Top economist hits Nixon budget plans

WASHINGTON (UPI) — A member of former President Lyndon B. Johnson's Council of Economic Advisers said Tuesday President Nixon must be counting on "a lot of luck" to hold government spending down to his $200.8 billion budget.

Otto Eckstein, a Harvard economics professor, said Nixon's anticipated $202.1 billion in federal income for the fiscal year starting July 1 appears reasonable.

But he said spending may well rise over the budgeted figure, erasing the $1.3 billion surplus the president is counting on to fight inflation.

"Obviously it is going to require a lot of luck to get expenditures down to $200.8 billion," Eckstein told the Washington Society of Investment analysts. "It requires a lot of politically different things: the sun has to be just right for agriculture, and so forth."

Eckstein, now a member of a committee advising the Democratic Party on economic policy, said he agrees with Nixon's forecast that the economy will slow down this year without spinning into a recession.

He predicted the inflation rate would drop to about 3.5 per cent by the end of this year and to about 2.5 per cen by the middle of 1971. The current rate is about 4.3 per cent a year.

Eckstein also predicted unemployment would increase from its present rate of 3.4 per cent to about 4.7 per cent by the end of this year. The President's economic report suggested there would be an increase in joblessness but did not predict how much.

Eckstein said the danger in Nixon's strategy of gradual inflation control is that "it will take too long." He said 1969 had been billed as a year of tansition and tha now 1970 is considerer such a year and the transition can be expected to last well into 1971.

U.S. rejects strong rule on hiring

WASHINGTON (UPI) — The government backed away Tuesday from a controversial proposal that would have required all major federal contractors outside the construction industry to hire minority group members in direct proportion to the local population makeup.

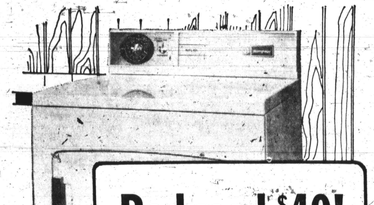
The Labor Department disclosed the retreat by issuing a new set of rules that only require employers holding substantial federal contracts to take "affirmative action" for ensuring equal job opportunities for minority group workers.

A Labor Department official said the revised rules would be more effective in improving job opportunities and diminishing discriminatory hiring practices.

The official said the new regulation would take into account the availability and eligibility of minority group workers in contrast to the original directive, which he said was keyed solely to population composition.

The new regulations, known as Order No. 4, were announced by Labor Secretary Gerge P. Shultz and drafted to carry out a 1968 Labor Department directive ordering all employers with 50 or more workers on government contracts exceeding $50,000 to submit acceptable hiring plan within 120 days after the contract is awarded.

Order No. 4 was issued originally late last year by John Wilks, director of the Office of Federal Contract Compliance. As then constituted, the order required hiring of minority group workers in direct proportion to their percentage of the general population in the area where the job was being performed.



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The DDT Issue—How You Can Cut Down Your Intake

By SPENCER ROWE

WASHINGTON — "We have lived with DDT for 25 years with no proven ill effects to humans, but there is no point in continuing exposure to this pesticide if we don't have to."

This statement by Dr. William M. Upholt, Department of Health, Education and Welfare, perhaps best sums up the government's position on the realitionship between DDT and humans.

Along with Dr. Upholt, the majority of scientists believe that the damage done by DDT has been only to the environment, such as birds, fish and certain micro-organisms.

However, after a disclosure by the AFRO last week that amounts of DDT in the body tissues of black people are up to three times higher than in whites, many concerned readers have asked:

"What can we do to limit the amounts of DDT in ourselves and in our children?"

* * *

Unfortunately, there are no clear-cut answers to this vital question, especially because of the puzzling fact that DDT levels vary with race and age.

Young black people were found to have only slightly higher amounts of DDT in their bodies than whites of the same age, while middle-aged blacks had up to twice as much as middle-aged whites. Elderly persons have sometimes three times as much as whites.

Also, since DDT has not been proven to cause specific diseases in humans, government standards for maximum amounts in foods are almost completely arbitrary.

Milk, for example, is allowed to have a maximum of .10 parts DDT per million parts milk, a figure that is considerably lower than for most other foods.

* * *

The government considers milk a staple that is used in large quantities by many families. Other foods are allowed a maximum of from 1 to 3 parts per million.

