SUFFERED FOR FIFTEEN YEARS.
Completely Restored to Health.

Mrs. P. Brunzel, wife of P. Brunzel, stock dealer, residence 3111 Grand Ave., Everett, Wash., says: "For fifteen years I suffered with terrible pain in my back. I experimented with doctors and medicines, but got little if any relief. I actually believe the aching in my back and through the groin became worse. I did not know what it was to enjoy a night's rest and arose in the morning feeling tired and unrefreshed. My suffering sometimes was simply indescribable. Finally, I saw Doan's Kidney Pills advertised and got a box. After a few doses I told my husband that I was feeling much better and that the pills were doing me good. When I finished that box I felt like a different woman. I didn't stop at that, though. I continued the treatment until I had taken five boxes. There was no recurrence until a week ago, when I began to feel miserable again. I bought another box and three days' treatment restored me to health. Doan's Kidney Pills act very effectively, very promptly, relieve the aching pains and all other annoying difficulties. I have recommended them to many people and will do so when opportunities present themselves."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Mrs. Brunzel will be mailed to any part of the United States on application. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents per box.

Drawa Oil From Well.

At Cortland, N. Y., Mrs. Lottie Gutchess' teakettle would not boil the other night when she made her tea After waiting an hour she examined the contents of the kettle and found it was oil. She carefully emptied it and drew another kettleful from the well. It appeared to be oil, too. An examination of the well showed that it was nearly filled with oil—a good quality of crude petroleum.

Led in Using Timetables.

Few people know that the old Boston-Worcester railroad was the second road in the world to use a railroad timetable for operating trains, and was one of the first roads to issue timetables.

Miss Gannon, Sec'y Detroit Amateur Art Association, tells young women what to do to avoid pain and suffering caused by female troubles.

"I can conscientiously recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to those of my sisters suffering with female weakness and the troubles which so often befall women. I suffered for months with general weakness and felt so weary that I had hard work to keep up. I had shooting pains and was utterly miserable. In my distress I was advised to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it was a red letter day to me when I took the first dose, for at that time my restoration began. In six weeks I was a changed woman, perfectly well in every respect. I felt so elated and happy that I want all women who suffer to get well as I did."—MISS GERTRUDE GANNON, 359 Jones St., Detroit, Corresponding Sec'y Mich. Amateur Art Association.—$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.

This is clearly shown in this lady's letter that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound does surely cure the sufferings of women; and when one considers that Miss Gannon's letter is only one of hundreds which we have, the virtue of Mrs. Pinkham's medicine must be admitted by all.

Ripans Tabules are the best dyspepsia medicine ever made. A hundred millions of them have been sold in the United States in a single year. Every illness arising from a disordered stomach is relieved or cured by their use. So common is it that diseases originate in the stomach it may be safely asserted there is no condition of ill health that will not be benefited or cured by the occasional use of Ripans Tabules. Physicians know them and speak highly of them. All druggists sell them. The five-cent package is enough for an ordinary occasion, and the Family Bottle, sixty cents, contains a household supply for a year. One generally gives relief within twenty minutes.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR SEPTEMBER 6.

Subject: Death of Saul and Jonathan, 1 Sam. xxxi., 1-13.—Golden Text, Prov. xiv., 12.—Memory Verses, 6, 7.—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

I. "Men of Israel Fled." It is supposed that the battle was being fought in the plain of Esdraelon and that the Israelites fled before their enemies to the slopes of Mount Gilboa, whither the Philistines followed. "Fell down slain." It was impossible for them to rally. Saul and his sons fought like heroes and no doubt threw themselves into the forefront of the battle, but all in vain; God was against them.

