THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION





Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT AND ANNUAL REPORT of

THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

Commissioners

Elizabeth M. Hewlett, Chairman of the Commission Derick P. Berlage, Vice-Chairman of the Commission Allison Bryant William M. Eley, Jr. James F. Harley Wendy C. Perdue John M. Robinson John H. Squire Sylvester J. Vaughns Meredith K. Wellington

Officers

Trudye Morgan Johnson, Executive Director Patricia Colihan Barney, Secretary-Treasurer Adrian R. Gardner, General Counsel

Department Directors

Charles Loehr, Montgomery County Director of Park and Planning

Fern V. Piret, Prince George's County Director of Planning Marye Wells-Harley, Prince George's County Director of Parks and Recreation

Trudye Morgan Johnson, Department of Human Resources and Management Patricia Colihan Barney, Department of Finance Adrian R. Gardner, Legal Department

Prepared by the Department of Finance

Patricia Colihan Barney, Secretary-Treasurer

Finance Managers

Alfred F. Warfield, Accounting John M. Heater, Administration Nancy J. Keogh, Purchasing Philip Litman, Internal Audit Keith R. Phillip, Cash Management John W. Waddell, Information Technology

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• PART I • Introductory Section



The Prince George's Sports & Learning Complex outdoor stadium hosts a number of local and regional events

MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

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September 17, 2004

6611 Kenilworth Avenue • Riverdale, Maryland 20737

Commissioners:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission ("the Commission") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004 is hereby submitted. This Report was prepared by the Commission's Finance Department, in accordance with the provisions of Article 28, Sections 2-113 and 7-107, of the Annotated Code of Maryland. Responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented, including all disclosures, rests with the Commission. We assert that to the best of our knowledge and belief, the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position changes in financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities and various funds of the Commission in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Commission's financial activities have been included.

To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the Commission has established an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the Commission are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires business judgment by management.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in three sections: Introductory, Financial and Statistical. The Introductory Section includes this transmittal letter, the Commission's background and organization, and the Commission's program highlights. The Financial Section includes the basic financial statements, and the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, as well as the auditors' report on the financial statements and schedules. As part of the Financial Section, GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Commission's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors. The Statistical Section includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis.

State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The Commission selected the accounting firm of KPMG LLP. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Commission for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent audit opinion that the Commission's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004 are fairly presented in conformance with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the Financial Section of this Report.

The Commission is also required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1996, as revised and U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, **Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.** This audit is issued separately. The Commission is also required to file a Uniform Financial Report with the Maryland State Department of Legislative Services by November 1 of each year.

The Commission

The Commission is a body corporate of the State of Maryland established by the Maryland General Assembly in 1927. The Commission is a bi-county agency serving both Montgomery and Prince George's Counties. It is empowered to acquire, develop, maintain and administer a regional system of parks in the defined Metropolitan District in Montgomery and Prince George's Counties, and to prepare and administer a general plan for the physical development of a defined Regional District for the two Counties. The Commission also conducts the recreation program for Prince George's County.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the Commission's financial planning and control. The Commission maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Montgomery County and Prince George's County governments. Activities of the General Fund, which include a transfer for debt service expenditures, are included in the annual appropriated budget. Project length financial plans are adopted for the Capital Projects Funds. The level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established within each individual account in the General Fund. Budget-to-actual presentations for all five accounts of the General Fund are presented in Note 6 in the basic financial statements.

The Commission maintains an internal auditing division that reports to the Secretary-Treasurer. This staff performs internal audits throughout the Commission's offices and facilities. All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the Commission's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The Commission's financial condition is positive as a result of a stable primary revenue source and the Commission's conservative fiscal management policies. The assessable bases in both counties continue to experience modest growth, and collections, including interest and penalties as a percent of the levy, are consistently above 98%. The Commission prepares quarterly and long-term financial projections to help guide current year and future years' expenditures based upon anticipated revenue sources. In addition, the Commission adopted a comprehensive fund balance policy in fiscal year 2000 to provide a cushion against unforeseen expenditures or revenue shortfalls in each fund. At June 30, 2004 the Commission's General Fund budget basis ending fund balance was in excess of \$50.9 million.

Along with the Commission's internal financial management policies, spending affordability guidelines continue to be provided by Montgomery County Government for the Commission's Montgomery County operations, and by a Spending Affordability Committee for the Commission's Prince George's County operations. More detailed information on the financial outlook is provided in the Management's Discussion and Analysis section of this Report.

Major Initiatives

The Commission enjoyed an excellent program year in fiscal year 2004. The major accomplishments of the Commission are set forth in the Program Highlights section of this Report.

Cash Management

The Commission actively manages a cash and investment program. The primary objectives of the program are the preservation of capital, providing liquidity to meet financial obligations, and the maximization of investment return consistent with the risk limitations and investment guidelines per the Commission's investment policy. Commission investments are limited to those authorized by the Commission's investment policy, all of which are also allowed by the Annotated Code of Maryland.

The Commission's accounting system operates under a pooled cash fund concept. This method reduces the efforts needed to manage cash and investments since bank accounts and investments are consolidated in a Treasurer's Fund instead of having separate bank accounts and investments for each fund. Investments of the Treasurer's Fund earned interest income of \$1,570,000 during fiscal year 2004. The average rate of return on the Commission's cash and investments during fiscal year 2004 was 1.03%.

Risk Management

The Commission is a participant in the Montgomery County Self-Insurance Program (the "Program") and is therefore self-insured for most claims filed by third parties. The Commission has an in-house Risk Management and Safety Office which develops and implements the internal loss control program to reduce workplace accidents and injuries. Commercial policies provide further liability and property loss coverage for claims arising out of real and personal property damage (over \$250,000), operation of a public airport, and other specific items of personal property.

Pension and Other Post Employment Benefits

The Commission sponsors a single employer defined benefit pension plan, The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission Employees' Retirement System (ERS), included in this report as the Employees' Retirement Pension Trust Fund. Each year an independent actuary engaged by the ERS calculates the amount of the annual contribution that the Commission must make to ERS to ensure that the plan will be able to fully meet its obligations to retired employees as they come due. As a matter of policy, the Commission fully funds each year's annual required contribution as determined by the actuary. As a result of this conservative funding policy, the Commission has succeeded, as of July 1, 2003 in funding 116.5% of the actuarially accrued liability to employees.

The Commission also provides health and dental care benefits for certain retirees and their dependants. At the end of the fiscal year, 584 retired employees received these benefits, which are financed on a pay-as-yougo-basis. GAAP does not require governments to report a liability in the financial statements in connection with an employer's obligation to pay these benefits. The Commission has elected to establish a trust fund for payment of future benefits. Amounts placed here are not based on any actuarial studies. No contributions were made to this fund in 2004, and benefits totaling \$3,681,000 were paid from the fund. Benefits for 2005 are again to be paid by this fund until it is essentially depleted. The fund had net assets of \$2,775,000 at June 30, 2004.

Other Information

Awards. The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Commission for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. The Commission has received this award continuously since fiscal year 1973. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the Commission must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This Report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another Certificate.

In addition, the Commission also received the GFOA's Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation for its annual budget for fiscal year 2004. The Commission has received this award continuously since fiscal year 1987. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the Commission's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories including policy documentation, financial planning and organization.

Acknowledgments

The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. Each member of the Department has my sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this Report. Special thanks are expressed to Alfred Warfield, Accounting Manager, and the entire Accounting Division staff. I would also like to thank and compliment the Commissioners for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the Commission in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Patricia Colina Barney

Patricia Colihan Barney Secretary-Treasurer

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



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President

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Executive Director

Commission Background and Organization

The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission is a body corporate of the State of Maryland, established by the Maryland General Assembly in 1927. The laws governing the Commission were codified in 1959, recodified in 1975 to be Article 66D of the Annotated Code of Maryland and again in 1983, to be Article 28.

The Commission is a bi-county agency, empowered to acquire, develop, maintain and administer a regional system of parks in a defined Metropolitan District within the Maryland Counties (Montgomery and Prince George's) adjacent to the District of Columbia. The Commission is also empowered to prepare and administer a general plan for the physical development of a larger Regional District in the same area.

As development and urbanization of the area have progressed, the two Districts have been enlarged by the General Assembly. They now embrace all of Maryland's Montgomery and Prince George's Counties, except for certain incorporated municipalities in each County and, for the Metropolitan District only, Election Districts No. 4 and No. 8 in Prince George's County.

Responsibility for public recreation in Prince George's County and the County Recreation Department was transferred to the Commission in July, 1970 as a result of legislative action. This legislation provided that taxes to support recreation be imposed County-wide and that the County Council may require the Commission to institute new recreation programs. The County Executive appoints a Parks and Recreation Advisory Board, which works closely with the Commission in setting policy.

The Commission consists of ten members, five appointed by Montgomery County and five by Prince George's County. In Montgomery County, all five of the Commissioners are appointed by the County Council and confirmed by the County Executive. Montgomery County Commissioners may not be appointed for more than two consecutive terms. In Prince George's County, all five of the Commissioners are appointed by the County Executive and confirmed by the County Council. Each County designates one of its Commissioners for the position of Chairman of their respective Planning Board. The Commission elects one of such designees as its Chairman and the other as its Vice-Chairman. Under the Commission's rules of procedure, the Chairmanship and Vice-Chairmanship of the Commission rotate annually between the two designees. Terms of office are staggered and no more than three members from each County may belong to the same political party.

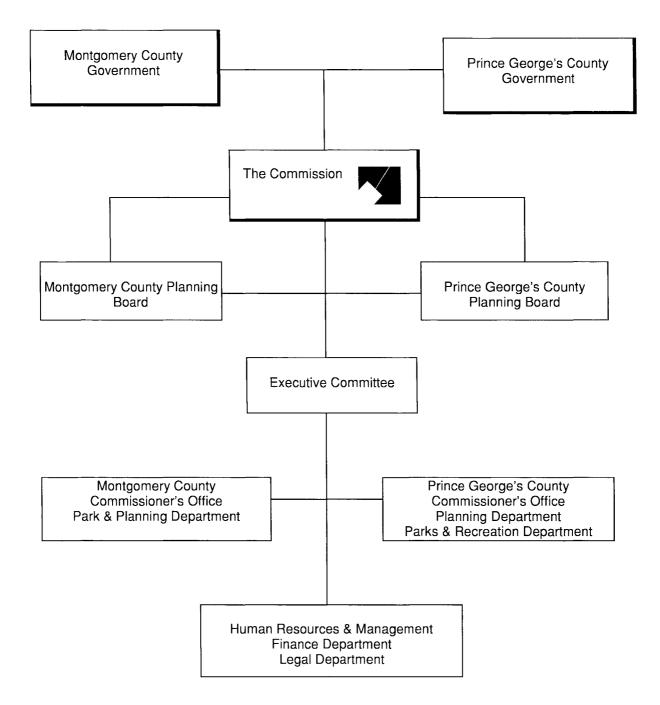
The Commission coordinates and acts on matters of interest to both Counties. Two regional offices are maintained, one in each County. The Commission meets once each month regularly, the site of the meetings alternating between the two regional offices. The members of the Commission from each County serve as separate Planning Boards to facilitate, review and administer the matters affecting only their respective County. To carry out their functions, the County Planning Boards meet at least once a week. The County Councils set priorities for the Planning Boards' park and planning operations through their annual determination and periodic review of the Commission's operating and capital improvement budgets and work programs.

The Commission administers a park system that currently contains over 56,800 acres. It is composed of stream-valley parks, large regional parks, neighborhood parks and park-school recreational areas. Its staff consists of over 2,050 career employees - planners, park and recreation administrators, park police and administrative staff. In addition, it employs approximately 5,140 seasonal workers, primarily for its numerous park and recreation programs.

The operating and administrative functions of the Commission are financed primarily by property taxes levied for the Commission by the two Counties. The Commission has the authority to sell general obligation bonds to fund approved park acquisition and development projects.

THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

ORGANIZATION CHART





FY 2004 Program Highlights

The Commission experienced a "banner year" of outstanding accomplishment and service during fiscal year 2004 (FY 04), earning numerous accolades and awards from all around the country. Topping off the year was the receipt of our fifth National Gold Medal for Excellence in Parks and Recreation Management – more than any other agency in the entire United States! Other national awards included the National Recreation and Parks Association Kudos award for Best Overall Communicator; Government Finance Officers Association awards for excellence in budget presentation and financial reporting; Apex awards for excellence in publications; the Clean Water Partner award from the Environmental Protection Agency; the prestigious international 2004 Charter Award for Excellence from the Congress for the New Urbanism for the acclaimed Twinbrook Commons mixed-use project; awards from the National Association of County Information Officers for the community outreach and education workshop program, PlanningDotCom; and selection as a co-host and featured agency for the 2003 American Planning Association Conference in Washington, D.C.

On the state level, the Commission was proud to accept two Governor's Vision Awards for Smart Growth, and Park Police won the Maryland Chiefs Challenge. College Park Aviation Museum was rated the best museum for families, and operator of the best program for preschoolers by *Maryland Family Magazine*. And, several of our historic rental properties were judged among the very best places for weddings by *Washingtonian Magazine*. The Commission again earned the Preferred Workplace Award from the Montgomery County Workforce Alliance, and was recognized by regional chapters of the Aircraft Owners and Pilots Association and the American Society of Landscape Architects. To honor the region's victims of the 2002 sniper killings, "Reflection Terrace" is under construction at Brookside Gardens with funds raised by the Montgomery Parks Foundation.

Ever-increasing standards for outstanding customer service were pursued through successful technological innovations such as the SmartLink and SmartParks automated systems, PGAtlas data source and award-winning web sites, and the extensive training of an additional 250 personnel through our highly successful Leadership Institute. And, national accreditation was sought from the Commission for Accreditation of Park and Recreation Agencies (CAPRA) of the National Recreation and Park Association. To maximize staff resources, the Commission initiated a highly successful employee wellness program and a new Employer Assisted Housing program with Fannie Mae, and began planning its first environmentally-sensitive "green" building, a new headquarters mixed-use complex in downtown Silver Spring.

Prince George's County Department of Parks and Recreation

Meeting Customer Needs Through Innovative Service: Building on past success, and recognized as a longstanding leader in the parks and recreation field, the Department of Parks and Recreation continued to provide the highest level of award-winning programming, services and facilities to approximately 840,000 residents in a diverse socio-economic area through a wise use of resources. The enormous success of SMARTlink, the Department's automated registration program, grows with each season, with use for class registration up over 10% this past year; 96% of registrants were repeat customers. Continued growth is expected and additional business opportunities are being explored with on-line facility booking and point of sale modules. The Department's web site (<u>www.pgparks.com</u>) continued to be enhanced, offering a vast amount of varied information to the public.

Enhancing the Park System: Projects completed last year included: Prince George's Sports & Learning Complex addition; Tucker Road Ice Rink enclosure; Fairland boundless playground; Walker Mill Regional Park trail and bridge; playground projects at Cottage City, Queenstown, Realtors' Park, Riverside Drive, Tanglewood, and Seat Pleasant Parks and Mount Rainier Nature and Recreation Center; renovations to the Baden, Deerfield, Good Luck and Peppermill Community Centers; and the Clyde Watson boating area. Projects under design include: Fort Washington Forest Community Park School; Rosalie Island Wilson Bridge Deck Park; Watkins Regional Park entry road and bridge; and renovations or improvements to Bowie, Glenarden, Langley Park, Marlow Heights, Palmer Park and Upper Marlboro Community Centers, Marietta Mansion, Muirkirk South and Saddlebrook East Community Park developments, and Cedar Heights, Daisy Lane, Douglas Patterson and Cherry Hill Parks. Bladensburg Marina Bridge and renovations at Huntington and Prince George's Plaza Community Centers are under construction. Funding from

Maryland Program Open Space, Maryland Department of Natural Resources, and a \$1 million Federal Wetland Construction Grant helped support some of these projects.

Staging Successful Community Events: Tens of thousands participated in popular annual events such as the 23rd annual Kinderfest, the Montpelier Spring Festival, Marlboro Day, the Harlem Renaissance Festival, and the 7th annual Teen Cotillion. The Festival of Lights at Watkins Regional Park dazzled more than 100,000 visitors with holiday light displays. The Department assisted with a multitude of community days throughout the county, working to promote community among both new and long-time residents.

Planning and Providing Recreational Opportunities for All: The Department completed its first Comprehensive Recreation Programming Plan, with an increased emphasis on programs addressing community health and wellness and the risk factors facing teens and youth, and became a model for the national "Hearts 'n Parks" program, aimed at combating obesity. Thousands of recreation programs, including teen and senior centers, day camps, summer playgrounds, recreation classes, excursions, trips, and events were offered for all ages, including a wide range of services for people with disabilities. A myriad of fitness activities were made available, with over 38-miles of trails extended by the new Patuxent River Park trail. Countywide sports leagues and recreation opportunities for youth and adults continued to be administered by the Department, including activities through the Prince George's County Boys and Girls Clubs, the Wayne K. Curry Sports & Learning Center, and the Fairland Athletic Complex.

Serving the County's Youth: The Prince George's Employees' Child Care Center in Upper Marlboro and the child care facility at Glenridge Elementary School operated at full capacity, continuing to serve as facility and staff models for excellence in childcare. Lunches were served to needy children at numerous summer program sites; and pre-school, before- and after-care and Kids Day Out programs satisfied both parents' and children's need for safe, educational, and enjoyable activities. A wide variety of activities and pursuits were offered for teens, including the wildly popular Teen Cotillion program.

Supporting the Arts and Cultural Heritage: Historic rental properties continued to be in high demand and recognized as top regional sites for receptions and events; re-opening of historic Oxon Hill Manor was delayed by a devastating fire. Critically acclaimed, sold-out performances were hosted by our three arts facilities and Montpelier Cultural Arts Center featured a special Normandy Portraits exhibition in honor of national World War II commemorations and the 60th anniversary of the invasion of Normandy; the Charge' d'Affaire of the French Embassy and area veterans attended the opening. Show Place Arena hosted the NCAA Division 1 Patriot League Conference Basketball Tournament. Birds I View, a countywide public art exhibition, was viewed by thousands of citizens and area tourists. On-line and live auction sale of the 75 artistically designed bluebird sculptures benefited arts-in-education programs in the County.

Preserving and Protecting Natural and Historical Resources: Public education about the County's rich natural and historical resources continued at the Department's historic museums, nature centers, and natural area parks, with Park Naturalists, Park Rangers, and Historians partnering with volunteers and the Prince George's County Public Schools to provide programs for tens of thousands of students. Special community events, such as Gorgeous Prince George's Day; Anacostia, Potomac, and Patuxent River clean ups; and Earth Day tree planting at Lake Artemesia; all promoted and enhanced commitment to our environment. College Park Aviation Museum received several prestigious awards and played a leadership role in the nationwide celebration of the Centennial of Flight. Surratt House Museum became part of the Maryland Tourism – Maryland Civil War Trail Project, and Riversdale House Museum grounds were transformed with extensive landscape improvements.

Keeping our Parks Secure: Our nationally accredited Park Police agency continued to develop crime prevention initiatives to provide a safe and secure environment throughout the park system. Officers maintained around-the-clock watch at all parks and facilities, using sophisticated technology such as Mobile Data Terminals in police vehicles, which allow direct access to local and national records databases and reduce time needed to verify information. Officers continued to assist with mentoring programs, the Drug Awareness Resistance Education (D.A.R.E.) program, the N.F.L. Punt Pass and Kick Competition, the COPS Camp for Kids and many other community events, and participated in several safety initiatives throughout the year such as "Click It or Ticket" for seat belt and child safety seat use. A Gang Awareness Training Module was developed to assist Commission staff and the community in identifying concerns related to gang activity. Graduates of the Park Police Community Volunteer Academy were trained to provide a valuable asset by assisting with a variety of tasks in the park system.

Maintaining Parks and Facilities: Construction and repair of facilities, and maintenance of the 24,400-acre park system, continued to be handled admirably by park maintenance and development staff. In the past year, staff added cleanup from Hurricane Isabel and several heavy snowstorms to their list of tasks, not only on park property, but public roadways as well. In cooperation with the Metropolitan Washington Air Quality Committee, and the Council of Governments, the Department has committed to Voluntary Control measures and operational changes in order to improve air quality throughout the area, including restriction of gas-powered equipment and refueling of vehicles on declared Code Purple and Code Red days, conversion of gasoline cans to approved California Air Resource Board cans to drastically reduce the amount of harmful emissions into the air, and purchase of our first gas-hybrid vehicle.

Prince George's County Planning Department

Providing Community Outreach & Public Information: PlanningDotCom, a community outreach and education program aimed at enhancing the public's knowledge of and participation in planning, zoning and development processes successfully completed its inaugural year. Video and compact discs of the program were produced and released to libraries and community organizations countywide. The program received multiple state and national awards and was featured, along with several other Commission projects and facilities, at the 2004 annual conference of the American Planning Association, which attracted more than 5,000 professionals in planning and related fields. As an additional means of public outreach and education, more than 4 million information services were accessed through the Department's web site, and an interactive web page for children was launched, <u>www.mncppc.org/kidspage</u>. The Department web site may be translated into eight languages and accessed, along with a variety of planning, zoning, and land-use information, through major portals in the walk-in Planning Information Services office, which served approximately 20,000 customers last year.

Contributing to Policy and Development Decisions: Research Center staff began implementation of an economic and fiscal impact model designed to analyze impacts of major development proposals and options in the county. This information is beneficial to elected and appointed officials and staff in evaluating impacts of various development scenarios on the county.

Planning for Quality Communities: Work continued on master plans, sectional map amendments (SMAs), zoning map amendments (ZMAs), specialized planning studies and Planning Assistance to Municipalities and Communities (PAMC) projects. Plan preparation proceeded on the Bowie and Vicinity, Gateway Arts District, Morgan Boulevard and Largo Town Center and Metro Areas, and Tuxedo Road-Arbor Street-Cheverly Metro Station Area Master Plans/SMA's. The Hyattsville Mixed Use-Town Center Development and the Suitland Mixed Use-Town Center Development Plans/ZMAs are also in preparation. Planning projects were completed for the Riverdale Park Mixed Use-Town Center, the Annapolis Road Corridor, the Bi-County Transitway-International Corridor, the Tuxedo Road/Arbor Street Commercial-Industrial Area, the Rural Tier, the Biennial Growth Policy Update and Seat Pleasant/Glenarden-Martin Luther King, Jr. Highway Signage. A West Hyattsville Metro Transit District Planning Study was continued, and new plans, a SMA, and planning studies were initiated for the Henson Creek-South Potomac Planning Areas, the New Carrollton Metro Transit District, and Senior Living.

Planning for Public Facilities: Staff prepared for the initiation of the Public Safety Master Plan by collecting data from the County Police, Fire, Correction, Emergency Preparedness, Homeland Security and Sheriff's Departments. Continued support was also provided to the School Construction Management Team, the Department of Environmental Resources on the Water and Sewer Plan Amendment cycles, and to the Fire Department in the form of data for use by its consultant in the study of service delivery, impact fees and adequate public facility ordinances.

Revitalizing and Preserving Older Communities: Planning staff working in the Redevelopment Authority (RA) continued to advance a number of projects and programs within older communities, including: The Gateway Arts District and Entertainment District Initiative; International Corridor; Peace Cross Redevelopment; and Suitland Manor Redevelopment. A Maryland Heritage Area Authority grant will be used to develop a narrative for the Anacostia Trails Heritage Area. Through the \$1 Home Program, RA purchased foreclosed properties from HUD for one dollar, and then sold them to qualified area nonprofit organizations for rehabilitation and sale to first time homeowners at the market rate.

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Developing Efficient Transportation Systems: Transportation planners supported the updates of the Bowie and Henson Creek/South Potomac Master Plans, and major planning studies for the Bi-County Transitway, US 1 in College Park, Capital Beltway Corridor, I-95/Arena Drive Full-Time Access and the Intercounty Connector. Work continued on the update of the Countywide Master Plan of Transportation and the development of a new transportation model. Support was provided to the County's Bicycle and Trail Advisory Group, the Transit Services and Operations Plan, and the Transportation Planning Board Technical Committee. In addition, 53 traffic impact studies for development activities were processed.

Preserving and Protecting the Environment and Historic Properties: Development of a Countywide Green Infrastructure Plan continued, with focus group meetings hosted with citizens and stakeholders including municipalities and large civic associations, agriculture and forestry interests, citizen and environmental advocacy groups, the building industry and the Prince George's Chamber of Commerce. Photographic links to the GIS mapping of Historic Sites were provided, environmental settings to the Historic Sites GIS layer added, and documentation provided for the designation of Historic Sites through the Morlar and Gateway Sector Plans. Staff also provided reports and recommendations to the Historic Preservation Commission on Historic Site and Historic District proposals, as well as Historic Area Work Permits and Preservation Tax Credit applications.

Achieving Better Customer Service Through Technical Innovation: The document-imaging component of the Department's Permit Tracking application, including installation of a workstation for Park Planning staff, was completed. This allows for concurrent review of permit applications by all Commission staff in Prince George's County, improving efficiency and the speed of permit approval. Permit review status is also provided to applicants and the general public through a companion Internet application.

Instituting State-of-the-Art Mapping Systems: GIS staff worked closely with the Maryland State Department of Planning helping to improve state methodology for identifying residential development capacity. Several upgrades to the Department's GIS website, PGAtlas.com, were implemented, including a "Proximity" tool that enables users to find important community facilities, such as schools, libraries, hospitals and police stations, and their distances from any location in the County.

Promoting Responsible Development: Several hundred applications for zoning map amendments, special exceptions, conceptual and detailed site plans, and preliminary and final plats of subdivisions, along with over 19,000 permits of all types, were reviewed and analyzed, and expert professional advice provided to decision makers. As anticipated, new Development Review fees put in place last year generated over \$1.5 million. Development Review staff are also providing support for a major County initiative to streamline government regulations, the Zoning Ordinance Task Force. Subcommittees continue work on streamlining the review process; major revisions to the use tables; new standards and zones for the Developed Tier, and preservation of rural character in the Rural Tier.

Montgomery County Department of Park and Planning

Planning for Metro Station Areas: The Department received a prestigious award from the Congress for the New Urbanism for a recent plan at the Twinbrook Metro Station to establish a unique community with biotechnology employment, neighborhood retail and residential uses. New sector plans for the Twinbrook and the Woodmont Triangle areas will continue the strong tradition of creative planning for Metro station areas, and the recently completed Planning Board Draft of the Sector Plan for Shady Grove proposes to transform this existing industrial area into a new community with residential, retail and office uses.

Supporting Employment Center Development in the I-270 Corridor: Master plans and sector plans for the Germantown and Gaithersburg areas are underway in the I-270 Corridor. These plans are part of a coordinated program to improve opportunities for advanced technology and biotechnology employment, provide housing for a range of income levels, link cultural facilities, preserve open space, improve the transportation system, and increase opportunities for higher education including the University of Maryland, Johns Hopkins University and Montgomery College.

Protecting Rural Communities: Protecting agricultural and rural open space including portions of the Damascus and Olney areas is a focus of planning in Montgomery County. Strategies include expanding the Legacy Open Space Program, increasing the receiving areas to provide additional opportunities to transfer development rights, creating a new rural village zoning technique, and improving the existing rural neighborhood zone. To preserve the water resources of the Patuxent River, planners concentrate on increasing forest areas, reducing impervious areas, increasing setbacks from sensitive headwaters and streams, and directing development to existing town centers.

Focusing on Geographic Information Systems and Research: Sharing and expanding the GIS is the focus of the IS/GIS team. New technologies and the County's fibernet connection enabled GIS to be accessible in real time throughout the County's agencies, while linking GIS with the Hansen system provided improved access to development information. Research work included: the annual economy study, analysis of the 2003 Census Update Survey results, demographic and market studies supporting master plans, completion of the Residential Capacity Study, staff support of affordable housing initiatives, and growth policy issues. Staff manages the Planning Board's website, <u>www.mc-mncppc.org</u>, including new online transactions such as golf tee-times and nature center program reservations.

Protecting Open Space for the Future: The County's "Forever Green" initiatives found that 47% of all County land is protected from development by agricultural zoning, parkland, forest conservation and other easements. Staff completed acquisition of 127 acres of sensitive natural resources, drinking water protection lands, greenway connections and urban open space. Easements on an additional 280 acres resulted in a total of more than 2,800 acres protected to date. The Commission purchased the 48.9-acre Carman property, part of an extension to Rachel Carson Conservation Park, and acquired 13.4 acres in the Great Seneca Stream Valley Park. Through State programs, 250 acres surrounding two Legacy Open Space heritage sites are now in conservation easement and successfully protected; Capitol View Park and the Darby House and Store sites are under contract and set to close in FY05.

Keeping Montgomery County Moving: The Department is the County's source of transportation forecasting and analysis, and continues to strive for the best approaches to knowledge-based decision-making with the recently-developed congestion monitoring report. In the past year, staff: updated guidelines for local area transportation review to reflect Council policy; reviewed the Bi-County Transitway, Corridor Cities Transitway, Capital Beltway and Intercounty Connector; and developed a new transportation model providing peak hour and average daily traffic forecasts and permitting incorporation of changes in the regional transportation network. Commitment to pedestrians and bikers was demonstrated through a comprehensive amendment to the County's bikeway system Master Plan, completion of sections of the natural surface Seneca trail, and development of the Woodstock equestrian center trail.

Promoting Development Patterns Concurrent with Environmental Protection: The Upper Rock Creek Master Plan as approved contains a strong environmental emphasis to protect water quality and designates Upper Rock Creek as a "Special Protection Area" to limit impervious surfaces in its zoning. In Olney and Damascus, guidelines sustain and improve ecological systems and environmental quality. As the regulatory agency and administrator for the County's Forest Conservation Law, the Department pursued a goal of planting native trees grown on park nurseries on 600 additional acres each year.

Conserving our Past: Recent projects include: completion of a ground-breaking study on the history and significance of the mid-20th century design/development projects of Charles M. Goodman; work on Park-owned historic sites, including renovation at the Joseph White House, completion of a feasibility study for adaptive reuse of the Woodlawn Stone Barn, and an awarding-winning renovation of the Woodlawn Tenant House; and continuing review of additional sites for local historic designation. Staff is taking the lead in Heritage Tourism to reinforce the conservation and interpretation of significant historic resources. The GIS layer developed for historic resources in the county serves as a model for other communities, and links archival information with mapping of the resources.

Streamlining the Development Approval Process: The Department continues to implement new tracking and information reporting systems to improve data collection and reporting of development activities. Advancements continue in integrating the new computer system with the GIS mapping program, and computerized application forms have been developed, moving toward electronic submission of applications and electronic transmission of application data to various reviewing agencies. A novel Housing Affordability Impact Statement monitors all new developments through the approval process.

Serving the Community: Park Permit staff drafted proposals to manage and support special events requested and sponsored by customers, and set criteria and fees for the operation of summer camps and sports clinics operated by private operators on parkland. Technology staff extended on-line permitting to include local ball fields practice applications, and staff is learning Workplace Spanish to improve customer service. Participation was coordinated in the annual Holiday parade, dedication of Flower Hill Local Park and 10 playground re-openings. A public awareness campaign and customer comment tracking system were developed for the "Carry-in, Carry-out" program. Assessment of our award-winning volunteer program was initiated, and expansion promoted, with staff training and development workshops conducted in the use and management of volunteers.

Creating SmartParks Technology: SmartParks is a computerized maintenance management system that has centralized the inventory records of park facilities and property, including land records, natural resources and built infrastructure. SmartParks is also a Work Order Management system that will enable an accurate tracking of maintenance costs and the streamlining of service delivery. This program uses state-of-the-art computer technology, including GIS, GPS, and distributive data collection and retrieval.

Acquiring Parkland: Including Legacy Open Space properties, parkland acquisitions totaled more than 287 acres in FY04, bringing the total acreage managed in Montgomery County Parks to nearly 32,400 acres. Properties acquired as additions to existing parks include land in: Wheaton Regional Park; Northwest Branch Recreational Park; Chevy Chase Open Space; Rock Creek, Northwest Branch, Little Seneca and Great Seneca Stream Valley Parks; Little Seneca Greenway; Piney Grove Serpentine Barrens Conservation Park; Upper Paint Branch Watershed; Agricultural History Farm Park; Rachel Carson Conservation Park; and an initial purchase for Callithea Farm Special Park.

Managing the Parks' Capital Improvements Program (CIP): Accomplishments include: Shirley Povich Field renovation at Cabin John Regional Park; improvements at Meadowbrook Stables and Manor Oaks Local Park; resurfacing Little Falls Parkway; lighting at Wheaton Regional Park, Blair High School baseball field and Crystal Rock Trail; storm water management ponds, 13 tennis courts, 4 basketball courts, and play equipment at 10 parks. Facility plans were completed for Winding Creek and Broad Acres Local Parks. Construction is underway on: Montgomery Village and Jesup Blair Local Parks, Black Hill Maintenance Facility, Woodstock Equestrian Park, the National Capital Trolley Museum car barn, and play equipment replacement at eight parks.

Promoting Park Safety: Park Police continue to focus on safety and crime prevention through community involvement and initiatives such as: the Volunteers' Speed Recognition Program, which identifies speeders in targeted locations throughout the County; a variable message board/speed trailer to aid in enforcement and education; and activation of a new radio system for direct communication with Montgomery County Police. In addition, an officer is assigned to the Region Gang Task Force to address gang problems in the Metropolitan area. A second re-accreditation process is underway with the Commission on Accreditation for Law Enforcement Agencies, Inc.

Managing Park Regions: A new Boundless Playground was installed at Martin Luther King, Jr. Recreational Park, and major renovations were made possible to the Shirley Povich Field in Cabin John Regional Park by a partnership with Georgetown University. Coordination, trail preparation, and maintenance services were provided for many special events. Staff repaired facilities damaged by Hurricane Isabel, including the Wheaton train track and storm drains at Little Falls Bike Path, and worked with Maryland's Department of Natural Resources to secure the lake in Wheaton Regional Park after the discovery of a snakehead fish. Non-native and invasive plants were removed from Rachel Carson Conservation Park for dedication of the Rachel Carson Trail. And, the "Carry-in, Carry-out" program was supported by removing trashcans from local and stream valley parks and installing educational signage.

Conserving Natural Resources: Brookside Gardens was the site for: the first Green Matters Symposium on invasive exotic plants, with 13 sponsors and more than 200 attendees; the Garden of Lights, which attracted over 37,000 visitors and earned a place on AOL's list of top 10 holiday light shows in the USA; and installation of the County's first Heart Smart Trail. Natural Resources staff and the Friends of Sligo Creek secured a \$4,000 grant to treat Sligo Creek Park for non-native invasive plants, and coordinated staff training and removal of plants from two stream valley parks. Weed Warriors' 200 trained volunteers contributed over 12,000 hours in the past five years. Pope Farm Nursery produced almost 20,000 annual and perennial plants, and hosted an Open House featuring new plant introductions of the National Arboretum, and an Arbor Day Celebration attracting more than 2,000 tree lovers.

Encouraging Public Private Partnerships: The Department continues to pursue public/private partnerships with nonprofit groups to expand recreational opportunities in parks. Examples include: construction of new baseball stadium facilities at Blair High School, improvements to Meadowbrook Stables, and the Rickman Therapeutic Riding Center. The Red Wiggler Foundation is developing an environmentally sensitive farming operation for physically and mentally challenged children at Ovid Hazen Wells Special Park.

Department of Human Resources and Management

Under the leadership of the Commission's Executive Director, the Department of Human Resources and Management (DHRM), provides quality administrative, managerial and human resources services to the public and Commission. Organized into two major divisions, the Department includes Corporate Management and Human Resources. A cross-functional team structure supports the work program to enhance service quality and increase productivity.

Organizational Development: In FY04, the Department promoted the One Commission: A Preferred Workplace initiative through the coordination and guidance of organizational development activities and programs. Activities included implementation of a successful mentoring program, concept introduction of a workforce planning process, and continued senior leadership workshops resulting in implementation of revised employee awards and recognition methods, improvements to the performance management system and increased Commission-wide marketing efforts. In addition, the Commission continued an outstanding Leadership Institute Supervisory training program. The Commission's Leadership Institute has graduated 600 supervisors to date. As a vital part of this training, the Department supports the implementation of Capstone Projects. Capstone projects for FY04 include an Employee Wellness Program, Team Building Fitness Day, Mentor Characteristics and Qualifications, The Commission Connection, A World of Communication for One Commission, One Commission Green Pages, One Commission Events Calendar, Surplus Equipment and Vehicles and Dependent Scholarship Program. The Department has provided co-coordination to the comprehensive process to apply for accreditation from the Commission for Accreditation of Park and Recreation Agencies (CAPRA). Work continued on communication through the employee speak-out forum, Have Your Say, monthly publication of the supervisory help guide entitled TIPS, and use of a messaging tree for priority information flow. The Department provides leaders to the cross-functional Diversity Council and conducts Diversity Training.

Employee/Labor Relations: The Department implemented a new, three-year collective bargaining agreement for employees in the Service/Labor, Trades and Office/Clerical Bargaining Units. Work in labor relations included joint labor/management task force resolution of identified, specific workplace issues as agreed upon as a provision of the new contract.

Continuous Improvement in Management and Employee Services: Other accomplishments included participation on a multi-agency committee to explore strategies and actions to curb escalating medical costs and best practices on cost containment, participation in a multi-agency request for proposals on the prescription drugs, expansion of the successful employment program for persons with disabilities, implementation of the upgraded of the Personnel/Payroll System and continuation of the increase in the quantity and diversity of applicant pools for job vacancies through webbased recruiting and outreach efforts including numerous job fairs and networking. During FY04, four classification series were revised containing 25 specifications and affecting over 270 employees and 35 reclassification actions were processed during two open windows. The Department continued leading Emergency Preparedness efforts by coordinating the crisis management plans and completed the Access Proximity system for facility security at the Commission Administration sites and began rolling the system out at major maintenance facilities. Staff also completed a comprehensive Risk Management and Safety Manual designed to contain loss reporting instructions, safety rules and regulations, safety training guidelines, current insurance coverage information, and related topics of interest to line management and staff.

Recognized Efforts: On behalf of the Commission, the Department has received: the recognition award as a *Workplace of Excellence* from the Work-Life Alliance for the 3rd year and the *Distinguished Budget Presentation Award* from the Government Finance Officers' Association for the 17th consecutive year. These awards are evidence of fulfillment of the Commission's workplace initiative.

Department of Finance

The Department of Finance provides fiscal management and oversight of all Commission financial activities. Services of the Department include providing financial guidance to operating departments, financial reporting and policy development; processing of payroll, disbursements and purchasing transactions; investment management; debt issuance; internal audit, and information systems management.

Financing Capital Projects and Equipment: In FY04, the Department coordinated the sale of \$37.525 million Prince George's County Park Acquisition and Development Bonds. The bonds provided funding of \$14.720 million for new projects. The balance of the proceeds was used to refund outstanding debt resulting in a net present value savings of \$1.044 million. The Department also coordinated the refunding of \$5.953 million of revenue bonds which resulting in a net present value savings of \$.306 million and the elimination of future balloon payments.

