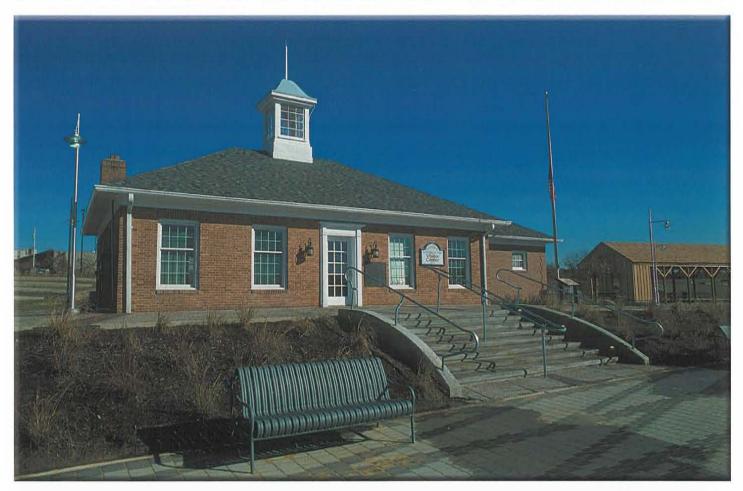
THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION





Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2003

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT AND ANNUAL REPORT

of

THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Commissioners

Derick P. Berlage, Chairman of the Commission
Elizabeth M. Hewlett, Vice-Chairman of the Commission
Allison Bryant
William M. Eley, Jr.
James F. Harley
George H. Lowe, Jr.
Wendy C. Perdue
John M. Robinson
Sylvester J. Vaughns
Meredith K. Wellington

Officers

Trudye Morgan Johnson, Executive Director Patricia Colihan Barney, Secretary-Treasurer Adrian R. Gardner, General Counsel

Department Directors

Charles Loehr, Montgomery County Director of Park and Planning

Fern V. Piret, Prince George's County Director of Planning Marye Wells-Harley, Prince George's County Director of Parks and Recreation

Trudye Morgan Johnson, Department of Human Resources and Management Patricia Colihan Barney, Department of Finance Adrian R. Gardner, Legal Department

Prepared by the Department of Finance

Patricia Colihan Barney, Secretary-Treasurer

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Alfred F. Warfield, Accounting
John M. Heater, Administration
Nancy J. Keogh, Purchasing
Philip Litman, Internal Audit
Keith R. Phillip, Cash Management
John W. Waddell, Information Technology

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• Part I •

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



Black Hill Visitors Center offers the public nature center exhibits and sweeping vistas of Little Seneca Lake

September 26, 2003

Commissioners:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission ("the Commission") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003 is hereby submitted. This Report was prepared by the Commission's Finance Department, in accordance with the provisions of Article 28, Sections 2-113 and 7-107, of the Annotated Code of Maryland. Responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented, including all disclosures, rests with the Commission. We assert that to the best of our knowledge and belief, the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position changes in financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities and various funds of the Commission in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Commission's financial activities have been included.

To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the Commission has established an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the Commission are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires business judgment by management.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in three sections: Introductory, Financial and Statistical. The Introductory Section includes this transmittal letter, the Commission's background and organization, and the Commission's program highlights. The Financial Section includes the basic financial statements, and the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, as well as the auditors' report on the financial statements and schedules. As part of the Financial Section, GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Commission's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors. The Statistical Section includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis.

State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The Commission selected the accounting firm of KPMG LLP. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Commission for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the Commission's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003 are fairly presented in conformance with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the Financial Section of this Report.

The Commission is normally required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1996, as revised and U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, **Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.** This audit is not required this year because of the relatively low level of federal grant awards received by the Commission.

The Commission is also required to file a Uniform Financial Report with the Maryland State Department of Legislative Services by November 1 of each year.

The Commission

The Commission is a body corporate of the State of Maryland established by the Maryland General Assembly in 1927. The Commission is a bi-county agency serving both Montgomery and Prince George's Counties. It is empowered to acquire, develop, maintain and administer a regional system of parks in the defined Metropolitan District in Montgomery and Prince George's Counties, and to prepare and administer a general plan for the physical development of a defined Regional District for the two Counties. The Commission also conducts the recreation program for Prince George's County.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the Commission's financial planning and control. The Commission maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Montgomery County and Prince George's County governments. Activities of the General Fund, which include a transfer for debt service expenditures, are included in the annual appropriated budget. Project length financial plans are adopted for the Capital Projects Funds. The level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established within each individual account in the General Fund. Budget-to-actual presentations for all five accounts of the General Fund are presented in Note 6 in the basic financial statements.

The Commission maintains an internal auditing division that reports to the Secretary-Treasurer. This staff performs internal audits throughout the Commission's offices and facilities. All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the Commission's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The Commission's financial condition is positive as a result of a stable primary revenue source and the Commission's conservative fiscal management policies. The assessable bases in both counties continue to experience modest growth, and collections, including interest and penalties as a percent of the levy, are consistently above 99%. The Commission prepares quarterly and long-term financial projections to help guide current year and future years' expenditures based upon anticipated revenue sources. In addition, the Commission adopted a comprehensive fund balance policy in fiscal year 2000 to provide a cushion against unforeseen expenditures or revenue shortfalls in each fund. The Commission's fiscal year 2003 General Fund budget basis ending fund balance was in excess of \$39.8 million.

Along with the Commission's internal financial management policies, spending affordability guidelines continue to be provided by Montgomery County Government for the Commission's Montgomery County operations, and by a Spending Affordability Committee for the Commission's Prince George's County operations. More detailed information on the financial outlook is provided in the Management's Discussion and Analysis section of this Report.

Major Initiatives

The Commission enjoyed an excellent program year in fiscal year 2003. The major accomplishments of the Commission are set forth in the Program Highlights section of this Report.

Cash Management

The Commission actively manages a cash and investment program. The primary objectives of the program are the preservation of capital, providing liquidity to meet financial obligations, and the maximization of investment return consistent with the risk limitations and investment guidelines per the Commission's investment policy. Commission investments are limited to those authorized by the Annotated Code of Maryland and the Commission's investment policy.

The Commission's accounting system operates under a pooled cash fund concept. This method reduces the efforts needed to manage cash and investments since bank accounts and investments are consolidated in a Treasurer's Fund instead of having separate bank accounts and investments for each fund. Investments of the Treasurer's Fund earned interest income of \$2,031,000 during fiscal year 2003. The average rate of return on the Commission's cash and investments during fiscal year 2003 was 1.45%.

Risk Management

The Commission is a participant in the Montgomery County Self-Insurance Program (the "Program") and is therefore self-insured for most claims filed by third parties. The Commission has an in-house Risk Management and Safety Office which develops and implements the internal loss control program to reduce workplace accidents and injuries. Commercial policies provide further liability and property loss coverage for claims arising out of real and personal property damage (over \$100,000), operation of a public airport, and other specific items of personal property.

Pension and Other Post Employment Benefits

The Commission sponsors a single employer defined benefit pension plan, The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission Employees' Retirement System (ERS), included in this report as the Employees' Retirement Pension Trust Fund. Each year an independent actuary engaged by the ERS calculates the amount of the annual contribution that the Commission must make to ERS to ensure that the plan will be able to fully meet its obligations to retired employees on a timely basis. As a matter of policy, the Commission fully funds each year's annual required contribution as determined by the actuary. As a result of this conservative funding policy, the Commission has succeeded, as of July 1, 2002 in funding 118.7% of the actuarially accrued liability to employees.

The Commission also provides health and dental care benefits for certain retirees and their dependants. At the end of the fiscal year, 569 retired employees received these benefits, which are financed on a pay-as-you-go-basis. GAAP does not require governments to report a liability in the financial statements in connection with an employer's obligation to pay these benefits. The Commission has elected to establish a trust fund for payment of future benefits. Amounts placed here are not based on any actuarial studies. No contributions were made to this fund in 2003, and benefits totaling \$2,757,000 were paid from the fund. Benefits for 2004 are again to be paid by this fund. The fund had net assets of \$6,120,000 at June 30, 2003.

Other Information

Awards. The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Commission for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. The Commission has received this award continuously since fiscal year 1973. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the Commission must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This Report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another Certificate.

In addition, the Commission also received the GFOA's Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation for its annual budget for fiscal year 2003. The Commission has received this award continuously since fiscal year 1987. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the Commission's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories including policy documentation, financial planning and organization.

Acknowledgments

The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. Each member of the Department has my sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this Report. Special thanks are expressed to Alfred Warfield, Accounting Manager, and the entire Accounting Division staff. I would also like to thank and compliment the Commissioners for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the Commission in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Patricia Colihan Barney

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2002

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

UNITE OFFICE VALUE OF THE CONTROL OF

President

Executive Director

Commission Background and Organization

The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission is a body corporate of the State of Maryland, established by the Maryland General Assembly in 1927. The laws governing the Commission were codified in 1959, recodified in 1975 to be Article 66D of the Annotated Code of Maryland and again in 1983, to be Article 28.

The Commission is a bi-county agency, empowered to acquire, develop, maintain and administer a regional system of parks in a defined Metropolitan District within the Maryland Counties (Montgomery and Prince George's) adjacent to the District of Columbia. The Commission is also empowered to prepare and administer a general plan for the physical development of a larger Regional District in the same area.

As development and urbanization of the area have progressed, the two Districts have been enlarged by the General Assembly. They now embrace all of Maryland's Montgomery and Prince George's Counties, except for certain incorporated municipalities in each County and, for the Metropolitan District only, Election Districts No. 4 and No. 8 in Prince George's County.

Responsibility for public recreation in Prince George's County and the County Recreation Department was transferred to the Commission in July, 1970 as a result of legislative action. This legislation provided that taxes to support recreation be imposed County-wide and that the County Council may require the Commission to institute new recreation programs. The County Executive appoints a Parks and Recreation Advisory Board which works closely with the Commission in setting policy.

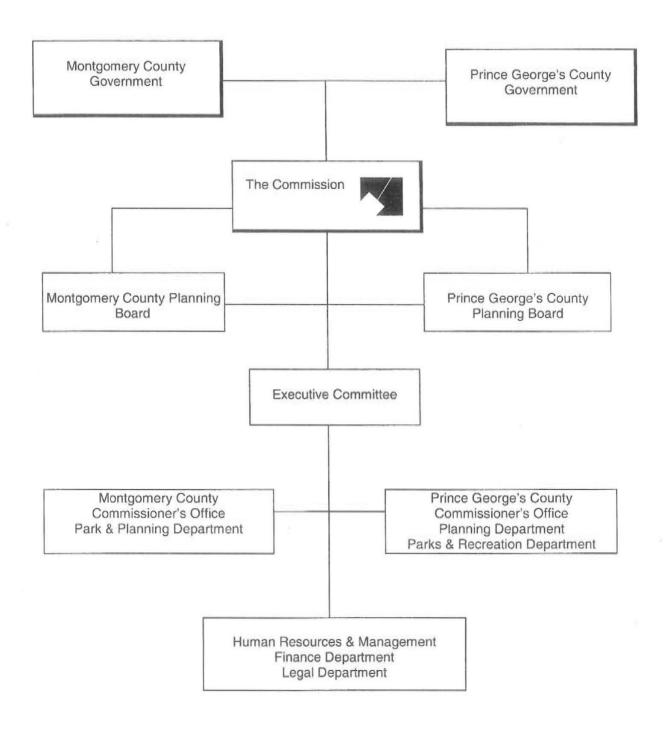
The Commission consists of ten members, five appointed by Montgomery County and five by Prince George's County. In Montgomery County, all five of the Commissioners are appointed by the County Council and confirmed by the County Executive. Montgomery County Commissioners may not be appointed for more than two consecutive terms. In Prince George's County, all five of the Commissioners are appointed by the County Executive and confirmed by the County Council. Each County designates one of its Commissioners for the position of Chairman of their respective Planning Board. The Commission elects one of such designees as its Chairman and the other as its Vice-Chairman. Under the Commission's rules of procedure, the Chairmanship and Vice-Chairmanship of the Commission rotate annually between the two designees. Terms of office are staggered and no more than three members from each County may belong to the same political party.