2. "Followed hard." The onset of the Philistines was directed mainly against that quarter where Saul and his sons were fighting. "Slew . . . Saul's sons." Jonathan falls with the rest. 1. God would hereby complete the judgment that was to be executed upon Saul's house. 2. He would make David's way to the crown clear and open. 3. God would also show us that the difference between good and bad is to be made in the other world, not in this. Whatever may have been the character of the others who fell, Jonathan's fate was not the result of his personal transgression but of his father's sin, and says to us in plain language that no siner harms only himself, and that the good often in this world suffer because of the bad. All relationships of life have some influence upon our earthly destiny, but no other is so potent for good or ill as that which a parent holds to his child. But if Jonathan is a sad illustration of this truth, he is also a cheering proof that if a son must suffer for his father's character he need not walk in that father's footstens."

II. The death of Saul (vs. 3-6). 3. "The archers." The men who shot arrows with the bow. "Hit—overworked." After the death of Saul's sons the archers singled Saul out and pursued him. Their missiles were aimed at him and some of them may have hit him. "Sore wounded—greatly distressed." The Revised Version gives the correct meaning. The word nowhere means to be wounded as our version has it here. He saw that he was the mark of the Philistine sharpshooters, and he therefore writhed and quaked with terror at the thought of falling by such hands.

4. "Would not." The armorbearer, who, according to Jewish writers was Doeg, would not yield to Saul's entreaty. It was his duty to protect the King, and he was responsible for Saul's life. He dared not stretch forth his hand against the Lord's anointed; the very thought of such an act filled him with fear. "Fell upon it." Thrust it through himself by falling over upon it. It is believed by many, from the construction of the original, that Saul ended his life with the sword of the armorbearer. If this be true, then Saul and Doeg both fell by that weapon with which they had before massacred the priests of God (1 Sam. 22:18). This account of Saul's death is every way consistent with itself and with Saul's character, and is to be regarded as the true and authentic record of the sacred historian himself. The story of the Amalekite, who stole the king's crown and bracelet and brought them to David (2 Sam. 1:4-10), is to be treated as a fabrication.

5, 6. "Saw that Saul," etc. He probably drew the sword from the king's body and did what he could to save him, but it was too late. "He fell." Being answerable for the king's life he feared punishment; or from a nobler motive of true fidelity, refused to survive his master. "So Saul died." The real ground of Saul's last dark act of self-destruction was not the extremity of the moment for fear of insult from the enemy, but the decay of his inner life and the complete severance of his heart from God. He who would not leave the ordering of his life to God would neither permit Him to order the manner of his death. Suicide is a great sin. 1. Note the causes: (1) Not merely accumulated misfortunes, but long-continued wrong-doing. (2) Cowardly fear of suffering. (3) Caring more for disgrace than for sin. (4) Abandonment of trust in God, as to this life and the future life. 2. Note the effects: (1) Others led by the example into the same sin. (2) Personal dishonor not prevented. (3) A crowning and lasting reproach to the man's memory. (4) The eternal loss of the soul. "All his men." Compare 1 Chron. 10:16. Some think this refers to his bodyguards and means that they were all slain; others think the reference is to all his household who went with him to the war and on whom his hopes for the future hung.

III. The Philistines victorious (vs. 7-10). 7. "Other side of the valley." The inhabitants on the opposite side of the great valley of Jezreel. The district to the north is meant, in which the tribes of Issachar, Zebulun and Naphtali dwelt. "Other side Jordan." The panic spread even to the eastern side of the Jordan. But possibly the phrase here means "on the side of the Jordan," that is, in the district between the battlefield and the river. "Fled." It was very natural for the people in the towns and villages there to take fright and flee, for had they awaited the arrival of the victors, they must, according to the war usages of the time, have been deprived either of their liberty or their lives.