Safeguarding Commission Assets: The Internal Audit Division continued its efforts to monitor and improve internal controls and compliance with Commission policy through the completion of 134 audits of Commission activities and facilities. To further protect Commission assets, a Fraud, Waste and Abuse Practice was developed and is currently undergoing the review process. Positive Pay initiative was expanded to include disbursements to cut down on fraud. A peer review process was established to augment the internal audits of the purchase card program.

Automating/Streamlining Efforts: The department continued implementing recommendations from the Commission-wide procurement study. Acquisition planning meetings have been instituted, and a new procurement manual incorporating streamlining initiatives has been drafted. Phase II of the automated purchasing module was completed and all purchase orders are now processed in the automated system. Phase III, which allows for online approval of purchase orders and invoices, has been expanded and now includes 34% of all purchase order activity. This automation is the first step in moving toward an e-procurement environment. The implementation of a new personnel/payroll system was completed, which included conversion of historical data, development of interfaces, a new time entry process, creation of pay rules, and improved reporting capabilities. The department continued to provide guidance for the planning and implementation of systems with financial components, including the golf course point of sale system, SmartParks and SmartLink.

Information Systems Support: The Department's IT Division continues to support and maintain more than 70 different applications, primarily the financial, human resources and payroll systems, but also numerous other program support systems. During the year, major efforts included the implementation of: a Storage Area Network (SAN) to increase the amount and improve the reliability of the online storage system, an improved tape back-up system, the new personnel/payroll system requiring extensive hardware, software and database support, network performance upgrades, and security enhancements to both the network and user desktop computers.

Financial Reporting: For the 31st consecutive year, the Commission received the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting from the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada for the FY03 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), prepared by the Finance Department.

Office of General Counsel

The Office of the General Counsel (Legal Department) provides a comprehensive program of legal services to the Commission, supporting virtually every facet of the Commission's work program. This Department guides the Commission's internal corporate operations; advises staff and the Planning Boards as they navigate their important quasi-judicial and regulatory responsibilities; advocates on the Commission's behalf in litigation before the state and federal courts; and participates in cross-functional teams assembled periodically to develop creative solutions to new challenges facing the Commission.

Supporting Improvement in the Regulation of Land Use: In Prince George's County, the Office of General Counsel is intimately involved in a "Zoning Task Force" initiative convened by the County Government to re-tool the Zoning Ordinance, and explore transfers of development rights and other policy improvements under consideration to implement current General Plan objectives. In Montgomery County, Commission attorneys are spearheading an effort to streamline the process for review and approval of documents to establish homeowner association jurisdiction within the procedures for subdivision approval.

Building a Quality of Life One Transaction at a Time: Commission attorneys represented staff in the negotiation and development of dozens of complex agreements and memoranda of understanding. By year-end, the Office of the General Counsel provided legal review and advice relating to more than 1,300 Commission contracts, change orders, agreements, amendments, legal memoranda and various other legal documents. Some of these transactions include: negotiation of complicated purchase and escrow documents to utilize the Advanced Land Acquisition Revolving Fund for the \$6 million purchase of the 100-acre "Nash Property" in Bowie; an agreement with Maryland Community Baseball for development of a new baseball stadium and related facilities at Blair High School; a significant amendment to the SoccerPlex lease in South Germantown Recreational Park; and, a lease agreement with Montgomery County's Revenue Authority to allow the construction of an aquatic center to be located within the Commission's South Germantown Recreational Park.

Protecting the Public Interest in Litigation: The Office of General Counsel also represents the interest of the Commission in the vast majority of cases that require action in the courts. During FY04, Commission staff attorneys either handled or managed approximately 50 existing cases and more than 40 newly filed cases. A sampling of the important cases includes the following: A multi-jurisdiction federal securities fraud case pending in the District Court for the Southern District of New York that seeks recovery from losses suffered by the Commission's Employee Retirement System as a result of the various "WorldCom" securities scandals, winning a reported decision by the Maryland Court of Special Appeals that upholds action by the Montgomery County Planning Board to approve a preliminary plan of subdivision for the Stoneymill Square Shopping Center conditioned on acceptance of a parking facility plan rendered by the Montgomery County Department of Permitting Services, and winning a decision by the Maryland Court of Special Appeals that upholds action by the Prince George's County Planning Board to deny approval of a specific design plan for a proposed convenience store in the rural tier of Prince George's County.

Enhancing Corporate Technology Development and Training: The Legal Department also provided support for a number of important corporate initiatives such as counseling key operating and oversight managers in various transactions intended to: implement enhanced software applications for the Commission's web site and intranet portals; acquire and implement SmartParks maintenance cost metric systems; integrate commercial banking systems designed to prevent fraudulent payments by check; and negotiate a favorable arrangement under cooperative local government purchasing rules to re-tool the Commission's voice telephone service system.

Providing a Valuable Resource for the Maryland General Assembly: The Office of the General Counsel continued its role as the Commission's spearhead in the Maryland General Assembly. Among other accomplishments during the year, Commission attorneys successfully organized a statewide legislative initiative that won amendment of certain laws working to impede or preclude local efforts to apply dedicated State funding to acquire and develop park open space. The Legal Department also provided advice to Maryland legislators on subjects ranging from the community significance of skateboard parks in suburban neighborhoods, to the relative advantages of supporting historic rehabilitation by providing a tax credit versus a grant program.

Merit System Board

The Merit System Board is an impartial Board which provides recommendations and decisions regarding the Merit System of the Commission and is the highest level within the Commission for hearing appeals. During FY04, the Board continued to maintain its caseload on a current and timely basis.

Employees' Retirement System

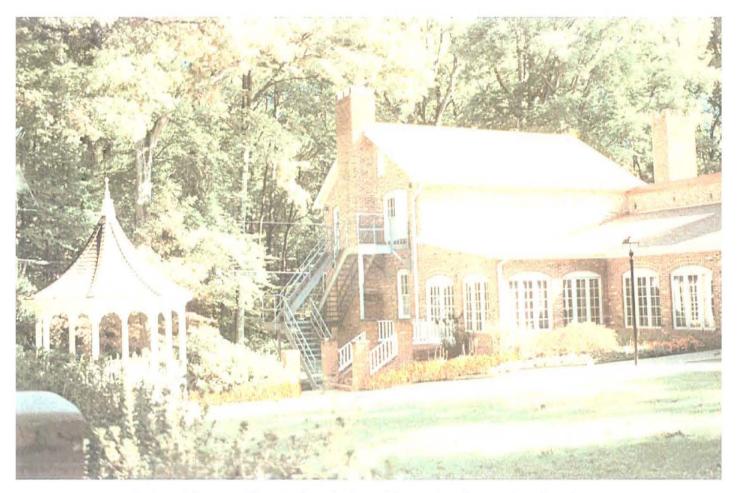
The Employees' Retirement System (ERS), administered by an 11-member Board of Trustees, in accordance with the Trust Agreement between the Board and the Commission, is a contributory defined benefit pension system with four plans, qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a). The administrative operations are the responsibility of the ERS Staff and Board-appointed Administrator, who reports directly to the Chairman of the Board of Trustees.

The ERS obtained its latest determination letter on July 31, 2003, in which the Internal Revenue Service stated that the ERS is in compliance with the applicable requirements of the Internal Revenue Code and the related trust is tax exempt.

ERS Trust Fund assets closed the year with a fair market value in excess of \$503 million. The FY04 annualized rate of return on investment was an overall gain of approximately 14.6%. The Board of Trustees actions for the year included adoption of Trustee Training Guidelines, a Manager Monitoring Policy, and Trustee Rules of Procedure; selection of a new international equity manager and small-mid cap growth manager; and continued comprehensive communications to all members including publishing the System's Annual Summary Report and conducting concentrated worksite and full day retirement planning workshops for participants.

• PART IIA • FINANCIAL SECTION

Basic Financial Statements



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Independent Auditors' Report

To The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission (the Commission), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Commission's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Commission, as of June 30, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and the schedule of funding progress as listed in the accompanying table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing



procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly we express no opinion on them.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated September 17, 2004 on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.



September 17, 2004



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As the management of The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission ("the Commission"), we offer readers of the Commission's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the Commission for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004.

The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission is a body corporate of the State of Maryland established by the General Assembly in 1927. The Commission is a bi-county agency. It is empowered to acquire, develop, maintain and administer a regional system of parks in a defined Metropolitan District of Montgomery and Prince George's Counties and to prepare and administer a general plan for the physical development of a defined Regional District for the two Counties. The Commission also conducts the recreation program for Prince George's County.

The major source of funding for the Commission's primary services are five property taxes levied on an individual County basis:

- Montgomery County
 - Administration tax general administration and planning Park tax - park operations and debt service for park acquisition and development bonds
- Prince George's County
 - Administration tax general administration and planning Park tax - park operations and debt service for park acquisition and development bonds Recreation tax - the recreation program

Five separate accounts are maintained within the General Fund to account for the Commission's primary services. Revenues and expenditures that can be specifically identified with a county are recorded in the appropriate account. Expenses that apply to both counties are allocated to the appropriate accounts. Debt is issued on a county basis, not for the Commission as a whole. General obligation debt is guaranteed by the Commission and by the county government for which the proceeds will be expended. Due to this unique arrangement, certain financial information provided in this discussion and analysis, as well as in the summaries presented in Note 6 of the Notes to the Financial Statements, has been provided by county to reflect the financing constraints within each county. Other funds and accounts are maintained on a Commission-wide or on a separate county basis as necessary and appropriate.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Commission exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2004 by \$544.7 million (net assets). Of this amount, \$94.2 million may be used to meet the Commission's ongoing obligations.
- The Commission's net assets grew by \$38.0 million during fiscal year 2004. This is largely a result of \$17.9 million of capital grants and contributions, and growth in property tax revenues (\$22.4 million) in excess of growth in Governmental Activities expenses (\$8.4 million), as the Commission put cost savings procedures in place during the year and began rebuilding a future facility reserve in Prince George's County.
- As of June 30, 2004, the Commission's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$104.2 million, an increase of \$12.3 million. Of this amount, \$26.2 million is reserved for contracts already issued (encumbrances) and \$22.5 million is designated for use in the fiscal year 2005 budget and as contingency reserves.
- The Commission's General Fund balance at June 30, 2004 was \$58.8 million, an increase of \$9.2 million during the year. The unreserved fund balance of \$50.9 million is approximately 24% of fiscal year 2004 expenditures and transfers out. Of this amount, \$28.4 million (14% of fiscal year 2004 expenditures and transfers out) is unreserved and undesignated.

- The assets of the enterprise funds exceeded liabilities by \$88.1 million, an increase of \$5.2 million.
- The Commission's general obligation bonded debt increased by \$4.7 million as new debt incurred by refunding selected previous issues (\$22.8 million) and a new issue of \$14.7 million exceeded the refunded bonds (\$21.5 million) and scheduled principal payments.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Commission's basic financial statements. The Commission's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) Notes to the Financial Statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Commission's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Commission's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Commission is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Commission's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Commission that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Commission include General Government, County Planning and Zoning, Park Operations and Maintenance, Recreation Programs and Interest on Long-term Debt. The business-type activity of the Commission is Recreational and Cultural Facilities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found as Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Commission, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Commission can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. For both the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, reconciliation is provided to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Commission maintains eleven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Capital Project Funds for each county, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other eight governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements, Schedules 1 and 2 in the Combining and Individual Statements section of this report.

The Commission adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, which is actually adopted as five "accounts" corresponding to the five different property tax levies. A budgetary comparison statement for the total General Fund has been provided as Exhibit 6, and summaries for each account are included in Note 6 of the Notes to the Financial Statements, to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found as Exhibits 3 - 6 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The Commission maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Commission uses enterprise funds to account for Montgomery County's and Prince George's County's Recreational and Cultural Facilities.

Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Commission's various functions. The Commission uses internal service funds to account for Montgomery County's Capital Equipment, Employee Benefits and Risk Management and Prince George's County's Executive Office Building, Employee Benefits and Risk Management. As these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for each county's Recreational and Cultural Facilities, both of which are considered to be major funds of the Commission. Conversely, all internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements, Schedules 7 - 9 in the Combining and Individual Statements Section of this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found as Exhibits 7 - 9 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The Commission uses fiduciary funds to account for the Employees' Retirement System Pension Trust, Postemployment Benefit Trust, and Private Purpose Trusts for each county, and two agency funds. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Commission's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary financial statements can be found as Exhibits 10 and 11 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The Commission has also included financial statements for each county's portion of the governmental funds financial statements to reflect the relationship between the financing sources and responsibility for debt. The Notes to the Financial Statements can be found following Exhibit 11 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Commission's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found immediately following the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Commission, assets exceeded liabilities by \$544.7 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year. A summary of the Commission's net assets (in millions) at June 30,2004 and 2003 follows:

							Total Percentage
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-tv	pe Activities	Total		Change
	2004 2003		2004 2003		2004	2003	2003-2004
Assets							
Current and Other Assets	\$ 179.9	\$ 147.7	\$ 5.0	\$ 5.3	\$ 184.9	\$ 153.0	20.8%
Capital Assets	489.4	440.1	95.7	95.0	585.1	535.1	9.3%
Total Assets	669.3	587.8	100.7	100.3	770.0	688.1	11.9%
<u>Liabilities</u>					·		
Current Portion of Long-term							
Liabilities	22.9	24.3	1.5	1.5	24.4	25.8	-5.4%
Long-term Liabilities	158.2	152.9	9.3	14.2	167.5	167.1	0.2%
Other Liabilities	31.6	18.6	1.8	1.7	33.4	20.3	64.5%
Total Liabilities	212.7	195.8	12.6	17.4	225.3	213.2	5.7%
Net Assets:							
Invested in Capital Assets,							
Net of Related Debt	364.6	305.8	85.9	80.4	450.5	386.2	16.6%
Restricted for Debt Service	-	-	-	0.6	-	0.6	-100.0%
Unrestricted	92.0	86.2	2.2	1.9	94.2	88.1	6.9%
Total Net Assets	\$ 456.6	\$ 392.0	\$ 88.1	\$ 82.9	\$ 544.7	\$ 474.9	14.7%

Other liabilities increased 64.5% from last year because the June 30, 2004 balance included a \$12.0 million payable to the Prince George's County Board of Education related to our share of construction of Park Schools. This represents several years of construction costs which the Board invoiced the Commission for late in the fiscal year. Net assets restricted for debt service was eliminated, as the related debt was refinanced, and the new financing does not require a reserve.

By far the largest portion of the Commission's net assets of \$450.5 million reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Commission uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Commission's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The remaining balance of \$94.2 million of net assets is unrestricted and may be used to meet the Commission's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Commission is able to report positive balances in both categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

A summary of changes in net assets (in millions) for the years ended June 30, 2004 and 2003 follows:

	Governmental		Business-type				Total Percentage	
	Activities		Activities		Total		Change	
	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004-2003	
Program Revenues:								
Charges for Services	\$ 20.3	\$ 16.0	\$ 22.1	\$ 19.8	\$ 42.4	\$ 35.8	18.4%	
Operating Grants and Contributions	1.7	1.9	-	-	1.7	1.9	-10.5%	
Capital Grants and Contributions	14.1	20.9	3.8	-	17.9	20.9	-14.4%	
General Revenues:								
Property Taxes	204.2	181.9	-	-	204.2	181.9	12.3%	
Interest	1.4	1.9	0.1	0.1	1.5	2.0	-25.0%	
Total Revenues	241.7	222.6	26.0	19.9	267.7	242.5	10.4%	
Expenses:								
General Government	12.5	12.7	-	-	12.5	12.7	-1.6%	
County Planning and Zoning	29.8	29.1	-	-	29.8	29.1	2.4%	
Park Operations and Maintenance	112.8	104.5	-	-	112.8	104.5	7.9%	
Recreation Programs	39.1	38.1	-	-	39.1	38.1	2.6%	
Recreational and Cultural Facilities	-	-	30.0	28.2	30.0	28.2	6.4%	
Interest on Long-term Debt	5.5	7.0	-	-	5.5	7.0	-21.4%	
Total Expenses	199.7	191.4	30.0	28.2	229.7	219.6	4.6%	
Increase (Decrease) in Net								
Assets Before Transfers	42.0	31.2	(4.0)	(8.3)	38.0	22.9	65.9%	
Transfers	(9.2)	(4.6)	9.2	4.6	-	-		
Increase (Decrease) in				<u> </u>				
Net Assets	32.8	26.6	5.2	(3.7)	38.0	22.9		
Net Assets - beginning, 2004 restated	423.8	365.4	82.9	86.6	506.7	452.0		
Net Assets - ending	\$ 456.6	\$ 392.0	\$ 88.1	\$ 82.9	\$ 544.7	\$ 474.9		
÷								

Commission's Changes in Net Assets (in millions)

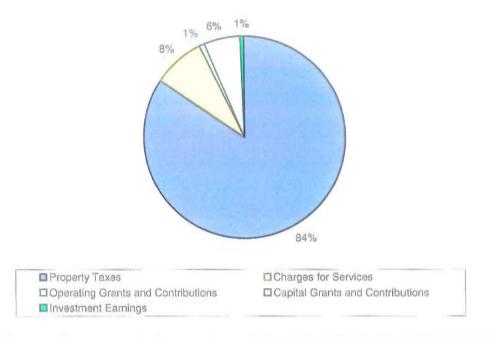
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As described in Note 1B of Notes to Financial Statements, Net Assets were restated as of July 1, 2003 for the cumulative effect of adding certain infrastructure assets

During the current fiscal year the Commission's net assets increased by \$38.0 million. This increase was due to receipts of capital grants of \$14.1 million, a contribution from a Private Purpose Trust Fund of \$3.8 million, and revenues in excess of ongoing expenses of \$20.0 million. Charges for Services increased in both governmental and business-type activities, primarily due to return to favorable weather conditions compared to poor weather experienced in the prior year. Property tax revenues increased due to a tax increase in Prince George's County used primarily to fund the capital improvement program and allow future facility acquisition and development. These increases are discussed in more detail when reviewing each activity individually.

Interest income was lower due to extremely low interest rates available for investments. Interest expense decreased as a result of debt refinancing in fiscal years 2003 and 2004.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Commission's net assets by \$32.8 million, thereby accounting for 86% of the total growth in the net assets of the Commission. This increase is primarily attributable to capital grants receipts of \$14.1 million, added to an excess of ongoing revenues over ongoing expenses of \$27.9 million, which were offset by the transfers to business-type activities of \$9.2 million.



Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities

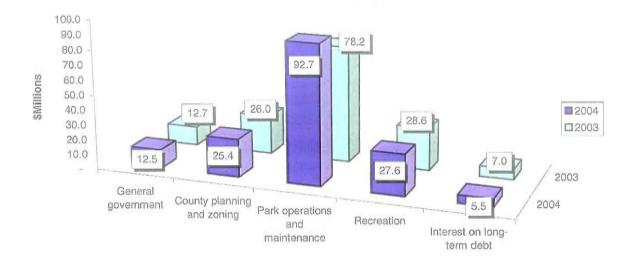
As the above diagram shows, property taxes make up 84% of Commission governmental revenues. Interest income was lower than anticipated due to the continued low interest rates on investments.

As is reflected in the following chart (000's omitted), the Commission's governmental activities are largely supported by general revenues and in particular property taxes. Program revenues cover 18.0% of governmental activities expenses.

The net cost of Park Operations and Maintenance increased 7.9% from last year primarily because capital grants and contributions were \$6.8 million less than the prior year. Interest on long-term debt declined due to lower interest costs on refunded debt and variable rate debt.

	20	004	20	003	Percentage Change 2004 - 2003	
	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost
	Of	Of Of		Of	Of	Of
	Services	Services	Services	Services	Services	Services
General Government	\$ 12,498	\$ 12,498	\$ 12,678	\$ 12,678	-1.4%	-1.4%
County Planning and Zoning	29,792	25,400	29,120	26,062	2.3%	-2,5%
Park Operations and Maintenance	112,778	92,673	104,485	78,163	7.9%	18.6%
Recreation Programs	39,175	27,624	38,058	28,647	2.9%	-3.6%
Interest on Long-term Debt	5,483	5,483	6,994	6,994	-21.6%	-21.6%
Total	\$ 199,726	\$ 163,678	\$ 191,335	\$ 152,544	4.4%	7.3%

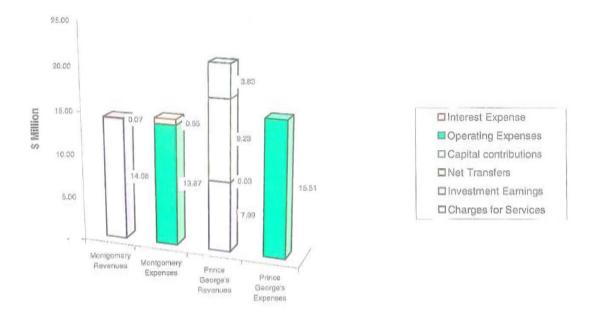
Net Cost by Function - General Government



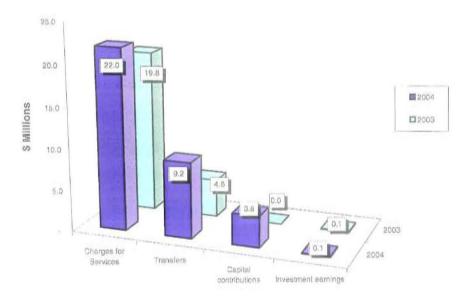
Business-type Activities. Business-type activities increased the Commission's net assets by \$5.2 million, thereby accounting for 14% of the total growth in the net assets of the Commission. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Expenses of operating these recreational and cultural activities (including interest expense) exceedec charges for services and interest income by \$7.9 million.
- Governmental activities contributed \$9.2 million to support the enterprise activities. The support is
 primarily \$5.4 million of operating support and \$3.8 million of assets for the Prince George's County
 business-type activities.
- A contribution from the Prince George's County Private Purpose Trust Fund totaled \$3.8 million in land





The operating losses occurred primarily as a result of operations at the Prince George's County Sports and Learning Center and the Equestrian Center/Multipurpose Arena. More detail is provided later in the Proprietary Funds discussion.



Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities

Charges for services make up the major portion of revenues for the business-type operations, although suppor from governmental operations (transfers) also makes up a significant portion, including in 2004 land development contributed to the enterprise by the governmental operations. Capital contributions are significan in fiscal year 2004 because of land contributed by the Prince George's County Private Purpose Trust Fund. As noted earlier, the Commission uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Financial Analysis of the Commission's Funds

Governmental funds. The focus of the Commission's governmental funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Commission's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Commission's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$104.2 million, an increase of \$12.3 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 52% of this total amount, or \$54.4 million, constitutes unreserved and undesignated fund balance, which is available for spending in future years, with \$19.6 million of this balance in the capital project funds. The remaining fund balances are reserved to indicate that they are not available for new spending as \$26.2 million has been committed to liquidate contracts and purchase orders, \$1.0 million has been committed to pay debt service, and \$22.5 million is designated to fund the next fiscal year's expenditures and provide reserves for unforeseen expenditure needs.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Commission. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved and undesignated fund balance of the General Fund was \$28.4 million, while total fund balance was \$58.8 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved and undesignated fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved and undesignated fund balance represents 14% of the total general fund expenditures and transfers out, while total fund balance represents 28% of the same amount.

The fund balance of the Commission's General Fund increased by \$9.2 million during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this increase are as follows:

- Property taxes were \$2.0 million less than anticipated, primarily due to a bankruptcy filing by a major taxpayer. A significant portion of this receivable is expected to be collected in the future.
- Charges for Services were \$1.2 million more than anticipated.
- A growth of \$2.2 million was planned in the budget for fiscal year 2004
- A control of expenditures generated \$7.0 million savings to provide funding for future years budgets
- Debt refinancing and use of a variable rate debt financing resulted in savings of \$0.7 million on debt service
- Use of the Postemployment Retirement Fund to pay for current retiree health care costs was not anticipated in the Prince George's County budget. This resulted in a savings of \$2.4 million

The capital project funds for Montgomery and Prince George's counties have total fund balances of \$8.0 million and \$29.3 million, respectively, all of which represents authorized and funded projects that are not completed. The net change in fund balances during the current year in these funds was a decrease of \$0.8 million in Montgomery County, and an increase of \$3.0 million in Prince George's County due to the \$14.7 million bond sale and \$7.0 million in pay-as-you-go funding, which exceeded expenditures. Positive fund balances were maintained in these funds at all times.

Proprietary Funds. The Commission has determined that certain recreational and cultural facilities should be predominantly self-supporting through user fees. Enterprise fund accounting and reporting is used to emphasize the self-supporting nature of these activities and to provide improved cost accounting information. Enterprise Fund accounting, which is on a commercial accounting accrual basis, more accurately reflects whether individual facilities return the full cost of the program.

One enterprise fund has been established in each county to account for the various facilities. Separate cost centers are maintained for each major type of facility including an historical airport, four ice rinks, eight golf

courses, four enclosed tennis facilities, three conference centers, an equestrian center, a multipurpose arena, a trap and skeet center, certain regional park facilities, a sports and learning complex and a marina.

The Commission's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the Montgomery County fund at the end of the year amounted to \$1.0 million and those for the Prince George's County fund amounted to \$1.2 million. The total change in net assets for the funds was a \$.4 million decrease and a \$5.6 million increase, respectively.

Summary comparative results of the financial operations of the Enterprise Funds for fiscal years 2004 and 2003 follow (\$000's):

		Montgor Coun	-		George's unty
	F	Y2004	FY2003	FY2004	FY2003
Operating Revenues	\$	14,078	\$ 12,686	\$ 7,994	\$ 7,054
Operating Expenses, Excluding Depreciation		12,193	12,263	13,284	11,532
Operating Income (Loss), Excluding Depreciation		1,885	423	(5,290)	(4,478)
Depreciation		1,677	1,592	2,231	2,181
Operating Income (Loss)		208	(1,169)	(7,521)	(6,659)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)		(582)	(583)	29	32
Transfers		(11)	7	13,061	4,648
	\$	(385)	\$ (1,745)	\$ 5,569	\$ (1,979)

Comparative Montgomery County key data are as follows (\$000's):

				erating venues			Operating Income (Loss) Excluding Depreciation											
	FY 2004		FY 2004		FY 2004 FY 2		FY 2003		Change		FY 2004		FY 2004		FY 2003		Change	
Conference Centers Golf Courses	\$	356 6,248	\$	366 5,598	\$	(10) 650	\$	(88) 293	\$	(118) (562)	\$	30 855						
Ice Rinks		4,214		4,068		146		596		481		115						
Indoor Tennis Park Facilities		1,141 2,119		1,097 1,557		44 562		385 699		339 283		46 416						
Total	\$	14,078	\$	12,686	\$	1,392	\$	1,885	\$	423	\$	1,462						

The Montgomery County Enterprise Fund revenues increased by \$1.4 million and operating income, excluding depreciation, increased by \$1.5 million. Significant changes occurred at a few of the facilities. The golf course revenues increased \$650,000 and operating income, excluding depreciation, increased by \$855,000. The weather was much improved over 2003, and cost controls put into place began to take effect. Park facilities' revenue increased by \$562,000 and operating income increased by \$416,000 due to better weather, as well as the reopening of the Wheaton Carousel which was closed for repairs for most of 2003. The ice rinks continued the improvements begun in 2003, as revenues increased by \$146,000, and the operating income excluding depreciation increased by \$115,000.

Comparative Prince George's County key data are as follows (\$000's):

	Operating Revenues							Operating Income (Loss) Excluding Depreciation					
	F١	/ 2004	FY 2003 Change		FY 2004		FY 2003		Ch	lange			
Airport	\$	193	\$	124	\$	69	\$	(133)	\$	(63)	\$	(70)	
Equestrian Center/Arena		1,449		1,241		208		(1,291)	((1,357)		66	
Golf Courses		2,237		2,078		159		(374)		(316)		(58)	
Ice Rinks		410		247		163		(384)		(195)		(189)	
Regional Parks		273		271		2		8		14		(6)	
Trap and Skeet Center		1,086		1,082		4		(17)		(89)		72	
Sports and Learning Complex		2,315		1,986		329		(2,807)	((2,258)		(549)	
Bladensburg Marina		31		25		6_	_	(292)		(214)		(78)	
Total	\$	7,994	\$	7,054	\$	940	\$	(5,290)	\$ ((4,478)	\$	(812)	

The Prince George's County Enterprise Fund revenues increased by \$940,000 and the operating loss, excluding depreciation, increased by \$812,000. The major changes occurred in the Golf Courses and the Sports and Learning Complex. The Golf Courses revenues recovered from low 2003 results, increasing by \$159,000; the Sports and Learning Complex revenues increased by \$329,000 as the facility enjoyed increased utilization. Expenses increased overall, primarily due to assuming all utility costs, which previously were paid by the general fund. Both the Equestrian Center/Arena and the Sports and Learning Complex performed near budget. By policy the fee structures at both facilities are designed for maximum participation with General Fund support.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Commission's park, recreation, planning and general administrative functions are financed primarily by five legally designated property taxes that must be levied on a separate County basis. These functions are accounted for in accounts within the General Fund, each of which has its own budget, and is presented separately in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

A summary of the Montgomery County budget to actual variances follows (\$000's):

	Admi	nistrative		Park
	A	ccount	A	ccount
Unfavorable property tax collections	\$	(47.1)	\$	(180.6)
Favorable charges for services		566.2		125.7
Unfavorable intergovernmental revenue		(119.6)		(218.8)
Unfavorable investment revenue		(56.0)		(60.0)
Favorable other revenue		0.8		251.2
Total favorable (unfavorable) revenue variance		344.3		(82.5)
Expenditure savings		886.2		1,545.3
Unfavorable other financing sources	_	(24.1)		(180.5)
Total favorable budgetary variance	\$	1,206.4	\$	1,282.3

Property tax collections were below budget primarily due the bankruptcy filing by a large taxpayer, which impacted both Counties' tax collections. Increases in charges for services were the result of greater than expected subdivision reviews in the Administrative Account, and increased activity in the Park Account. Other revenue in the Park Account was a result of insurance recoveries and fines collected in excess of budget. The expenditure savings were primarily the result of the commitment to the County to realize a 2% budget savings, which was exceeded in both accounts, to be utilized in the fiscal year 2005 budget and non-departmental savings from liquidation of prior year encumbrances of \$277,000 in the Administrative Account and \$153,000 in the Park Account.

The results summarized above, in conjunction with fund balances carried forward, resulted in ending fund balances for Montgomery County as indicated in the following table (\$000's):

	Administrative Account	Park Account
Prior year fund balance:		
Designated for Contingencies	\$ 813.5	\$ 1,620.9
Added to Budget during the year	(160.0)	(90.0)
Undesignated	629.4	1,475.9
Favorable budget variance	1,206.4	1,282.3
Total ending fund balance, budget basis	\$ 2,489.3	\$ 4,289.1
Fund balance, budget basis		
Designated for Subsequent		
Years	\$ 1,218.8	\$ 1,376.2
Designated for Contingencies	532.8	1,808.9
Undesignated	737.7	1,104.0
Total Budgetary Fund Balance	\$ 2,489.3	\$ 4,289.1

The differences between the original budgets and the final amended budgets in Montgomery County both relate to additional transfers for the capital improvement program, both of which used fund balance as the source.

A summary of the Prince George's County budget to actual variances follows (\$000's):

	nistrative ccount	Park Account	 ecreation Account
Unfavorable property tax collections	\$ (324.0)	\$ (1,000.7)	\$ (419.2)
Favorable (unfavorable) charges for services	566.2	(28.8)	(163.5)
Favorable (unfavorable) intergovernmental revenue	(3.8)	288.0	13.5
Unfavorable investment revenue	(74.6)	(115.4)	(79.8)
Favorable (unfavorable) other revenue	 0.2	308.5	 (168.4)
Total favorable (unfavorable) revenue variances	 164.0	(548.4)	 (817.4)
Expenditure savings	540.6	1,908.1	2,078.2
Favorable other financing sources	638.0	1,827.0	 579.9
Total favorable budgetary variance	\$ 1,342.6	\$ 3,186.7	\$ 1,840.7

Property tax collections were below budget primarily due the bankruptcy filing by a large taxpayer, which impacted both Counties' tax collections. Charges for services increased in the Administrative Account as a result of greater than expected subdivision reviews and fee increases. Fee income decreased in the Recreation Account primarily because of decreases in the playground summer activities and aquatics programs. Other revenues in the Park Account were primarily a result of insurance recoveries. The expenditure savings were primarily from salary lapse in all the accounts. Commission management directed some savings to offset the tax revenue shortfall projected early in the year.

The results summarized above, in conjunction with fund balances carried forward, resulted in ending fund balances for Prince George's County as indicated in the following table:

		inistrative Account	Park Account		ecreation Account
Prior year fund balance:					
Designated for Contingencies	\$	685.3	\$ 1,718.0	\$	1,050.0
Designated for Future Facilities		-	6,552.3		-
Undesignated		5,093.7	9,311.0		5,573.0
Planned growth in fund balance		534.2	7,264.5		-
Favorable budget variance		1,342.6	3,186.7		1,840.7
Total ending fund balance, budget basis	\$	7,655.8	\$ 28,032.5	\$	8,463.7
Fund balance, budget basis					
Designated for Contingencies	\$	758.1	\$ 2,107.4	\$	1,107.7
Designated for Future Facilities	•	-	13,612.7	•	-
Undesignated		6,897.7	12,312.4		7,356.0
Total Budgetary Fund Balance	\$	7,655.8	\$ 28,032.5	\$	

The only differences between the total original budget and the final amended budget in Prince George's County were an increase in expected grant revenues totaling \$290,674, which resulted in a similar increase in appropriations.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Commission's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2004, amounts to \$585.1 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and roads. The total increase in the Commission's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 3.2% (a 3.7% increase for governmental activities and a .7% increase for business-type activities). The most significant increase is from construction of park schools, improvements to community centers, and miscellaneous park projects. The significant capital asset changes in business-type activities are the improvements to the Needwood Golf Course and the Prince George's Sports and Learning Center.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following: proceeds of general obligation park acquisition and development issues are accounted for in Capital Projects Funds until the projects are completed. Completed projects and construction in progress at year-end are shown as capital assets in the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets. During fiscal year 2004, projects totaling \$24.3 million in governmental activities and \$5.3 million in business-type activities were completed. Among these projects are the Samuel P. Massey Park School, Lake Arbor Community Center, Ridge Road Park, Ballfield Initiative and Needwood Golf Course Improvements.

Expenditures on Montgomery County projects totaled \$10.8 million in fiscal year 2004, of which \$0.3 million was for acquisition and \$10.5 million was for development. The largest project was construction of the Black Hill Maintenance Facility, with construction cost to date of \$3.2 million, of which \$2.4 million was in fiscal year 2004. Other major projects that are yet to be completed with their accumulated costs through fiscal year 2004 are: Jessup Blair local park renovation \$0.7 million, National Capital Trolley Museum \$0.3 million, and numerous park and recreation construction projects. In addition, expenditures totaling \$4.5 million were spent on 43 projects for routine maintenance of parks, roads, buildings and other structures.

Prince George's County projects totaled \$22.7 million in fiscal year 2004, of which \$0.3 million was for acquisition and \$22.4 million was for development. Major park development expenditures include construction of the improvements at the Prince George's Sports and Learning Center of \$2.0 million, and construction of Park/School Facilities at Lake Arbor of \$3.2 million, Samuel P. Massey of \$5.1 million and Oakcrest Greater Capital Heights of \$2.7 million. Renovations of park facilities, playground equipment, and various community centers cost about \$1.0 million.

Commission's Capital Assets (net of depreciation) (\$000's)

	June 30, 2004											
			B	usiness-					B	usiness-		Percent
	Go۱	/ernmental		type			Gov	vernmental		type		Change
	A	Activities	A	ctivities		Total	F	Activities	A	ctivities	 Total	Total
Land	\$	245,407	\$	19,363	\$	264,770	\$	243,461	\$	19,364	\$ 262,825	0.7%
Buildings and improvements		85,710		72,976		158,686		76,783		70,566	147,349	7.7%
Infrastructure		120,013		-		120,013		114,474		-	114,474	4.8%
Machinery and equipment		16,972		3,166		20,138		17,608		3,516	21,124	-4.7%
Construction in progress		21,334		145		21,479		19,621		1,583	21,204	1.3%
Total	\$	489,436	\$	95,650	\$	585,086	\$	471,947	\$	95,029	\$ 566,976	3.2%

Additional information on the Commission's capital assets can be found in Note 4B of the Notes to Financial Statements in this report.

Long-term debt. Debt Service Funds are used to account for the payments on the Commission's general obligation debt, which includes Park Acquisition and Development Bonds (Park Bonds) and Advance Land Acquisition Bonds (ALA Bonds). The outstanding issues totaling \$157.7 million and the related debt service requirements to maturity are set forth in Note 4E of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

The Commission's general obligation bonds are unconditionally guaranteed by the Commission and the county for which issued. Debt service principal and interest expenditures for Park Bonds and ALA Bonds totaled \$16.7 million (Montgomery - \$4.1 million; Prince George's - \$12.6 million) for the fiscal year.

Of the outstanding debt, Park Bonds totaled \$141.8 million (Montgomery County - \$29.8 million and Prince George's County - \$122.0 million) at June 30, 2004. Park Bonds debt service expenditures totaled \$15.7 million (Montgomery - \$3.5 million, Prince George's - \$12.2 million) for the fiscal year. The Commission's Metropolitan District (Park) tax includes a mandatory tax for debt service for Park Bonds of 3.6 cents for real property and 9 cents for personal property in Montgomery County and 4 cents for real property and 10 cents for personal property in Prince George's County. Debt service payments approximated 0.43 cents of the mandatory debt service tax proceeds for real property and 1.08 cents for personal property for Montgomery County and 2.79 cents for real property and 6.98 cents for personal property for Prince George's County. The remainder of the proceeds of the mandatory taxes was used for park operation and maintenance expenditures in the respective counties.

The Commission's outstanding general obligation bonds have the following ratings:

	Moody's Investor Services Inc.	Standard & Poor's Rating Services	Fitch Ratings
Montgomery County	Aaa	AAA	AAA
Prince George's County	Aa2	AA	AA+

The Commission's Montgomery County revenue bonds and revenue notes payable totaled \$9.9 million at June 30, 2004. The bonds and notes have a reported value of \$9.6 million, after considering the \$0.3 million of unamortized discount and are accounted for in the Enterprise Funds. The revenue bonds and notes are not general obligations of the Commission or Montgomery County and are payable solely from revenues generated from revenue producing facilities. Debt service expenditures for the revenue bonds and notes totaled \$1.8 million for the fiscal year. The outstanding proprietary fund debt as of June 30, 2004, and the related debt service requirements are set forth in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

During fiscal year 2003, the Commission sold \$21.2 million of Prince George's County Park Acquisition and Development General Obligation Bonds, Series AA-2, which have maturities through May 1, 2022. The outstanding balance of these bonds is \$20.0 at June 30, 2004. The AA-2 bonds were issued as auction rate notes, and interest is reset every 35 days. Interest rates have been between 0.84% and 1.25% in 2004.

