newspapers in each

ART.XIV.

county, where so many may be published, and where not more than one may be published, then in that newspaper, and in three newspapers published in the city of Baltimore, one of which shall be in the German language, once a week for at least three months preceding the next ensuing general election, at which the proposed amendment or amendments shall be submitted, in a form to be prescribed by the General Assembly, to the qualified voters of the State for adoption or rejection. The votes cast for and against said proposed amendment or amendments, severally, shall be returned to the Governor, in the manner prescribed in other cases, and if it shall appear to the Governor that a majority of the votes cast at said election on said amendment or amendments, severally, were cast in favor thereof, the Governor Proclamation. shall, by his proclamation, declare the said amendment or amendments having received said majority of votes, to have been adopted by the people of Maryland as part of the Constitution thereof, and thenceforth said amendment or amendments shall be part of the said Constitution. When two or more amendments shall be submitted in manner aforesaid. to the voters of this State at the same election, they shall be so submitted as that each amendment shall be voted on separately.

> Worman et al. v. Hagen, et al., 78 Md., 152. Warfield v. Vandiver, 101 Md., 78.

Convention every twenty years.

SEC. 2. It shall be the duty of the General Assembly to provide by law for taking, at the general election to be held in the year eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, and every twenty years thereafter, the sense of the people in regard to calling a convention for altering this Constitution; and if a majority of voters at such election or elections shall vote for a convention, the General Assembly, at its next session, shall provide by law for the assembling of such convention, and for the election of Delegates thereto. Each county and Legislative District of the city of Baltimore shall have in such convention a number of Delegates equal to its representation in both Houses at the time at which the convention is called. But any Constitution, or change, or amendment, of the existing Constitution, which may be adopted by such convention, shall be submitted to the voters of this State, and shall have no effect unless the same shall have been adopted by a majority of the voters voting thereon.

Vote.

Returns.

ART. XV.]

#### CONSTITUTION.

# ARTICLE XV.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

SECTION 1. Every person holding any office created by, or existing under the Constitution or laws of the State (except Returns of Justices of the Peace, Constables and Coroners), or holding any appointment under any court of this State, whose pay or compensation is derived from fees or moneys coming into his hands for the discharge of his official duties, or in any way growing out of or connected with his office, shall keep a book in which shall be entered every sum or sums of money received by him, or on his account, as a payment or compensation for his performance of official duties, a copy of which entries in said book, verified by the oath of the officer by whom it is directed to be kept, shall be returned yearly to the Comptroller of the State for his inspection, and that of the General Assembly of the State, to which the Comptroller shall, at each regular session thereof, make a report showing what officers have complied with this section; and each of the said officers, when the amount received by him for the vear shall exceed the sum which he is by law entitled to retain as his salary or compensation for the discharge of his duties, and for the expenses of his office, shall yearly pay over to the Treasurer of the State, the amount of such excess, subject to such disposition thereof as the General Assembly may direct; if any of such officers shall fail to comply with the requisitions of this section for the period of thirty days after the expiration of each and every year of his office, such officer shall be deemed to have vacated his office, and the Governor shall declare the same vacant, and the vacancy therein shall be filled as in case of vacancy for any other cause, and such officer shall be subject to suit by the State for the amount that ought to be paid into the Treasury; and no person holding any office created by or existing under this Constitution or laws of the State, or holding any appointment under any court in this State, shall receive more Salary limit. than three thousand dollars a year as a compensation for the discharge of his official duties, except in cases specially provided in this Constitution.

Banks v. State, 60 Md., 305. Goldsborough v. Lloyd, 86 Md., 376.

SEC. 2. The several courts existing in this State at the time of the adoption of this Constitution shall, until super-Jurisdiction seded under its provisions, continue with like powers and of courts. jurisdiction, and in the exercise thereof, both at law and in equity, in all respects, as if this Constitution had not been adopted; and when said courts shall be so superseded, all

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ART. XV.

causes then depending in said courts shall pass into the jurisdiction of the several courts, by which they may be respectively superseded.

SEC. 3. The Governor and all officers, civil and military, now holding office under this State, whether by election or appointment, shall continue to hold, exercise and discharge the duties of their offices (unless inconsistent with or otherwise provided in this Constitution), until they shall be superseded under its provisions, and until their successors shall be duly qualified.

Smith & Davis v. Thursby, 28 Md., 244.

SEC. 4. If at any election directed by this Constitution, any two or more candidates shall have the highest and an equal number of votes, a new election shall be ordered by the Governor, except in cases specially provided for by this Constitution.

SEC. 5. In the trial of all criminal cases, the jury shall be the judges of law, as well as of fact.

Franklin v. State, 12 Md., 236. Phipps v. State, 22 Md., 380. League v. State, 36 Md., 257. Wheeler v. State, 42 Md., 563. Broll v. State, 45 Md., 356. Beard v. State, 71 Md., 275.

SEC. 6. The right of trial by jury of all issues of fact in Right to jury. civil proceedings in the several courts of law in this State, where the amount in controversy exceeds the sum of five dollars, shall be inviolably preserved.

> Gittings v. State, 33 Md., 458. Capron v. Devries, 83 Md., 220. City Pass Ry. Co. v. Nugent, 86 Md., 349. Caledonian Fire Insurance Co. v. Frank, 86 Md., 93. Knee v. City Pass. Ry., 87 Md., 624.

> SEC. 7. All general elections in this State shall be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in the month of November, in the year in which they shall occur; and the first election of all officers, who, under this Constitution, are required to be elected by the people, shall, except in cases herein specially provided for, be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-seven.

Wells v. Monroe, 86 Md., 451.

SEC. 8. The Sheriffs of the several counties of this State and of the city of Baltimore shall give notice of the several elections authorized by this Constitution, in the manner prescribed by existing laws for elections to be held in this State, until said laws shall be changed.

SEC. 9. The term of office of all judges and other officers, for whose election provision is made by this Constitution,

Officers to continue in office.

Trial by jury.

General elections.

Terms of office.

Notice

#### ART. XV.]

#### CONSTITUTION.

shall, except in cases otherwise expressly provided herein, commence from the time of their election; and all such officers shall qualify as soon after their election as practicable, and shall enter upon the duties of their respective offices immediately upon their qualification; and the term of office of the State Librarian and of Commissioner of the Land Office shall commence from the time of their appointment.

SEC. 10. Any officer elected or appointed in pursuance of the provisions of this Constitution, may qualify, either ac-Qualifications cording to the existing provisions of law, in relation to officers under the present Constitution, or before the Governor of the State, or before any clerk of any court of record in any part of the State; but in case an officer shall qualify out of the county in which he resides, an official copy of his oath shall be filed and recorded in the clerk's office of the <sup>Oath to be</sup> recorded. Circuit Court of the county in which he may reside, or in the clerk's office of the Superior Court of the city of Baltimore, if he shall reside therein.

#### VOTE ON THE CONSTITUTION.

For the purpose of ascertaining the sense of the people of this State in regard to the adoption or rejection of this Constitution, the Governor shall issue his proclamation within five days after the adjournment of this convention, directed to the Sheriffs of the city of Baltimore and of the several counties of this State, commanding them to give notice in the manner now prescribed by law in reference to the election of members of the House of Delegates, that an election for the adoption or rejection of this Constitution will be held in the city of Baltimore and in the several counties of this State, on Wednesday, the eighteenth day of September, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, at the usual places of holding elections for members of the House of Delegates in said city and counties. At the said election the vote shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be written or printed the words, "For the Constitution," or "Against the Constitution," as the voter may elect; and the provisions of the laws of this State relating to the holding of general elections for members of the House of Delegates, shall in all respects apply to and regulate the holding of the said election. It shall be the duty of the judges of election in said city and in the several counties of the State to receive, accurately count and duly return the number of ballots so cast for or against the adoption of this Constitution. as well as any blank ballots which may be cast, to the several clerks of the Circuit Courts of this State, and to the clerk of

the Superior Court of Baltimore city, in the manner now prescribed by law, in reference to the election of members of the House of Delegates, and duplicates thereof, directly to the Governor; and the several clerks aforesaid shall return to the Governor, within ten days after said election, the number of ballots cast for or against the Constitution, and the number of blank ballots; and the Governor, upon receiving the returns from the judges of election, or the clerks as aforesaid, and ascertaining the aggregate vote throughout the State, shall, by his proclamation, make known the same; and if a majority of the votes cast shall be for the adoption of this Constitution it shall go into effect on Saturday, the fifth day of October, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven.

Done in Convention, the seventeenth day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixtyseven, and of the Independence of the United States the ninety-second.

### RICHARD B. CARMICHAEL,

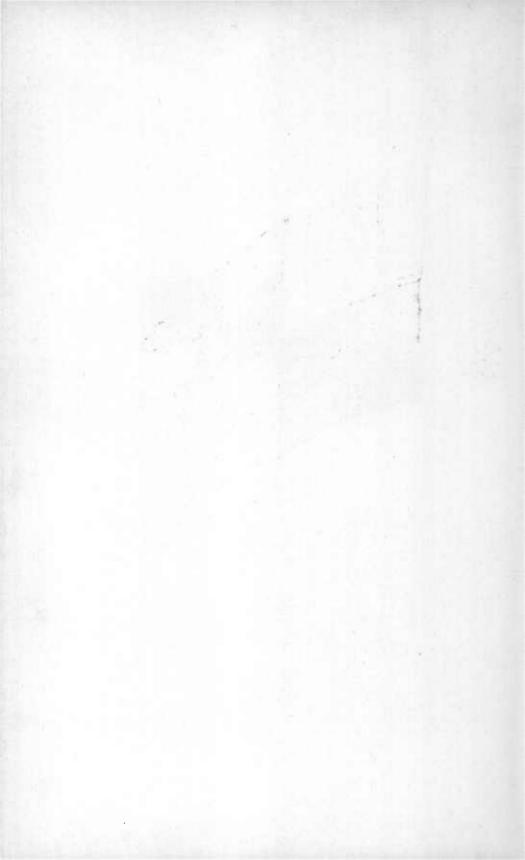
President of the Convention.

### MILTON Y. KIDD,

Secretary.



"TAKEN FROM THOMAS' CHRONICLES OF MARYLAND."



#### THE STATE HOUSE.

The first State House built at Annapolis was erected in 1696. It was burnt down in 1704.

The second State House was erected in 1704. This remained until 1772, when it was pulled down to make room for the present edifice.

The building of this, the third State House, on the same site of the two preceding ones, was commenced in 1772, but the dome was not finished until after the Revolution.

This building is greatly admired for its fine architectural proportions, its commanding site and lofty dome, but its chief attraction is its historic associations; in it and on its site the freemen of Maryland have always maintained their rights; here the Father of his Country returned his military commission to his countrymen; here the treaty of peace with Great Britain, that made us thirteen free and indipendent colonies, was ratified; and here, tradition tells, the first conference of State was held that led to the adoption of the Constitution and the formation of a more perfect union of States.

### MARYLAND STATE FLAG.

The flag of the State bears the escutcheon of the great seal-the Calvert and Crossland arms quartered. This device seems to have been adopted by common consent, as there is no record of the formal adoption of any design as the official flag of the State. That the colony had a distinct flag or standard we know. The first recorded instance of the use of a Maryland flag occurs in Leonard Calvert's report of the reduction of Kent Island (February, 1638), in which he says that he and his force marched with Baltimore's banner displayed. At the battle of the Severn, in 1655, where the supporters of the proprietary government, under William Stone, the Governor were defeated by the Puritan party, under Cap. William Fuller, Stone's forces marched under the flag of Maryland, borne by William Nugent, "standard bearer of the Province," while Fuller's party displayed the flag of the Commonwealth, charged with the crosses of St. George and St. Andrew. It is also said that a Maryland flag was carried by the Marylands who accompanied Braddock's expedition against Fort Du Quesne in 1755.

# THE GREAT SEAL OF MARYLAND.

The Great Seal of Maryland presents a marked contrast to those of the other States of the American Union, in that its device consists of armorial bearings of a strictly heraldic character, being in fact the family arms of the Lords Baltimore, which were placed by the first Proprietary upon the Seal of the Province.

# THE FIRST SEAL.

The First Great Seal of Maryland was lost or stolen in 1644, during the rebellion of Richard Ingle. No description of this seal remains.

### THE SECOND SEAL.

The Second Great Seal was sent to the Province by Lord Baltimore to replace the lost or stolen seal, and was described by Lord Baltimore as differing but little from the first one. A minute description of the second seal is found in Lord Baltimore's letter of commission to Governor Stone, August 12, 1648. On the obverse of this seal was the equestrian figure of the Lord Proprietary, symbolizing his personal authority. He was represented arrayed in complete armor, and bearing a drawn sword in his hand. The caparisons of his horse were adorned with the family coatof arms. On the ground below were represented some flowers and grass growing. The entire figure was admirably designed and full of life. On the circle surrounding this side of the seal was this inscription : Cacilius Absolutus Dominus Terra Mariæ et Avaloniæ Baro de' Baltemore. On the reverse was Lord Baltimore's hereditary coat-of-arms. The first and fourth quarters represented the arms of the Calvert family, described in heraldic language as a paly of six pieces, or and sable, a bend counter-changed. The second and third quarters showed the arms of the Crossland family, which Cæcilius inherited from his grandmother, Alicia, daughter of John Crossland, Esquire, of Crossland, Yorkshire, and wife of Leonard Calvert, the father of George, first Lord Baltimore.

The coat is quarterly, argent and gules, a cross bottony counter changed. Above the shield was placed an earl's coronet; above that a helmet set full-faced; and over that the Calvert crest, two pennons, the dexter or the other sable, staves gules, issuing from a ducal coronet. The supporters upon this seal were a plowman and a fisherman, designated respectively by a spade and a fish held in the hand. The motto was that adopted by the Calvert family, *Fatti maschii* parole femine. Two interpretations exist of this motto—





#### HISTORICAL SKETCH.

"Womanly (Courteous), words and manly deeds," and "A woman for words and a man for deeds." Behind and sur rounding both shields and supporters was depicted an ermine lined mantle, and on the circle, about this side of the seal were the words: "Scuto bong voluntatis, tug coronasti nos."

# THE THIRD SEAL.

During the sway of the Royal Governors, from 1692 to 1715, other seals came into use. Upon the obverse were the royal arms of England, with this inscription upon the border: Gulielmus III, et Maric II, Dei Gratia Mag. Brit. Fran. et Hiber. Rex et Regina Fidei Defensores. On the reverse was the royal cypher, surmounted by a crown, and these words upon the circumference: Sigillum Provincia de Maryland, in America. This seal continued in use until 1706, when it was returned to Encland.

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with bundles of leaf tobacco lying thereon. Two sheaves of wheat stood in the foreground, and in the background could be seen in a ship approaching shore, with fore and main top sails set, the other sails furled. At the base was a cornucopia. On the circle about this side were the words: "Industry the means and plenty the result."

# THE EIGHTH SEAL.

On March 4, 1817, the Couucil adopted a new seal. The device was ordered to be the coat-of-arms of the United States, surrounded with the words "Seal of the State of Maryland."

# THE NINTH SEAL.

The seal of 1817 remainder the seal of the State until 1854, when the apparatus, called the "Great Seal," had become so worn that a new one had to be made. Governor Enoch Louis Lowe called attention to the inappropriateness of the State Seal, and he suggested that the new seal bear the arms of the State. The Legislature of that year ordered a new seal. There was no longer a Governor's Council in existence to make and unmake seals. The Legislature intended to return to the old seal of the Province. In the preparation of the seal it had evidently recourse to a rough wood-cut, printed on the title page of Bacon's Laws of Maryland, 1765, and some errors contained in it were reproduced. One of the officers of State, for political reasons, still further mutilated the seal by putting an American eagle on the device in place of the ancient crest.

### THE TENTH AND PRESENT SEAL.

The attention of the Legislature of 1874 having been attracted to the errors in the Great Seal, a joint resolution was adopted looking to their correction. Reference having been made to Bacon's wood-cut as the model of the new seal, Governor James Black Groome determined not to take any action, and thereby prevent the perpetuation of the errors sought to be corrected. He brought the matter to the notice of the Legislature of 1876. A carefully prepared resolution was then adopted, restoring the seal to the exact description given of it in Lord Baltimore's Commission to Governor Stone, on August 12, 1648, and this is the Great Seal of Maryland today.

The Great Seal is in the custody of the Secretary of State, but the Governor has the control and use of it whenever necessary for any purpose provided for by the Constitution and laws, or when needed to authenticate communications

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#### THE FOURTH SEAL.

The next seal was adopted by the Council, September 22, 1706, and no description appears to be extant.

### THE FIFTH SEAL.

This appears to have been after Lord Baltimore had the Province restored to him, in 1715, simply the seal of the Province sent in 1648, and is referred to as the "Greater Seal at Arms." There were, at this time, several lesser seals in use; and these seals are referred to, at least, in one place, as the "lesser seal at arms." The impressions preserved show them to have been very much on the order of the Great Seal. Upon all these small seals a lambrequin attached to the helmet is substituted for the mantle represented upon the Great Seal.

# THE SIXTH SEAL.

The Convention of 1776 adopted the Great Seal of the Province as the Great Seal of the State, until a new one could be devised.

### THE SEVENTH SEAL.

In the year 1794 the Council adopted a new seal for the State. Upon the obverse was a female figure representing Justice, holding aloft the scales in her left hand, and in her right an olive branch. Rays of light emanated from behind and surrounded the figure. Below were the *fasees*, and an olive branch crossed, and upon the border were graven the words, "Great Seal of the State of Maryland." On the reverse was depicted a tobacco hogshead standing upright,

with bundles of leaf tobacco lying thereon. Two sheaves of wheat stood in the foreground, and in the background could be seen in a ship approaching shore, with fore and main top sails set, the other sails furled. At the base was a cornucopia. On the circle about this side were the words: "Industry the means and plenty the result."

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#### HISTORICAL SKETCH.

between this State and the United States, the States and Territories thereof and foreign States; in all which cases the Great Seal shall be used; and the Secretary of the Senate and Chief Clerk of the House of Delegates, respectively, shall have unrestricted access to and use of the Great Seal; for the purpose of affixing the same to bills which shall have passed the General Assembly preparatory to presenting the same to the Governor for his approval.

The Governor shall not affix the Great Seal to any document without accompanying it with his signature; nor shall he permit any paper issuing from his department to be sealed therewith without affixing his signature thereto.

The Governor is authorized to cause the Great Seal to be affixed to patents issued by the Commissioner of the Land Office and to copies of laws and resolutions certified by the Clerk of the Court of Appeals.

(P. G. L., Article 41, Sections 1, 2, 3 and 4.)

### LEGAL HOLIDAYS.

The following days have been established in Maryland as Bank Holidays:

1. New Year's Day, January 1st.

2. Washington's Birthday, February 22d.

3. Decoration Day, May 30th.

4. Independence Day, July 4th.

5. Defenders' Day, September 12th.

6. Columbus Day, October 12th.

7. Christmas Day, December 25th.

8. Good Friday.

9. General Election Day.

10. Congressional Election Day.

11. All special days that may be appointed or recommended by the Governor of this State or the President of the United States as the days of thanksgiving, fasting and prayer or other religious observance, or for the general cessation of business.

12. Sundays.

Whenever the first day of January, the twenty-second day of February, the fourth day of July, or twenty-fifth day of December, shall, lether of them, occur on Sunday, the Monday next following shall be deemed and shall be treated as a public holiday, for all or any the purposes aforesaid; provided, however, that in such case all bills of exchange, bank checks, drafts, and promissory notes, which would otherwise be presentable for acceptance or for payment on either of the Mondays so observed as a holiday, shall be deemed to be presentable for acceptance or for payment on the Saturday next preceding such holiday; and such Monday so observed shall, for all purposes whatever, as regards the presenting for payment on acceptance, and of the protesting and giving notice of the dishonor of bills of exchange, bank checks, drafts and promissory notes, be also treated and considered as is the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday. (P. G. L., Art. 13, Sec. 10, p. 116.)

### LABOR'S HOLIDAY.

Labor's Holiday, first Monday in September.

(By an Act of the Congress of the United States, approved June 28th, 1894.)

The Governor of Maryland, by virtue of authority vested in him under Article 13, Section 9 of the Code, may declare and proclaim the first Monday in September a legal holiday, and recommend its observance by the general cessation of business.

### DEFENDERS' DAY.

September 12th, known as "Defender's" Day, is a legal holiday, in memory of the successful resistance of British invasion in 1814.

# SATURDAY HALF-HOLIDAYS.

Saturday half-holiday laws are in force in the following places:

In the city of Annapolis, by Act of 1894, Chapter 167.

In the city of Baltimore, by Act of 1898, Chapter 198.

In Baltimore county, by Act of 1898, Chapter 152.

In Harford county, by Act of 1898, Chapter 154.

In Montgomery county, by Act of 1898, Chapter 366.

In Cecil county, by Act of 1900, Chapter 87.

In Ellicott City, by Act of 1902, Chapter 151.

In the city of Westminster, by Act of 1902, Chapter 443.

### ARBOR DAY.

By resolution of the General Assembly of 1894, the Governor is authorized to designate by proclamation one day in April, annually, for tree planting, to be known as "Arbor and Highway Day."

#### REPUDIATION DAY.

The General Assembly of 1894 made November 23d a bank half-holiday in Frederick county, under the title of "Repudiation Day," in commemoration of the repudiation of the Stamp Act in 1765.

#### ORIGIN OF NAME.

OBIGIN OF THE NAMES OF COUNTIES, WITH DATE OF FORMATION AND AREA.

Counties.	Origin of Name.	Date of Form'tion	
St. Mary's <sup>1</sup>	In honor of the Virgin Mary, the landing having been made on the Feast of the		
	Annunciation	1637	372
Kent² Anne Arundel³	After the English county After the Lady Anne Arundel, wife of Cæcilius, second	1642	281
	Lord Baltimore	1650	425
Calvert <sup>4</sup>	After the family name of the		
	proprietary	1654	222
Charles <sup>5</sup>	After Charles, Lord Baltimore.	1658	451
Baltimore <sup>6</sup>	From the Proprletary's Irish Barony (Celtic bilte mor; <i>i. e.</i> , the large town)	1659	656
Talbot <sup>7</sup>	After Grace Talbot, daughter of George, first Lord Balti-	1000	
	more	1661	286
Somerset <sup>8</sup>	After Mary Somerset, sister of Lord Baltlmore	1666	362
Dorchester <sup>9</sup>	After Earl Dorset, a family friend of the Calverts		618
Cecil <sup>10</sup>	After the forename of the sec- ond Lord Baltimore	1674	360

<sup>1</sup>There is great difficulty in assigning exact dates to the erection of Coun-ties in the early years of the Province, from the fact that considerable con-fusion exists between the *county* and the *hundred*, sheriffs being commis-sioned for the latter as well as the former, and because Counties were erected some times by order in Council, proclamation or by Act of Assembly. A series of interesting historical maps has been prepared by Dr. Edward B. Mathews, Assistant State Geologist, which, when published, will shed con-siderable light on the subject.

some times by order in Counell, proclamation or by Act of Assembly. A series of interesting historical maps has been prepared hy Dr. Edward B. Mathews, Assistant State Geologist, which, when published, will shed eon-siderable light on the subject. A Commission was issued to James Baidridge as sheriff of St. Mary's county, June 29, 1637. (Archiv. of Md., 3.61), and the courts were put in operation by Acts of Assembly, 1633-9, (Archiv. 1:46-57). 'A commission was issued to James Baidridge as sheriff of the Isle of Kent, February 9, 1637 (Archiv. 3:61), and on August 2, 1642, a commission was issued to Glies Brent, for the county of Kent (Archiv. 3:105). County gov-ernment was evidently organized in that year, as the expenses of the As-sembly were assessed on the counties of St. Mary's and Kent. 'Erected by Act of Assembly, 1650, ch. 8. Name changed to Providence by Act of 1654, ch. 17. Name restored in 1658. 'Erected by order in Council July 3, 1654 (Archiv. 3:308). In October of the same year the name was changed to Paturent under the Cromwell administration (Archiv. 1:341). Name restored, 1658. 'Erected by order in Council, April 13, 1658 (Archiv. 3:341). An earlier Charles county was ereceted by order of July 3, 1654, supra. 'Erected by order in Council. No full record, but writ of election was issued to sheriff January 12, 1659 (Archiv. 1:381). 'No record. Writ of election issued to sheriff February 18, 1661 (Archiv. 1:425 and 3:448). 'Erected by order in Council, August 22, 1666 (Archiv. 3:553). 'No record. Writ of election issued to sheriff February 18, 1661 (Archiv. 1:425 and 3:448). 'Erected by order in Council, August 22, 1666 (Archiv. 2:155). 'Derected by prolamation of Governor Charles Calvert, June 6, 1674 (Archiv. 15:39.41). Delegates are named as present at Assembly from Cecil county, February 12, 1674 (Archiev. 2:421).

Counties.	Origin of Name.	Date of Form'tion	Area in Sq. M.
Pr. George's <sup>1</sup>	After Prince George of Den-		
	mark	1695	486
Queen'Anne's <sup>2</sup>	After Queen Anne of England.	1706	352
Worcester <sup>3</sup>	After the Earl of Worcester.	1742	475
Frederick*	After Frederick, heir apparent.	1748	662
Caroline <sup>5</sup>	After Lady Caroline Calvert, sister of the last Lord Bal-	1110	002
Harford <sup>®</sup>	timore After Henry Harford, last	1773	320
***	proprietary	1773	388
Washington <sup>7</sup>	After General Washington	1776	458
Montgomery <sup>8</sup>	After General Montgomery	1776	490
Allegany <sup>®</sup>	From Oolikhanna; i. e., beau-		
	tiful stream	1789	442
Carroll <sup>10</sup>	After Charles Carroll of Car-		
	rollton	1836	437
Howard <sup>11</sup>	After Col. John Eager How-		101
	ard, the elder	1851	365
Wicomico <sup>12</sup>	After the river of that name,	1001	000
	from wicko, house, and		
	mekee, building; i. e., re-		
	ferring to Indian town on		
	the banks	1867	365
Garrett <sup>13</sup>	After John W. Garrett	1872	660
	······································	1012	000

### OBIGIN OF THE NAMES OF COUNTIES, WITH DATE OF FORMATION AND AREA-Concluded.

<sup>1</sup>Erected by Act of 1695, Ch. 13.

<sup>2</sup>Erected by Act of 1706, Ch. 3.

<sup>4</sup>Erected by Act of 1709, Ch. 9. <sup>4</sup>Erected by Act of 1742, Ch. 14. An earlier Worcester was erected by order in Council in 1672 (*Archiv.* 5:56 and 108). The order of October 22, 1669, erected the territory which is now comprised in the State of Delaware into a county by the name of Durham and another unnamed. Neither Dur-bam nor Worcester were ever represented in the Assembly.

\*Erected by Act of 1748, Ch. 15.

\*Erected by Act of 1773, November session, Cb. 6. \*Erected by Act of 1773, November session, Ch. 10.

<sup>1.3</sup>Erected by resolution of Constitutional Convention, September 6, 1776. \*Erected by Act of 1789, Cb. 29.

<sup>10</sup>Erected by Acts of 1836, Cb. 19.

<sup>11</sup>Erected by Article 8, Constitution of 1851. By Ch. 22 of the Acts of 1838, confirmed by Ch. 49 of 1839, "Howard District of Anne Arundel County" was erected. The administration was provided for by Chs. 55, 60, 98 and 125 of Acts of 1839.

<sup>12</sup>Erected by Article 13, Section 2, Constitution of 1867. <sup>18</sup>Erected by Act of 1872, Ch. 212.

#### HISTORICAL SKETCH.

# Sessions of the General Assembly of Maryland.

# **Provincial Assemblies.**

The earliest Provincial legislative bodies were primary assemblies, the Governor issuing personal writs of summons to the members of the Council and a few others as often as he thought wise. Some of those thus summoned in person, such as commanders of hundreds, were directed to encourage the attendance of such persons as they saw fit, and to give all other freemen of the hundred the privilege to attend in person or to choose delegates. As a result many proxies were given, and complaint arose that the Governor and Secretary were able to control the Assembly. Until 1650 the Proprietary claimed the sole right of directing how the Assembly should be constituted. but in that year and ever afterward each of the hundreds elected from one to three delegates. Thus the representative system was inaugurated.

In the early years all freemen, as well as freeholders, were not only entitled to a seat in the Assembly, but were liable to fine for failure to attend in person or by proxy. A property qualification was imposed in 1670 (Archiv. 5:77), and was required under the Constitution of 1776. It was removed by an amendment to the Constitution, Act of 1801, ch. 90, confirmed by Act of 1802, ch. 20.

By ch. 1. of the Acts of 1650 the Assembly was divided into two houses-the Upper House to stand for the rights and interests of the Proprietary, while the Lower House stood for the rights and interests of the People.

The local unit of representation was the hundred until 1654, when the county became the unit and the writs of election summoned from one to four delegates from each county.

	Dates.	Place.	Adjourned.
1634-5		.St. Mary's	.No record.
1637-8	January 25		
1638-9	February 25	. St. Mary's, adjourned	
		same day to St. Joh	
1641	August 2	. St. John's	. October 24.
1640	October 12		
$1641-2^{1}$	March 21	.St. Mary's	. August 12.
1642	July 18	.St. Mary's	. August 2.
	September 5	.St. Mary's	.Sept. 13.
$1643^{2}$	~		
1644-5	February 11	.St. Mary's	.February 11.
1644 <sup>8</sup>		•	
1646	December 29	.St. Inigoe's	. March 4.
1647-8	January 7	.St. John's	. March 4.

<sup>1</sup>It was declared by the House at this session that the House of Assembly may not be adjourned or prorogued but by and with the consent of the House. (Archives, 1:117.) <sup>2</sup>Proclamation issued for Assembly on February 3d, but it was recalled by later proclamation. Another proclamation was issued for April 3d, but no record of meeting exists. (Archives, 1:201.) <sup>3</sup>Proclamation for Assembly to be held on December 3d. No record of meet-lng. (Archives, 1:201.)

	Date.	Place.	Adjourned.
1649	April 2	St. Mary's	A muil 91
$1650^{1}$	April 6	St. Mary's	April 21.
1650-1	March 11	St. Mary's	April 29.
$1654^{2}$	October 20	Patuxent	March 11.
$1657^{3}$	Sentember 24	Patuxent	(?)
1658	April 97	St. Leonards	(?)
1659-60	Ephruary 28	Mr. Thos. Gerrard's an	(?)
1000 00	residary 28	Mr. Thos. Gerrard's at	nd
1661	April 17	Mr. Robert Slye's St. Mary's	March 14.
1662	April 1	.St. Mary's	A mail 10
1663	Sentember 15	St. Mary's	April 12.
1664	September 19	St. Mary's	. October 3.
1666	April 10	St Momera	September 21.
1669	April 19	.St. Mary's .St. Mary's	May 3.
1671	March 97	St. Mary S.	May 8.
1011	October 10	St. Mary's	. April 19.
1674	May 10	.St. Mary's.	. October 19.
1674-5	Echmany 19	.St. Mary's	. June 6.
1676	May 15	.St. Mary's	. February 24.
1678	Octobor 20	. St. Mary's	June 15.
1681	Angust 16	.St. Mary's	November 14.
1001	Novombor 1	. St. Mary's.	. September 17.
1682	April 95	.St. Mary's	November 12.
1002	Octobor 96	.St. Mary's	. May 13
1683	October 20	.St. Mary's	November 17.
1684	April 1	.The Ridge, A. A. Co	. November 6.
1686	October 26	.St. Mary's	. April 26.
1688	November 14	St. Mary S.	November 19.
$1692^{4}$	May 10	.St. Mary's	. December 8.
1693	Sentembor 20	St. Mary S.	June 9.
1694	September 20	.St. Mary's	. September 26.
1694-5	February 98	. Ann-Arundell Town	. October 18.
1695	May 8	.Ann-Arundell Town	. March 1.
1000	October	.Annapolis	. May 22.
1696	April 20	Annapolis	.October 19.
1000	July 1	Annapolis	May 14.
	Sentember 16	Annapolis	July 10.
1697	May 26	Annapolis	. October 2.
1698	March 10	Annapolis	June 11.
	October 22	Annapolis	April 4. November 10
1699	June 28	Annapolis	November 12.
1700	April 26	Annapolis	July 22.
1701	May 8.	Annapolis	May 9. May 17
1701-2	March 16	Annapolis	March 25
1702	June 25.	Annapolis	. March 20,
1703	October 26	Annapolis	October 20
1704	April 26.	Annapolis	.October 29.
	September 5.	Annapolis	May 5. October 9
	December 5	Annapolis	December 0
1705	May 15	Annapolis	May 25
1706	April 2.	Annapolis	April 10
1707	March 26	Annapolis	April 15
1708	November 29	Annapolis	December 17
1709	October 26	Annapolis	November 17.
1710	October 24	Annapolis	November 11.
			november 4.

<sup>1</sup>Assembly divided into two houses by Ch. 1, Acts 1650. <sup>2.8</sup>Under commissions from the Protector. <sup>4</sup>Under the Royal Governor, Sir Lionel Copley.

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### SESSIONS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

	Data	Disc	
	Date.	Place.	Adjourned.
1711	October $23$	Annapolis	November 3.
1712	October 28	Annapolis	November 15.
1713		Annapolis	
1714		Annapolis	
1010		Aunapolis	
1715		Annapolis	
$1716^{1}$	$\begin{array}{c} July 17\dots\\ Ma=09 \end{array}$	Annapolis	$\ldots$ August 10.
$1717 \\ 1718$		Annapolis	
$1718 \\ 1719$		Annapolis	
1720			
1120		Annapolis	
1721	Tuby 18	Annapolis	$A_{11}$ and $E_{12}$
1:41	February 20	Annapolis	Tobuson 28
1722	Octobor 0	Annapolis	November 2
1723	Sentember 23	annapolis	October 26
1724		Annapolis	
1725		Annapolis	
1.20		Annapolis	
1726	July 12	Annapolis	July 25
1727	October 10		October 30
1728	October 3	Annapolis	November 2
1729		Annapolis	
1730		Annapolis	
1731	July 13	Aunapolis	July 29.
	August 19	Annapolis	September 6.
1732	July 11	Annapolis	August 8.
1732 - 3	March 13	Annapolis	April 12.
1734-5	March 20	Aunapolis	$\dots \Lambda pril 24.$
1736	April 20	Aunapolis	May 6.
1737	April 26	Annapolis	May 28.
	August 11	Anuapolis	August 16.
1740	April 23	Annapolis	June 5.
1741	July 7	Annapolis	$\ldots$ July 29.
$1741 \\ 1742$	Sontombor 21	Annapolis	June 22.
1744	May 1	Annapolis	
1745	Angust 5	Annapolis	Sontombor 98
1745-6	March 12	Annapolis	March 20 1746
1746	June 17	Annapolis	
	November 6	Annapolis	November 12
1747	May 16	Annapolis	Julv 11.
	December 22.	Annapolis	December 23.
1748	May 10	Annapolis	June <b>1</b> 1.
1749	May 9	Annapolis	May 11.
	May 24	Annapolis	June 24.
1750	May 8	Annapolis	June 2.
1751	May 15	Aunapolis	June 8.
1550	December 7	Annapolis	December 14.
$\begin{array}{c} 1752 \\ 1753 \end{array}$	June 3	Annapolis	June 23.
$1755 \\ 1754$	Echnicary 96	Annapolis	November 17
TIOH	Mar 8	Annapolis	March 9.
	July 17	Annapolis	May 30.
	December 19	Annapolis	Decombon 94
1755	February 22	Annapolis	March 96
	June 23	Annapolis	July 8
1756	February 23.	Annapolis	May 22.
	September 14.	Annapolis	October 9.
	_		

<sup>1</sup>Under restored Proprietary government, Ch. 11 prescribes the manner of electing Delegates, etc.

	Date.	Place.	Adjourned.
1757	April 8	Baltimore-town	May 9.
	September 28.	Annapolis	December 16.
1758	February 13	Annapolis	March 9.
		Annapolis	
		Annapolis	
	November 22.	Annapolis	December 24.
1759		Annapolis	
1760		Annapolis	
1.00	September 26.	Annapolis	October 15.
1761	April 13	Annapolis	May 6.
1762	March 17	Annapolis	April 24.
1763	October 4	Annapolis	November 26.
1765	September 23.	Annapolis	September 28.
1100	November 1	Anuapolis	December 20.
1766	May 9.	Annapolis	May 27.
1.00	November 1	Annapolis	December 6.
1768	May 24	Annapolis	June 22.
1769	November 17.	Annapolis	December 20.
1770	September 25.	Annapolis	November 2.
10	November 6	Annapolis	November 21.
1771	October 2	Annapolis	November 30.
1773	June 15	Annapolis	July 3.
1110	November 16.	Annapolis	December 23.
$1774^{1}$	March 23	Aunapolis	April 19.

# State Assemblies.

The Provincial Convention met June 24, 1774, and under its au-The Provincial convention met Julie 24, 1774, and under its au-thority the Constitutional Convention met on August 14, 1776. The Declaration of Rights was agreed to by the Convention on November 2, 1776, and the Constitution on November 8, 1776. The first General Assembly, under the authority of the State, was convened by the Council of Safety, February, 1777. The Constitution of 47576 energiated that the Assembly should move august us on the first

of 1776 provided that the Assembly should meet annually on the first Monday of November, and, if necessary, oftener.

	Date.	Date.	Adjourned.
1777	February 5	Annapolis	April 20.
		Anuapolis	
	October 31	Annapolis	December 3.
1778	March 17	Annapolis	April 22.
	June 8	Annapolis	June 23.
	October 26	Annapolis	December 15.
1779	March 9	Annapolis	March 25.
	July 22	Annapolis	August 15.
	November 8.	Annapolis	December 30.
1780	March 23	Annapolis	May 16.
	June 7	Aunapolis	July 5.
	October 17	Annapolis	Feb. 2, 1781.
1781	May 10	Annapolis	June 27.
	November 1.	Annapolis	Jan. 22, 1782.
1782	April 25	Annapolis	June 15.
	November 4.	Annapolis	Jan. 15, 1783.
1783	April 21	Annapolis	June 1.
		Annapolis	
1784	November 1.	Annapolis	Jan. 22, 1785.
1785	November 7.	Annapolis	Mar. 12, 1786.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Last meeting of the Assembly under the Proprietary Government. On June 13, 1776, Governor Eden issued writs for a new Assembly to be held on July 25th. It was his last official act, and the Convention resolved that the writs be not obeyed.

#### SESSIONS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

	Date		
1200	Date.	Place.	Adjourned.
1786	November	6Annapolis	Jan. 20, 1787.
1787	April 10.	Annapolis	
1 - 00	November	5Annapolis	December 17.
1788	May 12	Annapolis	May 27.
	November	3 Annapolis	December 23.
1789	November	2Annapolis	December 26
1790	November	1Annapolis	December 22.
1791	November	7Annapolis	December 30
1792	April 2	Annapolis	April 6
	November	5 Annapolis	December 22
1793	November	4Annapolis	December 29
1794	November	3Anuapolis	December 27
1795	November	2Annapolis	December 24
1796	November	7Annapolis	December 31.
1797	November	6Annapolis	Jan. 21 1798
1798	November	5 Annapolis	
1799	November	4Annapolis	Jan 3 1800
1800	November	3Annapolis	December 19
1801	November	2Annapolis	December 1
1802	November	1Annapolis	
1803	November	7Annapolis	
1804	November	5Annapolis	
1805	November	4Annapolis	Jan. 28 1806
1806	November	3 Annapolis	
1807	November	2Annapolis	
1808	November	7 Annapolis	December 25
$1809^{1}$	June 5	Annapolis	June 10
	November	6 Annapolis	
1810	November	5Annapolis	December 25
1811	November	4Annapolis	Jan 7 1812
$1812^{2}$	June 15	Annapolis	June 18
	November	2Annapolis	Jan 9 1812
$1813^{3}$	May 17	Annapolis	May 20
$1813^{4}$	December	6Annapolis	Tan 31 1814
1814	December	5Annapolis	Feb 3 1815
1815	December	4Annapolis	Jan 30 1816
1816	December	2Annapolis	Feb 5 1817
1817	December	1Annapolis	Feb 16 1818
1818	December	7Annapolis	Feb 10 1810.
1819	December	6Annapolis	Feb 15 1890
1820	December	4Annapolis	Feb 19 1820.
1821	December	3Annapolis	Feb 23 1829
1822	December	2Annapolis	Feb 24 1822
$1823^{5}$	December	1Annapolis	Feb 26 1894
1824	December	6Annapolis	Feb 96 1895
1825	December	26Annapolis	Mar (1 1896
1826	December	25Annapolis	Mar 12 1997
1827	December	31Annapolis	Mar 16 1000
1828	December	29Annapolis	Mar 14 1920
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<sup>1</sup>This session was called hy Governor Wright to elect his successor, he having resigned. The Assembly elected Gov. Lloyd and passed an amendment to the Constitution, which was ratified at the November session, providing for the succession in the event of the death or resignation of the Governor, making it unnecessary to call the Legislature for that purpose. <sup>1</sup>Extra session called hy Governor Bowie to provide for arming and equipping the militia for service in the war with Great Britain. <sup>4</sup>Extra session called by Governor Winder to raise troops for the defence of Annapolis and Baltimore, as there was a large hostile fleet in the Chesapcake. <sup>4</sup>By Act of 1811, Ch. 211, confirmed hy Act of 1812, Ch. 129, the date of meeting was changed to the first Monday in December. <sup>4</sup>An Act extending civil rights and religious privileges hy removing religious tests for office was introduced and carried through hy Benedict J. Semmes. Ch. 84 of 1822, confirmed hy Ch. 116 of 1823. <sup>4</sup>By Act of 1823, Ch. 111, confirmed hy Act of 1824, Ch. 73, the date of meeting was changed to last Monday in December.

	Date.	Place.	Adjourned.
1829	December 2	28Annapolis	Mar. 1, 1830.
1830	December 2	27Auuapolis	Feb. 24, 1831.
1831		26 Annapolis	
1832		31Annapolis	
1833	December 3	30 Anuapolis	. Mar. 15, 1834.
1834		29Annapolis	
1835	December 2	29Annapolis	April 4, 1836.
1836 <sup>1</sup>	May 23	Annapolis	June 4.
	November 2	21Annapolis	November 26.
	December 2	26Annapolis	Mar. 22, 1837.
$1837^{2}$	December 2	25Annapolis	Mar. 30, 1838.
1838	December 3	30Annapolis	April 6, 1839.
1839	December 3	30 Annapolis	Mar. 21, 1840.
1840	December 2	28Annapolis	Mar. 10, 1841.
1841 <sup>1</sup>	March 24	Annapolis	April 7.
	December :	27 Annapolis	. Mar. 10, 1842.
1842	December 2	26Annapolis	Mar. 10, 1843.
1843	December :	25 Annapolis	Mar. 9, 1844.
1844	December 3	30Annapolis	Mar. 10, 1845.
1845	December 2	29Annapolis	Mar. 10, 1846.
1846	December 2	28Annapolis	Mar. 10, 1847.
$1847^{3}$	December 2	27Annapolis	Mar. 10, 1848.
$1849^{4}$	December a	31Annapolis	Mar. 9, 1850.
1852	January 7.	Annapolis	May 31.
1853	January 5.	Annapolis	May 31.
$1854^{s}$	January 4.	Annapolis	March 10.
1856	January 2.	Annapolis	March 10.
1858	January 6.	Annapolis	. March 10
1860	January 4.	Annapolis	March 10
1861	April 26	Frederick	August '.
18617	December	3Annapolis	December 24.
1862		Annapolis	
1864*	January 6.	Annapolis	. March 10.
1865	January 4.	Annapolis	. March 24.
1866	January 10	Annapolis	reornary 8.
$1867^{10}$ 1868	January 2.	Annapolis	Manch 20.
$1868 \\ 1870$	January 1.	Annapolis	April 4
1940	- January 5.	Annapolis	· · April 4.

'Adjourned session.

<sup>1</sup>Adjourned session. <sup>1</sup>Important amendments to the Constitution, proposed at December session, 1836, ratified by this Assembly. <sup>2</sup>By Ch. 269 of the Acts of 1845, confirmed by Ch. 303, Acts of 1846, the Constitution was amended so as to substitute blennial for annual sessions of the Legislature, beginning with 1847. <sup>4</sup>Ch. 346 of the Acts of 1849 provided for the calling of a Constitutional Convention, after submitting the question to the vote of the people in May, 1850. The Convention met November 5, 1850, and adjourned May 13, 1851, the new Constitution becoming operative July 4, 1851. <sup>4</sup>Sec. 7 of Art. 3 of the Constitution of 1851 provided for the meeting of the Assembly on the first Wednesday of January, 1852, 1853, 1854, and on the same day every second year thereafter. From 1854 the sessions were limited to March 10th. <sup>9</sup>Extra session, by proclamation of Governor Hicks; sat from April 26th to May 14th; adjourned to June 4th; sat until June 25th; adjourned to July 30th; sat until August 7th; adjourned to September 17th, but on this date no guorum was present, as a majority of the Assembly had been put under arrest by the Federal Government.

duorum was present, as a majority of the Assentity and convertion, which met by the Federal Government. "Special session called by Governor Hicks. "Ch. 5, Acts of 1864, provided for a Constitutional Convention, which met April 27th and adjourned September 6th. The new Constitution went into effect November 1st. The Assembly to meet on first Wednesday of January, 1865, and every two years thereafter. Compensation of members limited to 1865, and every two four hundred dollars

<sup>9</sup>Extra session called by Governor Swann to consider the finances of the State.