8-10. "The Philistines . . . found." On discovering the bodies of the king and his sons on the battlefield, they reserved them for special indignities. "Cut off." The anointed of Jehovah fares no better than the uncircumcised Goliath, now that God has forsaken him. "To punish it." "That the daughters of the heathen might rejoice and triumph" (2 Sam. 1:20). Saul's head and armor were the signs of victory. "Of their idols." Their idols were regarded as the givers of the victory. The Philistines divided the honors among their deities. "Ashtaroth." A heathen goddess whose rites were filthy and abominable. The temple referred to here was doubtless the famous temple of Venus in Asketon mentioned by Herodotus as the most ancient of all her temples. "Beth-shan." The modern Besian, between the mountains of Gilboa and the River Jordan.

IV. The burial of Saul and his sons (vs. 11-13). "11-13. Inhabitants of." Mindful of the debt of gratitude they owed to Saul for rescuing them from Nahash (chap. 11). "Went all night." They made a journey of about twelve miles, secured the bodies, and returned to their own side of the Jordan in a single night. This exploit was, 1. A brave deed. 2. A patriotic deed. 3. A grateful deed. But the bravery, patriotism and gratitude had been better shown before Saul's death by helping him. Honors after death make poor amends for neglect and unfaithfulness during life. "Burnt them." This was not a Hebrew custom, and was either resorted to prevent any further insult from the Philistines, or, more likely, seeing that only the flesh was burned, because of the mangled condition of the bodies. "Fasted." This was a sign of general mourning.

A Nation of Candy Eaters.

Candy and confectionery to the amount of $100,000,000 are sold in the American home market every year, and to this total of manufacture New York contributes $20,000,000, or one-fifth. Pennsylvania, Massachusetts and Illinois are the three other states which contribute largely to the total, which is constantly increasing.

As Corrected.

The Parson—You wouldn't be so poor, Thomas, were it not for the fact that you are intoxicated half the time."

Thomas—Thash (hic) not th' point. I'm (hic) tox'cated half th' time, cause I'm (hic) so poor, Sheef.

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

General Trade Conditions.

R. G. Dun & Company's weekly review of trade says:

There is still no indication of the depression in trade and industry that pessimists predicted would follow the decline in securities. Conservatism was developed by the uncertainty regarding the effect upon financial conditions, but legitimate business is able to secure funds as they are required, and the more cautious progress of business gives promise of greater permanent gain. Weak spots have been disclosed and the technical position strengthened, just as occurred in the stock market. Readjustment after a period of inflation must of necessity bring some losses, yet the outlook is brightened by the removal of threatening industrial clouds. Despatches from all sections testify to the liberal distribution of merchandise and the disposition to prepare for greater consumption of all the necessaries of life, while the crops are making good progress aside from some cotton districts in Texas.

"Bradstreet's" says: Wheat, including flour, exports for the week ending August 27 aggregate 3,245,056 bushels, against 3,372,789 last week, 5,436,538 this week last year, 6,607,611 in 1901, and 3,248,313 in 1900. For eight weeks of the cereal year they aggregate 25,073,289 bushels, against 36,776,299 in 1902, and 23,925,919 in 1900. Corn exports for the week aggregate 866,320 bushels, against 509,495 last week, 115,150 a year ago, 441,918 in 1901 and 3,717,490 in 1900. For eight weeks of the present cereal year they aggregate 8,325,295 bushels, against 754,659 in 1902, 8,699,021 in 1901, and 28,477,685 in 1900.

LATEST MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Flour—Spring clear, $3.75@3.90; best Patent $5.00; choice Family $4.25.

Wheat—New York No. 2, 86c; Philadelphia No. 2, 82½c; Baltimore No. 2 82c.

Corn—New York, No. 2, 59c; Philadelphia No. 2, 55¾@56c; Baltimore No. 2, 59c.

Oats—New York No. 2, 38c; Philadelphia No. 2, 41½c; Baltimore No. 2 40½c.

Hay—We quote: No. 1 timothy, large bales, $17.00@17.50; No. 2 timothy $16.00@16.50; No. 3 timothy $12.50@14.50.