During fiscal year 2004, the Commission issued \$37.5 million of Prince George's County Park Acquisition and Development Refunding and Project Bonds, Series EE-2. \$14.720 million of the proceeds were used for capital project financing. The balance of the proceeds provided the resources to purchase U. S. government securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust to defease bonds totaling \$21.5 million. These liabilities have been removed from the Statement of Net Assets. Reductions in debt service payments total \$1.1 million

Also during fiscal year 2004, the Commission issued Revenue Bonds of \$3.2 million and \$2.8 million for a current refunding of revenue bonds of \$3.1 million and \$2.8 million related to Little Bennett Golf course and Wheaton Ice Rink in the Montgomery County Enterprise Fund. The refunding was undertaken to remove a balloon payment from each of the issues, and to reduce future debt service payments. Due to favorable interest rates, total debt service was minimally reduced on both issues.

Details of the Commission's outstanding debt (net of unamortized discounts and premiums) at June 30, 2004 follow (\$000's):

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	То	tal	Chang
	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	_
General obligation bonds	\$ 155,423	\$ 150,701	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 155,423	\$ 150,701	3.1
Revenue bonds and notes	-	-	9,603	10,563	9,603	10,563	-9.1
Notes payable	4,821	6,651	204	290	5,025	6,941	-27.6
Total	\$ 160,244	\$ 157,352	\$ 9,807	\$ 10,853	\$ 170,051	\$ 168,205	1.1

Commission's Outstanding Debt General Obligation and Revenue Bonds and Notes

Montgomery County's Outstanding Debt

	G	overnment	al Ac	ctivities	Business-type Activities					Тс	<u>Change</u>	
		2004		2003		2004		2003		2004	2003	
General obligation bonds	\$	33,181	\$	35,850	\$	-	\$	-	\$	33,181	\$ 35,850	-7.4%
Revenue bonds and notes		-		-		9,603		10,563		9,603	10,563	-9.1%
Notes payable		3,291		4,976		204		290		3,495	 5,266	-33.6%
Total	\$	36,472	\$	40,826	\$	9,807	\$	10,853	\$	46,279	\$ 51,679	-10.4%

	Prince	e George's Co	ounty's Ou	itstanding De	bt					
	Governmer	tal Activities	Business	-type Activities	To	Total				
	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	_			
General obligation bonds	\$ 122,243	\$ 114,851	\$-	\$ -	\$ 122,243	\$ 114,851	6.4%			
Revenue bonds and notes	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0%			
Notes payable	1,530	1,675	-	-	1,530	1,675	-8.7%			
Total	\$ 123,773	\$ 116,526	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 123,773	\$ 116,526	6.2%			

The Commission's total debt increased by \$1.8 million (1.1%) during the current fiscal year. The key factors were the \$14.7 million of new debt from the Prince George's County Park Bonds Sale mentioned above, offset by principal payments.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt the Commission may issue to the amount that can be redeemed within 30 years from date of issue by the tax or taxes authorized for payment of the bonds. The legal debt margin for each County of the Commission is \$922.1 million of debt service for Montgomery County and \$563.1 million of debt service for Prince George's County, which is in excess of the Commission's required debt service of \$39.8 million and \$156.4 million, respectively, over the 30 year period.

Additional information on the Commission's long-term debt can be found in Note 4E of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

In evaluating the Commission's economic condition and future outlook consideration should be given to two factors. First, at year-end, the Commission had a budget basis fund balance in the General Fund of \$50.9 million. Of this amount, \$2.6 million is designated to fund fiscal year 2005, \$6.3 million is designated for unforeseen circumstances, \$13.6 million is designated to fund the operating maintenance and debt service costs of future Prince George's County facilities, and \$28.4 million is uncommitted as of June 30, 2004. Second, property taxes, which constitute approximately 84% of the Commission's Governmental funds revenues in fiscal year 2004, are expected to continue to be a stable revenue source. The assessed value of all taxable property increased, which, along with a tax rate increase in Prince George's County to provide funding for delayed capital projects, new capital projects and other programs, resulted in an increase in property tax revenues from \$180.6 million to \$197.5 (9.4%). The Commission's total Montgomery County tax rate decreased slightly in fiscal year 2005. The Commission's total Prince George's County unemployment rates obtained from the Maryland Department of Labor, Licensing and Regulations were 2.4% and 4.6%, respectively, as of June 2004 in comparison to the 4.2% State and 5.6% national unemployment rates.

The Commission's Montgomery County activities are subject to spending affordability guidelines of Montgomery County Government. Legislation was passed in 2001 by the Prince George's County Council which created a Spending Affordability Committee to make recommendations during the budgetary process to the Council concerning spending affordability of the Commission's Prince George's County operations. These efforts add to the solid foundation of financial management and assist the Commission in meeting the challenge of providing enhanced public services at an economical cost.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the Commission's budget for the 2005 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Commission's finances for all those with an interest in the Commission's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Department of Finance, Office of Secretary-Treasurer, The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission, 6611 Kenilworth Avenue, Riverdale, Maryland 20737.

Exhibit 1

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2004

	Governmental Activities		-	Business-type Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	128,408,453	\$	3,777,030	\$	132,185,483
Receivables - Taxes		7,939,501		-		7,939,501
Receivables - Other		544,761		5,926		550,687
Due from Fiduciary Funds		1,794,294		-		1,794,294
Due from County Governments		4,038,168		-		4,038,168
Due from Other Governments		1,660,993		-		1,660,993
Inventories		-		1,286,925		1,286,925
Deposits and Other		5,557		-		5,557
Restricted Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments:						
Unspent Debt Proceeds		35,450,183		-		35,450,183
Capital Assets:						
Land and Construction in Progress		266,740,885		19,508,352		286,249,237
Other Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	_	222,695,368		76,142,254		298,837,622
Total Assets		669,278,163	-	100,720,487		769,998,650
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities		25,838,683		1,099,039		26,937,722
Accrued Interest Payable		2,036,553		110,993		2,147,546
Deposits and Unearned Revenue		3,696,617		649,202		4,345,819
Claims Payable:						
Due within One Year		2,053,485		-		2,053,485
Due in more than One Year		5,093,751		-		5,093,751
Compensated Absences:						
Due within One Year		8,155,796		390,643		8,546,439
Due in more than One Year		5,471,314		581,265		6,052,579
Bonds and Notes Payable:						
Due within One Year		12,705,127		1,124,618		13,829,745
Due in more than One Year		147,538,913		8,682,128		156,221,041
Estimated Liability for Closure and Postclosure Costs						
Due within One Year		26,230		-		26,230
Due in more than One Year		65,575		-		65,575
Total Liabilities		212,682,044	-	12,637,888		225,319,932
NET ASSETS						
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		364,642,396		85,843,860		450,486,256
Unrestricted		91,953,723		2,238,739		94,192,462
Total Net Assets	\$_	456,596,119	\$	88,082,599	\$	544,678,718

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

		Pro	gram Revenues					
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Gran	ipital its and ibutions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$ 12,497,931 \$	- \$	-	\$	- 9	6 (12,497,931)	\$-\$	(12,497,931)
County Planning and Zoning	29,792,531	3,743,951	649,006		-	(25,399,574)	-	(25,399,574)
Park Operations and Maintenance	112,777,571	5,294,071	705,213	14,	104,776	(92,673,511)	-	(92,673,511)
Recreation Programs	39,174,875	11,239,721	311,216		-	(27,623,938)	-	(27,623,938)
Interest on Long-term Debt	5,483,168	•	-	·		(5,483,168)	•	(5,483,168)
Total Governmental Activities	199,726,076	20,277,743	1,665,435	14,	104,776	(163,678,122)	-	(163,678,122)
Business-type Activities: Recreational and Cultural Facilities	20.022.544	00.040.000	20,000	2	000.000		(4.404.000)	(4.404.000)
Total Government	\$ <u>30,033,511</u> \$ <u>229,759,587</u> \$	<u>22,046,268</u> 42,324,011 \$	26,000		829,363	(163,678,122)	<u>(4,131,880)</u> (4,131,880)	(4,131,880)
Total Government	\$\$	42,324,011 \$	1,691,435	φ	934,139	(103,070,122)	(4,131,000)	(167,810,002)
	General Revenues:							
	Property Taxes					204,217,877	-	204,217,877
	Unrestricted Investm	nent Earnings				1,418,407	95,871	1,514,278
	Transfers	-				(9,220,335)	9,220,335	-
	Sale of Land					35,676		35,676
	Net General Rev	venues and Transfers				196,451,625	9,316,206	205,767,831
	Change in N					32,773,503	5,184,326	37,957,829
	Net Assets - Beginning	- as restated (see No	te 1B)			423,822,616	82,898,273	506,720,889
	Net Assets - Ending				\$	456,596,119	\$ <u> </u>	544,678,718

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 2

Exhibit 3

481,368,760

20,617,757

7,939,501

(157,489,085)

456,596,119

\$

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2004

ASSETS	-	General	-	Montgomery County Capital Projects	P	rince George's County Capitał Projects		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
ASSE IS Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	68,157,939	\$	3,907,880	s	10,694,635	\$	8,528,076	\$	91,288,530
Receivables - Taxes (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		7,939,501		-		-		-		7,939,501
Receivables - Other (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		175,557		-		368,534		420		544,511
Due from County Governments Due from Other Governments		934,228		2,579,939		-		274,001		3,788,168
Restricted Cash - Unspent Debt Proceeds		378,315		477,855 3,564,442		804,823 31,885,741		•		1,660,993 35,450,183
Other		2,197		3,304,442		31,000,741		-		2,197
Total Assets	\$]	77,587,737	\$_	10,530,116	\$_	43,753,733	\$	8,802,497	\$	140,674,083
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts Payable	\$	3,560,906	\$	1,274,657	\$	13,431,339	\$	187,461	\$	18,454,363
Accrued Liabilities		4,561,271		-		-		201,739		4,763,010
Retainage Payable		-		634,261		1,019,528				1.653.789
Due to County Governments		-		-		-		7.617		7,617
Deposits and Deferred Revenue		10,626,007		600,000		-		410,111		11,636,118
Total Liabilities	-	18,748,184	-	2,508,918		14,450,867	-	806,928		36,514,897
Fund Balances:										
Reserved for Encumbrances		7,909,128		9,664,140		8,086,136		495,671		26,155,075
Reserved for Debt Service		-		-		-		1,033,176		1,033,176
Unreserved, Designated for Subsequent Years		22,522,600		-		-		-		22,522,600
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:										
General Fund		28,407,825		-		-		-		28,407,825
Special Revenue Fund		-		-		-		6,466,722		6,466,722
Capital Projects Fund		-		(1,642,942)		21,216,730		-		19,573,788
Total Fund Balances	-	58,839,553	-	8,021,198		29,302,866	-	7,995,569	•	104,159,186
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	77,587,737	\$	10,530,116	\$	43,753,733	\$	8,802,497	_	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net	assets		-		. –					

are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial

resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of capital

equipment financing, risk management, group insurance and

the Executive Office Building. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of

net assets. Some of the Commission's taxes will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are reported as deferred revenue in the funds.

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Net Assets of Governmental Activities

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

		General	_	Montgomery County Capital Projects	-	Prince George's County Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	-	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES									
Property Taxes	\$	197,538,425	\$	-	\$	ş -	\$ 1,639,661	\$	199,178,086
Intergovernmental -	,								
Federal		479,990		-		424,967	-		904,957
State		264,280		1,218,506		2,835,581	10,000		4,328,367
County		448,199		7,898,956		-	392,061		8,739,216
Local		47,513		44,000		209,069	9,121		309,703
Charges for Services Rentals and Concessions		10,529,714		-		8,940	839,406		11,378,060
Interest		3,098,656 634,198		61,521		271 206	4,653,721		7,752,377
Contributions		034,190		01,521		271,396	73,211 14,271		1,040,326 14,271
Miscellaneous		780,309		184,300		1,088	317,294		1,282,991
Total Revenues	_	213,821,284	-	9,407,283	-	3,751,041	7,948,746	-	234,928,354
Total Nevendes		210,021,204	-	0,407,200	-	0,701,041	1,040,740	-	234,320,004
EXPENDITURES									
Current -									
General Government		13,097,617		-		-	-		13,097,617
Planning and Zoning		30,605,759		-		-	315,754		30,921,513
Park Operations and Maintenance		103,457,691		-		-	541,135		103,998,826
Recreation		33,366,927		-		-	4,636,708		38,003,635
Debt Service -									
Principal		-		-		-	10,755,000		10,755,000
Interest		-		-		•	5,945,514		5,945,514
Other Debt Service Costs		-		-		-	525,375		525,375
Capital Outlay -									
Park Acquisition		-		299,046		333,509	-		632,555
Park Development		<u> </u>	_	10,493,956	_	22,425,106	-	-	32,919,062
Total Expenditures		180,527,994	-	10,793,002	_	22,758,615	22,719,486		236,799,097
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	_	33,293,290	_	(1,385,719))	(19,007,574)	(14,770,740)		(1,870,743)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Proceeds from General Obligation Bonds		-		-		14,720,000	-		14,720,000
Refunding Bonds Issued		-		-		-	22,805,000		22,805,000
Premiums on Bonds Issued		-		-		544,789	1,382,097		1,926,886
Payment to Refunding Bond Escrow Account		-		-		· -	(23,862,764)		(23,862,764)
Payment from Private Purpose Trust Funds		-		-		-	8,615		8,615
Contribution to Private Purpose Trust Funds		-		-		-	(609,148)		(609,148)
Transfers In		4,766,095		635,000		6,986,000	16,190,719		28,577,814
Transfers Out		(28,875,719)	_	(61,521)	1	(271,396)	(160,000)		(29,368,636)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(24,109,624)	-	573,479	-	21,979,393	15,754,519		14,197,767
Net Change in Fund Balances		9,183,666		(812,240))	2,971,819	983,779		12,327,024
Fund Balances - Beginning		49,655,887	-	8,833,438	-	26,331,047	7,011,790		91,832,162
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	58,839,553	\$ =	8,021,198	= ٩	\$	\$ 7,995,569	\$.	104,159,186

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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Exhibit 4

Beconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2) are different because: Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2) are different because: \$ 12,327,024 Net change in fund balances total governmental funds (Exhibit 4) \$ 12,327,024 Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activites of expenditures seases is allocated or expenses. This is the amount by which capitalized expenditures exceeded depreciation in the current period. \$ 32,857,249 Coptrained Expenditures to expenditures or exceeded depreciation in the current period. \$ 32,857,249 Depreciation Expenses Net adjustment 19,859,479 In the Statement of Activities, non, the gain (loss) on the sale of property is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from sales in forease financial resources. Other land activity that has no impact on financial resources to prote the and activity that has no impact on financial resources to governmental funds, while the and sole sole of the set adjustment of Activities. Statement of Activities are of traped as revenues in the funds. This is the amount by which dedirered revenues changed from last fiscal year. \$.039,791 The issue and the sources are not reported as arevenues in the funds. This is the amount by which dedirered revenues changed from last fiscal year. \$.039,791 The issue and learned resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term ded to causumes the autority of the set			Exhibit 5
For the Year Ended June 30, 2004 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activites (Exhibit 2) are different because: \$ 12,327,024 Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds (Exhibit 4) \$ 12,327,024 Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activites the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation in expense. This is the amount by which capitalized expenditures exceeded depreciation in the courtern period. \$ 32,657,249 Capitalized Expenditures Depreciation is governmental funds; the proceeds from sales in forease financial resources. Other I and activities that has no impact on financial resources. Other I and activities are some of from sales of from sales in forease financial resources. Other I and activities that has no impact on financial resources is also included in the Statement of Activities. This is the amount by which capitalized expenditures. \$ 32,657,249 Sale of Land Sales of Land Sales of Land \$ 32,657 Capitalized Expenditures Depreciation in economic provide \$ 33,02,010 \$ 33,02,010 Tax revenues in the Statement of Activities had on ot provide \$ 33,02,010 \$ 33,03,001 Tax revenues in the Islatement of Activities had a not provide \$ 5,039,701 \$ 5,039,701 The issuence of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, lesses) provides \$ 5,039,701 \$ 5,039,701 The issuence of long-term debt and rolated t	and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Fu		
different because! Net change in fund balances total governmental funds (Exhibit 4) \$ 12.327.024 Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those saests is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capitalized expenditures exceeded depreciation in the current period. \$ 32.857,249 Capitalized Expenditures nepretation Expenses Net adjustment \$ 32.857,249 Depreciation Expenses Net adjustment \$ 19.859,479 In the Statement of Activities, only the gain (loss) on the sale of property is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from sales increase financial resources to also included in the Statement of Activities. \$ 32.857,249 Sale of Land Sale of Land Sale of Cland Net adjustment \$ (144,300) Donations Transfer of Assets to Enterprise Fund Net adjustment \$ (3.820,108) Tax revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. This is the amount by which the defered revenues changed from last fiscal year. \$ (39.149,475) The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net are terported in the statement of Activities do not require than cleaster the set of these differences in the gov			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capitalized expenditures exceeded depreciation in the current period. \$ 32.857.249 (12.997.770) In the Statement of Activities on the current period. 19,859.479 In the Statement of Activities, other land activity that has no impact on financial resources. Other land activity that has no impact on financial resources. Other land activity that has no impact on financial resources concern. Other land activity that has no impact on financial resources concern. Other land activity that has no impact on financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Transfer of Assets to Enterprise Fund (3.820.108) (144,300) Tax revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-terms debt consumes the current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-terms debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are defined and amorized in the tasset. Also, governmental funds and amorized to than dataset thems. (39,149.475) (10.755.000 (23.802.761 (10.755.000 (23.802.761 (10.755.000 (23.802.761 (10.755.000 (23.802.761 (10.755.000 (23.802.761 (10.755.000 (23.802.761 (10.755.000 (23.802.761 (10.755.000 (23.802.761 (10.755.000 (23.802.761 (10.755.000 (23.802.761 (10.755.000 (23.802.761 (10.755.000 (23.802.761 (10.755.000 (23.802.761 (10.755.000 (23.802.761 (10.755.000 (23.802.761 (10.755.000 (23.802.761 (10.755.000 (23.802.761 (10.755.000 (23.802.761 (10.755.000 (23.802.761 (10.755.000 (23.802.761 (10.755.000 (23.802.761 (10.755.000 (23.802.761 (10.755.000 (23.80			
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Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The amount is the impact of the net change in the liabilities from the prior year. 877,435 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of capital equipment financings, employee benefits, risk management and Executive Office Building costs, to individual funds. The change in net assets of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. 1,656,520		23,862,764	(4,531,711)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of capital equipment financings, employee benefits, risk management and Executive Office Building costs, to individual funds. The change in net assets of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The amount is the impact of the net change in		877,435
	Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of capital equipment financings, employee benefits, risk management and Executive Office Building costs, to individual funds.		
Change in net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit 2) \$ 32,773,503			
	Change in net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)		\$32,773,503

Exhibit 6

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures/Encumbrances, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	_	Budgete	ed Ar	nounts				Variance
		Original		Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			-		-		-	
Property Taxes	\$	199,510,100	\$	199,510,100	\$	197,538,425	\$	(1,971,675)
Intergovernmental		990,000		1,280,674		1,239,982		(40,692)
Charges for Services		9,289,100		9,289,100		10,530,764		1,241,664
Rentals and Concessions		3,273,600		3,273,600		3,097,606		(175,994)
Interest		1,020,000		1,020,000		634,198		(385,802)
Miscellaneous	_	387,900	_	387,900	_	780,309	_	392,409
Total Revenues	_	214,470,700	-	214,761,374	-	213,821,284		(940,090)
Expenditures/Encumbrances:								
Current -								
General Government		13,254,600		13,254,600		12,981,692		272,908
County Planning and Zoning		31,452,000		31,462,625		30,308,681		1,153,944
Park Operation and Maintenance		105,317,400		105,364,030		101,910,575		3,453,455
Recreation Programs	_	35,252,600		35,486,019		33,407,857		2,078,162
Total Expenditures/Encumbrances	-	185,276,600	-	185,567,274		178,608,805	-	6,958,469
Excess of Revenues over (under)								
Expenditures/Encumbrances	-	29,194,100	-	29,194,100		35,212,479		6,018,379
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers In		2,603,000		2,603,000		4,766,095		2,163,095
Transfers Out	-	(29,303,000)	_	(29,553,000)		(28,875,719)		677,281
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(26,700,000)	-	(26,950,000)		(24,109,624)		2,840,376
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources over Expenditures/Encumbrances								
and Other Financing Uses - Budget Basis	\$_	2,494,100	\$	2,244,100		11,102,855	\$	8,858,755
Fund Balances - Budget Basis, Beginning						39,827,571		
Fund Balances - Budget Basis, Ending					\$	50,930,426		

Exhibi

Governme

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2004

		Busines	z_tvr	be Activities - Ente	nrie	e Funde		Activitie
	_			onal and Cultural				Interna
	-	Montgomery	cau	Prince George's	louv			Servic
		County		County		Totals		Funds
ASSETS	-				-		-	
Current Assets:								
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	1,915,335	\$	1,861,695	\$	3,777,030	\$	37,119
Accounts Receivable		447		5,479		5,926		
Due from County Government		-		-		-		250
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		1,794
Deposits and Other		-		-		-		
Inventories		762,750		524,175		1,286,925		
Total Current Assets	_	2,678,532		2,391,349	-	5,069,881	•	39,167
Noncurrent Assets:	-				-	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>
Capital Assets:								
Land		11,584,468		7,779,131		19,363,599		748
Buildings and Improvements		28,034,632		68,875,825		96,910,457		2,752
Machinery and Equipment		4,817,028		4,437,785		9,254,813		19,471
Construction in Progress		144,753		-		144,753		
J. J	-	44,580,881		81,092,741	-	125,673,622	•	22,972
Less - Accumulated Depreciation		(11,870,233)		(18,152,783)		(30,023,016)		(14,905
Total Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	-	32,710,648		62,939,958	-	95,650,606	-	8,067
Total Noncurrent Assets	-	32,710,648		62,939,958	-	95,650,606	-	8,067
Total Assets	-	35,389,180		65,331,307	-	100,720,487	-	47,235
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable		313,958		259,177		573,135		347
Claims Payable		-		-		-		2,053
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		213,608		312,296		525,904		39(
Compensated Absences		206,426		184,217		390,643		8,155
Interest Payable		110,993		, _		110,993		62
Revenue Collected in Advance		523,794		125,408		649,202		
Current Portion of Revenue Bonds Payable		590,256				590,256		
Current Portion of Revenue Notes Payable		444,444		-		444,444		
Current Portion of Notes Payable		89,918		-		89,918		1,415
Due to County Government		-		-				221
Total Current Liabilities	-	2,493,397		881,098	-	3,374,495		12,64€
Noncurrent Liabilities:								
Claims Payable		-		-		-		5,093
Revenue Bonds Payable		4,790,578		-		4,790,578		
Revenue Notes Payable		3,777,780		-		3,777,780		
Notes Payable		113,770		-		113,770		3,405
Compensated Absences		238,608		342,657		581,265		5,47
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	-	8,920,736	-	342,657	-	9,263,393		13,97(
Total Liabilities	-	11,414,133		1,223,755	-	12,637,888		26,617
NET ASSETS								
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		22,903,902		62,939,958		85,843,860		3,24€
Unrestricted		1,071,145		1,167,594		2,238,739		17,37(
Total Net Assets	\$]	23,975,047	\$	64,107,552	\$ _	88,082,599	\$	20,617

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

Recreational and Cutural Activities Internal Services Operating Revenues: Intergovernmental - Federal \$ - \$ 26,000 \$ 28,000 \$ Operating Revenues: Intergovernmental - Federal \$ - \$ 26,000 \$ 2,011,668 \$ - \$ 26,000 \$ - \$ 26,000 \$ - \$ 615,000 \$ - \$ 615,000 \$ - \$ 615,000 \$ - \$ 615,000 \$ - \$ 615,000 \$ - \$ 615,000 \$ 2,2017,268 \$ 42,927,213 - \$ 615,000 \$ 2,2072,268 \$ 42,927,213 - \$ 615,000 \$ - - 7,035,612 - 1,015,465 - 1,905,004 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th colspan="10">Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds</th></td<>			Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds									
Montgomery Prince George's Service Operating Revenues: Intergovernmental - Federal \$ - \$ 26,000 \$ 28,000 \$ Sales 1,420,420 \$ - 1,112,448 \$ - 2,611,668 - 2,611,668 - 616,902 Charges for Services 9,829,646 - 4,549,390 - 14,375,906 42,310,317 Calaim Recoveries 616,902 Rentala and Concessions 2,828,450 - 2,227,114 - 5,055,564 - 616,902 Operating Expenses: Cost of Goods Sold 829,619 - 1,075,465 - 1,905,084 - - 15,454,111 - 15,454,111 - - 15,454,111 - - - - 15,454,111 - 15,454,111 - 15,454,111 - 15,454,111 - - 15,454,111 - 15,454,111 - 15,454,111 - 15,454,111 - 15,454,111 - 15,454,111			Recrea	tional and Cultur	al Activities		Activities-					
County County Totals Funds Operating Revenues: Intergovernmental - Federal \$ - \$ 26,000 \$ 26,000 \$ - 26,000 \$ - 26,000 \$ - 26,000 \$ - 26,000 \$ - 26,000 \$ - 26,000 \$ - 26,000 \$ - 26,000 \$ - 26,000 \$ - 26,000 \$ - 26,000 \$ - 26,000 \$ - 26,000 \$ - 26,000 \$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <td< th=""><th></th><th>Montgomery</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>····</th><th></th></td<>		Montgomery				····						
Intergovermental - Federal \$ 26,000 \$ 26,000 \$ Sales 1,420,420 \$ 1,91,248 \$ 2,611,688 2,231,0317 Charges for Services 9,822,646 - - - 616,902 Rentals and Concessions 2,282,646 - 2,227,114 - 5,055,664 Total Operating Expenses: - - 7,993,752 - 22,072,268 42,392,7215 Cost of Goods Sold 829,619 - 1,075,465 - 1,905,084 - - - 5,66,773 1,847,314 13,164,822 5,808,702 - 7,738,612 - 13,647,314 13,164,822 5,802,773 - 9,103,135 156,267 Montgomery County Self Insurance Program - - - - - 15,454,110 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -<		• •		(County	Totals	Funds					
Intergovermental - Federal \$ 26,000 \$ 26,000 \$ Sales 1,420,420 \$ 1,91,248 \$ 2,611,688 2,231,0317 Charges for Services 9,822,646 - - - 616,902 Rentals and Concessions 2,282,646 - 2,227,114 - 5,055,664 Total Operating Expenses: - - 7,993,752 - 22,072,268 42,392,7215 Cost of Goods Sold 829,619 - 1,075,465 - 1,905,084 - - - 5,66,773 1,847,314 13,164,822 5,808,702 - 7,738,612 - 13,647,314 13,164,822 5,802,773 - 9,103,135 156,267 Montgomery County Self Insurance Program - - - - - 15,454,110 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -<												
Sales 1.420.420 \$ - 1.191.248 \$ - 2.611.668 Charges for Services 9.828.646 - 4.549.390 - 14.379.036 42.310.317 Claim Recoveries 9.828.646 - 4.549.390 - 14.379.036 42.310.317 Rentals and Concessions 2.828.450 - - 7.939.752 - 22.072.268 42.297.215 Operating Expenses: - - 7.738.612 - 1.905,084 - - - 2.508.978 158.267 Montgomery County Self Insurance Program - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -<		•		000.90		e	r.					
Charges for Services 9,829,646 - 4,549,390 - 14,379,036 42,310,317 Claim Recoveries - - - - - - 616,902 Rentals and Concessions 2,828,450 - - - - 22,072,268 42,927,215 Operating Expenses: - - 7,933,752 - 22,072,268 42,927,215 Cost of Goods Sold 829,619 - 1,075,465 - 1,905,084 - Supplies and Materials 1,306,904 - 1,230,074 - 2,536,978 168,826 Claims Incurred - - - - - - 9,103,136 Communications 115,512 - 592,737 - 708,249 - - 9,103,136 Other Services and Charges 1,155,104 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		•					ф -					
Claim Recoveries 2.828,450 2.227,114 5.055,564 42.927,215 Total Operating Revenues 14.078,516 - 7.993,752 22.072,268 42.927,215 Operating Expenses: - - 1.075,465 - 1.905,084 Cost of Goods Sold 829,619 - 1.075,465 - 1.905,084 Personal Services 5.008,702 - 7.738,612 - 13,547,314 13,164,821 Supplies and Materials 1.306,904 - 1,230,074 - 2,536,978 158,267 Montgomery County Self Insurance Program - - - - - - 15,454,110 Insurance - - - - - - 9,103,136 Communications 115,512 - 592,737 - 708,249 - - 1,74,714 - - 1,74,714 - - 1,768,811 - - 1,168,811 - - - 1,168,811 - -	÷			• •	Ф -		42 310 317					
Rentals and Concessions 2.828.450 - 2.227.114 - 5.055.564 Total Operating Expenses: - 7.993.752 - 22.072.268 42.927.215 Cost of Goods Sold 829.619 - 1.075.465 - 1.905.084 - Personal Services 5.808,702 - 7.738.612 - 13.547.314 13.164.822 Supplies and Materials 1.306.904 - 1.230.074 - 2.539.978 158.264 Claims Incurred - - - - - 15.454.110 Insurance - - - - - 9.103.133 Contractual Services 15.550.04 - 52.737 - 708.249 Utitities 850.773 - 943.941 - 1.997.514 - Other Services and Charges 1.558.004 - 622.0378 - 2.178.382 Other Services 1.688.01 - - 1.689.611 - - 1.689.611 -<		5,025,040		4,049,090		14,079,000						
Total Operating Revenues 14.073,516 - 7,993,752 - 22.072,266 42.927,215 Operating Expenses: Cost of Goods Sold 829,619 - 1,075,465 - 1,905,084 - Personal Services 5,808,702 - 7,738,612 - 13,547,314 13,164,827 Supplies and Materials 1,306,904 - 1,230,074 - 2,536,978 158,267 Montgomery County Self Insurance Program - - - - 9,103,136 Communications 115,512 - 592,737 708,249 - 9,103,136 Communications 115,512 - 592,737 - 10,08,00 - Contractual Services 1,558,004 - 620,378 - 2,178,382 - 1,784,714 - Utilities 18,69,999 - 16,76,830 - 2,230,702 - 3,907,552 1,83,982 Other Services 1,168,911 - - 1,668,911 - -		2 828 450	_	2 227 114	-	5 055 564	010,302					
Operating Expenses: Cost of Goods Sold 829,619 - 1,075,465 - 1,905,084 Personal Services 5,808,702 - 7,738,612 - 13,547,314 13,164,821 Supplies and Materials 1,306,904 - 1,230,074 - 2,536,978 158,267 Montgomery County Self Insurance Program - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -<							42 927 219					
Cost of Goods Sold 829,619 - 1,075,465 - 1,905,084 Personal Services 5,808,702 - 7,738,612 - 13,547,314 13,164,821 Supplies and Materials 1,306,994 - 1,230,074 - 2,536,973 158,267 Montgomery County Self Insurance Program - - - - - - - - 15,454,111 Insurance - - - - - - 15,454,111 Insurance - - - - - - 13,454,714 Utilities 850,773 - 943,941 - 1,794,714 - Maintenance 334,525 - 674,275 1,008,800 - Contractual Services 1,159,811 - - - 1,169,811 Depreciation 1,676,830 - 2,230,702 - 3,907,532 1,839,982 Total Operating Revenues (Expenses): - - -												
Personal Services 5,808,702 - 7,738,612 - 13,547,314 13,164,821 Supplies and Materials 1,306,904 - 1,230,074 - 2,536,978 158,267 Claims Incurred - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 10,68,01 - - 10,68,00 - - 10,68,800 - - - 16,76,757 - 10,08,800 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,169,810 - - 1,169,811 - <t< td=""><td>Operating Expenses:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Operating Expenses:											
Supplies and Materials 1.306,904 - 1.230,074 - 2,536,978 158,267 Montgomery County Self Insurance Program - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 15,454,110 - - - 1,5454,110 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Cost of Goods Sold	829,619	-	1,075,465	-	1,905,084	-					
Montgomery County Self Insurance Program - - - - 15,454,110 Claims Incurred - - - - - - 15,454,110 Insurance - - - - - - 9,103,135 Communications 115,512 - 592,737 - 708,249 - 9,103,135 Utilities 850,773 - 943,941 - 1,794,714 - - 9,103,135 Utilities 850,773 - 943,941 - 1,794,714 - - 9,108,135 Contractual Services 1,558,004 - 620,378 - 2,178,382 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,650,919 - 22,30,702 - 3,907,532 1,839,962 - - - - - - - -<	Personal Services	5,808,702	-	7,738,612	-	13,547,314	13,164,821					
Claims Incurred - - - - - 15,454,110 Insurance - - - - - 9,103,136 Communications 115,512 - 592,737 - 708,249 Utilities 850,773 - 943,941 - 1,794,714 Maintenance 334,525 - 674,275 - 1,008,800 Contructual Services 1,558,004 - 620,378 - 2,178,382 Other Services and Charges 219,319 - 408,332 - 627,651 785,750 Administrative Services 1,1676,830 - 2,230,702 - 3,307,552 1,839,982 Other Services and Charges 13,869,999 - 15,514,516 - 29,384,515 40,506,066 Operating Income (Loss) 208,517 - (7,520,764) - (7,312,247) 2,421,155 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): - - - 648,996) - - (648,996) (214,596) Income (Loss) before Transfers (373,476) - <t< th=""><th></th><th>1,306,904</th><th>-</th><th>1,230,074</th><th>-</th><th>2,536,978</th><th>158,267</th></t<>		1,306,904	-	1,230,074	-	2,536,978	158,267					
Insurance - - - - 9,103,136 Communications 115,512 - 592,737 - 708,249 Utilities 850,773 - 943,941 - 1,794,714 Maintenance 334,525 - 674,275 - 1,008,800 Contractual Services 1,558,004 - 620,378 - 2,178,382 Other Services and Charges 219,319 - 408,332 - 627,651 785,750 Administrative Services 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,620,666 - - - - 2,9,384,515 40,506,066 - - - - <t< th=""><th></th><th>-</th><th>-</th><th>-</th><th>-</th><th>-</th><th>-</th></t<>		-	-	-	-	-	-					
Communications 115,512 - 592,737 - 708,249 Utilities 850,773 - 943,941 - 1,794,714 Maintenance 334,525 - 674,275 - 1008,800 Contractual Services 1,558,004 - 620,378 - 2,178,382 Other Services and Charges 219,319 - 408,332 - 627,651 785,752 Administrative Services 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 3,907,532 1,839,982 Operating Expenses 13,869,999 - 15,514,516 - 29,384,515 40,506,066 Operating Income (Loss) 208,517 - (7,520,764) - (7,312,247) 2,421,153 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Interest Expense, net of Amotization (648,996) - - - (648,996) (214,596 Investment Earnings 67,003 - 28,868 - 95,871 378,081 Inter	Claims Incurred	-	-	-	-	-	15,454,110					
Utilities 850,773 - 943,941 - 1,794,714 Maintenance 334,525 - 674,275 - 1,008,800 Contractual Services 1,558,004 - 620,378 - 2,178,382 Other Services and Charges 219,319 - 408,332 - 627,651 785,750 Administrative Services 1,169,811 - - - 1,169,811 - Depreciation 1,676,830 - 2,230,702 - 3,907,532 1,839,982 Total Operating Expenses 13,869,999 - 15,514,516 - 29,384,515 40,506,066 Operating Income (Loss) 208,517 - (7,520,764) - (7,312,247) 2,421,153 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): - - (644,996) (214,596 - - (648,996) - - - (648,996) (214,596 Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense) (561,993) - 28,868 - 95,871 378,081 Income (Loss) before Transfers (373,476) - (7,491,896)	Insurance	-	-	-	-	-	9,103,136					
Maintenance 334,525 - 674,275 - 1,008,800 Contractual Services 1,558,004 - 620,378 - 2,178,382 Other Services and Charges 219,319 - 408,332 - 627,651 785,750 Administrative Services 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - Depreciation 1.676,830 - 2,230,702 - 3,907,532 1,839,982 Operating Expenses 13,869,999 - 15,514,516 - 29,384,515 40,506,066 Operating Income (Loss) 208,517 - (7,520,764) - (7,312,247) 2,421,153 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): - - (648,996) (214,596 - - (648,996) (214,596 Interest Expense, net of Amortization (648,996) - - - (648,996) (214,596 Income (Loss) before Transfers (373,476) - (7,491,896) - (7,865,372) 2,584,633 Contribution from Trust Fund - - 3,829,363					-	708,249	-					
Contractual Services 1,558,004 - 620,378 - 2,178,382 Other Services and Charges 219,319 - 408,332 - 627,651 785,757 Administrative Services 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 Depreciation 1,676,830 - 2,230,702 - 3,907,552 1,839,982 Operating Expenses 13,869,999 - 15,514,516 - 29,384,515 40,506,066 Operating Income (Loss) 208,517 - (7,520,764) - (7,312,247) 2,421,152 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): - - - 668,096 - - - 648,996) - - - 648,996) - - - 648,996) - - - 648,996) - - - 648,996) - - - 648,996) - - - 648,996) - - - 648,996) - - - 648,996) - - - 28,668 - (553,125) </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>					-		-					
Other Services and Charges 219,319 - 408,332 - 627,651 785,750 Administrative Services 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 - - 3,907,532 1,839,982 1,839,982 - 1,5,514,516 - 29,384,515 40,506,066 - - - 7,7,312,247 2,421,155 40,506,066 - - - - 7,7,312,247 2,421,155 40,506,066 - - - - 7,7,312,247 2,421,155 40,506,066 - - - - 7,7,312,247 2,421,155 40,506,066 - - - - 7,7,312,247 2,421,155 40,506,066 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td></td<>					-		-					
Administrative Services 1,169,811 - - 1,169,811 Depreciation 1,676,830 - 2,230,702 - 3,907,532 1,839,942 Total Operating Expenses 13,869,999 - 15,514,516 - 29,384,515 40,506,066 Operating Income (Loss) 208,517 - (7,520,764) - (7,312,247) 2,421,153 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Investment Earnings 67,003 - 28,868 - 95,871 378,081 Interest Expense, net of Amortization (648,996) - - (648,996) (214,596) Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense) (581,993) - 28,868 - (553,125) 163,483 Income (Loss) before Transfers (373,476) - (7,491,896) - (7,865,372) 2,584,636 Contribution from Trust Fund - 3,829,363 3,829,363 3,829,363 - 3,829,363 - 5,575,227 15,256 Transfers In 163,688 - 5,411,539 - 5,755,227 15,256 Transfers Out (175,000)		• •			-		-					
Depreciation 1.676,830 - 2.230,702 - 3.907,532 1.839,982 Total Operating Expenses 13.869,999 - 15.514,516 - 29.384,515 40,506,066 Operating Income (Loss) 208,517 - (7,520,764) - (7,312,247) 2,421,155 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Investment Earnings 67,003 - 28,868 - 95,871 378,081 Interest Expense, net of Amortization (648,996) - - - (648,996) (214,598) Income (Loss) before Transfers (373,476) - (7,491,896) - (7,865,372) 2,584,636 Contribution from Trust Fund - 3,829,363 3,829,363 - 3,829,363 - - 5,575,227 15,256 Transfers In General Government Assets - - 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,681,285 Transfers Out - - - - - - - - - - -				408,332	-		785,750					
Total Operating Expenses 13,869,999 - 15,514,516 - 29,384,515 40,506,066 Operating Income (Loss) 208,517 - (7,520,764) - (7,312,247) 2,421,153 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Investment Earnings 67,003 - 28,868 - 95,871 378,081 Interest Expense, net of Amortization (648,996) - - - (648,996) (214,596 Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense) (581,993) - 28,868 - (553,125) 163,483 Income (Loss) before Transfers (373,476) - (7,491,896) - (7,865,372) 2,584,636 Contribution from Trust Fund - 3,829,363 3,829,363 - 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108				-	•		-					
Operating Income (Loss) 208,517 - (7,520,764) - (7,312,247) 2,421,153 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Investment Earnings 67,003 - 28,868 - 95,871 378,081 Interest Expense, net of Amortization (648,996) - - - (648,996) (214,596) Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense) (581,993) - 28,868 - (553,125) 163,483 Income (Loss) before Transfers (373,476) - (7,491,896) - (7,865,372) 2,584,636 Contribution from Trust Fund - 3,829,363 3,829,363 - - 163,683 - 13,29,363 - - 163,681,286 - - 163,681,286 - - - 163,681,286 - - 17,277 15,266 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -					. <u> </u>	and the second s						
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): 67,003 - 28,868 - 95,871 378,081 Interest Expense, net of Amortization (648,996) - - - (648,996) (214,596) Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense) (581,993) - 28,868 - (553,125) 163,483 Income (Loss) before Transfers (373,476) - (7,491,896) - (7,865,372) 2,584,636 Contribution from Trust Fund - 3,829,363 3,829,363 - - 3,829,363 - Transfers In - General Government Assets - 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,681,285 Transfers In - - - - (175,000) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></td<>												
Investment Earnings 67,003 - 28,868 - 95,871 378,081 Interest Expense, net of Amortization (648,996) - - (648,996) (214,596) Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense) (581,993) - 28,868 - (553,125) 163,485 Income (Loss) before Transfers (373,476) - (7,491,896) - (7,865,372) 2,584,636 Contribution from Trust Fund - 3,829,363 3,829,363 - - 2,575,227 15,256 Transfers In 163,688 - 5,411,539 - 5,575,227 15,256 Transfers Out (175,000) - (175,000) (4,624,661) (4,624,661) Total Transfers (11,312) 13,061,010 13,049,698 (928,116) Change in Net Assets (384,788) - 5,569,114 - 5,184,326 1,656,526	Operating Income (Loss)	208,517		(7,520,764)		(7,312,247)	2,421,153					
Interest Expense, net of Amortization (648,996) - - - (648,996) (214,596) Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense) (581,993) - 28,868 - (553,125) 163,483 Income (Loss) before Transfers (373,476) - (7,491,896) - (7,865,372) 2,584,636 Contribution from Trust Fund - 3,829,363 3,829,363 - - 2,584,636 Transfers In - General Government Assets - 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,681,285 Transfers In 163,688 - 5,575,227 15,256 Transfers Out (175,000) - - (175,000) - Total Transfers (11,312) 13,061,010 13,049,688 (928,116 Change in Net Assets (384,788) - 5,569,114 - 5,184,326 1,656,520	Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):											
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense) Income (Loss) before Transfers (581,993) (373,476) - 28,868 - (553,125) 163,483 Contribution from Trust Fund - 3,829,363 3,829,363 - 2,584,636 Transfers In - General Government Assets - 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,681,285 Transfers In 163,688 - 3,411,539 - 5,575,227 15,256 Transfers In 163,688 - 5,411,539 - 5,575,227 15,256 Transfers Out (175,000) - - (175,000) - (175,000) 4,624,661 Total Transfers (384,788) - 5,569,114 - 5,184,326 1,656,520	Investment Earnings	67,003	-	28,868	-	95,871	378,081					
Income (Loss) before Transfers (373,476) - (7,491,896) - (7,865,372) 2,584,636 Contribution from Trust Fund - 3,829,363 3,829,363 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Interest Expense, net of Amortization	(648,996) -	-	-	(648,996)	(214,598)					
Contribution from Trust Fund - 3,829,363 3,829,363 Transfers in - General Government Assets - 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,681,285 Transfers In - 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,681,285 Transfers In 163,688 - 5,575,227 15,256 Transfers Out - (175,000) (4,624,661) Total Transfers (11,312) 13,061,010 13,049,698 (928,116) Change in Net Assets (384,788) - 5,569,114 - 5,184,326 1,656,520	Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	(581,993)	28,868	-	(553,125)	163,483					
Transfers In - General Government Assets - 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108 Transfers In 163,688 - 5,411,539 - 5,575,227 15,256 Transfers Out (175,000) - (175,000) (4,624,661 Total Transfers (11,312) 13,061,010 13,049,698 (928,116 Change in Net Assets (384,788) - 5,569,114 - 5,184,326 1,656,520	Income (Loss) before Transfers	(373,476) -	(7,491,896)	-	(7,865,372)	2,584,636					
Transfers In - General Government Assets - 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108 3,820,108 Transfers In 163,688 - 5,411,539 - 5,575,227 15,256 Transfers Out (175,000) - (175,000) (4,624,661 Total Transfers (11,312) 13,061,010 13,049,698 (928,116 Change in Net Assets (384,788) - 5,569,114 - 5,184,326 1,656,520	Contribution from Trust Fund	-		3 829 363		3 829 363	-					
Transfers In 163,688 - 5,411,539 - 5,575,227 15,256 Transfers Out (175,000) - (175,000) (4,624,661) Total Transfers (11,312) 13,061,010 13,049,698 (928,116) Change in Net Assets (384,788) - 5,569,114 - 5,184,326 1,656,520		-					3 681 289					
Transfers Out - (175,000) - (175,000) (4,624,661) Total Transfers (11,312) 13,061,010 13,049,698 (928,116) Change in Net Assets (384,788) - 5,569,114 - 5,184,326 1,656,520		163 688	-									
Total Transfers (11,312) 13,061,010 13,049,698 (928,116 Change in Net Assets (384,788) - 5,569,114 - 5,184,326 1,656,520		•					(4,624,661)					
Change in Net Assets (384,788) - 5,569,114 - 5,184,326 1,656,520	Total Transfers			13,061,010	-	- Alter and the second s	(928,116)					
Total Net Assets - Beginning 24 359 835 58 538 438 82 898 273 18 961 237					-		1,656,520					
	Total Net Assets - Beginning	24,359,835		58,538,438		82,898,273	18,961,237					
		\$ 23,975,047	\$ -	64,107,552	\$ -	\$ 88,082,599	\$ 20,617,757					