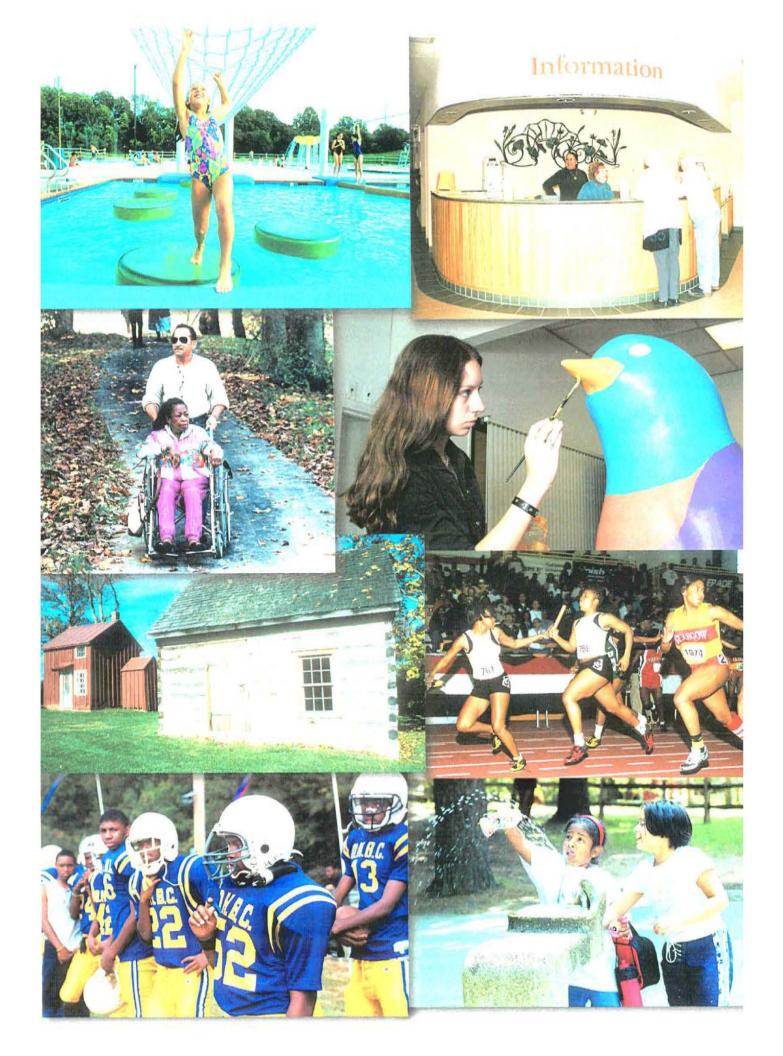
The Commission coordinates and acts on matters of interest to both Counties. Two regional offices are maintained, one in each County. The Commission meets once each month regularly, the site of the meetings alternating between the two regional offices. The members of the Commission from each County serve as separate Planning Boards to facilitate, review and administer the matters affecting only their respective County. To carry out their functions, the County Planning Boards meet at least once a week. The County Councils set priorities for the Planning Boards' park and planning operations through their annual determination and periodic review of the Commission's operating and capital improvement budgets and work programs.

The Commission administers a park system that currently contains over 56,000 acres. It is composed of stream-valley parks, large regional parks, neighborhood parks and park-school recreational areas. Its staff consists of over 2,079 career employees - planners, park and recreation administrators, park police and administrative staff. In addition, it employs approximately 5,170 seasonal workers, primarily for its numerous park and recreation programs.

The operating and administrative functions of the Commission are financed primarily by property taxes levied for the Commission by the two Counties. The Commission has the authority to sell general obligation bonds to fund approved park acquisition and development projects.

THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION ORGANIZATION CHART





FY 2003 Program Highlights

The Commission completed its memorable series of successful 75th anniversary promotional events during fiscal yea 2003 (FY03), using "Turning Visions into Reality" as the unifying theme, with thousands attending a gala closing ceremony and reception at Watkins Regional Park's Festival of Lights and Nature Center. After three years of drough the Commission weathered crippling snowstorms followed by months of record rainfall, assisted in the grippin regional sniper investigation, launched the SmartLinks online registration for parks and recreation classes, expande the vast amount of information available to the public on our website, www.mncppc.org, and extended the network chiker/biker trails through natural areas linking urban, suburban and rural communities to mass transit, cultural sites an shopping.

To focus on improving customer service and achieving greater efficiency, the Commission has launched a campaig for official accreditation through the national Commission for Accreditation of Parks and Recreation Agencies (CAPR/which sets strict standards for every facet of operations: financial management; planning; human resources; safety an security; risk management; programs and services; agency authority, role and responsibility; facility and land us management; organization and administration; and evaluation and research.

Serving a diverse, multicultural community of more than 1.7 million residents, many of who do not speak or reac English well, led the Commission to add online translation services to the Commission's web site using Altavista's free Babblefish translation service. Languages now available to those who wish to translate our web site almos instantaneously include: Spanish, French, Italian, Portuguese, German, Korean, Chinese and Japanese.

After years of planning, land acquisition, community outreach, design, and development, the Commission opened i spectacular Ridge Road Recreational Park on 56 acres in Germantown to serve the community's needs for active recreation in a rapidly growing area. Included in the Park are: four lighted and irrigated ballfields, an in-line skatir rink, tennis courts, a network of trails, a dog exercise area, a colorful playground, picnic shelters, two restroo buildings and lighted parking for 580 cars. In addition, the Commission opened many renovated playgrounds ar expanded parks during the year to great fanfare and community appreciation.

Prince George's County Department of Parks and Recreation

Meeting Customer Needs Through Innovative Service and Technology: The Department of Parks and Recreative serves over 812,000 residents in a diverse socio-economic area, and maintains a long-standing reputation as national leader. Meeting the needs of an ever-growing and diverse population is accomplished by highly train professional staff who are innovators in the leisure services field, and committed to enhancing customer service. A part of its commitment to service, the Department continued to expand upon the success of the automate SMARTlink registration program, designed to help the public find classes and activities with ease, and register on lifted or by telephone. Approximately 15% of our customers used this self-service system during initial registration period continued growth is expected and additional business opportunities are being explored. The Department's establish web site, www.pgparks.com, continued to be enhanced, and offered vast amounts of information to the public with to click of a mouse—from trail maps to rental facility information.

Enhancing the Parks System: The Department completed work on projects designed to enhance the 24,000-ac parks system, including: Hilmar Suitland Community Park School; the Ernest Everett Just Community Park School; the Allentown Fitness and Splash Park; the College Park Dog Park; the Temple Hills Community Center addition; a improvements to the marquee, landscaping, and parking at the Prince George's Sports & Learning Complex. Desi projects included the Clearwater Nature Center renovation and playground retrofits. Construction projects we underway at the Fort Washington Forest Elementary School and Huntington Community Centers; North Forestv Elementary School gymnasium; and the Prince George's Sports & Learning Complex Learning Center additic Funding for some projects came by way of grants, including \$2 million in Rural Legacy Funds; \$1.3 million for the Gateway Trails initiative; and \$4.3 million from Maryland Program Open Space for park acquisition and developme

Staging Outstanding Community Events: Popular events drew thousands of participants, including the annual Hispanic Festival, which hosted over 10,000 people; the 22nd annual Kinderfest; the Montpelier Spring Festival; Marlboro Day; the Harlem Renaissance Festival; and the 6th annual Teen Cotillion. Watkins Regional Park's Festival of Lights dazzled more than 110,000 visitors, including residents and tourists, and the Department assisted with a multitude of community events throughout the county attracting both newer and long-time residents.

Furnishing Recreational Opportunities for All: Thousands of community recreation programs met the interests of all ages, including teen and senior centers, day camps and summer playgrounds, and a wide variety of classes and popular off-site trips and excursions. Inclusion services were provided as an important part of a continuum of services for people with disabilities. Countless fitness enthusiasts improved their health and wellness at facilities offering the best in golf, swimming, tennis, weightlifting, running, hiking, and bicycling. Delighted users of our extended trails system traversed pristine natural areas of the county, with links to mass transit, cultural sites, and major shopping.

Providing Quality Childcare Services: The Prince George's Employees' Child Care Center in Upper Marlboro, and the childcare facility at Glenridge Elementary School, operated at full capacity, continuing to serve as models for child care centers across the nation. Staff at these facilities were frequently tapped to share their expertise as board members for a number of child-related organizations. Excellence in childcare was carried further as lunches were served to needy children at numerous summer program sites. Pre-schools, before- and after-care and Kids Day Out programs satisfied the needs of both parents and children for safe, educational, and enjoyable activities.

Offering Varied Sports and Lelsure-Time Activities: The Sports/Permit Division administered a diversified program of countywide sports for youth and adults. Thousands of people permitted park facilities and the popular garden plots. The division also administered the Prince George's County Boys and Girls Club program, offering team recreation opportunities for thousands of youth.

Supporting the Arts and Building Cultural Heritage: Arts and cultural offerings were well attended, as the Arts and Cultural Heritage Division hosted local and nationally acclaimed artists and performers who thrilled audiences and gallery visitors. A major public art exhibition, Birds-I-View, was completed and a "flock" of artist-designed birds placed at high-visibility points throughout the County. The Clarice Smith Performing Arts Center at the University of Maryland continued to host numerous on-site M-NCPPC programs, special events, and performances. The Show Place Arena hosted the NCAA Division 1 Patriot League Conference Basketball Tournament. Montpelier Cultural Arts Center released its fourth CD, Ron Holloway and Friends, Live at Montpelier, to critical acclaim and outstanding sales.

Preserving and Protecting Natural and Historical Resources: Natural and historical interpretive programs again proved popular, with high attendance at special events like the Patuxent 10K Run for Wildlife. Special projects included the building and dedication of the James O. Hall Research Center at the Surratt House Museum and the opening of the Tobacco Museum at the Patuxent Rural Life Museum. Park naturalists continued the wild rice and wetlands restoration project at Patuxent River Park. Park Rangers provided a wide range of services including conservation and wildlife projects, and provided conservation and interpretation education for over 5,000 Prince George's County Public School students.

Keeping Parks Secure: Park Police maintained an around-the-clock watch at neighborhood parks, community centers, regional parks, and special facilities. Use of Mobile Data Terminals in police vehicles allowed officers direct access to records checks, thereby reducing time to verify information. Officers continued to assist with mentoring programs, the Drug Abuse Resistance Education program, a Halloween Safety Program, and the "Eddie the Eagle" Gun Safety Program. Volunteers attended the popular Park/Community Volunteer Academy to become trained to assist Park Police as another set of eyes and ears throughout the park system and at special events.