Green Fruits and Vegetables.—Quote: Apples—Maryland and Virginia, per brl, fancy, 70@75c; do, fair to good, 60@65c. Beets—Native, per bunch 1½@2c. Cabbage—Native, per 100 Wakefield, $2.00@3.00; do, Flat Dutch, $4.00@5.00. Cantaloupes—Anne Arundel Gems, per basket 30@60c; do, native, large, per 100 $2.00@3.50. Celery—New York State, per dozen 30@50c Carrots—Native, per bunch, 1@1½c Corn—Native, per dozen, field, 8@12c Cucumbers—Anne Arundel, per basket 40@50c. Damsons—Maryland and Virginia, per full barrel $4.50@5.00. Egg plants—Native, per basket 15@20c. Hucklesberries—Eastern Shore, Maryland and Virginia, per quart 6½@7c Lettuce—Native, per bu box 40@50c. Lime beans—Native, per bu box 60@65c. Onions—Maryland and Pennsylvania, yellow, per bu 75@80c. Peaches—Maryland and Virginia, per basket, red 50@60c. Pears—Eastern Shore, Bartlett, per basket 50@75c; do, per box 90c@$1.00. Pineapples—Florida, per crate, as to size, $2.25@3.25. Squash—Anne Arundel, per basket, 20@25c String beans—Anne Arundel, per bu, green, 45@50c. Tomatoes—Potomac, per 2-basket carrier 30@50c; do, per 6-basket carrier 25@35c. Watermelons—Anne Arundel, per 100 selects, $14.00@18.00; do, prime, $7.00@10.00.

Potatoes. — White — Eastern Shore Virginia, per brl, No. 1, $1.25@1.50 Maryland and Pennsylvania, prime, per bu, 45@55. Sweets—Yellows, Maryland and Virginia, per brl, $1.75@2.00; yellows, North Carolina, per brl, $1.75@2.00.

Provisions and Hog Products.—Bulk clear rib sides, 8¾c; bulk clear sides, 8¾c; bulk ham butts, 8c; clear sides, 10c; bacon shoulders, 9½c; sugar-cured shoulders, extra broad, 11c; sugar-cured California hams, 8¾c; canvased and uncanvased hams, 12 lbs and over, 15c; refined lard, half-barrels and new tubs, 9c; tierces, lard, 8½c.

Live Poultry.—Chickens.—Hens, per lb, 11@11½c; do, old roosters, each 25@30c; do, spring, large, per lb, —@14c; do, spring, small, per lb, —@14c; do, spring, poor, per lb, —@13. Ducks—Puddle, per lb, —@10c; do, muscovy and mongrel, per lb, 9@10c; drakes, each, 30@40c.

Eggs.—Choice, Maryland and Pennsylvania, per dozen, loss off, —@20c; Virginia, per dozen, 19@19½c; West Virginia, per dozen, loss off, —@19½c; Southern, per dozen, loss off, —@18½.

Butter—Separator 21@22c; Gathered Cream 19@20c; Imitations —@19c.

Cheese—Large, 60-lbs, 11@11¼c; do, 36-lbs, 11¼@11¾; 20-lbs, 11½@11¾.

Live Stock.

Chicago. — Cattle — Good to prime steers $5.10@5.65; poor to medium $3.75@5.00; stockers and feeders $2.50@4.25; cows $1.50@4.50; heifers $2.00@4.75; canners $1.50@2.70; bulls $2.25@4.25; calves $2.50@6.75; Texas fed steers $3.00@4.40; Western steers $3.25@4.45. Hogs—Receipts today 15,000 head; estimated tomorrow 15,000. Market about steady. Mixed and butchers' $4.90@5.10; good to choice heavy $5.20@5.50; rough heavy $4.75@5.10; light $5.30@5.95; bulk of sales, $5.10@5.50. Sheep—Receipts 15,000 head. Sheep and lambs slow, steady. Good to choice wethers $3.00@3.60; fair to choice mixed $2.25@3.00; native lambs $3.25@5.60.