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 8

Exhibit 9

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Business-type Activities	- Enterprise Funds	
	Recreational and Cu		Governmental Activities-
	Montgomery Prince Geo County Count		Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Receipts from Customers and Users			\$ 42,042,475
Payments to Suppliers	(4,245,539) (5,263,		(24,720,046)
Payments to Employees	(5,754,288) (7,651,		(12,356,366)
Payments for Interfund Services Used	(867,600) (252,		(311,300)
Payments for Administrative Charges	(1,169,811)	- (1,169,811)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	2,019,372 (5,190,	851) (3,171,479)	4,654,763
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:			
Transfers In from Other Funds	163,688 5,411,	539 5,575,227	-
Transfers Out to Other Funds	(175,000)	- (175,000)	(928,116)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital			
Financing Activities	(11,312) 5,411,	539 5,400,227	(928,116)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:			
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(560,651) (148,	(709,383)	(1,924,607)
Principal Paid on Notes Payable	(846,817)	- (846,817)	(1,830,554)
Principal Paid on Revenue Bonds	(300,000)	- (300,000)	-
Interest Paid	(616,933)	- (616,933)	(214,598)
Proceeds from Financing - Notes Payable	67,995	- 67,995	-
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related			
Financing Activities	(2,256,406) (148,	.732) (2,405,138)	(3,969,759)
sh Flows from Investing Activities:			
Interest on Restricted Investments	1,874	- 1,874	-
Interest on Investments		868 93,997	378,081
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		868 95,871	378,081
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(181,343) 100,	,824 (80,519)	134,969
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1	2,096,678 1,760	,871 3,857,549	36,984,954
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$ <u>1,915,335</u> \$ <u>1,861</u> ,	,695 \$3,777,030	\$37,119,923

	-	Business	se Funds		Governmen		
		Recre	atic	onal and Cultural Act	ivities		Activities-
	-	Montgomery		Prince George's			Internal
	_	County	_	County	Totals	_	Service Fun
ciliation of Operating Income(Loss) to Net Cash led (Used) by Operating Activities:	•	000 547	•				0.404.44
ating Income (Loss) nents to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to ash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	\$	208,517	\$	(7,520,764) \$	(7,312,247)	\$	2,421,1!
eciation		1,676,830		2,230,702	3,907,532		1,839,9
iges in Assets and Liabilities:							
ease) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		3,200		(3,091)	109		
ease) Decrease in Due from County Government		-		-	-		(62,9 ⁻
ease) Decrease in Inventories, at Cost		91,871		13,076	104,947		
ease) Decrease in Deposits and Other		-		-	-		39,70
rease) Decrease in Due from Other Funds		-		-	-		(861,5
ease (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		14,893		15,464	30,357		(76,1 [°]
ease (Decrease) in Claims Payable		-		-	-		65,8
ease (Decrease) in Accrued Salaries and Benefits		58,977		80,992	139,969		145,3
ease (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		(4,563)		6,059	1,496		659,20
ease (Decrease) in Interest Payable		(5,247)		-	(5,247)		(9,5
ease (Decrease) in Incurred But Unreported Clms		-		-	-		277,9
ease (Decrease) in Other Accrued Liabilities		-		-	-		3,8
ease (Decrease) in Due to County Government		-		-	-		211,8
ease (Decrease) in Revenue Collected in Advance	_	(25,106)	-	(13,289)	(38,395)		
Total Adjustments		1,810,855	_	2,329,913	4,140,768		2,233,6
Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	2,019,372	<u></u> \$	(5,190,851) \$	(3,171,479)	\$	4,654,7

Exhibit 10

Statement of Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2004

		Pension Trust Funds	Private Purpose Trust Funds		Agency Funds
	-			•••	
ASSETS	•	400.005	7 007 404		2 000 050
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	188,395	\$ 7,867,484	\$	3,263,250
Cash and Marketable Securities		506,287,844	-		-
Restricted Cash: Unspent Bond Proceeds		-	839,214		-
Collateral for Securities Lending Transactions		49,877,733	-		-
Accounts Receivable		1,865,513	2,000		-
Deposits and Other		15,727	-		-
Land Held for Transfer		-	43,159,704		-
Other		70,800	 489,506		-
Total Assets	_	558,306,012	 52,357,908	• -	3,263,250
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable		715,128	467		2,701,058
Due to Group Insurance Internal Service Fund		1,794,294	-		
Obligation for Collateral Received					
under Securities Lending transactions		49,877,733	-		-
Deposits		-	-		562,192
Total Liabilities	•	52,387,155	 467		3,263,250
NET ASSETS					
Assets Held in Trust for:					
Land Held for Transfer		-	43,159,704		-
Pension Benefits		503,144,009	-		-
Other Postemployment Benefits		2,774,848	-		-
Other Purposes			9,197,737		-
Total Net Assets	\$	505,918,857	\$ 52,357,441	\$	

Exhibit 11

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

		Pension Trust Funds		Private Purpose Trust Funds
ADDITIONS: Contributions:				
Employer Plan Members Private Donations	\$	1,202,785 3,747,369	\$	- - 45,585
Total Contributions		4,950,154		45,585
Receipts from Commission Debt Service Funds		-		609,148
Investment Earnings:		7 405 000		400 500
Interest Dividends		7,405,823 2,757,754		198,563
Net increase in the Fair Value of Investments		55,521,400		-
Total Investment Earnings		65,684,977		198,563
Less Investment Advisory and Management Fees		(1,882,379)		
Net Income from Investing Activities		63,802,598		198,563
Securities Lending Activity				
Securities Lending Income		447,808		-
Securities Lending Fees		(381,773)		
Net Income from Securities Lending Activity		66,035		
Total Net Investment Income	_	63,868,633		198,563
Total Additions	_	68,818,787		853,296
DEDUCTIONS				
Benefits		15,257,765		-
Refunds of Contributions		601,358		-
Administrative Expenses		1,058,667		-
Reimbursement to Group Insurance Internal Service Fund		3,681,289		-
Contribution of Land		-		3,829,363
Other Total Deductions		20,599,079		78,520
Change in Net Assets		48,219,708		(3,054,587)
Net Assets - Beginning		457,699,149		55,412,028
Net Assets - Ending	\$	505,918,857	\$	52,357,441
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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2004

(1) – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(A) The Commission and Its Services

Background

The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission (the "Commission") is a body corporate of the State of Maryland established by the Maryland General Assembly in 1927. The Commission is a bi-county agency. It is empowered to acquire, develop, maintain and administer a regional system of parks in the defined Metropolitan District in Montgomery and Prince George's Counties and to prepare and administer a general plan for the physical development of a defined Regional District for the two Counties. The Commission also conducts the recreation program for Prince George's County. The express powers of the Commission are provided in Article 28 of the Annotated Code of Maryland. As a body corporate of the State of Maryland, the Commission is not generally subject to local county legislation such as the Tax Reform Initiative by Marylanders ("TRIM"), a Prince George's County Charter Amendment originally enacted in November 1978.

The major source of funding for the Commission's primary services are five property taxes levied on an individual County basis: Montgomery County administration tax - general administration and planning; Montgomery County park tax - park operations and debt service for park acquisition and development bonds; Prince George's County administration tax - general administration and planning; Prince George's County park tax - park operations and debt service for park acquisition and development bonds; Prince George's County recreation tax for the recreation program. Five separate accounts are maintained within the General Fund to account for the Commission's primary services. Revenues and expenditures that can be specifically identified with a County are recorded in the appropriate account of that County and those that apply to both Counties are allocated to the appropriate accounts. Other funds and accounts are maintained on a Commission-wide or on a separate County basis as necessary and appropriate.

The provisions of Sections 2-113 and 7-107 of Article 28 of the Annotated Code of Maryland require that the Commission publish an annual financial report and that its financial statements be audited by independent certified public accountants. The accompanying financial statements have been presented to meet the financial reporting needs of the Commission and the requirements of Maryland law.

Financial Reporting Entity

The Employees' Retirement System (ERS), administered by the 11 member Board of Trustees, in accordance with the Trust Agreement between the Board and the Commission, is a contributory defined benefit pension system qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a). The administrative operations are the responsibility of the ERS Staff and Board-appointed Administrator, who reports directly to the Board of Trustees. Publicly available Financial Statements for the ERS can be obtained at 6611 Kenilworth Avenue, Suite 100, Riverdale, Maryland 20737.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), these financial statements present the Commission and its blended component unit, the ERS. A blended component unit, although a legally separate entity, is, in substance, part of the Commission's operations and therefore data from this unit are combined with data of the Commission. Accordingly, the financial statements of the ERS are included as a pension trust fund in the accompanying financial statements, and the ERS is the only such component unit of the Commission.

In accordance with GAAP, the Commission represents a joint venture of Montgomery and Prince George's Counties, reportable in the notes to their respective financial statements. The financial data of the Commission pertinent to Montgomery County and Prince George's County, for governmental, internal service, and private-purpose trust funds are set forth on a County basis in Note 6.

(B) Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Commission follows accounting standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB").

In fiscal year 2004, the Commission implemented GASB statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units". This statement requires reporting as a component unit any organization that raises and holds material economic resources for the direct benefit of the Commission. All of the affiliated organizations of the Commission that raise and hold economic resources for the Commission are not material to the financial position or activities of the Commission. Therefore, they were not included in the financial reporting entity, and adopting this standard had no impact on the financial statements of the Commission.

Also, in fiscal year 2004, the Commission completed the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34 "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments" by adding to capital assets infrastructure assets related to athletic fields constructed prior to July 2001. GASB Statement No. 34 allowed the Commission until June 30, 2006 to record these assets. These additions are reflected as a restatement of beginning depreciable capital assets, related accumulated depreciation and net assets of governmental activities, as follows.

	Depreciable		Depreciable Accumulated				
	Capital Assets		Depreciatio		Net Assets		
Amounts previously reported	\$	334,425,640	\$	157,389,699	\$ 391,993,028		
Depreciable capital assets added		70,223,351		38,393,763	31,829,588		
Beginning balances, restated	\$	404,648,991	\$	195,783,462	\$ 423,822,616		

The reporting requirements established by GASB include:

<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis</u> – GASB standards require that financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the Commission's financial activities in the form of "management's discussion and analysis" (MD&A). This analysis is similar to analysis the private sector provides in their annual reports.

Government-wide Financial Statements – The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the Commission's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities (such as cash and accounts payable), but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and infrastructure, including bridges and roads, and general obligation debt). Full accrual accounting also recognizes all revenues and the full cost to provide services each year, not just those received or paid in the current year or soon thereafter. Neither fiduciary funds nor component units that are fiduciary in nature are included in Government-wide financial statements.

The basic financial statements include both Government-wide (based on the Commission as a whole) and fund financial statements. The focus is on both the Commission as a whole and the fund financial statements, including the major individual funds of the governmental and business-type categories, as well as the fiduciary funds (by category). Both the Government-wide and fund financial statements (within the basic financial statements) categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. In the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column on a full accrual, economic resource basis, as discussed above. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double

counting of internal activities. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared (between years and between governments) to enhance the usefulness of the information.

The Government-wide Financial Statements are made up of the following:

<u>Statement of Net Assets</u> – The Statement of Net Assets is designed to display the financial position of the Commission (government and business-type activities). The Commission reports all capital assets, including infrastructure, in the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets and reports depreciation expense – the cost of "using up" capital assets – in the Statement of Activities. The net assets of the Commission are presented in three categories – 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted. The Commission generally first uses restricted assets for expenses incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available. The Commission may defer the use of restricted assets based on a review of the specific transaction. The Commission has no restricted assets as of June 30, 2004.

Statement of Activities – The Government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the Commission's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants). The Government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (county planning and zoning, park operations and maintenance, recreation, etc.) that is otherwise being supported by general government revenues. The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (county planning and zoning, park operations and maintenance, recreation, etc.) or a business-type activity. Program revenues include 1) charges for County planning and zoning services; 2) charges for park operations and maintenance; 3) rentals and concessions; 4) recreational and cultural facilities and events and 5) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Property taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Direct expenses are considered those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The Commission does not allocate indirect expenses. The operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the Government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the Commission are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The governmental fund financial statements are presented on a current financial resource and modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the Government-wide statements' governmental activities column, reconciliations are presented which briefly explain the adjustments necessary to reconcile the fund financial statements to the governmental activities column of the Government-wide financial statements.

The Commission's fiduciary funds and the Employees' Retirement System, which is fiduciary in nature, are presented in the fund financial statements by fund type (pension, private purpose trust, and agency). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments,

private parties, pension participants, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the Commission, these funds are not incorporated into the Government-wide statements.

Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of the Commission's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments and have a keen interest in following the financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. For this reason, the Commission has chosen to make its General Fund budgetary comparison statement part of the basic financial statements. The Commission and many other governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons.

Since the Commission adopts its General Fund budget by accounts within each county, each of which has a dedicated tax levy, budgetary comparison summaries are presented for each account in Note 6. These accounts are as follows: Montgomery County Administration, Montgomery County Park, Prince George's County Administration, Prince George's County Park, and Prince George's County Recreation.

(C) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The Government-wide, proprietary and pension trust and private purpose fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The Government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are generally recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year in which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Employee and employer contributions to Pension Trust Funds are recognized as revenues (additions to net assets) in the period in which employee services are performed. Both benefits and refunds paid are recognized as expenses (deductions from net assets) in the period in which employee services are performed.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Commission considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment has matured and is due.

Property taxes, interest and grants associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Commission.

The Commission reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Commission. It is used to account for the tax revenues and other revenues which fund the Commission's general operations and to account for all other financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Montgomery County and Prince George's County Capital Projects Funds</u> – These Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition, development or improvement of parkland and the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those accounted for in the

proprietary funds and the Advance Land Acquisition Accounts in the Private Purpose Trust Funds. The Commission maintains separate funds for each county.

The Commission reports the following major enterprise funds:

Montgomery County and Prince George's County Enterprise Funds – These Enterprise Funds are used to account for recreational and cultural facilities' operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. A separate Enterprise Fund is maintained for the enterprise operations of each county, each of which is considered a major fund.

Additionally, the Commission reports the following fund types:

<u>Other Governmental Funds</u> - The other governmental fund types used by the Commission are special revenue and nonmajor debt service. Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted for particular purposes. Debt Service funds account for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of governmental funds.

Internal Service Funds - Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of certain goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the Commission on a cost-reimbursement basis. There are six Internal Service Funds reported by the Commission: Montgomery County Capital Equipment Fund, Montgomery County Employee Benefits Fund, Montgomery County Risk Management Fund, Prince George's County Executive Office Building Fund, Prince George's County Employee Benefits Fund, Management Fund.

The Commission reports the following fiduciary fund types:

Pension Trust Funds – The Employees' Retirement Fund is used to account for all activities of the Employees' Retirement System including accumulation of resources for, and payment of, retirement annuities and/or other benefits and the administrative costs of operating the system.

The Other Postemployment Benefits Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for postretirement health care benefits provided by the Commission. The Commission is not required to make additional contributions unless obligated to do so by resolution, and the fund is not funded based on actuarial information. Starting in fiscal year 2003 this fund is being used to provide current retiree health care benefits.

Private-Purpose Trust Funds – Private-Purpose Trust Funds are used to account for funds whose principal and interest are legally held in trust and must be expended in accordance with their designated purposes. The most significant amounts included are the Advance Land Acquisition Accounts, which are used to acquire land for specific public uses, such as schools, libraries, parks or roads.

<u>Agency Funds</u> – The Agency Funds are used to account for the State retirement funds of participating Commission employees and retirees, and for certain deposits held.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the Government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of GASB. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and Enterprise Funds, subject to this same limitation. The Commission has elected to apply GASB pronouncements as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989 unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

In the process of aggregating data for the Government-wide financial statements, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds should be eliminated or reclassified. As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the Government-wide financial statements. Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge to funds using the service the costs of capital equipment financing, risk management, employee benefits, and the Executive Office Building. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Funds are included in the governmental activities column of the Statement of Net Assets. The Commission eliminates internal fund expenses by allocating the expenses to other funds. Expenses for capital equipment are allocated based on revenues, for risk management based on revenues, and for employee benefits based on salaries expense. The funds are so unique that a single allocation method was not appropriate.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds and of the internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

(D) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> – Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and mature within three months of the date acquired by the Commission.

Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments – The Commission pools the cash and investments of all funds into a common pool to maintain investment flexibility and maximize earnings. The Commission's Finance Department manages the pool. Investment earnings are allocated to participating Funds based upon their average monthly equity in pooled cash balances. Commission investments, including those in the Pension Trust Fund, are stated at fair value.

Property Taxes Receivable - All property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$3,002,789 at June 30, 2004. The property tax receivable allowance is based on an aging of receivables, with increasing percentages applied to older receivables. Property taxes are levied and collected for the special taxing districts of the Commission by Montgomery and Prince George's County Governments, as appropriate. Semiannual tax payment plans are automatic for homeowners living in their properties unless they request to remain on an annual payment plan. Under the semiannual payment plan, one-half of the real property taxes are levied on July 1 each year and become delinquent on October 1 and January 1, at which time interest and penalties commence. Personal property are sold at public auction on the second Monday in June in Montgomery County and on the second Monday in May in Prince George's County for taxes that are delinquent.

The property tax revenues and rates of the Commission are not subject to any legislative limitations. However, the respective County Council approves such revenues and rates when budgets are adopted.

Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities – Accounts payable includes only short-term liabilities due and payable within the normal course of business.

Inventories – Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market for proprietary funds.

<u>Restricted Assets</u> – Certain proceeds of the Commission's bonds are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net assets because they are maintained in investment accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

Capital Assets – Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, trails, dams and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the Government-wide financial statements. The Commission defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed and actual costs are not known. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and Improvements	20 – 40
Infrastructure	15 - 60
Machinery and Equipment	5 - 10

<u>Compensated Absences</u> - Commission employees earn annual leave and sick leave in varying amounts, and are granted three days of personal leave annually. Some employees may also earn compensatory leave in lieu of overtime pay. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the Commission does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service.

Each pay cycle, an estimated amount for compensated absences expenditures is recorded for the General Fund employees and is recognized as expenditures in the General Fund and revenue in the Employee Benefits Internal Service Fund. The estimate is equal to the amount of annual and sick leave expected to be taken during the year, plus an amount to fund the long-term leave liability. As General Fund employees take annual and sick leave, this usage is charged to the Employee Benefits Internal Service Fund. When annual and sick leave are used or taken by employees charged to proprietary funds, the expense is charged directly to the employees' cost center in the proprietary funds. Compensated absences for leave liabilities are charged directly to the proprietary funds' cost center to which the employee is assigned. The year-end liability for annual leave and compensatory leave is calculated based on hours of leave available, priced at current salary rates plus applicable employer payroll taxes.

Long-term Obligations – In the Government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

Landfill Closure and Postclosure Costs - The Bonifant Road Rubble Landfill stopped receiving solid waste and is closed. The landfill was capped during fiscal year 2003. The total current cost of landfill postclosure care is an estimate and subject to changes resulting from inflation, deflation, technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations.

The postclosure care cost, estimated to be approximately \$92,000 over the 3 1/2 year remaining postclosure care period, is reported as a long-term obligation in the Government-wide financial statements. The Montgomery County Park Account in the General Fund will pay the annual operating expense of approximately \$26,230 to monitor and maintain the landfill.

Fund Equity – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

<u>Reserves</u> - Fund balances in the governmental funds are reserved for encumbrances and debt service to indicate the amounts are not available for other expenditures.

Designated Fund Balances for Individual Funds and Accounts - The Commission has designated \$22,522,600 of fund balances in the General Fund at June 30, 2004, to fund fiscal year 2005 operations and contingencies, as follows.

	Μ	ontgomery	Pr	Prince George's		
	County			County		Total
Administration Account	\$	1,751,600	\$	758,100	\$	2,509,700
Park Account		3,185,100		15,720,100		18,905,200
Recreation Account		N/A		1,107,700		1,107,700
	\$	4,936,700	\$	17,585,900	\$	22,522,600

(2) – EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

The governmental fund balance sheet (Exhibit 3) includes reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net assets – governmental activities as reported in the Statement of Net Assets (Exhibit 1). Details related to the most significant items on the reconciliation are as follows.

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore are not reported in the funds. The capital assets related to governmental funds (not including internal service funds) include:

Land	\$ 244,658,241
Buildings	147,285,833
Improvements Other than Buildings	20,884,830
Infrastructure	201,742,000
Machinery and Equipment	40,613,742
Accumulated Depreciation on Buildings,	
Improvements and Machinery and Equipment	(195,150,033)
Construction in Progress	 21,334,147
Total	\$ 481,368,760

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds. The long-term debt related to governmental funds (not including internal service funds) include:

Bonds and Notes Payable:	
Due Within One Year	\$ 11,290,000
Due in More than One Year	144,133,405
Estimated Liability for Postclosure Costs	
Due Within One Year	26,230
Due in More than One Year	65,575
Accrued Interest Payable	1,973,875
Totals	\$ 157,489,085

(3) – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

(A) **Budgetary Information**

The following procedures are used in establishing the annual budget.

On or before January 15, the Commission submits to the County Executive of each County a proposed annual budget for the respective accounts of the General Fund (including park debt service) and the Special Revenue Funds, and a budget plan for the respective Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds. The Capital Projects Funds' budgets and six-year expenditure plans are submitted to the County Executive of Prince George's County prior to each November 1 and to the County Executive of Montgomery County prior to November 1 of each odd-numbered year. These budgets and plans include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Each County Executive transmits the budgets and plans with recommendations to the respective County Council. The County Councils conduct public hearings on the budgets and plans, and the budgets and plans are legally adopted prior to July 1.

The legal level of budgetary control is the department or function for the Administration Accounts and the Account level for the Montgomery County Park Account, Prince George's County Park Account, and Prince George's County Recreation Account. The Commission's expenditures may not exceed the total approved budget for each of the General Fund Accounts without prior approval by the respective County Council, except where grant funds received with the knowledge and approval of the respective County constitute an automatic budget amendment, thereby increasing the appropriations. Management is authorized to allow a department or function within a General Fund Account to be overspent by up to 10% of the approved budget without Council approval, provided the account in total is not overspent.

General Fund and Special Revenue Funds unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Capital project appropriations do not lapse until the project is completed. The budget plans for the proprietary funds serve as a guide to the Commission and not as legally binding limitations.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the General Fund. The budget for the General Fund is adopted on a modified accrual basis consistent with GAAP except that encumbrances are treated as expenditures.

The actual expenditures in the General Fund Statements of Revenues, Expenditures/Encumbrances, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual are presented on a basis consistent with <u>The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission Adopted Annual Budget</u>. All expenditures made during fiscal year 2004 were within the legal limitations pertinent to the Commission. Under the budgetary method, current year outstanding encumbrances are charged to the budgetary appropriations and are considered expenditures of the current period. Governmental GAAP considers outstanding encumbrances as reservations of fund balances that are charged to expenditures in the period in which the goods or services are used or received.

Reconciliation from the Budget Basis to the GAAP Basis for the year ended June 30, 2004 is as follows. The account information shown below is reported in Note 6.

	Montgome	Montgomery County Prince George's County			Aontgomery County Prince George's County			Total
	Administration	Park	Administration	ation Park Rec		General		
	Account	Account	Account	Account	Account	Fund		
Adjustment to Expenditures To Increase -								
Encumbrances -	• (•=• •=•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • •	•		
June 30, 2003	\$ 1,252,687	\$ 2,152,000	\$ 2,843,984	\$ 2,515,337	\$ 1,064,309	\$ 9,828,317		
To Decrease - Encumbrances -								
June 30, 2004	(742,061)	(1,581,041)	(2,941,607)	(1,539,180)	(1,105,239)	(7,909,128)		
Total Adjustment	510,626	570,959	(97,623)	976,157	(40,930)	1,919,189		
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses:								
GAAP Basis	(324,674)	(1,771,167)	1,974,455	9,475,108	(170,056)	9,183,666		
Budget Basis	\$ 185,952	\$ (1,200,208)	\$ 1,876,832	\$ 10,451,265	\$ (210,986)	\$ 11,102,855		

(4) - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

(A) Cash and Investments

The Commission's deposits and investments as of June 30, 2004, totaled \$735,959,586. The Commission's unrestricted pool of deposits and investments (\$143,316,217) is available to all funds, except for the Pension Trust Funds.

<u>Cash in Banks</u> - At year-end, the carrying amount of deposits was \$1,069,158 and the bank balance was \$807,747. In addition, the Commission held cash at various locations totaling \$259,935, and the Employees' Retirement System Pension Trust Fund had a cash balance of \$158,119. Of the bank balance, \$500,000 was covered by Federal depository insurance and the remainder was collateralized by \$2,666,124 of securities held by a member of the Federal Reserve banking system in the name of the Commission and the Commission's bank.

The Commission requires collateral for the pooled cash and investments of ten or more days duration to be held in the Commission's name by the trust department of a bank other than the pledging bank. The Commission's policy was complied with throughout the year ended June 30, 2004. Collateral shall be maintained in excess of FDIC insurance coverage for all Commission bank cash accounts, certificates of deposits and time deposits.

<u>Money Market Deposits</u> - At year end the carrying value (fair value) of deposits in money market accounts is \$871,017. All such deposits relate to cash and investments restricted for construction or for retiree health costs.

Investments - The Annotated Code of Maryland authorizes the Commission to invest in obligations for which the United States has pledged its full faith and credit for the payment of principal and interest, obligations that are issued by a Federal agency, repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, money market mutual funds, the State Treasurer's investment pool, certificates of deposits and municipal bonds and notes.

Statutes require that investments comply with the guidelines relative to investment grade and/or ratings and Securities and Exchange Commission registrations where applicable. Also, statutes require that securities underlying repurchase agreements have a fair value of at least 102% of the cost of the investment. If during the year, the fair value of securities underlying such investments falls below this required level, additional collateral is pledged or other collateral in the amount of the required level is

substituted. All collateral must meet statutory requirements and is held in the Commission's name by a third-party custodian.

There were no material variations in the mix or volume of the investment portfolio during the fiscal year. The Commission was in compliance with all applicable investment statutes throughout the fiscal year.

The cash included in the following restricted cash and investments are fully collateralized as discussed above:

<u>Cash and Investments Restricted for Unspent Debt Proceeds</u> - At year-end, the Commission had \$35,450,183 of unspent bond and note proceeds restricted to pay construction costs for various projects, and for equipment purchase.

Pension Trust Funds Investments - Statutes do not restrict the investment activity of these two funds.

Securities Lending Transactions for Defined Benefit Pension Plan - The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission Employees' Retirement System Board of Trustees authorized the lending of fixed income securities. These lending transactions are managed by the custodian bank. There were no violations of legal or contractual provisions, and no borrower or lending agent default losses known to the securities lending agent as of June 30, 2004. Due to the nature of the program's collateralization of loans at a minimum of 102% of the market value plus accrued interest, management of the System believes that there is no credit risk, since the lender owes the borrower more than the borrower owes the lender.

Securities are loaned against collateral that may include cash, U.S. government securities and irrevocable letters of credit. U.S. government securities are loaned against collateral valued at 102% of the market value of the securities plus any accrued interest. Non-U.S. securities are loaned against collateral valued at 105% of the fair value of the securities plus any accrued interest. Non-C.S. Non-Cash collateral cannot be pledged or sold unless the borrower defaults. Consequently, the non-cash collateral has not been reported as an asset or liability on the Fiduciary Fund Statement of Net Assets. All securities loans can be terminated on demand by either the lender or the borrower, although the average term of overall loans were approximately 105 days in 2004.

Cash collateral is invested in a short-term investment pool, which has an average weighted maturity of 24 days. Cash collateral may also be invested in "term loans", in which case the investments match the loan term. These loans can be terminated on demand by either borrower or lender. There are no dividends or coupon payments owing on the securities lent.

The custodian bank's responsibilities include performing appropriate borrower and collateral investment credit analyses, demanding adequate types and levels of collateral, and complying with applicable Department of Labor and Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council regulations concerning securities lending. Loss indemnification is provided when securities are not returned due to the insolvency of a borrower and the trustee bank fails to fulfill its contractual responsibilities relating to the lending of those securities to that borrower.

The fair value of securities on loan as of June 30, 2004 was \$57,553,399, which was collateralized by cash of \$49,877,733 and non-cash collateral of \$8,698,190. The securities lending gross earnings for the year ended June 30, 2004 were \$447,808, while the borrower's rebate totaled \$339,952 and bank fees and commissions were \$41,821, which resulted in a net addition from securities lending activity of \$66,035.

<u>Categories of Investments</u> - Investments are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Commission at year-end. Category 1 includes investments for which the securities are insured, registered, or held by the Commission or its agent in the Commission's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investment securities held by the counterparty's trust department or

agent in the Commission's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investment securities held by the counterparty or its trust department or agent but not in the Commission's name. The Commission, including the Pension Trust Fund, did not hold Category 2 or 3 investments at year-end. Certain investments as listed in the following table are not subject to categorization, including mutual funds and commingled trusts, because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The Commission's investments at June 30, 2004 were as follows:

Investments Subject to Categorization	•	orted Amount/ Fair Value
Commission Investments (all Category 1:)		
Commercial Paper	\$	897,749
United States Treasury Bills		20,975,076
Bankers' Acceptances		21,885,690
Federal National Mortgage Association Notes		41,340,525
Federal Home Loan Bank Notes		17,761,994
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association Notes		9,996,677
Repurchase Agreements		65,031,822
Total Commission Investments		177,889,533
Fiduciary Fund Investments (all category 1) :		
Commercial Paper		1,841,648
Fixed Income securities		
Not on securities loan		130,098,097
On securities loan for securities collateral		7,459,700
Common Stocks		
Not on securities loan		159,928,277
On securities loan for securities collateral		1,083,832
Total Fiduciary Funds Investments		300,411,554
Total Investments Subject		
To Categorization		478,301,087
Investments Not Subject to Categorization		
Fiduciary Funds:		
Stock Funds		128,758,615
Fixed Income Funds		27,654,055
Securities Lending Short Term		
Collateral Investment Pool		49,877,733
Investments Held by Broker Dealers		
Under Securities Loans with Cash		
Collateral:		
Corporate Bonds		33,183,480
Common Stock		15,826,387
Total investments not subject to categorization		255,300,270
Commission Total	\$	733,601,357

Cash and investment balances are shown in the financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 132,185,483
Restricted Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments -	
Unspent Bonds Proceeds	35,450,183
Statement of Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments - Private Purpose Trust Funds	7,867,484
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments - Agency Funds	3,263,250
Restricted Cash Unspent Bond Proceeds - Private Purpose Trust Funds	839,214
Cash and Marketable Securities - Pension Trust Funds	506,476,239
Collateral for Securities Lending Transactions - Pension Trust Funds	 49,877,733
Total	\$ 735,959,586
They are composed of:	
Cash in Banks	\$ 1,069,158
Cash of Employees' Retirement System Pension Trust Fund	158,119
Cash in Other Locations	259,935
Money Market Deposits	871,017
Investments	 733,601,357
Total	\$ 735,959,586

(B) Capital Assets

A summary of governmental activities capital assets at June 30, 2004 is as follows:

	July 1, 2003	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	June 30, 2004
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 243,460,651	\$ 2,054,711	\$ (108,624)	\$ -	\$ 245,406,738
Construction in progress	19,621,006	29,830,600	-	(28,117,459)	21,334,147
Total capital assets not being depreciated	263,081,657	31,885,311	(108,624)	(28,117,459)	266,740,885
Other capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	157,447,227	51,176	-	13,424,594	170,922,997
Infrastructure	190,869,244	-	-	10,872,756	201,742,000
Machinery and equipment	56,332,520	4,453,018	(700,094)	-	60,085,444
Total other capital assets	404,648,991	4,504,194	(700,094)	24,297,350	432,750,441
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	(80,664,304)	(4,548,487)	-	-	(85,212,791)
Infrastructure	(76,394,264)	(5,334,943)	-	-	(81,729,207)
Machinery and equipment	(38,724,894)	(5,088,275)	700,094	-	(43,113,075)
Total accumulated depreciation	(195,783,462)	(14,971,705)	700,094		(210,055,073)
Total other capital assets, net	208,865,529	(10,467,511)		24,297,350	222,695,368
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 471,947,186	\$ 21,417,800	\$ (108,624)	\$ (3,820,109)	\$ 489,436,253

July 1, 2003 capital assets are restated to include infrastructure assets related to athletic fields constructed prior to July 2001 as described in Note 1(B).