<sup>10</sup>Ch. 327 of the Acts of 1867 provided for the Constitutional Convention which met May 8th and adjourned August 17th. The Assembly was directed to meet on the first Wednesday of January, 1868, and every second year thereafter. Session limited to 90 days.

#### SESSIONS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

	Date.	Place.	Adjourned.
1872	January 3	Annapolis	April 1.
1874	January 7	Annapolis	April 6.
1876	January 5	Annapolis	April 3.
1878	January 7	Annapolis	April 1.
1880	January 7	Annapolis	April 6.
1882	January 4	Annapolis	April 3.
1884	January 2	Annapolis	March 31.
1886	January 6	Annapolis	April 5.
1888	January 4	Annapolis	April 2.
1890	January 1	Annapolis	March 31.
1892	January 6	Annapolis	April 4.
1894	January 3	Annapolis	April 2.
1896	January 1	Annapolis	March 30.
1898	January 5	Annapolis	April 4.
1900	Tanuary 3	Annapolis	April 2.
1901 <sup>1</sup>	March 6	Annapolis	March 28.
1902	Tanuary 1	Annapolis	March 31.
$1902^{2}$	April 16	Annapolis	April 16.
1904	January 6	Annapolis	Anril 4.
1904	Tanuary 3	Annapolis	April 2.
1908	Tanuary 5	Annapolis	Anril 2
	January 1	Annapolis	April 4
1910	January 6	·····	

#### Sources of Maryland Law.

COMPILED LAWS, CODES, SESSION LAWS, REPORTS, ETC.

The full text of the Provincial Laws is in course of publication in the Assembly volumes of the "Archives of Maryland." Those already published comprise Vols. 1, 2, 7, 13, 17, 22, covering the years 1837-8-1699.

#### Compiled Laws.

- An Abridgement of the Laws in Force and Use in Her Majes-1704 ty's Plantations, viz: Of Virginia, New England, Jamaica, New York, Barbadoes, Carolina and Maryland. 16°, Lon-
- don. Printed for John Nicholson, 1704. Laws of the Province of Maryland, 1692-1718. Ed. by Evan 1718 Jones, fo. Philadelphia, Andrew Bradford, 1718. Acts of Assembly, Passed in the Province of Maryland, from
- 17231692 to 1715, fo. John Baskett, London, 1723.
- A Compleat Collection of the Laws of Maryland [1692-1627] 1727 fo. Wm. Parks, Annapolis, 1727.
- Abridgement and Collection of the Acts of Assembly of the 1759Province of Maryland at present in force. Ed. by James Bisett, 8°, Wm. Bradford, Philadelphia, 1759.
  Laws of Maryland at Large. Ed. by Thomas Bacon, 1637-1763, fo. Annapolis, Jonas Green, 1765. [Contains Charter.]
  Laws of Maryland Made Since 1763 [1765-1784]. Ed. by A. C.
- 1765
- 1787Hanson, fo. Annapolis, Frederick Green, 1787. (Contains Constitution of 1776 and proceedings of the Convention.)
- Laws of Maryland, 1692-1799, with Charter, Bill of Rights and 1799Constitution. Ed. by Wm. Kilty, 2 v. 4°, Annapolis, Frederick Green, 1799-1800.
- Laws of Maryland, with Charter, etc., 1692-1809. Revised by 1811 Virgil Maxcy. 3 Vols. 8°, Baltimore, 1811.
- Laws of Maryland, with Constitution, etc., 1799-1818. Ed. by 1820 Kilty, Harris and Watkins. 5 Vols. 8°, Annapolis, 1820. (A continuation of Kilty's compilation of 1799-1800. The vols. numbered 3 to 7.)
- General Public Statutory Law and Public Local Law, 1632-1840Ed. by Clement Dorsey. 3 Vols. S°, Baltimore, 1840. 1839.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Extra session called by Governor Smith to correct errors in the Federal census by a State census: to revise the election laws, and to provide for a sewerage system for Baltimore City. <sup>2</sup>Extra session called by Governor Smith to fix the State tax for 1902 and 1903, and to provide for the levy for those years.

#### Codes.

1799 Digest of the Laws of Maryland, 1637-1797. Ed. hy Thomas Herty. 2 Vols. 8°, Baltimore and Washington, 1799-1804. (First Codification, contains Constitution of 1776.)

1860 Maryland Code. Ed. hy Scott and McCullough. 2 Vols. 8°, Baltimore, 1860.

1878 Revised Code, hy Mayer, Fischer and Cross, Baltimore....1879
1888 Code Public General Laws, John P Poe, 2 vols., Baltimore...1888
Code Public Local Laws, John P. Poe, 2 vols., Baltimore...1888
Sumplement Jean D. P. Poe, 2 vols., Baltimore...1888

#### Session Laws.

The first regular issue of session laws was begun in 1727, and at the session of that year an act was passed "for the encouragement of William Parks, Printer," hy whom the "Compleat Body of Laws" was printed. A volume in the State Library, once the property of Edmund Jennings, Secretary of the Province, contains seven of these early issues of the Parks press, dated 1728 to 1737; and also fourteen consecutive issues from the press of Jonas Green, the successor of Parks. These latter cover all the sessions from July, 1740, to 1752, and it is prohable that this collection is unique.

The Library has also a complete collection of session laws from 1768 to date.

Besides the Statutes of the General Assembly, the Statutes of the United States are authoritative in the State, as are those of England passed prior to July 4, 1776, applicable to the Province and adopted therein. A list of these latter, with notes, is given in "Kilty's Report of Statutes, Annapolis, 1811," and in "Alexander's British Statutes in Force in Maryland, Baltimore, 1870," the latter heing elahorately annotated. These Statutes have been interpreted hy the English and Federal Courts, as well as hy those of Maryland.

#### Reports.

The decisions of the Maryland Courts of last resort have been printed in the following volumes:

Harris and McHenry, 4 vols	1700 - 1779
Harris and Johnson, 7 vols	
Harris and Gill, 2 vols	1826 - 1829
Gill and Johnson, 12 vols	1829 - 1843
Gill, 9 vols	1843 - 1851
Bland's Chancery Reports, 3 vols	1811-1832
Johnson's Chancery Reports, 4 vols	. 1847-1854
Maryland Reports, vols. 1-112	
The reports prior to 1st Maryland have been reprinted,	with anno-
tions under the editoruhin of TT. D T. 12	in a chi di li

tations, under the editorship of Wm. T. Brantly, and vols. 1-79 of the Maryland Reports have heen reprinted under the editorship of Wm. H. Perkins, Jr.

The "Maryland Law Review" hegan the publication of important nisi prius decisions in 1901.

#### GOVERNORS OF MARYLAND.

### Barons of Baltimore and Lords Proprietary of Maryland

GEORGE CALVERT, First Lord Baltimore.

Lords Proprietary.

1632—Cæcilius Calvert, Second Lord Baltimore. 1675—Charles Calvert, Third Lord Baltimore.

1715-Benedict Leonard Calvert, Fourth Lord Baltimore.

1715-Charles Calvert, Fifth Lord Baltimore.

1751-Frederick Calvert, Sixth and Last Lord Baltimore.

1771 to 1776-Henry Harford, Last Proprietary.

### A List of Those Who Governed Maryland Before 1776.\*

- 1. William Claiborne gover ed Kent Island, under the authority of Virginia, from August, 1631, to 1633.
- Leonard Calvert, commissioned by Cæcilius, Lord Proprietary in  $\mathbf{2}$ . (From February, 1645, until fall of 1646, he was in Virginia, whither he fled from Richard Ingle, who usurped the government and ruled for some months. After Ingle left, there was anarchy for a year, until the Council chose Capt. Edward Hill as Governor. This appointment was confirmed by Leonard Calvert. During Leonard Calvert's absences from the Province the following acted as Governor by his appointment: John Lewger, April, 1638; Capt. Thomas Cornwalleys, May to August, 1638, and May to July, 1641; Capt. Giles Brent, April 11, 1643, to September, 1644; William Brainthwayt, September and October, 1644; Capt. Edward Hill, July to Autumn, 1646.)
- 3. Thomas Greene, named by Leonard Calvert as his successor, served until March, 1649.
- 4. William Stone, commissioned by the Proprietary August 6, 1648, assumed office April, 1649; deposed by Parliamentary Commis-sioners March 29, 1652. During absences from the Province the following acted as Governor by his appointment: Thomas Greene, May to July, and September to December, 1649; Thomas Hatton, June, 1650.
- 5. Richard Bennett, Edmund Curtis and William Claiborne, Parliamentary Commissioners, March 29 to June 28, 1652.
- 6. William Stone restored by Parliamentary Commissioners and ordered to issue writs in the name of the "Keepers of the Liberties of England." Deposed by the Commissioners July, 1654, because he ordered writs to run in the Proprietary's name.
- 7. Commissioners named by the Parliamentary Commissioners on July 22, 1654, with subsequent additions to fill vacancies made by the Provincial Court. The original appointees were: Capt. Wm. Fuller, Richard Preston, William Durans, Edward Lloyd, John Smith, Leonard Strong, John Lawson, John Hatch. Rich-

Compiled by Dr. Bernard C. Steiner, of the Enoch Pratt Free Library.

ard Wells and Richard Ewen. The subsequent appointees were: Sampson Waring, William Parker and William Parrott, December 5, 1654; Capt. Robert Sly, April 24, 1655; Thomas Meeres and Thomas Marsh, June 26, 1655; Woodman Stockley, Michael Brooke and Robert Pott, August 13, 1655; John Potts, December 26, 1655; Philip Morgan, William Ewens, Thomas Thomas, Philip Thomas, Samuel Withers and Richard Woolman, March, 1657.

- Josias Fendall, commissioned by the Proprietary July 10, 1656, received formal surrender of government from Fuller and the other Commissioners March 24, 1658. While absent from the Province he appointed Luke Barber to serve, June, 1657, to February, 1658.
- Philip Calvert, brother of the Proprietary, commissioned by him June 24, 1660. Administered the government as early as October, 1660.
- 10. Charles Calvert, son of the Proprietary, commissioned by him September 14, 1661, exercised authority as early as November, 1661, succeeded as Lord Proprietary on his father's death, November 30, 1675. During his absence from the Province he appointed Philp Calvert as acting Governor, May, 1669, to July, 1670, and from then to November, 1670; Philip Calvert, William Calvert, Jerome White and Baker Brooke.
- 11. Cæcilius Calvert, infant son of the Proprietary, left as titular Governor by commission dated June 16, 1676. Government actually carried ou by Jesse Wharton, as Deputy Governor, until his death, July, 1676, and then by Thomas Notley, Deputy Governor.
- 12. Thomas Notley, commissioned by the Proprietary October 4, 1676.
- 13. Charles Calvert, Lord Proprietary, governed in person from January, 1679, to May, 1684.
- 14. Benedict Leonard Calvert, infant son of the Proprietary, left as titular Governor. Government carried on by the Council; Vincent Lowe, Henry Darnall, William Digges, William Burgess, Nicholas Sewall, Edward Pye, Clement Hill, Henry Coursey and Henry Lowe.
- 15. Wm. Joseph, commissioned by the Proprietary as President of the Council and Acting Governor, July 23, 1688, took charge of government October 3, 1688; surrendered to the revolutionists August 1, 1689.
- 16. John Coodc, Henry Jowles, Kenelm Cheseldyne, John Kurling, John Campbell, Ninian Beall, Humphrey Warren, Committee of the Protestant Freeman, seized the government August 1, 1689.
- 17. Convention of the Freeman, August 22 to September 4, 1689.
- 18. John Coode, Commander-in-Chief, by what authority is unknown, as the convention provided for no central power.
- 19. Provincial Convention, April, 1690.
- 20. John Coode and a committee of two from each county appointed, by the convention, April to August, 1690.
- 21. Nehemiah Blaikstone, left by Coode as his successor, August, 1690, while Coode goes to England.
- Sir Lionel Copley, first Royal Governor, commissioned by William and Mary, March 12, 1691, assumed authority April 6, 1692,

died September, 1693 (Sir Thomas Lawrence, Secretary of the Province and President of the Council, seems to have taken charge of affairs for a short time in September, 1693).

- 23. Sir Edmund Andros, Governor of Virginia, commissioned hy William and Mary, March 3, 1692, to act as Governor in case of absence of Copley and death of Nicholson, took possession of the Government September 25, 1693. (He left Col. Nicholas Greenberry, President of the Council, as his deputy until May, 1694, when Sir Thomas Lawrence was reinstated.)
- 24. Fraucis Nicholson, commissioned by William and Mary, February 24, 1692, to succeed Copley in event of his death or absence, recommissioned February 10, 1693-4, assumed authority July 26, 1694.
- Nathaniel Blaikston, commissioned by William, October 19, 1698, assumed authority January 2, 1698-9.
- 26. Thomas Tench, President of the Council, left in charge of the government when Blaikston sailed for England, June 30, 1702.
- John Scymour, commissioned by the Crown February 12, 1702-3, took charge of the government April 12, 1704; died July 30, 1709.
- 28. Edward Lloyd, President of the Council, was so chosen hy the Council on Seymour's death, as Francis Jenkins, the first memher of the Council, took no action.
- 29. Capt. John Hart, commissioned by the Crown January 17, 1714, recommissioned by the Lord Proprietary May 30, 1715, arrived in the Province May 29, 1714. He went to England in May, 1720, leaving Thomas Brooke, President of the Council, in charge of affairs.
- 30. Capt. Charles Calvert, cousin of the Proprietary, commissioned hy him February (?), 1719-20, arrived in the Province as early as October, 1720.
- 31. Benedict Leonard Calvert, commission dated March 24, 1726-7, took oath of office July 3, 1727.
- 32. Samuel Ogle, commission dated September 16, 1731, took oath of office December 7, 1731.
- 33. Charles Calvert, Lord Proprietary, in person, December 11, 1732.
- Samuel Ogle, commission dated June 20, 1733, took oath of office July 11, 1733.
- 35. Thomas Bladen, commission dated April 19, 1742, took oath of office August 23, 1742.
- 36. Samuel Ogle, commission dated October 3, 1746, took oath of office March 16, 1746-7.
- 37. Benjamin Tasker, President of the Council, took oath of office May 4, 1752, the day after Ogle's death.
- Horatio Sharpe, commissioned March 17, 1753, took oath of office August 10, 1753.
- 39. Capt. Robert Eden, brother-in-law of the Proprietary, commissioned angust 1, 1768, arrived in the Province June, 1769. (During his absence in England from May 28 to November 8, 1774, Richard Lee, President of the Connell, acted as Governor.) Eden left Annapolis June 26, 1776, and Lee was titular Governor until the Province formally declared its independence of Great Britain, Jul<sup>2</sup> 3, 1776.

### Members of Constitutional Convention, 1776.

MATTHEW TILGHMAN, President.

#### GABRIEL DUVALL, Secretary.

St. Mary's County—Richard Barnes, Ignatius Fenwick, George Plater, • Jeremiah Jordan.

Charles County—Robert T. Hooe, John Dent, Thomas Semmes, John Parnham.

Calvert County-Benjamin Mackall, Charles Grahame, William Fitzhugh, John Mackall.

Prince George's County — Walter Bowie, Benjamin Hall, Osborn Sprigg, Luke Marbury.

Anne Arundel County—John Hall, Brice T. B. Worthington, Rezin Hammond, Samuel Chase.

Frederick County — Lower District (now Montgomery County): Thomas Sprigg Wootton, Jonathan Wilson, William Bayley, Jr., Elisha Williams.

Frederick County—Middle District: Adam Fischer, Upton Sheredine, Christopher Edelen, David Schriver.

Washington and Allegany Counties-Upper District: Samuel Beall, Samuel Hughes, John Stull, Henry Schnebly.

Baltimore County—Charles Ridgely, Thomas Cockey Deye, John Stevenson, Peter Shepherd.

Harford County-Jacob Bond, Henry Wilson, Jr., John Love, John Archer.

Cecil County—Joseph Gilpin, Patrick Ewing, David Smith, Benjamin Brevard.

Talbot County—Pollard Edmondson, John Gibson, Matthew Tilghman, James Lloyd Chamberlaine.

Caroline County-Nathaniel Potter, William Richardson, Richard Mason, Henry Dickinson.

Dorchester County-Robert Goldsborough, James Murray, John Ennals, James Ennalls.

Somerset County—Gustavus Scott, George Scott, William Horsey, Henry Lowes.

Worcester County-Samuel Handy, Peter Chaille, Smith Bishop, Josiah Mitchell.

Kent County-Thomas Ringgold, William Ringgold, Joseph Earle, Thomas Smith.

Queen Anne's County—Turbutt Wright, James Kent, William Bruff, Solomon Wright.

Baltimore Town-John Smith, Jeremiah T. Chase.

Annapolis-William Paca, Charles Carroll of Carrollton.

#### GOVERNORS OF MARYLAND.

### Ratification of the United States Constitution.

#### STATE CONVENTION OF 1788.

GEORGE PLATER. President.

#### WILLIAM HARWOOD, Secretary.

Annapolis-Nicholas Carroll, Alexander Contee Hanson.

Baltimore Town—James McHenry, John Coulter. Anne Arundel County—Jeremiah T. Chase, Samuel Chase, John F. Mercer, Benjamin Harrison.

St. Mary's County-George Plater, Richard Barnes, Charles Shelton, Nicholas L. Sewell.

Kent County-William Tilghman, Donaldson Yates, Isaac Perkins, William Granger.

Calvert County-Joseph Wilkinson, Charles Graham, Walter Smith, John Chesley.

Charles County-Zeph. Turner, Gustavus R. Brown, Michael J. Stone, William Craik.

Somerset County-George Gale, John Stewart, John Gale, Henry Waggaman.

Talbot County-Robert Goldsborough, Edward Lloyd, John Stevens, Jeremiah Banning.

Dorchester County-Robert Goldsborough, Nich. Hammond, James Shaw, Daniel Sulivane.

Baltimore County-Charles Ridgely, Charles Ridgely of William, Edward Cockey, Nathan Cromwell.

Cecil County-Henry Hollingsworth, James G. Heron, Joseph Gilpin, William Evans.

Prince George's County — Fielder Bowie, George Digges, Osborn Sprigg, Beujamin Hall.

Queen Anne's County-James Tilghman, 3d, James Hollyday, Wil-liam Heinsley, John Seney.

Worcester County-John Done, Peter Chaille, William Morris, James Martin.

Frederick County-Thomas Johnson, Thomas Sim Lee, Richard Potts, Abraham Faw.

Harford County-Luther Martin, William Paca, William Pinkney, John Love.

Caroline County-William Richardson, Joseph Richardson, Matt. Driver, Peter Edmondson.

Washington County-John Stull, Moses Rawlings, Thomas Sprigg, Henry Shryock.

Montgomery County-Benjamin Edwards, Richard Thomas, Thomas Cramphin, William Deakins, Jr.

#### DURING THE YEARS 1774 TO 1776 MORE AND MORE OF THE POWERS OF GOVERNMENT CAME TO BE EXERCISED BY POPULAR BODIES, THOUGH THE AUTHORITY OF THE GOVERNOR WAS STILL ACKNOWLEDGED UNTIL EDEN'S DEPARTURE. THESE POPULAR BODIES WERE:

#### Provincial Convention—Chosen by the Freemen.

June 22-25, 1774	Matthew Tilghman	President
Nov. 21-25, 1774	Matthew Tilghman	President
Dec. 8-12, 1774	John Hall	President
April 24-May 3, 1775	Matthew Tilghman	President
July 26—Aug. 14, 1775	Matthew Tilghman	Presideut
Dec. 7, 1775-Jan. 18, 1776.	Matthew Tilghman	President
May 8-July 6, 1776	Charles Carroll, Barris	terPresident
Aug. 14-Nov. 11, 1776	., Matthew Tilghman	President

#### Councils of Safety Exercising Power in the Intervals Between Conventions.

August 14, 1775 (first met August 29). This and all other committees served from the close of the convention at which they were elected to the close of the one next succeeding. Eight were from each shore of the bay. Daniel of St. Thomas Jeuifer, President; Matthew Tilghman, Thomas Johnson, Thomas Smyth, Henry Hooper, William Paca, John Beale Bordley (declined to serve), Richard Lloyd, Edward Lloyd, James Hollyday, Charles Carroll, Barrister; Charles Carroll of Carrollton, Thomas Stone, Samuel Chase, Robert Alexander and Robert Goldsborough.

January 17, 1776 (first met January 18), Daniel of St. Thomas Jenifer, President; Charles Carroll, Barrister; John Hall, Benjamin Rumsey, James Tilghman, Thomas Smyth, Thomas Bedingfield Hands.

May 25, 1776 (first met May 27), Daniel of St. Thomas Jeuifer, President; Charlcs Carroll, Barrister; John Hall, Benjamin Rumsey, George Plater, James Tilghman, Thomas Smyth, Thomas Bedingfield Hands, William Hayward.

July 5, 1776 (first met July 6), Daniel of St. Thomas Jenifer, President; John Hall, George Plater, Charles Carroll, Barrister: Benjamin Rumsey, Thomas Smyth, James Tilghman, Joseph Nicholson, Jr., Thomas Bedingfield Hands (declined, and Nicholas Thomas appointed in his place September 17, 1776).

November 10, 1776 (first met November 12), served until March 20, 1777. March 21, Senate adopted a resolution, followed by the House on the 22d, dissolving the Council of Safety because the new government was organized. The Legislature had been in session since February 5. Daniel of St. Thomas Jenifer, John IIall, George Plater, Brice Thomas Beale Worthington, Joseph Nicholson, Charles Graham (declined), James Tilghman (declined), William Rumsey (declined). Thomas Contee (chosen to fill Graham's place, Samuel Wilson (chosen to fill Tilghman's place), William Hemsley (chosen to fill Rumsey's place, declined). James Lloyd Chamberlaine (appointed by Council January 3, 1777, to fill Hemsley's place, declined), Turbutt Wright (appointed by Council February 3, 1777, to fill Chamberlaine's place).

#### State Governors.

Elected Annually by the Legislature, with an Executive Council.

1777—Thomas Johnson.	1785—William Smallwood.
1779—Thomas Sim Lee.	1788—John Eager Howard.
1782-William Paca.	1791—George Plater. (1)

1. James Brice, of the Governor's Council, Acting Governor upon the death of Governor Plater in 1792.

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1792—Thomas Sim Lee.	1818—Charles Goldshorough.
1794-John H. Stone.	1819—Samuel Sprigg.
1797—John Henry.	1822—Samuel Stevens, Jr.
1798-Benjamin Ogle.	1825—Joseph Kent.
1801—John Francis Mercer.	1828—Daniel Martiu.
1803—Rohert Bowie.	1829—Thomas King Carroll.
1806—Robert Wright (2)	1830—Daniel Martin.
1809—Edward Lloyd.	1831—George Howard (acting).
1811—Rohert Bowie.	1832—George Howard.
1812—Levin Winder.	1833—James Thomas.
1815—Chas. Ridgely, of Hampton.	1835Thomas W. Veazey.

Elected Under the Amended Constitution of 1838 for Three Year.	s.
William Grason18	38
Francis Thomas	41
Thomas G. Pratt Prince George's County 184	44
Philip F. Thomas	47
Enoch Louis Lowe	50

Elected Under the Constitution of 1864 for Four Years. Thomas Swann......Baltimore City......1865 Lt. Gov. C. C. Cox......Baltimore City......1865

Elected Under the Constitution of 1867 for Four Years.

Broorea entati inte estituti	
Oden Bowie	Prince George's County1868
Wm. Pinkney Whyte	. Baltimoré City
James Black Groome	. Cecil County
John Lee Carroll	. Howard County
William T. Hamllton	. Washington County
Robert M. McLane	. Baltimore City
	. Dorchester County1885
Elihu E. Jackson	Wicomico County1888
Frank Brown	.Carroll County
Lloyd Lowndes	Allegany County1896
John Walter Smlth	. Worcester County
Edwin Warfield	. Howard County
Austin L. Crothers	. Cecil County

### Secretaries of State.

John H. Culhreth1838	John Randolph Quinn1853
Cornelius McLean	Nathaniel Cox
James Murray1840	Jonathan Pinkney
Thomas Wright1841	James R. Partridge
John C. Legrand1842	Grason Eichelherger
John N. Watkins	William B. Hill
W. Van Buskirk1844	John M Carter
William T Wooten1845	R. C. Hollyday
Richard C. Hollyday1848	John T. Mason
John Nick Watkins	R. C. Hollyday
Thomas H. O'Neal1851	James T. Briscoe1880

2. Governor Robert Wright resigned May 6, 1808. James Butcher, of the Governor's Council, as Acting Governor, issued his proclamation calling the Legislature together for the purpose of electing a Governor.

R. C. Hollyday	Richard Dallam
Geo. B. Milligan	Geo. E. Loweree
Edward W. LeCompte1886	Wilfred Bateman
William T Brantly1893	Oswald Tilghman
Edwin Gott1894	Oswald Tilghman
	N. Winslow Williams 1908

## Members of the Governor's Council from 1776 to 1837.

The Constitution of 1776 provided, in Article XXVI, that the Senators and Delegates, on the second Tuesday of November, 1777, and annually on the second Tuesday of November forever thereafter, elect by joint ballot (in the same manner as Senators are directed to be chosen) five of the most sensible, discreet and experienced men, above twenty-five years of age, residents in the State above three years next preceding the election, and having therein a freehold of lands and tenements, above the value of one thousand pounds current money, to be the Council to the Governor, whose proceedings shall be always entered on record, to any part whereof any member may enter his dissent; and their advice, if so required by the Governor, or any member of the Council, shall be given in writing, and signed by the council shall be laid before the Senate, or House of Delegates, when called for by them, or either of them. The Council may appoint their own clerk, who shall take such oath of support and fidelity to this State as this Convention, or the Legislature, shall direct; and of secrecy, in such matters as he shall be directed by the board to keep secret.

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#### Governor's Council.

1777-Chas Carroll Sr. Toxich Dell.

Session.

Live Charles, Carlon, St., Jostan Polk, Jr., Edward Lloyd,	
John Rogers, John Contee	Feb.
1778-Edward Lloyd, Thomas Sim, Daniel Carroll, James	ren.
Huuman, James Brice	
1779-Edward Lloyd, Thomas Sim, Daniel Carroll, James	••••
Elliquian, James Brico	
1780-John H. Stone, Jeremiah T. Chase, James Brice, Daniel	• • • •
Carron, John Brice	Marr
1781-Daniel Carroll, James Brice, Jeremiah T. Chase, Sam-	Nov.
uel T. Wright, John H. Stone	Oat
1782-John H. Stone, James Brice, Jeremiah T. Chase, Sam-	Oct.
uer T. Wright, Benj, C. Stoddert	Nor
1783-Benj. C. Stoddert, Gabriel Duval, Jeremiah T. Chase,	Nov.
James Brice, John T. Stone	Nov.
101-John R. Stone, James Brice, Jeremiah T. Chaso, Co.	NOV.
priel Duval, Benjamin Ogle	Nov.
1100-Charles Wanace, Adulla Paca, John Davidson John T	NOV.
Stone, Samuel T Wright	Nov.
1100-Jeremian T. Unase, James Brice, Cabriel Duval John	NOV.
Milly, Samuel T. Wright	Nov.
100 Jeremian T. Unase, James Brice John Kilby John	NOV.
Davidson, Beni, Harrison	Nov.
1100-Jeremian T. Chase. James Brice John Kilty John	INUV.
Davidson, Beni, Harrison	Nov.
1103-James Brice, John Davidson, William Hindman Tostog	nov.
C. Hall, John Kilty.	Nov.
1190-Julii Killy, James Brice, John Davidson William	NUV.
nilluman, Kand, B. Latimer	Nov.
1191-Henry Ridgely, Rand, B. Latimer John Davidson	1101.
John Kilty, James Brice	Nov.
	TION.

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## MEMBERS OF THE GOVERNOR'S COUNCIL. 107

	TETTING OF CONTRACT	
Year.	Governor a connern	Session.
	-James Brice, John Kilty, Henry Ridgely, Maj. John Davidson, Benj. Harrison	Nov.
	-William Pinkney, John Davidson, James Brice, John Kilty Henry Ridgely	Nov.
	-William Pinkney, John Davidson, James Brice, Henry Ridgely, William Kilty	Nov.
	-William Pinkney, John Davidson, James Brice, Henry Ridgely, William Kilty	Nov.
	-James Brice, Henry Ridgely, John Davidson, William Kilty, James Thomas.	Nov.
	-John Davidson, James Thomas, Jonathan Wilmer, Ar- thur Schaaff, John Johnson	Nov.
	-John Davidson, James Thomas, Arthur Schaaff, Jona- than Wilmer, John Johnson -Arthur Schaaff, John Davidson, James Brice, James	••••
	Thomas, Jonathan Wilmer	••••
	John Davidson, Samuel Ridout	Nov.
	-Francis Diggs Allen B. Duckett, Edward Hall, Rev-	Nov.
	erdy Ghiselin, Davidson David	Nov.
	Reverdy Ghiselin, Edward Hall	Nov. Nov.
	lin, Richard T. Earle, Francis Diggs	5th&6th
1806-	Francis Diggs, Philip Reed —Reverdy Ghiselin, Thomas W. Hall, Lewis Duvall, Philip Reed, James Nabb	Nov.
	-James Butcher, Thomas W. Hall, Lewis Duvan, Rev-	Nov.
1898	—James Butcher, Reverdy Ghiselin, Lewis Duvall, Thos. W. Hall, Benjamin Hodges —James Butcher, Geo. E. Mitchell, Thomas W. Hall,	Nov.
	Roverdy (Phiselin Lewis Dilvall	140.4+
	-James Stephen, James Butcher, Thomas W. Hall, Reverdy Ghiselin, Geo. E. Mitchell	TION.
	Geo. E. Mitchell, John Stephen, James Butcher, Thos. H. Hall, Reverdy Ghiselin	INOV.
1812	B. Martin, Walter Dorsey	Nov.
1813	B. Martin, Walter Dorsey 	Nov.
	Wm. H. Ward, Alex. Magruder	Dec.
	Murray, Wm H. Ward	, Dec.
1817	7. Daniel Murray, Flenry A. Cams, John E. Roward	,
	John Stoops, Arnold E. Jones Burtonn E. Howard, Hy, G. Chapman, Henry A. Callis	. Dec.
1819	Arnold E. Jones, John Stoops	ı
182	Stephen, T. W. Wilkinson 0—John Stephen, T. W. Wilkinson, Grafton Duvall, James Nabb, James Butcher	s _
	Trand, Sames Butcher	

#### Governor's Council.

1821-Israel D. Maulsby, T. W. Wilkinson, James Butcher, Nicholas Brewer, James Nabb..... Dec. 1822-Thomas Emory, Joshua Prideaux, Philemon Chew, Israel D. Maulsby, Nicholas Brewer..... Dec. 1823-Thomas Emory, Joshua Prideaux, Nicholas Brewer, Philemon Chew, Robert H. Archer..... 1824—Philemon Chew, Thomas Emory, Robert H. Archer, Dec. Joseph Gabby, Joseph Prideaux..... 1825—Joseph Gabby, William Stewart, Robert H. Archer, Dec. James Roberts, Daniel Martin..... Dec. 1826-Joseph Gabby, William Stewart, Otho Scott, Daniel Martin, Arnold E. Jones..... Dec. 1827-Daniel Martin, William Stewart, Thomas Davis, Arnold E. Jones, Rczin Estep..... Dec. 1828-Thomas Davis, Luke Tiernan, Rezin Estep, Littleton I. Dennis, Thomas S. Thomas..... Dec. 1829—Hugh McElderry, Robert D. C. Wright, Otho Scott, Benj. F. Mackall, Robert Wason..... Dec. 1830—George Howard, T. C. Worthington, Henry Pafe, Sam-uel Turner, William Potter..... Dec. 1831-William Potter, T. C. Worthington, Samuel Turner, Geo. W. Purnell, Robert W. Bowie..... Dec. 1832-Samuel Turner, Robert W. Bowie, T. W. Worthington, William Potter, John S. Martiu..... Dec. . . . . . . . . . . . . 1833—Samuel Mass, G. C. Washington, Robert W. Bowie, John S. Martin, Thomas W. Veazey.
 1834—Thomas W. Veazey, G. C. Washington, Nat. F. Wil-Dec. liams, John S. Martin, Gwynn Harris..... 1835—Gwynn Harris, Nat. F. Williams, Wm. F. Johnson, Dec. John C. Henry, John McKenny..... Dec. 1836-Gwynn Harris, Nat. F. Williams, Wm. F. Johnson, John C. Henry, John McKenny..... Dec. 1837-Gwynn Harris, Nat. F. Williams, Wm. F. Johnson, John McKenny, Wm. C. Jones..... Dec.

#### Comptrollers.

1851—Philip Francis Thomas.	1870—Levin Woolford.
1853—Henry E. Bateman.	1878—Thomas J. Keating.
1854—William Pinkney Whyte.	1884—J. Frank Turner.
1856—William Henry Purnell.	1888—L. Victor Baughman.
1861—Dennis Claude.	1892—Marion deKalb Smith.
1861—Abram Lingan Jarrett.	1896—Robert P. Graham.
1862—Samuel Snowden Maffit.	1898—Phillips Lee Goldsborough.
1864—Henry Hollyday Golds-	1900-Joshua W. Hering.
borough.	1904—Gordon T. Atkinson.
1864—Robert J. Jump.	1908—Joshua W. Hering
1867—William J. Leonard.	1910—Wm. B. Clagett.

### Treasurers of the Western and Eastern Shores.

#### WESTERN SHORE.

Thomas Harwood, Jr
Benjamin Harwood
George Mackubin
<sup>*</sup> ames S. Owens
Dannis Claude

108 Year.

Session.

#### ATTORNEYS-GENERAL OF MARYLAND.

#### EASTERN SHORE.

William Hindman1775	to	1776
William Hindman	to	1777
James Hindman	to	1778
Edward Hindman		
Henry Dickinson1779	to	1780

It appears that there was an interim in the office of Treasurer of the Eastern Shore at this period. Land warrants showing that the Treasurer of the Western Shore receipted for money received for public land on the Eastern Shore, contrary to the usual custom.

Another interim in the incumbents of the office occurs.

William Richardson	1797 to 1824
John K. B. Emory	
William K. Lambdin	
John H. Harris	
Pere Robinson	1842 to 1843

The two offices were consolidated under the Constitution of 1851.

James S. Owens	Stevenson Archer
Dennis Claude	Edwin H. Brown
Sprigg Harwood1860	Spencer C. Jones
<b>R</b> obert Fowler	Thomas J. Shryock
John Merryman1870	Murray Vandiver1900
John W. Davis	Murray Vandiver1904
Barnes Compton	Murray Vandiver
John S. Gittings1885	Murray Vandiver

### Adjutants-General of Maryland.

Henry Carberry	Oct. 6, 1794
Samuel T. Wright	
John Kilty	
John Gassaway	
Richard Harwood of Thomas	
John N. Watkins	
John Wilmot	
Appointed for six years (see Wingat	
Nicholas Brewer of John	
Appointed for six years (see Marylan	
February 4, 1864, Exec. Office R	
John S. Berry	Feb. 10, 1864
Recommissioned March 24, 1867.	· ·
George H. Bier	April 6, 1869
Resigned February 3, 1871.	,
Charles H. McBlair	Feb. 8, 1871
Recommissioned February 5, 1872.	
Frank A. Bond	April 4, 1874
Recommissioned March 22, 1876.	
J. Wesley Watkins	
James Howard	April 8, 1884
Recommissioned February 25, 1886.	Recommissioned February 21,
1888.	
Henry Kyd Douglas	
L. Allison Wilmer	Feb. 19, 1896
John S. Saunders	Feb. 7, 1900
Died January 19, 1904.	
Clinton L. Riggs	Jau. 29, 1904
Henry M. Warfield	Jan. 22, 1908

## Attorneys-General of Maryland.

Luther Martin	1778
William Pinkney	1805
John Thomas Mason	1806
John Johnson	
John Montgomery	
Luther Martin	1818
Nathaniel Williams, Assistant Attorney-General	. 1820
Thomas B. Dorsey	. 1822
Thomas Kell	
Roger B. Taney	
Josiah Bayley	
George R. Richardson	
Robert J. Brent	. 1851
*Alexander Randall	
Isaac D. Jones	1867
Andrew K. Syester	
Charles J. M. Gwynn	
Charles B. Roberts	1883
William Pinkney Whyte	1887
John P. Poe	1891
Harry M. Clabaugh	1896
George R. Gaither, Jr	1899
Isidor Rayner	1900
William S. Bryan, Jr	1904
Isaac Lobe Straus	1909
	00001

## The Land Office.

John Lewger, Member of the Council, officer in charge of land	
grants, etc	7
John Lankford, "during his natural life"—Surveyor-General 164	1
Robert Clarke, Surveyor-General164	8
Jerome Clarke, Surveyor-General166	4
Baker Brooke, Surveyor-General167	4
Vincent Lowe, Surveyor-General	0

In 1680 the Land Office was created, with a Register on each Shore.

John Llewellin, Register for Western Shore.
Vachel Downes, Register for Eastern Shore.
Henry Darnal, Register1688
Charles Carroll, Register
Edward Griffith, Register
Edmund Jennings, Judge and Register
Levin Gale. Judge and Register
Philip Thomas, Judge and Register
Benj. Tasker and Benj. Young, Judges and Registers
Benj. Young and George Stuart, Judges and Registers. 1747
Benedict Calvert and George Stuart, Judges and Registers, 1756
St. George Peale, Register
John Callahan, Register
John Kilty, Register
John Brewer, Register
G. G. Brewer, Register

\*The office of Attorney-General was abolished by the Constitution of 1851, but was re-established by the Constitution of 1864.

#### CABINET APPOINTMENTS.

In 1841 the Eastern Shore Office was transferred to the Western Shore.

### Librarians of Maryland.

David Ridgely	1827
J. H. T. Magruder	1842
Richard Swann	
Henry E. Bateman	
William Harwood	
Thomas I. Marshall	
Llewellyn Boyle	
E. M. Shipley.	
H. P. Jordan.	
Henry A. Silver	
John H. T. Magruder	
Edmund P. Duval.	
Luther II. Gadd	
Mrs. Anne Burton Jeffers	
Mrs. Aune Burton Jeffers.	
Mrs. Anne Burton Jeffers.	
Miss Lynn M. Shaffer	1908

### State Tax Commissioners of Maryland.

Levin Woolford	.1878
Frank T. Shaw	.1890
Thomas J. Keating	.1894
Robert P. Graham	
Buchanan Schley	. 1902
Buchanan Schley	
Buchanan Schley	

### Cabinet Appointments.

Maryland has received the following Cabinet appointments:

Name.	Portfold	io.	Date.	President.
James McHenry	Sec'y of V	War	Jan. 27, 1796.	Washington
James McHenry	Sec'y of Y	War	March 4, 1797	Adams
Benjamin Stoddert	Sec'y of I	Navy	May 21, 1798.	.Adams
Benjamin Stoddert	Sce'y of I	Navy	March 4, 1801	.Jefferson
Robert Smith	Sec'y of ]	Navy	July 15, 1801.	.Jefferson
Robert Smith	AttyGen	eral	March 3, 1805	.Jefferson
Robert Smith	See'y of S	State	March 6, 1809	Madison
William Pinkney	AttyGen	eral	Dec. 11, 1811.	. Madison

Name.	Portfolio.	Date.	President
		March 4, 1813.	
William Wirt	AttyGeneral	Nov. 13, 1817.	Monroe
Roger B. Taney	AttyGeneral	July 20, 1831.	Jackson
Roger B. Taney	Sec'y of Treasur	ySept. 23, 1833.	Jackson
John Nelson	AttyGeneral	July 1, 1843	.Tyler
Reverdy Johnson.	AttyGeneral	March 8, 1849.	.Tavlor
John P. Kennedy,	Sec'y of Navy	July 22, 1852	Fillmore
Philip F. Thomas.	Sec'y of Treasur	y Dec. 12, 1860	.Buchanan
Montgomery Blair.	P. M. General	March 5, 1861.	Lincoln
John A. J. Creswel	l., P. M. General	March 5, 1869.	. Grant
James A. Gary	P. M. General	March, 1897	. McKinley
Chas. J. Bonaparte	Sec'y of Navy	July 1, 1905	.Roosevelt
Chas. J. Bonaparte	AttyGeneral	Dec., 1906	. Roosevelt

## Justices of the U. S. Supreme Court from Maryland.

Robert H. Harrison, Associate Justice	
Thomas Johnson, Associate Justice	
Samuel Chase, Associate Justice	1796-1811
Gabriel Duval, Associate Justice	1811-1836
Roger Brooke Taney, Chief Justice	1836-1864

## Delegates to the Colonial Congress, 1765.

William Murdock, Thomas Ringgold, Edward Tilghman.

### Signers of Declaration of Indpendence, 1776.

Samuel Chase, William Paca, Charles Carroll of Carrollton, Thomas Stone.

### Signers of Articles of Confederation, 1781.

John Hanson, Daniel Carroll.

### Signers of Federal Constitution, 1787.

James McHenry, Daniel Carroll, Daniel of St. Thomas Jenifer.

#### Maryland in Congress.

CONTINENTAL CONGRESS, 1774 TO 1788.

The sessions of the Continental Congress were as follows:

September 5, 1774Phi	ladolphia
May 10, 1775Phi	ladelphia
December 20, 1776Balt	imore
March 4, 1777Phi	ladelphia
September 27, 1777Lan	caster, Pa.
September 30, 1777	c. Pa '
July 2, 1778Phi	ladelphia
June 30, 1783Prir	ceton N. J.
November 26, 1783 Ann	apolis
November 1, 1784Tre	nton, N. J.
January 11, 1785, and annually thereafter on the first	, =
Monday in November until the adoption of the Con-	
stitutionNew	York

#### MARYLAND IN CONGRESS.

#### DELEGATES FROM MARYLAND.

Matthew Tilghman, Chairman
Samuel Chase
Robert Goldsborough
William Paca
William Paca
Robert Alexander
John Hall
Thomas Johnson
John Rogers
Thomas Stone
Benjamin Rumsey
Charles Carroll of Carrollton
William Smith
William Carmichael
James Forbes1778-1780
John Henry1778-1781, 1784-1787
Daniel of St. Thomas Jenifer
George Plater
Daniel Carroll
John Hanson
William Hemsley
Richard Potts
Kicharu Fotts
Turbutt Wright
John F. Mercer
Edward Lloyd
Thomas Sim Lee
James McHenry
Jeremiah Townley Chase
Luther Martin
Richard Ridgely
Nathaniel Ramsey1785-1787
William Hindman
Gustavus Scott
William Harrison
David Ross
Uriah Forrest
Benjamin Contee
John Eager Howard
Joshua Šeney

### United States Senators.

Note.—Names with (\*) are those who served also in the Continental Congress.

Name.	County.	Term.
*John Henry (1)	Dorchester	
*Charles Carroll of Carr	collton(2). Anne Arundel	1789 - 1797
*Richard Potts (3)	Frederick	$\dots 1792 - 1797$
*John Eager Howard	Baltimore	1796-1803
James Lloyd (4)		
*William Hindman (5)		1800-1801
Robert Wright (6)	Queen Anne's	1801 - 1807

Resigned December 10, 1797.
 Resigned 1792.
 Resigned March 1, 1796.
 Resigned 1800.
 Appointed by Governor to fill vacancy.
 Resigned 1806.

Name. *Samuel Smith	County.	Term.
*Samuel Smith	Baltimore	$\int 1803-1815$
Dhille Dard		(1822-1838
ramp Reed		1806-1813
Robert H. Goldsborough (7)	Talbot	1025 1027
Alexander Contee Hanson (8).	Baltimore	1816-1891
Robert Goodloe Harper (9)		
*Edward Lloyd (10)		
William Pinkney (11)	Baltimore City	1819-1827
Ezekiel F. Chambers (12)	Kent	1826 - 1837
Joseph Kent (13)	Prince George's	1833-1839
John S. Spence (14)	Dorchester	1836-1843
William D. Merrick	Charles	1838 - 1845
John Leeds Kerr		1841-1843
James Alfred Pearce (15)	Kent	. 1843-1867
Reverdy Johnson (16)	Baltimore City	1840-1801
David Stewart (17)	Baltimore City	1840-1850
Thomas C Dratt	Data a Casarala	HOFO HOFF
Anthony D. T	Baltimore City	
Thomas Holliday Hicks (18) John A. J. Creswell.	Douchoster	{ 1862-1864
Thomas Holliday Hicks (18)	Dorchester	1864-1867
John A. J. Creswell	Cecil	. 1865-1867
1 nomas Swann (19)	Baltimore City	
Philip Francis Thomas (20)	Talbot	1867
George Vickers		1867-1873
William Pinkney Whyte (21)	Reltimore City	1868-1869
Winnah Emkney Whyte (21)	baitimore Oity	1006-1009
William T. Hamilton	Washington	1869-1875
George R. Dennis	. Somerset	
James Black Groome	Cecil	.1879-1885
Arthur Pue Gorman (22)	Howard	<b>1881-1899</b>
	.110waru	1903-1909
Ephraim King Wilson (23)	.Worcester	.1885 - 1891
Charles H. Gibson (24)	.Talbot	.1891 1897
George L. Wellington	Allegany	1897-1903
Louis Emery McComas Isidor Rayner	Raltimore City	1005 1014
John Walter Smith	Worcester	1000-1015
	. WOICESTEL	.1909-1919

Died October 4, 1836.
 Died April 23, 1819.
 Resigned 1816.
 Resigned 1826.
 Died February 25, 1822.
 Resigned 1834.
 Died October 14, 1840.
 Died October 14, 1840.
 Died December 20, 1862.
 Resigned 1849. Resigned July 10, 1868.
 Appointed by Governor to fill vacancy. Died February 13, 1865.
 DecIned.
 Not admitted on account of aleged disloyalty.
 Appointed by Governor to fill vacancy 1906-1908.
 Elected for term 1891-1897, but died February 24, 1891.
 Appointed by Governor to fill vacancy, November 19, 1891. Elected January, 1892.

