THIS IS THE NAACP

argest and most effective civil NAACP.

I of the birth of Abra-

Of the 53 signers, only two tended to Africa, Asia, Europe ow survive-Dr. W. E. B. Du- and Latin America. ev. John Haynse Holmes, pas- even by those who most bitteremeritus of the Community Church of New York.

May White Ovington, a young of the colored community New York social worker, who was deeply shocked when she the NAACP proposed a budget minority

. . . ist background and taking her ing in the South; the right to organizations, and institutions. which \$558,000 in state funds cue from Walling's proposal, live where one wishes and can The cooperation of white in have been withheld from the Miss Ovington enlisted the co- afford to has been affirmed by dividuals and organized groups school district.

sue a call for "a national conference for discussion of present evils, the voicing of protests. and the renewal of the struggle for civil and political liberty." In response to this call nearly 300 white and colored men

and women from all sections of the country met in New York City, May 31 and June 1, 1909. to which the NAACP still adheres were formulated.

racial discriminatin and segregation through legal action, leg-

its broad scaled program designed to eliminate racial in-. . .

WHEN MISS OVINGTON conceived the idea for an NAACP. the civil rights of the race were at a low ebb. Hardly a week passed without one or more Racial segregation had been sanctioned by the United States Supreme Court and seemed a permanent pat-

Colored people were generally denied access to public accommodations not only in the South but also elsewhere in the country, states' civil rights laws

chievement by members of the race was seldom mentioned

NEW YORK - The nation's awaited the organization of the

at of Colored People, cele- Great Emancipator, has been

The call was the idea of the sustaining financial support In the first year of operation

read William English Walling's of \$6,500. The 1959 budget calls of opinion has been developed. account of a bloody race riot in for \$846,000. Income from all August 1908, in Lincoln's home sources in 1958 exceeded, for city, Springfield, Ill. Walling's the first time, the million-dollar achievement have been the de- Sept. 12 at the order of Govarticle, published in the INDE- mark.



ROY WILKINS

and a more favorable climate

CONTRIBUTING to votion of the hundreds of thou. ernor Faubus under Act 4 masses. ted the need for a "large and powerful body of citizens" to choolete crime: segregation in rolled in the Association over The NAACP complaint no defend the rights of the colored obsolete crime; segregation in rolled in the Association over The NAACP complaint now public facilities, institutions and the 50-year period and the sup- pending in Federal Court services has been outlawed; port given to the organization challenges constitutionality INSPIRED BY her Abolition- colored citizens are again, vot- by the colored church, press, Act 4 and of Act 5 under

operation of the author of the court decisions and by state and such as churches, trade unions. A three - judge Federal article; of Dr. Henry Moskowitz, a fellow social worker; The right to serve on juries group societies; the quality of on the complaint, but Judge Rederal Court has been named to rule on the complaint, but Judge American Automobile Assoc. Progressive Life Ins. of Oswald Garrision Villard, has been established; fair em- leadership the NAACP has John E. Miller has indicated grandson of William Loyd Gar- ployment practices statutes been able to provide; the in that he does not believe a rison and publisher of the NEW have been enacted in 15 states
YORK EVENING POST and of and 26 cities; a civil rights act creasing importance of race as after March 13.

ment of the race; its expanded

NAACP requests a Little Rock case

attorneys Thurgood Marshall speedy hearing of their pe-Arkansas' school closing laws.

Little Rock High Schools this which have been closed since Rights issues.



DR. HARRY E. FOSDICK, center, pastor emeritus of Riverside Church, New York City, received the annual Phillip Murray Award of the NAACP Legal Defense and Educational Fund,

for "contributing great measure to the bettermen of race relations" America, receives award from Dr. Allan Knight Chalmers, president, NAACP Legal Defense Fund. Looking on at left is Thurgood Marshall, director-counsel of the fund.

NAACP Box Score

NEW YORK—As a result of 50 years of fighting for freedom, the NAACP can take pride in the role it has played in the colored man's struggle for equality. The following is a list of achievements for which the association has been directly responsible or has contributed to in great measure. Abolition of lynching.

Revival of colored voting in the South. Enactment of Fair Employment Practices Acts in 15

Enactment of Fair Housing Practices Acts in 16 states and 15 cities. Passage of the Civil Rights Act of 1957, the first such

measure enacted by Congress in 82 years.

Enrollment of colored students in southern state uni-Affirmation of the right of colored to serve on juries. Banning of segregation in public elementary and secondary

ABOLITION of judicial enforcement of racial restrictive Banning of discrimination in private housing in N.Y.C. Development of a national climate of opinion favorable to

More favorable presentment of the colored in the media Expanded colored membership in the organized labor

Enlarged employment opportunities for colored. Greater recognition of colored achievement.