Summaries of business-type activities capital assets at June 30, 2004, made up of two major enterprise funds, is as follows:

	July 1, 2003	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	June 30, 2004	
Montgomery County Enterprise Fund						
Capital assets not being depreciated:	•					
Land	\$ 11,584,468	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,584,468	
Construction in progress	1,583,216		<u> </u>	(1,438,463)	144,753	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	13,167,684			(1,438,463)	11,729,221	
Capital assets being depreciated						
Buildings and improvements	26,132,269	486,775	(22,875)	1,438,463	28,034,632	
Machinery and equipment	4,720,278	96,750			4,817,028	
Total capital assets being depreciated	30,852,547	583,525	(22,875)	1,438,463	32,851,660	
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	(7,126,995)	(1,337,055)	-	-	(8,464,050)	
Machinery and equipment	(3,066,414)	(339,769)	-	-	(3,406,183)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(10,193,409)	(1,676,824)	-		(11,870,233)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	20,659,138	(1,093,299)	(22,875)	1,438,463	20,981,427	
Capital assets, net	\$ 33,826,822	\$ (1,093,299)	\$ (22,875)	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 32,710,648	
Prince George's County Enterprise Fund						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 7,779,131	<u>\$</u> -	\$-	\$-	\$ 7,779,131	
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements	65,055,716	_	_	3,820,109	68,875,825	
Machinery and equipment	4,295,454	148,731	(6,400)	3,020,103	4,437,785	
Total capital assets being depreciated	69,351,170	148,731	(6,400)	3,820,109	73,313,610	
			(0,400)	0,020,103	/0,010,010	
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings and improvements	(13,495,397)	(1,974,274)	-	-	(15,469,671)	
Machinery and equipment	(2,433,084)	(256,428)	6,400	-	(2,683,112)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(15,928,481)	(2,230,702)	6,400		(18,152,783)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	53,422,689	(2,081,971)		3,820,109	55,160,827	
Capital assets, net	\$ 61,201,820	\$ (2,081,971)	\$ -	\$ 3,820,109	\$ 62,939,958	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Commission as follows:

				Prince	
		ontgomery	(George's	
		County		County	Total
Governmental activities:					
General Government	\$	144,848	\$	173,901	\$ 318,749
County Planning and Zoning		522,316		272,391	794,707
Park Operations and Maintenance		6,715,762		4,821,471	11,537,233
Recreation Programs		-		2,321,014	2,321,014
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	7,382,926	\$	7,588,777	\$ 14,971,703
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities:					
Recreational and Cultural Facilities	\$	1,676,824	\$	2,230,702	\$ 3,907,526

<u>Construction Commitments</u> - The Commission is committed to \$17,750,276 for construction contracts for work to be performed in subsequent years.

(C) Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The Commission's only interfund receivable and payable balance at June 30, 2004 is \$1,794,294 payable by the Employees' Post Employment Benefit Pension Trust fund to the Group Insurance Internal Service Fund.

The Commission had the following interfund transfers during fiscal year 2004:

Interfund Transfers:	General	ntgomery County Capital Projects	Pri	nce George's County Capital Projects	Non-major overnmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Total
Transfers In							
General Fund - Administration Account	\$ -	\$ 160,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 160,000
General Fund - Park Account	-	300,000		6,826,000	16,190,719	5,010,400	28,327,119
General Fund - Recreation Account	-	-		-	-	388,600	388,600
Internal Service Fund - Group Insurance	4,433,178	-		-	-	191,483	4,624,661
Special Revenue Fund	-	-		160,000	-	-	160,000
Capital Projects - Interest	332,917	-		-	-	-	332,917
Enterprise Fund	-	175,000		-	-	-	175,000
Total Transfers In	\$ 4,766,095	\$ 635,000	\$	6,986,000	\$ 16,190,719	\$ 5,590,483	\$ 34,168,297
Transfers Out							
General Fund - Administration Account	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,242,587	\$ 1,242,587
General Fund - Park Account	-	61,521		271,396	-	2,610,624	2,943,541
General Fund - Recreation	-	-		-	-	579,967	579,967
Internal Service Fund - Risk Management	-	-		-	-	12,618	12,618
Internal Service Fund - Executive Office Building	-	-		-	-	2,638	2,638
Debt Service Fund	16,190,719	-		-	-	-	16,190,719
Capital Projects	7,286,000	-		-	160,000	175,000	7,621,000
Special Revenue Fund	-			-	-	-	
Enterprise Fund	5,399,000	-		-	-	176,227	5,575,227
Total Transfers Out	\$ 28,875,719	\$ 61,521	\$	271,396	\$ 160,000	\$ 4,799,661	\$ 34,168,297

A majority of the transfers (\$16,190,719) was to provide funding for the Debt Service Fund for Park Acquisition and Development Bonds.

Proprietary fund transfers are made up of the following:

Interfund Transfers:	1	ntgomery County nterprise Fund	Prince George's County Enterprise Fund		Internal Service Funds		Total Proprietary Funds	
Transfers In								
General Fund - Park Account -	\$	86,000	\$	4,924,400	\$	-	\$	5,010,400
General Fund - Recreation Account		-		388,600		-		388,600
Internal Service Fund - Group Insurance		77,688		98,539		15,256	_	191,483
Total Transfers In	\$	163,688	\$	5,411,539	\$	15,256	\$	5,590,483
Transfers Out								
General Fund - Administration Account	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,242,587	\$	1,242,587
General Fund - Park Account		-		-		2,610,624		2,610,624
General Fund - Recreation		-		-		579,967		579,967
Internal Service Fund - Risk Management		-		-		12,618		12,618
Internal Service Fund - EOB		-		-		2,638		2,638
Capital Projects		175,000		-		-		175,000
Enterprise	_	-		-		176,227	_	176,227
	\$	175,000	\$		\$	4,624,661	\$	4,799,661

The Commission's policy is to account for the construction of Prince George's County Enterprise Fund assets in the Capital Projects Fund until completed. Once completed, the assets (\$3,820,108 in the year ended June 30, 2004) are transferred from Governmental Activities Capital Assets and capitalized in the Prince George's County Enterprise Fund.

In addition to the above transfers, tax revenues of \$609,148 not needed to pay current debt service were transferred from the Advanced Land Acquisition Debt Service Funds to the Advanced Land Acquisition Accounts in the Private Purpose Trust Funds.

(D) Operating Leases

The Commission is committed under several operating leases for office space expiring at various dates through 2013. Each agreement provides for termination in the event of nonappropriation of funds.

Future minimum commitments under operating leases at June 30, 2004 are as follows (\$000's).

	Operating Leases							
			Prince George's					
Year Ending	Montgomery					gomery		
<u>June 30</u>		Total	C	ounty	County			
2005	\$	1,881	\$	368	\$	1,513		
2006		1,621		217		1,404		
2007		1,437		90		1,347		
2008		447		38		409		
2009		150		-		150		
2010 to 2011		300		-		300		
Total minimum lease payments	\$	5,836	\$	713	\$	5,123		

In fiscal year 2004, expenditures in the General Fund included \$927,796 (Montgomery - \$109,750, Prince George's - \$818,046) relating to the rental of office space.

(E) Long-Term Obligations

Notes Payable - Notes payable are only reported in enterprise funds and at the Government-wide level. Payments required to maturity on notes payable at June 30, 2004 are as follows (\$000's).

			Montgome	Prince George's County				
Year Ending		Goverr	nmental	Enterpr	ise Fund	Governmental		
<u>June 30</u>	Total	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2005	\$ 1,665	\$ 1,270	\$ 80	\$ 90	\$ 5	\$ 145	\$ 75	
2006	1,241	922	36	59	2	155	67	
2007	817	547	18	27	1	165	59	
2008	805	552	5	27	1	170	50	
2009	220	-	-	-	-	180	40	
2010-2013	774	-				715	59	
Total payments	\$ 5,522	\$ 3,291	\$ 139	\$ 203	<u>\$9</u>	<u>\$ 1,530</u>	\$ 350	

<u>General Obligation Bonds</u> - The Commission is authorized to issue general obligation bonds for the acquisition of park land and the development of parks, designated as Park Acquisition and Development Bonds ("Park Bonds"); to provide resources for advance land acquisition for highways, schools and other public purposes, designated as Advance Land Acquisition Bonds ("Advance Land Bonds"); and to refund both Park and Advance Land Bonds. The general obligation bonds are issued on the full faith and credit of the Commission and the county for which the bonds are issued.

Mandatory taxes of 3.6 cents per \$100 of real property assessed valuation (9 cents for personal property) in Montgomery County and at least 4 cents per \$100 of real property assessed valuation (10 cents for personal property) in Prince George's County are required by Article 28 of the Annotated Code of Maryland to be levied in the Metropolitan District in the respective counties for the payment of Park Bond debt service. In 2004, debt service payments approximated 0.43 cents per \$100 of real property and 1.08 cents per \$100 of personal property for Montgomery County and 2.68 cents for real property and 6.70 cents for personal property for Prince George's County. The remainder of the proceeds of the mandatory taxes was used for operating and maintaining the park system of the respective counties.

The Advance Land Bonds are payable from limited annual ad valorem property taxes which are levied by the respective county on all property assessed for the purpose of county taxation.

The debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds, for each of the subsequent five years and in five-year increments thereafter is as follows (000's):

			Mon	tgomery C	ounty	General C	bligat	ion Bonds		·		
					G	overnment	tal Act	ivities				
		Total		Total		Total		Total	Т	otal	٦	Fotal
Fiscal		Park		Park		Park		ALA	A	LA	ŀ	ALA 🛛
Year	Р	rincipal	li li	nterest	Pa	ayments	Pr	rincipal	Inte	erest	Pay	ments
2005	\$	2,070	\$	1,247		3,317	\$	415	\$	154	\$	569
2006		2,140		1,168		3,308		465		134		599
2007		2,180		1,086		3,266		475		115		590
2008		2,150		1,000		3,150		465		95		560
2009		2,185		911		3,096		455		76		531
2010 - 2014		10,250		3,144		13,394		1,380		137		1,517
2015 - 2019		6,570		1,272		7,842		150		3		153
2020 - 2022		2,285		178		2,463		-		-		-
Totals	\$	29,830	\$	10,006	\$	39,836	\$	3,805	\$	714	\$	4,519

Prince George's County General Obligation Bonds

					Gov	ernmental	Activ	vities					Tot	al Commission
		Fotal		Total		⊤otal		Fotal	Г	otal	-	Fotal		General
Fiscal	!	Park		Park		Park		ALA		۹LA		ALA		Obligation
<u>Year</u>	Pr	incipal	Ir	iterest	Pa	ayments	Pr	incipal	In	terest Payments		Bonds		
2005	\$	8,485	\$	4,208	\$	12,693	\$	320	\$	100	\$	420	\$	16,999
2006		8,655		4,095		12,750		320		84		404		17,061
2007		8,805		3,745		12,550		315		68		383		16,789
2008		9,135		3,396		12,531		305		53		358		16,599
2009		9,035		3,080		12,115		300		37		337		16,079
2010 - 2014		41,495		10,719		52,214		585		30		615		67,740
2015 - 2019		24,935		4,378		29,313		-		-		-		37,308
2020 - 2022		11,420		856	_	12,276		-		-		-		14,739
Totals	\$ 1	21,965	\$	34,477	\$	156,442	\$	2,145	\$	372	\$	2,517	\$	203,314

Note: Series AA Bonds are auction rate notes, with short-term interest rates reset every 35 days. For purposes of the above calculations, a rate of 1.25%, the rate in effect at June 30, 2004, was used. Interest rates during the year ranged from 0.84% to 1.25%.

<u>Outstanding General Obligation Bonds</u> - General obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2004, consist of the following individual issues (000's):

<u>Series</u> <u>Montgomery County</u> Park Acquisition and	Effective Interest Rate <u>at Date of Sale</u>	<u>Dated</u>	Final Maturity <u>Date</u>	FY2005 Serial <u>Payment</u>	Original <u>Issue</u>	Outstanding at June 30, 2004
Development Bonds						
Series Q-2	6.3609	11/15/94	11/01/04	\$ 200	\$ 5,000	\$ 200
Series R-2 Advance Refunding	4.8972	12/01/95	07/01/14	525	8,700	6,690
Series U-2	4.5346	08/01/98	08/01/18	280	7,000	5,950
Series Y-2	5.0232	11/01/00	11/01/20	170	5,700	5,190
Series CC-2 (Note 1)	3.7819	12/01/02	12/01/22	895	12,155	11,800
			-	2,070	38,555	29,830
Advance Land Acquisition Bonds			-			
Bonds of 1994	6.3609	11/15/94	07/01/04	90	2,200	90
Bonds of 1995 Advance						
Refunding	4.7707	12/01/95	07/01/10	325	3,345	2,165
DD-2 ALA Gen Oblig. Refunding	3.4748	12/01/02	12/01/14	-	1,550	1,550
			-	415	7,095	3,805
Total Montgomery County General			-		<u> </u>	
Obligation Bonds				\$ 2,485	\$ 45,650	\$ 33,635
			-			
Prince George's County						
Park Acquisition and						
Development Bonds						
Series S-2 Advance Refunding	4.9787	12/01/95	07/01/12	\$ 2,390	\$ 30,025	\$ 18,235
Series T-2	5.3913	01/15/97	01/15/07	1,300	33,000	3,900
Series W-2	6.4000	06/25/98	07/01/12	595	7,325	5,020
Series Z-2	4.5481	07/15/01	05/01/21	560	18,700	17,020
Series AA-2	Note 2	07/25/02	05/01/22	600	21,200	20,000
Series BB-2 Advance Refunding	3.3944	12/01/02	07/01/14	2,450	21,110	20,265
Series EE-2 (Note 1)	3.2824	03/15/04	01/15/24	590	37,525	37,525
				8,485	168,885	121,965
Advance Land Acquisition Bonds					<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Bonds of 1995 Advance Refunding	4.8991	12/01/95	07/01/10	420	3,300	2,145
Total Prince George's County					·	<u>.</u>
General Obligation Bonds				\$ 8,905	\$ 172,185	\$ 124,110
-			:			

Notes: (1) The CC-2 and EE-2 Bonds include Advance Refunding and Park Development Bonds (2) Series AA Bonds are auction rate notes, with short-term interest rates reset every 35 days. At June 30, 2004 a rate of 1.25% was in effect.

Revenue Bonds and Revenue Notes Payable - The Commission is authorized to issue revenue bonds and notes to finance the cost of revenue producing facilities and to refund outstanding bonds. The revenue bonds and notes are not general obligations of the Commission or county for which they are issued and are payable solely from revenues generated from revenue producing facilities. The Commission's revenue bonds and revenue notes payable, which totaled \$9,859,562 at June 30, 2004, are accounted for in the Montgomery County Enterprise Funds. Debt service expenditures for the revenue bonds and notes totaled \$1,668,243 for the fiscal year. There were no revenue bonds or revenue notes payable for Prince George's County.

The outstanding proprietary fund debt as of June 30, 2004, and the related debt service requirements for Montgomery County are as follows (000's):

		Business-type Activities											
	F	Revenue Bonds and Notes											
Fiscal	Total	Total Total Total											
Year	Princip	al Ir	iterest	Pa	ayments								
2005	\$ 1,03	35 \$	397	\$	1,432								
2006	1,04	14	353		1,397								
2007	1,06	65	311		1,376								
2008	1,08	36	266		1,352								
2009	1,1()7	222		1,329								
2010 - 2014	4,52	23	431		4,954								
Total	\$ 9,80	<u> 50 </u> \$	1,980	\$	11,840								

The Commission is in compliance with all significant restrictive covenants related to revenue bonds and notes.

Outstanding Revenue Bonds and Revenue Notes Payable - Revenue bonds, net of a \$256,504 deferred amount on the Little Bennett Golf Facilities Refunding Bond, and revenue notes payable at June 30, 2004, consist of the following individual issues (000's):

Series	Effective Interest Rate at Date of Sale	Dated	Final Maturity Date	FY2004 Serial Payment	Original Issue	standing at 30, 2004
Montgomery County						
Revenue Bonds and Notes						
Little Bennett Golf Course						
(net of deferred amount)	3.3705 %	12/09/03	11/01/12	\$ 315	\$ 3,154	\$ 3,154
Wheaton Ice Rink	3.3706	12/09/03	05/01/12	276	2,799	2,483
Cabin John Ice Rink	5.1600	04/24/99	11/01/13	444	6,000	4,223
				\$ 1,035	\$ 11,953	\$ 9,860

New Debt Issue - On March 25, 2004, the Commission issued \$37,525,000 of Prince George's County Park Acquisition and Development General Obligation Project and Refunding Bonds, Series EE-2. Proceeds of \$14,720,000 are used for capital project financing, and the balance \$22,805,000 provided the resources to purchase U.S. Government State and Local Government Series Securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments on general obligation bonds summarized below. As a result, the refunded Series T-2 bonds totaling \$21,500,000 are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the Statement of Net Assets. The reacquisition price in excess of the net carrying value of the old debt, \$2,559,789, is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the 13 year remaining life of the refunded bonds, which is less than the life of the new debt issued. The refunding resulted in a reduction in debt service payments of \$1,081,811, with an economic gain of \$1,043,593.

On December 9, 2003, the Commission issued Revenue Bonds of \$3,154,000 and \$2,799,000 for a current refunding of revenue bonds of \$3,120,000 and \$2,765,000 related to Little Bennett Golf Course and Wheaton Ice Rink in the Montgomery County Enterprise Fund. The refunding was undertaken to remove a balloon payment from each of the issues, and to reduce future debt service payments. The acquisition price exceeded the outstanding balance of the old notes by \$34,000 each, which amount was expensed in the current period. The total reduction in debt service payments was \$14,539 and 33,207 respectively. However, because the balloon payments were removed, the economic gains were \$157,954 and \$148,639, respectively.

<u>Changes in Long-Term Liabilities</u> – Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2004, were as follows:

Governmental activities:	Beginning					Ending	Amount Due		
	 Balance	 Additions	F	Reductions		Balance	in	One Year	
Montgomery County									
General Obligation Park Bonds Payable	\$ 32,125,000	\$ -	\$	2,295,000	\$	29,830,000	\$	2,070,000	
General Obligation ALA Bonds Payable Deferred charges, net of premiums, on General Obligation Bonds	4,225,000 (499,779)	-		420,000 (45,436)		3,805,000 (454,343)		415,000	
Notes Payable - Governmental	4,976,191	_		1,685,556		3.290.635		1,270,127	
Estimated Liability for Landfill Closure and	4,070,101			1,000,000		0,200,000		1,210,121	
Postclosure Costs	118.035	-		26.230		91,805		26.230	
Accrued Compensated Absences:	5,931,565	3,692,177		3,414,510		6,209,232		3,824,050	
Long-term Liabilities	 46,876,012	 3,692,177		7,795,860	•••••	42,772,329		7,605,407	
0	 	 				·····			
Prince George's County									
General Obligation Park Bonds Payable	113,655,000	37,525,000		29,215,000		121,965,000		8,485,000	
General Obligation ALA Bonds Payable Deferred charges, net of premiums, on General	2,470,000	-		325,000		2,145,000		320,000	
Obligation Bonds	(1,274,465)	(738,289)		(145,502)		(1,867,252)		-	
Notes Payable - Governmental	1,675,000	-		145,000		1,530,000		145,000	
Accrued Compensated Absences:	7,032,464	4,655,565		4,270,151		7,417,878		4,331,746	
Long-term Liabilities	 123,557,999	 41,442,276		33,809,649		131,190,626		13,281,746	
Total Long Term Liabilities	\$ 170,434,011	\$ 45,134,453	\$	41,605,509	\$	173,962,955	\$	20,887,153	
Business type activities:	Beginning					Ending	A	mount Due	
	 Balance	 Additions	<u>ا</u>	Reductions		Balance	i	n One Year	
Montgomery County									
Revenue Bonds and Notes Payable	\$ 10,851,668	\$ 5,953,000	\$	6,945,106	\$	9,859,562	\$	1,034,700	
Unamortized Discount on Revenue Bonds									
and Notes	(288,567)	-		(32,063)		(256,504)		(32,063)	
Notes Payable - Enterprise	290,400	-		86,712		203,688		89,918	
Accrued Compensated Absences:	 449,611	 201,849		206,426		445,034		206,426	
Long-term Liabilities	 11,303,112	 6,154,849		7,206,181		10,251,780		1,298,981	
Prince George's County									
Advances from Other Funds	3,829,363	-		3,829,363		-	-		
Accrued Compensated Absences:	 520,815	 190,276		184,217		526,874		184,217	
Long-term Liabilities	 4,350,178	 190,276		4,013,580		526,874		184,217	
Total Long Term Liabilities	\$ 15,653,290	\$ 6,345,125	\$	11,219,761	\$	10,778,654	\$	1,483,198	

Long-term obligations are shown in the Statement of Net Assets as follows:

	Go	overnmental Activities	Вι	isiness Type Activities	Total
Compensated Absences					
Due within One Year	\$	8,155,796	\$	390,643	\$ 8,546,439
Due in more than One Year		5,471,314		581,265	6,052,579
Bonds and Notes Payable:					
Due within One Year		12,705,127		1,124,618	13,829,745
Due in more than One Year		147,538,913		8,682,128	156,221,041
Estimated Liability for Closure and Postclosure Costs					
Due within One Year		26,230		-	26,230
Due in more than One Year		65,575		-	65,575
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$	173,962,955	\$	10,778,654	\$ 184,741,609

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of governmental activities. For the governmental activities, claims and judgments and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

(F) Defeased Debt

In the current and various prior fiscal years, the Commission defeased the callable portion of certain series of general obligation bonds by placing proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. The refunded bonds and their amortization dates are detailed as follows:

	Redemption	Montgomery	Prince George's
Series	Date	 County	County
Series Q-2	November 1, 2005	\$ 3,250,000	\$ -
Series S-2	July 1, 2004	-	560,000
	July 1, 2005	-	3,745,000
Series T-2	July 15, 2007	-	21,500,000
ALA Refunding 1994	November 1, 2004	1,400,000	-

Trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the Commission's basic financial statements.

(5) – OTHER INFORMATION

(A) Self Insurance

The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Commission is a participant in the Montgomery County Self-Insurance Program (the "Program") for the purpose of economic pooling of risks and resources. The Program provides the Commission with self-insurance administration for workers' compensation (Maryland state mandatory limits), comprehensive general liability, automobile liability, police professional liability, public officials liability, property and fire damage, boiler and machinery damage, data processing system breakdown and excess liability (up to \$10,000,000 combined single limit). The Commission is also self-insured for certain medical coverages, as detailed later. The Commission does not participate in risk sharing with the other participants and is required to reimburse the full amount of any claims paid by the Program. The Commission also carries honesty bond coverage for its public officials and employees. The Commission did not pay any claims settlements in

excess of this for fiscal years 2002, 2003, and 2004, nor were any insurance coverages reduced in fiscal year 2004.

The Commission's employees have various options in their selection of health insurance benefits. The Commission offers an administrative services only (ASO) plan for the prescription drug program, a point of service (POS) medical plan and a health maintenance organization (HMO), which are self-insured. All other group health insurance plans, which include one other HMO's, a dental plan and a vision plan, are fully insured. The Commission expended \$19,821,656 for all group health benefits in fiscal year 2004. The basis for estimating incurred but not reported (IBNR) claims at year-end is an annual analysis performed by the plans' administrators.

Premiums are paid into the Risk Management Internal Service Fund by the General Fund and Enterprise Funds and are available to pay claims, claim reserves and administrative costs of the Program. Claims paid during fiscal year 2004 totaled \$2,432,736. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for IBNR claims which is determined annually based on an actuarial evaluation. In addition, individual claim liabilities are established for each case based on the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of payouts and other economic and social factors. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

			Risk
	<u>Medical</u>	Ma	anagement
Unpaid Claims, June 30, 2002	\$ 1,002,410	\$	6,488,324
Incurred Claims, Fiscal year 2003	8,301,388		1,119,533
Claims Paid, Fiscal Year 2003	 (7,657,362)		(2,450,898)
Unpaid Claims, June 30, 2003	1,646,436		5,156,959
Incurred Claims, Fiscal year 2004	10,746,297		2,833,548
Claims Paid, Fiscal Year 2004	 (10,803,268)		(2,432,736)
Unpaid Claims, June 30, 2004	\$ 1,589,465	\$	5,557,771

The medical column excludes expenses that are fully insured.

(B) Related Party Transactions

The Commission was involved in the following related party transactions during fiscal year 2004:

Payments and Obligations to Prince George's County - The Commission paid or is obligated to pay Prince George's County for the following:

Zoning enforcement unit	\$ 803,800
Rental of office space in County Administration Building	738,800
Planning and zoning functions	600,000
Property tax collection fees	416,500
Cooperative Extension Service	208,500
Community College pool operation and maintenance	200,000
Geographic Information system	340,500
Other project charges	 348,100
Total	\$ 3,656,200

In addition, the County has directed payments of \$1,025,526 to other parties for legislative project charges.

Employees' Retirement System - The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission Employees' Retirement System paid the Commission \$73,500 in fiscal year 2004 for annual rental of space in the Executive Office Building, and \$40,663 for administrative services.

(C) <u>Contingencies</u>

<u>Grant Program</u> - The Commission, as grantee or subgrantee, participates in several Federal and State grant programs, which are subject to financial and compliance audits. The Commission believes it has complied, in all material respects, with applicable grant requirements and the amount of expenditures that may be disallowed by the granting agencies, if any, would be immaterial.

<u>Litigation</u> – The Commission is a defendant in various legal actions that fall into three major categories – those arising from the Commission's planning and zoning powers, those arising from incidents occurring on the Commission property and those arising from personnel actions. The Commission's management and its General Counsel estimate that the resolution of claims resulting from all litigation against the Commission not covered by insurance will not materially affect the financial position or operations of the Commission.

(D) Employees' Retirement System and Pension Plans

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description - The Commission contributes to The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission Employees' Retirement System (the "System"), a single-employer defined benefit public employee retirement plan. Benefit provisions and obligations to contribute to the plans and all other requirements are established by a Trust Agreement between the Commission and the Board of Trustees of the System which has been periodically amended since the System was established July 1, 1972. Accounting and financial reporting for the system is performed by non-Commission employees who are employed directly by the System. The System's financial records are not maintained on a separate county basis. The assets of the System are invested with the objective of ensuring sufficient funds will be available for meeting benefit payments. As the System's investment asset pool provides collectively for benefit payments of all four plans the System is considered a single "pension plan" for purposes of financial reporting in accordance with GAAP. Publicly available Financial Statements that include management's discussion and analysis, financial statements and required supplementary information for the System can be obtained at the administrative offices of The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission Employees' Retirement System, 6611 Kenilworth Avenue, Suite 100, Riverdale, Maryland 20737.

Active plan members in Plan A are required to contribute 6% of their base pay. Plan B members contribute 3% of their base pay up to the maximum Social Security Wage Base and 6% in excess of the maximum Social Security Wage Base for the calendar year. Plan C members contribute 8% of their base pay and Plan D members contribute 7% of their base pay.

<u>Actuarial Methods for Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u> - The actuarial value of assets calculates gains or losses on the basis of the actuarially assumed interest rate and recognizes one-fifth of the cumulative gains or losses not yet recognized. This year's asset value is based on the July 1, 2003 actuarial valuation.

The Entry Age Normal Cost method is used, with level dollar amortization of the unfunded actuarial liabilities over a closed 13 year amortization period.

The actuarial accrued liability was estimated as part of an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2003. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation include (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 7.5% a year compounded annually, (b) projected salary increases of 4.25% a year, (c) cost of living increases in benefits after retirement based on the Plan's provision for annual increases of 100% of the first 3% of change in the CPI-Urban Index for major U.S. cities plus half of the change in excess of 3%, but no more than 5% in total. The assumed post-retirement cost of living adjustment is 3%.

The net assets in excess of the total actuarial accrued liability are \$71,613,783 as of July 1, 2003. The net assets available for benefits at June 30, 2004, totaled \$503,144,009.

The Commission's contributions to the System, made in accordance with actuarially determined requirements presented as a percentage of annual covered payroll for the year ending June 30, 2004 was 1.2%

The Commission's annual pension cost (APC) and net pension obligation (NPO) to the System for fiscal years 2002, 2003, and 2004 are presented below:

	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>
Annual Pension Cost (APC)	\$ 480	\$ 540	\$ 1,203
Percentage of APC Contributed	100%	100%	100%
Net Pension Obligation (NPO)	-	-	-

The Commission contributes 100% of the adjusted annual required contribution and has no NPO at yearend.

Investment Concentration – The System has invested in one commingled trust with Capital Guardian Management, which has more than 290 international securities. This investment, along with a value index commingled trust with the Barclays Global Investors, which has approximately 500 domestic securities, exceeded five percent of net plan assets of the System at June 30, 2004.

Deferred Compensation Plans

The Commission offers its employees deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. One plan, available to all career Commission employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary to future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees or beneficiaries until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. The Commission also offers a separate deferred compensation plan to its officers and to the staff of the Employees' Retirement System. These plans are not included in the financial statements.

(E) Other Postemployment Benefits

In addition to the pension benefits provided by the System, the Commission itself provides postretirement health care benefits, in accordance with Commission approval, to all full-time and part-time career employees, directors appointed by Montgomery County and Prince George's County Planning Boards, Merit System Board Members, Commissioners and appointed officials who retire under a Commission Retirement Plan or the State of Maryland Retirement Plan and who have been insured under any Commission-sponsored group medical plan during the three years immediately preceding the date of retirement or ability to prove similar coverage in another plan immediately prior to retirement. Currently 584 retirees and survivors are participating in the Commission's medical plans. The Commission contributes 85 percent of the amount of medical, prescription drug, and dental insurance rates and 80 percent of vision benefit rates. The System contributes the same percentages for its full-time and part-time employees.

Expenditures for postretirement health care benefits are recognized on the accrual basis as retirees' insurance costs are incurred. The Commission's net expense was \$3,681,289 for the year ended June 30, 2004 for the retirees' benefits.

On July 1, 1999, the Commission transferred \$7,056,000 to a newly established 115 Trust account for the purpose of pre-funding a portion of retiree insurance costs in the future. The Commission executed a Discretionary Investment Management Agreement with a Financial Advisor (Custodial Trustee) of the account. Per the Post-Retirement Insurance Benefits Program Trust Agreement I - Contributions, the Commission may elect to contribute additional amounts as deemed necessary to meet its benefit obligations. The Commission is not required to make additional contributions unless obligated to do so by resolution, and the Trust account is not funded based on actuarial information. In June 2001, the

Commission transferred \$1,489,910 to the internal trust fund. In September 2001, the Commission approved transferring this amount to the custodial trustee. In fiscal year 2004, the net cost of postretirement health care benefits, net of the retiree contributions, was transferred from the custodial trustee. A similar transfer is expected again in fiscal year 2005.

The 115 Trust is reported by the Commission as a pension trust fund, the Employees' Postemployment Benefits Fund.

(F) Maryland State Retirement System (MSRS)

Pension costs for certain employees/retirees who elected to remain in the MSRS was \$99,789 for the year ended June 30, 2004. A total of 38 employees/retirees and beneficiaries are covered in the MSRS. This amount includes the current service costs plus an amount sufficient to amortize the prior service cost over a 40-year period ending June 30, 2020.

(6) – COUNTY FINANCIAL DATA

The following financial data pertains to both Montgomery and Prince George's Counties.

Note 6A

MONTGOMERY COUNTY Summary of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances Governmental Funds and Accounts June 30, 2004

		the second se		I Fund Acco	unts	5		Capital		Other Governmental		Total Governmental
	-	Administration		Park	_	Total		Projects		Funds		Funds
ASSETS Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	^	0.070.000		7 704 407	•	44 750 000	•	0.007.000				40.500 700
Receivables - Taxes (net of allowance	\$	3,970,806	\$	7,781,427	\$	11,752,233	\$	3,907,880	\$	928,620	\$	16,588,733
for uncollectibles)		680,000		1,787,617		2,467,617						2,467,617
Receivables - Other		6.553		21,774		28,327		_		420		28,747
Due from County Government		169,988		386,227		556,215		2.579.939		272,396		3,408,550
Due from Other Governments								477,855				477,855
Restricted Cash - Unspent Debt Proceeds		-		-		-		3,564,442		-		3,564,442
Other		2,197		-		2,197				-		2,197
Total Assets	\$	4,829,544	\$	9,977,045	\$	14,806,589	\$	10,530,116	\$	1,201,436	\$	26,538,141
LIABLITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:												
Accounts Payable	\$	359,117	\$	889,249	\$	1,248,366	\$	1,274,657	\$	11,809	\$	2,534,832
Accrued Liabilities		554,069		1,318,596		1,872,665		-		-		1,872,665
Retainage Payable		-		-		-		634,261		-		634,261
Due to County Government		-		-		-		-		7,617		7,617
Deposits and Deferred Revenue	-	685,013		1,899,039		2,584,052		600,000		385,111		3,569,163
Total Liabilities	-	1,598,199		4,106,884	• -	5,705,083		2,508,918	-	404,537	-	8,618,538
Fund Balances:												
Reserved for Encumbrances		742,061		1,581,041		2,323,102		9,664,140		254,275		12,241,517
Reserved for Debt Service		-		-		-		-		29,259		29,259
Unreserved, Designated for Subsequent Years		1,751,600		3,185,100		4,936,700		-		-		4,936,700
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:												
General Fund		737,684		1,104,020		1,841,704		-		-		1,841,704
Special Revenue Fund				.,		.,,,		_		513,365		513,365
Capital Projects		-		-		-		(1,642,942)				(1,642,942)
Total Fund Balances	-	3,231,345	•	5,870,161	• •	9,101,506	-	8,021,198	-	796,899	-	17,919,603
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	4,829,544	\$	9,977,045	\$	14,806,589	\$		\$		\$	26,538,141
I Utar LIDUILLES AND FUND DAIDILLES	ф.	4,029,044	. Ф.	3,311,045	· * ·	14,000,389	- *	10,000,110	= ⊅	1,201,430	- Þ	20,000,14

MONTGOMERY COUNTY Summary of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds and Accounts For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

		Ger	neral	Fund Acco	unts			Capital	G	Other iovernmental		Total Governmental
	Admin	istration	_	Park		Total	_	Projects		Funds	-	Funds
REVENUES												
Property Taxes	\$ 17,8	867,411	\$	50,122,847	\$ 67	7,990,258	\$	-	\$	1,004,254	\$	68,994,512
Intergovernmental:												
Federal		-		169,624		169,624		-		-		169,624
State		-		3,234		3,234		1,218,506		-		1,221,740
County		30,393		~~ ~~~		30,393		7,898,956		392,061		8,321,410
Local		-		33,279		33,279		44,000		9,121		86,400
Charges for Services	1,,	785,115		638,223		2,423,338		-		79,819		2,503,157
Rentals and Concessions		1,050		1,440,513	-	1,441,563		-		-		1,441,563
Interest Miscellaneous		53,954 861		60,034		113,988		61,521		9,130		184,639
Total Revenues	10	738,784	· -	<u>321,731</u> 52,789,485		322,592 2,528,269		184,300	_	58,256	-	565,148
Total Revenues	19,	30,704	· —	52,789,485		2,528,269	-	9,407,283		1,552,641	-	83,488,193
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
General Government		090,356		-		5,090,356		-		-		6,090,356
Planning and Zoning	14,4	\$17,621		-		4,417,621		-		315,754		14,733,375
Park Operations and Maintenance		-		52,015,716	52	2,015,716		-		253,718		52,269,434
Debt Service:												
Principal		-		-		-		-		2,715,000		2,715,000
Interest		-		-		-		-		1,358,913		1,358,913
Other Debt Service Costs		-		-		-		-		148,122		148,122
Capital Outlay:												
Park Acquisition		-				-		299,046		-		299,046
Park Development		-		-		-		10,493,956	_		-	10,493,956
Total Expenditures	20,	507,977		52,015,716	7:	2,523,693	_	10,793,002		4,791,507		88,108,202
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under)												
Expenditures	(769,193)		773,769		4,576		(1,385,719)		(3,238,866)	-	(4,620,009)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Payment from Private Purpose Trust Funds		-		-		-		-		6,889		6,889
Contribution to Private Purpose Trust Funds		-		-		-		-		(415,030)		(415,030)
Transfers In		504,519		1,466,986	:	2,071,505		635,000		3,625,922		6,332,427
Transfer Out	(160,000)		(4,011,922)	(4	4,171,922)		(61,521)		-		(4,233,443)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		444,519		(2,544,936)		2,100,417)	_	573,479	_	3,217,781	-	1,690,843
Net Change in Fund Balances	(324,674)		(1,771,167)	(2	2,095,841)		(812,240)		(21,085)		(2,929,166)
Fund Balances - Beginning	3,	556,019		7,641,328		1,197,347	_	8,833,438	_	817,984	-	20,848,769
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ <u>3,</u> ;	231,345	\$_	5,870,161	\$	9,101,506	\$	8,021,198	\$_	796,899	\$	17,919,603

MONTGOMERY COUNTY ADMINISTRATION ACCOUNT- GENERAL FUND Summary of Revenues, Expenditures/Encumbrances, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	_	Budgete	ed A	mounts			Variance with Final Budget -
		Original		Final		Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	-	¥	-		-		
Property Taxes	\$	17,914,500	\$	17,914,500	\$	17,867,411	\$ (47,089)
Intergovernmental -							
State		150,000		119,607		-	(119,607)
County		-		30,393		30,393	-
Charges for Services		1,220,000		1,220,000		1,786,165	566,165
Interest		110,000		110,000		53,954	(56,046)
Miscellaneous	<u></u>	-	-	-	-	861	861
Total Revenues	-	19,394,500	-	19,394,500	-	19,738,784	344,284
Expenditures/Encumbrances:							
Commissioners' Office		1,061,900		1,061,900		1,028,834	33,066
Central Administrative Services -							
Department of Human Resources and Management		1,729,700		1,729,700		1,724,862	4,838
Department of Finance		2,162,400		2,162,400		2,117,132	45,268
Legal Department		715,900		715,900		701,191	14,709
Support Services		485,300		485,300		455,506	29,794
Merit System Board		42,800		42,800		29,882	12,918
Total Central Administrative Services	_	5,136,100	-	5,136,100	-	5,028,573	107,527
Planning Department -							
Park and Planning Director's Office		268,200		268,200		279,257	(11,057)
Management Services		1,029,100		1,029,100		929,560	99,540
Strategic Planning		419,200		419,200		446,218	(27,018)
Community-Based Planning		3,542,600		3,542,600		3,265,430	277,170
County-wide Planning		3,098,900		3,098,900		3,067,245	31,655
Development Review		1,774,100		1,774,100		1,757,803	16,297
Research and Technology		3,176,300		3,176,300		3,172,938	3,362
Support Services		1,227,200		1,227,200		1,268,531	(41,331)
Grants		150,000		150,000		30,393	119,607
Total Planning Department	_	14,685,600		14,685,600	-	14,217,375	468,225
Non-Departmental		-		-		(277,431)	277,431
Total Expenditures/Encumbrances	-	20,883,600	-	20,883,600	-	19,997,351	886,249
	-				-		, <u></u> , <u></u>
Excess of Revenues over (under)							
Expenditures/Encumbrances	~	(1,489,100)		(1,489,100)	-	(258,567)	1,230,533
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In (Out) -							
Capital Projects Funds - Development		-		(160,000)		(160,000)	-
Internal Service Fund - Group Insurance		628,700		628,700		604,519	(24,181)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	628,700	· ·	468,700	-	444,519	(24,181)
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources							
over (under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$_	(860,400)	\$	(1,020,400)	:	185,952	\$ 1,206,352
Fund Balance - Budget Basis, Beginning						2,303,332	
Fund Balance - Budget Basis, Ending					\$_	2,489,284	