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After being elected Governor of Maryland and after the expiration of the term of Governor, these were elected United States Senators, as follows:

James Black Groome1879-1885	
Joseph Kent (1)	
Edward Lloyd	
Thoms G. Pratt	

Elected United States Senator before being elected Governor:

Elected Governor while serving as United States Senator:

John Henry (2)	
Robert Wright	

Elected United States Senator while in office as Governor:

William	Pinkney	Whyte	1875-1881
Thomas	Holliday	Hicks	1862-1864
Thomas	Swann		(Declined)

### Representatives from Maryland.

Note.—Names with (\*) are those who served also in the Continental Congress; those with (§) served in the Senate.

Congress.	Name.	Year.
*1	Carroll, Daniel	
	Contee, Benjamin	
1	Gale. George	
§1-2-14	Pinkney, William	.1789-1792, 1815-1816
*1	Seney, Joshua	
	Smith, William	
1	Stone, Michael Jenifer	$\dots \dots $
2-5	Hindman, William	
	Key, Philip	
*2-3	Mercer, John F	
	Murray, Wm. Vans	
	Sheredine, Upton	
	Sterrett, Samuel	
3-6	Christine, Gabriel	.1793-1799, 1799-1801
	Dent, George	
	Duval, Gabriel	
	Edwards, Benjamin	
	Forrest, Uriah	
	Sprigg, Thoms	
4	Crabb, Jercmiah	
	Cralk, William	
	Strudwick, William E	
	Sprigg, Richard	
	Matthews, William	
0-14-10	Baer, George	1700 1806
	Nicholson, Joseph Hopper	
0	Thomas, John C	

1. Died November 24, 1837. 2. Died 1798.

Vongress.	Name.	Year.
	Archer, Johu	
7-8	Bowie Walter	1802-1805
7-8	Bowie, Walter Plater, Thomas	1801-1805
7-11.	Campbell John	
8-11-13-14	Campbell, John	1803-1811. 1813-1816
8-10.	McCleary, William	
8-11	Nelson, Roger	
9	Covington, Leonard	
9 <b>-1</b> 4	Goldsborough, Chas. W	
*9-10	Lloyd, Edward	
9	Magruder, Patrick	
10-12	Key, Philip Barton	
10-12	Montgomery, John	1907 1911
10-12	Van Horne, Archibald Brown, John	1800-1810
11.19		1809-1815
11-14-15-16	Ringgold, Samuel	1810-1815 1817-1821
§11-14-17	Wright, Robert	1810-1817, 1821-1823
12-14-16	Archer, Stevenson	1811-1817, 1819-1821
§12-13-17-19	Kent. Joseph	$\dots 1811 - 1815, 1821 - 1826$
$12 - 14 - 20 \dots$	I.ittle, Peter	$\dots 1811 - 1813, 1816 - 1829$
12-15	Stewart, Philip Goldsborough, Robert H	
$13 - 15 - 24 \dots$	Goldsborough, Robert H	1813-1819, 1835-1836
13-14	Hanson, Alexander Contee.	
14-15	Herbert, John C	
14-10-19	Peter, George	1017-109
15-16	Culbreth Thomas	1817-1821
815-17	Culbreth, Thomas	1817-1819, 1821-1823
16-18	Neal, Raphael	
16-18	Warfield, Henry B	
17	Nelson, John	
18	Hayward, William H	·····.1823-1825
18	Lee, John	
18-24-25	McKim, Isaac	$\dots 1823 - 1825, 1835 - 1838$
18-19-21-22	Mitchell, George R	$1823 \cdot 1827, 1829 \cdot 1832$
§18-24-20	Spence, John S	$\dots .1823 - 1825, 1836 - 1840$ $\dots .1825 - 1827, 1825 - 1831$
19	Dorsey, Clement	$\dots 1825 \cdot 1825 \cdot 1825 \cdot 1831$
819-20-22	Kerr, John Leeds	1825-1829 1831-1833
19	Martin, Robert N	
19-20	Weems, John C	
19	Worthington, Thomas C	
	Gale, Levin	
$20-21\ldots$	Sprigg. Michael C	
20-22-24	Washington, George C	$\dots 1827 - 1833, 1835 - 1837$
20-21	Wilson, E. King	
21	Brown, Elias Howard, Benjamin C	1020 1022 1025 1020
21-22-24-20	Semmes, Benedict J	1000 1009
21	Spencer, Richard	1820-1821
22-24-26	Jenifer, Daniel	
$22 - 25 - 26 \dots$	Worthington, J. T. H	$\dots 1831 \cdot 1833, 1837 \cdot 1841$
$22 - 26 - 37 - 40 \dots$	Thomas, Francis	1831-1841. 1863-1869
23	Carmichael, Richard B	
23	Dennis, Littleton P	
23	Heath, James P	

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### MARYLAND IN CONGRESS.

Congress.	Name.	Years.
$23 - 25 - 27 \dots$	Johnson, William C1833-1835,	1837 - 1843
$23.\ldots$	Stoddart, John T	.1833-1835
23-24	Turner, James Pearce, James Alfred1835-1839,	.1833-1837
§24-25-27	Pearce, James Alfred	1841-1843
24	Steele, John N	.1835-1837
25-26	Dennis, John	.1837-1841
25-27-28	Kennedy, John Pendleton1837-1839,	1841-1840
20	Carroll, James Hillen, Solomon H	1009-1041
	Jones, Isaac D	
27	Mason, John Thompson	1841-1843
	Randall, Alexander	
	Sewell, James (1)	
	Sollers, Augustus S	
	Williams, James W	
28	Brengle, Francis	.1843 - 1845
28	Causin, John M. S	.1843 - 1845
	Preston, Jacob A	
	Spence, Thomas A	
	Wethered, John	
$29\ldots\ldots$	Constable, Albert	.1845-1847
29-30	Chapman, John G	.1845-1849
29-30	Ligon, Thomas Watkins	.1840-1849
29	Long, Edward H	1840-1849
29	Chrisfield, John W1847-1849,	1961 1969
30-32	Evans, Alexander	1847-1853
30-32	McLane, Robert M	1847-1851
30	Roman, James D	.1847-1849
31-32	Bowie, Richard I	.1849-1853
	Hamilton, William T	
31-32	Hammond, Edward	.1849 - 1853
31	Kerr, John Bozman	.1845 - 1853
$32.\ldots$	Cottman, Joseph S	.1851 - 1853
$32\ldots\ldots$	Walsh, Thomas Y	.1851 - 1853
33	Franklin, John R	.1853 - 1855
33-37	May, Henry	1861-1863
ວວີ	Showers, Jacob	.1803-1800
ວຽ ອາເອະ	Vansant, Joshua Bowie, Thomas F	.1003-1000
94-30 94-36-39		1862-1865
34-36	Harris, J. Morrison	1855-1861
34	Hoffman, Henry W	1855-1857
34-35	Ricaud, James B	.1855-1859
34-36	. Stewart, James A	.1855 - 1861
35-36	Kunckel, Jacob M	.1857 - 1861
36	Hughes, George W	.1859 - 1861
36-39	Webster, Edwin H	.1859 - 1865
37	Calvert, Charles B	.1861 - 1863
37	Leary, Cornelius L. L	.1861-1863
\$38	Creswell, John A. J	.1863-1865
	Harris, Benjamin Gwinn	
	McCullough, Hiram	
39-40	Phelps, Charles E	.1809-1869

1. Sat in 3d, Session 27th, Congress, vice J. W. Williams, deceased.

Υ.

Congress.	Name.	Years.
39	.Thomas, John L., Jr. (2)	.1865-1869
40-43	Archer. Stevenson	.1867 - 1875
40-41	.Stone, Frederick	.1867 - 1871
41-42	.Hambleton, Samuel	.1869 - 1873
41	.Hamill, Patrick	.1869-1871
41-45	.Swann, Thomas	.1869 - 1879
42	.Merrick, William M Ritchie, John	.1871-1873
42	Albert Waller T	.1871-1873
43	Albert, William J.	.1873-1875
40 19.11	.Lowndes, Lloyd, Jr	.1873-1875
\$49	Wilson, Ephraim K	.1873-1877
8±0	. Henkle, Eli J	.1873-1875
44-45	Roberts, Charles B.	1879-1881
44	Thomas, Philip F	1875-1879
44.45	Walsh, William	1075 1070
45	Henry, Daniel M.	1077 1001
45-46	.Kimmell, William.	1977 1991
46-47	.McLane, Robert M	1070 1002
46-48-58-59-60-	. McLaite, itobert M	.1019-1009
	.Talbot, J. Fred. C	1002-1013
46-47	Urner, Milton G.	1870-1882
47	.Chapman, Andrew G	1881-1883
47-48.	.Covington, Geo. W	1881-1885
47-48	.Hoblitzell, Fetter S	.1881-1885
48-49	.Findlay, John V. L.	1883-1887
48	.Holton, Hart B	.1883-1885
§48-51	.McComas, Louis E.	.1883-1891
49	.Cole, William H. (3)	.1885 - 1887
49-53	. Compton, Barnes (4)	.1891 - 1895
§49-51	.Gibson, Charles H	.1885 - 1889
49-54	.Rusk, Harry Welles (5)	.1886 - 1897
49-50	.Shaw, Frank T	.1885 - 1889
	.Rayner, Isidor1887-1889	, 1891-1895
51-55-57-58-59-		
60-61	.Mudd, Sydney E1891-1893, 1897-1899	, 1901-1909
01 51 59	.Stockbridge, Henry W	.1899-1901
59	Brown John D	.1889-1893
59-53	.Brown, John B. .McKaig, William M.	1893-1893
52	.Page, Henry	1091-1090
53	Brattan, Robert F	1202 1205
53-54	.Coffin, Charles E	1802-1899
53-3d Session	.Henry, W. Laird	1805
54-56	.Baker, William B.	1895-1901
54	.Baker, William B. .Cowen, John K.	1895-1897
54	.Miles, Joshua W	.1896-1897
§54	.Wellington, George L	.1897-1899
55	.Barber, Isaac Ambrose	.1897-1899
55	Booze, William S.	.1897-1899
55	.McDonald, John	.1897-1899
55	. McIntire, William Watson	. 1897-1899
56-58	.Denny, James W	. 1903-1905
56	.Kerr, Josiah Leeds	.1900-1901
56-57-58-59-60-61	Pearre, George Alexander	.1899-1909
0 731 4 3 4 611		

Elected to fill vacancy; E. H. Webster, resigned.
 Died 1886.
 Unseated from 51st Congress in favor of Sydney E. Mudd.
 Elected to fill vacancy; vice William H. Cole, deceased.

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#### MARYLAND IN CONGRESS.

Congress.	Name.	Years.
56	Smith, John Walter (6)	
56-57-58-59	Wachter Frank C	
57	Blakeney, Albert A	
57-58-60	Jackson, William H	1901-1905, 1907-1909
57	Schirm, Charles R	
59	Smith, Thomas A	
59-60-61	Gill, John, Jr	
60	Wolf, Harry B	1907-1909
61-62	Covington, J. Harry	
61	Kronmiller, John	
62	Parran, Thomas	
$62\ldots\ldots$	Lewis, David J	

### **Present United States Senators.**

Name.	Residence.	Term Expires.
Isidor Rayner	Baltimore City	
John Walter Smith	Worcester County	

### Present United States Congressmen.

			Term
Name.	Residence.	Dist.	Expires.
J. Harry CovingtonI	D. Talbot County	1st	<b>191</b> 3
J. Fred. C. TalbotI	D. Baltimore County	2d	<b>19</b> 13
George Konig]	D. Baltimore City	3d	
John Gill, Jr1	D. Baltimore City	4th	
Thomas Parran	R. Calvert County	5th	<b>191</b> 3
David J. Lewis	D. Allegany County	6th	1913

### Congressional Representation and Districts.

Maryland is entitled to six Representatives in the Congress of the United States, one for each of the districts.

The boundaries of the districts are as follows:

The First Congressional District is Composed of Worcester, Somerset, Wicomico, Dorchester, Talbot, Queen Anne's, Caroline, Kent and Cecil Counties.

The Second District is composed of Harford, Carroll and Baltimore Counties and the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Wards of Baltimore City.

The Third District is composed of the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth and Twenty-second Wards, and the Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh and Thirteenth Precincts of the Eighteenth Ward of Baltimore City.

The Fourth District is composed of the Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Seventcenth, Nineteenth and Twentieth Wards, and the First, Second, Third and Twelfth Precincts of the Eighteenth Ward of Baltimore City.

The Fifth District is composed of the Twenty-first, Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Wards, and the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh and Eighth Precincts of the Eighteenth Ward of Baltimore City, and St. Mary's Charles, Calvert, Prince George's, Anne Arundel and Howard Counties.

The Sixth District is composed of Allegany, Garrett, Washington, Frederick and Montgomery Counties.

(Code P. G. L. Sup. Art. 33, Secs. 145-150, as amended by Act of 1902, Cr. 136.)

<sup>6.</sup> Resigned to assume Executive Office.

## Presidents of the Senate of Maryland.

Name.	County.	Session.
Dauiel of St. Thomas JeniferC.		
Daniel of St. Thomas JeniferC.		18-19
George Plater		00
Matthew Tilghmau	albot 1799	04
George Plater	- Manzia	5 00 07
Johu SmithB	altimoro 1790	00-00-01
George DentCl	havlag 1709	90
William Perry	albot 1709	•
John Eager Howard (Daniel	anoot	
Carroll, resigned)Ba	altimore City 1794	
John ThomasSt	Marz's 1707	
John Thomas	Mary's 1800	
Richard HarwoodA		
Richard Harwood		
Richard HarwoodA	nne Arundel 1802	
Richard HarwoodA	nne Arundel 1804	
Richard HarwoodA	nne Arundel 1805	
William ThomasSt		
Stephen LowryQ		
William ThomasSt	Marv's	
William ThomasSt	Marv's	June
Stephen LowryQ		
William ThomasSt		110 FOLLINGI
William ThomasSt		
William ThomasSt	Marv's	June
William ThomasSt	. Marv's	November
William ThomasSt	. Mary's	May
Elijah DavisH		
Elijah DavisH		
Elijah Davis	arford	December
William SpencerKe	ent	
William SpencerKe	ent	18
William SpencerKe	ent	December
William Spencer	ent	December
William R. StewartA	nne Arundel	December
William R. Stewart An	nne Arundel	December
William R. StewartAn		
William R. StewartAn	nne Arundel	December
William R. StewartAn	nne Arundel	December
Edward LloydTa		
William H. MarriottAn		
William H. MarriottAI	nne Arundel1828	December
William H. MarriottAn		
William H. MarriottAn	nne Arundel	December
Benjamin F. ForestM	ontgomery	December
Benjamin F. ForestMe	ontgomery	December
Benjamin F. ForestM	ontgomery	December
Benjamin F. ForestMe	ontgomery	December
John G. ChapmanCl	narles	December
John G. ChapmanCl		
Richard ThomasSt		
Richard ThomasSt	. Mary's	December
Richard ThomasSt	. Mary's	December
Richard Thomas	Mary's	December
Richard ThomasSt	. Mary's	December

### PRESIDENTS OF THE SENATE.

Name.	County.	Session.
Richard Thomas	St Mary's	1841 December
Richard Thomas	St. Mary's	1842 December
Richard Thomas	St Mary's	
William Williams	Somerset	1844 December
William Williams	Somerset	
William Williams	Somerset	1846 December
William Williams William Williams	Somerset	1847 December
William L. Gaither	Montgomery	1849 December
William L. Gaither	Montgomerv	1852 December
Edward Lloyd		1853 December
William L. Gaither.	Montgomery	1854 January
George Wells.	Anne Arundel	1856 January
Edwin H. Webster	Harford	1858 January
John B. Brooke.	Prince George's	1860 January
John B. Brooke.	Prince George's	1861 Extra
Henry H. Goldshorough	Talbot	1861-62 Jan.
John Sellman.	Anne Arundel	1864 January
Charles H Ohr	Allegany	1865 January
Lieut-Gov. Christopher C. C	ox.Baltimore City	1866 Extra
Lieut-Goy, Christopher C, C	ox.Baltimore City	1867 January
Barnes Compton	Charles	1868 January
Barnes Compton	Charles	1870 January
Henry Snyder	Baltimore City	1872 January
John Lee Carroll	Howard	1874 Janua <b>r</b> y
Daniel Fields	Caroline	1876 January
Edward Lloyd	Talbot	1878 January
Herman Stump, Jr	Harford	1880 January
George Hawkins Williams.	Baltimore	1882 January
Henry Lloyd	Dorchester	1884 January
Edwin Warfield	Howard	1886 January
George Peter	Montgomery	1888 January
Robert T. Bratton	Somerset	1890 January
Edward Lloyd	Talbot	1892 January
John Walter Smith	Worcester	1894 January
William Cabell Bruce	Baltimore City	1896 January
John Wirt Randall	Anne Arundel	1898 January
John Hubner	Baltimore	1900 Jabuary
John Hubner	Baltimore	
John Hubner	Baltimore	1004 January
Spencer C. Jones	Montgomery	1006 January
Joseph B. Seth	Talbot	1008 January
Joseph B. Seth Arthur P. Gorman	Talbot	1010 January
Artnur P. Gorman	troward	Joro January

## Speakers of the House of Delegates of Maryland.

Name.	County.	Session.
Nicholas Thomas	Talbot	1777 March
William Fitzhugh	Calvert	1778 October
William Fitzhugh	Calvert	<b>17</b> 79 June
Josiah Beall	Prince George's	1780 June
William Bruff	Queen Anne's	1781 May
Thomas Cockey Deve	Baltimore	1782 April
Thomas Cockey Deye	Baltimore	1783 April
Thomas Cockey Deye	Baltimore	1784 November
Thomas Cockey Deve	Baltimore	1785 November
Thomas Cockey Deye	Baltimore	1786 November

Name.	County.	Session.
Thomas Cockey Deye	Baltimore	1787 April
Thomas Cockcy Deye	Baltimore	1787 November
Thomas Cockey Deye	Baltimore	1788 May
Thomas Cockey Deye	Baltimore	1788 May
George Dent	Charles	1789 November
George Dent	Charles	1790 November
Levin Winder	Somerset	1791 November
Levin Winder	Somerset	1792 April
Levin Winder		
Levin Winder		
Matthew Tilghman	Kent	1794 November
Philip Key	St. Mary's	
Philip Key	St. Mary's	1796 November
James Carroll		
Henry H. Chapman Henry H. Chapman		
Edward Hall	Appo Awandol	1800 November
Charles Frazier	Oucon Anno's	1801 November
Charles Frazier	Oucon Anno's	1809 November
Tobias E. Stansbury	Baltimoro	1802 November
Charles Frazier	Oueen Anne's	1804 November
Archibald Van Horn	Prince George's	1805 November
Tobias E. Stansbury	Baltimore	1806 November
Tobias E. Stansbury	Baltimore	
Levin Winder		
Tobias E. Stansbury	Baltimore	1809 November
Tobias E. Stansbury	Baltimore	1810 December
Tobias E. Stansbury	Baltimore	1811 November
John C. Herbert	Prince George's	
John C. Herbert	Prince George's	1813 May
Henry H. Chapman	Charles	1814 December
Henry H. Chapman	Charles	1815 December
Nicholas Stonestreet	Charles	1816 December
Nicholas Stonestreet		
James Brown	Queen Anne's	1818 December
Tobias E. Stansbury	Baltimore	1819 December
Tobias E. Stansbury Tobias E. Stansbury	Baltimore	1820 December
William H. Marriott	Anno Anno dol	1821 December
Tobias E. Stansbury	Reltimore	1822 December
William H. Marriott	Anno Arundol	1824 December
Benedict I. Semmes	Prince Coorgo's	1825 December
James W. McCulloh	Baltimore	1826 December
John G. Chapman	Charles	1827 December
John G. Chapman	Charles	1828 December
Francis Thomas	Frederick	
Richard Thomas	St. Marv's	
Richard Thomas	St. Marv's	1831 December
Richard Thomas	St. Mary's	1832 December
Thomas Wright	Queen Anne's	1833 December
William J. Blackistone	St. Mary's	1834 December
Benjamin L. Gantt	Prince George's	1835 December
Benjamin L. Gantt	Prince George's	1836 December
William H. Luck	Prince George's	1837 December
Charles Sterret Ridgely.	Anne Arundel	1838 December
James W. Williams	Harford	1839 December
Charles Sterret Ridgely	Anne Arundel	1840 December

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#### SPEAKERS OF THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

		•	
Name.	County.	Session.	
John C. LeGrand	.Baltimore	.1841 December	
Daniel S. Biser	.Frederick	.1842 December	
William H. Watson	.Baltimore City	.1843 December	
John G. Chapman	.Charles	.1844 December	
William S. Waters	.Somerset	.1845 December	
John P. Kennedy	.Baltimore	.1846 December	
William J. Blackistone	.St. Mary's	.1847 December	
John R. Franklin	.Worcester	.1849 December	
Elias Ware			
Elias Ware	.Baltimore City	.1853 January	
John F. Dent	.St. Mary's	.1854 January	
William H. Travers	.Baltimore City	.1856 January	
John S. Berry	.Baltimore	.1858 January	
E. G. Kilhourn	.Anne Arundel	1860 January	
E. G. Kilhourn	.Anne Arundel	.1861 Apr., Extra	
John S. Berry	.Baltimore	.1862 Special	
John M. Frazier	.Baltimore City	. 1865	
John M. Frazier	.Baltimore City	1866 Extra	
Oliver Miller	.Anne Arundel	1867 January	
William A. Stewart			
Frederick C. Latrobe	.Baltimore City	1870 January	
Arthur P. Gorman	.Howard	1872 January	
Jesse K. Hines	.Kent	1874 January	
Lewis C. Smith	.Washington	1876 January	
Fetter S. Hoblitzell	.Baltimore City	1878 January	
Hiram McCullough			
Otis Keilholtz			
J. Pemhroke Thom			
Joseph B. Seth	.Talbot	1886 January	
George M. Upshur			
John Hubner	.Baltimore	1890 January	
J. Murray Vandiver			
James H. Preston	.Baltimore City	1894 January	
Sydney E. Mudd	.Charles	1896 January	
Louis Schaefer			
Lloyd Wilkinson	.Worcester	1900 January	
Nohle L. Mitchell			
Dr. George Y. Everhart			
Carville D. Benson			
J. Enos Ray, Jr			
Adam Peoples	Cecil	1910 January	

### Chronology.

1632. June 20-Charter of Maryland granted.

- 1633.November 22-Sailing of the Ark and Dove.
- 1634. March 25-Landing of the Colonists.
- 1635. February 26—First Meeting of the Assembly.
  1635. April 23—The first naval hattle by white men in America was fought on the Little Pocomoke river, Eastern Shore of Maryland, hetween Clayborne's pinnace Long Tail and Governor Calvert's two pinnaces, the St. Margaret and the St. Helen.
- July-Protestant Revolution. 1639.
- 1649. Toleration Act passed.
- 1652. Maryland seized hy the Commissioners of Parliament.
- 1657. November 36-Restoration of the Province of Lord Baltimore. 1666. Augustine Herman and family naturalized. The first foreign
  - ers ever naturalized in Maryland.

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1682.	December 19—William Penn met Charles Calvert, Third Lord Baltiniore, at West River, for an interview on the divi- sional line between their lands.
1683.	The old Treasury Building, on Capitol Hill, was built for "the Court House for the Port of Entry." Used as the Treasury both by the Provincial and State government.
16	The first regularly constituted Presbyterian Church in the United States was erected at Rehoboth, Somerset (now Wicomico) County, by Rev. Frank Mackemie, who was the first regularly ordained Presbyterian minister in America.
1692.	Church of England made the established church of the Prov- ince.
1694.	Seat of government removed from St. Mary's to Annapolis, under Francis Nicholson, Governor.
1694.	February 28—The first Provincial Assembly held in Annapolis in Major Edward Dorsey's house, 83 Prince George street.
1696.	April 30—Foundation of first State House laid.
1696.	King William's School founded at Annapolis.
1702.	The English "Toleration Act for Dissenters" was extended to Maryland.
1704.	An Act was passed "To prevent the growth of popery."
1704.	The first State House was entirely destroyed by fire.
1706.	Relief was granted to the Quakers or Friends.
1706.	The second State House was finished. On the north side of it stood the Armory, which was also the ballroom.
1730.	Baltimore City laid out.
1763.	Mason and Dixon's line survey began.
1764.	The log meeting-house, called Strawbridge Methodist Chapel, built in Frederick County, the first Methodist Church in
1705	America.
1765. 1766.	March 22—Passage of Stamp Act.
1767.	March 18—Repeal of Stamp Act.
1769.	May 13—Duty imposed on tea.
1772.	June 22—Maryland Convention met.
1112.	The second State House was torn down, and the foundation of
	the present State House was laid by Governor Robert Eden. The dome was added after the Revolution.
1774.	The present State House completed.
1774.	October 19—Burning of the "Peggy Stewart."
1775.	July 26—Formation of "Association of Freemen."
1776.	July 3—Maryland declared her independence.
1776.	November 10—First State Constitution adopted.

- rnor, inauguratea. 1781.
- March 1-Maryland entered the Confederation.
- 1783.
- November 26—Continental Congress met in Annapolis. December 23—Washington resigned his military commission to 1783. Congress in old Senate Chamber of Capitol, Annapolis.
- Saint John's College, Annapolis, chartered. The third oldest 1784. college in the United States.
- 1784. January 14-Treaty of Peace with Great Britain ratified.
- December 11—First steamboat in the United States, invented by James Rumsey, made trial trip on Potomac river, near 1785. Shepherdstown.
- September 11-Convention of six States to inaugurate move-1786. ment for a precursor of the Federal Constitutional Convention met in Annapolis.
- 1786. The Pope appointed Rev. John Carroll Apostolic Vicar, afterwards Bishop of Baltimore. He became later the first Archbishop of the United States.

#### CHRONOLOGY.

- 1788. April 28—Maryland ratified Federal Constitution.
- 1791. Maryland ceded the District of Columbia to the United States. 1792. September-Rev. Thomas John Claggett consecrated the first Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Maryland.
- 1810.
- 1814.
- Property qualification for Electors abolished. September 12-Battle of North Point. Bombardment of Fort McHenry, during which Francis Scott Key wrote "The Star-Spangled Banner," September 13. 1814.
- 1824. Religious tests for office removed.
- 1825. Jewish disabilities removed.
- 1828. July 4-Cornerstone of Baltimore and Ohio Railroad laid by Charles Carroll of Carrollton.
- Obed Hussey, of Baltimore, the inventor of the first reaper and mower, cut the first field of grain ever harvested by a 1836. reaper (180 acres of wheat, oats and timothy), on the farm of Gen. Tench Tilghman, near Oxford, Talbot County, Md., under the auspices of the Board of Agriculture for the Eastern Shore of Maryland. Owen Dorsey, of Howard County, Maryland, invented the first successful side-rake reaper attachment.
- 1837. Governor's Council abolished and the office of Secretary of State created.
- 1841. The Eastern Shore Land Office abolished.
- First tclegraph line in the world built between Baltimore and 1844.Washington.
- 1845. United States Naval Academy established at Annapolis.
- July 4-Second State Constitution adopted. 1851.
- Office of Chancellor abolished and a Commissioner of the Land 1851. Office created.
- October 12-Third State Constitution adopted. 1864.
- 1867. September 18-Fourth State Constitution adopted.
- 1879. New foundation placed under State House and interior of building modernized.
- 1901. Court of Appeals building completed.
- 1902. Annex to State House commenced. Occupied by Legislature of 1904.
- 1906. The historic old Senate Chamber restored by Governor Edwin Warfield.

# State Government, 1910-1912.

### EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT-Annapolis.

(All Terms Expire 1912.)	
NAME.	POSTOFFICE.
Governor,	
Austin L. Crothers	Annapolis
Secretary of State,	
N. Winslow Williams	Baltimore
Chief Clerk,	
Carl Hardy	Annapolls
Private Secretary,	_
Emerson R. Crothers	Annapolis
Stenographer,	
Clarence C. Dorsey	Annapolis
Messenger,	
Murray G. Hooper	Annapolls

The Governor is elected by the people for a term of four years from the second Wednesday in January next ensuing his election (Constitution, Art. 2, Sec. 2); the Secretary of State Is appointed by the Governor, with the consent of the Senate, to hold office during the term of the Governor; all other officers are appointed by the Governor and hold office during his pleasure.

### BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS.

Governor,	
Austin L. CrothersA	nnapolls
State Treasurer,	
Murray VandiverHavre d	le Grace
Comptroller,	
William B. ClagettUpper M	farlboro

#### GOVERNOR'S STAFF.

#### (All Terms Expire 1912.)

Commander-In-Chief,	
Austiu L. Crothers, Governor	.Annapolis
Adjutant General, Major General Henry M. Warfield	
Quartermaster General, George F. Randolph	.Baltimore
Chief of Ordnance, Charles A. Webb	.Baltimore
Judge Advocate General, J. Charles Linthicum	.Baltimore
Inspector General, Arthur P. Gorman	Laurel
Surgeon General,	
Dr. A. D. McConachie	.Baltimore
Colonel and Assistant Adjutant General,	
Harry M. Hutton	Baltimore

#### STATE GOVERNMENT.

NAME. Colonels.

#### POSTOFFICE.

,	Thomas J. Ewell	Walbrook
	John Keating	Cumberland
	Israel M. Parr, Jr	Baltimoro
	Spaulding L. Jenkins	Baitimore
	Charles W. Fields	Baltimore
	Charles H. Conley	Adamstown
	Charles T. Leviness, Jr	Baltimoro
	W. W. Cator	Paitimore
	Jerome H. Joyce.	Paltimore
	William G. Knapp.	Daltimore
	winning of interpression and a second s	Battimore

The Governor appoints one Quartermaster General, one chief of Ordnance, one Inspector General, one Surgeon General, one Judge Advocate General, all with the rank of Brigadier General; and ten aides with the rank of Colonel. The Assistant General is appointed by the Adjutant General (Ch. 103, 1908).

### JUDICIARY DEPARTMENT.

## COURT OF APPEALS-Annapolis.

Terms—Second Monday in January, first Monday In April and first Monday in October.

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
Chlef Judge,		
A. Hunter Boyd	Cumberland	
Associate Judges,		·
John R. Pattison	Cambridge	
James A. Pearce	Chestertown	
Nicholas Charles Burke	Towson	
William H. Thomas Hammond Urner	Westminster	
John P. Briscoe	Prince Eredenick	
Samuel D. Schmucker		
Court Reporter,	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	*******************
William T. Brantly		
Clerk of the Court.	•••••••••••••••••••	saltimore.
Caleb C. Magruder	T	Innon Manlhono
Deputy Clerk,	••••••••	opper marmoro.
Luther H. Gadd		nnonolia
Clerks.	••••••••••••••••	unapons.
James G. Thompson		nnanolia
R. Lee Waller	·····	alishury
Thomas N. Magruder	N	Aitchellsville
Court Crier.		intenensyme,
John Whittington	A	nnapolie
Court Collector.		inapons.
J. Frank Smith		Scotland
Stenographer,		country.
Maurice Ogle		roome
		loome.

#### ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Isaac Lobe Straus..... Baltimore.

### CIRCUIT COURTS-FIRST CIRCUIT.

Composed of the Counties of Worcester, Somerset, Dorchester and Wicomico.

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.	TEBM EXPIRES.
John R. Pattison, Chief Judge.	Camhridge	
Rohley D. Jones	Easton	
E. Stanley Toadvin	Salisbury	

#### SECOND JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

Composed of the Counties of Caroline, Queen Anne's, Talbot, Kent and Cecll.

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
James A. Pearce, Chief Judge.		
Philemon B. Hopper William H. Adkins		

### THIRD JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

Composed of the Counties of Baltimore and Harford.

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.	TERM	EXPIRES.
N. C. Burke, Chief Judge	Towson		1920
Frank I. Duncan	Towson		1920
George L. Van Bibber	Bel Air	• • • • • • •	1918

### FOURTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

Composed of the Counties of Allegany, Washington and Garrett.

NAME.		POSTOFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
Robert R. H	lenderson	JudgeCumberland Cumberland Hagerstown	

#### FIFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

### Composed of the Counties of Carroll, Howard and Anne Arundel.

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
Wm. H. Thomas, Chief Judge	eWestminster	
William H. Forsythe, Jr	Ellicott City	
James R. Brashears	Annapolis	

#### SIXTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

#### Composed of the Counties of Frederick and Montgomery.

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
Hammond Urner, Chief	JudgeFrederick	
Edward C. Peter	Rockville	
John C. Motter	Frederick	

#### STATE GOVERNMENT.

#### SEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

Composed of the Counties of Prince George's, Charles, Calvert and St. Mary's.

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
John P. Briscoe, Chief Judg	Prince Frederi	ck1922
Fillmore Beall	Upper Marlbon	·o
B. Harris Camalier	Leonardtown	

### EIGHTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

But one judge in this circuit. Composed of Baltimore city.,

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.	TERM	EXPIRES.
Saml. D. Schmucker, Ch. Judge.	Baltimore		1913

#### SUPREME BENCH OF BALTIMORE CITY.

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
Henry D. Harlan, Chief Judge	.Baltimore	
H. Arthur Stump	.Baltimore	
John J. Dobler	.Baltimore	<b>19</b> 24
Henry Stockbridge, Jr	.Baltimore	
George M. Sharp	.Baltimore	
Charles W. Heuisler	.Baltimore	
Henry Duffy	.Baltimore	
James P. Gorter	.Baltimore	
Alfred S. Nilcs	.Baltimore	
Thomas Ircland Elliott	.Baltimore	1921

### TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

### COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE-Annapolis.

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.
Comptroller,	
William B. Clagett	Upper Marlboro.
Chief Clerk,	
Harry J. Hopkins	Annapolls.
Assistant Clerks,	
Benjamin P. Butler	Towson.
Louis S. Clayton	Annapolis.
Milton L. Tull	Kingston.
Raymond C. Relk	Baltimore.
Jannette B. Dryden	Snow Hill.
Stenographer,	
Thomas A. Murray	Baltimore.
Messenger,	
Philip Beall	Annapolis.

The Comptroller is elected by the people for a term of two years from the third Monday In January next ensuing his election, and appoints all officers in his office.

#### STATE TREASURER'S OFFICE-Annapolis.

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.
State Treasurer, Murray Vandiver	Havro do Grace
Chief Clerk,	uc oracci
John Z. Bayless	Glenville.
Assistant Clerks,	
George Y. Everhart	Dickeyville:
Samuel S. Bevard	Wheel.
Stenographer,	
W Worthington Honkins	Relair

W. Worthington Hopkins.....Belair.

The State Treasurer is elected by the General Assembly for a term of two years and appoints all officers in his office.

#### STATE TAX COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE-Annapolis.

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.
State Tax Commissioner,	TT
Buchanan Schley	Hagerstown.
Chief Clerk,	
Daniel H. Staley	.Hagerstown.
Assistant Clerks,	
Maurice J. Clagett	
George H. Hager	
Scott L. Heffinger	.Relay.
Stenographer,	
Alfred E. Leffler	Annapolis.

The State Tax Commissioner is appointed by the Board of Public Works for a term of four years from the date of his qualification, and appoints all officers in his office. (Ch. 178, 1878.)

#### STATE AUDITOR-Elkton.

NAME.

POSTOFFICE.

State Auditor, George R. Ash.....Elkton.

The State Auditor is appointed by the Board of Public Works for a term of two years from the date of his qualification. (Ch. 257, 1902.)

#### DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION-Annapolis.

OFFICE OF THE STATE SUPERINTENDENT—Annapolis. NAME. POSTOFFICE.

State Superintendent of Education,

M. Bates Stephens.....Denton. Assistant Superintendent,

B. K. Purdum.....Annapolls.

Stenographer,

L. E. Simpson.....Annapolis.

#### STATE GOVERNMENT.

President, ' TERM EXPIRES.		
Gov. Austin L. Crothers, ex officio		
NAME. Secretary,	POSTOFFICE. TERM EXPIRES.	
State Board.	Denton1910	
William S. Powell	Roland Park	
Zadoc P. Whartou	Frostburg	
Thomas H. Lewis	Towson	
Principal of State Normal School, Sarah E. Richmond	Baltimore City.	
Principal of State Normal School R. H. Ridgely	No. 2, Frostburg.	
Principal Washington College Nor James W. Cain	Chestertown.	
Board of Education of Baltimore James H. Van Sickle	Superintendent.	
Henry A. Wise John E. McCahan Henry S. West	Assist. Superintendent. Assist. Superintendent. Assist. Superintendent.	
A. C. WillisonAllegany O.B.Baughton, Asst. Allegany (	CountyCumberland.	
Albert S. CookBaltimore	ndel CoAnnapolis. CountyTowson.	
J.T.Hershner, Asst. Baltimore J. Briscoe Bunting.Calvert Co Edward M. NobleCaroline (	ountyPrince Frederick.	
S. SimpsonCarroll Co W. D. BrattonCecil Cou	ountyWestminster.	
Michael R. StoneCharles C Wm. P. Beckwith. Dorchester	ountyLa Plata.	
John T. WhiteFrederick S. N. Young, Asst. Frederick	CountyFrederick. CountyFrederick.	
Ed. A. BrowningGarrett Co Charles T. WrightHarford (	CountyBelair.	
W. C. PhilnpsHoward O Milton MelvinKent Cou Earle B. WoodMontgome	ntyChestertown.	
Frederick Sasscer. P. George' B. J. GrimesQ. Anne's	s County, Upper Marlhoro.	
George W. JoySt. Mary's Wm. H. DashiellSomerset	CountyPrincess Anne.	
Nicholas OremTalbot Co John P. FocklerWashingto	untyEaston. n County. Hagerstown.	
W. J. HollowayWicomico E W. McMasterWorcester	CountySalisbury. CountyPocomoke City.	
The Governor, with the consent	of the Senate, appoints the Superin-	

tendent of Public Education for a term of four years from the first Monday in May (Ch. 466, 1902). The Superintendent appoints all officers in his office.

The State Board of Education is appointed by the Governor, with the consent of the Senate, as follows: Two biennially for a term of

six years from the first Monday in May next ensuing their appointment (Ch. 584, 1904). Two of the six appointed must be chosen from the political party which at the last election for Governor received next to the highest number of votes. Those six members, together with the Governor and the Superintendent of Public Education, constitute the State Board of Education.

#### ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE-Annapolis.

(All Terms Expire 1912.)

NAME.

POSTOFFICE.

Adjutant General,

Henry M. Warfield, Major General.....Baltimore. Assistant Adjutant General.

Harry M. Hutton, Colonel.....Baltimore. Assistant to Acting Quartermaster General,

John C. Marshall, Captain.....Baltimore.

Officer Designated by the War Department,

Wm. Baird, Captain U. S. A. (retired)...Annapolis. Clerk,

Benjamin C. Gott.....Annapolis.

Stenographer,

....

Miss Frances B. Wells.....Annapolis.

The Adjutant General is appointed by the Governor, with the consent of the Senate, and holds office during the term of the Governor. (Const., Art. 9, Sec. 2.)

The designation of an officer of the United States Army for duty in connection with the State Militia, is made by the War Department under an Act of Congress providing that any State having a regularly organized militia conforming to the Act of Congress, may, through its Governor, request the designation. The Assistant Adjutant General and the Acting Quartermaster General are appointed and commissioned by the Governor upon the recommendation of the Adjutant General. (Ch. 103, 1908.) The Adjutant General makes all other appointments.

#### SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS— Annapolis.

#### (All Terms Expire 1912.)

POSTOFFICE.

NAME.	FUSIOFFIC
Superintendent, Charles W. Haslup	Savage.
Assistant Superintendent, John R. Sullivan	Annapolis.
Assistant to Governor's Mansion, Ernest Duvall	Annapolis.
Chief Engineer and Electrician, Robert F. Ellers	Annapolis.
Day Watchmen, Arthur B. Burbage William B. McCready George W. Williams	Annapolis.

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.
Nlght Watchmen,	
Carl Brauns	
John R. Arnold	Annapolis.
Firemen,	
Albert Munday	Annapolis.
Frank Stinchcomb	
Coal Passers.	
Eugene League	Annanolis
Michael Hogan	
	1
Janitors,	
John Tarbuton	
George W. Saffield	
John King John Cornish	
John Cornish	Annapons.
Charwomen,	
Annie M. Trott	Annapolis.
Rebecca Freeman	
Margaret Carr	
Alice Cutchley Eliza Cannan	
Rose White	
	•

The Superintendent and all officers in hls department are appointed by the Governor. (Ch. 551, 1906.)

## COMMISSIONER OF THE LAND OFFICE-Annapolis.

(All Terms Explre 1912.)

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.
Commissioner, Thomas A. Smith	Ridgeley.
Chief Clerk, John F. O'Malley	Elk Ridge.
Assistant Clerks, Arthur Trader Jerome T. Hayman	
Index Clerks, Isaac S. Nutwell Delphos Price	
Special Index Clerk, Joshua D. Warfield	Brookville.

The Commissioner of the Land Office is appointed by the Governor, with the consent of the Senate, to hold office during the term of the Governor. The Commissioner appoints all officers in his office. (Constitution, Art. 7, Sec. 4.)

#### STATE LIBRARY—Annapolis.

#### (All Terms Expire 1912.)

NAME.

POSTOFFICE.

State Librarian,

Miss Lyun M. Shaffer.....Baltimore.

Custodian of Works of Reference, Mrs. Alice Tate Williams.....Annapolis.

#### Indexer and Cataloguer,

Edward G. Kenly.....Annapolis.

The State Librarian is appointed by the Governor, with the consent of the Senate, to hold office during the term of the Governor (Constitution, Art. 7, Sec. 3); the Custodian of Works and Reference is appointed by the Governor, with the consent of the Senate, for a term of two years (Ch. 50, 1906); the Indexer and Cataloguer is appointed by the Governor, with the consent of the Library Committee, for a term of two years (Ch. 271, 1900).

#### MARYLAND PUBLIC LIBRARY COMMISSION.

(Terms Expire 1912.)

NAME.

POSTOFFICE.

Governor appoints four, two of whom shall be women, who with the State Librarian, Superintendent of Public Instruction and Librarian of Enoch Pratt Free Library, constitute the Commission. Term two years. (Ch. 505, 1910.)

## AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

NAMES.	DISTRICT.		POSTO	FFICE.
Davld Seibert				
W. Lee Carey		1st Dist	. 1912	Berlin.
Charles A. Coun	cilman	.2nd Dist	1914	Glyndon.
Robert Crain		4th Dist	.1914	Baltimore.
Robert W. Wells	š <b></b> .	.5th Dist	.1916	Hyattsville.
John Hubert		3d Dist	. 1916	Baltimore.

Governor, with consent of Senate, appoints six members; two biennlally for a term of six years from the first day in February, who with the Governor, Comptroller, Treasurer, Attorney General, President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Delegates constitute the Board. ( P. G. L., Art. 77, Sec. 173.)

#### BANK COMMISSIONER,

Room 510, Union Trust Building, Baltimore.

J. Dukes Downes......Caroline County.

Appointed by the Board of Public Works for a term of two years from date of his commission. (Ch. 219, 1910.)

#### BLIND, MARYLAND WORKSHOP FOR.

(All Terms Expire 1912.)

#### NAME.

POSTOFFICE.

John R. Cary....Md. School for Blind. Baltimore. J. Walter Oster...Md. School for Blind. Baltimore. Arthur H. Jarrett. Governor.....Baltimore. Arthur G. Barrett. Governor.....Baltimore. Vacancy.....

Board cousists of five Trustees, three appointed by the Governor, with the consent of the Senate, and two elected by the Directors of the Maryland School for the Blind. Term two years from appointment.

#### BARBER EXAMINERS, STATE BOARD OF.

(Terms Expire 1912.)

NAME. POSTOFFICE. C. Henry Bischoff......Baltimore. Jno. E. DeMott.....Baltimore. A. C. Hoffman....Baltimore.

Governor appoints three for two years from appointment, one master barber and two journeyman barbers. (Ch. 226, 1904.)

#### CLAIMS, AGENT TO COLLECT.

NAME.

#### POSTOFFICE.

١

Gustav W. Ridgeley.....Baltimore.

The Governor appoints an Agent to collect the Maryland claims against the Government growing out of the furnishing and equipping of troops for the Spanish-American War. No term. (Ch. 443, 1900.)

#### CLAIMS, AGENT TO COLLECT.

The Governor appoints an Agent to collect the general claims of the State against the Government. (Ch. 296, 1900.)