Maintaining Safe and Attractive Parks and Facilities: The task of maintaining a 24,000-acre park system and ensuring that all facilities and parks are in pristine condition for park patrons falls to the Maintenance and Development (M&D) Division. With several heavy snow storms blanketing the area, M&D staff was called into action to plow major county roads, totaling over 6,000 man-hours working 12-hour shifts per day. The M&D facility was a test site for implementation of M-NCPPC's energy cost reduction and staff awareness programs, and the FASTER System for vehicle maintenance work orders provided connectivity to satellite garages to further enhance fleet maintenance.

Prince George's County Planning Department

Providing Community Outreach and Public Information: PlanningDotCom, a new community outreach an education component designed to enhance the public's knowledge of and participation in planning, zoning an development processes was launched, with workshops held throughout the county. 25,000 copies of a brochur describing the work of the department were published and distributed to the public. The delivery of, and public acces to, land-use information was enhanced with planning information services made available in a more accessible an user-friendly environment on the lower level of the County Administration Building where more than 1,500 customer each month can research zoning and property information; purchase property maps, plans and studies; and obtainformation on planning, zoning and development regulations and processes. Information is also available community with may be translated into eight languages and which receives more than 350,000 month hits. The department also continues to serve as a resource to county and municipal governments, compiling and disseminating census data in various formats and by geographic area.

Planning for Quality Communities: Staff continued work on master plans, sector master plans, sectional material amendment (SMA) revisions, specialized planning studies and land use legislation. The 2002 General Plan was approved by the County Council, which also enacted zoning ordinance legislation for aviation policy areas. Public participation and plan preparation proceeded on the Morgan Boulevard-Largo Town Center Metro and Prince George County Gateway Arts District Sector Plans/SMAs, and the Suitland and Riverdale Park Mixed-Use-Town Center Zone Completed projects included: Biennial Growth Policy Update, Central Patuxent River Special Area, Accokeek Tow Center, Strategic Plan for Transit-Oriented Development, and the West Hyattsville Transit-Oriented Developme Studies. New Master Plans/SMAs were initiated for Bowie and Vicinity, and Henson Creek-South Potomac, and ne studies begun for Seat Pleasant/Glenarden Martin Luther King, Jr. Highway and the Annapolis Road (MD 45 Corridor. Studies continued on: Tuxedo Road-Arbor Street-Cheverly Metro Station Area Sector Plan/SMA, Hyattsvi M-UTC Zone Development Plan and the Purple Line/International Corridor.

Planning for Public Facilities: Public Facilities Planning staff completed a report for the Police Department support of their campaign for accreditation, continued to provide support for the School Construction Manageme Team and initiated a fair share fee system to assist the Fire Department in funding the construction of Emergen Medical Services Facilities.

Revitalizing and Preserving Older Communities: Planning staff working in the Redevelopment Authority (R continued to advance a number of projects and programs within older communities, including State certification of the Anacostia Trails Heritage Area (ATHA). Major grants were obtained from the Maryland Heritage Areas Authority, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), and the Maryland Community Legacy Program, and ow \$1 million in Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funds were secured for the acquisition of propertic relocation of tenants and construction of projects. In addition, the Neighborhood Improvement Grant Program (NIG funded small projects designed to visually enhance older communities.

Developing Efficient Transportation Systems: Transportation Planning staff supported the Morgan Boulevard/Lar Town Center Metro and Cheverly/Tuxedo Sector Plans, and major planning studies for the Capital Beltw Corridor/Purple Line, I-95/Greenbelt Metro Access, I-95/Contee Interchange and the MD 210 Corridor. The Coun initiated the update to the Countywide Master Plan of Transportation in September 2002, and the Planning Board he a Public Forum in May 2003. Planning staff provided support to the Bicycle and Trail Advisory Group, updated t traffic impact guidelines and continued work on a new transportation model. In addition, traffic forecasts for the desi of three CIP projects were prepared or updated and 54 traffic impact studies for development activities we processed.

Preserving and Protecting the Environment and Historic Properties: The Environmental Planning Secti assisted in the preparation of grants for the FY04 State Rural Legacy Program and for the statewide Scenic Bywa Program. Work was initiated on the Countywide Green Infrastructure Plan and new outdoor lighting standards reduce light pollution. Work was completed on the FY02 Forest Conservation Annual Report, Environmental Impa Reports for sand and gravel mining, and rubble landfill special exceptions. Historic Preservation staff prepared historic district nomination to the National Register of Historic Places for the Town of North Brentwood. The Cour

Historic Preservation Commission classified two historic resources as Historic Sites, recommended that two historic properties be classified as Historic Sites through sector plans and determined five Environmental Settings.

Achieving Better Customer Service Through Technical Innovation: The Data Systems Section successfully migrated all desktop computers to the Windows 2000 Operating System and moved a network file server from the Novell to Windows environment. Scanning and indexing of permit applications as part of final implementation of the Permit Tracking applications began, enabling concurrent review of permits by the Department.

Instituting State-of-the-Art Mapping Systems: The November 2002 roll-out of PGAtlas.com, the Department's GIS website, provided the citizens of Prince George's County (and the world) with ready access to County GIS data 24 hours a day. Department staff, County staff, residents, and businesses are all using this application regularly.

Promoting Responsible Development: Several hundred applications for zoning map amendments, special exceptions, conceptual and detailed site plans, and preliminary and final plats of subdivisions, along with over 19,000 permits of all types, were reviewed and analyzed, and expert professional advice provided to decision makers. A project undertaken to image new permit applications electronically will allow for simultaneous rather than sequential review and improve turn-around time. Permit status and comments are now available on the web, as a major customer convenience. Development review fees, raised January 1, 2003, are anticipated to generate nearly a million dollars annually in revenues. Development Review Division staff also provided support for two major County campaigns designed to streamline government operations: the Zoning Ordinance Task Force and the Permit Review Committee.

Montgomery County Department of Park and Planning

Protecting Important Open Space for the Future: In this third year of the Legacy Open Space program, staff negotiated contracts on 407 additional acres of sensitive natural resources, drinking water protection lands, and urban open space. Easements were placed on 850 acres, totaling more than 2,400 acres protected to date. In FY03, the Commission received the first donation to Legacy, a 106-acre parcel in the Broad Run watershed. To protect the drainage to the Rocky Gorge Reservoir on the Patuxent River, the Commission purchased the 41-acre Maiden's Fancy property. The Commission made first payments on two key installment contracts: the Wohlfarth property in urban Chevy Chase and the 258-acre Serpentine Barrens, a rare forest ecosystem in Potomac. Through Maryland's Rural Legacy program, more than 850 acres in the Hoyles Mill Diabase-North are now in conservation easement, successfully protecting those forest resources.

Keeping Montgomery County Moving: As the County's source of transportation forecasting and analysis, the Department continues to strive for the best approaches to knowledge-based decision-making. The Department has recently developed a Geographic Information Systems (GIS) database to store and analyze information on more than 700 County signalized intersections. Staff is investigating a new transportation model to provide peak hour and average daily traffic forecasts and permit changes in the regional transportation network to be efficiently incorporated. Staff also reviews all major County and State transportation project studies and designs, and supports all requests from the County Council and Department Divisions for transportation analysis and recommendations.

Promoting Development Patterns Concurrent with Environmental Protection: Recent master plans for the Upper Rock Creek, Olney, and Damascus areas will include guidelines that sustain and improve ecological systems and environmental quality. As the regulatory agency and administrator for the County's Forest Conservation Law, our forest conservation program goal is to plant trees on 600 additional acres each year using native trees grown in Park nurseries. The U.S. Department of Environmental Protection has honored the Commission as a clean water partner for our work in the Patuxent watershed.

Conserving our Past: A commitment to historic preservation extends to a leadership role in Heritage Tourism. This plan's adoption will reinforce the conservation and interpretation of significant historic resources. Work continues through the Locational Atlas of Historic Sites as the Planning Board reviews master plans. Staff continues work on an amendment to the Master Plan of Historic Preservation to consider designating additional historic sites. Staff has used the Commission's GIS to create mapped information on historic sites.

Streamlining the Development Approval Process: The Department continues to implement new tracking and information reporting systems to improve data collection and reporting of development activities. Advancements continue in integrating the new computer system with the GIS mapping program. Staff has developed computerized application forms and is moving toward electronic submission of applications and electronic transmission of application data to various reviewing agencies. Staff continues to work with the building industry to improve the developmen process.

Planning for Metro Station Areas: For more than 30 years, the Department has been planning for densidevelopment in Metro station areas. Sector plans for the Shady Grove and Twinbrook Metro station will be updated in 2003. Continuing to provide opportunities for housing near the Metro station areas of Bethesda, Friendship Heights Grosvenor, and White Flint is also a primary focus of the work program. The Department continues plans to revitaliz Wheaton and Silver Spring Metro areas.

Supporting Employment Center Development in the I-270 Corridor: Updating the master plans for the Shac Grove, Gaithersburg Vicinity, Twinbrook, and Germantown areas is included in the 2003 work program. Planner recognize the I-270 Corridor competes with jurisdictions in the Washington area and across the country. Accordingly the program supports advanced technology and biotechnology industries, provides opportunities for affordab housing, links cultural facilities, preserves open space, increases recreation opportunities, and improves the transportation system.

Strategies for Older Communities and Commercial Centers: Maintaining and enhancing older communities is primary goal. Older communities provide a stable housing resource for the County. Strategies to maintain the character of these communities include improving bicycle and pedestrian connections, encouraging public investme in community facilities, reducing the impact of highway improvements on existing residential areas, and maintaining high quality community design. Existing commercial centers provide important retail services and contribute to the vitality of adjacent residential neighborhoods. Recent planning for these centers accommodates a greater mix of using and improves the pedestrian connections to adjacent communities. Increasing opportunities for housing in old commercial centers is a focus of the planning program. New overlay zones, revised parking standards, and new strestandards will augment and enhance these commercial centers.

Protecting Rural Communities: Protecting rural communities is an important planning goal in Montgomery Coun Accordingly, methods to augment and enhance the rural landscape, maintain a vital agricultural economy, preser important water resources such as the Patuxent River, and protect the character of rural communities have be established. Planning for rural areas includes creating new subdivision regulations, establishing new street standard and revising sewer policies.

Geographic Information Systems and Research: The GIS team's work program for FY03 has focused on access the GIS through the Internet and database development and maintenance. Web-based projects include maps of patrails, park ballfields/facilities, and countywide base maps. Database maintenance programs and processes are be upgraded to improve data quality and staff efficiency. In FY03, research activities have included: the annual update the economy study, completion of the 2003 Census Update Survey (analysis of results in FY04), demographic a market studies supporting two master plans, staff support of affordable housing initiatives, the 2003-2005 Ann Growth Policy *Policy Element*, and ongoing work on the Planning Board's website, www.mc-mncppc.org.

Parks' Capital Improvements Program (CIP): Significant FY03 accomplishments include completing construction renovation, and/or design of the following facilities: Ridge Road Recreational Park Phase II, Flower Hill Local Park, coarks in Wheaton and Black Hill Regional Parks and Ridge Road Recreational Park, natural surface trails in Sense Greenway and Magruder Branch, roller hockey rinks at Rock Creek Hills and Columbia Local Parks, tennis a basketball courts at seven parks and play equipment at four parks. In addition, the Department completed the factor plan for Matthew Henson Hard Surface Trail and completed designs for Montgomery Village Local Park, Jesup E Local Park renovation, and Woodlawn Cultural Park's water and sewer. Also completed are facility or developm plans for: East Norbeck Local Park, Black Hill Regional Park trail renovation, Cherry Avenue Connector to Sligo Critrail, Rickman Therapeutic Riding Center, and Woodlawn Barn. Construction began on: Black Hill maintenar facility, Woodstock Equestrian Park, lighting at Wheaton Regional Park, Blair High School Baseball Field, a car bar

the National Capital Trolley Museum, Crystal Rock Trail, storm water management ponds, and resurfacing of Little Falls Parkway.