MONTGOMERY COUNTY PARK ACCOUNT- GENERAL FUND Summary of Revenues, Expenditures/Encumbrances, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	-	Budgete	ed Ai	mounts			Variance with Final Budget -
	-	Original	-	Final	Actual	-	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:							<i></i>
Property Taxes	\$	50,303,500	\$	50,303,500	\$ 50,122,847	\$	(180,653)
Intergovernmental -							
Federal		-		169,624	169,624		-
State		425,000		222,097	3,234		(218,863)
Other		-		33,279	33,279		-
Charges for Services		630,900		630,900	638,223		7,323
Rentals and Concessions		1,322,100		1,322,100	1,440,513		118,413
Interest		120,000		120,000	60,034		(59,966)
Miscellaneous		70,500		70,500	321,731	_	251,231
Total Revenues	-	52,872,000		52,872,000	52,789,485		(82,515)
Expenditures/Encumbrances:							
Director of Montgomery Parks		2,578,500		2,775,500	2,805,223		(29,723)
County-wide Planning		1,396,900		1,420,240	1,441,734		(21,494)
Research and Technology		1,335,900		1,286,900	1,142,029		144,871
Park Development		2,268,500		2,223,160	2,010,827		212,333
Park Police		9,291,100		9,241,100	8,802,559		438,541
Natural Resources		4,228,300		4,202,300	4,147,919		54,381
Central Maintenance		8,280,000		8,230,000	7,940,644		289,356
Northern Region		7,004,000		7,004,000	6,694,487		309,513
Southern Region		9,426,500		9,426,500	9,333,095		93,405
Support Services		5,941,400		5,941,400	6,241,582		(300,182)
Grants		425,000		425,000	206,137		218,863
Property Management		814,000		814,000	831,106		(17,106)
Non-Departmental				014,000	(152,585)		152,585
Total Expenditures/Encumbrances	-	52,990,100		52,990,100	51,444,757	•	1,545,343
Excess of Revenues over (under)							
Expenditures/Encumbrances		(118,100)	-	(118,100)	1,344,728		1,462,828
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	-						
Transfers In (Out) -							
Capital Projects Funds		65,000		65,000	61,521		(3,479)
Debt Service Fund		(3,652,700)		•			• • •
				(3,652,700)	(3,625,922)		26,778
Capital Projects Funds - Development		(210,000)		(300,000)	(300,000)		(202.025)
Internal Service Fund - Group Insurance		1,609,300		1,609,300	1,405,465		(203,835)
Enterprise Fund	-	(86,000)		(86,000)	(86,000)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(2,274,400)	-	(2,364,400)	(2,544,936)		(180,536)
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources							
over (under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$	(2,392,500)	\$,	(2,482,500)	(1,200,208)	\$	1,282,292
Fund Balance - Budget Basis, Beginning					5,489,328		
Fund Balance - Budget Basis, Ending					\$ 4,289,120		
· · ·							

Note 6E

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY Summary of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances Governmental Funds and Accounts June 30, 2004

				General Fu	ind A	ccounts			Capital		Other Governmental		Total Governmental
	_	Administration		Park		Recreation		Total	Projects		Funds		Funds
ASSETS	_				-		-			-			
Equity in the order of a mathematical and the order of th	\$	11,646,591	\$	31,315,336	\$	13,443,779	\$	56,405,706	\$ 10,694,635	\$	7,599,456	\$	74,699,797
Receivables - Taxes (net of allowance													
for uncollectibles)		1,013,000		3,244,884		1,214,000		5,471,884	-		-		5,471,884
Receivables - Other		7,026		139,540		664		147,230	368,534		-		515,764
Due from County Government		122,859		255,154		-		378,013	-		1,605		379,618
Due from Other Governments		-		255,000		123,315		378,315	804,823		-		1,183,138
Restricted Cash - Unspent Debt Proceeds	_			-		-		-	 31,885,741		-	-	31,885,741
Total Assets	\$	12,789,476	\$_	35,209,914	\$	14,781,758	\$	62,781,148	\$ 43,753,733	\$	7,601,061	\$_	114,135,942
LIABLITIES AND FUND BALANCES													
Liabilities:													
Accounts Payable	\$	594,895	\$	934,281	\$	783,364	\$	2,312,540	\$ 13,431,339	\$	175,652	\$	15,919,531
Accrued Liabilities		563,584		1,156,206		968,816		2,688,606	-		201,739		2,890,345
Retainage Payable		-		-		-		-	1,019,528		-		1,019,528
Deposits and Deferred Revenue	_	1,033,558		3,547,747		3,460,650		8,041,955	 -		25,000	_	8,066,955
Total Liabilities	_	2,192,037		5,638,234		5,212,830		13,043,101	 14,450,867		402,391	_	27,896,359
Fund Balances:													
Reserved for Encumbrances		2,941,607		1,539,180		1,105,239		5,586,026	8,086,136		241,396		13,913,558
Reserved for Debt Service		-		-		-		-	-		1,003,917		1,003,917
Unreserved, Designated for Subsequent Years		758,100		15,720,100		1,107,700		17,585,900	-		-		17,585,900
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:													
General Fund		6,897,732		12,312,400		7,355,989		26,566,121	-		-		26,566,121
Special Revenue Fund		-		-		-		-	-		5,953,357		5,953,357
Capital Projects	_			-		-		-	 21,216,730		-		21,216,730
Total Fund Balances	_	10,597,439		29,571,680		9,568,928		49,738,047	 29,302,866		7,198,670	_	86,239,583
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ _	12,789,476	\$	35,209,914	\$	14,781,758	\$.	62,781,148	\$ 43,753,733	<u></u> \$,	7,601,061	\$_	114,135,942

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY Summary of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds and Accounts For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

		General Fund	Accounts		Capital	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	Administration	Park	Recreation	Total	Projects	Funds	Funds
REVENUES							
Property Taxes \$	22,204,297	\$ 80,808,155	\$ 26,535,715	\$ 129,548,167	\$-	\$ 635,407	\$ 130,183,574
Intergovernmental: Federal		240.000		240.200	191.007		705 000
State	10,625	310,366 22,537	227,884	310,366 261,046	424,967 2,835,581	- 10,000	735,333 3,106,627
County	361,204	22,537	56,602	417,806	2,035,561	10,000	417.806
Local	301,204	1,775	12,459	14,234	209,069	-	223,303
Charges for Services	1.820.085	432,578	5,853,713	8,106,376	8,940	759.587	8.874.903
Rentals and Concessions	1,020,000	1,500,329	156,764	1,657,093	6,940	4,653,721	6,310,814
interest	135,413	244.644	140,153	520,210	271,396	4,053,721 64,081	855,687
	100,410	244,044	140,100	520,210	271,390		
Contributions Miscellaneous	-	425.244	-	457 747	-	14,271	14,271
Total Revenues	24,531,786	435,341 83,755,725	22,214 33.005.504	457,717 141,293,015	1,088	259,038	717,843
Total Revenues	24,531,780	63,755,725	33,005,504	141,293,015	3,751,041	6,396,105	151,440,161
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government	7,007,261	-	-	7,007,261	-	-	7,007,261
Planning and Zoning	16,188,138	-	-	16,188,138	-	-	16,188,138
Park Operations and Maintenance	-	51,441,975	-	51,441,975	-	287,417	51,729,392
Recreation	-	-	33,366,927	33,366,927	-	4,636,708	38,003,635
Debt Service:							
Principal	•	-	-	-	-	8,040,000	8,040,000
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	4,586,601	4,586,601
Other Debt Service Costs	-	-	-	-	-	377,253	377,253
Capital Outlay:							
Park Acquisition	-	-	-	-	333,509	-	333,509
Park Development	-	-	-	-	22,425,106	-	22,425,106
Total Expenditures	23,195,399	51,441,975	33,366,927	108,004,301	22,758,615	17,927,979	148,690,895
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues over (under)							<u></u>
Expenditures	1,336,387	32,313,750	(361,423)	33,288,714	(19,007,574)	(11,531,874)	2,749,266
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from General Obligation Bonds	-	-	-	-	14,720,000	•	14,720,000
Refunding Bonds Issued	-	-	-	-		22,805,000	22,805,000
Premiums on Bonds Issued	-	-	-	-	544,789	1,382,097	1,926,886
Payment to Refunding Bond Escrow Account	-	-	-	-	-	(23,862,764)	(23,862,764)
Payment from Private Purpose Trust Funds		-	_	-	-	1.726	1,726
Contribution to Private Purpose Trust Funds	-	-	-	-	-	(194,118)	(194,118)
Transfers In	638,068	1,476,555	579,967	2,694,590	6,986,000	12,564,797	22,245,387
Transfer Out		(24,315,197)		(24,703,797)	(271,396)		(25,135,193)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	638,068	(22,838,642)		(22,009,207)	21,979,393	12,536,738	12,506,924
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,974,455	9,475,108	(170,056)	11,279,507	2,971,819	1,004,864	15,256,190
Fund Balances - Beginning	8,622,984	20,096,572	9,738,984	38,458,540	26,331,047	6,193,806	70,983,393
Fund Balances - Ending \$_	10,597,439	\$ <u>29,571,680</u>	\$	\$49,738,047	\$ <u>29,302,866</u>	\$ 7,198,670	\$ 86,239,583

Note 6F

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY ADMINISTRATION ACCOUNT- GENERAL FUND Summary of Revenues, Expenditures/Encumbrances, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	-	Budgeted	Amounts				Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	_	Original	Fina	al	-	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:							
Property Taxes	\$	22,528,300 \$	22,52	8,300	\$	22,204,297	\$ (324,003)
Intergovernmental -				0.005		10.005	
State		-		0,625		10,625	-
County		365,000		5,000		361,204	(3,796)
Charges for Services		1,253,900		3,900		1,820,085	566,185
Interest Miscellaneous		210,000	21	0,000		135,413	(74,587)
Total Revenues	-	24,357,200	24.36		-	<u>162</u> 24,531,786	<u> </u>
i otal Revenues	-	24,357,200	24,30	7,825	-	24,531,780	103,901
Expenditures/Encumbrances:							
Commissioners' Office		1,920,500	1,92	0,500		1,895,712	24,788
Central Administrative Services -							
Department of Human Resources and Management		1,729,700	1,72	9,700		1,724,862	4,838
Department of Finance		2,162,400	2,16	2,400		2,117,132	45,268
Legal Department		715,900	71	5,900		701,191	14,709
Support Services		485,300	48	5,300		455,506	29,794
Merit System Board	_	42,800	4	2,800	_	29,882	12,918
Total Central Administrative Services		5,136,100	5,13	6,100		5,028,573	107,527
Planning Department		16,766,400	16,77	7.025		16,451,450	325,575
Non-Departmental		-		- ,		(82,713)	82,713
Total Expenditures/Encumbrances	-	23,823,000	23,83	3,625	-	23,293,022	540,603
Excess of Revenues over (under)		524 200	50	4 200		4 000 764	704,564
Expenditures/Encumbrances	-	534,200	53	4,200	-	1,238,764	704,504
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers In (Out) -							
Internal Service Fund - Group Insurance	_	-		-	-	638,068	638,068
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	-			-	638,068	638,068
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources							
over (under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$_	534,200 \$	53	4,200		1,876,832	\$ 1,342,632
Fund Balance - Budget Basis, Beginning						5,779,000	
Fund Balance - Budget Basis, Ending					\$	7,655,832	

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY PARK ACCOUNT- GENERAL FUND Summary of Revenues, Expenditures/Encumbrances, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

		Budgete	d Am	nounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	_	Final		Actual	-	(Negative)
Revenues:			_					
Property Taxes	\$	81,808,900	\$	81,808,900	\$	80,808,155	\$	(1,000,745)
Intergovernmental - Federal		_		22,318		310,366		288,048
State		_		22,510		22,537		200,040
Local		-		1,775		1,775		-
Charges for Services		406,000		406,000		432,578		26,578
Rentals and Concessions		1,555,800		1,555,800		1,500,329		(55,471)
Interest		360,000		360,000		244,644		(115,356)
Miscellaneous	_	126,800		126,800	_	435,341	_	308,541
Total Revenues		84,257,500		84,304,130	_	83,755,725	-	(548,405)
Expenditures/Encumbrances:								
Director's Office		3,459,441		3,459,441		3,093,284		366,157
Park Police		9,141,040		9,141,040		8,969,958		171,082
Support Services		7,242,340		7,214,340		6,839,846		374,494
Park Planning and Development		3,320,879		3,320,879		3,221,099		99,780
Facility Operations -								
Associate Director		366,900		366,900		329,709		37,191
Maintenance and Development		13,893,151		13,893,151		13,844,121		49,030
Natural and Historical Resources		1,770,887		1,802,835		1,771,000		31,835
Arts and Cultural Heritage Park Permits		1,221,480 220,682		1,221,480 220,682		970,199 226,796		251,281 (6,114)
Total Facility Operations		17,473,100		17,505,048		17,141,825	-	363,223
		17,470,100		11,000,040		11,141,020		000,220
Area Operations -								
Northern Area		4,235,943		4,235,943		4,162,780		73,163
Central Area		3,620,227		3,620,227		3,493,037		127,190
Southern Area		3,207,941		3,207,941		3,191,191		16,750
Child Care/Special Projects		37,789	• -	37,789		32,209	-	5,580
Total Area Operations		11,101,900		11,101,900		10,879,217		222,683
Grants		-		42,682		42,682		-
Non-Departmental		588,600		588,600		277,907		310,693
Total Expenditures/Encumbrances		52,327,300		52,373,930	_	50,465,818	-	1,908,112
Excess of Revenues over (under)								
Expenditures/Encumbrances		31,930,200		31,930,200		33,289,907	-	1,359,707
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers In (Out) -								
Capital Projects Funds - Interest		300,000		300,000		271,396		(28,604)
Internal Service Fund - Group Insurance		-		-		1,205,159		1,205,159
Debt Service - Park Fund		(13,215,300)		(13,215,300)		(12,564,797)		650,503
Enterprise Fund		(4,924,400)		(4,924,400)		(4,924,400)		-
Capital Projects Funds - Development		(6,826,000)		(6,826,000)		(6,826,000)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(24,665,700)		(24,665,700)	_	(22,838,642)	-	1,827,058
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources								
over (under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$	7,264,500	\$_	7,264,500		10,451,265	\$	3,186,765
Fund Balance - Budget Basis, Beginning						17,581,235		
Fund Balance - Budget Basis, Ending					\$	28,032,500		
					. =			

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY RECREATION ACCOUNT- GENERAL FUND Summary of Revenues, Expenditures/Encumbrances, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	-	Budgete	ed Ar	nounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:							
Property Taxes	\$	26,954,900	\$	26,954,900	\$	26,535,715	\$ (419,185)
Intergovernmental - Federal		_					
State		-		214,358		- 227,884	13,526
County		50,000		56,602		56,602	.0,0_0
Other Local Munis/Gov				12,459		12,459	-
Charges for Services		5,778,300		5,778,300		5,853,713	75,413
Rentals and Concessions		395,700		395,700		156,764	(238,936)
Interest		220,000		220,000		140,153	(79,847)
Miscellaneous		190,600		190,600		22,214	(168,386)
Total Revenues	-	33,589,500	-	33,822,919		33,005,504	(817,415)
Expenditures/Encumbrances:							
Director's Office		244,018		302,268		246,401	55,867
Support Services		4,235,082		4,136,082		3,549,996	586,086
Total Director's Office	-	4,479,100	-	4,438,350	•	3,796,397	641,953
Facility Operations:							
Sports/Athletic/Outreach Program		3,680,504		3,680,504		3,691,251	(10,747)
Natural and Historical Resources		3,119,796		3,119,796		2,865,758	254,038
Arts and Cultural Heritage		2,609,400		2,609,400		2,498,045	111,355
Grants		50,000		283,419		296,945	(13,526)
Total Facility Operations	_	9,459,700		9,693,119		9,351,999	341,120
Area Operations:							
Deputy Director		312,058		312,058		251,509	60,549
Northern Area		5,692,809		5,692,809		5,296,459	396,350
Central Area		5,205,747		5,205,747		4,949,662	256,085
Southern Area		5,117,195		5,117,195		5,155,157	(37,962)
Child Care and Special Projects	-	3,618,691	-	3,659,441		3,447,475	211,966
Total Area Operations		19,946,500		19,987,250		19,100,262	886,988
Non-Departmental	-	1,367,300	-	1,367,300		1,159,199	208,101
Total Operating Expenditures/Encumbrances	-	35,252,600	-	35,486,019		33,407,857	2,078,162
Excess of Revenues over (under)							
Expenditures/Encumbrances	-	(1,663,100)	-	(1,663,100)		(402,353)	1,260,747
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in (Out) -							
Internal Service Fund - Group Insurance		-		-		579,967	579,967
Enterprise	-	(388,600)	_	(388,600)		(388,600)	<u> </u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(388,600)	-	(388,600)		191,367	579,967
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources							
over (under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$_	(2,051,700)	\$_	(2,051,700)		(210,986)	\$ 1,840,714
Fund Balance - Budget Basis, Begninning						8,674,676	
Fund Balance - Budget Basis, Ending					\$	8,463,690	

Required Supplementary Information for Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Unaudited)

Schedule of Funding Progress for Defined Benefit Pension Plan (the System)- The actuarial accrued liability at the valuation date shown on the Schedule of Funding Progress is a measure of the present value of pension benefits, adjusted for the effects of projected salary increases and step-rate benefits, estimated to be payable in the future as a result of employee service to date. The measure is intended to help users assess the funding status of the System on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons among employers.

Funding activity for the last three years is summarized as follows:

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS (000'S)

	July 1, 2001	<u>July 1, 2002</u>	<u>July 1, 2003</u>
Acturial Valuation of Plan Assets	\$ 468,728	\$ 475,870	\$ 506,099
Actuarial Accrued Liability	360,865	400,855	434,485
Funded Ratio	129.9%	118.7%	116.5%
Actuarial Value of Assets in Excess of Actuarial Accrued Liability	107,863	75,015	71,614
Annual Covered Payroll	88,338	94,183	99,789
Actuarial Value of Assets in Excess of Actuarial Accrued			
Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	122.1%	79.6%	71.8%

Analysis of the dollar amounts of plan net assets, actuarial accrued liability and unfunded actuarial accrued liability in isolation can be misleading. Expressing plan net assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability provides one indication of the system's funding status on a going-concern basis. Analysis of this percentage over time indicates whether the system is becoming financially stronger or weaker. Generally, the greater this percentage, the stronger the system. Trends in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (or excess of) and annual covered payroll are both affected by inflation. Expressing the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of annual covered payroll approximately adjusts for the effects of inflation and aids analysis of the system's progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Generally, the smaller this percentage, the stronger the system.

Note to Required Supplementary Information

In the preparation of the July 1, 2003 actuarial valuation the Employees' Retirement System changed the asset valuation method from the three-year smoothing method to the five-year smoothing method. As a result, the investment performance of plan assets for the year ended June 30, 2003 was 8.72%, which was higher than the actuarial assumption of 7.5%. Thus, there was a slight actuarial gain attributable to asset performance that would have been a loss if the three-year smoothing method from the prior year had been maintained.

Publicly available Financial Statements for the Employees' Retirement System can be obtained at 6611 Kenilworth Avenue, Suite 100, Riverdale, Maryland 20737.



Combining Statements and Schedules

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

These funds have smaller total dollar activity than those shown separately in the Basic Financial Statements



A golfer at the Paint Branch Golf Complex tries the new accessible cart for individuals with mobility impairments

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Special Revenue Funds account for certain revenues which are dedicated by the Commission to certain purposes other than debt service, and are used in general operations comprised of park operation and maintenance, recreation (Prince George's County only), and planning and administration.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

The Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources and the payment of general obligation bond principal, interest, and related costs. The Commission maintains Park Debt Service and Advance Land Acquisition Debt Service Funds for each County.

Schedule 1

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2004

			MONTGOMER	Y COUNTY			PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY							
ASSETS	Sr Planning	ecial Revenue Fu Parks	nds Total Special Revenue	Park Debt Service	Advance Land Acquisition Debt Service	Total	S	pecial Revenue Fu Parks and Recreation	nds Total Special Revenue	Park Debt Service	Advance Land Acquisition Debt Service	Total	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Due from County Government Total Assets	216,787	\$ 248,606 \$ 420 46,738 \$ 295,764 \$	908,232 420 263,525 1,172,177	-	20,388 \$ 	928,620 \$ 420 272,396 1,201,436 \$	- 	\$ 6,041,998 \$ - \$ 6,041,998 \$		\$ 1,110,527 \$ \$\$	1,148 \$ 	7,599,456 \$ <u>1,605</u> 7,601,061 \$	8,528,076 420 274,001 8,802,497	
LIABILITIES														
Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities Due to County Government Deposits and Deferred Revenue Total Liabilities	\$ 11,809 - 7,617 <u>385,111</u> 404,537	\$ - \$ - 	7,617 385,111 404,537	\$ - \$ 	- \$ - - 	11,809 \$ 7,617 385,111 404,537	;; 	\$ 175,652 \$ 92,376 	175,652 92,376 	5 - \$ 109,363 - - - 109,363	- \$	175,652 \$ 201,739 25,000 402,391	187,461 201,739 7,617 410,111 806,928	
FUND BALANCES														
Reserved for Encumbrances Reserved for Debt Service Unreserved, Undesignated Total Fund Balances	253,323 218,553 471,876	952 294,812 295,764	254,275 513,365 767,640	- - 	29,259 29,259	254,275 29,259 513,365 796,899	2,850 442,933 445,783	238,546 	241,396 5,953,357 6,194,753	1,001,164	2,753	241,396 1,003,917 5,953,357 7,198,670	495,671 1,033,176 6,466,722 7,995,569	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 876,413	\$ <u>295,764</u> \$	1,172,177	\$\$	29,259 \$	1,201,436 \$	445,783	6,041,998 \$	6,487,781	§ <u>1,110,527</u> \$	2,753 \$	7,601,061 \$	8,802,497	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

			MONTGOM	ERY COUNTY			PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY									
	Spec	ial Revenue Fu Parks	nds Total Special Revenue	Advance Land Park Acquisition Debt Debt Service Service		Total	Spe	ecial Revenue Fur Parks and Recreation	nds Total Special Revenue	Park Debt Service	Advance Land Acquisition Debt Service	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds				
REVENUES:																
Property Taxes \$		- \$	- \$	- \$	1,004,254 \$	1,004,254 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	635,407 \$	635,407 \$				
Intergovernmental - County	246,784	145,277	392,061	-	-	392,061	-	-	-	-	-	-	392,061			
Intergovernmental - Other	-	9,121	9,121	-	-	9,121	-	10,000	10,000	-	-	10,000	19,121			
Charges for Services Recreation Activities	79,819	-	79,819	-	-	79,819	-	759,587	759,587	-	-	759,587	839,406			
Interest	-		-	-	•	-	-	4,653,721	4,653,721	-	-	4,653,721	4,653,721			
Contributions	6,419	2,711	9,130	-	-	9,130	5,177	58,904	64,081	-	-	64,081	73,211			
Miscellaneous	56,859	- 1,397	58,256	•	•	-	-	14,271	14,271	-	•	14,271	14,271			
Total Revenues	389.881	158,506	548,387		1,004,254	58,256	5.177	259,038	259,038		635,407	259,038 6,396,105	<u>317,294</u> 7,948,746			
Total Revenues	309,001	156,500	546,367		1,004,254	1,552,041	5,177	5,755,521	5,760,698	<u> </u>	635,407	0,390,103	7,948,746			
EXPENDITURES:																
Principal Retirements				0.005.000	(50.000	0.745.000				7,715,000	205 000	0.040.000	10 755 000			
Interest	-	-	-	2,295,000 1,186,107	420,000 172,806	2,715,000 1,358,913	-	-	-	4,470,494	325,000 116,107	8,040,000 4,586,601	10,755,000 5,945,514			
Other Debt Service Costs	-	-	:	144,815	3,307	148,122	-	-		375,345	1,908	377,253	525,375			
Planning and Zoning	315,754	-	315,754	-	0,007	315,754	-	-	-		1,000		315,754			
Park Operations and Maintenance	-	253,718	253,718			253,718		287,417	287,417	-	-	287,417	541,135			
Recreation	-				-	200,110	-	4,636,708	4,636,708	-	-	4,636,708	4,636,708			
Total Expenditures	315,754	253,718	569,472	3,625,922	596,113	4,791,507		4,924,125	4,924,125	12,560,839	443,015	17,927,979	22,719,486			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	74,127	(95,212)	(21,085)	(3,625,922)	408,141	(3,238,866)	5,177	831,396	836,573	(12,560,839)	192,392	(11,531,874)	(14,770,740)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)																
Refunding Bonds Issued	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	22,805,000	-	22,805,000	22,805,000			
Premiums on Bonds Issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,382,097	-	1,382,097	1,382,097			
Payment to Refunding Bond Escrow Account	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(23,862,764)	-	(23,862,764)	(23,862,764)			
Payment from Trust Fund	-	-	-	-	6,889	6,889	-	-	-	-	1,726	1,726	8,615			
Contribution to Trust Fund	-	-	-	-	(415,030)	(415,030)	-	-	-	-	(194,118)	(194,118)	(609,148)			
Transfers in	-	-	-	3,625,922	-	3,625,922	-	-	-	12,564,797	-	12,564,797	16,190,719			
Transfers Out		-		-	-	-	-	(160,000)	(160,000)	-	-	(160,000)	(160,000)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	·			3,625,922	(408,141)	3,217,781		(160,000)	(160,000)	12,889,130	(192,392)	12,536,738	15,754,519			
Net change in fund balances	74 407	(05.040)	(04.005)			(04.005)	- · · · ·	074 000	070 -70	000.004		4 00 4 00 4	000 770			
Fund Balances - beginning	74,127	(95,212)	(21,085)	-	-	(21,085)	5,177	671,396	676,573	328,291		1,004,864	983,779			
Fund Balances - beginning Fund Balances - ending \$	397,749 471,876 \$	<u>390,976</u> 295,764 \$	788,725	<u> </u>	29,259	817,984	440,606	5,077,574	5,518,180	672,873	2,753	6,193,806	7,011,790			
s una palances - enving 3	4/1,0/0 \$	293,/04 \$	101,040 \$	\$	29,259 \$	796,899 \$	445,783 \$	5,748,970 \$	6,194,753 \$	1,001,164_\$	2,753 \$	7,198,670 \$	7,995,569			

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Schedule 2

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures/Encumbrances, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual - Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

				Montgom	County		Prince George's County								
	_	Budget	ed Ai	mounts			Variance Positive	_	Budgete	ed Ar	nounts				Variance Positive
	_	Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)		Original	-	Final		Actual	_	(Negative)
Revenues:															
Intergovernmental	\$	453,914	\$	453,914	\$	401,182	\$ (52,732)	\$	-	\$	-	\$,	\$	10,000
Charges for Services		206,500		206,500		79,819	(126,681)		582,605		582,605		759,587		176,982
Recreation Activities		-		-		-	-		3,959,148		3,959,148		4,653,721		694,573
Interest		500		500		9,130	8,630		196, 40 0		196,400		64,081		(132,319)
Contributions		-		-		-	-		-		-		14,271		14,271
Miscellaneous		134,486	_	134,486	_	58,256	(76,230)		312,347	_	312,347	-	259,038	_	(53,309)
Total Revenues		795,400	-	795,400	-	548,387	 (247,013)		5,050,500		5,050,500	-	5,760,698		710,198
Expenditures/Encumbrances: Current -															
County Planning and Zoning		554,970		554,970		455,979	98,991		200,000		200,000		-		200,000
Park Operations and Maintenance		511,230		511,230		167,745	343,485		320,225		320,225		306,717		13,508
Recreation				-		· -	-		4,820,775		4,820,775		4,640,189		180,586
Total Expenditures/Encumbrances	_	1,066,200	-	1,066,200	_	623,724	 442,476		5,341,000		5,341,000	-	4,946,906		394,094
Excess of Revenues over (under)															
Expenditures/Encumbrances	-	(270,800)	-	(270,800)	_	(75,337)	195,463		(290,500)		(290,500)	_	813,792	_	1,104,292
Other Financing (Lass)															
Other Financing (Uses): Transfers Out									(500.000)		(500.000)		(400.000)		0.40.000
	_		-		-			-	(500,000)	-	(500,000)	-	(160,000)	_	340,000
Total Other Financing (Uses)	_	-	-		-			_	(500,000)	-	(500,000)	-	(160,000)	_	340,000
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources over (under) Expenditures/Encumbrances and Other Financing Uses - Budget Basis	\$	(270,800)	\$_	(270,800)		(75,337)	\$ 195,463	\$	(790,500)	\$_	(790,500)		653,792	\$	1,444,292
Fund Balances - Budget Basis, July 1					-	588,702						-	5,299,565		
Fund Balances - Budget Basis, June 30					\$_	513,365						\$_	5,953,357		

The funds budgets are approved by the respective County Council only for the total of both funds

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Schedule 3



Mini Golf Course challenges players at South Germantown Recreational Park

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise Funds are used to account for recreational and cultural facilities that are operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the Commission's intent is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public will be recovered primarily through user charges.

Schedule 4

Schedule of Net Assets Enterprise Funds June 30, 2004 and 2003

			Recreational and C	ultural Facilities		
	Montgomer	v County	Prince George	's County	Total	
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30	June 30	June 30,
	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 1,915,335 \$	1,455,113 \$	1,861,695 \$	1,760,871 \$	3,777,030 \$	3,215,984
Restricted Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments						
Revenue Bond Covenant Accounts	-	589,848	-	-	-	589,848
Unspent Equipment Financing Proceeds	-	51,717	-	-	-	51,717
Accounts Receivable	447	3,647	5,479	2,388	5,926	6,035
Inventories	762,750	854,621	524,175	537,251	1,286,925	1,391,872
Total Current Assets	2,678,532	2,954,946	2,391,349	2,300,510	5,069,881	5,255,456
Capital Assets:						
Land	11,584,468	11,584,468	7,779,131	7,779,131	19,363,599	19,363,599
Buildings and Improvements	28,034,632	26,132,269	68,875,825	65,055,716	96,910,457	91,187,985
Machinery and Equipment	4,817,028	4,720,278	4,437,785	4,295,454	9,254,813	9,015,732
Construction in Progress	144,753	1,583,216	-	-	144,753	1,583,216
5	44,580,881	44,020,231	81,092,741	77,130,301	125.673.622	121,150,532
Less - Accumulated Depreciation	(11,870,233)	(10,193,409)	(18,152,783)	(15,928,481)	(30,023,016)	(26,121,890)
Total Capital Assets (net of depreciation)	32,710,648	33,826,822	62,939,958	61,201,820	95,650,606	95,028,642
Total Assets	35,389,180	36,781,768	65,331,307	63,502,330	100,720,487	100,284,098
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	313,958	299,065	259,177	243,713	573,135	542,778
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	213,608	154,631	312,296	231,304	525,904	385,935
Compensated Absences	206,426	210,050	184,217	166,364	390,643	376,414
Interest Payable	110,993	116,240	-	-	110,993	116,240
Revenue Collected in Advance	523,794	548,900	125,408	138,697	649,202	687,597
Current Portion of Revenue Bonds Payable	590,256	300,000	-	-	590,256	300,000
Current Portion of Revenue Notes Payable	444,444	684,444	-	-	444,444	684,444
Current Portion of Notes Payable	89,918	86,711		-	89,918	86,711
Total Current Liabilities	2,493,397	2,400,041	881,098	780,078	3,374,495	3,180,119
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Revenue Bonds Payable	4,790,578	2,831,433		-	4,790,578	2,831,433
Revenue Notes Payable	3,777,780	6,747,224	-	-	3,777,780	6,747,224
Notes Payable	113,770	203,688	-	-	113,770	203,688
Compensated Absences	238,608	239,547	342,657	354,451	581,265	593,998
Payable to Advance Land Acquisition Trust Fund	-	-	-	3,829,363	-	3,829,363
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	8,920,736	10,021,892	342,657	4,183,814	9,263,393	14,205,706
Total Liabilities	11,414,133	12,421,933	1,223,755	4,963,892	12,637,888	17,385,825
NET ASSETS						
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	22,903,902	23,025,039	62,939,958	57,372,457	85,843,860	80,397,496
Restricted for Debt Service		589,848		-	-	589,848
						1 010 000
Unrestricted	1,071,145	744,948	1,167,594	1,165,981	2,238,739	1,910,929

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Enterprise Funds For the Years Ended June 30, 2004 and 2003

Recreational and Cultural Facilities Prince George's County Montgomery County Totals Year Ended June 30 Year Ended June 30, Year Ended June 30, 2004 2003 2004 2003 2004 2003 **Operating Revenues:** \$ Intergovernmental - Federal \$ \$ 26,000 \$ \$ 26,000 \$ Sales 1,420,420 1,343,769 1,191,248 1,268,004 2,611,668 2,611,773 Charges for Services 9,829,646 8,730,639 4,549,390 3,789,223 14,379,036 12,519,862 **Rentals and Concessions** 2,227,114 2,828,450 2,611,242 1,996,982 5,055,564 4,608,224 **Total Operating Revenues** 14,078,516 12,685,650 7,993,752 7,054,209 22,072,268 19,739,859 Operating Expenses: 829,619 815,033 Cost of Goods Sold 1,075,465 1,905,084 1,813,262 998,229 Personal Services 5,808,702 5,637,641 7,738,612 7,464,442 13,547,314 13,102,083 Supplies and Materials 1,306,904 1,678,246 1,230,074 1,230,011 2,536,978 2,908,257 592.737 336,936 Communications 115,512 131,142 205,794 708,249 Utilities 850,773 737,127 943,941 4,835 1,794,714 741,962 Maintenance 334,525 307,010 674,275 434,166 1,008,800 741,176 Contractual Services 1,558,004 1,501,624 620.378 813.649 2.178.382 2,315,273 627,651 640,952 Other Services and Charges 219,319 259,463 408,332 381,489 Administrative Services 1,169,811 1,195,419 1,169,811 1,195,419 Depreciation 1,676,830 1,592,080 2,230,702 2,181,239 3,907,532 3,773,319 15,514,516 27,568,639 **Total Operating Expenses** 13,854,785 13,713,854 29,384,515 13.869.999 Operating Income (Loss) 208,517 (1,169,135) (7,520,764) (6,659,645) (7,312,247) (7,828,780) Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Investment Earnings 67,003 91,593 28,868 32,218 95.871 123,811 Interest Expense, net of Amortization (648,996) (674,407) (648,996) (674,407) Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense) (582,814) (550,596) (581,993) 28,868 32.218 (553,125) Income (Loss) before Transfers (373, 476)(1,751,949) (7,491,896) (6,627,427) (7, 865, 372)(8, 379, 376)Contribution from Trust Fund 3,829,363 3,829,363 Transfers In - General Government Assets 3,820,108 3,820,108 Transfers In 163,688 181,932 5,411,539 4,648,014 5,575,227 4,829,946 (175,000) Transfers Out (175,000) (175,000) (175,000) 13,061,010 Total Transfers (11, 312)6.932 4,648,014 13.049.698 4 654 946 Change in Net Assets (384,788) (1,745,017) 5,569,114 (1,979,413) 5,184,326 (3,724,430) 86,622,703 Total Net Assets - Beginning 24,359,835 26,104,852 58,538,438 60,517,851 82,898,273 64,107,552 58,538,438 82,898,273 Total Net Assets - Ending \$ 23,975,047 s 24,359,835 s \$ \$ 88,082,599 \$

Schedule 5

Schedule of Cash Flows - Enterprise Funds For the Years Ended June 30, 2004 and 2003

Recreational and Cultural Facilities Montgomery County Prince George's County Year Ended June 30 Year Ended June 30 Year Ended June 30 2004 2003 2004 2003 2004 2003 Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from Customers and Users 14,056,610 \$ 12,795,570 \$ 7,977,372 \$ 7,038,079 \$ 22,033,982 \$ 19,833,649 Payments to Suppliers (4, 245, 539)(4.680,753) (5.263,862) (3.861.070)(9.509.401) (8.541.823) Payments to Employees (5,754,288)(5,608,387) (7,651,561)(7, 384, 629)(13, 405, 849)(12,993,016)Payments for Interfund Services Used (1,120,400) (867,600) (860,000) (252, 800)(243,100) (1, 103, 100)Payments for Administrative Charges (1,169,811) (1, 195, 419)(1, 169, 811)(1,195,419) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities (3,171,479) 2,019,372 451,011 (5,190,851) (4, 450, 720)(3,999,709) Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Transfers In from Other Funds 163,688 181,931 5,411,539 4,648,014 5,575,227 4,829,945 Transfers Out to Other Funds (175,000) (175,000) (175,000) (175,000) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital **Financing Activities** (11, 312)6,931 5,411,539 4,648,014 5,400,227 4,654,945 Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets (560,651) (819,468) (148,732)(178, 117)(709, 383)(997, 585)Principal Paid on Notes Payable (846,817) (732,920) (846,817) (732, 920)Principal Paid on Revenue Bonds (300,000) (285,000) (300,000) (285,000) Interest Paid (616,933) (642,344) (616,933) (642,344) Proceeds from Financing - Notes Payable 67,995 131,593 67,995 131,593 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related **Financing Activities** (2,256,406)(2,348,139)(148,732)(178, 117)(2,405,138)(2,526,256) Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest on Restricted Investments 1,874 104,895 1,874 104,895 Interest on Investments 65,129 (13,302) 28,868 32,218 93,997 18,916 91,593 123,811 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities 67,003 28,868 32,218 95,871 Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (181, 343)(1,798,604) 100,824 51,395 (80,519) (1,747,209) Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash, July 1 2,096,678 3,895,282 1,760,871 1,709,476 3,857,549 5,604,758 Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash, June 30 1,915,335 \$ 2,096,678 \$ 1,861,695 \$ 1,760,871 3,777,030 \$ 3,857,549 \$ \$ Displayed as: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments \$ 1,915,335 \$ 1,455,113 \$ 1,861,695 \$ 1.760.871 \$ 3.777.030 \$ 3,215,984 Restricted for Revenue Bond Covenants 589,848 589,848 Restricted Revenue and Equipment Financing Proceeds 51,717 51,717 3,777,030 \$ 1,915,335 2,096,678 1,861,695 1,760,871 3.857.549 Reconciliation of Operating Income/(Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) \$ 208.517 \$ (1,169,135) \$ (7,520,764) \$ (6.659.645)(7,312,247) \$ (7,828,780)Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: 1,676,830 2,230,702 3,907,532 3,773,319 Depreciation 1,592,080 2,181,239 Changes in Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable 3,200 (3,275) (3,091)(61) 109 (3, 336)91,871 104.947 (3.087)(Increase) Decrease in Inventories, at Cost (11, 915)13,076 8.828 Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable 14,893 (89,033) 15,464 (44,825) 30,357 (133,858) Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Salaries and Benefits 18,370 80 992 28,768 139 969 47,138 58 977 Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences (4, 563)10,884 6,059 51,045 1,496 61,929 (10, 160)Increase (Decrease) in Interest Pavable (5,247) (10,160) (5,247) (38,395) 97,126 Increase (Decrease) in Revenue Collected in Advance (25,106) 113,195 (13,289) (16,069) 3,829,071 1,620,146 4,140,768 Total Adjustments 1,810,855 2,329,913 2,208,925 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities (3,171,479) 2,019,372 \$ 451,011 (5,190,851) (4,450,720) (3,999,709)

Noncash investing, capital and financing activities:

In fiscal year 2002, land with a historical cost of \$3,793,139 was transferred from the General

Government to the Montgomery Enterprise Fund

Schedule 6



All ages enjoy Hispanic food, music, culture and fun at the annual "Festival Hispano" at Lane Manor Park

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the consolidated financing of certain goods or services provided to other Commission funds on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Capital Equipment Funds

The Montgomery County Capital Equipment Fund is used to account for the acquisition of equipment through the use of tax exempt financing and the leasing of the equipment to other Commission funds.