#### DENTAL EXAMINERS, STATE BOARD OF.

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
Dr. M. Gist Sykes	Ellicott City	
Dr. P. Ernest Sasscer	La Plata	
Dr. T. B. Moore	Rising Sun	
Dr. H. A. Wilson	Baltimore	
Dr. Frederick F. Drew	Baltimore	
Dr. W. W. Dunbracco	Baltimore	

Governor appoints six; two biennially for a term of six years from the first Monday in May, from a list of nine practising dentists furnlshed by the Maryland State Dental Association. (P. G. L., Art. 32, Sec. 2.)

## COMMISSIONER OF MOTOR VEHICLES,

## Room 508, Union Trust Building, Baltimore.

John E. George......Queen Anne's County. Governor, with consent of Senate, appoints one for two years from the first Monday in May. (Ch. 207, 1910.)

## DEAF AND DUMB ASYLUM, BOARD OF VISITORS.

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.
John Black, President	Baltimore Clty.
Spencer C. Jones, Vice-President	Rockville.
H. Clay Naill, Secretary	Baltimore City.
Henry Williams	
Alexander D. frwin	Snow Hill.
F. Snoden Hill	Upper Marlboro.
Bernard C. Steiner	Baltimore City.
I. T. Costen	Pocomoke City.
W. T. P. Turpin	
William G. Baker	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Francis V. King	
D. Guy Thomas	
Albert Jones	
T. J. C. Williams	
Arthur Potts	
George W. Moore	
Steiner Schley	
James McNabb	
Palmer Tennant	
Mortimer D. Craspter	
John W. Bromwell	
J. Tyler Gray	
William B. Mobley	
George R. Dennis	
John K. Shaw, Jr.	
Jesse O. Snyder	
Lloyd Lowndes, Jr.	
Upton B. Brooke	
Sterling Galt	Emmitsburg.

Board consists of 30 members. Governor appoints to fill vacancies only. No term. (Ch. 247, 1867.)

#### BOARD OF EXAMINERS AND SUPERVISORS. (Electrical Commission.)

#### Room 512 Union Trust Building, Baltimore.

#### (All Terms Expire May, 1912.)

NAME.

POSTOFFICE.

Joseph B. Dreisch, for Electrical Contractors' Association...Baltimore J. Frank Eline, for Electrical Contractors' Association....Baltimore Arthur B. James, for Association of Fire Underwriters...Baltimore John S. Dobler, for Chief of Electrical Department.....Baltimore A. Petticord, Journeyman Electrician.....Baltimore.

The Board consists of five members appointed by the Governor for a term of two years, as follows: Two from nominations made by the Electrical Contractors' Association; one from nominations made by the Chief of the Municipal Electrical Inspectors of Baltimore; one from nominations made by the Association of Fire Underwriters of Baltimore City, and one a journeyman electrician. (Ch. 244, 1906.)

## EXAMINERS OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS.

(Terms Expire, Two in April, 1911; Two ln April, 1912, in Order Named.)

NAME.

POSTOFFICE.

F. G. Boyce, Jr....Accountant.....Baltimore. John A. Tompkins. Attorney.....Baltimore. E J. Cook.....Baltimore. Charles O. Hall...Accountant....Baltimore.

The Governor appoints four as follows. Two shall be certified accountants and two practicing attorneys; one accountant and one attorney to be appointed annually for a term of two years. (Ch. 719, 1900.)

#### FEEBLE-MINDED, BOARD OF VISITORS OF ASYLUM AND AND TRAINING SCHOOL FOR.

Institution at Owings Mills, Baltimore County.

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.
Julius H. Wayman	Baltimore City.
Henry King	Baltimore City.
Lemuel T. Appold	Baltimore City.
W. P. E. Wyse	. Pikesville.
H. Baynard Whiteley	Catonsville.
Benjamin Bissell	Bel Air.
Dr. Charles H. Hill	Arlington.
J. Clarence Lane	
Herman Stump	Belair.
Milton G. Urner	
Edward E. Goslin	
William H. H. Campbell	
C. Lyon Rogers, Jr.	
Thomas J. Ewell	
Joshua W. Herlng	
John S. Biddison	
Willlam D. Corse	

Board consists of seventeen members. Governor appoints to fill vacancles only. (Ch. 183, 1888.)

#### FARMERS' INSTITUTES, DEPARTMENT OF.

Address, Richard S. Hill, Upper Marlboro, Md.

## FIFTH REGIMENT ARMORY, BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

#### NAME.

POSTOFFICE.

Ex-officio Members,

Gov. Austin L. Crothers......Annapolis. Comptroller Wm. B. Clagett.....Upper Marlboro. Treasurer Murray Vandiver.....Havre de Grace. Attorney General Isaac Lobe Straus....Baltimore. Adjutant General Henry M. Warfield...Baltimore. Colonel C. Baker Clotworthy, 5th Regt..Baltimore. Major John Hinkley, 5th Regt.....Baltimore. Major Washington Bowie, Jr., 5th Regt. Baltimore. Major Lewis M. Rawlings, 5th Regt....Baltimore. John B. Ramsay.....Baltimore. Frank Markoe.....Baltimore. Fred. M. Colston.....Baltimore.

The Board consists of the Governor, Comptroller, Treasurer, Attorney General, Adjutant General, Colonel and three Majors of the Fifth Regiment, M. N. G., and three citizens appointed by the Governor for a term of four years. (Ch. 459, 1898.)

## FIRE MARSHAL, STATE.

## 507 Union Trust Building, Baltimore.

(Term Expires 1910.)

NAME.

POSTOFFICE.

Fire Marshal.

Thomas J. Ewell.....Walbrook.

#### Assistant,

Charles E. Hering...... Westminster.

The Governor, with consent of Senate, appoints one for a term of two years from the first Monday in May next ensuing his appointment. The Fire Marshal appoints his assistant. (Ch. 248, 1894.)

#### FISH COMMISSIONERS.

NAME.

POSTOFFICE.

Samuel J. Twilley. For Eastern Shore. Pocomoke City. John H. Wade.....For Western Shore. Boonsboro.

The Governor, with consent of Senate, appoints two for a term of two years from the first Monday in May. One for the Eastern Shore and one for the Western Shore. (P. G. L., Art. 39, Sec. 90.)

#### FORESTRY, STATE BOARD OF.

NAME.

#### POSTOFFICE.

The Board consists of the Governor, Comptroller, President of Johns Hopkins University, President of Maryland Agricultural College, State Geologist and two members appointed by the Governor for a term of two years. One of those appointed by the Governor shall be a practical lumberman and one known to interested in the advancement of forestry. (Ch. 294, 1906.)

## GAME WARDEN STATE.

## 506 Union Trust Building, Baltimore.

(Term Expires 1910.)

POSTOFFICE.

State Game Warden, Horace F. Harmonson.....Berlin.

Governor appoints one for a term of two years from April 10th. (Ch. 364, 1904.)

## GEOLOGICAL AND ECONOMIC SURVEY.

#### NAME.

NAME.

#### POSTOFFICE.

Commission.

Governor Austin L. Crothers...... Annapolis. Comptroller Wm. B. Clagett......Upper Marlboro. Pres. Ira Remsen, Johns H. Univ., Ex. Of.Baltimore. Pres. R. W. Sllvester, Md. Agri. Col., Sec.College Park.

#### Scientific Staff.

The Commission consists of the Governor, Comptroller, President of the Maryland Agricultural College and President of the Johns Hopkins University, who appoint a Geologist of established reputation. (Ch. 51, 1896.) (Ch. 129, 1898.)

The State Geological and Economic Survey is established for the purpose of examining the geological formations and mineral resources of the State of Maryland with reference to their economic products. And for the preparation of reports and maps illustrating the character and distribution of the mineral resources. It likewise carries on work in hydrography, forestry, terrestrial magnetism, and the mapping of the agricultural soils in co-operation with the National Government. The most important feature of this joint work is the preparation and publication of a topographic map of the State on the scale of 1 miles to 1 inch.

## HORTICULTURAL DEPARTMENT, STATE-College Park, Md.

NAME.

#### POSTOFFICE.

State Entomologist,

Prof. Thomas B. Symons.....College Park.

State Pathologist,

Prof. J. B. S. Norton.....College Park.

State Horticulturist,

Prof. C. L. Close.....College Park.

The State Horticultural Department is an adjunct of the Maryland Agricultural College, and has charge of the suppression and eradication of all plant diseases and insect pests.

The Department consists of a State Entomologist, a State Pathologist and a State Horticulturist, who shall be respectively the Professor of Entomology, the Professor of Pathology and the Professor of Horticulture of the Maryland Agricultural College. (Ch. 289, 1898.)

#### HEALTH, STATE BOARD OF.

No. 10 South Street, Baltimore.

NAME.

#### POSTOFFICE. TERM EXPIRES.

Dr. Howard Brattan	Elkton	1912
D. H. Thomas, Jr., Engineer	.Baltimore	.1912
Dr. William H. Welsh	.Baltimore	.1914
Dr. Lewis A. Griffith		

Dr. Marshall L. Price, Secretary, 10 South Street, Baltimore.

The Board consists of the Attorney General, Health Commissioner of Baltimore, a Secretary appointed by the Board and four members appointed by the Governor, with the consent of the Senate, two biennially for a term of four years from the first day in January. Of those appointed by the Governor, three shall be physicians and one a Civil Engineer. (P. G. L., Art. 43, Sec. 1.)

## HOME AND INFIRMARY OF WESTERN MARYLAND, CUMBERLAND. Directors.

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
James W. Thomas	Cumberland	
Robert Shriver	.Cumberland	
James A. Milholland	Cumberland	
Matthew H. Sloan	Cumberland	
George A. Rinehart	.Cumberland	
John B. Shannon	. Cumberland	
Simon Rosenbaum	. Cumberland	

Governor appoints seven for a term of two years from 1st Monday in May. (Ch. 319, 1892.)

## HORSESHOERS, EXAMINERS OF.

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.	TERM	EXPIRES.
Timothy Walsh	.Baltimore		1912
Harvey O. Baker, Journeyman	.Baltimore		1913
Henry Kershaw, Master	.Baltimore		1913
Dennis Hogan, Journeyman	. Baltimore		1914
Vacancy-Veterinarian			1914

The Board consists of five members appointed by the Governor for four years from the date of their appointment. One shall be a veterinarian, two master horseshoers and two journeyman horseshoers. (Ch. 491, 1898.)

## HOSPITAL FOR CONSUMPTIVES OF MARYLAND, BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
Jacob Epstein	Baltimore	
Thomas B. Gresham	Baltimore	
Charles M. Ellis	Elktou	
Joseph S. Ames	Baltimore	
Charles H. Conley	Adamstown	
Samuel C. Rowland	Baltimore	

Governor, with consent of Senate appoints two biennially for a term of six years from 1st Monday in May. (Ch. 429, 1906.)

## HOUSE OF CORRECTION, BOARD OF MANAGERS.

#### Located at Jessups, Md.

#### Ex-officio Members.

NAME.	POSTOFFICE. TER	M EXPIRES.
Governor Austin L. Crother	rsAnnapolis	
Comptroller Wm. B. Clage	tt Upper Marlboro	
Treasurer Murray Vandive	erHavre de Grace	1912
Atty. Gen. Isaac Lobe Stra	usBaltimore	

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
Charles A. Wells	Hyattsville	
Henry A. Osborn	Aberdeen	
Richard H. Collins		
George E. Nicholson	.Olney	
Thomas M. Purnell	.Berlin	
Harvey H. Mackey	Fair Hill	
Emerson R. Harrington	Cambridge	
Humphrey D. Wolf	. Jessups	
Thomas M. Bannon	. Ellicott City	

The Board consists of the Governor, Comptroller, Treasurer, Attorney General and nine members appointed by the Governor; three biennially for a term of six years from the first day in May. (P. G. L., Art. 27, Sec. 463.)

## HOUSE OF REFORMATION, BOARD OF MANAGERS.

Institution at Cheltenham, Prince George's County.

(Terms Expire 1911.)

NAME.		POSTOFFICE.
William M.	Isaac	Towson.
Vacancy		

Governor appoints two annually in the month of February. (P. G. L., Art. 27, Sec. 490.)

# HOUSE OF REFUGE, FEMALE, BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

Institution, Baker and Carey Streets, Baltimore.

(All Terms Expire 1912.)

POSTOFFICE.

William S. Forwood, Jr.	Belair.
T. H. Brayshaw	. Robinson.
Harry C. Willis	Chestertown.
J. F. H. Gorsuch	Fork.
William B. Baker	Aberdeen.
William B. Davis	.Cecilton.
Four vacancies.	

NAME.

Governor, with consent of Senate, appoints ten biennially in the month of January, all of whom shall be residents of the counties. (P. G. L., Art. 27, Sec. 530.)

## INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR COLORED GIRLS, BOARD OF MAN-AGERS. Located at Melvale, Md.

(All Terms Expire 1912.)

NAME.		POSTOFFICE.
Jno. P. T.	Mathias.	Frederick.
Vacancy		

Governor appoints two for a term of two years from the first Monday in May. (P. G. L., Art. 27, Sec. 535.)

#### INDUSTRIAL BUREAU.

## 100 Equitable Bnilding, Baltimore.

(Terms Expire 1912.)

(ICHIS MADIC ICH.)			
NAME.	POSTOFFICE.		
Chief of Bureau,			
Charles J. Fox.	Orangeville.		
Assistant.	0		
C. Francis Baughman	Frederick		
Clerk,	···· Frederica.		
- ,	Daltiman		
Frank Armiger	Bannmore.		
Stenographers,			
Miss Jennie V. Kenney	Baltimore.		
Inspectors,			
Michael T. Lindsay	Baltimore County.		
Mack Herzog	Baltimore County.		
Edwin Forest			
Hammond Dorsey			
George S. Mann			
John P. Evans			
William H. Hohn			
Mrs. Mary A. Richardson			

The Chief of the Burean of Statistics and Information Is appointed by the Governor, with the consent of the Senate, for a term of two years from the first Monday in May. The Chief appoints all clerks and employes in the Bnrean. (Ch. 29, 1892.)

The Chief of the Bureau appoints the two Inspectors, whose duties are to inspect the tenements, dwelling houses, factories, workshops, together with other duties prescribed by the Chief of Bureau. (Ch. 101, 1902.)

This Bureau is charged with the duty of collecting and classifying information relating to the industrial interests of the State and the needs of the same, and with the annual publication of the data so obtained.

This Burean is also charged with the duty of superintending the proper execution of the provisions of the Dorton Child Labor Law. (Ch. 192, 1906.)

## INSANE, MARYLAND HOSPITAL FOR, BOARD OF MANAGERS.

#### Catonsville.

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.	TERM	EXPIRES.
J. Charles Macgill	.Catonsville		1912
William II. Gorman	.Catonsville		1912
Robert Taylor	.Catonsville		1912
Henrý Vinsinger	.Elkton		1914
Arthur D. Foster	.Baltimore		1914
George Warfield	.Baltimore		1914
Gordon T. Atkinson	Crisfield		1916
Lawrason Riggs			
Thornton Rollins	. Baltimore		1916

Governor, with consent of Senate, appoints nine; three biennially for a term of six years from the first Monday in May. (P. G. L., Art. 44, Sec. 1.)

## INSANE, SPRINGFIELD STATE HOSPITAL, BOARD OF MAN-AGERS. Sykesville.

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.	TEBM EXPIRES.
John O. Wadlow	Freedom	
John Hubner	Catonsville	
William S. Evans		
Johnzie E. Beasman	Sykesville	
Frank Brown		
William H. Forsythe	Baltimore	

The Board consists of the Governor, Comptroller, Treasurer, exofficio members, and six others appointed by the Governor, with the consent of the Senate; two biennially for a term of six years from the first day in May. (P. G. L., Art. 44, Sec. 16.)

#### INSURANCE COMMISSIONER.

(Term Expires December, 1913)			
NAME.	POSTOFFICE.		
Commissioner, Emerson C. Harrington	Cambridge, Md.		
Deputy Commissioner, James E. Green	.Baltimore County.		
Examiner, Ira E. Crouse	.Carroll County.		
Actuary, Clayton C. Hall	.Baltimore Clty.		
Counsel, Arthur D. Foster	.Baltimore City.		
Clerks, S. Frank Miles Wilson L. Coudon			
Stenographer, John D. C. Duncan, Jr			
Messenger, Frank Kenny	.Baltlmore County.		

The Insurance Commissioner is appointed by the Board of Public Works for a term of four years from his qualification. The Commissioner appoints all officers in his department. (Ch. 700, 1900.)

#### IMMIGRATION, BUREAU OF.

319 North Charles Street, Baltimore.

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.
Superintendent,	
M. V. Brewington	Salisbury.
President.	
Benjamin Watkius	Davidsonville.
Commissioner,	
John K. Brown	Centreville.

ł

NAME.

#### POSTOFFICE

Secretary,

A. F. Trappe.....Baltimore

Stenographer,

NAME

A. N. Reinhart.....Baltimore.

Clerk,

James T. Shallcross.....Sassafras.

The Governor, with consent of Senate, appoints a President, a State Superintendent and a Commissioner of Immigration, for the term of two years from the first Monday in May. The Bureau appoints all other officers. (Ch. 382, 1908.)

The Bureau of Immigration is established for the purpose of encouraging beneficial immigration to the State. It is required to prepare and distribute maps, pamphlets and other printed matter per-taining to the resources of the State and the shipping and marketing facilities, an annual report of which is made to the Governor.

#### LUNACY COMMISSION, STATE.

#### 819 North Charles Street, Baltimore.

#### POSTOFFICE.

TERM EXPIRES.

TALE DE L'		
Dr. John D. Blake	Baltimore	
Dr. Henry M. Hurd	Baltimore	
Dr. Hugh H. Young	Baltimore	
Dr. Hugh H. Hung	Charloston	1014
Dr. R. Markley Black	Onarieston	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Dr. Arthur P. Harding, Secretary, 330 N. Charles st., Baltimore.

The Commission consists of the Attorney General and four members appointed by the Governor; one annually for a term of four years from the first Monday in May. Three of those appointed shall be residents of Baltimore City, two of whom shall be physiclans. (P. G. L., Art. 59, Secs. 13, 14, 15.)

The State Lunacy Commission has supervision over all institutions, public, corporate or private, in which insane persons are detained. The Secretary af the Commission, or one member thereof, is required at least once every six months to visit all institutions in the State, Including almshouses, jails, etc., where the insane are kept. This Commission makes an annual report to the Governor in the month of December.

## LIVESTOCK SANITARY BOARD.

#### 506 Unlon Trust Building, Baltimore.

(All Terms Expire 1912.)

#### NAME.

#### POSTOFFICE.

E. Gittings Merryman.....Cockeysville. Chas. W. Simpers..... Elkton. Wade H. D. Warfield, Secretary......Sykesville.

The Governor, with the consent of the Senate, appoints three for a term of two years, from the first Monday in May. (P. G. L., Art. 58.)

The State Livestock Sanitary Board is charged with the dutles of protecting the health of domestic animals from contagious and Infectlous diseases, and to maintain and enforce such quarantine, sanitary or other regulations as it may deem necessary.

## MARYLAND SCHOOL FOR BOYS, BOARD OF MANAGERS. (All Terms Expire February, 1911.)

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.
Randolph Bartin, Sr	Baltimore.
Harry E. Mann	Baltimore.
Edward H. Griffin	Baltimore.
Philip Watts	Baltimore county.

Governor appoints four annually in the month of February. (P. G. L., Art. 27, Sec. 511.)

#### MINE INSPECTOR FOR GARRETT AND ALLEGANY COUNTIES.

# NAME. POSTOFFICE. Inspector,

John H. Donahue......1910

TERM EXPIRES.

Governor, with consent of Senate, appoints one for two years from the date of his appointment. (Ch. 124, 1902.)

#### BOARD OF EXAMINING MOVING PICTURE MACHINE OPERATORS.

## Room 512, Union Trust Building, Baltimore.

Marion S. Pearce, for Building Inspector......Baltimore. George F. Gregory, Moving Picture Operator.....Baltimore. Crofton S. Whitter, for Fire Underwriter......Baltimore.

Governor appoints three—one for Board of Fire Underwriters, one for Building Inspector of Baltimore and one a moving picture machine operator—for a term of two years. (Cr. 693, 1910.)

#### MEDICAL EXAMINERS, STATE BOARD OF.

The practice of medicine in Maryland is regulated and applicants are examined by two Boards of Medical Examiners, each composed of eight members and appointed as follows: One Board by the Medical and Chirurgical Faculty of the State of Maryland, and one Board by the Marylaud State Homeopathic Medical Society of the State of Maryland. (P. G. L., Art. 43, Sec. 79.)

The Board representing the Medical and Chirurgical Faculty may be addressed at 847 Hamilton Terrace, Baltimore, Md., M. C. Noyes, Librarian.

The Board representing the Maryland State Homeopathic Medical Society may be addressed at 1122 N. Mount Street, Baltimore, Md.

#### NURSES, STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS OF.

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.	
Miss Mary C. Packard	Baltimore	
Miss Elizabeth C. Price Miss Mary E. Lent		
Miss Nannie J. Lackland		
Miss Marie Gorter		

The Governor appoints five members of this Board from a list of twelve members furnished by the Maryland State Association of Graduate Nurses, one for one year, two for two years and two for three years, and as these terms expire a successor is appointed from a list of five names, furnished the Governor as above, for a term of three years. All vacancles are filled by the Governor. (Ch. 172, 1904.)

It is the duty of this Board to examine all applicants for registration as "Registered Nurse," and if found competent, to issue the proper certificate.

## OYSTER INSPECTORS.

(All Terms Expire in 1912.)

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.
John Thomas Brady	Baltimore.
John W. Ringrose	Baltimore.
Charles Dobson	Baltimore.
Alexander Robertson	Baltimore.
John H. Branzell	Annapolis.
D. O. Seward	Cambridge.
Christopher Sterling	Crisfield.
W. F. Roberts	Nanticoke.

The Governor, at each session of the General Assembly, appoints four for the City of Baltimore, one for Cambridge, one for Annapolls, one for Oxford, one for Crisfield and one for Nanticoke. (Ch. 188, 1906.)

## PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

## Builders' Exchange, Baltimore.

Jas. W. Ambler, Chairman...Term expires 1916.....Baltimore. Joshua W. Hering......Term expires 1914.....Carroll Co. Philip D. Laird......Term expires 1912.....Montgomery Co. W. Cabell Brnce, Connsel.....Baltimore. Richard M. Duvall, Secretary.....Baltimore.

Governor appoints three, one of whom he designates Chairman; one for two, one for four and one for six years; and, as these terms expire, the successor is appointed for a term of six years. (Ch. 180, 1910.)

#### PENITENTIARY, BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
J. Hough Cottman	Baltlmore	
George H. Porter	BaltImore	
Frank A. Furst		
John H. Kimble		
John P. Stone		
Charles T. Crane		

The Governor, with consent of Senate, appoints slx, two biennially for six years from the first Monday in May. (P. G. L., Art. 27, Sec. 389.)

#### PHARMACY, STATE BOARD OF.

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
Dr. Louis Schulze	Baltimore	
William C. Powell	Snow Hill	
H. Lionel Meredith		
Ephraim Bacon		
David R. Millard		

The Governor appoints five, one annually for a term of five years. Two shall be residents of Baltimore City and three residents of the countles. (Ch. 179, 1902.)

## ST. MARY'S INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS, BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

#### (Terms Expire 1912.)

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.
John T. Daily	Towson.
Charles Stieff	Baltimore.
Robert D. Hopkins	Baltimore.
Robert B. Dixou	Easton.
F. F. Sullivan	

The Governor appoints five for two years from first Monday in May. (Ch. 35, 1908.)

## ROAD COMMISSION, STATE.

## Union Trust Building, Baltimore.

NAME. POSTOFFICE. John M. Tucker, President.....Elkton. Gov. Austin L. Crothers, ex officio....Annapolis. Dr. Ira Remsen.....Baltimore. Dr. Wm. Bullock Clark....Baltimore. Francis C. Hutton....Clopper. Samuel M. Shoemaker....Eccleston. E. E. Goslin, Secretary, Union Trust Building, Baltimore.

Governor appoints three and designates two from the Maryiand Geological and Economic Survey. (Ch. 141, 1908.)

AUXILIARY ROAD	COMMISSION. Cecil County.
NAME.	POSTOFFICE.
J. Polk Steele	Chesapeake City.
Albert T. McCreary	
	North East.
	Pleasant Hill.
(Ch. 738, 1908.)	

#### SHELL FISH COMMISSION.

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.
President.	
Walter J. Mitchell	Charles County.
Treasurer,	
Benjamin K. Green	Somerset County.
Secretary.	•
Caswell Grave	Baltimore County.
Hydrographic Engineers,	· · · · · ·
Swepson Earle	
Thomas H. Grave, First Assist	antBaltimore County
H. A. Marston, Second Assistan	atBaltimore City.
Chief Clerk.	·
J. D. Gardiner	Charles County.
Daniel Connell of D Direct Ann	

Daniel Carroll of P., First Assistant....Ilarford County.
Samuel A. Harper, Second Assistant....Talbot County.
F. Blanche Richardson, Stenographer....Anne Arundel County.

The Shell Fish Commission is appointed by the Board of Public Works for a term of two years from the first Monday in May. One must be a resident of one of the tidewater counties of the Eastern

Shore, one a resident of one of the tidewater counties of the Western Shore and one a resident of Baltimore City. The Commission appoints all officers in the office. (Ch. 711, 1906.)

Upon the request of the Governor of Maryland and under the authority of an Act of Congress, the Secretary of the Department of Commerce and Labor designated the following officers to co-operate with the Maryland Shell Fish Commission:

U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey, Capt. Charles C. Yates......Chief of Party. Frank W. Seth......Draftsman. John D. Torrey.....Draftsman.
G. C. Moore.....Draftsman.
Miss A. L. McCrone.....Stenographer.
U. S. Bureau of Fisheries, Dr. H. F. Moore.

#### STATE CONSERVATION COMMISSION.

Bernard N. Baker.....Baltimore City. William S. Powell......Ellicott City Charles H. Baughman.....Frederick.

Governor appoints three to report to General Assembly of 1912. (Ch. 238, 1910.)

#### STATE AID AND CHARITIES, BOARD OF.

#### (All Terms Expire 1910.)

#### NAME.

DOGROUNALON

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.
B. Abner Betts, President	Chewsville.
Joseph B. Harrington	Easton.
William J. McCrea	Baltimore.
Gustav Siegmund	Baltimore.
Philip Briscoe	Prince Frederick.
Dr. St. Clair Spruill	Baltimore.
Noble L. Mitchell	Belair.

Secretary to Board,

Lloyd Wilkinson, 505 Union Trust Building, Baltimore.

The Governor appoints seven members, two of whom shall be residents of the counties and not more than four of whom shall be eligible to reappointment to succeed themselves on the next Board. The term of office is two years from the first Monday in May. (Ch. 549, 1904.)

#### STATE RAILROAD DIRECTORS.

#### STATE FISHERY FORCE-Annapolis.

#### (All Terms Expire 1910.)

## COMMANDER.

## BOAT.

POSTOFFICE.

T. B. C. Howard...Thomas.....Cambridge.

Deputy Commanders,

Thos. W. Horney...Frolic......Ford's Store. Wm. C. Jackson....Coronet......Tilghman's Island. Owen W. Higgins... Eliza Hayward..... Neavitt. Harrison B. Dixon.Julia Hamilton..... Wm. C. Dean ...... Brown-Smlth-Jones .. Wingates. Wm. C. Dean......Brown-Smith-Jones...Wingates.
W. H. Bedsworth..Nellie Jackson.....Salisbury.
Jacob F. Tyler....Helen Baughman...Chance.
Wm. H. Sanders...May Brown.....Annapolis.
Edward N. Dixon..Dalsy Archer.....Galloway.
J. Thos. Bond, Jr..Folly......Holly Wood.
E. J. Plowden.....Bessie Jones.....Blackiston.
George C. Guyther. St. Mary's, St. George's Rivers and Smith's Greek. Piney Point.

Clerk to Commander,

William F. Johnson.....Annapolis.

Local Boats to do guard duty during the oyster season only.

James S. Tucker, local boat for Herring Bay. George W. Jackson, local boat for Tred-Avon River. George W. Collins, local boat for Choptank River. William T. Phillips, local boat for Honga River. John Stine, local boat for Wicomico River.

The State Fishery Force is appointed by the Board of Public Works. The Commander and Deputy Commanders of the regular boats are appointed for a term of two years. The Deputy Commanders for the local boats are appointed for the oyster season only. (Ch. 314, 1894; Ch. 380, 1900.) The State Fishery Force has charge of the enforcement of the

oyster laws of the State.

## TUBERCULOSIS SANITORIUM COMMISSION.

NAME.	N ON LOL LLOUDS	
Dr. H. Warren Buckler	Baltimore	
Dr. Charles H. Conley	Adamstown	
Henry Barton Jacobs	Baltimore	
Guy Steele	.Cambridge	
Samuel K. Dennis	Baltimore	
John Walter Smith	Snow Hill	
Chas. M. Ellis	Elkton	

Governor appoints six; two for two years, two for four years and two for six years from first Monday in May, 1906. Thereafter, two biennially for six years. Under Ch. 328, 1908, Governor appoints one additional.

#### TOBACCO INSPECTOR.

#### (Term Expires in March, 1912.)

#### POSTOFFICE.

POSTOFFICE.

POSTOFFICE.

### Inspector,

NAME

R. Lee Manning......Prince George's County.

Governor, with consent of Senate, appoints one for two years from first Monday in March. (Ch. 9, 1908.)

#### UNDERTAKERS, STATE BOARD OF.

#### (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

Charles F. Evans	Baltimore.
George W. Mowen	Baltimore.
Henry C. Wiedefeld	
Henry W. Mears	Baltimore.
George Schilling	Baltimore.
Edward E. Burns	Towson.
C. C. Carty	Frederick.

Governor, with consent of Senate, appoints seven, who with the Secretary of the State Board of Health and the Commissioner and Assistant Commissioner of Health of Baltimore City, constitute the Board. (Ch. 496, 1908.)

Five shall residents of Baltimore City and two of the Counties. Act does not apply to Worcester, Kent, Queen Anne's, Caroline, Allegany, Wicomico, Calvert, Dorchester, Washington, St. Mary's, Cecil. Prince George's, Harford, Charles and Garrett Counties.

## VACCINE AGENT, STATE.

#### (Terms Expire 1914.)

NAME.

Dr. William B. Burch.....Baltimore.

The Governor, with consent of the Senate, appoints one for a term of slx years from the first Monday in May. (P. G. L., Art. 43, Sec. 41.)

#### VETERINARY INSPECTOR, CHIEF.

#### (Terms Expire 1910.)

NAME.

#### Frank H. Mackle.....Baltlmore.

The Governor appoints one, whose term of office expires with that of the Governor. (P. G. L., Art. 58, Sec. 5.)

#### VETERINARY MEDICAL BOARD. STATE.

#### (Terms Expire 1910.)

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.
William H. MartenetBa	ltimore.
R. V. SmithFr	ederlck.
Charles R. BilesEl	kton.
Three vacancies.	

The Governor appoints five for four years from the first Monday in May. (P. G. L., Art. 43, Sec. 107.)

#### WEATHER SERVICE, STATE,

#### (Terms Expire 1912.)

NAME.

-

#### POSTOFFICE.

William Bullock Clark, Director ...... Baltimore. Wm. H. Alexander, Meterologist.....Baltimore. W. T. L. Taliaferro, Sec. and Treas.....College Park.

The Governor commissions a Director, designated by the Presl-dent of Johns Hopkins University; a Meteorologist, designated by the Chief of the U.S. Weather Bureau, and a Secretary and Treasurer, designated by the President of the Maryland Agricultural Col-lege, for a term of two years from the first Monday in May. (P. G. L., Art. 96A, Sec. 1.)

## MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSIONS.

#### WEIGHER OF TOMATOES. (Ch. 738, 1910.)

#### Centre Market, Baltimore.

Joseph K. Benson...... Anne Arundel County.

Governor appoints one. Salary, \$1,000, paid from fees of office.

#### FOURTH REGIMENT ARMORY COMMISSION

Frank BrownBaltimore	Oity.
Ferdinaud C. LatrobeBaltimore	City.
Theodore MarburgBaltimore	City.
Charles H. GrastyBeltimore	City.
Felix AgnusBaltimore	City.
John R. BlandBaltimore	City.

Board consists of Governor, Treasurer, Mayor of Baltimore, Presi-dents of First and Second Branch City Council of Baltimore, Adju-tant-General, Colonel and three Majors of Fourth Regiment, M. N. G.; President of the Merchants and Manufacturers' Association of Balti-more, President of the Travelers and Merchants' Association of Baltimore, President of the Old Town Merchants and Manufacturers' Association of Baltimore, and six citizens appointed by the Governor. Commission to report to the Governor and General Assembly of 1912. (Ch. 310, 1910.)

# COUNTY OFFICERS.

CLERKS OF COURTS are elected by the people, and hold office for slx years from the date of their election.

SHERIFFS are elected by the people and hold office for two years from the date of their election (except when otherwise provided by local law).

**REGISTER** OF WILLS are elected by the people and hold office for slx years from the date of their election.

STATE'S ATTORNEYS are elected by the people and hold office for four years from the date of their election.

SURVEYORS are elected by the people and hold office for two years from the first Monday in January next ensuing from their election.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS are elected by the people and hold office for two, four or six years from the date of their election. The exact terms being regulated by different local laws.

JUDGES OF ORPHANS' COURTS are elected by the people and hold office for four years from the time of their election.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE are appointed by the Governor, with the consent of the Senate, for a term of two years from the first Monday in May. Unlike other State officers, Justices of the Peace do not hold over until the appointment of their successors, but their jurisdiction ceases upon the expiration of their term. (Const., Art. IV, Sec. 42.)

The number of Justices in the counties and in Baltimore City ls fixed by Local Law, but Section 4 of Article 52, P. G. L., provides for the appointment of at least two Justices for new election districts in the counties, and for each additional ward in Baltimore City.

**POLICE** JUSTICES FOR BALTIMORE CITY, one for each station house and one at large, are selected by the Governor from the list of civil Justices appointed for the city and by him assigned to the several stations. (Act 1898, Ch. 123, Sec. 630.)

THE BOARDS OF SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS in the several counties and Baltimore City are appointed by the Governor, with the consent of the Senate, for a term of two years. Two members of each board shall always be selected, one from each of the two leading political parties of the State. In making these appointments the Governor is required to call upon the State Central Committees of the two leading political parties from each county and from Baltimore City for at least four names from among which to make a selection. Supervisors in Baltimore City receive a salary of fifteen hundred dollars and in the counties of one hundred and fifty dollars. Supervisors qualify before the Clerk of the Superior Court of Baltimore City and the Clerk of the Clorutic Courts in the counties. (1896, Ch. 202.)

NOTABLES PUBLIC are appointed for the several counties and Baltimore City by the Governor, with the consent of the Senate. They are required to be citizens of the United States, and to have resided in the State of Maryland for at least two years. The residence of the Notary is to be designated by the Governor in the commission. They hold office for a term of two years. The number of Notaries in the counties is not fixed by law, the Governor being authorized to appoint a number in his discretion. The number allowed in the City of Baltimore is two hundred and forty-five. Notaries bond in Baltimore City in the sum of six thousand dollars and in the counties in the sum of two thousand dollars.

SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS are appointed by the Governor, with the consent of the Senate, as follows: In the counties of Baltimore, Carroll, Frederick, Dorchester, Washington and Montgomery the Board consists of six members, and in the other counties of three. Onethird of each Board are appointed for two years, oue-third for four years and one-third for six years, and at the expiration of these terms of office the successor is appointed for six years, thus making one-third of each Board's members expire every two years. The Governor is also required to appoint one-third of each Board from the political party which at the last preceding election for Governor polled next to the highest number of votes in the State, thus securing minority representation on each Board. (Ch. 353, 1906.)

## ALLEGANY COUNTY.

Court Terms—Jury, first Monday in January, second Monday in April and October. Non-jury, first Thursday in July.

Orphans' Court Days-Every Tuesday and Friday.

#### ELECTED OFFICERS.

NAME.	OFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
David A. Robb		
John W. Young	Clerk Circuit Cou	rt1913
Harvey W. Shuck	Register of Wills.	
Noah Hendley	Sheriff	
John L. Wellington		
Lloyd Durst	County Commissio	ner1911
Jno. P. Schellhaus	Couuty Commissio	oner1911
Adam Lebeck	County Commission	oner1911
Angus Ireland	Clerk to County C	ommis'ers1913
P. D. Gettendanner, Sr. (C	(hief) Judge Orphans' C	ourt
John N. M. Brandler	Judge Orphans' C	ourt1911
William Close	Judge Orphans' C	ourt
Benjamin F. Middleton.		
Charles M. Baker		
John A. Stegmaier		
G. Clinton Uhl		
William Harvey		

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Joseph A. Gonder	.Cumberland	.Cumberland.
Simeon Wilson	Cumberland	.Cumberland.
William C. Korns	.Cumberland	.Cumberland.
Jacob B. Humbird	.Cumberland	.Cumberland.
Jno. J. Dressman	.Cumberland	.Cumberland.
Edward Cresap	.7th	. Rawlings.
John O. Hanley		Westernport.
Leonard T. Cross	.8th	McCoole.
William Birmingham		
Cornelius S. Murphy	10th	Lonaconing.
John Chambers	11th	.Lonaconing.
Joseph G. Smith	.13th	Mt. Savage.
Albert M. Uhl	13th	Mt. Savage.
James Finn	.17th	.Vale Summlt.
John P. Cavanaugh	.18th	. Midland.
Chas. V. Stains	.20th	.Ellerslie.
Edward J. Decker		
Perry Wiemer	24th	.Frostburg.
Michael McGoye	27th	. Gilmore.

#### NOTARIES PUBLIC.

## (All Terms Explre In May, 1912.)

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.
Miss Clara Laughlin	Cumberland.
Miss Nellie Brady	Cumberland.
Miss Nellie P. Clark	Cumberland.
Alvin F. Getty	Cumberland.
Charles E. Metz	Cumberland.
Joseph H. Lippold	Cumberland.
Frank A. Perdew	Cumberland.
George A. Seibert	Cumberland.
Fraucis S. Deekens	Cumberland.
George O. Cook	Cumberland.
Joseph White	Cumberland.
John R. Warfield	Cumberland.
John E. Zilch	Cumberland.
Gerard Everstine	Cumberland.
Miss Madeline Geare	Cumberland.
Miss Donna Tilghman	Cumberland.
Miss Gertrude Robinette	Cumberland,
Miss Nellie Kean	Cumberland.
George L. Eppler	Cumberland.
William P. Sullivan	Frostburg.
G. Dud Hocking	Frostburg.
M. B. Tyler	Frostburg.
John E. Price	Frostburg.
Henry Mayer	Frostburg.
James R. Anderson	Lonaconing.
Patrick A. Laughlin	Westernport.
Frank C. Ort	Mldland.
John Neder	Mt. Savage.
Lawrence Fannon	Mt. Savage.
Patrick H. Gallagher, Jr	Barton.
William B. Bradley	Lonaconing
John Barnard	Westernport.

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## SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS.

## (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.
Harry E. WeberDemocratic	. Cumberland.
James P. Carroll	Midland.
Richard J. Bruce Republican	.Cumberland.

## SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

# (Terms Expire in May, 1912; May, 1914, and May, 1916.)

J. Mai	rshall Price	Frostburg.
James	W. Thomas	Cumberland
Harry	Irvine	Cumberland.

## SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT.

(Appointed by School Commissioners.)

A. C. Willison.....Cumberland.

#### CORONER.

## (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

Franklin P. Beall.....Cumberland.

## ANNE ARUNDEL COUNTY.

## COUNTY SEAT-ANNAPOLIS.

Court Terms—Jury, third Monday in April and October. Non-jury, third Monday in January and July. Orphans' Court Days—Every Tuesday.

#### ELECTED OFFICERS.

NAME.	OFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
Nicholas H. Green	State's Attorney	1019
George wens	Clerk Circuit Con	101E
Benjamin R. Davidson	Register of Wills	1011
Frank S. Revell.	Sheriff	1011
Alton R. Arnold	Treasuror	
Joshua S. Linthicum	Treasurer-elect	
William T. Wells	County Commission	·····1914
John DeP. Douw	County Commission	
James S. Smith	County Commission	лег
Addison Pumphrey	County Commission	
John E. Pettebone	County Commission	ner
Julian M. Beard	County Commissio	ner
John H. Wayson	County Commissio	mer
Henry A. Tydings	Judge Ornhand' G	ouer
James Cusack.	Judge Orphans G	Surt (Chier).1911
William M. Abbott	Tudge Orphans' Co	Jurt
J. Carson Boush	Sumoron	ourt
or carbon boush	···· Surveyor ·····	$\dots \dots 1912$

## OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOB.

## JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

## (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

NAMES.	DISTRICT.	POSTOFFICE.
Edgar Shepherd	1st	West River.
		Davidsonville.
Wm. E. Kunst	1st	South River.
Henry F. Hinburg		
E. Fletcher Joyce		
William D. K. Lee	2d (Police	Justice) Annapolis.
		Annapolis Junction.
Lester L. Disney		
Sweetser Linthicum.		
Columbus R. Warfiel		
		Glen Burnie.
John E. Potee		
Samnel V. Clark		
John N. Davis		
Jno. B. Wells		
John T. Hall		
Richard T. Estep		
Wilson T. Weems		
William F. Owens		
Thomas Leitch	8th	Friendship.

## NOTARIES PUBLIC.

## (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

Miss Nannie S. Stockett	Annapolis.
George J. Gephart	Annapolis.
Miss Bertie A. Baldwin	Annapolis.
James A. Walton,	Annapolis.
Bernard Wiegand	Annapolis.
Miss Elizabeth A. Rehn	
J. Roland Brady	
Arthur B. Wheatley	
Miss Hester Johnson	
Miss Eva M. Clarke	Annapolis.
Miss Sarah E. Walley	Annapolis.
Seth Hance Linthicum	
Robert O. Wilkinson	
Samnel P. Chew	
Miss Cora W. Anderson	
Wm. N. Crisp	Brooklyn.
Miss Fannie M. Livelly	
E. Waggaman	
Miss Clara C. Russell	Annapolis.
Miss Elizabeth E. Munford	Annapolis.
John S. Strayborn	Annapolis.
Murray C. Sanerwein	Annapolis.

## SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

## (Terms Expire in May, 1912; May, 1914, and May, 1916.)

William S. Crisp	Brooklyn.
George T. Melvin	Annapolls.
Robert Murray	Cumberstone.

#### SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT.

#### (Appointed by School Commissioners.)

## Samuel Garner.....Annapolis.

#### SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS.

## (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

 NAME.
 POSTOFFICE.

 Joseph H. Bellis......Democratic.....Annapolis.
 Frank L. Hancock.....

 Frank L. Hancock.....
 South Baltimore.

 Chas. H. Russell of J..Republican.....Annapolis.
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## BALTIMORE CITY.

Court Terms—Circuit Court and Circuit Court No. 2, second Monday in January, March, May, July, September and November. Criminal, Superior, Common Pleas and City Courts, second Monday in January, May and September. Orphans' Court days, daily.

#### ELECTED OFFICERS.

NAME.	OFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
Albert S. J. Owens	State's Attorney	7
Stephen C. Little	Clerk Superior	Court
Adam Deupert	Clerk Court of (	Common Pleas.1915
George C. Lindsay		
Sam W. Pattison		
William M. Carson	Clerk Circuit Co	ourt
John Pleasauts	Clerk Circuit Co	ourt No. 21913
Howard W. Jackson	Register of Wil	ls
John J. Hanson		
Myer J. Block		
Harry C. Gaither		
William M. Dunn		
William O. Atwood		

#### OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR.

AUCTIONEERS.

## (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

Wm. H. Gahan	7 East Lexington Street.
George A. Bryant	416 North Howard Street.
James King	805 East Fayette Street.
William T. Larkins	
F. B. Miller	210 Hanover Street.
E. T. Newell	221 North Calvert Street.
Joseph B. Nyburg	21 North Leberty Street.
Sam W. Pattison	7 East Lexington Street.
Charles F. Schultz	521 North Eutaw Street.
Joseph Di Giorgio	Calvert Building.
S. Burns Ratcliffe	1506 McCulloh Street.
Solomon A. Schwaab	601 Fidelity Building.

#### JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

#### (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

Governor, with consent of Senate appoints one for each of the twenty-four wards; six at large for each of the four legislative districts and forty-eight at large for the city, making a total of ninetysix justices.

At Large for First Legislative District—

At Large for Second Legislative District-

Robert H. Carr	.1906 Park Avenue.
Paul Joliannsen	.811 Gaither Building
William J. Llewellyn	.1223 North Broadway
George W. Manly	.1610 Hollins Street
R. W. Mobray	.502 Law Building
William H. Watson	.712 Jefferson Street.

At Large for Third Legislative District-

At Large for Fourth Legislative District-

William	Zahrendt	219 North Carrollton Avenue.	
Louis W	V. Rahe	1007 York Road,	
Wm. C.	Keyser	505 Frederick Avenue.	

At Large for Entire City-

Philip A. Boss.....1026 North Monroe Street. Samuel W. Cox..... Henry T. Daly.....1 Girard Avenue. John C. Distler......245 South Broadway. Clarence E. Emory..... William Emory...... 1223 North Calhoun Street. Wm. B. Hammond...... 1527 North Caroline Street. George Reck......514 North Parkin Street. Francis M. Richardson...... 312 South Gilmor Street. Randolph R. Warfield ...... 208 Courtland Street.