ESTABLISHMENT of the right to a trial free of mob Recognition of the colored political strength.

Better training and enlarged horizon for youth.

Development of a more militant spirit among the colored Improved health standards with enlarged facilities for training for health services and for treatment in health facili-

Invalidation of statutes requiring racial segregation in education transportation, housing and recreation.

American Adiomodile A	Page 6	Page 14
A. D. Anderson		Reads Drug Ce.
		Rea Keech Buick
Baltimore Transit Co.		Regal Laundry
Black and Decker		Royal Crown
Buck Glass Co.		Schriebers Page 15
	Page 8	Sealtest Dairy Products Page 16
Carver Memorial Park	Page 10	Sears Roebuck
Cleverland Dairy	Page 12	S. N. Katz
Celiseum	Page 14	Southern Life Insurance Page 13
Cortez Peters	Page 20	Tucker Dearing
Desident Characterist		United Electrical Radio
E.E.O.C.	Page 13	William Murphy
Esskay	Page 7	William Murphy Page 19 WITH Page 13
Food Fair	Fame 17	WIZ.TY Page 71
Galazekei	4	Page /
Goetzes	Page 17	NAACP has named
Hauswalds Bakery	Page 15	only 3 presidents
Herbert Cox		in 50-year history
Hiram Grand Lodge	Page 6	NEW YORK - The NAACP
Home Mutual	Page 19	since it was founded on Feb.
Keester Bread	Page 23	executive secretaries, how-
Lipman Electric	Lage 5	Moorfield Storey, Boston at
McComick and Co.	Page 17	from 1910-29; Dr. J. E. Spin
Menerah Ledge B'Nais	Page 4	
-	Page 17	a NYC attorney who has
		command in the franciscolar since
Mutual Benefit	Page 3	served in that capacity since 1939.
	Page 8	1939. The association's first executive secretary was Frances
Oriole Baseball Club	Page 1	1939. The association's first executive secretary was Frances Blascoer, who was succeeded
Oriole Baseball Club Oriole Cleaners and Dy	Page 1	1939. The association's first executive secretary was Frances Blascoer, who was succeeded
Oriole Baseball Club Oriole Cleaners and Dy Paul J. Cockrell	Page 1	1939. The association's first executive secretary was Frances Blascoer, who was succeeded
Oriole Baseball Club Oriole Cleaners and Dy Paul J. Cockrell Penn Fruit Ce.	Page 1	1939. The association's first executive secretary was Frances Blascoer, who was succeeded
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BALTIMORE AFRO-AMERICAN BROTHERHOOD SUPPLEMENT FEBRUARY 14, 1959 Page 3

NAACP campaign begins on Coast

Membership cam- eampaign is designed to enable

ties were largely defensive in day, as well as celebrating the shall not do it. that they were chiefly con- fifth anniversary of the historic "As for violence, we have intimidation and terror.

racial injustice.

as indicated in the discussions sors. gan, THE CRISIS, November, any, difficulty

tration on defensive measures. cepted a lesser status. on the part of the branches, the this issue settled in justice un- of our country. association took the offensive der law. against segregation.

gation in public education. the Democratic dictatorship."

Party "white" primary and the Court decrees. tion ruling of 1954, the Supreme statement.

from the defense to the offense chance for created a new situation and schools." new problems for the NAACP. Mr. Huntley, a news com- practice reprisal. bases for segregation,

volving attitudes, emotions and Despite die-hard resistance in some southern states, the as- COUNTER - attacking these

the area of public relations i

elimination of segregation in clared:

paign got under way on Feb. all branches to reach their 'Laws do affect behavior and will continue through membership quotas before the and laws do change society, 17. Mrs. Tarea Pittman 50th national convention in NYC else civilization would never have progressed beyond the

chance for desegregation if the

We cannot

Americans or to enjoy the re- others zoom clare the day as Freedom Sun- age. We cannot do it and well the race against lynching, in- school desegregation decision. been the victims, not the per-MEANWHILE, through the petrators. We reject violence

efforts of the regional associa- and place our faith in law and In the mid-thirties the tion, a fair employment prac- order. If that NAACP developed a planned tice bill was introduced in the destroyed, whatever result assault upon the institution of California Senate last week by emerges will be upon other segregation, the bulwark of Sen. Richard Richards of Los heads, not ours.

issue of the NAACP monthly or is expected to meet little, if and equality.