Executive Office Building Fund

The Prince George's County Executive Office Building Fund is used to account for the cost of operating the Executive Office Building and was used to account for the renovation costs of that building which was acquired in February of 1992.

Employee Benefits Funds

The Employee Benefits Funds are used to account for the costs related to employees' life and health insurance coverage, and the flexible spending program. The Fund is also used to charge various programs and projects in the governmental funds for annual leave earned and estimates of sick leave that will be taken in order to better measure their costs. The Fund includes the total compensated absences liability and the assets available to pre-fund compensated absences.

Risk Management Funds

The Risk Management Funds are used to account for the activity related to general liability, property damage, and workers compensation.

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2004

		MOI	TGOMERY COUN	TY		PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY				TOTALS		
				TOTAL	s	Executive				TOTALS		
	Capital Equipment	Employee Benefits	Risk Management	June 30, 2004	June 30, 2003	Office Building	Employee Benefits	Risk Management	June 30, 2004	June 30, 2003	June 30, 2004	June 30, 2003
ASSETS	Equipricent	<u> </u>	management			Dunung		management				
Current Assets:												
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments \$	2,664,032 \$	9,430,564 \$	4,559,639 \$	16,654,235 \$	15,989,861 \$	398,594 \$	10,026,772 \$	10,040,322 \$	20,465,688 \$	19,945,739 \$	37,119,923 \$	35,935,600
Restricted Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments:												
Unspent Revenue Bond and Equipment Financing												
Proceeds	-	-	-	-	1,049,354	-	-	-	•	-		1,049,354
Accounts Receivable	-	-	250	250	250	•	-	-			250	250
Due from County Government	•		125,000	125,000	93,543	-	· · · · ·	125,000	125,000	93,543	250,000	187,086
Due from Other Funds - 115 Trust	-	897,147	-	897,147	466,351	-	897,147	-	897,147	466,351	1,794,294	932,702
Deposits and Other Total Current Assets		1,680		1,680	21,561		1,680		1,680	21,561	3,360 39,167,827	43,122
rotal Current Assets	2,664,032	10,329,391	4,684,889	17,678,312	17,620,920	398,594	10,925,599	10,165,322	21,489,515	20,527,194	39,167,827	38,148,114
Noncurrent Assets:												
Capital Assets:												
Land		_		_		748.497			748,497	748,497	748,497	748,497
Buildings and Improvements	102,469			102.469	102,469	2.649,865			2.649.865	2,649,865	2,752,334	2.752.334
Machinery and Equipment	18,929,864	-	170.629	19,100,493	17,619,268	26,326		344,883	371,209	226,109	19,471,702	17.845.377
Less-Accumulated Depreciation	(13,591,534)	-	(78,978)	(13,670,512)	(12,284,871)	(1,129,164)		(105,364)	(1,234,528)	(1,078,467)	(14,905,040)	(13,363,338)
Total Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	5,440,799		91.651	5,532,450	5,436,866	2,295,524		239,519	2.535.043	2,546,004	8,067,493	7,982,870
Total Assets	8,104,831	10,329,391	4,776,540	23,210,762	23,057,786	2,694,118	10,925,599	10,404,841	24,024,558	23,073,198	47,235,320	46,130,984
LIABILITIES												
Current Liabilities:												
Accounts Payable	324,148	849	2,859	327,856	234,460	16,368	848	2,449	19,665	189,237	347,521	423,697
Current Portion of Claims Payable	-	330,519	703,410	1,033,929	975,182	-	330,519	689,037	1,019,556	978,895	2,053,485	1,954,077
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	•	181,533	8,233	189,766	121,461	3,940	188,570	8,233	200,743	123,660	390,509	245,121
Current Portion of Notes Payable	1,270,127	•	•	1,270,127	1,685,556	145,000	-	-	145,000	145,000	1,415,127	1,830,556
Current Portion of Compensated Absences		3,817,600	6,450	3,824,050	3,692,047	9,396	4,315,900	6,450	4,331,746	4,194,704	8,155,796	7,886,751
Due to County Government		-	110,937	110,937	5,032	-	-	110,937	110,937	5,032	221,874	10,064
Interest Payable	22,209	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	22,209	27,932	40,469	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	40,469	44,304	62,678	72,236
Total Current Liabilities	1,616,484	4,330,501	831,889	6,778,874	6,741,670	215,173	4,835,837	817,106	5,868,116	5,680,832	12,646,990	12,422,502
Noncurrent Liabilities:												•
Claims Payable - Net of Current Portion		464,213	2.119.316	2,583,529	2,419,086		464.214	2.046.008	2,510,222	2.430.232	5.093.751	4,849,318
Notes Payable - Net of Current Portion	2,020,508	404,213	2,119,510	2,020,508	3,290,635	1,385,000	464,214	2,046,008	1,385,000	1,530,000	3,405,508	4,820,635
Compensated Absences - Net of Current Portion	2,020,300	2,367,300	17,882	2,385,182	2,239,532	1,385,000	3.067.000	17,882	3,086,132	2,837,760	5,471,314	5.077.292
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	2,020,508	2,831,513	2,137,198	6,989,219	7,949,253	1,386,250	3,531,214	2,063,890	6.981.354	6.797.992	13,970,573	14,747,245
Total Liabilities	3,636,992	7.162.014	2,969,087	13,768,093	14,690,923	1,601,423	8,367,051	2,880,996	12,849,470	12,478,824	26,617,563	27,169,747
	0,000,002	/_102,014	2,303,001	10,100,000	14,030,320	1,001,425	0,007,001	2,000,930	12,045,410	12,410,024	20,017,000	21,103,141
NET ASSETS												
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	2,150,164		91,651	2,241,815	1,510,029	765.524	-	239,519	1,005,043	871,004	3,246,858	2.381.033
Unrestricted	2,317,675	3,167,377	1,715,802	7,200,854	6,856,834	327,171	2,558,548	7,284,326	10,170,045	9,723,370	17,370,899	16,580,204
Total Net Assets \$	4,467,839 \$	3,167,377 \$	1,807,453 \$	9,442,669 \$	8,366,863 \$	1,092,695 \$	2,558,548 \$	7,523,845 \$	11,175,088 \$	10,594,374 \$	20,617,757 \$	18,961,237
· -	······		*********************************	•••	•		*	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			* <u></u> *	<u></u>

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Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

		мс	NTGOMERY COUN	тү		PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY				TOTALS		
				TOTAL	s	Executive			τοτα	s		
	Capital	Employee	Risk –	June 30,	June 30,	Office	Employee	Risk	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
	Equipment	Benefits	Management	2004	2003	Building	Benefits	Management	2004	2003	2004	2003
Operating Revenues:												· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Charges for Services	\$ 2,979,953 \$	16,568,557 \$	1,701,500 \$	21,250,010 \$	17,555,141 \$	743,600 \$	17,885,207 \$	2,431,500 \$	21,060,307 \$	19,007,358 \$	42,310,317 \$	36,562,499
Claim Recoveries	-	-	175,995	175,995	110,192	-	-	440,907	440,907	180,309	616,902	290,501
Total Operating Revenues	2,979,953	16,568,557	1,877,495	21,426,005	17,665,333	743,600	17,885,207	2,872,407	21,501,214	19,187,667	42,927,219	36,853,000
Operating Expenses:												
Personal Services		5,668,172	308,188	5,976,360	5,659,736	125,449	6.754.812	308,200	7,188,461	6,895,900	13,164,821	12,555,636
Supplies and Materials	29,069	-	25,180	54,249	185,178	84,332	-	19,686	104,018	103,784	158,267	288,962
Contractual Services -			•		•			,				
Claims Incurred	•	5,595,442	1,810,366	7,405,808	5,664,354		5,595,441	2,452,861	8,048,302	4,627,308	15,454,110	10,291,662
insurance	-	4,538,337	161	4,538,498	5,059,926	-	4,538,337	26,301	4,564,638	5,010,476	9,103,136	10,070,402
Other Services and Charges	26,900	35,250	186,443	248,593	300,351	271,663	35,250	230,244	537,157	555,119	785,750	855,470
Depreciation	1,657,438	-	26,482	1,683,920	1,518,399	107,750	-	48,312	156,062	128,475	1,839,982	1,646,874
Total Operating Expenses	1,713,407	15,837,201	2,356,820	19,907,428	18,387,944	589,194	16,923,840	3,085,604	20,598,638	17,321,062	40,506,066	35,709,006
Operating Income (Loss)	1,266,546	731,355	(479,325)	1,518,577	(722,611)	154,406	961,367	(213,197)	902,576	1,866,605	2,421,153	1,143,994
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):												
Interest Income	15,161	88,042	51,080	154,283	269,832	4,172	101,527	118,099	223,798	300,592	378,081	570,424
Interest Expense	(131,677)			(131,677)	(137,603)	(82,921)	•	-	(82,921)	(90,327)	(214,598)	(227,930)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(116,516)	88,042	51,080	22,606	132,229	(78,749)	101,527	118,099	140,877	210,265	163,483	342,494
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	1,150,030	819,398	(428,245)	1,541,183	(590,382)	75,657	1,062,894	(95,098)	1,043,453	2,076,870	2,584,636	1,486,488
Transfers in (Out) :												
Reimbursement from Trust Funds		1,840,645		1,840,645	1,378,583		1,840,644	-	1.840.644	1,378,582	3,681,289	2,757,165
Transfers in			6,309	6,309	5,568	2,638	-	6,309	8,947	7,794	15,256	13,362
Transfers (Out)	-	(2,312,331)	· -	(2,312,331)	(1.422.632)		(2,312,330)		(2,312,330)	(1,422,631)	(4,624,661)	(2,845,263)
Net Operating Transfers		(471,686)	6,309	(465,377)	(38,481)	2,638	(471.686)	6,309	(462,739)	(36,255)	(928,116)	(74,736)
Change in Net Assets	1,150,030	347,712	(421,936)	1,075.806	(628,863)	78,295	591,208	(88,789)	580,714	2,040,615	1,656,520	1,411,752
Total Net Assets, July 1	3,317,809	2,819,665	2,229,389	8,366,863	8,995,726	1,014,400	1,967,340	7,612,634	10,594,374	8,553,759	18,961,237	17,549,485
Total Net Assets, June 30	\$ 4,467,839 \$	3,167,377 \$	1,807,453 \$	9,442,669 \$	8,366,863 \$	1,092,695 \$	2,558,548 \$	7,523,845 \$	11,175,088 \$	10,594,374 \$	20,617,757 \$	18,961,237

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Schedule 8

Combining Statement of Cash Flows - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

		MONTGOM	ERY COUNTY	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY				
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	Capital Equipment	Employee Benefits	Risk Management	TOTAL	Executive Office Building	Employee Benefits	Risk Management	TOTAL	TOTAL
	\$ 2,979,953	\$ 16,137,761	\$ 1,865,919 \$	20.983.633	\$ 743,600 \$	17,454,411	§ 2,860,831 \$	21,058,842 \$	42.042.475
Payments to Suppliers	181,407	(10,282,330)	(1,560,907)	(11,661,830)	(352,287)	(10,282,329)	(2,423,600)	(13,058,216)	(24,720,046)
Payments to Employees	-	(5,322,215)	(308,187)	(5,630,402)	(126,958)	(6,290,806)	(308,200)	(6,725,964)	(12,356,366)
Payments for Interfund Services Used	(26,900)		(106,400)	(168,550)	(1,100)	(35,250)	(106,400)	(142,750)	(311,300)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	3,134,460	497,966	(109,575)	3,522,851	263,255	846,026	22,631	1,131,912	4,654,763
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:									
Transfers in From Other Funds	-	(471,686)	6,309	(465,377)	2,638	(471,686)	6,309	(462,739)	(928,116)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital									
Financing Activities		(471,686)	6,309	(465,377)	2,638	(471,686)	6,309	(462,739)	(928,116)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:									
Acquisition of Capital Assets	(1,763,083)	-	(16,423)	(1,779,506)	-	-	(145,101)	(145,101)	(1,924,607)
Principal Paid on Notes Payable	(1,685,554)	-	-	(1,685,554)	(145,000)	-	-	(145,000)	(1,830,554)
Interest Paid on Notes Payable	(131,677)		-	(131,677)	(82,921)		-	(82,921)	(214,598)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and									
Related Financing Activities	(3,580,314)		(16,423)	(3,596,737)	(227,921)		(145,101)	(373,022)	(3,969,759)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:									
Interest on Investments	15,161	88,042	51,080	154,283	4,172	101,527	118,099	223,798	378,081
Net Cash Provided (Used) by									
Investing Activities	15,161	88,042	51,080	154,283	4,172	101,527	118,099	223,798	378,081
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(430,693)	114,322	(68,609)	(384,980)	42,144	475,867	1,938	519,949	134,969
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1	3,094,725	9,316,242	4,628,248	17,039,215	356,450	9,550,905	10,038,384	19,945,739	36,984,954
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$ 2,664,032	\$ 9,430,564	\$ 4,559,639 \$	16,654,235	\$ 398,594 \$	10,026,772	\$ 10,040,322 \$	20,465,688 \$	37,119,923
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	\$ 1,266,546	\$ 731,356	\$ (479,325) \$	1,518,577 \$	\$ 154,406 \$	961,367 \$	\$ (213,197) \$	902,576 \$	2,421,153
Depreciation Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	1,657,438	-	26,482	1,683,920	107,750	-	48,312	156,062	1,839,982
(Increase) Decrease in Due from County Government	_	_	(31,457)	(31,457)		-	(31,457)	(31,457)	(62,914)
(Increase) Decrease in Deposits and Other	-	-	19,881	19,881	-	-	19,881	19,881	39,762
(Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds	-	(430,796)		(430,796)		(430,796)		(430,796)	(861,592)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	216,199	(120,065)	(2,738)	93,396	6,443	(120,066)	(55,949)	(169,572)	(76,176)
Increase (Decrease) in Claims Pavable		44,169	41,191	85,360	-	44,170	(63,656)	(19,486)	65,874
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Salaries and Benefits	-	67,657	648	68,305	829	75,606	648	77,083	145,388
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences	-	278,300	(2,550)	275,750	(2,338)	388,400	(2,551)	383,511	659,261
Increase (Decrease) in Interest Payable	(5,723)	-	-	(5,723)	(3,835)	· -	-	(3,835)	(9,558)
Increase (Decrease) in Incurred But Unreported Clms	-	(72,655)	210,485	137,830	-	(72,655)	212,792	140,137	277,967
Increase (Decrease) in Other Accrued Liabilities	-	•	1,903	1,903	-	-	1,903	1,903	3,806
Increase (Decrease) in Due to County Government		- <u>-</u>	105,905	105,905	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	105,905	105,905	211,810
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 3,134,460	\$ 497,966	\$ (109,575) \$	3,522,851 \$	<u>263,255</u> \$	846,026 \$	22,631 \$	1,131,912 \$	4,654,763

66



Everyone enjoys petting a lamb at the Agricultural History Farm Park

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Commission in a trustee capacity or as an agent for employees, individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds.

Pension Trust Funds

The Pension Trust Funds are used to account for activities related to benefits for retired employees. This includes all activities of the Employees' Retirement System including accumulation of resources for, and payment of, retirement annuities and/or other benefits and the administrative costs of operating the system. This also includes resources set aside to pay the Commission's portion of medical costs for retirees.

Private Purpose Trust Funds

The Private Purpose Trust Funds are used to account for funds whose principal and interest must be expended in accordance with their designated purposes.

Agency Funds

The Agency Funds are used to account for funds where the Commission is merely acting in an agent capacity for another organization.

Schedule 10

Combining Statements of Net Assets Fiduciary Fund Types June 30, 2004

	PE	ENSION TRUST FU Employees'	NDS		PRIVATE PURPOS TRUST FUNDS	E	AGENCY FUNDS			
	Employees' Retirement Fund	Post Employment Benefits Fund	Total Pension Trust Funds	Montgomery County	Prince George's County	Total Private Purpose Trust Funds	State Retirement	Montgomery	Total Agency Funds	
ASSETS										
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 158,119	\$ 30,276	\$ 188,395	\$ 4,725,404	\$ 3,142,080	\$ 7,867,484	\$ 2,701,058	\$ 562,192 \$	3,263,250	
Cash and Marketable Securities	501,748,978	4,538,866	506,287,844	-	-	-	-	_	-	
Restricted Cash: Unspent Bond Proceeds	-	-	-	580,228	258,986	839,214	-	-	-	
Collateral for Securities Lending										
Transactions	49,877,733	-	49,877,733	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Accounts Receivable	1,865,513	-	1,865,513	-	2,000	2,000	-	-	-	
Deposits and Other	15,727	-	15,727	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Land Held for Transfer	-	-	-	25,320,460	17,839,244	43,159,704	-	-	-	
Other	70,800	-	70,800	-	489,506	489,506	-	-	-	
Total Assets	553,736,870	4,569,142	558,306,012	30,626,092	21,731,816	52,357,908	2,701,058	562,192	3,263,250	
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	715,128	-	715,128	53	414	467	2,701,058	-	2,701,058	
Due to Group Insurance Internal Service Fund	-	1,794,294	1,794,294	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Obligation for Collateral Received										
under Securities Lending transactions	49,877,733	-	49,877,733	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	562,192	562,192	
Total Liabilities	50,592,861	1,794,294	52,387,155	53	414	467	2,701,058	562,192	3,263,250	
NET ASSETS										
Assets Held in Trust for:										
Land Held for Transfer	-	-	-	25,320,460	17,839,244	43,159,704	-	-	-	
Pension Benefits	503,144,009	-	503,144,009	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other Postemployment Benefits	-	2,774,848	2,774,848	-	-	-	-	-	~	
Other Purposes	-	-	-	5,305,579	3,892,158	9,197,737		*	-	
Total Net Assets	\$_503,144,009	\$ 2,774,848	\$505,918,857	\$ 30,626,039	\$ 21,731,402	\$ 52,357,441	• - :	\$ <u> </u>	-	

Schedule 11

Combining Statements of Changes in Net Assets Fiduciary Fund Types For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	PE	NSION TRUST FU Employees'	NDS	-		PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS	
	Employees' Retirement Fund	Post Post Employment Benefits Fund	Totals	-	Montgomery County	Prince George's County	Totals
ADDITIONS:							
Contributions:							
Employer		\$-	\$ 1,202,785	\$	-	\$-\$; -
Plan Members	3,747,369	-	3,747,369		-		-
Private Donations		-		_	6,930	38,655	45,585
Total Contributions	4,950,154		4,950,154	-	6,930	38,655	45,585
Receipts from Commission Debt Service Funds	-	-	-		415,030	194,118	609,148
Investment Earnings:							
Interest	7,403,009	2,814	7,405,823		44,258	154,305	198,563
Dividends	2,579,022	178,732	2,757,754		-	-	-
Gain on Sale of Land	-	-	-		-	-	-
Net increase in the Fair Value of Investments	55,339,855	181,545	55,521,400	~	-	•	
Total Investment Earnings	65,321,886	363,091	65,684,977		44,258	154,305	198,563
Less Investment Advisory and Management Fees	(1,855,402)	(26,977)	(1,882,379)	_	<u> </u>		
Net Income from Investing Activities	63,466,484	336,114	63,802,598	-	44,258	154,305	198,563
Securities Lending Activity							
Securities Lending Income	447,808	-	447,808		-	-	-
Securities Lending Fees	(381,773)		(381,773)		-	-	-
Net Income from Securities Lending Activity	66,035	-	66,035	-	-	<u> </u>	
Total Net Investment Income	63,532,519	336,114	63,868,633	_	44,258	154,305	198,563
Total Additions	68,482,673	336,114	68,818,787	_	466,218	387,078	853,296
DEDUCTIONS							
Benefits	15,257,765	-	15,257,765		-	-	-
Refunds of Contributions	601,358	-	601,358		-	-	-
Administrative expenses	1,058,667	-	1,058,667		-	-	-
Contribution of Land	-	-	-		-	3,829,363	3,829,363
Reimbursement to Group Insurance Internal Service Fund	-	3,681,289	3,681,289		-	-	-
Payment to Commission Debt Service Funds	-	-	-		6,889	1,726	8,615
Other	-	-	-		13,009	56,896	69,905
Total Deductions	16,917,790	3,681,289	20,599,079	-	19,898	3,887,985	3,907,883
Change in Net Assets	51,564,883	(3,345,175)	48,219,708		446,320	(3,500,907)	(3,054,587)
Net Assets - Beginning	451,579,126	6,120,023	457,699,149		30,179,719	25,232,309	55,412,028
Net Assets - Ending \$	503,144,009	\$ 2,774,848	\$ 505,918,857	\$	30,626,039	\$ 21,731,402 \$	52,357,441

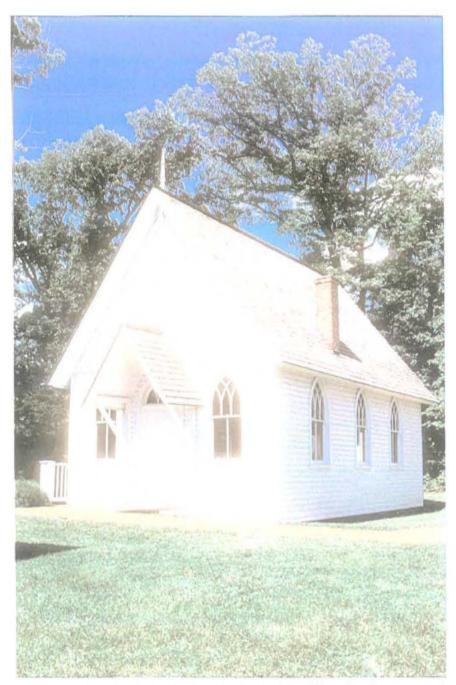
Schedule 12

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

Agency Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

2003 Additions Deductions 2004 ASSETS Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments \$ 2,817,612 \$ 129,274 \$ 245,828 \$ 2,701,058 LIABILITIES 2,817,612 \$ 129,274 \$ 245,828 \$ 2,701,058 Accounts Payable \$ 2,817,612 \$ 129,274 \$ 245,828 \$ 2,701,058 MONTGOMERY COUNTY FUND ASSETS \$ 2,817,612 \$ 129,274 \$ 245,828 \$ 2,701,058 MONTGOMERY COUNTY FUND ASSETS \$ 2,817,612 \$ 129,274 \$ 245,828 \$ 2,701,058 ILIABILITIES Assetts \$ 2,817,612 \$ 129,274 \$ 245,828 \$ 2,701,058 MONTGOMERY COUNTY FUND Assetts \$ 2,8095 \$ 4,220 \$ 562,192 Total Current Assets \$ 1,900 \$ - </th <th></th> <th>July 1,</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>June 30,</th>		July 1,			June 30,
ASSETS Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments \$2817,612 \$129,274 \$245,828 \$2701,058 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable \$2817,612 \$282,774 \$245,828 \$2701,058 MONTGOMERY COUNTY FUND \$2817,612 \$28,695 \$245,828 \$27701,058 MONTGOMERY COUNTY FUND \$2817,612 \$28,695 \$245,828 \$27701,058 ASSETS \$2817,612 \$28,695 \$245,828 \$27701,058 Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments \$2537,717 \$28,695 \$2420 \$562,192 Assets \$337,717 \$28,695 \$2420 \$562,192 LIABILITIES \$338,537,717 \$30,595 \$30,595 \$30,595 Accounts Payable \$338,537,717 \$30,595 \$30,595 \$3262,192 LIABILITIES \$338,537,717 \$30,595 \$30,595 \$3262,192 Total Current Liabilities \$33,55,329 <td< td=""><td></td><td>2003</td><td>Additions</td><td>Deductions</td><td> 2004</td></td<>		2003	Additions	Deductions	 2004
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments \$ 2,817,612 \$ 129,274 \$ 245,828 \$ 2,701,058 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable \$ 2,817,612 \$ 129,274 \$ 245,828 \$ 2,701,058 MONTGOMERY COUNTY FUND \$ 2,817,612 \$ 129,274 \$ 245,828 \$ 2,701,058 MONTGOMERY COUNTY FUND \$ 2,817,612 \$ 129,274 \$ 245,828 \$ 2,701,058 ASETS \$ 2,817,612 \$ 129,274 \$ 245,828 \$ 2,701,058 LIABILITIES \$ 2,817,612 \$ 129,274 \$ 245,828 \$ 2,701,058 ASETS \$ 2,817,612 \$ 129,274 \$ 245,828 \$ 2,701,058 LIABILITIES \$ 2,817,612 \$ 129,274 \$ 4,220 \$ 562,192 Total Current Liabilities \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - Deposits \$ 3,355,329 \$	MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEM FUND		 		
Total Current Assets \$ 2,817,612 \$ 129,274 \$ 245,828 \$ 2,701,058 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable \$ 2,817,612 \$ 129,274 \$ 245,828 \$ 2,701,058 Total Current Liabilities \$ 2,817,612 \$ 129,274 \$ 245,828 \$ 2,701,058 MONTGOMERY COUNTY FUND Asserts \$ 2,817,612 \$ 129,274 \$ 245,828 \$ 2,701,058 MONTGOMERY COUNTY FUND Asserts \$ 2,817,717 \$ 28,695 \$ 4,220 \$ 562,192 562,192 Total Current Assets \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - 5 6,120 \$ 562,192 562,192 562,192 5 6,120 \$ 562,192 562,192 5 562,192 5 562,192 5 562,192 5 562,192 5 562,192 5 562,192 5 562,192 5 562,192 5 562,192 <td>ASSETS</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	ASSETS				
LIABILITIES \$ 2,817,612 \$ 129,274 \$ 245,828 \$ 2,701,058 Total Current Liabilities \$ 2,817,612 \$ 129,274 \$ 245,828 \$ 2,701,058 MONTGOMERY COUNTY FUND	Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 2,817,612	\$ 129,274	\$ 245,828	\$ 2,701,058
Accounts Payable \$ 2,817,612 \$ 129,274 \$ 245,828 \$ 2,701,058 MONTGOMERY COUNTY FUND	Total Current Assets	\$ 2,817,612	\$ 129,274	\$ 245,828	\$ 2,701,058
Total Current Liabilities \$ 2,817,612 \$ 129,274 \$ 245,828 \$ 2,701,058 MONTGOMERY COUNTY FUND ASSETS Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments \$ 537,717 \$ 28,695 \$ 4,220 \$ 562,192 LiABILITIES Accounts Payable \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ </td <td>LIABILITIES</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	LIABILITIES				
MONTGOMERY COUNTY FUND ASSETS Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments \$ 537,717 \$ 28,695 \$ 4,220 \$ 562,192 Total Current Assets \$ 537,717 \$ 28,695 \$ 4,220 \$ 562,192 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - Deposits 535,817 30,595 4,220 \$ 562,192 Total Current Liabilities \$ 537,717 \$ 30,595 \$ 4,220 \$ 562,192 Total Current Liabilities \$ 537,717 \$ 30,595 \$ 4,220 \$ 562,192 Total S - ALL AGENCY FUNDS \$ 537,717 \$ 30,595 \$ 6,120 \$ 562,192 TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS \$ 3,355,329 \$ 157,969 \$ 250,048 \$ 3,263,250 LIABILITIES \$ 3,355,329 \$ 157,969 \$ 250,048 \$ 3,263,250 LIABILITIES \$ 3,355,329 \$ 157,969 \$ 250,048 \$ 3,263,250 LIABILITIES \$ 2,819,512 \$ 129,274 \$ 247,728 \$ 2,701,058 Deposits 535,817 30,595 4,220 562,192<	Accounts Payable	\$ 2,817,612	\$ 129,274	\$ 245,828	\$ 2,701,058
ASSETS Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments \$ 537,717 \$ 28,695 \$ 4,220 \$ 562,192 Total Current Assets \$ 537,717 \$ 28,695 \$ 4,220 \$ 562,192 LABILITIES Accounts Payable \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - Deposits 535,817 30,595 4,220 \$ 562,192 562,192 Total Current Liabilities \$ 535,817 30,595 4,220 \$ 562,192 Total Current Liabilities \$ 537,717 \$ 30,595 \$ 6,120 \$ 562,192 TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS \$ 3,355,329 \$ 157,969 \$ 250,048 \$ 3,263,250 LIABILITIES \$ 3,355,329 \$ 157,969 \$ 250,048 \$ 3,263,250 LIABILITIES \$ 2,819,512 \$ 129,274 \$ 247,728 \$ 2,701,058 Deposits 535,817 30,595 </td <td>Total Current Liabilities</td> <td>\$ 2,817,612</td> <td>\$ 129,274</td> <td>\$ 245,828</td> <td>\$ 2,701,058</td>	Total Current Liabilities	\$ 2,817,612	\$ 129,274	\$ 245,828	\$ 2,701,058
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments \$ 537,717 \$ 28,695 \$ 4,220 \$ 562,192 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - Deposits 535,817 \$ 30,595 \$ 6,120 \$ 562,192 Total Current Liabilities \$ 535,817 \$ 30,595 \$ 6,120 \$ 562,192 TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS \$ 537,717 \$ 30,595 \$ 6,120 \$ 562,192 TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS \$ 3,355,329 \$ 157,969 \$ 250,048 \$ 3,263,250 Total Current Assets \$ 3,355,329 \$ 157,969 \$ 250,048 \$ 3,263,250 Total Current Assets \$ 3,355,329 \$ 157,969 \$ 250,048 \$ 3,263,250 LIABILITIES \$ 2,819,512 \$ 129,274 \$ 247,728 \$ 2,701,058 Deposits 535,817 30,595 <td>MONTGOMERY COUNTY FUND</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	MONTGOMERY COUNTY FUND				
Total Current Assets \$ 537,717 \$ 28,695 \$ 4,220 \$ 562,192 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,220 \$ 562,192 \$ 157,955 \$ 6,120 \$ 562,192 \$ 157,959 \$ 250,048 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,26	ASSETS				
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - Deposits \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - Deposits \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - Deposits \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - Deposits \$ 1,900 \$ 562,192 \$ 562,192 \$ 562,192 \$ 562,192 \$ 562,192 \$ 562,192 \$ 562,192 \$ 562,192 \$ 562,192 \$ 562,192 \$ 562,192 \$ 562,192 \$ 562,192 \$ 562,192 \$ 562,192 \$ 562,192 \$ 562,192 \$ 562,192 \$ 562,192 \$ 562,192 \$ 562,192 \$ 562,192 \$ 562,192 \$ 562,192 \$ 562,192 \$ 562,192 \$ 562,192 \$ 562,192 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,263,250 \$ 3,2	Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 537,717	\$ 28,695	\$ 4,220	\$
Accounts Payable \$ 1,900 \$ - \$ 1,900 \$ - Deposits	Total Current Assets	\$ 537,717	\$ 28,695	\$ 4,220	\$ 562,192
Deposits 535,817 30,595 4,220 562,192 Total Current Liabilities \$ 537,717 \$ 30,595 \$ 6,120 \$ 562,192 TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments \$ 3,355,329 \$ 157,969 \$ 250,048 \$ 3,263,250 Total Current Assets \$ 3,355,329 \$ 157,969 \$ 250,048 \$ 3,263,250 Total Current Assets \$ 3,355,329 \$ 157,969 \$ 250,048 \$ 3,263,250 LIABILITIES \$ 3,355,329 \$ 157,969 \$ 250,048 \$ 2,701,058 Accounts Payable \$ 2,819,512 \$ 129,274 \$ 247,728 \$ 2,701,058 Deposits 535,817 30,595 4,220 562,192	LIABILITIES				
Total Current Liabilities \$ 537,717 \$ 30,595 \$ 6,120 \$ 562,192 TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments \$ 3,355,329 \$ 157,969 \$ 250,048 \$ 3,263,250 Total Current Assets \$ 3,355,329 \$ 157,969 \$ 250,048 \$ 3,263,250 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable \$ 2,819,512 \$ 129,274 \$ 247,728 \$ 2,701,058 Deposits \$ 535,817 30,595 4,220 \$ 562,192	Accounts Payable	\$ 1,900	\$ -	\$ 1,900	\$ -
TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments \$ 3,355,329 \$ 157,969 \$ 250,048 \$ 3,263,250 Total Current Assets \$ 3,355,329 \$ 157,969 \$ 250,048 \$ 3,263,250 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable \$ 2,819,512 \$ 129,274 \$ 247,728 \$ 2,701,058 Deposits 535,817 30,595 4,220 562,192	Deposits	535,817	30,595	4,220	562,192
ASSETS Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments \$ 3,355,329 \$ 157,969 \$ 250,048 \$ 3,263,250 Total Current Assets \$ 3,355,329 \$ 157,969 \$ 250,048 \$ 3,263,250 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable \$ 2,819,512 \$ 129,274 \$ 247,728 \$ 2,701,058 Deposits 535,817 30,595 4,220 562,192	Total Current Liabilities	\$ 537,717	\$ 30,595	\$ 6,120	\$ 562,192
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments \$ 3,355,329 \$ 157,969 \$ 250,048 \$ 3,263,250 Total Current Assets \$ 3,355,329 \$ 157,969 \$ 250,048 \$ 3,263,250 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable \$ 2,819,512 \$ 129,274 \$ 247,728 \$ 2,701,058 Deposits 535,817 30,595 4,220 562,192	TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS				
Total Current Assets \$ 3,355,329 \$ 157,969 \$ 250,048 \$ 3,263,250 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable \$ 2,819,512 \$ 129,274 \$ 247,728 \$ 2,701,058 Deposits 535,817 30,595 4,220 562,192	ASSETS				
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable \$ 2,819,512 \$ 129,274 \$ 247,728 \$ 2,701,058 Deposits 535,817 30,595 4,220 562,192	Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 3,355,329	\$ 157,969	\$ 250,048	\$ 3,263,250
Accounts Payable \$ 2,819,512 \$ 129,274 \$ 247,728 \$ 2,701,058 Deposits 535,817 30,595 4,220 562,192	Total Current Assets	\$ 3,355,329	\$ 157,969	\$ 250,048	\$ 3,263,250
Deposits 535,817 30,595 4,220 562,192	LIABILITIES				
	Accounts Payable	\$ 2,819,512	\$ 129,274	\$ 247,728	\$ 2,701,058
	Deposits	535,817	30,595	4,220	562,192
	Total Current Liabilities	\$ 3,355,329	\$ 	\$	\$

• PART III • STATISTICAL SECTION



Dorsey Chapel is a historical and cultural landmark of the African American community

TABLE T-1

Net Assets by Category (1) Entity-wide Basis Last Three Fiscal Years (2)

		Fiscal Year	
	2002	2003	2004
Governmental Activities Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt	\$ 282,595,478	\$ 305.800.251	\$ 364,642,396
Unrestricted	82,792,312	86,192,777	91,953,723
Subtotal Governmental Activities Net Assets	365,387,790	391,993,028	456,596,119
Business- type Activities			
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt	82,267,248	80,397,496	85,843,860
Restricted for Debt Service	583,266	589,848	-
Unrestricted	3,772,189	1,910,929	2,238,739
Subtotal Business-type Actictivities Net Assets	86,622,703	82,898,273	88,082,599
Primary Government			
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt	364,862,726	386,197,747	450,486,256
Restricted for Debt Service	583,266	589,848	-
Unrestricted	86,564,501	88,103,706	94,192,462
Total Government Net Assets	\$ 452,010,493	\$ 474,891,301	\$ 544,678,718

(1) Accounting standards require that net assets be reported in three components in the financial statements: invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. Net assets are considered restricted only when an external party places a restriction on how the resources may be used.

(2) The entity-wide net assets figures are only available for three years.

TABLE T-2

Change in Net Assets Entity-wide Basis Last Three Fiscal Years (1)

				Fiscal Year		
-		2002	_	2003		2004
Expenses						
Governmental Activities:	•		•	10.070.070		(0. (07.00)
General Government	\$	11,614,891	\$	12,678,079	\$	12,497,931
County Planning and Zoning		29,739,984		29,119,749		29,792,531
Park Operations and Maintenance		102,355,291		104,484,551		112,777,571
Recreation Programs		37,992,630		38,057,899		39,174,875
Interest on Long-term Debt	-	8,460,869		6,994,245	-	5,483,168
Subtotal Governmental Activities	-	190,163,665	-	191,334,523		199,726,076
Business-type Activities:						
Recreational and Cultural Facilities		28,203,070		28,243,046		30,033,511
Total Government Expenses		218,366,735		219,577,569	_	229,759,587
	-					
Program Revenues						
Governmental Activities:						
County Planning and Zoning		2,771,580		3,058,135		4,392,957
Park Operations and Maintenance		31,666,712		26,321,407		20,104,060
Recreation Programs		10,330,965		9,410,542		11,550,937
Subtotal Governmental Activities	-	44,769,257		38,790,084	-	36,047,954
	-	<u></u>			-	
Business-type Activities:						
Recreational and Cultural Facilities		22,420,258		19,757,618	_	25,901,631
Total Government Program Revenues		67,189,515		58,547,702	_	61,949,585
		(454 477 000)		(101 000 007)		(407 040 000)
Net Government Expenses	-	(151,177,220)		(161,029,867)	-	(167,810,002)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets						
Governmental Activities		166,516,795		179,149,677		196,451,625
Business-type Activities		8,383,624		4,760,998		9,316,206
Total Primary Government	-	174,900,419		183,910,675	-	205,767,831
Change in Net Assets						
Change in Net Assets		01 100 207		26 605 229		20 772 602
Governmental Activities		21,122,387		26,605,238		32,773,503
Business-type Activities	¢.	2,600,812 23,723,199	¢	<u>(3,724,430)</u> 22,880,808	¢	<u>5,184,326</u> 37,957,829
Total Primary Government	Ф.	23,123,199	Ф	22,000,008	ф -	51,951,029

(1) The entity-wide change in net assets figures are only available for three years.