On the other hand, milk from pregnant mothers has been found to contain as much as six times the amount of DDT that is in cow's milk, yet the government claims that there is no evidence whatsoever of harm to babies through breast-feeding.

Although the Food and Drug Administration has set limits for levels of DDT and related compounds in foods, no limits have been set for humans, according to Dr. Upholt.

Upholt, who was a member of the HEW Commission on Pesticides and Their Relationship to Environmental Health, said figures given for human DDT levels are only the "average" amounts found in varying population segments—not standards.

Thus, when the commission found through 15 independent studies that blacks have higher concentrations of pesticides in body fat than whites, it did not claim that such levels were dangerous.

Some scientists are not quite as convinced. A spokesman for the California Health Department, which also uncovered racial differences in DDT levels, said that a strong "statistical" link between pesticides in humans and some diseases such as cancer had been indicated by a study in Florida.

DDT gets into human fatty tissues in three ways—through foods, through handling it as part of a person's job, and through the environment, such as from dust in rural homes.

The great majority of people receive DDT in their food, the chief culprits being meat and fish.

Animals eat grains and other foods that have been sprayed with DDT, which is then absorbed into their body fat where it remains until eaten and digested by humans.

Government scientists stress, however, that there is not enough of a danger for people to avoid eating meat.

While similar circumstances pertain to fish, they usually contain higher levels of DDT. Oysters and other shellfish are relatively low in DDT.

Although the lowest pesticide amounts are present in fruits and vegetables, the concerned person may eliminate even more DDT from their diet by washing and peeling them before eating.

Other preventive measures include avoiding home bug sprays containing DDT. Most such sprays will be taken off the market sometime this year, but in the meantime a druggist can be asked to interpret the chemical lingo on labels.

Perhaps the most effective means available to the individual, though, is simply to write your city, state and federal lawmakers expressing your concern for a return to a healthy environment.

SWORN IN — Theodore M. Alexander, 37, Atlanta, Ga., real estate broker, accepts the oath of office as Assistant Commissioner for Home Mortgages of the Federal Housing Administration from Eugene A. Gulledge, Assistant Secretary for Mortgage Credit and FHA Commissioner, U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. Mrs. Alexander holds the Bible. Mr. Alexander served as a consultant to HUD, assisting in organizing HUD's Office of New Communities.

Reporter, files on Panthers supoenaed by federal jury

SAN FRANCISCO (UPI) — A federal grand jury has subpoenaed a New York Times reporter to appear Feb. 11 with his files on the Black Panthers.

The demand was similar to those made upon CBS television officials last month in connection with the Black Panther investigation and of Time, Life and Newsweek in connection with an investigation of a militant faction of the Students for a Democratic Society in Chicago.

"All citizens, including newspapermen, have a duty to respect proper judicial process," Arthur Hays Sulzberger, publisher of the Times said.

But he added, "The Times intends to use all its resources to make sure that no judicial action violates the Constitutional guarantee of free press and the rights of newspapermen to carry on their work freely without coercion.

"The Times is concerned with what action might be taken in regard to Mr. Caldwell and the possibility that the increasing use of the subpoena to illicit information from newspapermen might hinder them in the pursuit of news," he said.

"It could well set up a barrier between reporters and their sources of information. The use of the subpoena power must be balanced against the right of the press to operate freely and the right of Americans to a free and unhampered flow of information."

Caldwell said he was given a subpoenaed dated Jan. 30 which demanded he bring to the grand jury session Wednesday "notes and tape recordings of interviews covering the period from Jan. 1, 1969, to date." The session was postponed Tuesday until Feb. 11.

Caldwell, who has developed extensive sources of information while covering the Black Panther activities, was specifically asked for material obtained in interviews with Raymond Hewitt, Panther minister of education, and David Hilliard, party chief of staff.

Hilliard is accused in a federal indictment of threatening the life of the President, telling an audience of nearly 100,000 in Golden Gate Park, "We will kill Richard Nixon."

* * *

CBS was asked to supply all the notes, memos and background material as well as unedited film from an interview with exiled Black Panther Eldridge Cleaver.

CBS said it would turn over the film but would "negotiate" with federal authorities about the scope of the investigation.

About 50 persons, most of them white, demonstrated outside the CBS building in New York Tuesday, criticizing the network for "capitulation."

"Tell it to the people, not the pigs," the demonstrators shouted.

In another development, Hedley Donovan, editor-in-chief of Time Inc., waned that frequent use of the subpoena power in the case of news media had dangers.