#### POLICE JUSTICES.

From the list of Justices of the Peace appointed by the Governor, he selects and designates one for each Police Station and one at large, as Police Justices.

Northern Station, Corner Cedar and Second Avenues, Justice J. McKenny White.

#### Western Station, Pine Street, near Lexington Street, Justice Daniel J. Loden.

Southern Station, Corner Ostend and Patapsco Streets, Justice James W. Lewis.

Eastern Station, Corner Bank and Bethel Streets, Justice James T. O'Neill.

Northwestern Station, Corner Pennsylvania Avenue and Lambert St., Justice Alva H. Tyson.

Central Station, East Saratoga Street, near Charles, Justice Eugene E. Grannan.

Northeastern Statiou, Corner Ashland Avenue and Durham street, Justice William Llewellyn.

Southwestern Station, Corner Calhoun and Pratt Streets,

Justice Edward S. Stanley, May, 1910, and alternating months. Justice Robert W. Beach, June, 1910, and alternating months.

At Large for City,

Justice Robert H. Carr, May, 1910, and alternating months. Justice Paul Johannsen, June, 1910, aud alternating months.

## NOTABLES PUBLIC.

## (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

Governor, with consent of Senate, appoints two hundred and fortyfive, thirty-two of whom may be women.

Bannon, Frances T	.28 Builders' Exchange Building
Barrett, Florence	. 105 Marine Bank Building
Barron, Lizzie S	
Blondel, Teresa M	. 22 St Paul Street
Bowers, Rose C	43 South Arlington Avonuo
Collins, Josephine M	400 Law Building
Farson, Jennie	
Fay, M. Estelle	2517 West North Agonuo
Fisher, Miunie	1603 East Baltimore Street
Fitzberger, A. Marie	2909 East Baltimore Street.
Frick, Kathcrine G	Fidelity Building
Frink, Louisa	75 Gunthov Building
Fuuk, Mamie S	1997 Madison Ayonyo
Fusting, Caroline M	616 Lannoy Street
High, Ethel	Mawland Loon Company
Hollenberry, Lula F	211 Coithey Building
Johnson, Lillie L.	1400 Munthe Avenue
Katzner, Anna	1097 McCullab Street
Keiner, Madeline M	.1921 MICCUIION Street.
Kuhn, Zella	700 Monstand floor to the
Leimbach, Gertrude	Strongo Brothers
Lockard, Bertha A	212 Comptioned Storest
Lohmuller, Bessie C.	1008 Damla Street.
Long C Edna	2700 Dank Street.
Long, C. Edna	715 Fouritable Decidity
Magraw, Mary M Millington, Mary M	228 St Dort Stread
Osing Blancho E	522 Dest Threat I Gu
Osing, Blanche E	511 Sauth Freed, Street.
Ott, Emma C	1911 William A
Pendergast, Margaret A	1602 Gariant Avenue.
Reed, Mary C	2104 Fast Off
Reifner, Elsie	.2404 East Onver Street.
Robinson, Julia B	. 110 Continental Trust Building.
Sauerhoff, Elizabeth	201 East Montgomery Street.
Sullivan, Gertrude	. 521 East Glase Street.
Wimmer, Mary M	508 Union Thread D 112
Weems, Elizabeth W	. 508 Union Trust Building.
Adams, Howard D.	708 Law Deilding.
Addison, A. Merrill	. 128 Law Building.

Albrecht, Chester A.....1943 West Pratt Street. Axtell, Fred S..... Fidelity Building. Berry, James W...... 2058 Woodberry Avenue. Bradford, Augustus W..... Lexington and Courtland Streets. Buck, Samuel D...... 100 Hopkins Place. Burkhart, Charles L ..... 618 Cumberland Street. Chestnut, Calvin G......220 Law Building. 

 Corning, A. J.
 404 South Entaw Street.

 Coulter. George A.
 741 Equitable Building.

 Curry, Walter A.
 106 North Entaw Street.

 Fardy, John T..... 1128 Mosher Street.

Finley. William N...... 9 East Lexington Street. Geiss, Frederick W...... 2 North Fremont Avenue. Gerbig, Robert H.....14 South Pulaski Street. Goldsborough, Harry P., Jr..... Traders Bank. Greenbaum, Simon......Baltimore and Carey Streets. Hall, William T...... Mar-Del Mobile Company. Harlan, James T.....1112 Bolton Street. Haulenbeek, George W......Baltimore and Ohio Building. Hewes, John W...... 2 Abell Building. Hill, Edward P..... Continental Building. Hooper, John R.....Commonwealth Bank. Hutchins, Charles L..... Commercial and Farmers Bank. 

 Irelan, Edwin C.
 American Bonding Company.

 Jamison, C. Elmer.
 307 Law Building.

 Jarzy, Thomas F.
 712 South Wolfe Street.

 Johnson, James F.
 914 Equitable Building.

 Jones, R. Elsworth.
 1808 North Mount Street.

 lerlein, Louis C......Baltimore and North Streets. Klock, Leslie A...... 12 East Twenty-first Street. Knight, Rodgers O......1201 Calvert Building. Leitch. Stephen W..... Lindsey, Harry M...... 1003 West North Avenue. Luber, Michael..... 1000 North Patterson Park Ave. Luddington, Dwight M......602 Law Building. McBridge, William J.....10 South Street. 

Masson, Paul.....Stewart Building Mattingly, George L.....11 East Lexington Street. Neuschaefer, John F...... Maryland Casualty Company. 

 Nossel, Joseph T.
 1010 West Fayette Street.

 O'Ferrall, Alfred J.
 1725 Hollins Street.

 Odend'hal, Lucien T.
 227 St. Paul Street.

 Olmstead, Walter G.
 227 St. Paul Street.

 Olmstead, Walter G.
 225 Law Building.

 Orth, Charles E.
 225 Law Building.

 Owens, Hcrbert H.
 Farmers and Mechanics Bank.

 Pairo, William H.
 206 Pennsylvania Avenue.

 Dariter Glubart H.
 206 North Use Street.

 Panitz, Gilbert H...... 206 North High Street. Parker, Herbert J...... 707 Americau Building. 

 Quigley, Charles II.
 Gaither Building.

 Raap, J. Louis.
 508 Fidelity Building.

 Raleigh, William H. H.
 511 Gaither Building.

 Ralston, David H.
 Baltimore Trust and Guar. Co.

 Ramey, Frank F.
 Baltimore Trust and Guar. Co.

 Rasin, W. Preston.
 19 East Saratoga Street.

 Reinhart, D. J.
 S11 North Calvert Street.

 Reisenweber, D. F.
 537 North Chester Street.

 Ridgely, Gustave W.
 201 St. Paul Street.

 Roberts, Miltou.
 Light and German Streets.

 Robinson, E. Walter
 308 Equitable Building.

 Santry, Jere......1413 Myrtle Avenue. Shutz, William L.... 

Smith, George H.211 North Schroeder Street.Smith, John R.213 Courtland Street.Spillman, WilliamGerman Savings Bank.Stanford, John H.609 Calvert Building.Stearns, Howard.713 North Carey Street.Sullivan, J. CarrollLaw Building.Sullivan, Felix R.23 South Street.Taylor, George E.306 East Lexington Street.Thomas, Douglas.Merchants Trust and Deposit Co.Thomas, H. H.810 Equitable Building.Thomas, James B.14 East Lexington Street.Toulson, Edward.323 West Biddle Street.Tuck, Philemon H.207 North Calvert Street.Tyson, Curtis O.643 Calvert Building.Warner, John F.1517 East Lafayctte Avenue.Webb, Armistead M.209 St. Paul Street.
Spillman, WilliamGerman Savings Bank.Stanford, John H.609 Calvert Building.Stearns, Howard713 North Carey Street.Sullivan, J. CarrollLaw Building.Sullivan, Felix R.23 South Street.Taylor, George E.306 East Lexington Street.Taylor, William S., Jr.19 East Saratoga Street.Thomas, Douglas.Merchants Trust and Deposit Co.Thomas, H. H.810 Equitable Building.Thomas, James B.14 East Lexington Street.Toulson, Edward323 West Biddle Street.Tuck, Philemon H.207 North Calvert Street.Tyson, Curtis O.643 Calvert Building.Warner, John F.1517 East Lafayctte Avenue.Webb, Armistead M.209 St. Paul Street.
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Stearns, Howard
Sullivan, J. Carroll.       Law Building.         Sullivan, Felix R.       23 South Street.         Taylor, George E.       306 East Lexington Street.         Taylor, William S., Jr.       19 East Saratoga Street.         Thomas, Douglas.       Merchants Trust and Deposit Co.         Thomas, H. H.       810 Equitable Building.         Thomas, Joseph H.       415 Continental Building.         Thomas, James B.       14 East Lexington Street.         Thomson, Wilbur S.       10 East Fayette Street.         Toulson, Edward.       323 West Biddle Street.         Tyson, Curtis O.       643 Calvert Building.         Warner, John F.       1517 East Lafayctte Avenue.         Webb, Armistead M.       209 St. Paul Street.
Sullivan, Felix R.23 South Street.Taylor, George E.306 East Lexington Street.Taylor, William S., Jr.19 East Saratoga Street.Thomas, Douglas.Merchants Trust and Deposit Co.Thomas, H. H.810 Equitable Building.Thomas, Joseph H.415 Continental Building.Thomas, James B.14 East Lexington Street.Thompson, Wilbur S.10 East Fayette Street.Toulson, Edward.223 West Biddle Street.Tuck, Philemon H.207 North Calvert Street.Tyson, Curtis O.643 Calvert Building.Warner, John F.1517 East Lafayette Avenue.Webb, Armistead M.209 St. Paul Street.
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Thompson, Wilbur S
Toulson, Edward
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Tuck, Philemon H
Tyson, Curtis O
Warner, John F 1517 East Lafayctte Avenue. Webb, Armistead M 209 St. Paul Street.
Webb, Armistead M 209 St. Paul Street.
Webb, R. LegareWest Arlington.
Welsh, Patrick R
Wertzer, Lee J
Wilbur, Albert
Williams, T. Bayard
Wilson, Harvey H Consolidation Coal Co.
Wolfenden, Arthur T
Wrenn, Marshall M

#### CORONERS.

#### All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

Governor, with consent of Senate, appoints one for each Police Station of the city and one at large. Term two years from the first Monday iu May.

Dr. Ronald T. Abercrombie, At Large4 E. Preston St.
Dr. Silas Baldwin, Northwestern
Dr. Herbert C. Blakc, Southwestern 1014 W. Lafayette Ave.
Dr. Frederick Caruthers, Northeastern2229 E. Baltimore St.
Dr. G. Milton Linthicum, Northern
Dr. Patrick F. Martin, Western1002 W. Lafayette Ave.
Dr. Otto M. Reinhardt, Southern1017 S. Charles St.
Dr. William T. Riley, Central1639 N. Broadway.
Dr. Thomas H. Sudler, Eastern

## JUDGE OF THE JUVENILE COURT.

## (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

## SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS.

## Office, Courthouse.

## (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

Governor, with consent of Senate, appoints three, one from the minority party, for a term of two years from the first Monday in May.

Charles H. Carter, Democrat
Max Ways 1819 St. Paul St.
Harry W. Nice, Republican115 N. Carey St.

# STATE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF PRACTICAL PLUMBING.

(All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

Governor appoints five for two years from first Monday in May. Three shall be skilled plnmbers; the Commissioner of Health of Baltimore and one member of the State Board of Health.

INSPECTORS OF HAY AND STRAW.

#### (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

Governor, with consent of Senate, appoints four for two years from first Monday in May.

LIQUOR LICENSE COMMISSIONERS.

#### (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

Governor, with consent of Senate appoints three, one shall be from the minority party.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS OF STATIONARY ENGINEERS.

(Terms Expire May, 1912.)

Governor appoints two.

BOILER INSPECTORS.

(Terms Expire May, 1912.)

Governor appoints two.

#### POLICE COMMISSIONERS.

(All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

Governor, with consent of Senate, appoints three. One shall be from the minority party.

#### POLICE EXAMINERS.

#### (All Ternts Expire in May, 1912.)

Governor, with sent of Senate, appoints three. One shall be from the minority party.

## MEASURER OF WOODCARTS.

## (Terms Expire May, 1912.)

James B. Stafford.....101 Jackson Place.

#### STATE WHARFINGER.

(Terms Expire May, 1912.)

Governor, with consent of Senate, appoints one.

## BALTIMORE COUNTY.

## COUNTY SEAT-TOWSON.

Court Terms—Jury, first Monday in March, third Monday In May, third Monday in September, first Monday in December. Orphans' Court days, every Tuesday and Wednesday.

## ELECTED OFFICERS.

NAME.		TERM EXPIRES.
Robert H. Bussey	State's Attorney.	
William P. Cole	Clerk Circuit Cou	1rt
John E. Bolte	Register of Wills	
Nicholas B. Merryman	Treasurer	
James Rittenhouse	Sheriff	
Charles L. Mattfeldt	County Commissi	oner <b>1</b> 911
Henry P. Mann	County Commissi	oner
William Byerly	County Commissi	oner
Melchoir Hoshall	Judge Orphans' (	ourt (Chief), 1911
Emory C. Tracey	Judge Orphans' (	ourt
Horatio S. Piersol	Judge Orphans' (	ourt
Frederick D. Dollenberg, Jr.	Surveyor	

## OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR. JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

## (Terms Expire May, 1912.)

NAMES. DISTRICT.	POSTOFFICE.
Henry B. Whiteley1st	Catonsville.
Edward B. McDonald1st	Ellicott City
August C. Luers1st	Dickeysville
Fred. L. Pakendorf1st	Catonsville
Harry C. Gartside2d	Woodlawn
William E. Fite2d	Roslyn
John T. Isaac2d	Granita
Lloyd N. Randall2d	North Bronch
Richard A. Bevan3d	A mington
Theodore E. Salter3d	Dilrogrillo
H Holliday Emich 2d	Anlington
H. Holliday Emich3d	Arington.
Andrew Ensor	Mt. Washington.
John H. Beckley4th	Reisterstown.
J. Smith Orrick4th	Glyndon.
Samuel H. Brown4th	Woodensburg.
J. Albert Slate 4th	Reisterstown.
John T. Thompson5th	Mt. Carmel.
Noah F. Jackson5th	Mt. Carınel.

NAMES. DISTRICT.	POSTOFFICE.
David M. 'mompson5th	
John H. Copenhaver6th	. Freeland.
Samuel S. Miller6th L. M. B. Williams6th	. Freeland.
William E. Anderson7th	. Freeland.
Edward C. Hawkins7th	. White Hall.
John W. Hicks7th	- Farkton. Horoford
Alfred A. Sparks7th	
John D. C. DuncanSth	
Francis A. Gemmill8th	Cockeysville
Wm. H. Kone8th	Toyag
Joseph W. Shanklin 9th	Towson
John J. Timanus9th	
Thomas J. Hunter9th	Towson
George J. Holland9th	
Jas. K. P. Wilkinson9th	
George Guetler9th	. Roland Park.
George Trent 10th	Phoenix, R. F. D.
Patrick Bradley11th	Lorely.
Charles J. Francis11th	
John F. Mumma11th	.Gittings.
James H. Burton 11th	Upper Falls.
Frank J. Grettner11th	Fullerton, R.F. D.
David A. Thompson12th (Police Justice	) Canton.
Townley R. Wolfe12th	
Henry J. Mueller12th	Canton.
Robert C. Clark13th (Police Justice	
August W. Miller13th (Police Justice	) Mt. Winans.
Ernest C. Suitner14th	. Raspeburg.
J. Harman Schone14th	. Gardenville.
George A. Klein14th	
Fred'k W. Glauth14th	
Joseph Blair	
James F. Gibson15th James Gilmore15th.	. Chase.
John Gittman15th	Poggwillo
William H. Haut15th	Rossville
Edw. J. Herman 15th	
Herbert W. Stone 15th	Snarrows Point
	partons ronta.

## NOTARIES PUBLIC.

# (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

Miss Nellie Silberstein	. Towsou.
Mrs. C. Marley Hipsley	. Towson.
Miss Laura M. Platt.	. Catonsville.
Miss Elizabeth A. Parker	. Roland Park.
James Kelley	. Towson.
Arthur W. Robson	. Catonsville.
William L. Shriver	.Reisterstown.
George Ward	.Owings Mills.
Peter Mulcahey	.Cockeysville.
O. Parker Baker	Roland Park
Jacob S. Parr	. Govanstown.
Madison E. Lloyd	Govanstown.
Harry Snyder	.Highlandtown.
Miss Ella Brown	. Canton.
J. Thomas Miller	. Parkton.
John I. Rowe	. Roland Park.
W. Carroll Van Horn	. Towson.
Clarence W. Bradfield	. Hamilton.

Titus L. Mason	<u> </u>
	.Orangeville.
Edward A. Pfisterer	.Highlandtown.
John H. Filler	. Highlandtown.
Francis E. Sparks William V. Hummel	.Corbett.
William V. Hummel	.Sparrows Point.
Jacob H. Kraft	Pikesville.
Lennox B. Clemens	Covenstown
Carlela Dantar	Dikogvillo
Carlyle Barton	. I IKesville.
William H. Herzog	. Govanstown.
Frank M. Barrett	.Arlington.
T. Spence Creney	Roland Park.
Ernest C. Hatch	Towson.
J. Marsh Matthews	Dulany's Valley.
C. Walter Carnan	Roland Park.
T LoPow Honking	Govenstown
J. LeRoy Hopkins Frank C. Purdum	Hemilton
Frank C. Furdum	Deland Denk
William W. Cloud	"Roland Fark.
John F. Oyeman	Raspourg.
Miss Callie E. Lassahn	.Fullerton.
Wm. F. O'Mara	, Halethorpe.
Wm. O. Pierson	Catonsville.
Jno. J. Schlaffer	Highlandtown.
Jno. F. Wiley	White Hall
Jno. C. Halbert.	Porry Hall
	Demohrun
E. E. Billingsley	Raspeburg.
Chas. W. Miller	Raspeburg.
Wm. W. Gibson	Hamilton.
J. Raymond Davis	Hamilton.
J. Clark Kelley	Highlandtown.
Edwin R. Stringer W. W. White	Glyndon.
W W White	. Catousville.
Edward L. Bash	Windsor Hall
Richard H. Edes.	Aulington
Tauna T. Mallac	Polend Deviz
Harry J. McFee	, Roland Park.
Harry J. McFee Robert L. Phillips	. Roland Park. Arlington.
Harry J. McFee Robert L. Phillips Wm. D. Itzel	. Roland Park. Arlington. . Halethorpe.
Harry J. McFee Robert L. Phillips Wm. D. Itzel wm. F. Ogilby	. Roland Park. Arlington. . Halethorpe. . Westport.
Harry J. McFee Robert L. Phillips Wm. D. Itzel wm. F. Ogilby	. Roland Park. Arlington. . Halethorpe. . Westport.
Harry J. McFee. Robert L. Phillips. Win. D. Itzel. Win. F. Ogilby. Wm. A. Miller.	Roland Park. Arlington. Halethorpe. Westport. Raspeburg.
Harry J. McFee. Robert L. Phillips. Wm. D. Itzel. Wm. F. Ogilby. Wm. A. Miller. SUPERVISORS OF ELECTION	. Roland Park. Arlington. . Halethorpe. . Westport. . Raspeburg. ons.
Harry J. McFee. Robert L. Phillips. Wm. D. Itzel. Wm. F. Ogilby. Wm. A. Miller. SUPERVISORS OF ELECTI- (All Terms Expire in May	. Roland Park. Arlington. Halethorpe. Westport. . Raspeburg. ons. , 1912.)
Harry J. McFee. Robert L. Phillips. Wm. D. Itzel. Wm. F. Ogilby. Wm. A. Miller. SUPERVISORS OF ELECTI- (All Terms Expire in May	. Roland Park. Arlington. Halethorpe. Westport. . Raspeburg. ons. , 1912.)
Harry J. McFee Robert L. Phillips Wm. D. Itzel Wm. F. Ogilby Wm. A. Miller SUPERVISORS OF ELECTI- (All Terms Expire in May Charles H. WiseDemocratic	Roland Park. Arlington. Halethorpe. Westport. Raspeburg. ons. , 1912.) White Hall. Pikesville.
Harry J. McFee Robert L. Phillips Wm. D. Itzel Wm. F. Ogilby Wm. A. Miller SUPERVISORS OF ELECTI- (All Terms Expire in May Charles H. WiseDemocratic	Roland Park. Arlington. Halethorpe. Westport. Raspeburg. ons. , 1912.) White Hall. Pikesville.
Harry J. McFee. Robert L. Phillips Wm. D. Itzel. Wm. F. Ogilby. Wm. A. Miller. SUPERVISORS OF ELECTI- (All Terms Expire in May Charles H. WiseDemocratic Wm. F. Coghlan Jarrett N. Zimmerman.Republican	Roland Park. Arlington. Halethorpe. Westport. Raspeburg. ons. 1912.) White Hall. Pikesville. Arlington.
Harry J. McFee. Robert L. Phillips	Roland Park. Arlington. Halethorpe. Westport. Raspeburg. ons. 1912.) White Hall. Pikcsville. Arlington.
Harry J. McFee. Robert L. Phillips	Roland Park. Arlington. Halethorpe. Westport. Raspeburg. ons. 1912.) White Hall. Pikcsville. Arlington.
Harry J. McFee. Robert L. Phillips Wm. D. Itzel. Wm. A. Miller. SUPERVISORS OF ELECTH (All Terms Expire in May Charles H. WiseDemocratic Wm. F. Coghlan Jarrett N. Zimmerman.Republican School Commissionez (Terms Expire—Two in May, 1912; Two in May, 1916, in the Order N	Roland Park. Arlington. Halethorpe. Westport. Raspeburg. ons. 1912.) White Hall. Pikcsville. Arlington. ss. May, 1914, and Two in amed.)
Harry J. McFee. Robert L. Phillips Wm. D. Itzel. Wm. A. Miller. SUPERVISORS OF ELECTH (All Terms Expire in May Charles H. WiseDemocratic Wm. F. Coghlan Jarrett N. Zimmerman.Republican School Commissionez (Terms Expire—Two in May, 1912; Two in May, 1916, in the Order N	Roland Park. Arlington. Halethorpe. Westport. Raspeburg. ons. 1912.) White Hall. Pikcsville. Arlington. ss. May, 1914, and Two in amed.)
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Harry J. McFee. Robert L. Phillips Wm. D. Itzel. Wm. F. Ogilby. Wm. A. Miller. SUPERVISORS OF ELECTI- (All Terms Expire in May Charles H. WiseDemocratic. Wm. F. Coghlan Jarrett N. Zimmerman.Republican SCHOOL COMMISSIONED (Terms Expire—Two in May, 1912; Two in May, 1916, in the Order N Thomas B. Todd. G. Herbert Rice.	Roland Park. Arlington. Halethorpe. Westport. Raspeburg. ons. 1912.) White Hall. Pikesville. Arlington. as. May, 1914, and Two in amed.) North Point. Catonsville.
Harry J. McFee. Robert L. Phillips Wm. D. Itzel Wm. F. Ogilby. Wm. A. Miller. SUPERVISORS OF ELECTI- (All Terms Expire in May Charles H. WiseDemocratic. Wm. F. Coghlan Jarrett N. Zimmerman.Republican. SCHOOL COMMISSIONEI (Terms Expire—Two in May, 1912; Two in May, 1916, in the Order N Thomas B. Todd. G. Herbert Rice John Arthur.	Roland Park. Arlington. Halethorpe. Westport. Raspeburg. ons. 1912.) White Hall. Pikesville. Arlington. Rs. May, 1914, and Two in amed.) North Point. Catonsville. Fork.
Harry J. McFee. Robert L. Phillips	Roland Park. Arlington. Halethorpe. Westport. Raspeburg. ons. 1912.) White Hall. Pikcsville. Arlington. ss. May, 1914, and Two in amed.) .North Point. .Catonsville. .Fork. .Stevenson.
Harry J. McFee. Robert L. Phillips. Wm. D. Itzel. Wm. F. Ogilby. Wm. A. Miller. SUPERVISORS OF ELECTH (All Terms Expire in May Charles H. WiseDemocratic. Wm. F. Coghlan Jarrett N. Zimmerman.Republican. School Commissionen (Terms Expire—Two in May, 1912; Two in May, 1916, in the Order N Thomas B. Todd. G. Herbert Rice John Arthur. Samuel M. Shoemaker. Frank G. Scott.	Roland Park. Arlington. Halethorpe. Westport. Raspeburg. ons. 1912.) White Hall. Pikcsville. Arlington. S. May, 1914, and Two in amed.) North Point. Catonsville. Fork. Stevenson. Cockeysville.
Harry J. McFee. Robert L. Phillips	Roland Park. Arlington. Halethorpe. Westport. Raspeburg. ons. 1912.) White Hall. Pikcsville. Arlington. S. May, 1914, and Two in amed.) North Point. Catonsville. Fork. Stevenson. Cockeysville.
Harry J. McFee. Robert L. Phillips Wm. D. Itzel Wm. F. Ogilby Wm. A. Miller. SUPERVISORS OF ELECTI- (All Terms Expire in May Charles H. WiseDemocratic. Wm. F. Coghlan Jarrett N. Zimmerman.Republican. Jarrett N. Zimmerman.Republican. (Terms Expire—Two in May, 1912; Two in May, 1916, in the Order N Thomas B. Todd. G. Herbert Rice John Arthur. Samuel M. Shoemaker. Frank G. Scott. Reister Russell.	Roland Park. Arlington. Halethorpe. Westport. Raspeburg. ons. (1912.) White Hall. Pikcsville. Arlington. S. May, 1914, and Two in amed.) North Point. Catonsville. Fork. Stevenson. Cockeysville. Reisterstown.
Harry J. McFee. Robert L. Phillips. Wm. D. Itzel. Wm. A. Ogiby. Wm. A. Miller. SUPERVISORS OF ELECTH (All Terms Expire in May Charles H. WiseDemocratic Wm. F. Coghlan Jarrett N. Zimmerman.Republican Jarrett N. Zimmerman.Republican (Terms Expire—Two in May, 1912; Two in May, 1916, in the Order N Thomas B. Todd. G. Herbert Rice John Arthur. Samuel M. Shoemaker. Frank G. Scott. Reister Russell. SCHOOL SUPERINTENDE	Roland Park. Arlington. Halethorpe. Westport. Raspeburg. ons. 1912.) White Hall. Pikesville. Arlington. s. May, 1914, and Two in amed.) North Point. Catonsville. Fork. Stevenson. Cockeysville. Reisterstown.
Harry J. McFee. Robert L. Phillips. Wm. D. Itzel. Wm. F. Ogilby. Wm. A. Miller. SUPERVISORS OF ELECTI- (All Terms Expire in May Charles H. WiseDemocratic. Wm. F. Coghlan Jarrett N. Zimmerman.Republican Jarrett N. Zimmerman.Republican Green Expire—Two in May, 1912; Two in May, 1916, in the Order N Thomas B. Todd. G. Herbert Rice John Arthur. Samuel M. Shoemaker. Frank G. Scott. Reister Russell. SCHOOL SUPERINTENDE (Appointed by School Commi	Roland Park. Arlington. Halethorpe. Westport. Raspeburg. ons. 1912.) White Hall. Pikesville. Arlington. as. May, 1914, and Two in amed.) North Point. Catonsville. Fork. Stevenson. Cockeysville. Reisterstown. NT. ssioners.)
Harry J. McFee. Robert L. Phillips. Wm. D. Itzel. Wm. A. Ogiby. Wm. A. Miller. SUPERVISORS OF ELECTH (All Terms Expire in May Charles H. WiseDemocratic. Wm. F. Coghlan Jarrett N. Zimmerman.Republican. Jarrett N. Zimmerman.Republican. (Terms Expire—Two in May, 1912; Two in May, 1916, in the Order N Thomas B. Todd. G. Herbert Rice. John Arthur. Samuel M. Shoemaker. Frank G. Scott. Reister Russell. SCHOOL SUPERINTENDE (Appointed by School Commi	Roland Park. Arlington. Halethorpe. Westport. Raspeburg. ons. 1912.) White Hall. Pikesville. Arlington. as. May, 1914, and Two in amed.) North Point. Catonsville. Fork. Stevenson. Cockeysville. Reisterstown. NT. ssioners.)
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Harry J. McFee. Robert L. Phillips. Wm. D. Itzel. Wm. F. Ogilby. Wm. A. Miller. SUPERVISORS OF ELECTI- (All Terms Expire in May Charles H. WiseDemocratic. Wm. F. Coghlan Jarrett N. Zimmerman.Republican. Jarrett N. Zimmerman.Republican. (Terms Expire—Two in May, 1912; Two in May, 1916, in the Order N Thomas B. Todd. G. Herbert Rice. John Arthur. Samuel M. Shoemaker. Frank G. Scott. Reister Russell. SCHOOL SUPERINTENDE (Appointed by School Commin Albert S. Cook. CORONER.	Roland Park. Arlington. Halethorpe. Westport. Raspeburg. ons. 1912.) White Hall. Pikesville. Arlington. R. May, 1914, and Two in amed.) North Point. Catonsville. Fork. Stevenson. Cockeysville. Reisterstown. Nr. ssioners.) Towson.
Harry J. McFee. Robert L. Phillips. Wm. D. Itzel. Wm. A. Ogilby. Wm. A. Miller. SUPERVISORS OF ELECTI- (All Terms Expire in May Charles H. WiseDemocratic. Wm. F. Coghlan Jarrett N. Zimmerman.Republican Jarrett N. Zimmerman.Republican Jarrett N. Zimmerman.Republican Groot Commissionel (Terms Expire—Two in May, 1912; Two in May, 1916, in the Order N Thomas B. Todd. G. Herbert Rice John Arthur. Samuel M. Shoemaker. Frank G. Scott. Reister Russell. School SUPERINTENDE (Appointed by School Commi Albert S. Cook. CORONER. Dr. Wright S. Sudler.	Roland Park. Arlington. Halethorpe. Westport. Raspeburg. ons. 1912.) White Hall. Pikesville. Arlington. R. May, 1914, and Two in amed.) North Point. Catonsville. Fork. Stevenson. Cockeysville. Reisterstown. Nr. ssioners.) Towson.
Harry J. McFee. Robert L. Phillips. Wm. D. Itzel. Wm. F. Ogilby. Wm. A. Miller. SUPERVISORS OF ELECTI- (All Terms Expire in May Charles H. WiseDemocratic. Wm. F. Coghlan Jarrett N. Zimmerman.Republican. Jarrett N. Zimmerman.Republican. (Terms Expire—Two in May, 1912; Two in May, 1916, in the Order N Thomas B. Todd. G. Herbert Rice. John Arthur. Samuel M. Shoemaker. Frank G. Scott. Reister Russell. SCHOOL SUPERINTENDE (Appointed by School Commin Albert S. Cook. CORONER.	Roland Park. Arlington. Halethorpe. Westport. Raspeburg. ons. 1912.) White Hall. Pikesville. Arlington. R. May, 1914, and Two in amed.) North Point. Catonsville. Fork. Stevenson. Cockeysville. Reisterstown. Nr. ssioners.) Towson.

## CALVERT COUNTY.

#### COUNTY SEAT-PRINCE FREDERICK.

Court Terms—Jury, first Monday in May and second Monday in November. Nou-jury, first Monday in July and February. Orphans' Court days, second and fourth Tuesdays of each month.

#### ELECTED OFFICERS.

NAME.	OFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
J. Frank Parran	State's Attorney	
George W. Dowell	Clerk Circuit Court	t
Arthur A. Harkness	Register of Wills	
James T. Gurdizer	Sheriff	
James C. Chaney		
August E. Birkhead		
Alexander B. Duke		
Joseph J. Gibson		
James A. Gott		
Langley B. Denton	Judge Orphans' Cou	rt1911
Joseph S. Sunderland		
James G. O'Neill		
Nathan D. Sollers		
C. B. Plummer	Road Commissioner	

#### OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR.

## JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

#### (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

NAMES.	DISTRICT.	· POSTOFFICE.
Basil A. Duke	1st	Broom's Island.
William H. Files	<b>1</b> st	
John M. Gott	1st	
Latimer Ireland	1st	Port Republic.
Richard E. Humph	ries.1st	Mutual.
William W. Duke	2d	Prince Frederick.
Wm. B. Stafford	2d	Bowen's.
Geo. D. Essex, Jr.	2d	Willow's.
		Lower Marlboro.
Stephen G. Bowen.	3d	
John E. Donald	3d	Chesapeake Beach.

#### NOTARIES PUBLIC.

# (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

William	H.	Helen	Solomon's.
Obadiah	L.	Kiug	Prince Frederick.

#### SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS.

John	Turner	Democratic	Sollers.
Wm.	A. Greierson.		Huntington.
Philip	H. Jones	Republican	Chaney.

#### SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

(Terms Expire in May, 1912; May, 1914, and May, 1916.)

NAME. POSTOFFICE. William F. Robinson.....Boston. A. S. Leathering, Jr.....Lusby's. Charles G. Spicknall.....Marlboro.

#### SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT.

#### (Appointed by School Commissioners.)

J. Briscoe Bunting......Prince Frederick.

## CAROLINE COUNTY.

### COUNTY SEAT-DENTON.

Court Terms—Jury, first Monday in April and October. Non-Jury, second Monday in January and fourth Monday in June. Orphans' Court days, second Tuesday in February, April, June, August, October and December.

#### ELECTED OFFICERS.

· NAME.	OFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
Elmer W. Deen	State's Attorney.	
J. Kemp Stevens	Clerk Circuit Con	urt1915
Robert J. Jump	Register of Wills	
Thomas L. Chaffinch	Sheriff	
Joseph H. Carroll	Treasurer	
William J. Wright	County Commiss	ioner1911
Wesley Jarrell	County Commiss	ioner1913
Owen C. Garey	County Commiss	ioner1915
J. Olan Clark	Judge Orphans' (	Court (Chief).1911
Edward W. Liden	Judge Orphans' (	Court
Isaac T. Fleetwood	Judge Orphans' (	Court
Richard J. S. Bullock	Surveyor	

OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR.

#### JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

William L. Cooper	1st	. Goldsboro.
William G. Smith		
E. H. Maloy	.2d	. Greensboro.
Z. Potter Steele	.3d	. Denton.
Charles B. Harrison	4th	.Preston.
Jehu T. Blades	4th	. Choptank.
Edward F. Davis	5th	. Federalsburg.
Joseph P. Patchett	.5th	. Federalsburg.
George C. Sherwood	6th	. Goldsboro.
Henry Wilkinson	7th	Ridgely.
Thomas J. Daffin	.8th	. Federalsburg.

## NOTARIES PUBLIC.

(All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.
L. Irving Jones	Greensboro.
Alda P. Whitby	
Charles W. Jefferson	
William T. Temple	Ridgely.
G. Lawrence Wilson	Hillsboro.

SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS.

#### (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

James T. Sylvester....Democratic......Denton. Bayard Nichols....... Harry B. Mason.....Republican.....Denton.

#### SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

(Terms Expire in May, 1912; May, 1914, and May, 1916.)

John E. Wilson.....Denton. Albert W. Sisk.....Preston. Harry A. Roe....Denton.

#### SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT.

(Appointed by School Commissioners.)

Edward M. Noble.....Denton.

## CARROLL COUNTY.

#### COUNTY SEAT-WESTMINSTER.

Court Terms—Jury, second Monday in February, May and November. Non-jury, second Monday in August. Orphans' Court days, every Monday and Tuesday.

#### ELECTED OFFICERS.

NAME.	OFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
John N. Reifsnider	State's Attorney	
Oscar D. Gilbert	Clerk Circuit Court	
William Arthur	Register of Wills	
Oliver E. Dodrer	Treasurer	
Benjamin D. Kemper	Sheriff	
George W. Brown		
John S. Fink	County Commission	ner1913
Benjamin F. Stansbury	County Commission	ner1915
John E. Eckenrode	.Judge Orphans' Co	urt(Chlef).1911
Robert N. Koontz	Judge Orphans' Con	urt
William L. Richards	Judge Orphans' Con	nrt 1911
M. Theodore Yeiser	Surveyor	

## OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR.

#### JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

# (All Terms Expire in May, 1910.)

NAMES.	DISTRICT.	POSTOFFICE.
John H. Diffendal	1st	Taneytown.
Norman B. Hagen	1st	Taneytown.
Jesse F. Billmeyer	2d	Uniontown.
Jacob W. Lippy	3đ	Westminster.
		Patapsco.
		Gamber.
		East View.
		Sykesville.
		Woodbine.
Robt. H. H. Shipley		
		Manchester.
		Lineboro.
		Westminster.
		Westminster.
		Hampstead.
		Hampstead.
Louis A. Koontz		
		Sams Creek.
		Double Pipe Creek.
		New Windsor.
		Watersville.
L. H. Gosnell	1400	Woodbine.

## NOTARIES PUBLIC.

# (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

Mlss Sadie G. Masenheimer	Manchester.
J. William Fleming	Woodbine.
N. H. Baumgartner	.Westminster.
George H. Armacost	Westminster.
Byron S. Dorsey	Mt. Alry.
Frank J. Shriner	.Union Bridge.
Calvln E. Bankert	Union Bridge.
George A. Arnold	Taneytown.
J. Fred. Waesche	.Sykesville.
J. Win Snader	New Windsor.
Milton A. Zollickoffer	Union Town.
Preston W. Snyder	Hampstead.

## SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS.

Henry S. MusselmanDemocratic	Manchester.
John M. Roberts	Westminster.
William WoodRepublican	Union Bridge.

# SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

(Terms Expire—Two in May, 1912; Two in May, 1914, and Two in May, 1916, in Order Named.)

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.
Jocab H. Blocher	Alesia
Peter Buchman	Hampstoad
John O. Devries	Freedom
William E. Gaver	Mt Airw
Levi D. Kced.	Tapeytown
Theo. F. Englar	. Westminster.

#### SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT.

(Appointed by School Commissioners.)

S. Simpson......Westminster.

## CECIL COUNTY.

# COUNTY SEAT-ELKTON.

Court Terms—Jury, first Monday in March, third Monday in June, third Monday in September, and second Monday in December. Orphans' Court days, second Tuesday in each mouth.

#### ELECTED OFFICERS.

NAME.	OFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
Aibert Constable	State's Attorney	1019
Cech Kirk	Clerk Circuit Court	10.5
Thomas B. Miller		1015
James W. MCAInster	Sheriff	1011
Edward K. Taylor	Treasurer	1019
John H. Terrell	Assistant Treasurer	1019
John F. Pierce	County Commissione	n 1011
william H. Desnane	County Commissione	1011
irving G. Grimth	County Commissione	r 1019
william H. Simcoe	Judge Orphans' Com	et (Chiaf) 1011
Richard B. Merritt	Judge Ornhans' Com	nt 1011
Thomas S. Miller	Indge Orphans' Com	rt 1011
Alfred B. McVey	Surveyor	1019
•		••••••••••

OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR.

# JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

NAMES.	DISTRICT.	POSTOFFICE.
William J. Duhamel.	1st	····· Earleville.
George G. Morgan.	1st	Cecilton
Powell F. Johns	1st	Warwick
wm. S. Byers	2d	Chesanealza City
william T. Bouldin.	3d	Elkton
Henry H. Gilpin	3d	Elkton
Joseph S. Scarboroug	h4th	·····Pleasant Hill

NAMES.	DISTRICT.	POSTOFFICE.
Thomas B. Cranmer	•••••5th •••••••	North East.
Isaiah Blddle	5th	North East.
Samuel A. Taylor.	6th	Rising Sun.
George T. Harwood	7th	Port Deposit.
Charles W. Ward.	7th	Perryville.
Thomas H. Cummin	ngsSth	Pilot.
Edwin M. Kirk	9th	Calvert.

## NOTARIES PUBLIC.

#### (All Terms Expire in May, 1910.)

John A. Morgan	.Elkton.
John W. Anthony	.Elkton.
Mrs. Annie E. Jenkins	Rising Sun.
Henry J. Effing	.Rising Sun.
Alonzo A. Barry	Port Deposit.
John W. Hudson	.Chesapeake Clty.
Walter Blackwell	.North East.
E. B. Fockler	. North East.
John M. Dunbar	.Elkton.
Branch H. Patton	

#### SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS.

## (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

J. Polk Steele	RepublicanElkton.	
Victor R. Bennett	DemocraticElkton.	
Vacancy.		

## SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

(Terms Expire in May, 1912; May, 1914, and May, 1916.)

George A. Blake	Elkton.
George O. Garey	North East.
John H. Jeness	
George A. Blake	Elkton.

#### SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT.

#### (Appointed by School Commissioners.)

George Biddle.....Elkton.

#### DUCKING POLICE.

#### (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

James MurphyCharlestov	wn.
Charles R. Ullary, Jr Charlestov	vn.
John W. Quinn Providence	
James Clay Elk Neck.	

#### CORONER.

#### (Term Expires in May, 1912.)

J. Frank Frazer.....Elkton.

#### ROAD ENGINEER.

Roger B. Irwin......Elkton

## CHARLES COUNTY.

# COUNTY SEAT-LA PLATA.

Court Terms-Jury, third Monday in May and November. Nonjury, third Monday in February and July. Orphans' Court days, first and third Tuesdays in each month.

#### ELECTED OFFICERS.

NAME.	OFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
Ferdinand C. Cooksey.	State's Attorney	
	Clerk Circuit Cour	
Philip E. Sasscer	Register of Wills	
Alexander Haislip	Sheriff	
F. Brooks Matthews	Treasurer	
William T. McPherson.	County Commission	ner1911
J. Percival Ryon	County Commission	ner1911
Marcena C. S. Gray	County Commision	er1913
George A. Carpenter	County Commission	ner1915
Bernard M. Mudd	County Commission	ner <b>1915</b>
Josias Hawkins	Judge Orphans' Con	urt (Chief).1911
Walter H. Gray	Judge Orphans' Con	urt
Edward Berry	Judge Orphans' Con	ırt1911
Peter W. Kendrick	Surveyor	

OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR.

#### JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

#### (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

NAMES.	DISTRICT.	POSTOFFICE.
Henry G. Roberts	on1st	La Plata.
Thomas Higdon		Pisgah.
George M. Carpen	ter2d	Pisgah.
Francis E. Dunnin	ngton.3d	Doncaster.
H. Cox Nevitt	4th	Bel Alton.
B. H. Mattingly	4th	Newport.
John B. Norris	5th	Wayside.
John R. Sinclair.	5th	Rock Point.
Willie R. Hamilton	n6th	Waldorf.
Wm. B. Billingsley	76th	Pomfort.
Bernard W. Down	s7th	Pomonkey.
Richard T. Knott.		Indian Head.
Frederick L. Dent	8th	Bryantown.
John L. Wolfe	8th	Bryantown.
M. T. Johnson	9th	Benedict.

#### NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Jesse M. H	erbert	Hughesville.
J. Mitchell	Cochrane	La Plata.

# SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS. (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

NAME.		POSTOFFICE.
John E. Stone	Democratic	Faulkner
John W. Miller		Pisgah.
J. Wirt Wilmer	Ropublican	I isgail.
or mile million	mepublican	La Plata.

# SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

# (Terms Expire in May, 1912; May, 1914, and May, 1916.)

P. Preston	WilliamsDoncaster.	
Thomas L.	Higdon Wayside.	
Wm. W. K	eechDubois.	

## SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT.

# (Appointed by School Commissioners.)

Michael R. Stone.....La Plata.

## DORCHESTER COUNTY.

# COUNTY SEAT-CAMBRIDGE.

Court Terms—Jnry, fonrth Monday in April, second Monday in November. Non-jury, fourth Monday in Jannary and July. Orphans' Court days, every Tuesday.

# ELECTED OFFICERS.

NAME.		TERM EXPIRES
William N. Andrews	State's Attorney	1019
W. Lake Robinson	Clerk Circuit Court	1015
Russell P. Smith	Register of Wills	1015
Alfred M. Brinsfield	Sheriff	1011
W. Hamilton Spedden	Treasurer	1014
Samuel E. LeCompte	County Commissione	······································
Eugene Crocheron	County Commission	1011
Albert Webb	County Commissione	1019
Isaac O. Taylor	County Commissione	1015
John M. Richardson	County Commissione	n 1015
G. Warren Mnndy	Judge Ornhaus' Cont	(Chiof) = 1011
Millard M. Kirby	Judge Orphans' Com	t (Offer).1911
William L. Rhodes	Judge Orphans' Com	+ 1011
James T. Robinson,	Surveyor	1010
	Bulveyor	· · · · · · · · · 1912

# OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR.

## JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

# (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

NAMES. DISTRICT.	POSTOFFICE.
Wilbur M. Smith1st	Ford
T. W. Wheatley1st	Ford
Charles W. Meyer2d	E New Markat
william J. Abdell	E New Markot
Benjamin W. Holland. 2d.	Secretary
E. D. Lord	Vienna
William Corkran3d	Vienna
Thos. W. Stapleforte4th	Taylor's Island
wm. J. Cusick	Lakesville
S. D. Webster	Lakesville

NAMES.	DISTRICT.	POSTOFFICÉ.
Oscar Aaron	6th	Hoopersville.
		Hoopers Island.
William Hurlock	7th	Cambridge.
James R. D. Collins.	7th	Cambridge.
William R. Shenton	7th	Cambridge.
		Cambridge.
		Cornersviile.
John R. Jester	9th	Church Creek.
J. N. A. Todd	10th	Straits.
		Elliotts.
James H. Lord	$\dots 12$ th $\dots$	East New Market.
Anthony Vincent	14th	Linkwood.
Columbus J. Wadde	ll15th	Hurlock.
Robert L. Hastings.	15th	Hurlock.
John W. Maguire	16th	Woolford.
William H. P. Brya	n16th	

#### NOTARIES PUBLIC.

# (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

Clayton W. McAllister	. Cambridge.
C. Guy Le Compte	. Cambridge.
L. Philip Skinner	. Cambridge.
Earle W. Orem	. Cambridge.
Clarence L. Saxton	.E. New Market.
Frank P. Corkran	.Hurlock.
Raymond C. Harper	.Hurlock.
W. F. Applegarth, Jr	. Garden Hill.
A. M. Hurst	.Vienna.
T. A. Hackett	

#### SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS.

#### (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

John Mace	.Democratic	Cambridge.
Charles B. Cator		Taylors Island.
A. S. Marine	Republican	Cambridge.

# SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

(Terms Expire—Two in May, 1912; Two in May, 1914, and Two in May, 1914, In Order Named.)

B. F. Johnson	Hurlock.
James N. Sherman	Bucktown.
John G. Mills	Cambridge.
Daniel B. Prettyman	Taylors Island.
J. Halliday Murphy	Drawbridge.
Wm. F. Jones	Bishop's Head.

## SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT.

#### (Appointed by School Commissioners.)

William P. Beckwith.....Cambridge.

# FREDERICK COUNTY.

#### COUNTY' SEAT-FREDERICK.

Court Terms—Jury, first Monday in February and September and second Monday in December. Non-jury, second Monday in May. Orphans' Court days, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday in each week and daily during sittings of court.

#### ELECTED OFFICERS.

NAME.	OFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
Arthur D. Willard	State's Attorney	1912
Harry W. Bowers	Register of Wills.	
Samuel D. Thomas		
William G. Grimes		
Daniel Z. Padgett	Treasurer	<b>19</b> 12
Lincoln G. Dinterman	County Commissio	ner1913
Charles W. Johnson		
Charles W. Zimmerman	County Commissio	ner1913
William H. Hogarth	County Commissio	ner1911
J. Stewart Annan	County Commission	ner1911
William H. Pearre	Judge Orphans' Co	urt (Chieť).1911
George H. Whitmore	Judge Orphans' Co	urt1911
John E. Phleeger	Judge Orphans' Co	urt1911
Emory C. Crum		

OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR.

#### JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

NAMES. DI	STRICT.	POSTOFFICE.
Richard R. Day	.1st	. Adamstown.
John F. Kellar	.1st	.Buckeystown.
Christian H. Eckstein	2d	.Frederick.
John Francis Smith	.2d	.Frederick.
L. F. MacGill	2d	.Frederick.
John H. Beachley		
James G. Stevens		
Millard F. Shuff		
Henry Stokes		
Isaac M. Fisher		
John W. Hoover		
Thomas Greenwell		
James L. Leather		
John J. Hitselberger		
H. Clayton Trundle		
Ulysses Hobbs		
Clarence E. Davis		
John II. Shipley		
Calvin N. Stem		
David A. Herschel		
Adam Roser		
John W. Lloyd	.12th	. Petersville.

NAMES.	DISTRICT.	POSTOFFICE
John L. Jordan	12th	Brunswick.
George H. Belmb	rink13th	
Benjamln M. Jon	es15th	Thurmont.
Joseph A. Gernar	nd15th	Graceham.
Joseph Wolf	16th	
George E. Castle.	16th	Myersville.
Reuben S. Grabill	17th	Johnsville.
William H. Tyler		Yellow Springs.
J. L. Rothenhoefe	r21st	Yellow Springs.
Howard M. Jones	25th	Brunswick.

#### NOTARIES PUBLIC.

# (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

G. Wesley Kindley	. Frederick.
Charles B. T. Hendrickson	. Frederick.
J. Travers Thomas	.Frederick.
Richard Potts	
A. LeRoy McCardell	Frederick
Thomas A. Chapline	. Frederick
George W. Heinlein	Frederick
Clarence H. Lamar	Licksville
John Gardner	liamsville
Benjamin W. Saxten	. Woodshoro
Grason R. Shaffer	Thurmont
Peter R. Langdon	Mversville
Clarence A. Lindsay	Unionville
Laura Ahalt	Burkittsville
P. F. Burkett	. Emmitshurg
Miss Ella R. Hogan	Brunswick
John L. Routzahn	Middletown
A. Horner	
Edwin Devilbiss	
Albert M. Coblentz	
Charles R. Gregory	
Bradley C. Leatherwood	Mt Airv
Raymond L. Frizzell	New Market
V. F. Cullen.	
R. C. McCandlish.	
	· moor cy town.

SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS.

(All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

John W. HummDemocratic	Frederick.
Jos. F. Eisenhauer	Frederick.
Samuel V. DollRepublican	Frederick.

SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS FOR FREDERICK CITY (Under Chap. 335, 1904.)

## (Terms Expire April 1, 1913.)

Henry J. D. Hagan	Democratic	Frederick.
Carlton L. Stull	Democratic	Frederick.
P. Tobias Kuhn	Republican	Frederick.

#### REGISTER OF VOTERS.

Daniel G. Mohler.....Brunswick.

#### SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

(Terms Expire—Two in May, 1912; Two in May, 1914, and Two in May, 1916, in Order Named.)

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.
Charles W. Wright	Pt. of Rocks.
William R. Young	Myersville.
J. Henry Stokes	Emmitsburg.
H. Boteler Gross	Jefferson.
John S. Newman	Frederick.
Philp F. Lee	Urbana.
Aug. W. Nicodemus	Myersville.
John C. Leatherman	Buckeystown.

#### SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT.

(Appointed by School Commissioners.)

John T. White		Frederick.
Samuel N. Young,	Assistant	Frederick.

## GARRETT COUNTY.

#### COUNTY SEAT-OAKLAND.

Court Terms—Jury, first Monday in March, second Monday in September. Non-jury, first Monday in July, second Monday in December. Orphans' Court days, second and fourth Tuesdays in each month.

#### ELECTED OFFICERS.

NAME.	OFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
Julius C. Renninger	.State's Attorney	
Edward Z. Tower	.Clerk Circuit Court	
Edwin E. Friend		
Andrew Shartzer	.Sheriff	
Robert L. Fries		
Otho Fike		
Walter M. Lowdermilk	.County Commission	er1913
Darius M. Dixon	.County Commission	er1913
Albert G. Ross	. Clerk to County Con	nmis'ers1911
William J. Bernard	.Judge Orphans' Cou	rt (Chief).1911
Harry Kamp, Jr	.Judge Orphans' Cou	rt1911
J. Thomas Moon	.Judge Orphans' Cou	rt1911
Alexander C. Mason	. Surveyor	

OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

#### (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

NAMES.	DISTRICT.	POSTOFFICE.
A. Harvey	1st	Swanton.
	1st	
	2d	

NAMES.	DISTRICT.	POSTOFFICE.
W. W. Griffith		Guard.
Peter Nathan		Grantsville.
Marcus M. Faze	nbaker.4th	Westernport.
Henry Kahl	5th	Accident.
Nathan C. Brown	ning6th	Long Run.
A. S. Teats		Oakland.
		Mt. Lake Park.
J. M. Nugent		Bayard, W. Va.
William D. Hoye	e10th	Deer Park.
George B. Brown	n11th	Frostburg.
J. B. Emory	12th.	Bittinger.
Albert L. Lee.	<b>1</b> 3th.'	Kitzmillersville.
E. I. West	14th	Oakland.

#### NOTARIES PUBLIC.

#### (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

Miss Alma ScherrOakland.	
Edward M. ListonSelbysport.	
R. M. Holman Friendsville.	
Samuel SinesSines.	
P. T. GarthrightMt. Lake Park	
P. J. GarrettDeer Park.	
Miss Sue R. LaughlinKittsmillersvill	e.
Harland L. JonesOakland.	
Asa T. MatthewsOakland.	
James P. TreacyOakland.	
Henry BonigGrantsville.	
Miss Ella KildowCrellin.	
N. U. BondOakland.	

#### SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS.

#### (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

Wm. R. Offutt	Democratic	Oakland.
T. J. Johnson		Frostburg.
Samuel Lawton	Republican	Oakland.

#### SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

(Terms Expire in May, 1912; May, 1914, and May, 1916.)

Peter R. Yost......Grantsville. Charles A. Diffenbaugh.....Oakland. Chauncey E. Ellithorp.....Bittinger.

SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT.

(Appointed by School Commissioners.)

Edward A. Browning.....Oakland.

## HARFORD COUNTY.

## COUNTY SEAT-BELAIR.

Court Terms—Jury, second Monday in February, May and November; non-jury, second Monday in September. Orphans' Court Days—First Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday in each month.

#### ELECTED OFFICERS.

NAME.	OFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
James R. Stifler	State's Attorney	
John A. Robinsón	Clerk Circuit Co	urt1915
Hugh T. Bay	Register of Wills	
William J. Forsythe	Sheriff	
William J. Shanahan	Treasurer	
Denis J. Shanahau	County Commiss	ioner1911
Alfred H. Wilson	County Commiss	ioner1911
James T. Norris	County Commiss	ioner1911
George W. Jones	County Commiss	ioner1911
John T. Anderson	County Commiss	ioner1911
Edward C Tolleg	Judge Orphans'	Court (Chief).1911
William P. Trimble		
William Munnikhuysen	Judge Orphans' (	Court1911
Walter E. Somerville		

#### OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR.

#### JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

NAMES.	DISTRICT.	POSTOFFICE.
Charles E. Creswell.	1st	Mountain.
Cyrus C. Cronin	1st	Sewell.
George M. Hardy	1st	Edgewood.
Jacob P. Osborn	2d	Aberdeen.
		Aberdeen.
Richard M. Taylor.	2d	Perryman.
James A. Lyle		
L. Cooley		
		Forest Hill.
George W. Richardso		
		Churchville.
		White Hall.
		Upper Roads.
		Pylesville.
James R. Phillips	4th	Rocks.
		Jarrettsville.
		Whiteford.
Luther H. McNabb		
Joseph R. Ely	əth	Darlington.
		Darlington.
		Havre de Grace.
J. Fred Mattingly	otn	Havre de Grac <b>e</b> .

#### NOTARIES PUBLIC.

#### (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

Henry C. Foster	Havre de Grace.
William J. Fisher	Havre de Grace.
Harmon E. Hoblitzell	Bel Air.
G. Gover Streett	
Thomas W. Hall	Bel Air.
Miss Dora Morgan	Aberdeen.
William B. Selfe	Darlington.
Orion C. Michael	
Thomas E. Cathcart	Jarrettsville.
Ryland H. Mitchell	Aberdeen.
Miss Anna L. Wilson	Bel Air.

SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS.

#### (All Terms Expire in May, 1910.)

J. Henry CainDemocratic	Forest Hill.
Wm. F. McNutt	Bradley.
John F. LoweRepublican	New Park, Pa.

#### SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

#### (Terms Expire in May, 1912; May, 1914, and May, 1916.)

Edward	А.	Wilson	 	 Pilesvilie.
John D.	W	orthington	 	 .Bel Air.
Charles	W.	Baker	 	 Aberdeen.

### SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT.

#### (Appointed by School Commissioners.)

Charles T. Wright.....Bel Air.

#### DUCKINO POLICE.

# (Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

Frederick C. Lawder......Havre de Grace. George J. Shirling.....Perryman.

INSPECTOR OF HAY AND STRAW.

#### Term Expires in May, 1912.)

## HOWARD COUNTY.

## COUNTY SEAT-ELLICOTT CITY.

Court Terms—Jury, third Monday in March and first Monday In September; non-jury, third Monday in June and first Monday In December. Orphans' Court Days, first and third Tuesdays in each month.

## ELECTED OFFICERS.

NAME.		TERM EXPIRES.
Martin F. Burke	State's Attorney.	
William W. L. Cissell	Clerk Circuit Cou	rt
Richard Davis	Register of Wills.	
James E. Hobbs	Sheriff	
Frank Shipley		
Amos H. Earp		
Grosvenor Hanson	County Commissio	ner
William H. Davis		
Henry Mollman	Judge Orphans' C	ourt (Chief).1911
Oliver P. Cross		
George W. Renn		
Thomas L. Maclin		

#### OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR.

## JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

### (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

NAMES.		POSTOFFICE.
F. G. Shinnamon	lst	Elk Ridge.
John Resan	lst	Elk Ridge.
Edw. A. Rodey	2d	Ellicott City.
Alfred S. Matthew	s4th	Glenwood.
James W. Pearre	4th	Lisbon.
Charles Disney	5th	Highland.
Charles P. Tavenne	er6th	Laurel.
James P. Haslup	6th	Savage.

## NOTARIES PUBLIC.

(All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)	
Willlam R. Dorsey Ellicott Cit,	y.
William H. Rannie	-
Morris F. Quiil	
Willlam F. OgilbyElk Ridge.	

## SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS.

## (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

Alpheus De VriesDemocratic	. Marriottsville.
C. A. Shaab	Elkridge.
H. H. Stansfield Republican	. Sykesville.

#### SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

(Terms Expire in May, 1912; May, 1914, and May, 1916.)
Thomas M. JohnsonEllicott City.
Henry G. PennimanElk Ridge.
John W. SelbyGlenelg.

# SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT.

(Appointed by School Commissioners.)

Woodland C. Phillips..... Ellicott City.

# KENT COUNTY.

## POPULATION, 18,789.

Court Terms—Jury, third Monday in April and October; non-jury, third Monday in January, second Monday in July. Orphans' Court days, every Tuesday.

## ELECTED OFFICERS.

	OFFICE.	
	State's Attorney.	
	Clerk Circuit Cour	
Jesse R. Copper	Register of Wills.	
Andrew Medders	Sheriff	
William J. Tarbutton	Treasurer	
Alfred C. Loud	County Commissio	ner1911
Harry Davis	County Commissio	ner1911
Charles B. Dudley	County Commissio	ner1911
Charles D. Wood	County Commissio	ner1913
	County Commissio	
John H. Simpers	Judge Orphans' Co	ourt (Chief).1911
Edwin S. Morris	Judge Orphans' Co	urt1911
	Judge Orphans' Co	

#### OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR.

#### JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

#### (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

NAMES.	DISTRICT.	POSTOFFICE.
·Lawrence R. Vans	ant 1s <b>t</b>	Galena.
George C. Townse	nd1st	Millington.
David T. Nickerso	n2d	Kennedyville.
J. M. Severson	2d	Still Pond.
Samuel W. Walli	s3d	Worton.
J. M. Sutton	3d	Betterton.
J. Cordray Loud.	4th	Chestertown.
Lewin S. Fowler.	4th	Chestertown.
A. S. Crawford.	4th	Chestertown.
Frank C. Wilkins	5th	Rock Hall.

#### NOTARIES PUBLIC.

## (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

Jesse E.	Ireland	Galena.
Charles	Estes	Chestertown.
Herman	McCauley	Millington.

#### SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS.

#### (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

Jesse	H.	UsiltonDemocratic	Worton.
Harry	С.	Cacy	Lynch.
A. Par	ks	Rasin Republican	Worton.

#### SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

#### (Terms Expire in May, 1912; May, 1914, and May, 1916.)

William B. Copper	Chestertown.
John P. Ahern	
John N. Bennett	Still Pond.

SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT. (Appointed by School Commissioners.)

Milton Melvin.....Chestertown.

#### CORONER.

#### (Terms Expires in May, 1912).

John J. Greenwood.....Chestertown.

## MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

#### COUNTY SEAT-ROCKVILLE.

Court Terms—Jury, third Monday in March, second Monday in November; non-jury, third Monday in January, first Monday in June. Orphans' Court days, every Tuesday.

#### ELECTED OFFICERS.

NAME.	OFFICE. TERM EXPIRES.
Bowie F. Waters	State's Attorney
John L. Brunett	Clerk Circuit Court
Herry C. Alnutt	Register of Wills
William E. Viett	Sheriff1911
Charles M. Williams	County Commissioner
Richard H. Cissell	County Commissioner
Joseph T. White	Couuty Commissioner 1913
Josiah J. Hutton	County Commissioner
Hazel W. Cashell	Couuty Commissioner1913
George W. Meem	Judge Orphans' Court (Chief).1911
Remus R. Darby	Judge Orphaus' Court
John E. West.	Judge Orphans' Court
Charles J. Maddox	Surveyor

OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOB.

#### JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

Edward O. Brown	.1st	.Laytonsville.
Hugh C. Townsend	1st	.Unity.
Charles H. Murphy	.2d	.Clarksburg.
William A. Anderson	.2d	.Clarksburg.
Robert L. Hickerson		
Charles F. Elgin		
James F. Byrne		
Edw. O. Edmonston		
Joseph Reading		
Clifford H. Robertson.		
Edm. P. B. Margerum.		
John S. McCeney		
Charles E. Ledhlider		
John A. Hall		
James Small		
Clarence B. Wilson		
Alfred Wilson		
Mahlon H. Austin		
Jas. H. Loughborough.		
Jas. II. Loughborough.		.Dethesua.

NAMES.	DISTRICT.	POSTOFFICE.
Alfred F. Fairall	8th	Sandy Spring.
Leonard Weer	8th	Brookville.
James E. Garrett	9th	Gaithersburg.
Rozel Woodward	9th	Washington Grove.
Samuel T. Gray	10th	Cropley.
Thomas Story	11th	Barnesville.
Charles H. Grimes	11th	Boyds.
Rufus K. King	12th	Damascus.
Joseph Sibley	12th	Cedar Grove.
F. S. Gladhill	12th	Browingsville.
Enos C. Keys	<b>1</b> 3th	Linden.
F. O. B. Cissel	<b>1</b> 3th	Wheatley.
Patrick O Donnell	13th	

## NOTARIES PUBLIC.

## (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

George M. Hunter	Rockville.
William H. Talbott	Rockville.
David H. Warfield	Rockville.
Albert M. Bouic	Rockville.
William M. Terrell	Kensington.
George Bibb Brown	Kensington.
James E. Trundle	Galthersburg.
Frank D. Lizear	Sandy Spring.
Franklin E. Beal	Damascus.
Thomas A. Burdett	Boyds.
H. Edson Rogers	Takoma Park.
George M. Wolfe	Forest Glen.
George M. Reddick	Poolesville.
Frank B. Severance	Gaithersburg.
J. Floyd Cissel	Silver Spring.
Miss Lydia F. Prettyman	. Rockville.
Mrs. Beulah S. Davis	Bethesda.
Mrs. Gertrude H. Lane	Glen Echo.

#### SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS.

#### (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

William	H.	Wade	Democratic	Cloppers.
William	$\mathbf{H}$ .	Griffith.		Lavtonsville.
Thomas	Vii	ason	Republican	Rockvllle.

# SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

(Terms Expire—Two in May, 1912; Two in May, 1914, and Two in May, 1916, in Order Named.)

Clagett C. Hilton	Rockville.
George H. Lamar	Rockville.
Dewalt J. Willard	Poolesville.
Milford Offutt	Darnestown.
Roger B. Farquhar	
Zadoc M. Cook	Gaithersburg.

## SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT.

(Appointed by School Commissioners.)

Earl B. Wood.....Rockville.

# PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY.

## COUNTY SEAT-UPPER MARLBORO.

Court Terms—Jury, first Monday in April and October; non-jury, third Monday in January and June. Orphans' Court days, third Tuesday in each month.

#### ELECTED OFFICERS.

NAME.	OFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
Mercer H. Magruder	.State's Attorney	
Richard N. Ryon		
William A. Miller	.Register of Wills	
Samuel E. Sweeney	. Sheriff	
Charles A. M. Wells	. Treasurer	
Luther Brashears	. County Commissione	er1911
Horace Crozier	. County Commissione	er
William F. Holmead	. County Commissione	er1913
Benedict J. Gallant	. County Commissione	er
William H. Shuler	. County Commissione	er1915
John C. Sheriff	. Judge Orphans' Cou	rt (Chief).1911
John C. Jones	.Judge Orphans' Cou	rt1911
Albert F. Jenkins		
Christopher C. Billopp	. Surveyor	

#### OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR.

#### JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

NAMES.	DISTRICT.	POSTOFFICE.
R. E. Beall, Jr	1st	Berwyn.
Henry H. Ghant	1st	Branchville.
E. H. Bates	1st	Berwyn.
Alfred D. Bailey	2d	Bladensburg.
August H. Dahler	2d	Hyattsville.
Wm. L. Perkins	2d	Bladensburg.
Alfred Ridgely	3d	Upper Marlboro.
Joseph R. Rawlings.	4th	North Levs.
William F. Perrie	4th	Westwood.
William B. Morgan.	6th	Accokeek.
J. Edw. Tolson	6th	Forestville.
Samuel E. Cox	6th	
Edward Grimes		Forestville.
Walter Ryan	7th	
Joseph H. Fowler	8th	Baden.
Henry Contee	8th	
John L. Waring	9th	Clinton.
Geo. P. McCeney	10th	Laurel.
John W. Williams	10th	Laurel.
Harry F. Frost	10th	Laurel.
George B. Duvall	10th	Laurel.
William H. Squires.	11th	Brandywine.
John N. Roberts	12th	Camp Spring.
Elon Behrend	13th	Seat Pleasant.
Jno. Weist	13th	Capital Heights
Robert C. Billop	14th	Glenndale.

NAMES.	DISTRICT.	POSTOFFICE.
H.O. Kelbaugh	14th	Bowie.
John F. Hickey	<b>1</b> 6th	Hyattsville.
Alexander Sakers	16th	Hyattsville.
		Hyattsville.
Robert E. Joyce	17th	

#### NOTARIES PUBLIC.

## (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

Miss Elva C. Ryder	.Capital Heights.
Irvine Owings	
William S. Hill.	
W. IIampton Hickey	
W. B. Early	
Claude Warren	Riverdale.
Herbert H. Smith	.Berwyn.
Guy S. Meloy	
R. Ernest Smith	
Arthur R. Smith	
George W. Waters	. Laurel.
Harry F. Frost	
Wm. S. Rogers	
Roy E. Haynes	
Walter Hardisty	Seabrook.

SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS.

## (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

S. Marvin Peach.	Democratic	. Mitchellville.
Charles L. Turner		Aquasco.
Wm. D. Pyles	Republican	. Clinton.

#### SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

(Terms Expire in May, 1912; May,	1914, and May. 1916
Charles H. Stanley	
R. Hugh Perrie	Westwood.
O. B. Zantzinger	Upper Marlborc.

## · SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT.

## (Appointed by School Commissioners.)

Frederick Sasscer.....Upper Marlboro.

#### JURY COMMISSIONERS.

# (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

George W. Hardy.....Clinton. George M. McFarland.....Hyattsvile.

## LIQUOR LICENSE COMMISSIONERS.

	(Terms	Expire April 1, 1	1912 Chap.	561, 1908.)
Т.	Howard Ducke	ett	Ну	attsville.
Her	ry H. Talbert.		Cr	oome.
Wil	liam S. Ryon.		Rif	chie

## QUEEN ANNE'S COUNTY.

## COUNTY SEAT-CENTREVILLE.

Court Terms—Jury, first Monday in May and November; non-jury, fourth Monday in January and third Monday in July. Orphans' Court Days, every Tuesday.

## ELECTED OFFICERS.

NAME.	OFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
Thomas J. Keating	.State's Attorney	
Samuel Seney		
Robert W. Thomas		
William S. Delahay		
Louis H. Perkins		
H. Clay Hendrix	. County Commissione	er1911
Charles W. Legar	. County Commissione	er1911
James B. Rhodes	.County Commissione	er1911
William H. H. Hopkins	. County Commissione	er1911
William E. Roe	.County Commissione	er1911
Oliver C. Newnam	.County Commissione	er1911
E. John Merrick	.County Commissione	er1911
William J. Price, Jr	. Judge Orphans' Cou	rt (Chief).1911
Joseph B. Cook		
George I. Harrison	.Judge Orphans' Cou	rt1911
S. Chester Coursey	. Surveyor	

OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR.

#### JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

#### (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

NAMES.	DISTRICT.	POSTOFFICE.
	t1st	
Samuel C. Faul	kne <b>r1</b> st. <b></b> .	Templeville.
Robert E. Grah	am2d	Ingleside.
Robert T. Arms	trong2d	Chureh Hill.
John H. Carter.	2d	Church Hill.
William D. Tro	oy3d	Centreville.
Jas. MeK. Tilgl	1man3d	Centreville.
	n3d	
	s	
Theodore A. To	lson4th	Stevensville.
Louis Hergenro	ther5th	Queenstown.
Charles O. Cour	sey5th	Fords Store.
Harry Clark	6th	Queen Anne.
Benjamin F. Ha	artley7th	Crumpton.

#### NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Chas. S. Embert	Queenstown.
William L. Holton	Centreville.
Nelson J. Brown	Chureh Hill.
George O. Calloway	Stevensville.
Elmer B. Seney	
John F. Stokes	

#### SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS.

#### (Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

John R.	Cook.	Democratic	Centreville.
William	F. Phi	lllps	Sudlersville.
Bruce C.	Spark	sRepublican	Crumpton.

#### SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

# (Terms Expire in May, 1912; May, 1914, and May, 1916.)

John R. Benton	Kent Island.
Arthur E. Sudler	Sudlersville.
James M. Corkran	Centreville.

#### SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT.

## (Appointed by School Commissioners.)

B. J. Grimes.....Centreville.

## SOMERSET COUNTY.

#### COUNTY SEAT-PRINCESS ANNE.

Court Terms—Jury, second Monday in April and October; non-jury, second Monday in Jauuary and July. Orphans' Court days, second and fourth Tuesdays in February, April, June, August, October and December.

#### ELECTED OFFICERS.

NAME.	OFFICE.		EXPIRES.
Gordon Tull	State's Attorney		1912
Stephen F. Dashiell	Clerk Circuit Court.		1913
Sidney Waller	Register of Wills		1915
William J. Phillips	. Sheriff		1911
Edward B. Lankford	County Commissione	r	1913
William J. Coulbourne	County Commissione	r	1913
James D. Anderson	County Commissione	r	1915
Henry F. Barnes	Judge Orphans' Cour	ct (Ch	ief).1911
George B. N. Sterling	Judge Orphans' Cou	rt	1911
John R. Corbin	.Judge Orphans' Cou	ct	1911
Levin H. Hall	. Surveyor		1912

OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR.

#### JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

## (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

#### NAMES.

#### DISTRICT. POSTOFFICE.

Geo. W. Bloodsworth1	.st	Hobnot.
Geo. W. Wilson 2		
William M. Hunt	đ	Kingston.
William M. Hunt.		Marion
John C. Wilson	oa	marion.
Wm. T. Beauchamp	3d	Princess Anne.
M. Filmore Bounds5	ith	Princess Anne.
George R. Marsh	5th	Princess Anne.
Thomas W. Landon	sth	Landonville.
Thomas II manaconteres	74h	Crisfold
James F. Taws7		
Samuel W. Kennedy	7th	.Crisfield.

NAMES.	DISTRICT.	POSTOFFICE.
Wm. V. Sterling	7th	Crisfield.
Mortimer A. Ward	8th	Marion Statlon.
Joseph T. Tarlton.	9th	Chance.
Stephen C. Corbin.		
		Dames Quarter.
Thomas K. Whealt		
George H. Handy.		
		Deals Island.
		Dcals Island.
Emanuel B. Lyons.	15th	Princess Anne.
Samuel H. Colona.	15th	Princess Anne.

#### NOTARIES PUBLIC.

#### (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

Aden Davls, Jr	Marion.
Hampden P. Dashiell	
Samuel H. Sudler	
William J. Peyton	
J. Frank Miles	
Arthur Andrews	
Arthur B. Cochran	

#### SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS.

#### (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

I. Tomos	WilsonDemocratic	Princess Anne.
L. James	WINDUL	······································
Townson IT	Cullon	Crisfield.
James H.	Cullen	Unsuelu.
n	Ol- 11- Denshlisen	Dringong Anno
Frank C.	GladdenRepublican	Princess Anne.

#### SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

#### SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT.

(Appointed by School Commissioners.)

William H. Dashiell.....Princess Anne.

## ST. MARY'S COUNTY.

#### COUNTY SEAT-LEONABDTOWN.

Court Terms—Jury, third Monday in March and September; nonjury, first Monday in June and December. Orphans' Court days, second and fourth Tuesdays in each month.

#### ELECTED OFFICERS.

NAME.	OFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
	State's Attorney	
Enoch B. Abell	Clerk Clrcuit Cour	rt1915
Benjamln Combs	Register of Wills.	
J. Bernard Love		
Willlam F. E. Long	'Treasurer	
John T. Cecll	County Commissio	ner1911

NAMES.	OFFICE.	TERM ENPIRES
Samuel Hayden	County Commis	ssioner
Frederick Wathen	County Commis	ssioner
Joseph H. Key	Judge Orphans	' Court (Chief).1911
James H. Bailey	Judge Orphans	' Court1911
William S. Coppage.	Judge Orphans	' Court1911
Charles A. Heard	Surveyor	

#### OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR.

## JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

## (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

NAMES.	DISTRICT.	POSTOFFICE.
Stanislaus Clark.	1st	Ridge.
	1st	
Charles A. Watts.	2d	Valley Lee.
	2d	
T. Fenwick Herbe	rt3d	Leonardtown.
	3d	
James E. Forestel	1. <b>.</b> 3 <b>d .</b> . <b></b>	Leonardtown.
	enter4th	
	4th	
	4th	
	4th	
		Mechanicsville.
		Charlotte Hall.
		Mechanicsville.
	6th	
	6th	
	$m \dots 6th \dots$	
	7th	
	<b>n7</b> th	
Henry W. Bedford	18th	Jarboesville.

#### NOTARIES PUBLIC.

#### (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

Francis V.	King	Leonardtown.
William P.	Powell	Ridge.
Ernest M.	Anderson	Mechanicsville.

#### SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS.

(All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

Walter B. DentDemocratic	.Oakley.
Pembrooke Smith	Ridge.
U. Lee MaguireRepublican	. Budd's Creek.

#### SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

## (Terms Expire in May, 1912; May, 1914, and May, 1916.)

Alexander Kennedy	St. Mary's City.
John F. Duke	Leonardtown.
Zack R. Morgan	Mechanicsville

#### SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT.

(Appointed by School Commissioners.)

George W. Joy.....Leonardtown.

#### TALBOT COUNTY.

#### COUNTY SEAT-EASTON.

Court Terms—Jury, third Monday in May and November; non-jury, first Monday in February and fourth Monday in July. Orphans' Court days, every Tuesday, except Election Day.

#### ELECTED OFFICERS.

NAME.	OFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
J. Frank Turner	.State's Attorney	
Francis G. Wrightson	.Clerk Circuit Court.	
Charles R. Wooters	.Register of Wills	
Joseph B. Harrington	.Treasurer	
Charles E. Nichols	. Sheriff	
Thomas M. Cooper		
James P. Elliott		
William F. Jump		
Elijah W. West		
Frank D. Harrison		
William H. Myers		
John H. Craig	. Surveyor	

OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR.

#### JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

#### (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

NAMES.	DISTRICT.	POSTOFFICE.
John W. D. Jump.	1st	Easton.
John B. Fairbank.	1st	Easton.
John C. Anderson.	1st	Easton.
Charley E. Willey	2d	St. Michaels.
John H. W. Wales	2d	St. Michaels.
Daniel E. Higgins.	2đ	Neavitt.
F. F. Avalier	2d	Royal Oak.
William D. Nichola	as3d	Oxford.
E. W. Bartiett	3d	Trappe,
Jonathan H. Leona		
Anthony P. Ross.		
Alga Smith		
Eli S. Smith	4th	Queen Anne.
William F. May	5th	
Benjamin F. Sherv	vood.5th	Sherwood.
Joseph G. Skinner	••••••5th	McDaniel.

#### NOTARIES PUBLIC.

H. D. Elliott	Easton.
Charles E. Morris	Easton.
Elma Fleming	
Walter M. Sewell	
W. Earle Withgott	

#### SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS.

#### (All Terms Expire In May, 1912.)

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.
Courtland W. Roe Democratic	Easton.
Charles E. Simpson	Trappe.
S. Elliott ShannahanRepublican	Easton.

SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

(Terms Expire in May, 1912; May, 1914, and May, 1916.)

Michael B. Nichols......Easton. H. Spence Matthews.....Oxford. Robert A. Dodson.....St. Michaels.

SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT.

(Appointed by School Commissioners.)

Nlcholas Orem......Easton.

## WASHINGTON COUNTY.

#### COUNTY SEAT-HAGERSTOWN.

Court Terms—Jury, second Monday in February, May and November; non-Jury, first Monday In August. Orphans' Court days, Tuesday and Friday In each week.

#### ELECTED OFFICERS.

NAME.	OFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
Alexander Armstrong, Jr.	State's Attorney	
Edward Oswald		
Thomas E. Hilliard	Register of Wills	s1915
Thomas H. Barber		
Victor Cushwa	County Commiss	ioner1911
David M. Hurley	County Commiss	ioner
Bruce S. Zeller	County Commiss	ioner1911
David F. Nigh	County Commiss	ioner1913
Daniel A. Rohrer	County Commiss	ioner1913
Willlam Gassman	Judge Orphans'	Court (Chief).1911
Clayton C. Ziegler	Judge Orphans'	Court1911
Levi Bear	Judge Orphans'	Court
Ernest R. Darby	Surveyor	

## OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR.

# JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

# (All Terms Expire in May, 1912).

NAMES.	DISTRICT.	POSTOFFICE.
Van S. Brashears	1st	Sharpsburg.
Wm. F. Blackford	1st	Sharpsburg.
John L. Chrisman	2d	Williamsport.
Jos. C. Hershberger.	2d	Williamsport.
J. Harry Moore	4th	Clearspring.
Samuel M. Reitsell	4th	Clearspring.
Joseph Harrison	5th	. Hancock.
James W. Ditto	5th	Hancock.
Thomas Gilleece	5th	Hancock.
George M. Stover	6th	Boonsboro.
John H. Ferguson	7th	Smithsburg.
Eugene A. Brown	8th	. Brownsville.
Martin L. Miller	10th	Funkstown.
William M. Clark	11th	Keep Tryst.
Oliver C. Younkins	11th	Weverton.
Barry G. Sheiss	14th	Leitersburg.
Alvin Mills	15th	Indian Spring.
G. W. Ferguson	16th	Beaver Creek.
A. M. Scott	20th	Downsville.
Ernest Hoffman	Hagerstown	Hagerstown.
Elias B. nartle	Hagerstown	Hagerstown.
	-	0

## NOTARIES PUBLIC.

T. N. M. Williams.	Breathedsville
John W. Biershing	Hagerstown
Harry K. Mumma	Hagerstown
D. H. Garver	. Hagerstown.
George B. Stonebraker	Hagerstown.
John D. Turner	.Hagerstown.
Allen Yingling	Hagerstown.
John M. Lane	Hagerstown
Armstead A. Swingle	Hancock.
Alex. Neill, Jr	Hagerstown.
Robert B. Wright	Williamsport
Josiah F. Staub	Sharpsburg
Robert L. Hiberger	Sharpshurg
John V. Alexander	Boonshoro
W. B. Brenner	Smithshurg
Leon R. Yourtee	Brownsville
Otho M. Snyder	Hagerstown
W. Hampton Shervin	Hagerstown
George W. Buxton	Keedvsville
George W. Brewbaker	Hagerstown
B. J. Boswell	Clearspring
Albert R. Sprecher	Hagerstown
Keller J. Beard	Hagerstown
	angerorown.

# SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS.

#### (Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

John H. Bitner	Democratic	Hagerstown
Daniel M. Nelkirk		Keedysville.
Norman B. Scott.	Republican	Hagerstown.

SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS FOR HAGEBSTOWN.

(Terms Expire Third Monday In February, 1912.)

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.
John H. MiddlekauffDemocratic William P. Rauth Charles B. MeredithRepublican	Hagerstown.

#### REGISTERS OF VOTERS FOR HAGERSTOWN.

(Terms Expire Third Monday in February, 1912.)

Henry K. Hock1st	Ward	Hagerstown.
E. Bane Suyder2d	Ward	Hagerstown.
Charles E. L'ammond3d	Ward	Hagerstown.
Harry E. Kershner4th	Ward	Hagerstown.
M. Harry Gruber5th	Ward	Hagerstown.
M. Hally Grubersssen		

ASSISTANT REGISTERS OF VOTERS FOR HAGERSTOWN.

(Terms Expire Third Monday in February, 1912.)

Harry Spigler 1st	t Ward	Hagerstown.
Ernest Shockey2d	Ward	.Hagerstown.
Clinton Stouffer3d	Ward	.Hagerstown.
Jersey Reeder4th	h Ward	Hagerstown.
Charles Magaha5th	h Word	Hagerstown
Charles Magana	a walu	. II agei bto ii a.

#### SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

(Terms Expire—Two in May, 1912; Two in May, 1914, and Two in May, 1916, in Order Named.)

Frank W. Mish	Hagerstown.
Edmund Cohill	Hancock.
William H. Hoffman	
George M. Bushey	Cavetown.
David L. Lesher	Clearspring.
Harry K. Beachley	Hagerstown.

SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT.

(Appointed by School Commissioners.)

John P. Flockler.....Hagerstown.

## WICOMICO COUNTY.

## COUNTY SEAT-SALISBURY.

Court Terms—Jury, fourth Monday in March and September; nonjury, first Monday in January and July. Orphans' Court days, second and fourth Tuesdays of each month.

## ELECTED OFFICERS.

OFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
State's Attorney	
Register of Wills.	
	OFFICE. State's Attorney Clerk Circuit Cour Register of Wills Treasurer Sheriff County Commission County Commission County Commission County Commission County Commission Judge Orphans' Co Judge Orphans' Co Judge Orphans' Co Surveyor

#### OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR.

#### JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

## (All Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

NAMES.		POSTOFFICE.
Isaae L. English	1st	Mardella Springs.
Wm. H. H. Bailey	1st	
George D. Freeny	2d	Quautico.
Hanson S. Phillips	2d	Hebron.
Minos B. Downiug.	3d	White Haven.
William Denton	3d	Tyaskiu.
H. James Truitt	4th	Pittsville
Samuel P. Parsons	4th	Parsonsburg.
William A. Trader	5th	
William S. Boston	5th	
Isaac F. Messick	7th	Fruitland.
T. Rodney Joues	9th	
Walter C. Mann	10th	Sharptown.
W. B. Stephens	11th	Delmar, Del.
Levin T. Walter	12th	Nanticoke.
John F. Phillips	12th	Clara.
Henry D. Powell	13th	Salisbury.
Frederick M. Hall.	14th	Willards.

#### NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Miss Elizabeth L. Wailes	Salisbury.
Miss Mary E. Hearn	
Edward C. Fulton	Salisbury.
George R. Hill	Salisbury.
J. G. W. Perdue	Delmar, Del.
Purnell T. White	Sharptown.
Minus A. Davis	Pittsville.
Dallas H. Hearn	. Salishury.
Howard H. Ruark	Salisbury.
Carrie Turner	. Nanticoke.
Joseph L. Nelson	. Hebron.

#### SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS.

#### (Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.
Samuel S. SmythDemocratic	Salisbury.
George A. Bounds	Hebron.
W. T. Phoebus	Salisbury.

#### SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

# (Terms Expire in May, 1912; May, 1914, and May, 1916.)

Albert L. JonesQuantico	•
Harry L. BrewingtonSalisbury	7.
Isaac L. Price Salisbury	7.

## SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT.

(Appointed by School Commissioners.)

W. J. Holloway.....Pocomoke Clty.

## WORCESTER COUNTY.

# COUNTY SEAT-SNOW HILL.

Court Terms—Jury, third Monday in May and fourth Monday in October; non-jury, third Monday in January and July. Orphans' Court days, second and fourth Tuesdays in each month.

#### ELECTED OFFICERS.

NAME.	OFFICE.	TERM EXPIRES.
William F. Johnson	State's Attorney	
Oliver D. Collins	Clerk Circuit Court	t1913
Edward P. Davis	Register of Wills	
Charles G. Dale	Sheriff	
James E. Thomas	County Commission	ner
Elijah J. Shockley	County Commission	ner
Samuel M. Atkinson	County Commission	ner1911
John L. Robins	County Commission	1er1913
Edwin H. Taylor	County Commission	ner1913
Ara P. Bowen	Judge Orphans' Co	urt (Chief).1911
William A. Taylor	Judge Orphans' Co	urt1911
Edw. N. Russ	Judge Orphans' Co	urt1911
Vacancy	Surveyor	
Vacancy	Wreckmaster	

OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR.

#### JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

#### (All Terms Expire In May, 1912.)

NAMES.	DISTRICT.	POSTOFFICE.
J. D. Allen Robins	on1st	Pocomoke City.
J. Emory Pitts	1st	Pocomoke City.
Allen Robinson	1st	Pocomoke City.

	NAMES.	DISTRICT.	POSTOFFICE
Wm	A. McAllen.	2d	Snow Hlll.
Dan	iel H. Lewis	2d	Snow Hill.
Jam	es H. Mumfor	d3d	Ocean Clty.
Dan	iel A. Massey.	3d	Bernn.
Lesl	ie P. Bowen	4th	Newark.
Tim	othy Rayne, S	r5th	Bishopville.
W. (	0. Payne	8th	Stockton.
			Girdletree.

## NOTARIES PUBLIC.

## (All Terms Expire In May, 1912.)

Everett M. Layton	
Frank D. Young	
Edgar Fountaine	
J. C. Stevenson	Pocomoke City.
James M. Clogg	Pocomoke City.
Miss Clara Ewell	Pocomoke City.
Edward C. Conner	Snow Hill.
Horace Payne	Snow Hill.
William S. Parsons	Snow Hill.
Charles W. Keas	Berlin.
John E. Smith	Berlin.
R. Lee Purnell	Ocean Clty.
James P. Townsend	Snow Hill.
Charles F. Matthews	Berlin.
Miss Susan Taylor	Stockton.

# SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS.

## (Terms Expire in May, 1912.)

J. Samuel Price Democratic	Snow Hlll.
John H. Blades	Pocomoke City.
George E. ScottRepublican	Berlin.

## SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

(Terms Expire in May, 1912; May, 1914, and May, 1916.)

James H. Vincent	Pocomoke City.
Lemuel W. Ouly	Girdletree.
Zadoc Powell	Snow Hill.

## SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT.

(Appointed by School Commissioners.)

# Biographical Sketches of State Officers.

Governor: AUSTIN L. CROTHERS (Democrat), of Cecil county.

Austin L. Crothers was born near Conowingo, Cecil county, in the year 1860. He is the eighth son of Alpheus Crothers and Margaret Aurelia Porter, who lived on a farm of about 150 acres.

Mr. Crothers, coming from sturdy stock, attained large proportions, standing nearly six feet high and built proportionately large without impressing his casual acquaintance as being stout. As a boy he evinced keen desire for study, and at the public schools and at West Nottingham Academy, where he received a greater part of his education, he laid the foundation then for his future successful life.

After completing his studies he taught school for a time, but soon found that the quiet humdrum of the school room was not at all suited to his ideas of life. Following a natural · inclination he took up the study of law and finished his course at the University of Maryland, where he was graduated in 1890 with honors and admitted to the Cecil Bar.

He was elected State's Attorney in the year 1901, and served out his term of four years. In 1897 he was elected to the State Senate to succeed his brothers, the late Charles C. Crothers. He immediately became the Democratic leader of his party in that body. He was appointed chairman of the Committee of Finance, and while holding this position he made an impression upon the State officials which has never been forgotten.

Mr. Crothers was conservative and cautious, but at the same time so logical in his rulings of the committee that his course in every matter was followed with acclaim. He showed a tendency to guard the outlay of the people's money, and in his administration saved the State thousands of dollars that might have been expended on wild-cat legislatives schemes. In 1892 he ran again, but was defeated, as was also the case four years later, his defeat being due to factional differences in the county.

#### SKETCHES OF STATE OFFICERS.

In March 28, 1906, Governor Warfield appointed him Associate Judge to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Judge Edwin H. Brown. The appointment was accepted by Democrats as being a proper move on the part of the Governor. Judge Crothers remained on the Bench serving with genial ability until his nomination for Governor. Mr. Crothers makes his home in Elkton, Cecil county.

# Secretary of State: N. WINSLOW WILLIAMS (Democrat), of Baltimore City.

NATHAN WINSLOW WILLIAMS, Secretary of State, was appointed and qualified on the seventh day of January, 1908. He is the son of Caroline Winslow and John Butler Williams, and was born in Cleveland, Ohio, on the 26th day of August, 1860. His father and grandfather (John Williams) were residents of the city of Baltimore, where he has lived since his fifth year. He studied at the Baltimore City College, at the Johns Hopkins University, and graduated from the Columbia Law School, in New York, in 1883, since which time he has practiced law in Baltimore—first, in the office of the State's Attorney of that city until 1887; and subsequently, as a member of the firm of Williams, Thomas & Williams; his partners being William S. Thomas and Henry Williams.

During the administration of Gov. Edwin Warfield he served upon his staff with the rank of Judge Advocate General.