TABLE T-3

Government Wide Revenues Entity-wide Basis Last Three Fiscal Years (1)

				Fiscal Year		
-		2002		2003		2004
Program Revenues Governmental Activities:						
County Planning and Zoning						
Charges for services	\$	2,004,103	\$	2,206,015	¢	3,743,951
Operating grants and contributions	Ψ	767,477	Ψ	852,120	Ψ	649,006
Capital grants and contributions				002,120		043,000
Total County Planning and Zoning	-	2,771,580		3,058,135		4,392,957
Total County Flamming and Zorning	-	2,771,000		3,030,133		4,392,937
Park Operations and Maintenance						
Charges for services		5,029,035		4,689,195		5,294,071
Operating grants and contributions		570,005		762,869		705,213
Capital grants and contributions		26,067,672		20,869,343		14,104,776
Total Park Operations and Maintenance	-	31,666,712	•	26,321,407		20,104,060
rotari an operatione and maintenance	-	01,000,112	•	20,021,407		20,104,000
Recreation Programs						
Charges for services		9,989,550		9,083,148		11,239,721
Operating grants and contributions		341,415		327,394		311,216
Capital grants and contributions		-				
Total Recreation Programs	-	10,330,965	•	9,410,542		11,550,937
Total Governmental Activities	-	44,769,257	•	38,790,084		36,047,954
	-	,	•			00,017,001
Business-type Activities:						
Recreational and Cultural Facilities						
Charges for services		22,420,258		19,757,618		22,046,268
Operating grants and contributions		-		-		26,000
Capital grants and contributions		-		-		3,829,363
Total Recreational and Cultural Facilities	-	22,420,258	•	19,757,618		25,901,631
	-		-	<u> </u>		- <u></u>
Total Government Program Revenues	\$_	67,189,515	\$	58,547,702	\$	61,949,585
			_			
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets						
Governmental Activities						
Property Taxes	\$	174,735,630	\$	181,859,997	\$	204,217,877
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		3,073,142		1,931,787		1,418,407
Gain/Loss on Disposal of Land		(3,170,165)		(4,920)		35,676
Transfers	-	(8,121,812)	-	(4,637,187)		(9,220,335)
Total Governmental Activities	-	166,516,795	-	179,149,677		196,451,625
Business-type Activities		064 040		100 014		05 971
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		261,812		123,811		95,871
Transfers	-	8,121,812	•	4,637,187		9,220,335
Total Business-type Activities	-	8,383,624	-	4,760,998		9,316,206
Total Primary Government	\$	174,900,419	\$	183,910,675	\$	205,767,831
rotai Fhindry Government	Φ=	174,300,419	-Ψ	100,010,070	φ	200,101,001

(1) The entity-wide change in net assets figures are only available for three years.

General Governmental Expenditures by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

		Planning				Acquisition			
Fiscal	General	And		Park		And			
Year	Government	Zoning	0	perations	 Recreation	 Development	 Debt Service	-	Total
1995	\$ 4,663,950	\$ 12,029,701	\$ 3	5,561,927	\$ 7,947,953	\$ 7,381,419	\$ 3,905,317	\$	71,490,267
1996	4,493,900	11,726,301	3	7,112,446	8,707,367	6,040,622	4,329,544		72,410,180
1997	4,949,621	13,067,495	3	8,060,834	9,347,189	12,319,049	4,180,980		81,925,168
1998	4,985,152	12,503,437	3	9,019,404	10,913,409	9,261,163	3,595,621		80,278,186
1999	4,984,274	13,109,778	42	2,033,957	9,360,590	7,639,025	3,618,820		80,746,444
2000	5,068,159	13,000,742	4	1,604,208	11,829,696	15,863,948	3,933,623		91,300,376
2001	5,552,110	14,069,191	4	6,797,675	12,825,172	21,436,376	4,039,110		104,719,634
2002	5,670,023	14,414,637	4	6,465,552	13,839,887	13,155,356	4,424,915		97,970,370
2003	5,983,250	14,243,827	4	8,205,561	13,854,785	7,038,996	4,416,400		93,742,819
2004	6,090,356	14,733,375	52	2,269,434	13,869,999	10,793,002	4,222,035		101,978,201

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY

		Planning			Acquisition		
Fiscal	General	And	Park		And		
Year	Government	Zoning	 Operations	 Recreation	 Development	 Debt Service	Total
1995	\$ 4,973,592	\$ 13,245,607	\$ 38,742,712	\$ 35,215,012	\$ 21,344,005	\$ 9,861,953	123,382,881
1996	5,217,449	12,881,808	38,032,695	35,196,607	12,590,746	10,133,399	114,052,704
1997	5,611,371	13,928,468	41,269,238	34,819,087	14,151,322	9,027,160	118,806,646
1998	5,609,422	14,024,336	41,782,331	36,293,297	17,643,444	11,852,306	127,205,136
1999	5,946,352	14,243,529	45,907,274	37,825,764	36,728,321	11,554,197	152,205,437
2000	5,719,483	13,770,821	45,069,874	42,522,884	17,622,626	11,985,924	136,691,612
2001	6,199,217	14,791,655	48,282,211	45,205,092	15,986,523	11,662,299	142,126,997
2002	6,418,906	15,292,636	49,084,592	49,860,473	12,459,966	13,062,513	146,179,086
2003	6,715,060	15,143,747	51,260,598	51,181,362	9,348,527	34,111,163	167,760,457
2004	7,007,261	16,188,138	51,729,392	53,518,151	22,758,615	13,003,854	164,205,411

Note: Includes General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects, Debt Service and Enterprise Funds. Debt Service in Prince George's County in 2003 includes payment at maturity of a short-term Prince George's County Park Bond of \$21.0 million which was refinanced. Enterprise Funds which are primarily recreational facilities and activities are included in Recreation.

Source: The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission, Finance Department

TABLE T-4

General Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Fiscal Year	_	Property Taxes	<u>(</u>	Inter- Governmental	_	Charges for Services	_	Interest Earnings	_	Other	_	Total	_	General Obligation Bonds Sold	
1995	\$	55,233,140	\$	6,974,552	\$	7,358,834	\$	1,528,618	\$	3,945,300	\$	75,040,444	\$	5,000,000	
1996		53,880,270		5,424,794		7,614,645		1,527,593		3,969,092		72,416,394		8,700,000	(1)
1997		57,612,812		6,654,626		7,827,378		1,231,641		4,227,264		77,553,721		-	
1998		60,270,773		6,797,726		9,120,287		1,586,354		4,361,403		82,136,543		-	
1999		60,270,408		5,921,195		9,134,201		1,670,534		4,410,413		81,406,751		7,000,000	
2000		62,448,568		12,324,577		9,446,610		1,747,465		4,432,045		90,399,265		-	
2001		64,611,473		17,714,828		10,357,245		1,374,924		5,164,768		99,223,238		5,700,000	
2002		69,212,845		12,640,323		11,327,470		581,151		5,897,530		99,659,319		-	
2003		70,200,528		7,225,328		10,441,684		339,008		5,718,794		93,925,342		13,705,000	(3)
2004		68,994,512		9,799,174		12,332,803		251,642		6,255,581		97,633,712		-	. ,

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY

Fiscal Year	Property Taxes	Inter- <u>Governmental</u>	Charges for Services	 Interest Earnings	-	Other	Total	General Obligation Bonds Sold	
1995	\$ 92,571,349	\$ 7,308,602	\$ 6,988,014	\$ 3,733,213	\$	6,323,419	\$ 116,924,597	\$ -	
1996	94,857,674	1,933,128	6,731,893	3,653,354		5,189,727	112,365,776	30,025,000	(1)
1997	96,816,650	5,360,060	7,106,102	4,217,988		10,581,819	124,082,619	33,000,000	
1998	98,538,298	2,125,267	7,402,645	5,875,336		5,231,154	119,172,700	28,325,000	(2)
1999	101,308,740	10,368,201	7,496,543	5,208,609		7,158,655	131,540,748	21,000,000	(1)
2000	103,640,212	8,130,897	7,414,320	4,891,099		6,559,164	130,635,692	-	
2001	104,417,411	4,808,601	8,753,412	4,004,692		6,165,111	128,149,227	-	
2002	107,930,218	5,920,707	11,193,063	1,946,482		11,031,588	138,022,058	18,700,000	
2003	111,980,326	7,066,267	10,363,411	1,146,166		9,193,575	139,749,745	42,310,000	(4)
2004	130,183,574	4,509,069	13,424,293	884,555		10,461,290	159,462,781	37,525,000	(3)

Note: Includes General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects, Debt Service and Enterprise Funds.

(1) Refunding Bonds

(2) Includes \$21,000,000 to refinance a short-term note

(3) Includes Refunding and New Money issues

(4) Includes Refunding and Refinancing Bond issues

Source: The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission, Finance Department

TABLE T-5

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Fiscal Year	 Total Tax Levy	 Current Tax Collections	Percer of Lev Collect	у	-	Prior Years Taxes Penalties and Interest Collections	_	Total Collections	Percent of Total Collections <u>to Tax Levy</u>
1995	\$ 55,410,789	\$ 55,247,895		100 %	\$	(14,755)	\$	55,233,140	100 %
1996	54,476,197	54,062,888		99		(182,618)		53,880,270	99
1997	58,632,597	57,916,789		99		(303,977)		57,612,812	98
1998	59,150,686	58,603,216		99		1,667,557		60,270,773	102
1999	60,547,511	59,484,336		98		786,072		60,270,408	100
2000	61,998,281	60,973,987		98		1,474,581		62,448,568	101
2001	65,210,972	64,015,359		98		596,114		64,611,473	99
2002	69,302,154	68,605,694		99		607,152		69,212,846	100
2003	69,493,121	68,994,492		99		1,206,036		70,200,528	101
2004	68,788,496	68,447,863		100		546,649		68,994,512	100

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY

Fiscal Year	_	Total Tax Levy	-	Current Tax Collections	Perce of Lev Collect	/y	-	Prior Years Taxes Penalties and Interest Collections	_	Total Collections	Percent of Total Collections <u>to Tax Levy</u>
1995	\$	92,551,211	\$	91,879,635		99 %	\$	691,714	\$	92,571,349	100 %
1996		94,707,563		93,970,990		99		886,684		94,857,674	100
1997		97,533,798		96,689,551		99		127,099		96,816,650	99
1998		98,618,464		97,670,607		99		867,691		98,538,298	100
1999		101,339,962		100,037,283		99		1,271,457		101,308,740	100
2000		103,461,526		102,213,005		99		1,427,207		103,640,212	100
2001		105,035,614		103,544,928		99		872,483		104,417,411	99
2002		107,977,263		106,777,906		99		1,152,312		107,930,218	100
2003		112,003,391		110,517,257		99		1,463,069		111,980,326	100
2004		132,837,385		128,734,271		97		1,449,303		130,183,574	98

Source: Total Tax Levy - Montgomery County and Prince George's County Governments.

TABLE T-6

TABLE T-7

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Dollars in Thousands)

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

	_	Real	Property		 To	otal (1)		Ratio of Total Assessed Value To Total
Fiscal		Assessed		Estimated	 Assessed		Estimated	Estimated
Year		Value		Actual Value	 Value	-	Actual Value	Actual Value
1995	\$	25,796,030	\$	67,107,259	\$ 29,172,981	\$	70,484,210	41.39 %
1996		26,057,529		66,677,402	29,575,004		70,194,878	42.13
1997		26,603,652		68,284,529	30,392,876		72,073,752	42.17
1998		27,274,641		69,295,328	30,929,092		72,949,779	42.40
1999		27,906,080		71,480,738	31,664,627		75,239,284	42.09
2000		28,674,554		74,907,403	32,553,857		78,786,706	41.32
2001		29,649,013		79,021,889	33,726,861		83,099,737	40.59
2002	(2)	77,574,948		84,229,042	81,776,292		88,440,386	92.46
2003		82,407,338		93,432,356	86,635,192		97,660,210	88.71
2004		89,263,005		98,091,215	93,226,807		102,055,016	91.35

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY

		Real	Property			То	otal (1)		Ratio of Total Assessed Value To Total
Fiscal		Assessed		Estimated	_	Assessed		Estimated	Estimated
Year		Value		Actual Value		Value		Actual Value	Actual Value
1995	\$	13,961,904	\$	35,575,591	\$	16,381,236	\$	37,994,922	43.11 %
1996		14,188,944		35,404,010		16,678,956		37,894,021	44.01
1997		14,319,088		35,827,507		16,991,422		38,499,841	44.13
1998		14,393,723		36,104,232		17,159,141		38,869,650	44.15
1999		14,630,433		36,423,659		17,525,979		39,319,204	44.57
2000		14,869,426		37,244,023		17,891,768		40,266,365	44.43
2001		15,173,826		38,267,541		18,182,904		41,276,619	44.05
2002	(2)	39,091,456		39,326,338		42,190,779		42,425,661	99.45
2003		40,794,370		42,546,271		43,832,133		45,584,034	96.16
2004		43,066,688		45,195,233		46,022,799		48,151,344	95.58

Note: (1) Total includes real property, business personal property, public utility operating property and domestic shares.

(2) Beginning in Fiscal Year 2002 all real property in the State of Maryland is assessed at 100 percent of actual value. Previously the valuation was assessment at 40% of actual value.

THE MARTICANUTAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

TABLE T-8

County wide

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

M-NCPPC TAXES

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Fiscal Year		Administration	_0	Park perations	Ma	Park aintenance	-	Advance Land cquisition		Total		ounty-wide Property Taxes ithin County	 Total
1995	\$	0.0650	\$	0.1300	\$	0.0200	\$	0.0030	\$	0.2180	\$	2.2250	\$ 2.4730
1996		0.0610		0.1260		0.0200		0.0040		0.2110		2.2850	2.4960
1997		0.0630		0.1340		0.0200		0.0040		0.2210		2.2780	2.4990
1998		0.0610		0.1330		0.0200		0.0040		0.2180		2.2630	2.4810
1999		0.0610		0.1330		0.0200		0.0040		0.2180		2.2350	2.4530
2000		0.0620		0.1340		0.0200		0.0030		0.2190		2.1750	2.3940
2001		0.0600		0.1400		0.0200		0.0030		0.2230		2.1670	2.3900
2002	(1)	0.024/0.059	0.05	78/0.1444	0.008	32/0.0206	0.00	10/0.0020	0	.0910/0.2260	C).875/1.977	0.966/2.203
2003		0.023/0.058	0.05	51/0.1383	0.007	79/0.0197	0.00	10/0.0030	0	.0870/0.2190	C).876/1.980	0.963/2.199
2004		0.021/0.053	0.05	16/0.1295	0.007	74/0.0185	0.00	10/0.0030	0	.0810/0.2040	C).927/1.988	1.008/2.192

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY

Fiscal Year	_	Administration	_C	Park perations	न	lecreation	۵	dvance Land cquisition		Total		ounty-wide Property Taxes thin County		Total
1995	\$	0.1103	\$	0.3587	\$	0.1348	\$	0.0062	\$	0.6100	\$	2,7580	\$	3.3680
1996	•	0.1103	Ŧ	0.3587	Ŧ	0.1348	Ŧ	0.0062	Ŧ	0.6100	+	2.7630	Ŧ	3.3730
1997		0.1103		0.3534		0.1401		0.0062		0.6100		2.7360		3.3460
1998		0.1103		0.3534		0.1401		0.0062		0.6100		2.7410		3.3510
1999		0.1103		0.3534		0.1401		0.0062		0.6100		2.7360		3.3460
2000		0.1123		0.3534		0.1381		0.0062		0.6100		2.7340		3.3440
2001		0.1153		0.3534		0.1381		0.0032		0.6100		2.7330		3.3430
2002	(1)	0.0466/0.1165	0.14	20/0.3550	0.054	41/0.1353	0.001	13/0.0032	0.2	2440/0.6100	1.09	906/2.7277	1.	3346/3.3377
2003		0.0466/0.1165	0.14	20/0.3550	0.05	41/0.1353	0.001	13/0.0032	0.2	2440/0.6100	1.09	901/2.7253	1.	3341/3.3353
2004		0.0466/0.1165	0.17	70/0.4425	0.054	41/0.1353	0.001	13/0.0032	0.2	790/0.6975	1.13	384/2.8475	1.	4174/3.5450

Note: Rates are per \$100 of assessed valuation.

(1) Rates shown are for Real/Personal.

Beginning in Fiscal Year 2002 all real property in the State of Maryland is assessed at

100 percent of actual value. Previously the valuation was assessment at 40% of actual value.

Tax rates were adjusted so that change was revenue neutral.

TABLE T-9

Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt To Assessed Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Year	Population	_	Assessed Value (1)	Net Bonded Debt (2)	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to <u>Assessed Value</u>	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
1995	804,600	\$	25,365,173	27,730	0.11	34.46
1996	814,100		25,640,317	26,970	0.11	33.13
1997	827,200		26,459,376	25,185	0.10	30.45
1998	841,500		27,052,214	23,585	0.09	28.03
1999	855,000		27,701,359	28,985	0.10	33.90
2000	873,341		28,408,647	27,125	0.10	31.06
2001	886,000		29,324,926	30,920	0.11	34.90
2002 (3)	903,000		71,060,080	28,700	0.04	31.78
2003	918,000		75,030,387	32,125	0.04	34.99
2004	931,000		80,589,255	29,830	0.04	32.04

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY

Year	-	Population	_	Assessed Value (1)	Net Bonded Debt (2)	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to <u>Assessed Value</u>	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
1995		757,553	\$	14,606,000	80,530	0.55	106.30
1996		765,681		14,978,000	78,460	0.52	102.47
1997		774,007		15,385,000	107,095	0.70	138.36
1998		780,666		15,839,475	122,815	0.78	157.32
1999		789,037		16,274,756	117,980	0.72	149.52
2000		795,048		16,634,701	112,635	0.68	141.67
2001		803,649		16,873,735	107,280	0.64	133.49
2002	(3)	818,119		39,068,577	119,620	0.31	146.21
2003		829,372		40,706,364	113,655	0.28	137.04
2004		838,716		42,782,719	121,965	0.29	145.42

Notes: (1) Metropolitan District only - 000's omitted.

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(2) Above figures for net bonded debt exclude indebtedness related to Advance Land Acquisition Acquisition, which is intended to be a revolving fund - 000's omitted.

(3) Beginning in Fiscal Year 2002 all real property in the State of Maryland is assessed at 100% of actual value. Previously the valuation was assessment at 40% of actual value.

Source: Assessed Value and Population - Montgomery County and Prince George's County Governments.

TABLE T-10

Computation of Legal Debt Margin Park Acquisition and Development Bonds As of June 30, 2004

Park Acquisition and Development Bonds Guaranteed by Montgomery County

	<u></u>	Real Property	F	Personal Property	_	Total
Assessed Valuation - Metropolitan District for fiscal year ending June 30, 2004	\$	77,392,706,440	\$_	3,196,548,890	\$	80,589,255,330
Tax rate (cents) per each \$100 of assessed valuation		3.6	_	9.0		
Annual Revenue from mandatory park tax levied for each \$100 of assessed valuation		27,861,374		2,876,894		30,738,268
Legal Debt Margin -						
Revenue available from mandatory park tax over next thirty years	\$	835,841,220	\$_	86,306,820		922,148,040
Debt service over next thirty years on \$29,830,000 bonds and notes issued and outstanding at June 30, 2004						39,836,487
Amount of tax available for debt service on future bonds			••••••	\$	******	882,311,553
		velopment Bonds George's County				
Assessed Valuation - Metropolitan District for fiscal year ending June 30, 2004	\$	40,023,911,556	\$_	2,758,807,706	\$	42,782,719,262
Tax rate (cents) per each \$100 of assessed valuation	<u></u>	4.0	_	10.0		
Annual Revenue from mandatory park tax levied for each \$100 of assessed valuation		16,009,565	_	2,758,808		18,768,373
Legal Debt Margin -						
Revenue available from mandatory park tax over next thirty years	\$	480,286,950	\$_	82,764,240	_	563,051,190
Debt service over next thirty years on \$121,965,000 bonds and notes issued and outstanding at June 30, 2004						156,442,246
Amount of tax available for debt service on future bonds			•••••		\$	406,608,944

Source: Montgomery County and Prince George's County Governments and The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission, Finance Department

TABLE T-11

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt

June 30, 2004

		Montgomery County	Prince George's County				Total Debt Outstanding	
Direct Debt Outstanding	\$_	46,988,885	. :	\$_	125,640,000		\$	172,628,885
Overlapping Debt								
Montgomery County Debt		1,551,963,978	(1)		-			1,551,963,978
Prince George's County Debt		-			912,336,852	(1)		912,336,852
Washington Suburban Sanitary								
Commission Debt		1,007,358,466			457,756,372			1,465,114,838
Montgomery County Revenue								
Authority Debt		74,975,000			-			74,975,000
Prince George's County Industrial Authority								
Lease Revenue Bonds		-			61,131,039			61,131,039
Montgomery County Housing								
Opportunities Commission		623,452,969			-			623,452,969
Prince George's County State								
of Maryland Participation Loans	_		_		345,851			345,851
Total Overlapping Debt	_	3,257,750,413	_		1,431,570,114		_	4,689,320,527
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	_	3,304,739,298	-	_	1,557,210,114		-	4,861,949,412
Less Self-Supporting Debt								
M-NCPPC - Revenue Bonds		5,637,338			-			5,637,338
M-NCPPC - Revenue Notes		4,222,224			-			4,222,224
Montgomery County Debt		70,915,000			-			70,915,000
Prince George's County Debt		-			251,105,776			251,105,776
Washington Suburban Sanitary								
Commission Debt		1,007,358,466			457,756,372			1,465,114,838
Montgomery County Revenue								
Authority Debt		74,975,000			-			74,975,000
Prince George's County Industrial Authority								
Lease Revenue Bonds		-			5,905,000			5,905,000
Montgomery County Housing								
Opportunities Commission		623,452,969			5,195,000			628,647,969
Prince George's County State								
of Maryland Participation Loans			_	_	345,851		_	345,851
Total Self-Supporting Debt	_	1,786,560,997		_	720,307,999		_	2,506,868,996
Net Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$_	1,518,178,301	\$	5_	836,902,115		\$_	2,355,080,416

Note: (1) Overlapping debt does not include the debt of towns, cities and villages aggregating \$73,168,222 in Montgomery County. Total is not available in Prince George's County.

Source: Montgomery County and Prince George's County Governments and Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission.

TABLE T-12

Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Year	Population	Per Capita Income (2)	Labor Force	Unemployment Rate	Registered Pupils
1995	804,600	\$ 38,552	463,112	2.9 %	117,082
1996	814,100	39,705	474,872	2.6	120,291
1997	827,200	40,342	466,500	2.6	122,505
1998	841,500	43,303	467,741	2.3 (3)	125,035
1999	855,000	45,402	476,812	1.8 (3)	127,852
2000	873,341	49,107	481,950	1.9 (3)	130,689
2001	886,000	50,919	490,178	2.3 (3)	134,180
2002	903,000	52,363	503,584	2.6 (3)	136,832
2003	918,000	54,013	505,270	2.7 (3)	138,891
2004	931,000	55,300	515,505	2.4 (3)	139,203

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY

Year	Population (1)	Per Capita Income(2)	Labor Force	Unemployment Rate	Registered Pupils
1995	757,553	\$ 23,875	451,897	5.5 %	116,383
1996	765,681	24,161	459,235	5.1	119,951
1997	774,007	25,214	454,875	5.6	122,831
1998	780,666	26,274	443,686	4.8 (3)	125,637
1999	789,037	27,033	447,650	3.8 (3)	129,793
2000	795,048	28,863	452,067	4.3 (3)	128,501
2001	803,649	29,505	458,077	4.0 (3)	130,713
2002	818,119	30,489	471,602	5.1 (3)	131,737
2003	829,372	n.a.	475,007	5.2 (3)	132,899
2004	838,716	n.a.	481,854	4.6 (3)	n. a.

Notes:

(1) Population estimates are from the U. S. Census Bureau, State and County QuickFacts.

(2) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Regional Economics Measurement Division. The calendar per capita income figures are based on the month of December for each fiscal year. Data for Fiscal Years 2003 and 2004 are not currently available, although estimated for Montgomery County

(3) Maryland Department of Labor, Licensing and Regulations. Represents yearly average figures.

TABLE T-13

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Obligation Bonded Debt to Total General Expenditures Last Ten Fiscal Years

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

				Montoc		000111				
									Ratio of	
						Total		Total	Debt Service	
Fiscal						Debt		General	to General	
Year		Principal		Interest		Service	_	Expenditures (1)	Expenditures	-
1995	\$	1,970,000	\$	1,926,774	\$	3,896,774	\$	71,490,267	5.45	%
1996	Ψ	2,260,000	Ψ	1,930,963	Ψ	4,190,963	Ψ	72,410,180	5.79	70
1997		2,370,000		1,787,569		4,157,569		81,925,168	5.07	
1998		1,905,000		1,676,695		3,581,695		80,278,186	4.46	
1999		1,905,000		1,704,211		3,609,211		80,746,444	4.47	
2000		2,165,000		1,758,089		3,923,089		91,300,376	4.30	
2001		2,235,000		1,744,583		3,979,583		104,719,634	3.80	
2002		2,645,000		1,769,734		4,414,734		97,970,370	4.51	
2003		2,630,000		1,640,666		4,270,666		93,742,819	4.56	
2004		2,715,000		1,358,913		4,073,913		101,978,201	3.99	
				PRINCE GE	ORGE'	<u>S COUNTY</u>				
									Ratio of	
						Total		Total	Debt Service	
Fiscal						Debt		General	to General	
Year		Principal		Interest		Service	_	Expenditures (1)	Expenditures	-
1995	\$	4,615,000	\$	5,206,174	\$	9,821,174	\$	123,382,881	7.96	%
1996		5,040,000		4,892,298		9,932,298		114,052,704	8.71	
1997		4,685,000		4,303,838		8,988,838		118,806,646	7.57	
1998		5,480,000		6,294,373		11,774,373		127,205,136	9.26	
1999		5,070,000		6,281,752		11,351,752		152,205,437	7.46	
2000		5,580,000		6,383,221		11,963,221		136,691,612	8.75	
2001		5,590,000		6,050,074		11,640,074		142,126,997	8.19	
2002		6,695,000		6,306,713		13,001,713		146,179,086	8.89	
2003		28,705,000	(2)	4,998,267		33,703,267		167,760,457	20.09	(2)
2004		8,040,000		4,586,601		12,626,601		164,205,411	7.69	

Note: (1) Total general expenditures includes General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects, Debt Service and Enterprise Funds.

(2) Includes the refinancing of X-2 Series for \$21,000,000.

TABLE T-14

Property Value, Construction, and Bank Deposits Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars in Millions)

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Fiscal Year	Total Number of Building Permits	Co	esidential onstruction Value (1)	Cc	ommercial nstruction /alue (1)	 Bank Deposits	 Total Estimated Real Property Value
1995	13,500	\$	583	\$	70	\$ 7,710	\$ 67,107
1996	12,677		765		116	7,994	66,677
1997	13,837		726		183	7,973	68,285
1998	14,162		743		331	8,376	69,295
1999	15,130		787		287	8,967	71,481
2000	20,205		843		234	9,351	74,907
2001	14,599		879		276	10,646	79,022
2002	15,696		896		521	11,624	84,229
2003	15,969		1,024		427	13,531	93,432
2004	15,141		892		559	n.a.	98,091

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY

Calendar Year	Residential Building Permits Issued (2)	C	tesidential onstruction alue (2 & 3)	Co	ommercial onstruction llue (2 & 3)	 Bank Deposits	 Total Estimated Real Property Value
1995	3,487	\$	295	\$	298	\$ 3,941	\$ 35,576
1996	3,041		264		256	3,929	35,404
1997	2,788		284		161	3,854	35,828
1998	3,635		355		252	3,873	36,104
1999	2,060		222		176	4,260	36,424
2000	3,885		413		279	4,250	37,244
2001	5,174		490		331	4,442	38,268
2002	3,007		360		185	4,738	39,326
2003	2,716		450		269	5,111	42,546
2004	n.a.		n.a.		n.a.	n.a.	n.a.

Notes:

(1)

Estimated market value of new construction added to the real property tax base.

(2) Prince George's County, Department of Environmental Resources, excludes City of Laurel, who have their own issuance permits.

(3) Estimated value of new construction on building permits.

TABLE T-15

Principal Taxpayers

June 30, 2004

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

			Percentage of Total				
Taxpayer		Total Assessment	Assessed Valuation	-	Real Property		Other Property
otomac Electric Power Company erizon/Bell Atlantic	\$	766,285,986	0.82 %	6\$	5,860,436	\$	760,425,550
Iontgomery Mali		629,743,666 224,504,932	0.68 0.24		27,223,826 224,144,332		602,519,840 360,600
/ashington Gas Light Company lirant Mid-Atlantic LLC		206,249,370 205,747,732	0.22 0.22		- 69,733,532		206,249,370 136,014,200
ryant F. Foulger, Trustee 501 Wisconsin Ave. LLC		155,509,300 155,000,000	0.17 0.17		155,509,300 155,000,000		-
amalier, Anne D et al, Trustee emocracy Associates		139,042,168 137,266,666	0.15 0.15		139,042,168 137,266,666		-
larbeth Partnership	÷	129,021,000	0.14	· ۴	129,021,000	•	
Total	*	2,748,370,820	<u>2.95</u> %		1,042,801,260	\$ =	1,705,569,560
Total Assessable Base	\$	93,226,806,877	<u> 100.00 </u> %	6			

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY

			Percentage of Total				
_		Total	Assessed		Real		Other
Taxpayer		Assessment	Valuation	-	Property		Property
lirant Chalk Point LLC	\$	441,694,116	0.96 %	\$	146,379,266	\$	295,314,850
otomac Electric Power Company		437,932,470	0.95		2,803,790		435,128,680
erizon Maryland		426,660,950	0.93		-		426,660,950
KC Stadium		187,999,100	0.41		187,999,100		-
/ashington Gas Light Company		179,269,812	0.39		3,004,312		176,265,500
altimore Gas & Electric Company		104,631,660	0.23		3,300		104,628,360
afeway Stores		89,986,998	0.20		76,763,698		13,223,300
ummerfield Housing LTD Partnership		99,274,000	0.22		99,274,000		-
reenbelt Homes, Incorporated		80,194,020	0.17		80,194,020		-
ecretary of HUD	_	73,387,440	0.16	_	73,387,440		-
Total	\$	2,121,030,566	4.61 %	\$_	669,808,926	\$ _	1,451,221,640
Total Assessable Base	\$_	46,022,798,662	<u> 100.00 </u> %				

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE IN FORCE AS OF JUNE 30, 2004							
YPE OF COVERAGE AND NAME OF COMPANY	POLICY/BOND NUMBER	POLICY/BOND PER		COVERAGE		INUAL EMIUM	
ielf Insured in Conjunction with Aontgomery County Self Insurance Fund: o Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability o Comprehensive General and Auto Liability o Public Official Liability o Police Professional Liability o Automobile Physical Damage	N/A	7/1/1978		Maryland State and \$100,000 Empioyer's Liability; Special Police ; \$50,000 accident \$500,000 disease			
o Excess Liability Commonwealth Ins. Co.	CEC-10007	10/15/03	10/15/04	\$5Million excess over \$3 Million	\$	35,290	
nsured in Conjunction with Montgomery Jounty Self Insurance Fund: o Exhibition Floater Travelers Indemnity Co.	TJCMB225T952693	07/01/03	07/01/04	\$250,000 all risk on display \$20,000, (blanket aggregate); \$10,000 any one item, \$250 deductible; \$25,000 any one conveyance	\$	850	
				Actual cash value, broad form coverage per scheduled listing with \$5,000 S.I.R. per occurrence			
o All Risk Real and Personal Property	LP 396	07/01/03	07/01/04	\$500,000,000 loss limit \$250,000 deductible per occurrence Includes Data, Programs and Software, Flood and Earthquake. The B&M has a \$50,000 deductible.	\$	172,410	
Boiler and Machinery FM Global				Actual cash value, broad form coverage per scheduled listing.			
nsurance purchased directly by the Commission: o Airport Liability including Products, Hangar Keeper's and Nonowned Aircraft Ace USA	N00974870001	01/18/04	01/18/05	\$10,000.000 per occurrence; \$10,000,000 per completed operations \$10,000,000 Personal & Advertising Injury Aggregate Limit \$5,000,000 Hangarskeepers' each loss limit \$5,000,000 Hangarskeepers' each aircraft limit	\$	18,850	
 Public Employees Blanket Bond Old Republic Surety Fidelity Bond 	EPE/EPX-1139338	07/01/03	07/01/04	\$100,000	\$	4,910	
o Public Official Bond (Secretary-Treasurer) Fidelity and Deposit Company	0596 14 77B	07/01/02	07/01/05	\$500,000	\$	1,800	
o Public Official Bond (Executive Director)	3066 59 36	08/14/03	08/14/04	\$50,000	\$	175	
o Depositors Forgery Bond Fidelity and Deposit Company	CCP 0001730 03	07/01/02	07/01/05	\$50,000	\$	442	
o CSLP Baysox Club, LLC (Bowie Stadium) Gutf Insurance Group	CLP0461880 BA5737062	04/01/04	04/01/05	\$500,000 Building Contents \$6,500,000 Building \$2,000,000 General Liability \$1,000,000 Automobile Liability Auto Physical Damage: \$500 Collision deductible \$100 Comprehensive deductible \$100,000 Garage Keepers Liability: \$250 deductible	\$	53,234	
o College Park Aviation Museum CGU Commercial Lines Policy	CPR651437	11/05/03	11/05/04	\$300,000 Berliner Helicopter \$310,000 1917 Curtis Jenny Plane	\$	5,351	

\$<u>293,312</u>

Source: The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission, Department of Human Resources and Management

SUPPLEMENTAL ENTERPRISE INFORMATION

Condensed Schedule of Revenues and Expenses For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

Recreational Facilities

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

		Conference Centers		Golf Courses		lce Rinks		Indoor Tennis		Park Facilities		Totals	
Operating Revenues	\$	356,038	\$	6,248,455	\$	4,213,651	\$	1,141,622	\$	2,118,750	\$	14,078,516	
Operating Expenses Before Depreciation		444,487	_	5,954,970	_	3,618,037		756,337		1,419,338	-	12,193,169	
Operating Income (Loss)			-										
Before Depreciation		(88,449)		293,485		595,614		385,285		699,412		1,885,347	
Depreciation	_	35,086	_	745,810	_	716,630		52,242		127,062	_	1,676,830	
Operating Income (Loss)		(123,535)		(452,325)		(121,016)		333,043		572,350		208,517	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		-		(255,802)		(390,710)		43,244		21,275		(581,993)	
Transfers In (Out)		80,203	_	52,494		22,601		4,195		(170,805)	_	(11,312)	
Net Income (Loss)	\$	(43,332)	\$	(655,633)	\$_	(489,125)	\$	380,482	\$	422,820	\$_	(384,788)	

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY

	Airport	Equestrian Center/ Multipurpose Arena	Golf Courses	Ice Rinks	Regional Parks	Trap and Skeet Center	Sports and Learning Complex	Bladensburg Marina	Totals
Operating Revenues	\$ 193,462 \$	1,448,968 \$	2,236,998 \$	409,714 \$	272,635 \$	1,085,754 \$	2,314,775	\$ 31,446 \$	7,993,752
Operating Expenses Before Depreciation	326,108	2,739,646	2,611,390	794,097	264,496	1,102,180	5,122,217	323,680	13,283,814
Operating Income (Loss)									
Before Depreciation	(132,646)	(1,290,678)	(374,392)	(384,383)	8,139	(16,426)	(2,807,442)	(292,234)	(5,290,062)
Depreciation	113,521	558,200	108,722	90,441	83,151	<u>11,185</u>	1,212,243	53,239	2,230,702
Operating Income (Loss)	(246,167)	(1,848,878)	(483,114)	(474,824)	(75,012)	(27,611)	(4,019,685)	(345,473)	(7,520,764)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	-	-	-	-	5,942	-	15,626	7,300	28,868
Transfers In (Out)	1,749,513	1,785,329	325,538	281,427	81,655	67,018	8,442,826	327,704	13,061,010
Net Income (Loss)	\$ <u>1,503,346</u> \$	(63,549) \$	(157,576) \$	(193,397) \$	12,585 \$	39,407 \$	4,438,767	\$ (10,469) \$	5,569,114

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The following individuals contributed to the preparation of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report:

Alfred F. Warfield Barbara A. Walsh and Ali Darroodi Andrea G. Davey Paula J. Dawson Tanya R. Hankton John M. Heater Lori K. Holland Marion G. Joyce Richard E. King Deloris M. Kirby Leticia S. Manlapaz Latisha A. Parker Keith R. Phillip Abbey B. Sanford Carol C. Schaper Virgilio P. Vehemente Mary L. Williford

Photo Index

Cover:

Thanks to the generosity of William M. Rickman, Sr. who donated this picturesque 100-acre farm in Montgomery County's agricultural reserve, the Rickman Farm Horse Park in Boyds is developing a therapeutic riding program to serve children and adults with special needs.

In response to emerging trends in recreation, The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission built its first outdoor facility specifically for in-line skating at the popular Ridge Road Recreational Park in Germantown.

Page 9:

The award-winning and nationally accredited Maryland-National Capital Park Police host tours and briefings for law enforcement leaders from around the country...Harvest Festival entertainers demonstrate Square Dancing at the Agricultural History Farm Park, Derwood...Boundless Playground at Martin Luther King, Jr. Recreational Park in Silver Spring provides exercise and fun for children of all abilities...In the "Year of the Cicada," kids learn about the large, noisy insects from Park naturalists...the Ellen E. Linson pool is just one of the many Commission facilities in Prince George's County to host fun and fitness festivals for the whole family as part of the national Hearts N' Parks program...Participants join in the fun at the annual National Senior Fitness Day celebration at Robert M. Watkins Regional Park...Skaters glide effortlessly at Cabin John Ice Rink in Rockville...The Rollingcrest-Chillum community center serves as home court for a number of countywide youth and adult sports teams, including the popular over-40 men's basketball league...Wheaton Regional Park's famed antique carousel delights children of all ages...Active seniors keep fit and trim playing softball at one of the many ball fields throughout Montgomery County Parks.

Photo Credits:

Francine Bethea (Montgomery County): Cover and pages 9, 20, 92, and 100. Steve Abramowitz (Prince George's County): Pages 1, 9, 88, 96, and 104.



8787 Georgia Avenue Silver Spring, Maryland 20910

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14741 Governor Oden Bowie Drive Upper Marlboro, Maryland 20772