East Liberty.—Cattle steady; choice $5.20@5.50; prime $5.00@5.20; good $4.90@5.10. Hogs steady; prime heavies $5.65@5.70; mediums $6.00@6.15; heavy Yorkers $6.10@6.15; light Yorkers and pigs $6.15@6.20; roughs $4.00@5.10. Sheep slow; best wethers $3.80@4.00; culls and common $1.50@2.00; veal calves $7.00@7.50.

INDUSTRIAL AND SCIENTIFIC NOTES.

One-third of the college graduates now are women.

The average depth of the ocean is about two miles.

Two millions of London's inhabitants never go to church.

Eighty-five per cent. of the children of Japan are in school.

Of 1058 cases of typhoid fever in sixteen hospitals last year, one in eight died.

No species of flower shows more than two of the three colors red, yellow and blue.

DAILY NOTES AND COMMENTS.

Let every man among us learn to cook. Then, and not until then, will our stomach be in safe hands.

An epigrammatist says: "Every wife is the architect of her own husband." Then she shouldn't be too severe on the edifice when she botches the job.

A short time ago a Sicilian advocate was found guilty of sixty-three different acts of fraud. For his industry and enthusiasm in the cause of dishonesty he was sentenced to 189 years' imprisonment.

Russia has invested in Manchuria millions for railways, millions for a standing army to protect them and $20,000,000 in building the city of Dalney. The total is hundreds of millions.

The twentieth century will have the greatest number of leap years possible for a century—namely, 25 The year 1904 will be the first one, then every fourth year after that up to and including the year 2000. February will three times have five Sundays—in 1920, 1943 and 1976.

It has been decided by the Iowa Andrew Carnegie prophecies that "Canada and the United States shall be one nation." In point of blood, if the present immigration from this country into that keeps us, it won't be many years until the United States will predominate in the Dominion

A number of business men of San Francisco have decided to ask the city to buy the property known as Chinatown and convert it into a park. The maintenance of that quarter is declared to be a continual menace to the safety of the city. It would be difficult to imagine San Francisco without its Chinatown.

American cities are a long way behind those in Europe in the art of making streets beautiful with window gardening. Streets in this country "bloom" chiefly with enormous fences, plastered over with all sorts of advertising deformities, a privilege for which the cities defaced receives but a pittance.

The editor of The Financier says that newspaper advertising stands ahead of all other systems used to give publicity. "Whether it be a soap, a new perfume, or a hat, it is an important matter. In various instances, however, municipalities fail to comprehend the value of such advertising." He notes that where a municipality has used the newspapers to advertise a bond sale it has gained better prices by interesting a wider circle than usual.

Renewed and earnest attention is being directed in England toward a short trans-atlantic route. One of the best natural harbors in the British Isles is that of Galway, on the west coast of Ireland. Almost straight across the Atlantic is St. John, Newfoundland. The distance between these two outposts is but 1,816 miles; from Liverpool to New York it is 3,116 miles, and from Southampton 3,095 miles.

A Boston entomologist makes the extraordinary statement that bugs, under which generic name he includes the little creatures from the grasshopper down to the ladybug, are destroying property in this country to the amount of $250,000,000 a year. The grasshopper eats up $90,000,000 worth of vegetation, the Hessian fly $50,000,000, the chinchbug $10,000,000, the potato bug $8,000,000. Moths, ladybugs, tobacco worms, squashbugs, beetles and numerous other entomological entitles consume the remainder.