## Comptroller: WILLIAM B. CLAGETT (Democrat), of Prince

#### George's County.

William B. Clagett was born on the 13th of August, 1854, at the Cottage, the name of the estate of his father, Charles Clagett, near the town of Upper Marlboro, Prince George's County, where he still lives. Was appointed Tobacco Inspector in 1892 by Governor Frank Brown, and served throughout his term. Was elected to the State Senate in 1897, and served one session, but was prevented by sickness from serving the other. His occupation is farming. On June 1, 1910, he was appointed Comptroller, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Dr. Hering

# State Treasurer: MURRAY VANDIVER (Democrat), of Harford County.

Mr. Murray Vandiver was born in 1845 at Havre de Grace, Md. He is the son of the late Robert R. Vandiver, a descend-

ant of some of the first settlers of Delaware. He was educated in the public schools of Harford county and Havre de Grace Academy, and grauated from a business college in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., in 1864. He early engaged in the lumber business in Havre de Grace. He was elected a member of the House of Delegates of Maryland in 1876, 1878, 1880, and was Speaker of the House in 1892. He was a member of the National Democratic Convention of 1892, which nominated Cleveland; of 1896, which nominated Bryan the first time; a delegate at-large to the National Democratic Convention of 1900, and a delegate-at-large and chairman of the delegation to the National Democratic Convention of 1904, which nominated Parker. From 1888 to 1897 Mr. Vandiver was secretary and treasurer of the Democratic State Central Committee, and in 1897 became chairman of the committee by appointment of Colonel Buchanan Schley. He was reappointed chairman of the committee by Colonel L. Victor Baughman in August, 1899, with the full concurrence of the State Convention, which position he now holds. As chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee Mr. Vandiver conducted the re-organization primary campaign in Baltimore in the fall of 1898, which resulted in the precinct organization of Baltimore, of which Hon. James P. Gorter is the head. Mr. Vandiver managed the State campaign in 1899, which restored the Democratic party to power in the State, as well as exercised an influence in his advisory capacity in the municipal campaign in Baltimore in the spring of 1899, which restored the Democratic party to power in the city. From July, 1893, to October 1, 1897, Mr. Vandiver was Collector of Internal Revenue for the District of Maryland, District of Columbia and Delaware and two counties of Virginia, being appointed by President Cleveland and serving at the time of the preparation for the collection of the income tax. Mr. Vandiver resigned as Collector of Internal Revenue to take effect October 1, 1897, and upon his retirement was highly complimented by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue upon the very efficient and satisfactory condition of his office, the national administration at that time being Republican. On January 11, 1900, Mr. Vandiver was elected Treasurer of the State of Maryland, receiving the entire vote of his party in both the Senate and House in open session and without party caucus, which office he now fills, having been elected at the sessions of the General Assembly of 1902 and 1904 without opposition. Mr. Vandiver was appointed on the staff of the late Governor Robert M. McLane with the rank of colonel, and on the staff of Governor John Walter Smith with the rank of brigadier-general. He is a director in the First National Bank of Havre de

#### SKETCHES OF STATE OFFICERS.

Grace, Third National Bank of Baltimore, the Commonwealth Bank of Baltimore and the American Bonding Company of Baltimore, the National Bank at Port Deposit, a director in the DelawareRailroad and was one of the World's Fair Commissioners for the State of Maryland appointed by Governor Brown in 1892. He is a director in nearly all the incorporated companies located at Havre de Grace, and was Mayor of the city in 1885 and 1886. He wrote the charter which incorporated Havre de Grace as a city in 1878.

### Attorney-General: ISAAC LOBE STRAUS (Democrat), of Baltimore City.

Mr. Straus was born in Baltimore on the 24th of March, 1871. His early education was by private instruction and at the Baltimore City College. In 1887 he entered the Johns Hopkins University and graduated there with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1890. Having won a university scholarship, he remained at the university for a post-graduate year, continuing his studies in Roman law and political science. In the meantime he read law in the office of the Honorable Isador Rayner and entered the Law Department of the University of Maryland, where he graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1892, when he was admitted to the Bar. In January, 1900, he was appointed General Counsel to the Board of Supervisors of Elections for Baltimore city and held that place until nominated for the General Assembly in the fall of 1901. In November, 1901, he was elected to the House of Delegates and was the leader of that body during the session of 1902. In 1904 he was appointed and served for several months as a member of the Burnt District Commission of Baltimore City. His offices in the Glenn Building having been destroyed by the great fire in February, 1904, Mr. Straus practiced for the year following the fire in the office of the Honorable William Pinkney Whyte. In 1906 he was appointed by the General Assembly as Special Counsel for the State of Maryland in the controversy of the State with the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad growing out of the suspension by the railroad company of the payments of dividends on the State's stock in the Washington Branch of the railroad, and took a leading part in effecting the settlement and preparing the legislative measures whereby the State disposed of its 5,500 shares of the Washington Branch stock to the railroad company for the sum of \$2,500,000. In 1906 the Maryland Agricultural College conferred the degree of Master of Arts upon Mr. Straus.

### The Adjutant-General: HENRY M. WARFIELD (Democrat), Baltimore County, Md.

General Warfield was born in Baltimore, July 1, 1867. He is a son of the late Henry M. Warfield, who was the candidate for Mayor of Baltimore on the reform ticket in 1875. His brothers are R. Emory Warfield, president of the Hanover Fire Insurance Company of New York, and S. Davies Warfield, president of the Continental Trust Company of Baltimore. The latter was a candidate for Mayor of Baltimore in 1891 and Postmaster of Baltimore for eleven years, having been appointed by President Cleveland and re-appointe by President McKinley.

General Warfield enlisted as a private in Company K, Fifth Regiment Infantry, Maryland National Guard, November 1, 1885, and served continuously until January 22, 1908, on which date he was appointed The Adjutant-General of Maryland by Governor Crothers.

He was elected Second Lieutenant of Company K, November 1, 1888, afterwards becoming First Lieutenant of Company F, Captain on Regimental Staff, Captain of Company B, Major and Colonel, being elected to the latter position on June 30, 1903.

General Warfield has always taken much interest in the affairs of his native city, both business and social. He is the resident manager of the Royal Insurance Company, Ltd., of Liverpool, with offices in the Chamber of Commerce Building, Baltimore, and one of the directors of the Board of Trade.

His membership in the clubs of Baltimore includes the Maryland, Elkridge, Merchants' and Bachelors' Cotillon.

### Clerk of the Court of Appeals: CALEB C. MAGRUDER (Democrat), of Prince George's County.

Caleb Clarke Magruder, of Prince George's County, son of Caleb Magruder, lawyer, and Mary Sprigg Pelt, was graduated A. B. and A. M., Georgetown University. Studied law at the University of Virginia. Married Elizabeth Rice, daughter of Dr. Richard Thomas Nalle and Elien Anne Hooe, of Virginia. Democratic candidate for State Senator from Prince George's in 1881, and for Associate Judge of Seventh Judicial Circuit in 1897. Elected Clerk of the Court of Appeals November 5, 1907.

STATE TAX.

### STATEMENT

### SHOWING THE STATE TAX RATE FROM THE YEAR 1849 TO 1910, INCLUSIVE.

Year.	Rate.	Year.	Rate.
1849	25	1881	18%
1850	25	1882	$18\frac{1}{4}$
1851	25	1883	18%
1852	$\frac{1}{25}$	1884	$18\frac{4}{18}$
1853	15	1885	1834
1854	15	1886	$18\frac{4}{18}$
1855	15	1887	$18\frac{4}{18}$
1856	ĴŬ	1888	$13\frac{4}{17}$
1857	10	1889	$17\frac{4}{17}$
1858	10	1890	$17\frac{4}{17}$
1859	10	1891	$17\frac{74}{1734}$
1860	10	1892	$17\frac{4}{17}$
1861	10	1893	$17\frac{4}{17}$
1862	25	1894	1734
1863	25	1895	$17\frac{4}{4}$
1864	15	1896	$17\frac{4}{4}$
1865	30	1897	17 %
1866	30	1898	17 %
1867	20	1899	17 %
1868	19	1900	$17\frac{4}{4}$
1869	19	1901	17
1870	1914	1902.	17
1871	191/4	1903	$\overline{17}$
1872	17	1904	$22\frac{1}{2}$
1873	17	1905	$23\frac{1}{2}$
1874	20 5-16	1906	231/2
1875	205-16	1907	16
1876	171/4	1908	16
1877	171/4	1909	16
1878	1834	1910	16
1879	18%	1911	22
1880	1834		

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SHOWING THE FUNDED DEBT OF THE STATE AS OF THE 30TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1910.

	Amount of	Amount of Maturity of	Eos What A acount
Character of Loan.	Loans.	Loans.	E OF M HAL ACCOUNTS
3 per cent. Consolidated Loan of 1899, per Chapter 219 of 1898 \$	\$3,253,926.13	1914	Public Buildings. for New Public Buildings.
	$\begin{array}{c} 5.500,000.00\\ 600,000.00\\ 11,625,000.00\\ 1,551,000.00\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1915\\ 1917\\ 1919\\ 1923-24\end{array}$	Public Buildings. Exchange of State Debt and Public Buildings. State Roads.
aggregate of	\$7,529,926.13	]	
to wit: Stock of Annapolis Water Company			
Bonds of the Northern Central Railway Company-Mort- gage	\$6,308,949.72		
Net Debt after productive stocks held by State and the Sinking Funds are deducted	\$1,220,976.41		

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### MARYLAND MANUAL.

### STATE TAX.

#### STATEMENT

### Showing the Public School and State Roads Loan Tax in Each County and Baltimore City for the Year 1910, Based Upon the Assessment of 1910.

	_	
	Assessed	Amount of
	Value of Property	Levy for 1909
	for the State	at 16 Cents
Counties and Baltimore City.	Levy of 1910.	on Each \$100.
Allegany County	\$19,905,545	\$31,848.87
Anne Arundel County	13,086,143	20,937.83
Baltimore City	485,954,920	777,527.87
Baltimore County	110,015,567	176,024.91
Calvert County	2,449,222	3,918.76
Caroline County	5,747,913	9,196.66
Carroll County	17,750,623	28,401.00
Cecil County	14,247,321	22,795.71
Charles County	3,929,003	6,286.40
Dorchester County	7,547,951	12.076.72
Frederick County	22,263,401	35,621.44
Garrett Connty	7,840,857	12,545.37
Harford County	13,403,304	21,445.29
Howard County	8,856,591	14,170.55
Kent County	8,538,703	13,661.92
Montgomery County	15.089.930	24.143.89
Prince George's County	12.893.478	20,629.56
Queen Anne's County	9,362,574	14,980.12
St. Mary's County	3,416,922	5,467.08
Somerset County	7,236,936	11,579.10
Talbot County	9,040,340	14.464.55
Washington County	22,714,009	36,342.41
Wicomico County	6,810,364	10,896.58
Worcester County	8,563,450	13,701.52
Total	\$836,665,067 \$	31,338,664.11

### RECAPITULATION-AMOUNTS.

Amount of Levy for-

Public School Tax, at 12½ cents on each \$100\$1,045,831.34 State Roads Loan, at 3½ cents on each \$100 292,832.77
Total

#### STATEMENT

Showing the Levy, Receipts and Disbursements of the Public School Tax, as Authorized by Chapters 584 of 1904 and 254 of 1908, and the Balance to the Credit of Said Account at the Close of the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 1910.

	Amount		Disburse-
Counties and Baltimore City.	of Levy.	Receipts.	ments.
Allegany County	\$24,881.93	\$23,057.38	\$59,197.47
Anne Arundel County	16,357.68	10.562.52	39,166.72
Baltimore City	607,443.65	587,673.45	486,331.33
Baltimore County	137,519.46	140,082.25	90,825.87
Calvert County	3.061.53	2.812.50	12.150.39
Caroline County	7,184.89	7,272.09	18,583,20
Carroll County	22,188.28	21,214.42	34,091.70
Ceeil County	17,809.15	18.611.66	24.715.41
Charles County	4.911.25	2,989.50	20,887.54
Dorehester County	9,434.94	6,249.99	31,694.04
Frederick County	27,829.25	26,328.12	52.460.65
Garrett County	9,801.07	9,125.00	24.269.10
Harford County	16,754.13	17,265.50	29.662.63
Howard County	11,070.74	7,517.13	17,346.40
Kent County	10,673.38	9,832.88	18,500.26
Montgomery County	18,862.41	9,421.05	32,930.85
Prince George's County	16,116.85	15,958.14	32.778.83
Queen Anne's County	11,703.22	9,804.69	20,963.91
St. Mary's County	4.271.15	4,150.36	20,803.51 20,873.71
	9.046.17	9,625.34	20,315.11 29.420.78
Somerset County		10,690.05	
Talbot County	$11,\!300.43$ 28.392.51	22.871.53	22,469.81
Washington County	/		45,319.64
Wieomieo County	8,512.96	7,421.88	25,782.94
Worcester County	10,704.31	6,409.35	23,848.25
Incorporated Institutions	· · · · · · · ·	103,896.99	• • • • • • •
Tax on Baltimore City Stock	•••••	34,951.27	• • • • • • • •
Receipts from Treasury prop-		000 050 00	
er, Chapter 254 of 1908	• • • • • • • • •	$206,\!250.00$	• • • • • • • • •
Text Books for Public			
Schools	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	150,000.00
State Normal School-White	· · · · · · · · ·	• • • • • • • •	20,000.00
State Normal School-Repairs	• • • • • • • •	••••••	1,000.00
State Normal School, No. 3.	• • • • • • • •		5,000.00
Frostburg Normal School	•••••	• • • • • • • •	7,000.00
Washington College-Normal			
Department	• • • • • • • •		4,500.00
State Board of Education-			
Expenses of	•••••	• • • • • • • •	3,000.00
Superintendent Public Educa-			
tion—Salary	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	3,000.00
Superintendent Public Educa-			
tion—Office Expenses	· · · · · · · · · · ·		1,000.00
Superintendeut Public Educa-			
tion—Traveling expenses	• • • • • • • •		500.00
Asst. Supt. Public Education			
-Salary	• • • • • • • • •		1,750.00
Clerk to State Board of Edu-			
eation-Salary	• • • • • • • • •		669.43
Totals\$	1,045,831.34	\$1,332,045.04	<b>\$1,411,</b> 690.86

### PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.

### SUMMARY.

Balance applicable to School Year commencing October	
1, 1909	591,652.19
Receipts from Public School Tax from all sources during	
Fiscal Year 1910	
Total Receipts Fiscal Year 1910 and Balance from 1909	1,923,697.23
Total Disbursements of Public School Tax during Fiscal	
Year 1910	1,411,690.86
Balance applicable to School Year commencing October	
1, 1910	512.006.37
Of this balance of \$512,006.37, there was dis-	
tributed Oct. 1, 1910, to Public Schools\$250,000.00	
and for Text-Books	
	287,500.00
Amount on hand to equalize future distributions	\$224 506.37

## PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.

Hospital for Consumptives of Maryland, Eudowood, Baltimore County, Maryland—Receives from State for maintenance, \$15,000 for 1911 and \$15,000 for 1912. Its purpose is to provide care and proper treatment for those suffering from consumption. This is a disease now recognized by medical men as one requiring treatment in a hospital especially provided for such patients. The need of such an institution is most obvious. These unfortunates are in most cases incurable (as their malady is infectious), and are not received in other hospitals. Apply to superintendent of institution for particulars.

Maryland Hospital for the Insane, Catonsville, Maryland—Receives from State for maintenance, \$71,000 for 1911 and \$71,000 for 1912. The hospital cares for patients both from the counties and the city of Baltimore. Nothing is received at the hospital, except through the counties and the city, who pay at the rate of \$150.00 a year for each patient, and the appropriation from the State. The city of Baltimore and each of the counties is entitled to so many patients, according to the population. Admission is obtained by the certificates of two physicians, according to the law, and by order of the court. Communications should be addressed to Mr. Arthur D. Foster, Secretary, Catonsville, Maryland.

Springfield State Hospital, Sykesville, Maryland—Receives for 1911 for maintenance, \$120,000, and for 1912, \$130,000. For rules of admission, address the institution.

Maryland Agricultural College, College Park, Maryland.—Receives from the State for 1911: For maintenance, \$16,000; for deficiency, \$2,318.86; for engineering station, \$10,000; for heating plant, \$1,600. For 1912, \$16,000 for maintenance, and deficiency, \$2,318.86. In return for the above support the institution furnishes fifty-two scholarships, as follows: One from each county of the State and each Senatorial district of Baltimore city, and twenty-five industrial scholarships given young men in exchange for work done for the college. The State scholarships are awarded by the School Boards of the respective counties and the School Board of Baltimore city, upon competitive examination, public notice of which is given. For more specific information relating to scholarships, address the president of the college.

Maryland Agricultural Experimental Station, College Park, Maryland —Receives from State \$5,000 for 1911 and \$5,000 for 1912. The experiment station concerns itself primarily in making scientific investigations and adding to the knowledge connected with agriculture in all of its departments, and after collecting and codifying this information it is sent out to the public in the form of bulletins, free of charge, to the farmers of the State. This information has been most satisfactory In raising the standard of farming throughout the State. These bulletins issued from the station are sent out in large issue at least slx times a year. There is no expense connected with the supplying or mailing of them, and they are sent under the United States Government frank as second-class matter.

Maryland Tubereulosis Sanatorium, Sabillasville, Maryland-Receives from the State \$75,000 for 1911 and \$75,000 for 1912. The 1910; for maiutenance, \$40,000 for 1909, and \$60,000 for 1910. The Maryland Tuberculosis Sanatorium is a State hospital, located near Sabillasville, Frederick county, Maryland, postoffice State Sanatorium, established by the State for the treatment of incipient cases of pumonary tuberculosis. It is open only to white bona fide residents of Maryland, who have passed successfully the physical examination made by one of the sauatorium's admitting physicians, and who are able to pay the almost nominal charge of \$3.50 per week, which covers board, laundry, medicines and medical attention. Wellto-do patients are expected to pay more according to their financial ability. Every prospective patient should visit one of the admitting physicians, who will make a physical examination, which, if reported favorably to Dr. Bayard T. Crane, Superintendent, State Sauatorium, Maryland, entitles the patient to admission in the order of the receipt of the accepted application. The admitting physicians are Dr. H. Warren Buckler, Dr. Gordon Wilson, 806 Cathedral Street, Baltimore, Md.; Dr. Henry Barton Jacobs, 11 West Mount Vernon Place. Baltimore; Dr. Charles H. Conley, Adamstown, Md.; Dr. Guy Steele, Cambridge, Md.; Dr. Charles M. Ellis, Elkton, Md.; Dr. W. P. Miller, Hagerstowu, Md.; Dr. Arthur Hawkins, Cumberland, Md.; Dr. Paul Jones, Snow Hill, Md.; Dr. Henry Fitzhugh, Westminster, Md.

### PENAL INSTITUTIONS.

The Maryland Penitentary, Baltimore City—This institution is supported wholly by the proceeds of the labor of the prisoners, and a handsome balance is annually turned into the Treasury of the State. Warden, John F. Weyler, Baltimore, Md.

The Maryland House of Correction, Jessup's, Maryland—This instition is for the confinement of short-term prisoners and is partly selfsupporting. Superintendent, W. E. Lankford, Jessup's, Maryland.

### EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

Anne Arundel Academy, Millersville, Maryland — Receives from the State \$3,000 for 1911 and \$3,000 for 1912. Free tuition is given students from the State upou testimony signed by the parents or guardian that the applicant is worthy of educational assistance. For blank form of application, address the principal.

Baltimore Manual Labor School, Washington and Frederick Roads, Baltimore—Receives from State \$2,000 for 1911 aud \$2,000 for 1912. The object of this institution is to furnish a free boarding and farm school for boys whose parents are unable to support them during the years when they should be instructed in the public schools. Apply to institutiou for particulars of entrance.

Charlotte Hall School, Charlotte Hall, St. Mary's County, Maryland—Used as directed in 321, 1898. Receives from State, \$5,000 for 1911 and \$5,000 for 1912. In return for the State appropriation of \$5,000.00 a year, Charlotte Hall School gives one scholarship of board and tuition to each county of the State, and to each of the

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four legislative districts of Baltimore city. The law directs the School Boards of the several counties and of Baltimore city to award the scholarships upon competitive examination. Other boys may secure entrance to this institution by presenting a satisfactory letter from the last school attended, and by paying the regular charges of the school. Those wishing to correspond with the school may address the Principal, George M. Thomas, at above address.

Deaf and Dumb Asylum, Frederick, Maryland—Receives from State, \$32,000 for 1911 and \$32,000 and \$15,000 for buildings for 1912 This is a purely educational institution, providing for the deaf and dumb children of the State, or. more exactly, for the deaf children of the State. The term deaf and dumb covers one class and does not include those who are speechless though able to hear. Pupils are admitted on application to the Principal, Charles W. Ely, Frederick, Md. Blank forms of application are furnished by him. The age limit is six to twenty-one years. Exceptions to this rule may be made by the Board of Visitors. Board, instruction aud care are provided without charge to residents of the State. Pupils from other States are charged \$150.00 per annum. Proper medical care is given, but deafness is not treated. Pupils are received for school and industrial instruction and not for medical care.

F. Knapp English and German Institute for Indigent Mutes, 851 Hollins Street, Baltimore—Receives from State \$1,200 for 1911 and \$1,200 for 1912. It is required to maintain twelve free scholarships for training and education of indigent mutes, and to furnish them with text-books, "appliances and so forth," and to frain and educate them. Apply to F. Kuapp. Principal, 851 and 853 Hollins Street, Baltimore.

John Hopkins University, Baltimore, Maryland—Receives from State, \$25,000 for 1911 and \$25,000 for 1912. No State scholarships are awarded in this institution, but the university has, since its foundation, offered a large uumber of free scholarships to students from Maryland, and in additiou. Marylauders can compete for twenty University scholarships and twenty fellowships. There are also five "Woodyear" scholarships open to undergraduates. Apply to T. R. Ball, Registrar.

MeDonough Institute, LaPlata, Maryland—Receives from State, \$4,000 for 1911 and \$4,000 for 1912, for which the institution maintains twenty free scholarships to students of Charles county, who are appointed by the School Commissioners of the county with the approval of the Seuator of the county.

Maryland Institute for the Promotion of Mechanics' Arts. Mount Royal Avenue and Lanvale Street. Baltimore—Receives from State, \$15,000 for 1911 and \$15,000 for 1912. Furnishes one free scholar to be received from each county of the State and one from each legislative district of Baltimore city, to be selected by the School Commissioners of the counties and Baltimore city, respectively, upon the approval of the State Senator of each county and the legislative districts of Baltimore city. As each scholarship is for the period of four years, the number of pupils always in the schools under the contract is 108. We have a similar contract with the city of Baltimore for the education of free pupils. Other pupils pay the tuition fees required in the different classes, varying in the day school according to the course pursued, but in the night schools the standard fee is six dollars for the term of six months in the mechanical, architectual and free-hand classes alike. For detailed information, address John M. Carter, President, at address given above. Maryland School for the Blind (For White Scholars), 220 East North Avenue, Baltimore—This institution receives annually \$21,000, for which it admits indigent blind persons of the age of seven years and npwards, inhabitants of Maryland and of the county or city from which are recommended by the County Commissioners of the county or by the judges of the Orphans' Court of Baltimore city, if the applicant be a resident of that city. These applications are made to the Governor, who, after examination to ascertain whether or not the provisions of the law have been complied with and that the applicant is worthy to be a State beneficiary, issues his warrant of admission specifying therein the term for which the applicant is admitted.

Maryland School for the Blind (For Colored Scholars), 649 West Saratoga Street, Baltimore. Receives from State for maintenance, \$10,000 for 1911 and \$10,000 for 1912. Apply to institution for particulars of entrance.

St. Francis Xavier School for Deaf and Dumb White Children, 903 McCulloh Street, Baltimore—Receives from State \$2,000 for 1911 and \$2,000 for 1912. This institution receives deaf mutes, whether able to pay for their maintenance in full, in part or not at all. Address the institution for particulars of admittance.

St. John's College, Annapolis, Maryland-Receives \$10,000 for 1911 and \$10,000 for 1912. An additional \$20,000 for buildings. The General Assembly of the State, by Act of 1872, Chapter 303, and 1870, Chapter 315, has provided for furnishing board, fuel, lights and washing to the incombent of one State scholarship for each Senatorial district in the State, to be appointed by the Board of School Commissioners, by and with the advice and consent of the Senators in their respective districts after competitive examination. By the Act of 1894, an additional appropriation to the College provided for the education of twenty-six State students in addition to the foregoing, free of expenses for thition. The Board of Visitors also grants ten additional scholarships to the above number, making a sum total of sixty-two scholarships providing free tuition. These scholarships are awarded as follows: Twenty-six State Senatorial scholarships by the Board of School Commissioners, by and with the advice and consent of the Senators in their respective districts. Twenty-six State scholarships are distributed among the counties of Maryland, in order of priority of application, either, first, by the appointment of the Board of School Commissioners; or in the event second, of no candidate being selected by them, by the Board of Visitors and Governors of the college; or third, by the President of St. John's Col-lege. The balance of the tuition scholarships are given to deserving students, residents of Maryland, by the Board of Visitors and Governors, at a meeting which shall be held after the opening of the college session, and after due notice of vacancies has been advertised by them in the daily journals. There are also (15) fifteen Foundation scholarships providing free tuition, awarded by the Board of Visitors and Governors to deserving youth, resident in the city of Annapolis, Md.

St. Mary's Female Seminary, Leonardtown, St. Mary's County, Maryland—Receives from State \$4,500 for 1911 and \$4,500 for 1912. This institution furnishes twenty-nine scholarships, with board, light, heat, lanndry, books, thition in the course leading to graduation.

French, drawing, private piano and vocal instruction and free conveyance to church. Each county is entitled to one scholarship, and in addition, Baltimore city has four, and St. Mary's, two. They are given for a term of three years, which is occasionally extended. The County Commissioners and examiners make the respective appointments, no examination being required by law. No educational qualifications of scholarships or pay pupils are required for admission, but entrance examinations are given at the school for the purpose of classification. Boarders are charged a price set by the trustees, \$160 for the full course, board, etc., \$35 for music.

Washington College, Chestertown, Kent County, Maryland-Receives from State \$10,000 for 1911 and \$10,000 for 1912. This institution furnishes seventy-three regular scholarships, eighteen of which furnish the incumbent with board, tuition and practically all college expenses. The other fifty-five are provided with free tuition and free text-books. Entrance to this College is secured upon application to the President of the College by any individual possessing the necessary mental and moral qualifications. Correspondence may be addressed to James W. Cain, President, Washingtou College, Chestertown, Maryland.

Western Maryland College, Westminster, Carroll County, Maryland -Receives from State \$3,100 for 1911 and \$3,100 for 1912; for buildings, \$16,000; for which it maintains one free scholarship from each county of the State and one from each Legislative district of Baltimore city. Receives from State for buildings, \$25.000. This College e board and tuition to fifty-two Senatorial district of the State, receives and furnishes tree students, two from each the appropriations annually made to this Colin return for lege. In addition, it receives and gives free tuition to twen-ty-six students, two from each election district of Carroll connty, in return for one thousand dollars annually given to this College from the academic fund due Carroll county. The benefit that accrues to the State from these free students is that each student gives bond to teach in the public schools of the State for at least two years after graduation. These students are appointed by the School Commissioners by and with the advice and consent of the Senator, after a competitive examination conducted by the Commissioners. The scholarship is good for four years. Any student of good moral character is received in this College after examination, or one holding a certificate of graduation from an accredited High School without examination, on the payment of \$225 a year. Correspondence may be addressed to the President, Rev. T. H. Lewis, D. D., at Westminster, Md.

#### ASYLUMS.

Baltimore Orphan Asylum, Stricker Street, Between Lexington and Saratoga Streets, Baltimore—Receives from State \$3,000 for 1911 and \$3,000 for 1912. Its object is the physical, moral and intellectual training of orphan children, and the securement of good positions when they leave. All denominations. Terms of admission: The child must have lost one or both parents, and must be at least five years of age, and the girls must remain under the control of the institution until eighteen years old, and the boys until twenty-one. Apply to institution for particulars.

General German Orphan Asylum of Baltimore City, 224 Aisquith Street, Baltimore—Receives from State \$2,500 for 1911 and \$2,500

#### PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.

for 1912. Its object is to care for and educate destitute children. Boys and girls of any nationality from two or ten years of age are admitted, and are sent to the public schools and taught German and English. The girls are taught sewing and household work and the boys given trades. Apply to justitution for particulars.

Hebrew Orphan Asylum of Baltimore City, Calverton Heights, Baltimore, Md.—Receives from State \$3,000 for 1911 aud \$3,000 for 1912. The constitution and by-laws permit the admission of orphans from four years up in good health, sound iu miud and well behaved. The parent or guardian has to sign an agreement binding these children to our care, girls to eighteen years old and boys to tweuty-one years. Besides supporting our children with everything necessary, the aim is and always has been to give them as good an education as means will permit. Correspondence can be addressed to our President, Mr. David Hutzler, 212 North Howard Street, or to the Secretary, Mr. William Schloss, 1710 Madison Avenue.

Maryland Asylum and Training School for the Feeble Minded, Owings Mills, Maryland—Receives from State, for maintenance, \$45,000 for 1911 and \$55,000 for 1912. Persons of either sex admitted, between the ages of seven and seventeen. Apply to Dr. Frank Keating, Superintendent, Owings Mills, Baltimore County, Maryland.

St. Anthony's Orphan Asylum, 927 North Central Avenue, Baltimore—Receives from State \$1,500 for 1911 and \$1,500 for 1912. The purpose of this Institution is to provide a home for destitute orphau children. Apply to institution for information relating to admission.

St. Mary's Female Orphan Asylum of Baltimore, Cold Spring Lane, near Roland Avenue, Baltimore-Receives from State \$5,000 for 1911 and \$5,000 for 1912. St. Mary's Female Orphan Asylum of Baltimore gives the State in return for its appropriation, "Power to any Justice of the Peace or Trustee of the Poor of the City of Baltimore, or of the counties of Maryland, to commit any orphans or destitute girls, who may be suffering for want of support, either on account of death, extreme indigence, or bad habits, or neglect of parents; provided, however, that such girl shall not be afflicted with any contagious diseases, or vicious, in which cases the managers have the right to refuse the commitment; and that the person making  $t^*$ ? commitment do so in writing and sign the name." The child\_a receive a primary education to eighth grade, are trained to domestic economy, sewing, darning, etc., so as to prepare them for industrial schools or for service in homes, and to fit them to become virtuous, useful and creditable members of society. Applications for admittance, other than a State beueficiary, may be made auy pastor, or other respectable party who must present good reference. Correspondence can be addressed to Sister Superior, St. Mary's Asylum, Roland Park, Md.

St. Vincent Infant Asylum of Baltimore City, Lafayette Avenue and Division Street, Baltimore—Receives from State \$6,500 for 1911 and \$6,500 for 1912, and for buildings, \$12,500. Boys admitted to this institution are committed either by the city or by county magistrates. In cases where poverty or inability of relatives and friends to provide is clearly evident, applicants are also admitted. The chlldren are taught useful branches of education, are trained to become useful and creditable citizens of the State hereafter. Address the institution for particulars.

St. Vincent's Male Orphan Asylum, 110 North Front Street, Baltimore-Receives from State \$5,000 for 1911 and \$5,000 for 1912. Apply to the institution for rules of admission.

#### HOMES.

Aged Men and Women's Home of the Methodist Episeopal Church of the Washington Annual Conference, 214 West Lee Street, Baltimore (Colored)—Receives from State \$500 for 1911 and \$500 tor 1912. Its object is to give aged and needy members of the Methodist Episcopal Church a home. No one under sixty years admitted. Proper recommendations required and the payment of \$150. Apply to Barbara S. Winks, Corresponding Secretary.

Baltimore Humane Impartial Society and Aged Women's and Men's Home, West Lexington Street, Baltimore—Receives from State, \$3,000 for 1911 and \$3,000 for 1912. This institution is commonly known as the Aged Women's and Aged Men's Homes. It has for many years given homes to deserving old women and old men. This home is given to citizens of Maryland generally, whether they live in the counties or in the city. All are supposed to pay an admission fee, varying from \$300 down to \$200, according to their age. When this is paid, no matter how long the inmate may live at the institution, there is no further charge. The inmates are fed, clothed and the expenses of burial are paid when death occurs. For detailed information, address Mr. Leigh Bonsal, Treasurer, 509 Calvert Building, Baltimore.

Boys' Home Society of Baltimore City, Corner Calvert and Pleasant Streets, Baltimore—Receives from State \$2,000 for 1911 and \$2,000 for 1912. Receives any homeless boy from any county in the State, between 10 and 18 years of age, upon the application of relatives or friends.

Chase Home for Aged Women, Annapolis, Maryland-Receives from State \$1,500 for 1911 and \$1,500 for 1912. Correspondence relative to rules of admission, etc., may be addressed to the institution.

Country Home for Children at Catonsville—Receives from State \$1,000 for 1911. Apply to institution for particulars.

Confederate Woman's Home, 1020 Linden Avenue, Baltimore-Receives from State \$1,000 for 1911 and \$1,000 for 1912. This institution cares for Confederate widows and mothers. There is no charge for entrance fee and the persons are clothed and fed. Correspondence may be addressed to James R. Wheeler, President, 1020 Linden Avenue, Baltimore.

General German Aged People's Home of Baltimore City, Corner Baltimore and Payson Streets, Baltimore—Receives from State, \$1,500 for 1911 and \$1,500 for 1912. This Home benefits the State by giving a home, board, lodging, clothing, medical attendance and a decent funeral to aged persons unable to work and forsaken. Any inhabitant of the State of Maryland who by reason of old age is unable to work and forsaken, may apply to the Board of Directors, who are yearly elected by the contributors, for admission as an inmate of the Home, and if accepted, has to pay an admission fee of \$100, if of the age of 76 years or over; if 75 years, \$120; 74th year, \$140; 70d year, \$160; 72d year, \$180; 71st year, \$200; 70th year, \$220; 69th year, \$240, and at this ratio increasing to \$350 for the 61st year of age, and assign and transfer all his property and income to the Home. Address the President and Directors of the General German Aged People's Home, Corner Baltimore and Payson Streets, Baltimore, Maryland. Hebrew Friendly Inn and Aged Home of Baltimore City, Aisquith Street, Near Fayette, Baltimore—Receives from State \$1,500 for 1911 aud \$1,500 for 1912. This institution was founded for the purpose of providing a home for aged men and womeu who were nuable to maintain themselves and who had no one to look after them. It was to prevent them from being forced to enter an almshouse and become public charges. The State is benefited by being relieved of the cost and burden of supporting these old people. Applications for admission are made to the Board of Directors at Aisquith and Fayette Streets, and no one is admitted who is able to support himself, or who has auy one related to him, who is able to support him, and whose duty it is to do it. No entrance fee is charged, and no charge is made for sustaining the inmates. In additiou to this, this institution conducts a friendly inn and provides three days' board and lodging to strangers in the city, free of cost.

Hollywood Children's Summer Home, 1608 Mount Royal Avenue, Baltimore—Receives from State \$500 for 1911 and \$500 for 1912. Apply to institution for particulars.

Home of the Aged of Talbot County, Easton, Maryland—Miss Lizzie F. Hopkins, Corresponding Secretary. Receives from State \$3,000 for 1911 and \$3,000 for 1912. The institution receives persons of old age who are unable to work and who have no means of support.

Home of the Friendless of Baltimore City, Druid Hill and Lafayette Avenues, Baltimore—Receives from State \$5,000 for 1911 and \$5,000 for 1912. The purpose of this institution is the care, maintenance and education of children. Many parents are enabled to be self-supporting by being relieved of the care of children, when otherwisse parents and children would have to be supported by the State as paupers. Entrance into this Home is secured upon application at the institution by parent or friend of the child, Tuesday morning, between the hours of 11 and 1 o'clock, or through correspondence to Miss Isabel Wilmer, Agent, Home of the Friendless, Corner Druid Hill and Lafayette Avennes, Baltimore.

Home of the Friendless Children of the Eastern Shore, Easton, Maryland—Receives from State \$1,000 for 1911 and \$1,000 for 1912. This institution cares for girls only, who are received upon application to the Board of Managers. The age of these children is from 3 to 8 years. Applicants received from any part of the Eastern Shore of Maryland, the qualifications being mental and physical soundness. For detailed information, address said institution at above address.

Home for Ineurables, Guilford Avenue and Twenty-First Street, Baltimore—Receives from State \$2,500 for 1911 and \$2,500 for 1912. The State receives through this institution exemption from the care of those unfortunates who are unable to care for themselves. Correspondence inquiring into the method of entrance into this institution should be addressed to Mr. John M. Nelson, 10 South Calvert Street, Baltimore.

Home and Infirmary of Western Maryland, Cumberland, Maryland —Receives from State \$7,500 for 1911 and \$7,500 for 1912. Apply to J. W. Thomas, President, or Mrs. B. S. Randolph, Secretary. It is required to keep six free beds under the State appropriation.

Maryland Home for Friendless Colored Children, 624 Druid Hill Ave., Baltimore-Receives from State \$5,000 for 1911 and \$5,000 for 1912.

The institution was organized for the reception and training of destitute colored children between the ages of 2 and 10 years. Judges and other competent anthorities, in the counties of the State, are empowered to commit to this institution such destitute colored children, of the prescribed age, as may seem proper to them. Only, it does not feel bound to receive from the counties more children than the appropriation from the State justifies. The children thus committed from the counties are directly under the supervision of the board, and, at the proper time, after careful investigation, are secured homes in private families, until they become of age, thus making room in the institution for new comers from the counties. Any communication for information should be addressed to Mr. George B. Murphy, Secretary, 1404 Argyle Avenne, or to the President, Rev. George F. Bragg, 1133 Park Avenue, Baltimore, Md.

Maryland Line Confederate Soldiers' Home, Pikesville, Maryland —Receives from State \$15,000 for 1911 and \$15,000 for 1912. Under the rules of the Board of Governors, applicants for admission are required to comply with the following conditions. (1) Proof of honorable service in the Army or Navy of the Confederate State; (2) Maryland citizenship at the breaking out of the war or service in a Maryland command; (3) if not a citizen of Maryland at the comuencement of the war, or having service in a Maryland command, the party must have acquired substantial citizenship since the war. We have also admitted at times citizens of the District of Columbia, as such were without recourse to State or Federal assistance. Any correspondence in connection with the management of operation of the Home should be addressed to G. W. Booth, President of the Association of the Maryland Line, Baltimore and Ohio Building, Baltimore, Md.

St. Elizabeth's Home for Colored Children, 317 St. Paul Street, Baltimore—Receives from State \$1,700 for 1911 and \$1,700 for 1912. The object of this institution is to care for friendless or abandoned colored infants. For information relative to procedure of entrance, address. Mother Mary Mitchel at above address.

St. Martha's Episcopal Home. 735 West Lexington Street, Baltimore—Receives from State \$500 for 1911 and \$500 for 1912. The purpose of this institution is to care for young women who are without homes while looking for employment or while learning trades, or to do domestic work. It has accommodations for seventeen girls, and during the past year cared for one hundred and twenty. A home has been given these girls while seeking employment. Girls from orphan asylums, with little knowledge of the world, have been cared for and aided to become self-sustaining. Apply to institution for information relating to admittance.

St. Mary's Home for Little Colored Boys, 409 West Biddle Street, Baltimore—Receives from State \$500 for 1911 and \$500 for 1912. Boys are received into the home between the ages of three and seven years (exceptional cases only, at eight). No children received having any contragious disease. Boys are sent to school, and between the ages of twelve and fourteen are placed in domestic service (in the conntry when possible). For their services they received food and clothing and are sent to school and in addition their employer promises to pay \$10 a year, which is deposited to their credit in a savings bank. At eighteen they are free to leave their place of employment if they so desire. Application for admission should be made to the Sisters in Charge of St. Mary's Home.

#### PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.

Silver Cross Home for Epilepties, Port Deposit, Maryland—Receives from State \$1,500 for 1911 and \$1,500 for 1912. This institution cares for the same epileptics, a class of unfortunates for whom no special provision is made in any State institution. For information relating to entrance, address Mrs. J. L. Ingle, 1007 Lanvale Street, Baltimore, Md.

#### HOSPITALS.

Baltimore Eye, Ear and Throat Charity Hospital, 625 West Franklin Street, Baltimore—Receives from State \$8,000 for 1911 and \$8,000 for 1912. Apply to institution for particulars.

Emergency Hospital, Annapolis, Maryland—Receives from State, \$5,000 for 1911 and \$5,000 for 1912. Also, \$30,000 for buildings. Apply to institution for information.

Emergency Hospital, Easton, Maryland—Receives from State, \$5,000 for 1911 and \$5,000 for 1912. The Emergency Hospital at Easton treats free all persons in need of treatment and who are unable to pay. Patients are admitted upon request of their attending physicians, and are always admitted when there is room in the hospital to receive them. Correspondence should be addressed to the Superintendent of the Hospital, or to M. M. Higgins, Secretary.

Franklin Square Hospital of Baltimore City, Calhoun and Fayette Streets, Baltimore—Receives from State \$7,000 for 1911 and \$7,000 for 1912. Shall receive from each county of the State and each Legislative district of Baltimore city one free patient at a time each year, upon the certificate of the Connty Commissioners and the Board of Health of Baltimore city.

Frederick City Hospital Association, Mrs. A. D. Willard, Secretary, Frederick, Maryland—Receives from State \$8,000 for 1911 and \$8,000 for 1912. This institution receives absolutely free patients, patients who can pay a reduced rate and those whose rates are below the case to the institution of their maintenance and treatment.

Good Samaritan Hospital, Hoffman and McCulloh Street, Baltimore —Receives from State \$1,200 for 1911 and \$1,200 for 1912. Apply to institution for particulars.

Hebrew Hospital and Asylum Association, Corner Monument Street and Hopkins Avenue, Baltimore—Receives from State \$9,000 for 1911 and \$9,000 for 1912. The Hospital contains eighty beds; fifty-two of these are in wards and are exclusively free beds. The Medical Superintendent has entire charge of the admission of patients, irrespective of their religious belief. One ward has been especially fitted up for children, and we take care of the sick children of the Hebrew Orphan Asylum and those of the Sheltering Home. Has a home for the aged, both male and female. Herc, in accordance with the constituion, only are admitted residents of this State, of the Jewish Faith, sixty years of age, after two years residence in this State. Correspondence may be addressed to A. S. Adler, Secretary, Pikesville, Maryland.

Hospital for Relief of Crippled and Deformed Children of Baltimore, Charles, Corner Twentieth Street, Baltimore—Receives from State \$5,000 for 1911 and \$5,000 for 1912. This charity admits and treats all needy poor children from this State that are amenable to treatment, *i. e.*, those that are not incurable or feeble-minded. The

benefit aside from the humanitarian side that the State accrues from its appropriation to this institution is that it relieves the pain and suffering of its little citizens and by cure or amelioration enables them to become physically uormal self-supporting citizens and not wards upon the State's bouuty nor crippled beggars in our streets or counties. Correspondence may be addressed to Thomas M. Hulings, Secretary of the Board of Trustees, Continental Trust Company, Baltimore, Md., or directly to the hospital.

Hospital for the Women of Maryland. Lafayette Avenue and John Street, Baltimore—Receives from State \$7,500 for 1911 and \$7,500 for 1912. There are twenty-four free beds in the hospital open to patients from the city of Baltimore and from all parts of the State. Admission to the hospital is secured by application to the resident physicians in charge, whose duty it is to receive and act upon these applications and to see that the patients thus admitted are properly cared for during their stay. The present surgeons in charge are Dr. Charles H. Riley and Dr. Robert T. Wilson, and with them is associated Dr. J. Mason Hundley: For detailed information, address Mrs. Anne Johnson Poe, President, at above address.

Lying-In Hospital of the Maternite of Maryland, 622 West Lombard Street, Baltimore—Receives from State \$4,000 for 1911 and \$4,000 for 1912. Correspondence relative to rules of admission, etc., should be addressed to the hospital at the address given above.

Maryland Lying-In Hospital of Baltimore City, 817 Linden Avenue. Baltimore—Receives from State \$4,000 for 1911 and \$4,000 for 1912. Women are received two weeks before confinement. No charges. Apply to Wilmer Brinton, President.

Maryland Homeopathie Hospital and Free Dispensary of Baltimore City. 1122 North Mount Street, Baltimore—Receives from State, \$6,500 for 1911 and \$6,500 for 1912. Ten free beds. Apply to John B. Van Meter, President; Thomas Schweckbebler, Treasurer.

Maryland General Hospital, Linden Avenue, Near Madison, Baltimore—Receives from State \$13,000 for 1911 and \$13,000 for 1912. It is required to furnish a free bed for each Senatorial district. Apply to Robert W. Johnson, President, or Duncan McCalman, Resident Physician.

Nursery and Child's Hospital of Baltimore City, Corner Franklin and Schroeder Streets, Baltimore—Receives from State \$3,000 for 1911 and \$3,000 for 1912. Admission to this institution is by commituent of magistrate or by application to the institution for temporary care or treatment. Apply to Sarah J. Bevan, President.

Peninsula General Hospital, Salisbury, Maryland—Receives from State \$10,000 for 1911 and \$10,000 for 1912. The Peninsula General Hospital is designed for the treatment of Obstetrical, Acute and Sub-Acute Diseases and of Chronic Curable Diseases. Cases of incurable and contagious diseases not admitted. Free beds are maintained by the State of Maryland for the sick poor. Admission to these beds is by permit from the Clerk of the County Commissioners of the various counties. Other indigent patients will be admitted to the public wards at the rate of \$5 per week. Private patients will be admitted, irrespective of residence, to the public wards at the rate of \$5 per week, or to private rooms. One week's board is payable when patient is admitted, and is due weekly in advance thereafter. All inquiries concerning the admission of free or pay patients should be addressed to the superintendent at the hospital.

#### PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.

St. Agnes Hospital; Wilkens Avenue, Near Caton Avenue, Baltimore-Receives from State \$7,500 for 1911 and \$7,500 for 1912. It is required to furnish free beds to the respective counties of the State. The institution is for the care of the sick and indigent poor. Apply to institution for requirements of admission.

St. Joseph's German Hospital, Caroline and Hoffman Sts., Baltimore —Receives from State \$10,000 for 1911 and \$10,000 for 1912. Shall furnish one bed, maintenance and treatment for one patient at a time for each Senatorial District of Maryland. In return for above appropriation this institution accepts free all patients referred by State Senators, by reputable physicians, or by personal application, provided patients are hospital cases and worthy of charity. Application to secure entrance should be made to Sister M. Georgina, St. Joseph's Hospital.

St. Luke's Hospital of Baltimore City, 116 West North Avenu, Baltimore—Receives from State \$3,000 for 1911 and \$3,000 for 1912. Address institution for rules of admittance.

South Baltimore Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Charitable Hospital. 1017 Light Street, Baltimore—Receives from State \$2,500 for 1911 and \$2,500 for 1912. Furnishes treatment to indigent persons. Apply at institution.

Union Hospital of Cecil County, Elkton, Maryland—Receives from State \$5,000 for 1911 and \$5,000 for 1912. Address institution for particulars.

United Charities Hospital Association of Dorchester County. Cambridge, Maryland-Receives from State \$10,000 for 1911 and \$10,000 for 1912. It is required to furnish ten beds for State patients, and to support free county patients. (Act of 1898, Chapter 462). Apply to the Association, Cambridge, Maryland.

Washington County Hospital Association. Hagerstown, Maryland-Receives from State \$9,000 for 1911 and \$9,000 for 1912. Apply to institution for particulars.

West End Maternite Hospital, 112 North Calhoun Street, Baltimore —Receives from State \$3,500 for 1911 and \$3,500 for 1912. Renders assistance and care for indigent women during confinement. Apply at institution.

*Hospital for the Negro Insane*—Receives from State \$10.000 for the year 1911 and \$20,000 for the year 1912.

Salisbury Home for the Aged, Salisbury, Maryland—Receives from State \$2,500 for the year 1911. Address communications to the institution.

*Mercy Hospital*—Receives from State \$13,000 for the year 1911 and \$13,000 for the year 1912, for which it furnishes one bed, maintenance and treatment for one patient at a time from each Senatorial district.

University Hospital—Receives from State \$15,000 for 1911 and \$15,000 for 1912, for which it furnishes one bed, maintenance and treatment for one patient at a time from each of the Senatorial districts.

Provident General Hospital-Receives from State \$1,500 for 1911 and \$1,500 for 1912.

General Marine Hospital, Cambridge, Maryland—Receives from State \$6,000 for the year 1911. Address communications to institution.

Jewish Home for Consumptives, Reisterstown, Maryland—Receives from State \$35,000 for 1911 and \$35,000 for 1912. Address communications to the institution.

University of Maryland Lying-In Hospital-Receives from State \$4,000 for 1911 and \$4,000 for 1912.

Baltimore General Dispensary—Receives from State \$500 for 1911 and \$500 for 1912.

Maryland Society for the Protection of Children-Receives from State \$1,000 for 1911 and \$1,000 for 1912.

Universal Progressive School for Destitute Colored Children-Receives from State \$500 for 1911 and \$500 for 1912.

Maryland Workshop for the Blind-Receives from State \$10,000 for 1911 and \$10,000 for 1912.

St. Mary's Day Nursery-Receives from State \$500 for 1921 and \$500 for 1912.

#### MISCELLANEOUS.

Baltimore Day Nursery, 224 South Patterson Park Avenue, Baltimore—Receives from State \$1,500 for 1911 and \$1,500 for 1912. This institution cares for the children of women who must be employed during the day to earn a living. A charge of five cents for each child is made in order to prevent imposition and from pauperizing the mothers. For detailed information, address Ellen W. Shoemaker, President, at above address.

Florence Crittenden Home, S37 Hollins Street, Baltimore—Receives from State \$1,000 for 1911 and \$1,000 for 1912. The purpose of this Mission is to rescue tempted or erring girls and women. Ninety per cent. of the inmates are cared for free of cost. Any girl or women who desires to recover themselves are welcome, except those afflicted with contagious diseases. Applicants who are able to pay are charged a small amount. Correspondence may be addressed to Louis Cassard, Treasurer, S37 Hollins Street, Baltimore.

*Hebrew Children Sheltering and Protective Association of Baltimore City*, 203 *Aisquith Street. Baltimore*—Receives from the State, \$3,000 for 1911 and \$3,000 for 1912. Correspondence relative to rules of admission, etc., should be addressed to the institution at above address.

Locust Point Social Settlement, 1504 East Fort Avenue. Baltimore —Receives from State \$500 for 1911 and \$500 for 1912. Apply to institution for particulars.

Northeastern Day Nursery, 429 Aisquith Street, Baltimore—Receives from State \$250 for 1911 and \$250 for 1912. The object of this institution is to care for children while their parents are at work, for which a charge of five cents per day is made. Address the institution for particulars. Northeastern Dispensary, 1224 East Monument Street, Baltimore-Receives from State \$750 for 1911 and \$750 for 1912. The purpose of this institution is to furnish to those unable to pay, medical and surgical treatment.

National Junior Republic, Annapolis Junction, Maryland—Receives from State \$3,000 for 1911 and \$3,000 for 1912. Apply to institution for particulars. The object of this institution is the care, education and manual training of dependent, neglected and delinquent children between the ages of 12 and 17 years.

Oblate Sisters of Providence, Chase Street and Forest Place, Baltimore—Receives from State \$500 for 1911 and \$500 for 1912. The children in this institutiou are taught sewing, needlework, manual labor, etc. When they are old enough places are secured for them as servants in good families, and watch is kept over them until they are eighteen years of years. For detailed information, address institution, at above address.

Shelter of the Aged and Infirm Colored Persons, 517 West Biddle Street, Baltimore—Receives from State \$500 for 1911 and \$500 for 1912. Receives and furnishes a permanent home for colored women upon the payment of a nominal entrance fee. For application blank, address the institution.

South Baltimore Day Nursery, 509 Hanover Street, Baltimore— Receives from State \$1,500 for 1911 and \$1,500 for 1912. Entrance Into this institution is secured upon application of mothers who are obliged to work during the day to support their children. In order to preserve the self-respect of the mothers, a charge of five cents for one child, eight cents for two, and ten cents for three, is made. Correspondence may be addressed to Mother M. de Sales Leach, President, 509 Hanover street, Baltimore.

Southern Dispensary of Baltimore, 106 West Hill Street, Baltimore —Receives from State \$500 for 1911 and \$500 for 1912. The purpose of this institution is to furnish medicine and treatment to the indigent sick. Apply at institution.

St. Peter Clavier Colored Industrial School of Baltimore City, 412 West Biddle Street, Baltimore, Md.—Receives from State \$300 for 1911 and \$300 for 1912. Apply to institution for rules for admission.

Union Protestant Infirmary, 1514 Division Street, Baltimore—Receives from State \$8,000 for 1911 and \$8,000 for 1912. Shall furuish one bed, maintenance and treatment to one patient at a time from each Senatorial district. In return for the State appropriation charity patients for the past year represent 14,384 hospital days out of a total of 28,266 days, which includes bed, board, medical and nursing attendance with medicine, etc. Patients are admitted in the following way: Applicants other than State beneficiaries are admitted either through the visiting or resident staff; also on their personal application. For detailed information, address William M. Dabney, M. D., Superintendent, 1514 Division street, Baltimore.

#### REFORMATORY INSTITUTIONS.

Female House of Refuge, Baker and Carey Streets, Baltimore—Receives from State \$6,000 for 1911 and \$6,000 for 1912, and further sum of \$4,000 for payment of mortgage for 1910. This institution aims at the reformation of destitute females, who are received free of cost. Officers of the institution: William K. Bibb, Superintendent; D. Hopper Emory, Secretary, Baltimore city.

Henry Watson Children's Aid Society, 101 West Saratoga Street, Baltimore—Receives from State \$1,500 for 1911 and \$1,500 for 1912. Children received from six to eighteen years of age, through the Juvenile Court, County Magistrates, and in some cases from parents aud guardians who sign a regular agreement. Application for admission should be made to the General Secretary, Miss Nellye L. Detrick, 101 West Saratoga Street, Baltimore.

House of Good Shepherd (For White Women), Mount and Hollins Streets, Baltimore—Receives from State \$3,000 for 1911 and \$3,000 for 1912. Inmates are committed to this institution by parents or guardians, or by Justices of the Peace upon complaint of parent or guardian, until of age.

House of Good Shepherd for Colored Girls, Calvert Road. Near Franklin Street, Baltimore—Receives from State \$2,000 for 1911 and \$2,000 for 1912. This institution is a reformatory for wayward and disorderly colored girls, committed from Baltimore city, the counties and Washington, the later for whose support the District Commissioners pay. Inmates are taught sewing, laundry work and domestic work. For detailed information, address The House of the Good Shepherd for Colored Girls, Calverton Road, Baltimore.

House of Reformation (Colored Children), Cheltenham, Prince George's County, Maryland—Receives from State \$10,000 for 1911 and \$10,000 for 1912. Inmates are committed to this institution by Courts and Magistrates. They are retained until they become of age, unless they give evidence of a disposition to lead correct lives. Applicants, other than State beneficiaries, are received as boarders if parents or guardians are willing to pay the cost of maintenance, which is about \$50.00 per anuum. Correspondence may be addressed to the Secretary of the Board of Managers, Joseph J. Janney, Corner Eutaw and Madison streets, Baltimore.

Industrial Home for Colored Girls, Melvalc, Baltimore County, Maryland—Receives from State \$2,500 for 1911 and \$2,500 for 1912. This is the State's reformatory institution for colored girls who are committed to it by Courts and Magistrates.

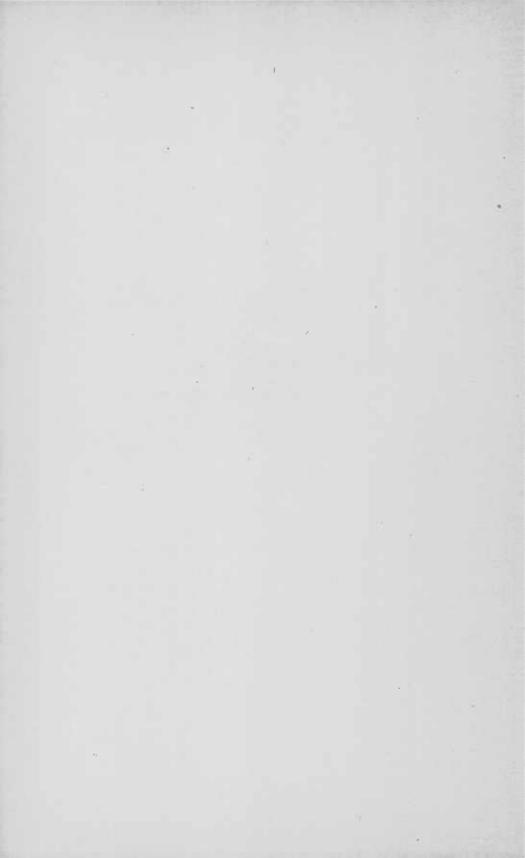
Maryland School for Boys, Frederick Avenue Extended, Baltimore — Receives from State for maintenance \$20,000 for 1911 and \$20,000 for maintenance for 1912. The manner of receiv-ing inmates into the Maryland School for Boys shall be in either of the following modes, namely: First, white male minors may be committed by a Justice of the Peace for any of the counties, or the city of Baltimore, on complaint and due proof made to him by the parent, guardian or next friend of such minor, that, by reason of incorrigible or vicious conduct, such minor has rendered his control beyond the power of such parent, guardian or next friend, and made it manifestly requisite, that from regard for the morals and future welfare of such minor, and the peace and order of society, he should be placed under the guardianship of the Maryland School for Boys; second, white male minors may be committed by the authority aforesaid, when complaint and due proof have been made that such minor is a proper subject for the guardianship of the Maryland School for Boys, in consequence of vagrancy, or of incorrigible or vicious conduct, and that from the moral depravity or otherwise of the parent, guardian or next frieud, in whose custody such minor may be, such parent, guardian or next friend is incapable or unwilling to exercise the proper care and discipline over such incorrigible or vicious minor; third, such white male children as their parents, guardian or friends may desire to place therein for temporary re-

### PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.

straint and discipline, and whose parents, guardians or friends shall agree and contract with the managers for their support and maintenance; and fourth, white male minors committed by the several courts in this State, as provided in this article. The institution receives and cares for boys sent from the counties. The city of Baltimore pays \$140.00 per capita yearly for the board and education of city boys. This obtained on quarterly statements of the number of boys reported to the City Treasurer. All correspondence may be addressed to the Superintendent, Maryland School for Boys, Baltimore, Md., Station D.

St. Joseph's House of Industry, Charles and Twenty-Eighth Streets, Baltimore—Address the institution. Receives from State, \$3,000 for 1911 and \$3,000 for 1912. It is the object of this institution to teach some useful occupation to those entrusted to its care. It receives children from fourteen to sixteen years of age, either committed to it or upon the recommendation of reputable persons, and is purely charitable, no charge being made for those for whom it cares.

St. Mary's Industrial School, Station D, Baltimore—Receives from State \$30,000 for 1911 and \$30,000 for 1912. The object of this institution is to provide a home, education and industrial training for orphans, destitute or incorrigible boys, and to reform juveniles Boys between the ages of 10 and 16 are admitted. Any Court or Justice may commit youthful offenders to the school. Apply to Brother Dominic, Superintendent.



STATEMENT SHOWING REAL ES-TATE OWNED BY THE STATE OF MARYLAND, TOGETHER WITH THE COST OF THE SAME AND THE ES-TIMATED PRESENT VALUE.

### STATE HOUSE.

Nothing in the records show that the State House has a record title to the ground on which the State House stands, except a plat hereinafter referred to. The records have been carefully examined from 1694, when they and the seat of government were moved from St. Mary's county to Annapolis, and when Commissioners were appointed for building the first State House, down to within the last thirty years.

The seat of government was moved from St. Mary's to Annapolis in 1694. During that same year Major John Hammond, Major Dorsey, Messrs. John Bennett and John Dorsey, Andrew Norwood, Philip Howard, James Saunders and Nicholas Greenberry were appointed Commissioners to survey and lay out the town of Annapolis into streets and lanes, and also a town common for pasture, to be fenced at the public expense. At the same time they were authorized to have a plat of the town made, which was made by Richard Beard. A copy of this plat is in the Land Office at Annapolis, and on it the State House Circle is laid out.

It has been well authenticated that the records from 1657 to 1683 were lost during their removal from St. Mary's to Annapolis; and that the first Courthouse was burned in 1706, with all the records therein. So that while no record title can be found, there is no doubt of the fact that the Colony had a title to the property, and that it came down to the State from Colonial times, for the reason that the State House Circle is recognized on the plat aforesaid; but owing to the destruction of the records, in what form it was transferred can not be ascertained. Its value is about \$800,000.

### CONFEDERATE SOLDIERS' HOME.

A very interesting fact developed in the examination of the records to ascertain by what title the State held the property at Pikesville, now known as the Confederate Soldiers' Home. I was not able to find any reference to said title in the Land Office, at Annapolis, nor in the Land Records of Baltimore county, but ascertained that there had been certain legislation both of Congress and by the Maryland Legislature touching the matter, as follows: I found by the Act

#### REAL ESTATE OWNED BY MARYLAND.

of Congress, dated March 3, 1879 (20 State, 377, page 387), that the Secretary of War was empowered to pass title to said property to the State of Maryland on condition that the same would be accepted by the State not later than March 1, 1880. By the Act of 1880, Chapter 5, Acts of the State of Maryland, the Governor of Maryland was authorized to accept said property, thereby complying with the Act of Congress. I again examined the records both at Towson and Annapolis, but was unable to get any information touching the matter, so I went to Washington, and investigated the matter at the War Department. There I ascertained that the transfers had been made, not by deed, but by livery of seisin on June 8, 1880, and that no deed could be gotten, nor was it contemplated by Act of Congress to give a deed, but simply to turn over to the State the ground, buildings, etc., showing that the land passed by livery of scisin and not by deed. This is probably one of the very few transfers of land by livery of scisin that have taken place anywhere within the last fifty years. The value of the property is nominal.

### EXECUTIVE MANSION.

The land on which the Executive Mansion stands was acquired in 1868 by three deeds: One from Matilda E. Green; one from George E. Franklin; and one from James W. Allen and wife; the total cost of the land being \$31,000. The Executive Mansion cost \$200,000, making the present cost \$231,000.

### GOVERNOR'S STABLES.

The ground on which the Governor's stables stand was acquired in 1870 from William Black and wife, the lot being about 50 feet by 55 feet, and cost \$13,937.59.

The value of the buildings thereon is about \$15,000, making the total value about \$29,000.

### HOUSE OF CORRECTION.

The land on which the House of Correction stands was acquired during the period between 1874 and 1893, and contains 225 acres. The various grantors in those deeds were George T. Warfield, Michael Bannon, George William Brown, et al., trustees, Thomas I. White, William H. Bians, et al., John J. Snyder and wife, Thomas M. Norris and John W. Biggs.

The total cost of the land was \$22,087. The improvements thereon have cost the State \$250,000.

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### MARYLAND AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

In 1866 the Maryland Legislature authorized the purchase of a half interest in the Maryland Agricultural College, together with the land surrounding the same, containing about 282 acres, for which an appropriation of \$45,000 was made, and the State thereby became joint owner with the stockholders of the holding company.

By Act of the Assembly of 1902, Chapter 625, the Legislature authorized a loan of \$15,000 on the stockholders' interest in said college, and the State took a mortgage as a first lien thereon.

The mortgage is in default, but has not been foreclosed, and the whole property practically belongs to the State.

Since the State has had an interest in it, it has invested in various buildings and improvements in addition to the \$60,000 heretofore mentioned, a further sum of \$165,000, making the total amount of investments there, \$225,000.

### SPRINGFIELD INSANE ASYLUM.

The Springfield Insane Asylum property contains  $728\frac{2}{3}$  acres, and was purchased January 14, 1896, from ex-Gov. Frank Brown for the sum of \$50,000. The improvements since the purchase of the property have cost \$564,599, making a total cost of \$614,599; but this does not include equipment such as machinery and tools for farming. If they were included it would amount to about \$701,000.

### RIFLE RANGE PROPERTY.

The State Rifle Range property was acquired in 1908 from the Curtis Creek Mining, Furnace and Manufacturing Company and contains 342 acres, more or less, and cost \$15,250. This property is located a few miles from Baltimore on the Annapolis Short Line Railroad.

### SCHOOL FOR DEAF AND DUMB.

The School for Deaf and Dumb located at Frederick City, contains about 8 acres, for which two deeds passed to the State of Maryland. One from Thomas Beatty to Thomas Johnson, Governor, as early as August 22, 1777. This portion contains  $5\frac{1}{4}$  acres and cost 63 pounds sterling.

The remaining portion purchased from Lucinda E. Crow et al., cost \$4,500. The value of the buildings thereon is estimated to be \$200,000.

### REAL ESTATE OWNED BY MARYLAND.

### EMERGENCY HOSPITAL.

The ground on which this hospital stands was acquired in 1902 from Edwin A. Seidewitz at a cost of \$3,500, and has been improved by buildings erected thereon at a cost of \$10,-000, making a total cost of \$13,500. This hospital occupies a lot about 149 feet by 135 feet.

### STEAM HEATING PLANT.

The ground on which this plant stands is located at Annapolis, and occupies a space about 100 feet by 95 feet. It was acquired in 1902 from Mary B. Hughes at a cost of \$5,500. The cost of the plant located thereon was \$150,000, making the total cost of the property \$155,500.

### COURT OF APPEALS BUILDING.

The land on which this building stands is in Annapolis, and was acquired in 1900 by several deeds. One from the Trustees of the Methodist Episcopal Church in the city of Annapolis; one from Fanny M. Oliver and husband; and another from Annie E. Pumphreys et al. The total cost of the land was \$30,500, an dthe building thereon, in which are located the Court of Appeals, the Public Library, and all the financial departments of the State, cost the sum of \$245,-000, making a total cost of \$275,000.

### TROOP A ARMORY.

This property, located at Pikesville, was acquired in 1902, 1903 and 1905 by four separate deeds, making an area of 13 78-100 acres, more or less. This land was acquired from Wilson Carey McHenry et al., executors; Harry E. Goertz and Annie E. Kehoe at a cost of \$10,540. It is improved by an armory and barracks, the cost of which was \$50,000.

#### NORMAL SCHOOL.

This school is located in Baltimore city, at the corner of Lafayette and Carrollton avenues, and occupies a space of 120 feet by 71 feet. It was acquired from Oliver F. Lantz, and cost at the time of purchase \$10,000. The buildings thereon have cost \$140,000, making a total cost of \$150,000.

### NORMAL SCHOOL NO. 2.

This school is located in Frostburg, Allegany county, and occupies land containing 3 acres, more or less, and cost \$2,250. The buildings thereon cost the State \$20,000, mak-

### PATAPSCO ACADEMY.

The property known as the Patapsco Academy was purchased from Louisa L. Shipley et al., November 10, 1908, and contains 1 acre of land, for which the State paid \$1,000. It is unimproved.

### FISH COMMISSION PROPERTY.

The Fish Commission property located in Garrett county, was acquired by two respective deeds in 1894 and 1896 from Richard T. Browning and wife, and Hattie C. Browning and husband. It contains 53 acres, more or less, and cost the State \$1,136. The estimated value of the improvements is \$3,000.

### ST. MARY'S FEMALE ACADEMY.

The land on which this academy stands is located in St. Mary's county, and was acquired for the Vestry of William and Mary's Parish of Protestant Episcopal Church in 1844. It contains 6 acres and cost at that time \$609.25. The improvements thereon are estimated to be worth \$20,000, making a total cost of \$20,609.25.

### MARYLAND HOSPITAL FOR INSANE.

This property, located near Catonsville, and known as Spring Grove Asylum, contains about 148 acres, and is estimated to be worth \$120,000. The buildings and plant thereon are worth about \$500,000, making the total value as it now stands \$620,000.

This property was gotten from time to time by different deeds, the title formerly being in the managers, but it now rests in the State.

### MARYLAND ASYLUM AND TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FEEBLE-MINDED.

This property was acquired by the State in 1888 from Elizabeth M. Morgan et al. for the sum of \$10,000, and contains 186½ acres, more or less. It is improved by several new granite buildings and cottages, also a good sewerage plant, as well as a refrigerator plant, and is well stocked with milk cows, hogs, etc. These improvements so far have cost \$170,-000, making the total cost including the land \$180,000.

#### REAL ESTATE OWNED BY MARYLAND.

ing a total of \$22,250. The estimate put upon this property at this time is much larger, and its value is considered to be about \$30,000.

### FIFTH REGIMENT ARMORY.

The land on which this armory stands is located in Baltimore city, and was acquired from William Wallace Spence in 1900 at a cost of \$125,000, and occupies a space 366 feet by 328 feet and 3 inches. The armory, which is considered one of the largest and finest in the world, was erected at a cost of \$500,000, making the total cost \$625,000.

#### PENITENTIARY.

The Penitentiary is located in Baltimore city and occupies land containing about 8 acres. It was conveyed to the State by more than sixty deeds, the first of which was in 1811, and the others in 1891. It is improved by modern buildings considered the finest in the country, the total cost of which, including the land, was \$2,500,000. It pays all the expenses of the institution; and the managers turned into the Treasury a surplus of about \$37,000 last year.

### HAY SCALES.

The State owns four hay scales, one located in Havre de Grace, and three in Baltimore city, known as the Northeastern, Western and Northwestern.

The land at Havre de Grace was purchased in 1878 from Louis K. Herbst et al., at a cost of \$150. This is about 170 feet by 30 feet, and is improved by a hay scales and shed, which cost about \$20,000, making the total cost about \$20,-150.

The Northeastern Hay Scales, located in Baltimore city on Greenmount avenue, occupies a space of 75 feet by 36 feet, and was purchased in 1876 from James C. Rowe and wife et al., at a cost of \$4,300. The improvements are similar to those at Havre de Grace, and cost about \$20,000, making the total cost about \$24,300.

The Western Hay Scales, located on Frederick road, occupy a space 78 feet by 20 feet, and was purchased in 1878 from Charles Shipley at a cost of \$1,000. It is improved by a scales and shed, costing about \$20,000, making the total cost about \$21,000.

The Northwestern Hay Scales stands on land at the intersection of Fremont and Myrtle avenues (formerly Cove

street and Chatsworth street). It was purchased in 1866 for \$4,000. It is triangular in shape, and the dimensions at that time were 231 feet and  $3\frac{1}{2}$  inches on Myrtle avenue, 247 feet and  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch on Fremont avenue, and 87 feet 3 inches in the rear.

In 1908 the State gave a deed to the city in consideration of \$2,500, to a portion of the said lot as follows: 180 feet on Myrtle avenue, 192 feet 6 inches on Fremont avenue and 68 feet at the base, cutting off a triagle on which one of the city engine houses stands, leaving a lot of irregular shape of the following dimensions: 180 feet on Myrtle avenue, 54 feet and  $7\frac{1}{2}$  inches on Fremont avenue and 87 feet 3 inches at one end and 68 feet at the other.

This property is improved by a shed and hay scales, costing about \$20,000, making the total cost \$21,500.

### TOBACCO WAREHOUSES.

The State owns three warehouses in Baltimore city, one facing on South Charles street 150 feet, with a depth bounding on the north side of Conway street to Light street 317 feet; two others, one facing on Light street and the other on Charles street 84 feet, with a depth, including both, 317 feet.

These properties were acquired by four deeds, as follows: One from Charles F. Mayer, Tr., June 6, 1846; John Carroll Walsh, Tr., June 6, 1846; Moses Sheppard, December 22, 1826, and John B. Howell et al., June 16, 1836. The estimated value of these three properties taken together is \$800, 000.

### FORESTRY RESERVES.

The State has recently acquired two pieces of property by gift to be held as part of the forestry reserves; one piece, the gift of John W. Garrett and Robert Garrett, of  $1,917\frac{1}{2}$  acres in Garrett county; and the other, the gift of John M. Glenn and wife  $43\frac{3}{4}$  acres in Howard county.

### TOTAL COST AND VALUE.

The aforegoing shows the value of the State's lands and the improvements thereon to be approximately \$7,986,800.

### POPULATION OF MARYLAND

## POPULATION OF MARYLAND SHOWING THE INCREASE IN TWENTY YEARS.

Country	1890.	1900.	1910.
County.			
Allegany	41,571	53,694	62,411
Anne Arundel	34,094	39,620	39,533
Baltimore	72,909	90,755	122,399
*Baltimore City	$434,\!439$	508,957	558,485
Calvert	9,860	10,223	10,325
Caroline	13,903	16,248	19,216
Carroll	32,376	33,860	33,934
Cecil	25,851	24,662	23,759
Charles	15,191	17,662	16,386
Dorchester	24,843	27,962	28,669
Frederick	49,512	51,920	52,673
Garrett	14,213	17,701	20,105
Harford	28,993	28,269	27,965
Howard	16,269	16,715	16,106
Kent	17,471	18,786	16,957
Montgomery	27,185	30,451	32,089
Prince George's	26,080	29,898	36,147
Queen Anne's	18,461	18,364	16,839
St. Mary's	15,819	17,182	17,030
Somerset	24,155	25,923	26,455
Talbot	19,736	20,342	19,620
Washington	39,782	45,133	48,671
Wicomico	19,930	22,852	26,815
Worcester	19,747	· 20,865	21,841
Totals for entire State1	,042,390	1,188,044	1,294,450

\* The above is taken from the Federal Census. After the taking of the census of 1910 by the Federal authorities, a careful census of Baltimore city was taken under the supervision of the Police Department, which showed that the population of that city was 566,025.

# General Assembly of Maryland, 1910.

Allegany County-Senate:	
Frederick N. Zihlman (R.)Cumberland	
Allegany County—House of Delegates: John Abbott (R.)Lonaconing Frank Lee Carl (R.)Cumberlaud Conrad J. Herpich (R.)Cumberlaud Gustave Knieriem (R.)Cumberlaud Walter W. Wittig (R.)Frostburg	
Anne Arundel County—Senate: A. Theodore Brady (D.)Annapolis	
Anne Arundel County—House of Delegates: Benjamin Watkins, Jr. (D.)Rutland George T. Murray (D.)Odenton C. L. Tate (D.)Arnolds One vacancy.	
Baltimore City (First Legislative District)—Seuate: Charles P. Coady (D.)10 South Street	
Baltimore City (Second Legislative District)—Senate: Peter J. Campbell (D.)20 E. Lexington Street	
Baltimore City (Third Legislative District)—Senate: J. Charles Linthicum (D.)220 St. Paul Street	
Baltimore City (Fourth Legislative District)—Senate: Albert M. Sproesser (R.)112 E. Lexingtou Street	
Baltimore City (First <sup>*</sup> Legislative District)—House of Delegates: William J. Coyne (D.)	
Baltimore City (Second Legislative District)—House of Delegates: Robert H. Carr (D.)	

### MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

Baltimore City (Third Legislative District)—House of Delegates: Thomas A. Ashby (D.)
Baltimore City (Fourth Legislative District)-House of Delegates:
Gustav Krause (R.).955 S. Paca StreetWilliam H. Pairo (R.).826 Harlem AvenueThomas L. Parks (R.).104 E. Fort AvenueFrederick G. Peusch (R.).35 E. Barney StreetRichard N. Sheckells (R.).1107 W. Franklin StreetFrank T. Yates (R.).639 Columbia Avenue
Baltimore County-Senate:
John S. Biddison (D.)Gardenville
Baltimore County-House of Delegates:
Carville D. Beuson (D.)
Calvert Couuty-Senate:
Lewis McK. Griffith (R.)Chaney
Calvert County—House of Delegates: James T. Ross (R.)Mutual T. Frank Lusby (R.)Bowens
Caroline County-Senate:
Edward E. Goslin (D.)Federalsburg
Caroline County-House of Delegates:
Edward C. Carter (D.)Greensboro G. Edgar Williamson (D.)Preston
Carroll County—Senate: Johnzie E. Beasman (D.)Sykesville
Carroll County-House of Delegates:
Judson Hill (R.)
Cecil County—Senate: Omar D. Crothers (D.)Elkton
Cecil County—House of Delegates:
George W. Cosden (D.)

Charles County—Senate: William J. Frere, Sr. (D.)Tompkinsville
Charles County—House of Delegates : W. Mitchell Digges (D.)La Plata Augustus B. Slye (D.)Benedict
Dorchester County-Senate: J. Hooper Bosley (D.)Taylor's Island
Dorchester County—House of Delegates: William P. Andrews (D.)Crapo Hazelton A. Joyce, Jr. (D.)Cambridge William H. Maguire (D.)Madison Samuel J T. Smith (D.)East New Market
Frederick County—Senate: John P. T. Mathias (R.)Thurmont
Frederick County—House of Delegates:         Clement C. Ausherman (R.).         John C. Castle (R.).         Middletown         Peter H. Hargett (R.).         James P. Harris (R.).         Barnesville         William O. Wertenbaker (R.).
Garrett County—Senate. Harvey J. Speicher (R.)Accident
Garrett County—House of Delegates: DeCoursey E. Bolden (R.)Oakland J. Elbert Chappell (R.)Kitzmiller
Harford County—Senate: Charles A. Andrew (D.)Conowingo
Harford County—House of Delegates: John W. Archer (D.)
Howard County—Senate: Arthur P. Gorman (D.)Laurel
Howard County—House of Delegates: William H. Brown (D.)Woodstock Edward M. Hammond (D.)Ellicott City
Kent County-Senate: William M. Slay (D.)Chestertown
Kent County—House of Delegates : Harry C. Willis (D.)Chestertown James S. Harris (D.)Colemans

MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

Montgomery County-Senate: Blair Lee (D.)Silver Hill
Montgomery County—House of Delegates : Andrew J. Cumnings (D.)Chevy Chase James E. Duvall (D.)Damascus John A. Garrett (D.)Glen Echo James A. Henderson (D.)Rockville
Prince George's County—Senate: Charles A. Wells (D.)Hyattsville
Prince George's County—House of Delegates: Ogle Marbury (D.)Laurel Jeremiah J. Crowley (D.)Landover William R. C. Connick (D.)Orem Millard Thorn (D.)Selesia
Queen Anne's County—Senate: John Frank Harper (D.)Centreville
Queen Anne's County—Honse of Delegates: John P. Roe (D.)Chester Frank H. Phillips (D.)Centreville Samuel Roe (D.)Centreville
St. Mary's County—Senate: Washington Wilkinson (R.)Hollywood
St. Mary's County—House of Delegates : Charles V. Hayden (D.)
Somerset County—Senate: Lewis M. Milbourne (D.)Kingston
Somerset County—House of Delegates : Herschel Ford (D.)
Talbot County—Senate: Richard S. Dodson (D.)St. Michaels
Talbot County—House of Delegates:         W. Oscar Collier (D.)         John A. Rhodes (D.)         Cordova         Charles H. Rose (R.)
Washington County—Senate: DeWitt C. R. Miller (D.)Mason and Dixon, Pa.
Washington County—Honse of Delegates:         Daniel E. Downin (D.).         J. Wiugate Draper (D.).         Hagerstown         Jacob M. Middlekauf (D.).         Spielman         Henry Brindle (R.).         Hagerstown         Daniel D. Keedy (R.).

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Wicomico Couuty-Senate:
Jesse D. Price (D.)Salisbury
Wicomico County-House of Delegates:
P. Taylor Baker (D.)Pittsville Elisha E. Twilley (D.)Salisbury John W. Wingate (D.)White Haven
Worcester County-Senate:
John P. Moore (D.)Snow Hill
Worcester County-House of Delegates :
William F. King (D.)
DemocratsSenate 21 House 70-91
RepublicansSenate 6 House 31—37
Democratic majority 54

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#### ELECTION RETURNS.

# 1910 ELECTION RETURNS.

#### 1910 ELECTION RETURNS.

#### Election Day, Tuesday, November 8, 1910.

# Election for Six Representatives in the Sixty-second Congress of the United States.

#### FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Candidates: James Harry Covington, Democrat; A. Lincoln Dryden, Republican; Charles M. Elderdice, Prohibition.

	Covington.	Dryden.	Elderdice.
Caroline County	. 1,742	1,523	130
Cecil County		1,936	126
Dorchester County		2,292	130
Kent County	. 1,898	1,718	45
Queen Anne's County	. 1,837	1,426	121
Somerset County	<b>1,609</b>	1,902	137
Talbot County	2,062	1,876	79
Wicomico County	2,762	2,235	214
Worcester County	. 1,934	1,158	128
Totals	18,341	16,066	1,110

Clarence H. Taylor received one vote in Cecil County.

#### SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Candidates : Joshua Frederick C. Talbott, Democrat ; Wm. B. Baker, Republican ; Harry E. Gilbert, Prohibition ; Charles W. Smiley, Socialist.

Gilbert. Talbott. Baker. Smiley. 150 124 4.0574,434 Balto. City-Wards 15 and 16.. 46 2,726 3,243 Carroll County..... 115 2,630 2,505 25Harford County..... 43 Baltimore County..... 10,064 6,817 172229Totals..... 19,352 17,124 480424 •

George W. Yellott and Randolph Barton each received one vote in Batlimore County.

#### THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Candidates: George Konig, Democrat; Charles W. Main Republican; Conrad Maule", Jr., Prohibition; Robert J. Fields, Socialist.

	Konig.	Main.	Mauler.	Fields.
Baltimore City-Wards 1, 2, 3, 4,				
5, 6, 7, 8, 22, and Precincts 9,				
10, 11, 13 of the 18th Ward	15,028	14,740	314	985

#### FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

#### Candidates : John Charles Linthicum, Democrat ; Addison E. Muliikin, Republican ; Stephen L. LeCompte, Prohibition ; Charles F. Klein, Socialist.

Linthicum. Mullikin. LeCompte. K'ein.

Baltimore City—Wards 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 19, 20, and Pre-			
cincts 1, 2, 3, 12 of the 18th			
Ward 17,478	15,698	446	756

#### FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Candidates: J. Lnos Ray, Jr., Democrat; Thomas Parran, Republican; Samuel R. Neave, Prohibition; August Hartig, Socialist.

	Ray.	Parran.	Neave.	Hartig.
Baltimore City-Wards 21, 23,				Ū
24, and Precincts 4, 5, 6, 7, 8				
of 18th Ward	5,274	5,143	73	267
Anne Arundel County	2,309	2,291	128	50
Calvert County	577	1,324	51	7
Charles County	923	1,682	140	114
Howard County	1,880	1,015	86	13
Prince George's County	2,848	2,754	27	63
St. Mary's County	1,068	1,497	17	87
Totals	14,879	15,706	522	601

#### SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Candidates: David J. Lewis, Democrat; Brainard Henry Warner, Jr., Republican; Finley C. Hendrickson, Prohibition; Paul O. Weber, Socialist.

	Lewis.	Warner.	Hend'kson.	Weber.
Allegany County	3,655	2,803	317	599
Frederick County	4,768	5,505	187	176
Garrett County	995	1,187	79	43
Montgomery County	3,165	2,522	130	34
Washington County	4,002	3,879	135	306
		/		
Totals	$16,\!585$	15,896	848	1,158

The following declared elected by the Board of State Canvassers:

James Harry Covington	Democrat1st District.
Joshua Frederick C. Talbott	Democrat
George Konig	
John Charles Linthicum	Democrat4th District.
Thomas Parran	
David J. Lewis	Democrat6th District.

STATE PAYROLL.

# STATE PAY ROLL.

#### EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Governor	\$4,500
Secretary of State	2,000
Chief Clerk	2,000
Clerk	1,200
Stenographer	1,200
Messenger	1.000

#### JUDICIARY DEPARTMENT.

Eight Chief Judgeseach	\$4,500
Fourteen Associate Judgeseach	3,600
Nine Judges, Supreme Bench of Baltimore Cityeach	4,500
Attorney General	3,000
Reporter Court of Appeals	1,000
Clerk	3,000
Deputy Clerk	
Deputy Clerk	1,200
Messenger	1,000
Crier	1,000
Collector	1,200

#### LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

#### SENATE.

Presidentper	day	\$ 8 00
Secretaryper	day	$10 \ 00$
Reading Clerkper	day	$10 \ 00$
Journal Clerkper	day	$10 \ 00$
Sergeant-at-Armsper	day	5  00
Twenty-six Senatorseach per	day	5 00
One Doorkeeperper	day	5 00
One Assistant Doorkeeperper	day	5 00
One Engrossing Clerkper	day	7 00
Four Committee Clerkseach per	day	$5 \ 0.0$
One Folderper	day	$5 \ 00$
Two Pageseach per	day	2 50
One Janitorper	day	$5 \ 00$
One Postmasterper	day	5 00
One Messenger to Printer and Mail Carrierper	day	2 50
One Chaplainper	day	5.09

#### HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Speakerper	day	\$ 8	00
One Hundred Members House of Delegateseach per	day	5	00
Chief Ulerk	day	10	00
Reading Clerkper			
One Journal Clerkper	day	-10	00

One Sergeant-at-Armsper	dav	\$ 5	00
One Doorkeeperper	day		00
Two Assistant Doorkeeperseach per	day		00
One Engrossing Clerk	dar	-	00
One Clerk to Committee on Claimsper	day	-	00
Six Committee Clerkseach per	day	•	
Three Folderseach per	day	<u> </u>	00
Two Pages	day	-	00
Two Pageseach per	day	-	00
One Janitor	day		00
One Postmasterper	day	5	00
One Messenger to the Printer and Mail Carrierper	day	5	-00
Three Chaplains	each	150	00

#### MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Adjutant-	General	\$2.000
Clerk to	Adjutant-General	1.200

#### TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

#### COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE.

Comptroller	\$2 500
Chief Clerk	2,000
Three Assistant Clerkseach	1.500
Two Aggistant, works	1,000
Two Assistant Olerkseach	1,200
Stenographer and Typewriter	720

#### TREASURER'S OFFICE.

State Treasurer	\$2,500
Chief Clerk	2.000
Two Assistant Clerkseach	1.500
One Assistant Clerk	1,200

#### TAX COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

Tax Commissioner	\$2,500
Chief Clerk	1.800
One Assistant Clerk	1.500
One Assistant Clerk	1.200
Stenographer	720
• •	1.40

#### LAND COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

Commissioner of the Land Office	\$1.500
Chief Clerk	1,300
	1.000
Two Assistant Clerkseach	1,000

#### STATE LIBRARY.

State Librarian	\$1.500
Indexer and Cataloguer	1.200

#### SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS.

Superintendent	\$1,200
Assistant Superintendent	900
Chief Engineer and Electrician	1.000
Assistant at Governor's Mansion	840
Three Day Watchmeneach	720
Three Night Watchmeneach	720

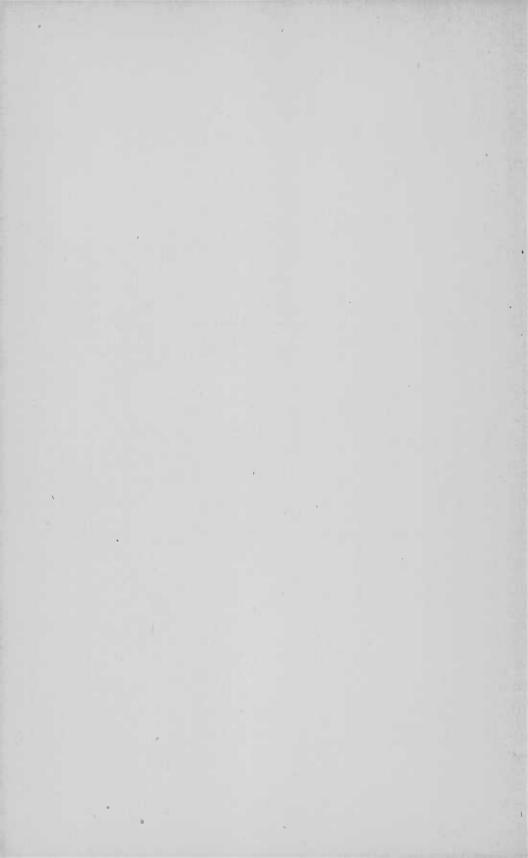
## STATE PAYROLL.

Four Janitorseach	\$600
Two Firemeneach	720
Two Coal-Passerseach	480
Eight Charwomeneach	300
One Carpenter	720

STATE FISHERY FORCE.	
Commander Clerk to the Commander One Deputy Commander of Steamer. Eleven Deputy Commanders of Sailing Vesselseach	
Six Deputy Commanders employed during the oyster sea- soneach	240
BUREAU OF INDUSTRIAL STATISTICS AND INFORMATION.	
Chief of Bureau One Clerk	\$2,500 1,600
LIVE STOCK SANITARY BOARD.	
Three members (actual service)each per day Chief Veterinarian	\$5 00 1,000
BUREAU OF IMMIGRATION.	/
Superintendent One Clerk	\$2,000 1,200
INSURANCE COMPANIES.	
Insurance Commissioner. Chief Clerk. One Clerk. Stenographer	$$2,500 \\ 2,000 \\ 1,500 \\ 720$
STATE FIRE MARSHAL.	
State Fire Marshal One Clerk	\$2,500 1,200
FISH COMMISSIONERS.	
Two Fish Commissioners,each	\$1,500
MINE INSPECTOR.	1
One Mine Inspector	\$1,500
TOBACCO WAREHOUSES, INSPECTORS, ETC.	
One Chief Inspector. One Chief Clerk. Three Assistant Clerks. One Receiving Clerk. One Shipping Clerk. One Weighing Clerk. Two Sample Tyers. One Janitor. One Finder. One Finder.	\$2,000 1,200 900 800 800 800 700 2 00 2 09

Ten Screw Menper day Four Laborersper day One Elevator Manper day	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 00 \\ 1 & 50 \\ 2 & 00 \end{array}$
STATE WHARFINGER.	
One State Wharfingerfees and	\$500
GENERAL MEASURERS AND INSPECTORS OF OYSTERS.	
Four for Baltimore City (when actually engaged)per month Five for Counties (when actually engaged)per month Twenty for State (when actually engaged)per month	$     \begin{array}{r}       \$100 \\       50 \\       45     \end{array} $
STATE VACCINE AGENT.	
One State Vaccine Agent	\$600
SUPERINTENDENT PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.	
One Superintendent One Clerk	\$3,000 1,200
INSPECTORS OF STEAM BOILERS.	
Two Inspectorseach	\$1,500
STATE AUDITOR.	
One State Auditor	\$1,800
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.	
Chairman Two Commissionerseach General Counsel	$\begin{array}{c} \$6,000 \\ 5,000 \\ 4,800 \end{array}$
BANK COMMISSIONER.	
Commissioner Deputy Two Clerks	\$2,500 2,000 1,200
COMMISSIONER OF MOTOR VEHICLES.	
Commissioner	\$3,000

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\* Entries followed by the letter c refer to the Constitution.

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