Public Private Partnerships: The Department continues to pursue public/private partnerships with non-profit groups creating new and expanded recreational opportunities in parks. Examples include: improvements to Meadowbrook Stables, and the Rickman Therapeutic Riding Center. In addition, the Red Wiggler Foundation is developing an environmentally sensitive farming operation for physically and mentally challenged children at Ovid Hazen Wells Special Park.

Volunteers: During the past year the Volunteer Services Office has continued to expand the Department's volunteer program, despite budget cuts resulting in the cancellation of the Spring Festival and the County Fair booth, and the effects of the sniper threat and extreme weather. Still, 4,143 volunteers contributed 45,842 hours of service either as individuals or as part of the 102 group projects in parks. At the annual Volunteer Banquet, staff recognized volunteers with 20 years and 25 years of service. The Volunteer Services Office plans to create and implement background check procedures, arrange for an assessment of the program, train staff in using volunteers for projects and coordinate Volunteer Management training for all staff who supervise volunteers.

Park Safety: Park Police focused on crime prevention and safety through community involvement and initiatives. Programs educated seniors and trail users on personal safety. Park Police Volunteers helped develop a spirit of cooperation and partnership with the community. The division mobilized its Community Response Vehicle, which functions as a movable sub-station at community events. To provide speed management improvements on Sligo Creek Parkway, the Department recently reached agreement with the Department of Public Works and Transportation to install new traffic signs, increase Park Police enforcement, and construct speed tables along a five-mile segment of the parkway to slow and/or stop speeding. This parkway safety initiative will be duplicated along Beach Drive and Little Falls Parkway.

Enterprise Fund: Due to an unusual combination of factors, Enterprise Fund revenue for FY03 came in significantly under budget. Extreme weather conditions all year and the sniper threat in October resulted in a worst-case business scenario for the golf courses and other outdoor Enterprise facilities. Wheaton Carousel's closure for extensive mechanical repairs also contributed to the downturn. In spite of curtailing expenditures to mitigate the effects of reduced revenues, higher than anticipated utility costs and other unexpected costs partially offset those expenditure reductions.

SmartParks: With a grant from Montgomery County's Technology Innovation Fund, the Commission's SmartParks program has begun. The Commission will be creating an inventory of park facilities, tracking operating and maintenance costs at parks, and streamlining service delivery using state-of-the-art computer technology including GIS, GPS, and distributive data collection and retrieval.

Park Land Acquisition: Including the Legacy Open Space properties mentioned previously, parkland acquisitions totaled more than 275 acres in FY 03, bringing the total acreage managed in Montgomery County Parks to more than 32,100 acres. Properties acquired as additions to existing parks included lands in Northwest Branch Stream Valley Park, Great Seneca Stream Valley Park, Sligo Mill Open Space Area, Patuxent River Watershed and Seven Locks Local Park. Several acquisitions represented initial purchase in new parks that did not exist prior to the fiscal year. These included Broad Run Stream Valley Park, Berryville Road Neighborhood Conservation Area, Germantown Commons, Chevy Chase Open Space, Serpentine Barrens Conservation Park and Wildcat Branch Stream Valley Park.

Property Management: For FY03, the residential element of the property management program came under review as a source of affordable housing for the Montgomery County workforce as part of the newly launched Housing Montgomery initiative. Further work on this initiative will continue into FY04. A multi-year effort to perform lead abatement work on all residential units was completed during FY03. For many units, this is a continuing program to ensure that the units remain compliant.

Department of Human Resources and Management

Under the leadership of the Commission's Executive Director, the Department of Human Resources and Management (DHRM), provides quality administrative, managerial and human resources services to the public and Commission. Organized into two major divisions, the Department includes Corporate Management and Human Resources. A team structure supports the work program to enhance service quality and increase productivity.

Organizational Development: In FY03 the Department continued to focus on the One Commission: A Preferred Workplace initiative through the coordination and guidance of special organizational development activities and programs. Activities included the culmination of the Commission's 75th Anniversary, launching of the first formation mentoring program, release of new portals for Internet and Intranet systems, and the Leadership Institute -Supervisory Training that graduated approximately 120 supervisors during this fiscal year. The Leadership Institute also incorporated the process to apply for accreditation from the Commission for Accreditation of Park and Recreation Agencies (CAPRA) as part of its Capstone Projects. Before becoming involved in the CAPRA process, new Capston Projects were completed by program participants involving such topics as: One Commission Bus Tour, Marketing th Commission's Website, Commission-wide Wellness program, Characteristics of Commission Mentors, Marketing th Commission as a Career, Annual Employee Day of Service, Emergency Response Plan, and the Positive Exchang Program. In addition, senior leadership workshops were established to provide a forum to introduce and addres priorities of the Commission collectively. Through these workshops, cross-functional leadership teams were formed to address additional critical success factors of the One Commission: A Preferred Workplace initiatives, which wer identified as: Awards and Recognition, Commission-wide Marketing, Formal Cross-training and Performanc Management. Work continued on critical success factors of communication through the employee speak-out forun Have Your Say, monthly publication of the supervisory help guide entitled TIPS, and use of a messaging tree for priority information flow.

Employee/Labor Relations: The Department negotiated a new, three-year collective bargaining agreement freedright of the Service/Labor, Trades and Office/Clerical Bargaining Units. It also conducted implementation workshops for changes to the new FOP contract, particularly in the retirement options available for Park Police. Standeveloped and conducted joint labor relations training with representatives for the Service/Labor, Trades ar Office/Clerical Bargaining Units to improve and strengthen accountability for good labor/management working relationships at the work site.

Continuous Improvement in Management and Employee Services: Other accomplishments included production a new training program on Workers' Compensation Benefits, implementation of domestic partner benefits, expansion of the successful employment program for persons with disabilities, coordination of the upgrade of the Personnel/Payroll System, development and adoption of a new policy for teleworkers and continuation of the increating in the quantity and diversity of applicant pools for job vacancies through web-based recruiting and outreach efform including numerous job fairs and networking. During FY03, three classification series were revised and reclassification actions were processed during two open windows. The Department continued leading Emergen Preparedness efforts by coordinating the crisis management plans and rolling out the Access Proximity system facility security at four additional sites. Staff also completed a Risk Management Analysis that included assessment risk factors and cost effectiveness.

Recognized Efforts: On behalf of the Commission, the Department has received: the recognition award as *Workplace of Excellence* from the Work-Life Alliance for the 2nd year and the *Distinguished Budget Presentation Awa* from the Government Finance Officers' Association for the 16th consecutive year. These awards are evidence fulfillment of the Commission's workplace initiative.

Department of Finance

The Department of Finance provides fiscal management and oversight of all Commission financial activities. Service of the Department include financial reporting and policy development; processing of payroll, disbursements appurchasing transactions; investment management; debt issuance; internal audit, and information system management.

Financing Capital Projects and Equipment: In FY03, the Department coordinated the sale of \$21.2 million Park Acquisition and Development Bonds (Variable Auction Rate Notes) to refinance the Prince George's Sports and Learning Complex taxable debt. The bonds are auctioned every 35 days, and the interest rate has gone from a high of 1.45% to a low of 1.05%. A Debt Service Rate Stabilization Fund was created with the savings generated to provide a means to offset future interest rate increases. The Commission also refunded Park Acquisition and Development Bonds amounting to over \$21 million for Prince George's County and almost \$8.5 million for Montgomery County, resulting in a net present value savings of approximately \$1.5 million. Additionally, over \$5.0 million of new CIP projects were funded in FY03 as well as \$2.8 million worth of capital equipment for Montgomery County.

Safeguarding Commission Assets: Department staff completed close to 200 facility, program and financial audits, including approximately 15 special audits. A fixed asset procedure manual and related Commission Practice were finalized to serve as a new Administrative Procedure to provide guidance on the protection of Commission assets, and annual inventories were completed for more than 90 Commission facilities.

Automating/Streamlining Efforts: Expansion of the Purchase Card program continued with almost 100 cardholders throughout the Commission, and Phase II of the automated purchasing module was implemented, which enables the electronic creation of direct purchase orders thereby eliminating the need for manual field purchase orders. Phase III, which will allow the creation of requisitions electronically and increase online approval processing, is in a pilot stage. These efforts are expected to continue generating efficiencies in the Commission's purchasing and payment processes. In addition, the Commission's online class registration system was partially integrated with the financial system to allow the decentralized recording of certain revenue transactions.

Information Systems Support: The Department's IT Division continues to support and maintain more than 70 different applications, primarily the financial, human resources and payroll systems, but also numerous other program support systems. During the year, efforts continued on the implementation of Personality 2000; network and financial system security was improved due to the implementation of a managed firewall system; a contract routing system was designed and implemented in Access; an upgrade to the Performance Series system was completed, and the KRONOS timekeeping system and the FASER utility system were migrated to Windows 2000. Also, CAS users were provided a means to access e-mail when outside of the office with the implementation of a secure Outlook Web Access server, and unwanted e-mail was reduced due to the addition of an Antigen-based filtering system. Division staff also logged and resolved over 1,500 help desk requests from users.

Financial Reporting: For the 30th consecutive year, the Commission received the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting from the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada for the FY02 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), prepared by the Finance Department. The CAFR was produced based on the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*, and efforts continue on additional compliance with the new requirements.

Office of General Counsel

The Office of General Counsel provides a comprehensive program of legal services to the Commission, supporting virtually every facet of the Commission's work program. The Office of General Counsel guides the Commission's internal corporate operations; advises staff and the Planning Boards as they navigate their important quasi-judicial and regulatory responsibilities; advocates on the Commission's behalf in litigation before the state and federal courts; and participates in cross-functional teams assembled periodically to develop creative solutions to new challenges facing the Commission. The Commission's legal team includes recognized subject matter experts in several areas of the law, including employment law, regulation of land use, government contracting and procurement, commercial transactions, tort claims and risk management, and Maryland legislative procedure.

Regulation of Land Use: FY03 was another successful and challenging year for the Office of the General Counsel. For example, in an effort to preserve the integrity of the Commission's jurisdiction over master planning for properties annexed into a municipality, Commission attorneys filed an *amicus* brief with Maryland's highest appellate court, and

that brief was quoted favorably in the seminal land use decision captioned Mayor and Council of Rockville v. Rylyns Enterprises, Inc. Commission attorneys also won the resounding dismissal of a federal lawsuit seeking \$2 million in damages, injunctive relief and attorneys' fees in a case alleging that Commission staff violated the plaintiff's civil rights by finding that the property owner was not entitled to a use and occupancy permit.