"It appears to make the press an arm of law enforcement agencies," Donovan said.

"In some case, indeed, we believe that the law enforcement agencies have found it convenient to force the press to supply them with information they should have obtained them.

Death of blonde, 18, linked to 2 slayings in D.C. area

WASHINGTON (UPI) — Police investigators sought a possible connection Wednesday between the fatal stabbing of a blonde, 18-year-old FBI file clerk in suburban Alexandria, Va., and the recent similar slayings of two other young women in the Maryland suburbs.

The nude body of Donna Sue Oglesby was found late Tuesday in a high-rise Alexandria apartment. She had been slashed across the chest and neck, and a pair of scissors with three-inch blades was stuck in her chest, up to the handles.

On Jan. 18, the body of Sherry Kennedy, 11, a blonde junior high school student, was found in a ditch under a bridge in Montgomery County, Md. She had been stabbed and with an ice pick, which was stuck in her head, and shot twice in the skull.

Ten days later, another blonde, Mrs. Catarina Kalberer, 33, a Montgomery County high school teacher, was found dead in a neighbor's car outside her apartment in Bethesda, Md., where Miss Kennedy was last seen alive. Mrs. Kalberer had been stabbed repeatedly with a kitchen knife, and there were tiny x-mark cuts up and down her body.

The three murders occurred less than a mile from a major freeway which circles the Washington metropolitan area.

The FBI, where Miss Oglesby had worked in its identification division, said it was cooperating fully with Montgomery County and Alexandria police but had no jurisdiction in the cases.

Police said Miss Oglesby, who came here from her native Poteau, Okla., last June, had entered her former apartment on the third floor Tuesday morning to use a sewing machine she had left there when she moved to a new apartment on the ninth floor about two weeks ago.

A former roommate let her in and then left, police said. Another resident of the apartment discovered Miss Oglesby's body, partially covered by a bedspread when she returned from work shortly before 6 p.m.

The second former roommate said the apartment door was locked and there was no sign of a struggle, although there was blood on the floor.

Tate murder trial set March 30

LOS ANGELES (UPI) — Susan Denise Atkins, wearing a purple minidress with a "V" neckline that plunged to her waist, had her trial for the Tate-Labianca murders put off Tuesday until March 30 at the earliest.

Miss Atkins, 21, the member of the so-called hippie cult who turned informer against Charles Manson and his clan, spoke in a soft voice to waive her right to a speedier trial before Superior Court Judge William B. Keene.

Although it was early morning and the courtroom virtually deserted, Miss Atkins was dressed as if for a discotheque. She displayed an eye-opening decolletage. Her sheerly legs were encased in white net hose. Her dark hair was brushed smoothly to her shoulders and her fingernails were long and painted silver.

It was Miss Atkins whose testimony before a grand jury led to the indictment for seven murders of the 35-year-old Manson and five other members of his clan, including herself.

Deputy District Attorney Aaron Stovitz told newsmen he felt it would be even later than March 30 before the defendants are brought to trial. Manson's trial has been tentatively set for Feb. 9 but it was considered certain to be delayed.

Stovitz said it is hoped to try all the defendants together and that the principal cause of delay is that Charles Watson, 24, the other man accused in the slayings, has been successfully fighting extradition from McKinney, Tex., where he was arrested.

* * *

In a related action this week, Manson denied in a legal document any responsibility for the murders of Mr. and Mrs. Labianca, killed the day after the Tate slayings.

Manson, whose strange dialogues with judges and attorneys in court have an Alice-in-Wonderland quality, used careful legal terminology to answer a $2 million wrongful death suit brought by the children of the Labiancas.

Troubles for Mayor Charles Evers piling up on him down in Fayette

FAYETTE, Miss. — According to Mayor Charles Evers, many local blacks are envious of his success, criticize his motives and are indifferent to his ideals.

"If an election were held here tomorrow, I could not be reelected," declared Mayor Evers. "My own people are jealous of me.

Evers explained, "I'm not bragging, believe me, when I say I have been a success. Maybe I'm a little different than some other people.

"I have worked hard. I'm strict. I don't believe never have, in going around yelling, 'Kill nonkies — burn down the town!'

"I believe in getting along, opening up lines of communication, talking to people,—making an occasional compromise if necessary."

Equating his predicament with the late Robert F. Kennedy and Lyndon Johnson, Fayette's mayor said they are hated because of their success.