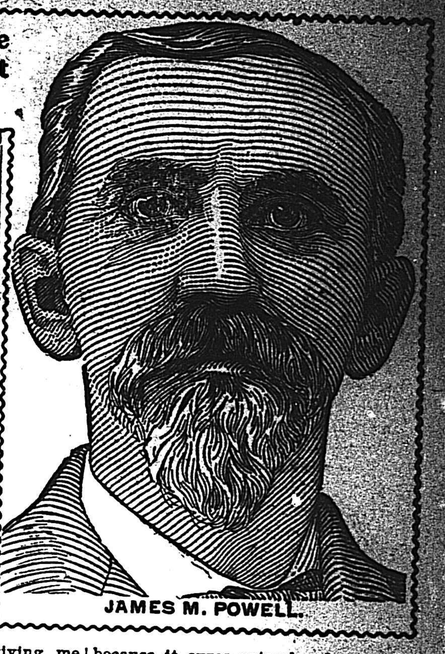
The requirements of health can be counted on the fingers of one hand. They are good air, good food, suitable clothing, cleanliness and exercise and rest. The first two requirements affect the blood, and as the blood circulates all over the body, including the brain, every part is affected. Fresh air affects the purity of the blood The freshest air is out of doors, and it is the duty of every one to spend a certain amount of time in the open air. Good foods is not necessarily expensive food. Exercise and rest should alternate and balance each other. It is quite possible to take too much exercise, and this side of the question must be guarded against as carefully as the other.

He or she who enters a house for the first time is supposed in the Balkan countries to bring it good or bad luck for the whole twelve month. This belief gives rise to a curious observance. The visitor before crossing the threshold picks up a stone (token of strength) or a green twig (emblem of health and fruitfulness) and lays it on the hearth. He also brings with him some grains of salt, which he casts into the flames, and then, squatting by the fireside, wishes his hosts "a prosperous year, a plentiful crop and many blessings." Then as the grains of salt burst and crackle in the fire he utters the following quaint formula: "As I am sitting even so may all the hens and warm the eggs. As this salt splits even so may split the eggs of the clucking hen and the chickens come forth."

CATARRH DESTROYS THE KIDNEYS

Was Miserable---Could Not Stand Up or Walk—Pe-ru-na Cured.

Many Persons Have Catarrh and Don't Know It.



JAMES M. POWELL.

Mr. James M. Powell, 633 Troost street, Kansas City, Mo., Vice Grand of I. O. O. F., of Cherryville, Kan., writes:

"About four years ago I suffered with a severe catarrh of the bladder, which caused continued irritation and pain. I was miserable and could not stand up or walk for any length of time without extreme weariness and pain. I began taking Peruna and it greatly relieved me, and in eleven weeks I was completely cured and felt like a new man."—James M. Powell.

Hundreds of Dollars Spent in Vain.

Mr. Cyrus Hershman, Sheridan, Ind., writes:

"Two years ago I was a sick man. Catarrh had settled in the pelvic organs, making life a burden and giving me little hope of recovery. I spent hundreds of dollars in medicine which did me no good. I was persuaded by a friend to try Peruna. I took it two weeks without much improvement, but I kept on with it and soon began to get well and strong very fast. Within two months I was cured, and have been well ever since. I am a strong advocate of Peruna."—C. Hershman.

Peruna cures catarrh of the kidneys, liver and other pelvic organs, simply because it cures catarrh wherever located. No other systemic catarrh remedy has as yet been devised. Insist upon having Peruna. There are no medicines that can be substituted.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

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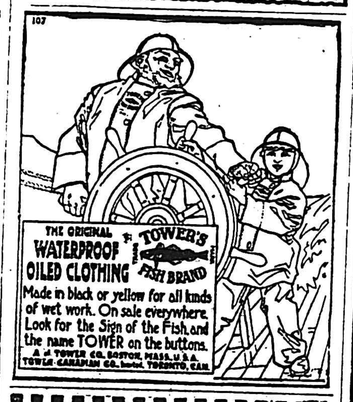

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At the Drug Store, or mailed on receipt of 25 cents in stamps.

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TAYLOR'S ASTHMA REMEDY will cure any case of Asthma by persistent use. Regular size box, by mail, 35c.; three for $1.00. T. Taylor & Co., Green Cove Springs, Fla.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

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AND NO MORE BACK-BREAKING WASH DAYS

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