In this role, its most notable tray not merely colored Ameri-achievement was the United cans, but the moral giant that would get on with desegrega-States Supreme Court decision is America — man's best hope tion if the NAACP were not i 1, 1954, banning segre- for a free life amid the mid- the picture. century's fresh, dark threats of

erat eran gallfille sentigen at verse consideration of the entire consideration of the pared for delivery on an NBC Following the anti-segrega- telecast Sunday, made this

Court, in response to suits filed. He was commenting on a re- NAACP. by the NAACP, went on to ban cent statement made by NBC's "MR. and in publicly-financed recrea- NAACP the courts and Federal cause they are fearful

for the Supreme Court's rulings against segregation is a major treme passions are in control.

Never in history has society to the setback and the humilia-"Never in history has society tion and handicaps which jim been changed by law."

commodations will be achieved past five years suggests even within the present generation. faintly that if the NAACP were "IF THAT be extremism, It was this confidence which to bow out, school desegrega- then we are extremists. led to the enthusiastic adoption tion would have a better chance "And in our company will be

dress by Dr. Tobias, chairman er taken a step voluntarily to grant colored Americans their On Feb. 28, 1942 the State

The drive seeks the elimina- rights without outside pressure. Democratic Committee tion of all state-imposed racial "Paternalistic good feeling formed Arthur discrimination and segregation has existed. Individual tolera- Birmingham lawyer, by 1963, the centennial of Lin: tion on a purely personal basis was ineligible to run for a coin's Emancipation Proclama- has been in effect. But citizen- state office because he was colship on an equal basis - no. ored.

"A GREAT MANY South-erners want nothing more than to have the destiny of colored

"Mr. Huntley declares flatly that never in history has so-ciety been changed by law. In my opinion, this is completely Carta did not change society?

cave man stage. The efficacy As to Huntley's alleged state-

withdrawn from the arena. Mr . . .

"Mr. Huntley suggests that The Association was opposed. In addition to Richards, the another colored leadership to segregation from the outset bill has some 24 other spon- might find a better reception than the NAACP. Where is at the first conference, May 31 Everett P. Brandon, field sec- such leadership? Colored leaand June 1, 1909, and as ex- retary and California NAACP ders and colored people are pressed editorially in the first lobbyist, said that the proposal united in the quest for freedom

spect of our fellows or to re- THE REV. DR. Martin L. conditions during the ceive the love and honor of our King of Montgomery, the Naearly period required concen-children, if we voluntarily ac-tional Urban League, the col-WITH THE decline in lynch- "Every sane and thoughtful press, have all been pilloried, ing, peonage and injustice in American with a spark of fair persecuted and rejected bethe courts, as the result of play in his veins (and this in cause they stood firm with the NAACP activities, and with in-cludes thousands of white peo- NAACP in seeking an unsegrecreased legal defense activity ple in the Deep South) wants gated life for all the children

'Any other method would be- group has ever intimated, eith-

"There is nothing to prevent restrictive racial covenants had NAACP Executive secretary moment. There are hundreds been knocked out by Supreme Roy Wilkins, in a speech pre- of school districts in which no

segregation in transportation Chet Huntley that if the erates will not do this, not bepower were withdrawn from NAACP, but because they are emphasis the arena, there would be more fearful of the extremists among desegregating their own people sel defiance, preach hatred and

these ment as a result of his state- rise up in rebellion in 1896 when problems are now largely in ments. He was quoted by Mr. the U.S. Supreme Court ruled "Other elements are anxious ing white and colored passento do the decent thing, but gers on railroad trains was

sociation is confident that the statements, Mr. Wilkins de- American believe in the law, in the Constitution, in the courts

paign launched at the Associa- "All the history of race re- herocs who have fought for tion's 1953 annual convention in lations in the South refutes this man and his freedom from the St. Louis in response to the thesis. On this question (school Boston Tea Party down to challenge in the keynote ad integration) the South has nev- this very moment."

It would be a wonderful world, if everybody who talked "Brotherhood" practiced it. We all do. Mitnick Bros.



Bernice Young, Olivia Watson, Vinetta Johnson, Rita Garris, Gladys Hunter, Mary Blake, Julius Mitnick, Howard Mitnick



Kneeling, Left to Right: Nathan Brenner, Jerome Toney, Lawrence Johnson, William Cannon, Milton Ashman, Norman Portney Standing, Left to Right: Julius Mitnick, Dante Raspasarde, Bernard Posner, Charles Harris, Mil:on Lipstein, Norman Deck, Clarence



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