"Why did so many people hate Bob Kennedy?" Evers asked rhetorically.

"Because he was successful. They were envious of him, of his wealth or what he was trying to do. And most of them didn't even know him.

"There is no man who did more for blacks than weren't for President Johnson, I wouldn't be here

Mayor Evers

today. There wouldn't have been a Voting Rights Act. But people hated Mr. Johnson.

"People don't like someone who tries to do good," declared Evers.

* * *

A prosperous businessman, Evers heads the family funeral parlor in Philadelphia, Miss., owns a hotel, restaurants, taxicab service and a gas station. In addition, he owns two cocktail lounges in Chicago.

"I don't want this job," said Evers. "I get $75 a month for being mayor and I turn it over to some little old ladies who need it. I certainly don't need it. I could live in Jackson like a king if I wanted to.

"But I'm determined to make something of this place if I can," said the 47-year-old mayor.

In office since June 7, 1969, Evers is causing increased black indifference. Of little question is his administrative ability, developed in part by his 10 years as a Mississippi civil rights leader.

However, what seems to be presenting the problem is the mayor's one-man campaign to raise the moral standards of a predominantly black Fayette.

Having awakened the nation's whites to the plight of Fayette's blacks, Evers must now solve the problem of black opposition to his administering "moral standards."

Although Mayor Evers blames jealousy, his crackdown on weekend revelry and such things, he has resisted pressure for action that resulted in a black policeman having to leave the Fayette Force to marry a white aide to Evers.

Since that time other members of the police force have quit.

Nixon proposes 'halfway' HEW bill

WASHINGTON (UPI) — President Nixon has suggested to Congress a compromise education and welfare money bill $800 million less than the one he vetoed, but $449 million more than he had originally requested.

In a letter to Congress this week, Nixon suggested a $19,057,125,700 appropriation bill for the Departments of Labor and Health, Education and Welfare. The bill he vetoed as too inflationary would have appropriated $19,747,153,250.

Nixon met Congress more than halfway on the controversial "impacted area" program of payments to local school districts in areas where federal installations increase the number of school children but contribute nothing to property tax levies.

Nixon said he was willing to settle for $458 million. He originally asked for $250 million, but Congress increased that figure to $660 million.

Nixon vetoed the bill, and was upheld when an effort to override his decision was rejected in the House after lawmakers added $1.26 billion to his original request.

The Senate gave final Congressional approval Tuesday to a resolution continuing funding for Labor and HEW at current rates until Feb. 28. The stop-gap resolution allows the departments to continue spending at last year's levels.

The Nixon letter was made public after he met with GOP Congressional leaders.

* * *

The President's letter also requested restoration of two priority education programs which Congress reduced from the President's original request — $10 million for projects to prevent school dropouts and $9.5 million for research to improve school attendance.

The President also requested Congress to restore a provision which would permit him to allocate funds in the Office of Economic Opportunity rather than earmarking the funds for specific projects.

To impose a rigid earmarking covering the full fiscal year with less than five months remaining will disrupt many OEO programs," Nixon said.

Juvenile Court Hearing Reveals Teen Love Story

PROTEST ROCKS ANNAPOLIS
(See story back page)

Baltimore Afro-American

MORE EASTERN PHOTOS INSIDE

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Police, Racial Tension Blamed In Disruption At Girls' School

Awards end black backed trade fair

The AFRO-AMERICAN Newspaper — CEBO — Mondawmin Merchants 3rd Annual Trade Fair will wind up Saturday at 2 p.m. with an awards ceremony.

City and State Officials have been invited to see this unique Negro History Celebration honoring black businesses which is the only one held in the United States in a Shopping Center.

Last year, three Shopping Center Trade magazines cited Mondawmin Shopping Center.

Awards to Unsung Heroes will be made by the AFRO-AMERICAN.

Awards for the best booths will be made by the Mondawmin Merchants Association. Awards to outstanding business men of 1969 will be made by CEBO, the Council for Equal Business Opportunity.

* * *

Also Saturday, during the awards ceremony there will be a Beauty Show to pick Miss Trade Fair. She will be judged on manner, courtesy and there will be participants from all of the 51 booth holders.

Friday, today, the Pauline Brooks Fashion Salon will hold a Fashion Show in the Mall at 7:30 p.m.

The Morgan State College booth will be up Saturday from 10 a.m. until 2 p.m.

Outstanding football players who have been drafted by major professional teams will be signing autographs.