Circuit Court Cases: The Office of General Counsel also successfully defended a number of planning board decisions in circuit court actions filed to contest those cases. For example, in Prince George's County Circuit Courl Commission attorneys defeated one municipality's attempt to overturn the Planning Board's approval of a fine subdivision plat; another municipality's challenge concerning approval of a complex preliminary plan of subdivision; and an applicant's legal appeal over the Board's decision to deny a specific design plan submitted for a 7-11 convenience store. In the Montgomery County Circuit Court, the Office of General Counsel argued successfully that the Culture Arts Center and pedestrian bridge proposed for the Montgomery College campus in Jesup Blair Park did not violate the devise of Violet Blair Janin and Section 5-106, Art. 28, Annotated Code of Maryland. In another case, the Montgomer County Circuit Court upheld the Planning Board's application of Section 50-29(c) of the Montgomery County Code

Disputes and Transactions: Commission attorneys are frequently involved in cutting-edge transactions. For example, grounded firmly in case law and statutory analysis concerning the federal Americans With Disabilities Act, the Office of General Counsel negotiated a complex voluntary compliance agreement with the Department of Justice that not only captured substantial savings by resisting unneeded building improvements to the Brookside Gardens facility in Wheaton, but also preserved the Commission's ability to pursue error and omission claims stemming from original design deficiencies. Commission attorneys also won favorable settlements in two negligent design cases that resulte in payments to the Commission of more than \$70,000. Legal staff now routinely organizes intricate public/private partnership transactions, this year including a development and license agreement for the Blair High School stadium with the Thunderbolts team, and a complicated lease with Montgomery County to promote development of an Aquat Center in South Germantown Recreational Park.

Legislative Action: The Office of the General Counsel continued its role as the Commission's spearhead in the Maryland General Assembly, winning legislation that extends the Commission's minority business enterprise program for an additional five years, and legislation that requires the State Highway Administration to transfer several dozens of acres for the Commission's construction of a hiker/biker trail in Matthew Henson State Park. The Office also monitored approximately 40 other local and State-wide bills of potential interest to the Commission.

Merit System Board

The Merit System Board is an impartial Board which provides recommendations and decisions regarding the Meri System of the Commission and is the highest level within the Commission for hearing appeals. During FY03, the Board continued to maintain its caseload on a current and timely basis.

Employees' Retirement System

The Employees' Retirement System (ERS), administered by the 13-member Board of Trustees, in accordance with the Trust Agreement between the Board and the Commission, is a contributory defined benefit pension system with four plans, qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a). The administrative operations are the responsibility of the ERS Staff and Board-appointed Administrator, who reports directly to the Chairman of the Board Trustees.

On July 18, 2001, the Commission approved a change in the composition of the Board of Trustees staged over th next several years to accommodate completion of terms of current members of the Board. Effective July 1, 2003, th Board will consist of 11 voting members as explained in the Financial Statements report available from the System

ERS Trust Fund assets closed the year with a fair market value in excess of \$451 million. The FY03 annualized rat of return on investment was an overall gain of approximately 6.5%. The Board of Trustees actions for the year included continued comprehensive communications to all members including publishing the System's Annual Summary Report and conducting concentrated worksite and full day retirement planning workshops for participants



• PART IIA • FINANCIAL SECTION

Basic Financial Statements



Future Olympic gymnasts wait their turn on the mats at the Fairland Sports and Aquatics Complex



2001 M Street NW Washington, DC 20036

Independent Auditors' Report

To The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission (the Commission), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Commission's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Commission, as of June 30, 2003, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and the schedules of funding progress and Commission contributions as listed in the accompanying table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and



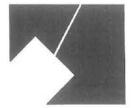


statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly we express no opinion on them.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated September 12, 2003 on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

KPMG LIP

September 12, 2003



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As the management of The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission ("the Commission"), we offer readers of the Commission's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the Commission for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003.

The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission is a body corporate of the State of Maryland established by the General Assembly in 1927. The Commission is a bi-county agency. It is empowered to acquire, develop, maintain and administer a regional system of parks in a defined Metropolitan District of Montgomery and Prince George's Counties and to prepare and administer a general plan for the physical development of a defined Regional District for the two Counties. The Commission also conducts the recreation program for Prince George's County.

The major source of funding for the Commission's primary services are five property taxes levied on an individual County basis:

Montgomery County

Administration tax - general administration and planning
Park tax - park operations and debt service for park acquisition and development bonds

Prince George's County

Administration tax - general administration and planning
Park tax - park operations and debt service for park acquisition and development bonds
Recreation tax - the recreation program

Five separate accounts are maintained within the General Fund to account for the Commission's primary services. Revenues and expenditures that can be specifically identified with a county are recorded in the appropriate account. Expenses that apply to both counties are allocated to the appropriate accounts. Debt is issued on a county basis, not for the Commission as a whole. General obligation debt is guaranteed by the Commission and by the county government for which the proceeds will be expended. Due to this unique arrangement, certain financial information provided in this discussion and analysis, as well as in the summaries presented in Note 6 of the Notes to the Financial Statements, has been provided by county to reflect the financing constraints within each county. Other funds and accounts are maintained on a Commission-wide or on a separate county basis as necessary and appropriate.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Commission exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2003 by \$474.9 million (net assets).
 Of this amount, \$88.1 million may be used to meet the Commission's ongoing obligations.
- The Commission's net assets grew by \$22.9 million during fiscal year 2003. This is primarily a result of \$20.9 million of grants received for capital asset acquisitions and development.
- As of June 30, 2003, the Commission's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances
 of \$91.8 million, an increase of \$4.3 million. Of this amount, \$24.3 million is reserved for contracts
 already issued (encumbrances) and \$18.4 million is designated for use in the fiscal year 2004 budge
 and as contingency reserves.
- The Commission's General Fund balance at June 30, 2003 was \$49.7 million, an increase of \$0.6 million during the year. The unreserved fund balance of \$39.8 million is approximately 20% of fiscal year 2003 expenditures and transfers out. Of this amount, \$22.1 million (11% of fiscal year 2003 expenditures and transfers out) is unreserved and undesignated.
- The assets of the enterprise funds exceeded liabilities by \$82.9 million, a decrease of \$3.7 million.

The Commission's general obligation bonded debt decreased by \$3.1 million as scheduled principal
payments exceeded new debt incurred by refunding selected previous issues (\$1.8 million) and a new
issue of \$5.9 million.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Commission's basic financial statements. The Commission's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) Notes to the Financial Statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Commission's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Commission's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Commission is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Commission's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Commission that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Commission include General Government, County Planning and Zoning, Park Operations and Maintenance, Recreation Programs and Interest on Long-term Debt. The business-type activity of the Commission is Recreational and Cultural Facilities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found as Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Commission, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Commission can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. For both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, a reconciliation is provided to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Commission maintains eleven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Capital Project Funds for each county, and the Debt Service Fund of Prince George's County, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other seven governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements, Schedules 1 and 2 in the Combining and Individual Statements section of this report.

The Commission adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, which is actually adopted as five "accounts" corresponding to the five different property tax levies. A budgetary comparison statement for the total General Fund has been provided as Exhibit 6, and summaries for each account are included in Note 6 of the Notes to the Financial Statements, to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found as Exhibits 3 - 6 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The Commission maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Commission uses enterprise funds to account for Montgomery County's and Prince George's County's Recreational and Cultural Facilities.

Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Commission's various functions. The Commission uses internal service funds to account for Montgomery County's Capital Equipment, Employee Benefits and Risk Management and Prince George's County's Executive Office Building, Employee Benefits and Risk Management. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for each county's Recreational and Cultural Facilities, both of which are considered to be major funds of the Commission. Conversely, all internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements, Schedules 6 - 8 in the Combining and Individual Statements Section of this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found as Exhibits 7 - 9 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The Commission uses fiduciary funds to account for the Employees' Retirement System Pension Trust, Postemployment Benefit Trust, Private Purpose Trusts for each county, and two agency funds. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Commission's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary financial statements can be found as Exhibits 10 and 11 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The Commission has also included financial statements for each county's portion of the governmental funds financial statements to reflect the relationship between the financing sources and responsibility for debt. The Notes to the Financial Statements can be found following Exhibit 11 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Commission's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found immediately following the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Commission, assets exceeded liabilities by \$474.9 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year. A summary of the Commission's net assets follows.

Commission's Net Assets (in millions of dollars)

Total

													Percentage
	Go	vernmen	tal A	ctivities	Business-type Activities				Total				Change 2003-2002
	2003		2002		2003		2002		2003		2002		
Assets													
Current and Other Assets	\$	147.7	\$	138.8	\$	5.3	\$	7.0	\$	153.0	\$	145.8	4.9%
Capital Assets	-	440.1		423.9		95.0	-	97.8	-	535.1		521.7	2.6%
Total Assets		587.8		562.7		100.3		104.8		688.1		667.5	3.1%
Liabilities													
Current Portion of Long-term													
Liabilities		24.3		41.8		1.5		1.4		25.8		43.2	-40.3%
Long-term Liabilities		152.9		139.2		14.2		15.1		167.1		154.3	8.3%
Other Liabilities		18.6		16.3		1.7		1.7		20.3		18.0	12.8%
Total Liabilities		195.8		197.3		17.4		18.2		213.2		215.5	-1.1%
Net Assets:													
Invested in Capital Assets,													
Net of Related Debt		305.8		282.6		80.4		82.2		386.2		364.8	5.9%
Restricted for Debt Service		-		-		0.6		0.6		0.6		0.6	0.0%
Unrestricted		86.2		82.8		1.9		3.8		88.1		86.6	1.7%
Total Net Assets	\$	392.0	\$	365.4	\$	82.9	\$	86.6	\$	474.9	\$	452.0	5.1%

The current portion of the long-term debt decreased 40.3% from last year because the June 30, 2002 balance included a \$21.0 million note payment due August 1, 2002, which is not a normal event for the Commission. At June 30, 2003 the current portion only includes normal amortization schedule payments.

By far the largest portion of the Commission's net assets of \$386.2 million reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Commission uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Commission's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Commission's net assets of \$0.6 million represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$88.1 million of net assets is unrestricted and may be used to meet the Commission's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Commission is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

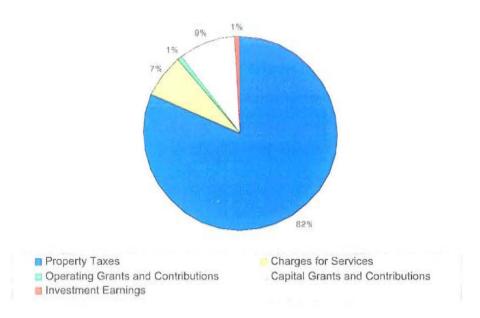
A summary of changes in net assets (in millions) follows.

	Govern Activ			ss-type vities	To	otal	Percentage Change 2003-2002
	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$ 16.0	\$ 17.0	\$ 19.8	\$ 22.4	\$ 35.8	\$ 39.4	-9.1%
Operating Grants and Contributions	1.9	1.7		m.	1.9	1.7	11.8%
Capital Grants and Contributions	20.9	26.1	-	-	20.9	26.1	-19.9%
General Revenues:							
Property Taxes	181.9	174.7	2	2	181.9	174.7	4.1%
Interest	1.9	3.1	0.1	0.3	2.0	3.4	-41.2%
Total Revenues	222.6	222.6	19.9	22.7	242.5	245.3	-1.1%
Expenses:							
General Government	12.7	11.6	-	-	12.7	11.6	9.5%
County Planning and Zoning	29.1	29.7	*	-	29.1	29.7	-2.0%
Park Operations and Maintenance	104.5	102.4	*	4	104.5	102.4	2.1%
Recreation Programs	38.1	38.0		-	38.1	38.0	0.3%
Recreational and Cultural Facilities	+	+	28.2	28.2	28.2	28.2	0.0%
Interest on Long-term Debt	7.0	8.5	-	-	7.0	8.5	-17.6%
Loss on Disposal of Land		3.2		-	-	3.2	-100.0%
Total Expenses	191.4	193.4	28.2	28.2	219.6	221.6	-0.9%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Before Transfers	31.2	29.2	(8.3)	(5.5)	22.9	23.7	-3.4%
Transfers	(4.6)	(8.1)	4.6	8.1		-	
Increase in Net Assets	26.6	21.1	(3.7)	2.6	22.9	23.7	
Net Assets - beginning	365.4	344.3	86.6	84.0	452.0	428.3	
Net Assets - ending	\$ 392.0	\$ 365.4	\$ 82.9	\$ 86.6	\$ 474.9	\$ 452.0	

During the current fiscal year the Commission's net assets increased by \$22.9 million. This increase was due to receipts of capital grants of \$20.9 million and revenues in excess of ongoing expenses of \$2.0 million. Charges for services decreased in both governmental and business-type activities, primarily due to the unusual weather in the area this fiscal year, and the impact of the Washington area sniper in the fall of 2002. These decreases are discussed in more detail when reviewing each activity individually. Interest income was also down due to extremely low interest rates available for investments.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Commission's net assets by \$26.6 million, thereby accounting for 116 percent of the total growth in the net assets of the Commission. The previously mentioned capital grants receipts of \$20.9 million, added to an excess of ongoing revenues over ongoing expenses of \$10.3 million, were offset by the transfers to business-type activities of \$4.6 million.





