

the only city hospital with a Negro staff. Last year the institution served 906 patients and collected \$4,708, of which only \$900 was received from the city. There were 345 operations and a very small death rate.

¶ In the Virginia Republican Convention a dozen Negro delegates were refused recognition, and left the hall in a body.

¶ Bethany Congregational Church, Thomasville, Ga., celebrated its twenty-fifth anniversary. It is a social service institution and does much excellent uplift work in the community.

¶ An effort to secure a colored militia regiment has been started in Virginia.

¶ A large farmers' conference was held at the Georgia State Industrial College under the presidency of R. R. Wright.

¶ Baltimore is endeavoring to raise \$10,000 for the colored Provident Hospital.

¶ Colored citizens of Jacksonville, Fla., have organized to secure better service on the railroads.

¶ A colored branch of the Salvation Army has been started in Richmond, Va. Both races took part in the dedication ceremonies.

¶ Mt. Zion A. M. E. Church of Roanoke, Va., has celebrated its one hundredth anniversary.

NORTH CENTRAL

THE proprietors of the film play the "Birth of a Nation" having been kept out of the State of Ohio by the Board of Censors have brought suit against that Board.

¶ In Topeka, Kan., the death rate of white people for last year was 15.8 per thousand, and that of the colored people 12.8.

¶ A rescue home for unfortunate colored girls is being planned in Cincinnati, Ohio, by white philanthropists and colored people.

¶ The Attucks Club of Cleveland, Ohio, gave a Lincoln-Douglass banquet. The speakers were Thomas W. Fleming, Mayor Harry L. Davis, Hon. John J. Sullivan and Hon. Wilbur E. King, who delivered the oration on Frederick Douglass. Over two hundred members and guests were present.

SOUTH CENTRAL

FORMERLY a colored man has always been one of the delegates at large from Kentucky to the Republican National Convention. This year four white men

were counted at first and finally eight delegates were selected, each with a half vote. One of these is colored. The Negroes are threatening to call another convention.

¶ The Alabama State Teachers' Association meets this month at Birmingham, Ala. A large attendance is expected.

¶ The colored people of Montgomery, Ala., after vainly appealing to the city for a decent school house finally offered to raise \$1,000 if the city would contribute \$3,500 to complete a building already begun. The new Swaine School thus built has just been opened, and for the first time in many years colored pupils have full day sessions instead of half day sessions.

¶ When the European war broke out the teachers of Calhoun Colored School, Ala., largely young Northern white women, were asked to return only on condition that they would be willing to give up their salaries and accept board for the year's work if the school were unable to raise sufficient sum. All but one accepted the conditions. The salaries were raised.

¶ The East Tennessee Colored Teachers' Association meets at Norristown this month.

¶ The National Association of Teachers in Colored Schools will meet in Nashville, Tenn., next July under the presidency of John Hope, of Atlanta, Ga.

¶ The White Y. M. C. A., of Lexington, Ky., has opened classes for better citizenship and the study of common school value for colored men three nights a week.

¶ Sisson, of Mississippi, has introduced his annual bill in Congress declaring that the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments were not duly ratified and should be repealed.

¶ The National Negro Press Association met in Nashville, Tenn. C. J. Perry was elected President.

WEST AND SOUTHWEST

THE Oklahoma Negro State Bar Association has met at Oklahoma City.

¶ Twenty-six colored men have sued Texas City, Tex., and General J. F. Bell, U. S. A., jointly for \$104,813 for compulsory labor during the hurricane last August.

¶ A conference of the Grand Officers of the Colored Masonic Order throughout the United States has met in Detroit, Mich.

Ten States and one foreign country were represented. A second conference will meet in Chicago, Ill., next August. John L. Thompson, of Des Moines, Ia., is President.

¶ The Gibbons High School, of Tyler, Tex., was recently burned and its library of 1,800 volumes totally lost. The city has rebuilt the school and the Principal, E. W. Bailey, is asking for donations of books.

¶ The Lincoln Club of Kansas celebrated Lincoln Day for the eighteenth time this year. T. F. Bradley, of Kansas City, is President.

¶ The colored people of Portland, Ore., held a fashion show for which all the merchants of the city contributed clothes and other articles. The show was arranged by Mrs. E. D. Cannady.

¶ The pupils of the Douglass High School, San Antonio, Tex., have presented Shakespeare's "Midsummer Night's Dream."

GHETTO

Negro ruler of the Bantu tribes and was the twenty-second of his line. He was received by King Edward at Buckingham Palace during the time of the coronation.

¶ The Bible has already been translated into one hundred and forty-eight African languages and dialects.

¶ The seventeenth annual meeting of the Grand United Order of Odd Fellows in Jamaica was recently held in Kingston.

FOREIGN

THE United States Senate has ratified the Haitian treaty which practically makes the Island a dependency of the United States.

¶ On February 28th a general strike of agricultural laborers took place in St. Croix, D. W. I. The pay for labor of this kind is twenty-five cents per day for resident laborers on estates and thirty cents for porters living in town. The Union asked for fifty cents and sixty cents respectively. The capitalists refused—hence the general strike. Still no doubt was felt that some arrangements mutually satisfactory would be arrived at. Conferences with the governor and the capitalists have not altered the situation as the Union would prefer to make no arrangement than to make one which would not give assurance of meeting the situation effectively.

¶ The Industrial and Native Brass Bands of Christiansted, St. Croix, D. W. I., composed of Negroes, are handling such compositions as "Faust," "Bohemian Girl," "William Tell," "Ramond," and "Il Trovatore." Danes compare these Bands, very favorably, with not a few of their Bands.

¶ Major Walter Loving, the well-known leader of the Filipino Constabulary Band, has resigned and is returning to the United States. He was given an ovation.

¶ Lewanika, King of Barotseland in British Rhodesia, is dead. He was a powerful

¶ Another "Jim Crow" car bill has been killed in committee in Maryland.

¶ The new immigration bill to be reported to the United States House of Representatives proposes to exclude Chinese, Japanese and Hindus.

¶ The New York Boxing Commission has, it seems, not yet removed the ban on colored and white bouts. The matter may be carried to court.

¶ New Orleans is afraid of litigation under the "grandfather" clause of the Constitution. Suits have already been filed to strike certain voters on this clause from the lists.

¶ In Sussex County, Del., a white man killed a colored man. The jury brought in a verdict which said: "Guilty of the act, but not guilty of the crime."

¶ The Equal Rights Law of Ohio is to be tested again in Steubenville on account of discrimination in saloons.

¶ The State of Texas recently sued the Pullman Company for carrying four colored passengers from Los Angeles to San Antonio. The court held that the matter was beyond the jurisdiction of the State as these were interstate passengers.

¶ The following lynchings have taken place since our last record:

Feb. 12th, in Twiggs Co., Ga.—Marvin Harris, charged with murder, was hanged by a mob.

Feb. 25th, at Cartersville, Ga.—Jesse McCorkle was hanged by fifty men and boys. He was charged with breaking into the home of A. T. Heath and attacking Mrs. Heath and her children.