They include Raymond Chester, drafted by the Oakland Raiders; Alex Pearson, drafted by the Baltimore Colts; and Mark

(Continued on Page 2)

Agnew moves out of the White House

WASHINGTON (UPI) — Vice President Spiro T. Agnew has reportedly decided to give up his office in the White House to make more room for President Nixon's staff.

The Vice President appreciates very much the President making space available to him in the White House but he just isn't using it," said Herb Thompson, Agnew's press secretary, who called in newsmen Wednesday to make the announcement.

The Vice President has three remaining offices in Washington — in the Capitol, where he serves as President of the Senate, in the adjacent Senate office building, and his main office in the executive office building next to the White House.

President Nixon, in a move to give added prestige to his Vice President, announced after his inauguration Agnew would also have an office in the White House.

"He's not moving out. He never really moved in," White House press secretary Ronald L. Ziegler said.

Thompson said Agnew felt no loss of prestige by moving out of the White House.

"He's over here three or four times a week, anyway, so he feels closely identified with the White House," Thompson said.

ARRESTED AND TAKEN TO FINE Street, this young woman was one of eight students charged by police after rebellion broke out at Eastern High School yesterday.

No need for Friday 13 to 'blow your mind'

Today is Friday, the 13th of February, the other dates of "ill-omen" in 1970 come on Friday March 13 and Friday, Nov. 13. Fear of the day dates back, 1,970 years when Friday was first placed on the calendar. Friday has never been thought of as an auspicious day since the Crucifixion. Christ died on Friday.

But, ancient literature says the night before a Friday the 13th is the time to watch since "coming events cast their shadows before them" and "in today already walks tomorrow."

Therefore, because whatever was destined for today was forecast last night (Thursday), the warning should have braced all citizens against ill chances.

There is yet another reason why those who are superstitious should never dread Friday the 13th and stay home in bed. Spilled salt; black cats; a knife and fork laid across; a bird on the window sill or singing at night should never blow your mind.

Why? Because the actual prophesy, according to legend, is: "The heaviness of these signs foreruns a GOOD event."

The weather today (Friday) is forecast as warming with 10 per cent chance of rain. The weekend trend is for continued temperatures in the high 40's. The almanac predicts for this region "the earth turning toward Spring with the ground thawing and the sap rising." The vernal equinox (spring) occurs March 21. Good Friday is March 27. Easter Sunday is March 29, the 5th Sunday of the month.

chuckle

"It's obvious that that old skinflint isn't going to pay any attention to the bill I sent him," a dentist told his wife one morning. "I'm going up to his house and collect in person."

An hour later he was back, looking very glum. "I can see by your face that he didn't pay you," said his wife.

"He not only didn't pay me," said the dentist ruefully, "but he bit me with my own teeth."

OVERCOME student is helped from Eastern High School after students and police clashed at the school yesterday afternoon. Parents bombarded the AFRO switchboard with calls asking about the safety of their children. (Phillips Photo)

8 Eastern students arrested in melee

There are conflicting reports about what happened Thursday morning at Baltimore's Eastern High, the all-girls school located on 33rd St. across from Memorial Stadium.

These facts can be confirmed:

1. Some 1600 students at the school were dismissed shortly after school opened. Things were back to normal this morning (Friday) when classes resumed after school officials met with teachers and staff.

2. Police called to the school by unknown parties, placed under arrest eight students charged with disorderly conduct, transported to Pine St. Police Station where they were fingerprinted, photographed, placed in cells and released later in custody of their parents.

* * *

They appeared at Northeastern Police Station this morning, (Friday) and were released on their own recognizance awaiting action of the grand jury.

3. There have been continued confrontations between students of the predominantly black school and some teachers with things reaching a climax on Wednesday when one white teacher reportedly used a racial epithet or insulting term.

4. School Superintendent Thomas Thomas D. Sheldon has ordered that a certain teacher and a certain student involved in Thursday's incident will not be returned to classes today.

4. The School Board, at its meeting last night (Thursday), created a special committee composed of the Superintendent and some school board members to conduct a thorough investigation with particular emphasis in "involvement of and response by a unit of the Police Department."

* * *

There are conflicting reports about the sequence of Thursday morning events, who called for police help, whether or not police used mace, what if any action by students, provoked the disturbance.