As the above diagram shows, property taxes make up 82% of Commission governmental revenues. Property tax revenues in fiscal year 2003 were approximately 1.8% in excess of anticipated amounts. Interest income was lower than anticipated due to the drop in interest rates on investments.

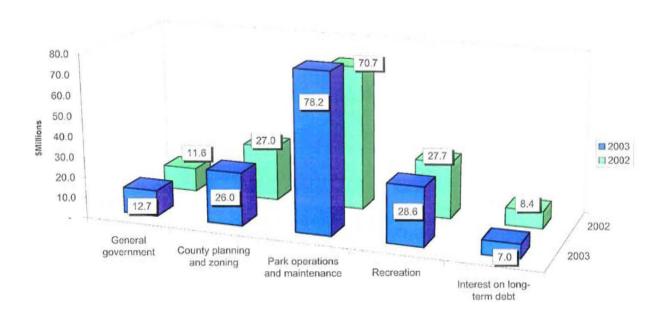
As is reflected in the following chart (000's omitted), the Commission's governmental activities are largely supported by general revenues and in particular property taxes. Program revenues cover 20.3% of governmental activities expenses.

The net cost of Park Operations and Maintenance increased 10.6% from last year primarily due to the reduction in capital contributions, all of which are recognized as Park Operations program revenues. Interest on long-term debt declined due to lower interest costs on refunded debt and the use of \$21.2 million of variable rate debt.

Percentage Change

		20	103		2002				2003 -	2002	
	Total Cost Of Services		Net Cost Of Services		Total Cost Of Services		Net Cost Of Services		Total Cost	Net Cost Of Services	
									Of Services		
General Government	\$	12,678	\$	12,678	\$	11,615	\$	11,615	9.2%	9.2%	
County Planning and Zoning		29,120		26,062		29,740		26,968	-2.1%	-3.4%	
Park Operations and Maintenance		104,485		78,163		102,355		70,689	2.1%	10.6%	
Recreation Programs		38,058		28,647		37,993		27,661	0.2%	3.6%	
Interest on Long-term Debt		6,994		6,994		8,461		8,461	-17.3%	-17.3%	
Total	\$	191,335	\$	152,544	\$	190,164	\$	145,394	0.6%	4.9%	

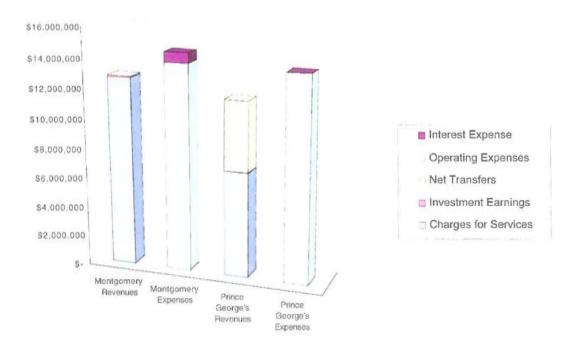
Net Cost by Function - General Government



Business-type Activities. Business-type activities decreased the Commission's net assets by \$3.7million, reducing by 16% the total growth in the Commission's net assets. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

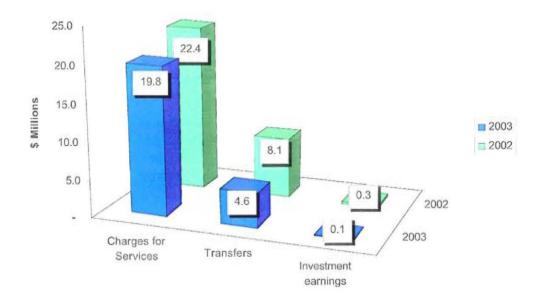
- Expenses of operating these recreational and cultural activities (including interest expense) exceeded charges for services and interest income by \$8.4 million.
- Governmental activities contributed \$4.6 million to support the enterprise activities. The support is primarily \$4.2 million of operating support for the Prince George's County business-type activities.

Changes in Net Assets - Business-type Activities



The operating losses occurred as a result of a significant unexpected decrease in revenues from golf courses (\$2.1 million). Rainy fall 2002 and spring 2003 seasons, combined with very warm summer 2002 playing season reduced the rounds of golf played. More detail is provided later in the Proprietary Funds discussion.

Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



Charges for services make up the major portion of revenues for the business-type operations, although support from governmental operations (transfers) also makes up a significant portion. Transfers are less than in fiscal year 2002 because that fiscal year included a land transfer of \$3.8 million, a non-recurring event.

As noted earlier, the Commission uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Financial Analysis of the Commission's Funds

Governmental funds. The focus of the Commission's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Commission's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Commission's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$91.8 million, an increase of \$4.3 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 53% of this total amount, or \$49.1 million, constitutes unreserved and undesignated fund balance, which is available for spending in future years, with \$21.1 million of this balance in the capital project funds. The remaining fund balances are reserved to indicate that they are not available for new spending as \$24.3 million has been committed to liquidate contracts and purchase orders, \$0.7 million has been committed to pay debt service, and \$17.7 million is designated to fund the next fiscal year's expenditures and provide reserves for unforeseen expenditure needs.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Commission. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved and undesignated fund balance of the General Fund was \$22.1 million, while total fund balance was \$49.7 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved and undesignated fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved and undesignated fund balance represents 11% of the total general fund expenditures and transfers out, while total fund balance represents 25% of the same amount.

The fund balance of the Commission's General Fund increased by \$0.6 million during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this increase are as follows:

- Property taxes were \$3.2 million more than anticipated
- Interest fell short of budget by \$1.2 million due to declining interest rates
- A use of \$10.5 million was planned in the budget for fiscal year 2003
- A control of expenditures generated \$6.4 million savings to provide funding for future years budgets
- Debt refinancing and use of a variable rate debt financing resulted in savings of \$0.9 million on debt service
- Use of the Postemployment Retirement Fund to pay for current retiree health care costs was not anticipated in the Prince George's County budget. This resulted in a savings of \$1.5 million

The capital project funds for Montgomery and Prince George's counties have total fund balances of \$8.8 million and \$26.3 million, respectively, all of which represents authorized and funded projects that are not completed. The net change in fund balances during the current year in these funds was an increase of \$4.8 million due to the \$5.2 million bond sale in Montgomery County, and a decrease of \$1.0 million in Prince George's County. Positive fund balances were maintained in these funds at all times.

Proprietary Funds. The Commission has determined that certain recreational and cultural facilities should be predominantly self-supporting through user fees. Enterprise fund accounting and reporting is used to emphasize the self-supporting nature of these activities and to provide improved cost accounting information. Enterprise Fund accounting, which is on a commercial accounting accrual basis, more accurately reflects whether individual facilities return the full cost of the program.

One enterprise fund has been established in each county to account for the various facilities. Separate cost centers are maintained for each major type of facility including an historical airport, four ice rinks, eight golf courses, four enclosed tennis facilities, three conference centers, an equestrian center, a multipurpose arena, a trap and skeet center, certain regional park facilities, a sports and learning complex and a marina.

The Commission's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the Montgomery County fund at the end of the year amounted to \$0.7 million and those for the Prince George's County fund amounted to \$1.2 million. The total reduction in net assets for both funds was \$1.7 million and \$2.0 million, respectively.

Summary comparative results of the financial operations of the Enterprise Funds for fiscal years 2003 and 2002 follow (\$000's).

		Montgor Coun		/		Prince G		ge's
	E	Y2003	F	Y2002	F	Y2003	F	Y2002
Operating Revenues	\$	12,686	\$	14,238	\$	7,054	\$	8,182
Operating Expenses, Excluding Depreciation		12,263		12,368		11,532		11,380
Operating Income (Loss), Excluding Depreciation		423		1,870		(4,478)		(3,198)
Depreciation		1,592		1,472		2,181		2,238
Operating Income (Loss)		(1,169)		398		(6,659)		(5,436)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)		(583)		(514)		32		31
Transfers		7		3,879		4,648		4,243
	\$	(1,745)	\$	3,763	\$	(1,979)	\$	(1,162)

Comparative Montgomery County key data are as follows (\$000's).

			Operating Revenues					Operating Income (Loss) Excluding Depreciation							
	F	Y 2003	_FY	2002	Cha	ange	FY	2003	FY	2002	Ch	ange			
Conference Centers	\$	366	\$	368	\$	(2)	\$	(118)	\$	(57)	\$	(61)			
Golf Courses		5,598		7,315	(1	,717)		(562)		892	(,454)			
Ice Rinks		4,068		3,712		356		481		212		269			
Indoor Tennis		1,097		1,125		(28)		339		381		(42)			
Park Facilities		1,557		1,718		(161)		283		442		(159)			
Total	\$	12,686	\$	14,238	\$ (1	,552)	\$	423	\$	1,870	\$ (,447)			

The Enterprise Fund revenues decreased by \$1.6 million and operating income, excluding depreciation, decreased by \$1.4 million. Significant changes occurred at a few of the facilities. The ice rink revenues increased by \$356,000 and the operating income increased by \$269,000, fueled by the continuing improvement in operating income of the reconstructed and expanded Cabin John Ice Rink. The golf course revenues decreased \$1.7 million and park facilities revenue decreased by \$161,000 due to very poor weather in 2003, as well as the impact of the Washington Metropolitan Area sniper crisis in the fall of 2002. This resulted in decreases in operating income of \$1.5 million and \$159,000, respectively.