Parents and interested persons who arrived at the school shortly after classes were let out saw youngsters streaming from the build-

(Continued on Page 21)

DR. FURMAN L. TEMPLETON

Leader dies while honors being set

Dr. Furman L. Templeton came close to reaching his latest goal but not quite.

He wanted to live to greet all his friends at a testimonial which was being planned for him on April 5 at Blue Crest North, when a national Urban League Director Whitney M. Young was scheduled to be main speaker.

Death claimed Dr. Templeton Tuesday evening, Feb. 10 at about 7:30 at his home in the 1300 block McCullon St. where he had been convalescing following a long illness in Sinai Hospital. He was 61.

A wake will be held for the fallen civil rights leader at the Charles Law Funeral Home, 802 Madison Ave. from 7 to 9 p.m. Friday, Feb. 13.

The funeral service will be held on Saturday, Feb. 14 at the Madison Ave. Presbyterian Church, where he was a longstanding officer.

Burial will be in Arbutus Memorial Park.

Before most of the present crop of black leaders had invented such words as "activist," "together," "where it's at" and "soul brother" Dr. Furman L. Templeton, a real brother, had the problems of black people together; knew how to help them in the most important places and was a dedicated activist for minority and community bet-

(Continued on Page 20)

Youth tells court of his love for 15-year-old girl

By ELIZABETH M. OLIVER

"It's been happening every year since Romeo and Juliet — children so much in love with each other that they can't understand anything else."

This was the comment Thursday noon as Juvenile Court Master John O'Grady concluded a hearing for a 15-year-old youth who had run away from home Feb. 6 with his sweetheart.

From the testimony of the 6 ft., 170 lb. teenager, he and his loved one, also 15, were so engrossed with each other they deserted their homes "to be together."

The handsome youngster also said they wanted to get married but had not been able to get a license.

He also testified he and the pretty girl had not con-

(Continued on Page 22)

Dr. Lockwood New CCB Vice President

BY Dr. SIDNEY KOBRE
Community College of Baltimore

Dr. William V. Lockwood has been appointed vice president of the Harbor Campus of the Community College of Baltimore, effectively immediately.

President Harry Bard made the nomination to the Board of Trustees. Dr. Bard's nomination was supported by a team of out-of-state educators who suggested that a vice president be established for the Harbor Campus and another vice president for the Liberty Campus.

The educators represented the Middle States Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools, an evaluating and accrediting agency.

Dr. Lockwood has served for two years as Dean of the Harbor Campus, a $20 million facility which is being planned for downtown Baltimore.

* * *

The Board of Trustees, which met on Tuesday, with Mrs. Elizabeth Murphy Moss presiding in the absence of Dr. John J. Mexley III, gave unanimous approval to the vice presidential appointment of Dr. Lockwood.

The vice presidency of the Liberty Campus is still to be filled. Dr. Arthur S. Reff continues as Dean of the Faculty of the Liberty Campus.

Along with the Lockwood appointment, other key positions were filled by the trustees.

Prof. Clarence K. Gregory, of the History Department, was made Administrative Assistant to President Bard, this being given a highly responsible and sensitive position.

Prof. Mitchell L. Twardowicz became director of the Allied Health Programs and Joseph S. Culotta, of the Counseling Service, was appointed Director of Instruction and Summer Session in the Division of Continuing Education, working under Dean Herman E. Westerburg.

Paul Beckham was appointed the assistant director of the summer session.

Three of the associate deans were promoted to deanships to become effective July 1, 1970. Andrew M. Bohle, of Community Service Division, Herman E. Westerberg, of the Division of Continuing Education, and William Harmon, Finance and Business Management Department, became deans of the college.

President Bard presented the CCB budget for the coming year, totalling more than $6 million.

Trustee Samuel Nocella, chairman of the budget committee, declaring it was a "sound budget which met the needs of the college growing so rapidly, moved for the adoption. The trustees approved the budget.

An explanation of the budget and its significance will be presented by this correspondent in a separate article in the Afro-American.

Returning to the appointees, we should point out that Dr. Lockwood has had a distinguished career at the

(Continued on Page 24)

DEATH NOTICES UNTIL 5 P.M.

Yes, AFRO Classified accepts death notices up until 5 p.m. day before publication. If a loved one dies, insist that your undertaker call AFRO Classified, 728-8200, or call yourself.

Death notices, can be inserted for 50 cents a line or as little as $4. Remember, the AFRO accepts paid death notices up until 5 p.m. on Mondays and Thursdays for publication in the Tuesday and Friday editions.

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