Comparative Prince George's County key data are as follows (\$000's).

				erating enues						Income (Deprecia		
	_F\	2003	_F	/ 2002	_Cl	nange	FY	2003	F	Y 2002	_Cl	nange
Airport	\$	124	\$	175	\$	(51)	\$	(63)	\$	(109)	\$	46
Equestrian Center/Arena		1,241		1,222		19		(1,357)		(1,252)		(105)
Golf Courses		2,078		2,525		(447)		(316)		24		(340)
Ice Rinks		247		240		7		(195)		(163)		(32)
Regional Parks		271		230		41		14		54		(40)
Trap and Skeet Center		1,082		1,262		(180)		(89)		(16)		(73)
Sports and Learning Complex		1,986		2,508		(522)		(2,258)		(1,530)		(728)
Bladensburg Marina		25		21		4		(214)		(206)		(8)
Total	\$	7,054	\$	8,183	\$	(1,129)	\$	(4,478)	\$	(3,198)	\$	(1,280)

The Enterprise Fund revenues decreased by \$1,129,000 and the operating loss, excluding depreciation, increased by \$1,280,000. The major changes occurred in the Golf Courses and the Sports and Learning Complex. The Golf Courses suffered from the same problems as in Montgomery County, resulting in a revenue decrease of \$447,000; the Sports and Learning Complex revenues decreased by \$522,000 for some of the same reasons, including having a national meet canceled by a major snow storm. Expenses increased only slightly overall, although the Sports and Learning Complex had increased expenses of \$206,000 due to start up costs on several new programs.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Commission's park, recreation, planning and general administrative functions are financed primarily by five legally designated property taxes that must be levied on a separate County basis. These functions are accounted for in accounts within the General Fund, each of which has its own budget, and is presented separately in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

In the Montgomery County Administration and Park Accounts, the \$1,239,000 and \$2,897,000, respectively, positive variances were primarily a result of expenditure savings. Favorable property tax collections and increased charges for services were offset by shortfalls in intergovernmental revenues and interest income, resulted in total revenues exceeding the budget by \$275,000 and \$528,000, respectively. Total expenditure savings of \$965,000 and \$2,370,000 including (net of) transfers in and out of \$10,000 and (\$23,000) added to the positive variance. The expenditure savings was primarily the result of the commitment to the County to realize a 3% budget savings, to be utilized in the fiscal year 2004 budget and non-departmental savings from liquidation of prior year encumbrances of \$68,000. The variance, together with July 1, 2003 undesignated fund balances, resulted in budget basis fund balances at June 30, 2003 of \$2,303,000 and \$5,489,000. Of those amounts, \$860,000 and \$2,392,000 are designated to fund fiscal year 2004 expenditures and \$814,000 and \$1,621,000 are designated for unforeseen circumstances (approximating 3.4% of the fiscal year 2003 operating budget). The remaining balances, \$629,000 and \$1,476,000, are undesignated as of June 30, 2003.

Prince George's County experienced positive variances for the Administration, Park and Recreation Accounts of \$1,766,000, \$2,979,000, and \$1,103,000 respectively. The revenue variances of \$778,000, \$741,000, and \$(1,088,000) respectively, were generated as a result of property tax revenues exceeding the budget, offset by a shortfall in interest revenues due to declining interest rates, and a significant shortfall in charges for services in the Recreation Account. Charges for services revenues actually decreased from fiscal year 2002, as customers reacted adversely to some rate increases, and one facility, the Allentown Pool, was closed for part of the year. With respect to expenditures, the Commission had savings of \$1,386,000, \$572,000, and \$1,843,000, respectively. Transfers generated positive variances, as use of the Postemployment Retirement Fund to pay for current retiree health care costs, not anticipated in the Prince George's County budget, resulted in transfers in of \$379,000, \$725,000, and \$347,000 respectively. Transfers out to the debt service fund were reduced \$740,000 from budget expectations due to refunding of debt and the savings generated by using a variable rate debt instrument. Expenditure savings were primarily from salary lapses achieved in the Planning Department

and the Parks and Recreation Department. The variance, together with July 1, 2003 undesignated fund balances, resulted in budget basis fund balances at June 30, 2003 of \$5,779,000, \$17,581,000, and \$8,675,000, respectively. Of these amounts, \$1,527,000 (Park Account), and \$2,066,000 (Recreation Account), are designated for fiscal year 2004 expenditures; \$685,000 (Administrative Account), \$1,718,000 (Park Account), and \$1,036,000 (Recreation Account) are designated for unforeseen circumstances (approximating 3.2% of the fiscal year 2003 operating budget); and \$5,026,000 is designated in the Park Account for the operating costs and debt service of future facilities. The remaining balances in the Administrative Account, Park Account and Recreation Account, \$5,094,000, \$9,311,000 and \$5,573,000, are undesignated as of June 30, 2003.

There was only one difference between the total original budget and the final amended budget. A \$375,000 increase in expected grant revenues resulted in a similar increase in appropriations.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Commission's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2003, amounts to \$535.1 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and roads. The total increase in the Commission's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 2.6% (a 3.8% increase for governmental activities and a 2.8% decrease for business-type activities). The only significant capital asset change in business-type activities is the depreciation of existing assets.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following: proceeds of general obligation park acquisition and development issues are accounted for in Capital Projects Funds until the projects are completed. Completed projects and construction in progress at year-end are shown as capital assets in the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets. During fiscal year 2003, projects totaling \$8.3 million in governmental activities and \$0.8 million in business-type activities were completed. Among these projects are the Ridge Road Recreation Park, Nike Local Park, Point Way Neighborhood Playground, and Sligo Golf Course Improvements.

Expenditures on Montgomery County projects totaled \$7.0 million in fiscal year 2003, of which \$0.7 million was for acquisition and \$6.3 million was for development. The largest project was completion of construction at Ridge Road Recreational Park including an in-line skating facility, ball fields, picnic shelters, restrooms, playground and parking lots which were constructed at a cost of \$3.8 million, of which \$1.0 million was in fiscal year 2003. Other major projects that are yet to be completed with their accumulated costs through fiscal year 2003 are: Rosemary Hills-Laytonsville Local Park - \$0.8 million, Ball field initiatives - \$1.0 million, and numerous park and recreation construction projects. In addition, expenditures totaling \$5.1 million were spent on 44 projects for routine maintenance of parks, roads, buildings and other structures.

Prince George's County projects totaled \$9.3 million in fiscal year 2003, of which \$4.0 million was for acquisition and \$5.3 million was for development. Major acquisition projects included park acquisitions such as the Patuxent River Corridor (funded by Rural Legacy) of \$3.0 million, Piscatawa Creek Park of \$0.4 million, and Henson Creek Park of \$0.4 million. Park development expenditures include the addition to the Sports and Learning Center for \$1.6 million, Improvements at the Showplace Arena of \$0.5 million, Tennis Bubble replacement of \$0.4 million, Tucker Road ice rink of \$0.4 million, and Temple Hills Community Center of \$0.4 million. Renovations of park facilities, playground equipment, and various community centers cost about \$1.0 million.

Commission's Capital Assets (net of depreciation) (\$000's)

		J	une	30,2003		J	une	30,2002		
			Bı	usiness-			Bı	usiness-		Percent
	-	vernmental Activities	A	type ctivities	Total	 vernmental Activities	Α	type ctivities	 Total	Change Total
Land	\$	243,461	\$	19,364	\$ 262,825	\$ 230,157	\$	19,364	\$ 249,521	5.3%
Buildings and improvements		76,783		70,566	147,349	74,226		72,937	147,163	0.1%
Infrastructure		82,645		-	82,645	83,625		-	83,625	-1.2%
Machinery and equipment		17,608		3,516	21,124	18,411		3,730	22,141	-4.6%
Construction in progress		19,621		1,583	21,204	17,443		1,773	19,216	10.3%
Total	\$	440,118	\$	95,029	\$ 535,147	\$ 423,862	\$	97,804	\$ 521,666	2.6%

Additional information on the Commission's capital assets can be found in the Note 4B of the Notes to Financial Statements in this report.

Long-term debt. Debt Service Funds are used to account for the payments on the Commission's general obligation debt, which includes Park Acquisition and Development Bonds (Park Bonds) and Advance Land Acquisition Bonds (ALA Bonds). The outstanding issues totaling \$152.5 million and the related debt service requirements to maturity are set forth in Note 4E of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

The Commission's general obligation bonds are unconditionally guaranteed by the Commission and the county for which issued. Debt service principal and interest expenditures for Park Bonds and ALA Bonds totaled \$38.0 million (Montgomery - \$4.3 million; Prince George's - \$33.7 million) for the fiscal year. Included in this total is a payment at maturity of a short-term Prince George's County Park Bond of \$21.0 million, which was refinanced with a \$21.2 million Park Acquisition and Development General Obligation Bonds issuance.

Of the outstanding debt, Park Bonds totaled \$145.8 million (Montgomery County - \$32.1 million and Prince George's County - \$113.7 million) at June 30, 2003. Park Bonds debt service expenditures totaled \$36.9 million (Montgomery - \$3.6 million, Prince George's - \$33.3 million) for the fiscal year. The Commission's Metropolitan District (Park) tax includes a mandatory tax for debt service for Park Bonds of 3.6 cents for real property and 9 cents for personal property in Montgomery County and 4 cents for real property and 10 cents for personal property in Prince George's County. Debt service payments approximated 0.46 cents of the mandatory debt service tax proceeds for real property and 1.15 cents for personal property for Montgomery County and 2.88 cents for real property and 7.20 cents for personal property for Prince George's County. The remainder of the proceeds of the mandatory taxes was used for park operation and maintenance expenditures in the respective counties.

The Commission's outstanding general obligation bonds have the following ratings:

	Moody's Investor Services Inc.	Standard & Poor's Rating Services	Fitch Ratings
Montgomery County	Aaa	AAA	AAA
Prince George's County	Aa2	AA	AA+

The Commission's Montgomery County revenue bonds and revenue notes payable totaled \$10.9 million a June 30, 2003. The bonds and notes have a reported value of \$10.6 million, after considering the \$0.3 million of unamortized discount and are accounted for in the Enterprise Funds. The revenue bonds and notes are not general obligations of the Commission or Montgomery County and are payable solely from revenues generate from revenue producing facilities. Debt service expenditures for the revenue bonds and notes totaled \$1. million for the fiscal year. The outstanding proprietary fund debt as of June 30, 2003, and the related det service requirements are set forth in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

During fiscal year 2003, the Commission sold \$21.2 million of Prince George's County Park Acquisition and Development General Obligation Bonds, Series AA-2, which have maturities through May 1, 2022 to redeem the Series X-2 Refunding Bonds that matured August 1, 2002. The AA-2 bonds were issued as auction rate notes, and interest is reset every 35 days. Interest rates have been between 1.05% and 1.45% in 2003.

Also during fiscal 2003, the Commission issued \$21.1 million of Prince George's County Park Acquisition and Development Refunding Bonds, Series BB-2; \$12.155 million of Montgomery County Park Acquisition and Development Refunding and Project Bonds; Series CC-2; and \$1.55 million Montgomery County Advanced Land Acquisition General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series DD-2. Except for \$5.2 million of CC-2 proceeds used for capital project financing, the bonds provided the resources to purchase U. S. government securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust to defease bonds totaling \$27.8 million (\$7.9 million Montgomery County and \$19.9 million Prince George's County). These liabilities have been removed from the Statement of Net Assets. Reductions in debt service payments total \$1.6 million (\$0.5 million Montgomery County and \$1.1 million Prince George's County).

The Commission also issued a note payable of \$2.8 million to finance capital equipment for Montgomery County. Semiannual payments are due until April 1, 2008 at an interest rate of 2.46%.

Details of the Commission's outstanding debt (net of unamortized discounts and premiums) at June 30, 2003 follow (\$000's).

Commission's Outstanding Debt General Obligation and Revenue Bonds and Notes

Govern	menta	Activities	Business-t	pe Activities	To	tal	Change
2003		2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	
\$ 150,7	01	\$ 155,620	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 150,701	\$ 155,620	-3.2%
	-	-	10,563	11,491	10,563	11,491	-8.1%
6,6	551	5,342	290	217	6,941	5,559	24.9%
\$ 157,3	352	\$ 160,962	\$ 10,853	\$ 11,708	\$ 168,205	\$ 172,670	-2.6%
	2003 \$ 150,7 6,6	Governmenta 2003 \$ 150,701 - 6,651 \$ 157,352	\$ 150,701	2003 2002 2003 \$ 150,701 \$ 155,620 \$ - 10,563 6,651 5,342 290	2003 2002 2003 2002 \$ 150,701 \$ 155,620 \$ - \$ - - - 10,563 11,491 6,651 5,342 290 217	2003 2002 2003 2002 2003 \$ 150,701 \$ 155,620 \$ - \$ - \$ 150,701 - - 10,563 11,491 10,563 6,651 5,342 290 217 6,941	2003 2002 2003 2002 2003 2002 \$ 150,701 \$ 155,620 \$ - \$ - \$ 150,701 \$ 155,620 - - 10,563 11,491 10,563 11,491 6,651 5,342 290 217 6,941 5,559

Montgomery County's Outstanding Debt

	G	Sovernment	al Ac	tivities	i	Business-ty	/pe A	ctivities	To	tal		Change
		2003		2002		2003		2002	2003		2002	
General obligation bonds	\$	35,850	\$	33,200	\$		\$	-	\$ 35,850	\$	33,200	8.0%
Revenue bonds and notes		-		-		10,563		11,491	10,563		11,491	-8.1%
Notes payable		4,976		3,577		290		217	5,266		3,794	38.8%
Total	\$	40,826	\$	36,777	\$	10,853	\$	11,708	\$ 51,679	\$	48,485	6.6%

Prince George's County's Outstanding Debt

	(Governmen	tal A	Activities	Bus	iness-	type A	ctivities	To	otal		Change
		2003		2002	20	03	2	002	2003		2002	
General obligation bonds	\$	114,851	\$	122,420	\$	**	\$	-	\$ 114,851	\$	122,420	-6.2%
Revenue bonds and notes		-		-		**		*	-		-	0.0%
Notes payable		1,675		1,765				**	1,675		1,765	-5.1%
Total	\$	116,526	\$	124,185	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 116,526	\$	124,185	-6.2%

The Commission's total debt decreased by \$4.5 million (3.2%) during the current fiscal year. The key factor in this decrease was that normal principle payments were greater than the small new issue of bonded debt for Montgomery County capital projects (\$5.2 million).

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt the Commission may issue to the amount that can be redeemed within 30 years from date of issue by the tax or taxes authorized for payment of the bonds. The legal debt margin for each County of the Commission is \$821.6 million of debt service for Montgomery County and \$392.7 million of debt service for Prince George's County, which is in excess of the Commission's required debt service of \$43.5 million and \$147.4 million, respectively, over the 30 year period.

Additional information on the Commission's long-term debt can be found in Note 4E of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

In evaluating the Commission's economic condition and future outlook consideration should be given to two factors. First, at year-end, the Commission had a budget basis fund balance in the General Fund of \$39.8 million. Of this amount, \$6.8 million is designated to fund fiscal year 2004, \$5.9 million is designated for unforeseen circumstances, \$5.0 million is designated to fund the operating maintenance and debt service costs of future Prince George's County facilities, and \$22.1 million is uncommitted as of June 30, 2003. Second, property taxes, which constitute approximately 82% of the Commission's Governmental funds revenues in fiscal year 2003, are expected to continue to be a stable revenue source. The assessed value of all taxable property increased, contributing to an increase in property tax revenues from \$177.1 million to \$182.2 (2.9%). The Commission's total Montgomery County tax rate decreased slightly in fiscal year 2004. The Commission's total Prince George's County real and personal property tax rates increased by 3.5 cents and 8.75 cents respectively in fiscal year 2004 to allow for provide funding of delayed capital projects, new capital projects and other programs. The Montgomery and Prince George's County unemployment rates obtained from the Maryland Department of Labor, Licensing and Regulations were 2.7% and 4.9%, respectively, as of June 2003 in comparison to the 4.6% State and 6.5% national unemployment rates.

The Commission's Montgomery County activities are subject to spending affordability guidelines of Montgomery County Government. Legislation was passed in 2001 by the Prince George's County Council which created a Spending Affordability Committee to make recommendations during the budgetary process to the Council concerning spending affordability of the Commission's Prince George's County operations. These efforts add to the solid foundation of financial management and assist the Commission in meeting the challenge of providing enhanced public services at an economical cost.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the Commission's budget for the 2004 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Commission's finances for all those with an interest in the Commission's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Department of Finance, Office of Secretary-Treasurer, The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission, 6611 Kenilworth Avenue, Riverdale, Maryland 20737.

Exhibit 1

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2003

	_	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	115,363,216	\$ 3,215,984	\$ 118,579,200
Receivables - Taxes		2,899,710		2,899,710
Receivables - Other		425,638	6,035	431,673
Due from Fiduciary Funds		932,702	-	932,702
Due from County Governments		3,978,744		3,978,744
Due from Other Governments		1,014,854		1,014,854
Inventories			1,391,872	1,391,872
Deposits and Other		50,450		50,450
Restricted Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments:				
Revenue Bond Covenant Accounts			589,848	589,848
Unspent Debt Proceeds		23,034,601	51,717	23,086,318
Capital Assets:				
Land and Construction in Progress		263,081,657	20,946,815	284,028,472
Other Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		177,035,941	74,081,827	251,117,768
Total Assets	_	587,817,513	100,284,098	688,101,611
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities		12,616,954	928,713	13,545,667
Accrued Interest Payable		3,088,253	116,240	3,204,493
Deposits and Deferred Revenue		2,881,857	687,597	3,569,454
Payable to Advance Land Acquisition Trust Fund			3,829,363	3,829,363
Claims Payable:				
Due within One Year		1,954,077		1,954,077
Due in more than One Year		4,849,318		4,849,318
Compensated Absences:				
Due within One Year		7,886,751	376,414	8,263,165
Due in more than One Year		5,077,292	593,998	5,671,290
Bonds and Notes Payable:				
Due within One Year		12,585,556	1,071,155	13,656,711
Due in more than One Year		144,766,392	9,782,345	154,548,737
Estimated Liability for Closure and Postclosure Costs				
Due within One Year		26,230	-	26,230
Due in more than One Year		91,805	-	91,805
Total Liabilities	_	195,824,485	17,385,825	213,210,310
NET ASSETS				
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		305,800,251	80,397,496	386,197,747
Restricted for Debt Service		(*	589,848	589,848
Unrestricted		86,192,777	1,910,929	88,103,706
Total Net Assets	\$	391,993,028	\$ 82,898,273	\$ 474,891,301

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

Exhibit 2

	_	P	rogi	ram Revenues								
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	_1	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	_	Total
Governmental Activities:												
General Government	\$ 12,678,079 \$		\$		\$		\$	(12,678,079)	\$	100	\$	(12,678,079)
County Planning and Zoning	29,119,749	2,206,015		852,120		-		(26,061,614)		-		(26,061,614)
Park Operations and Maintenance	104,484,551	4,689,195		762,869		20,869,343		(78,163,144)		-		(78,163,144)
Recreation Programs	38,057,899	9,083,148		327,394		-		(28,647,357)		-		(28,647,357)
Interest on Long-term Debt	6,994,245	-	_	_		-		(6,994,245)		-	-	(6,994,245)
Total Governmental Activities	191,334,523	15,978,358		1,942,383		20,869,343		(152,544,439)		-		(152,544,439)
Business-type Activities: Recreational and Cultural Facilities Total Government	28,243,046 \$ 219,577,569 \$	19,757,618 35,735,976	\$ =	1,942,383	\$ _	20,869,343		(152,544,439)		(8,485,428) (8,485,428)	-	(8,485,428) (161,029,867)
	General Revenues:											
	Property Taxes							181,859,997		-		181,859,997
	Unrestricted Investr	nent Earnings						1,931,787		123,811		2,055,598
	Transfers	- 4						(4,637,187)		4,637,187		
	Loss on Disposal of Lar	nd venues and Transfers					***	(4,920)	_	4 700 000	_	(4,920)
	Change in N		S				-	179,149,677 26,605,238	-	4,760,998	_	183,910,675 22,880,808
	Net Assets - Beginning						-	365,387,790	-	(3,724,430) 86,622,703	_	452,010,493
	Net Assets - Ending						s	391,993,028	\$ -		s	474,891,301
	3						-		-	22/236/210	-	,551,661

Exhibit 3

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2003

	-	General	-	Montgomery County Capital Projects		Prince George's County Capital Projects		Prince George's County Park Debt Service		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	59,477,493	s	3,000,241	\$	9,660,967	Ś	706,396	S	6,582,519	ŝ	79,427,616
Receivables - Taxes (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		2,899,710		0,000,247		0,000,007			96	0,002,010		2,899,710
Receivables - Other (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		193,759				194,396		*		37,233		425,388
Due from County Governments		1,088,410		2,328,951				*		374,297		3,791,658
Due from Other Governments Restricted Cash - Unspent Debt Proceeds		119,362		393,044 4,624,373		502,448 17,360,874		-				1,014,854 21,985,247
Other		2,198		4,024,373		17,000,074				5,130		7,328
Total Assets	\$ _	63,780,932	\$	10,346,609	\$	27,718,685	\$	706,396	S	6,999,179	\$	109,551,801
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:												
Accounts Payable	\$	5,212,275	\$	610,140	\$	560,539	\$	2	\$	140,828	5	6,523,782
Accrued Liabilities		3,537,242				-		33,523		108,393		3,679,158
Retainage Payable		-		903,031		827,099						1,730,130
Due to County Governments						*				5,002		5,002
Deposits and Deferred Revenue	-	5,375,528								406,039		5,781,567
Total Liabilities	-	14,125,045		1,513,171		1,387,638		33,523		660,262	-	17,719,639
Fund Balances;												
Reserved for Encumbrances		9,828,316		7,574,722		6,468,341		r.		418,538		24,290,017
Reserved for Debt Service		*		-		-		672,873		32,012		704,885
Unreserved, Designated for Subsequent Years		17,744,500		*								17,744,500
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:												
General Fund		22,083,071		-		-						22,083,071
Special Revenue Fund		-		-		Inches manufactures and				5,888,267		5,888,267
Capital Projects Fund	-			1,258,716		19,862,706						21,121,422
Total Fund Balances	-	49,655,887		8,833,438		26,331,047		672,873		6,338,917		91,832,162
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	S.	63,780,932	. \$	10,346,609	. 5	27,718,685	, \$	706,396	\$	6,999,179	re.	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of ne	et assets											
are different because:												
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not finance	cial											
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.												432,134,728
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the	he costs o	of capital										
equipment financing, risk management, group insurance	and											
the Executive Office Building. The assets and liabilities of		mal										
	n the litter											
service funds are included in governmental activities in the		ent of										
service funds are included in governmental activities in the net assets.		ent of										18,961,237
net assets.	he statem											18,961,237
net assets. Some of the Commission's taxes will be collected after year	he statem	are not										18,961,237
net assets. Some of the Commission's taxes will be collected after year available soon enough to pay for the current period's ex	he statem end, but spenditure	are not										
net assets. Some of the Commission's taxes will be collected after year available soon enough to pay for the current period's ex therefore are reported as deferred revenue in the funds	he statem -end, but spenditure	are not s, and										18,961,237 2,899,710
net assets. Some of the Commission's taxes will be collected after year available soon enough to pay for the current period's ex	he statem -end, but spenditure	are not s, and										2,899,710
net assets. Some of the Commission's taxes will be collected after year available soon enough to pay for the current period's ex therefore are reported as deferred revenue in the funds	he statem -end, but spenditure s. and payab	are not s, and										

Exhibit 4

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

Montgomery Prince George's Prince George's County County County Other Total Capital Capital Park Debt Governmental Governmental General Projects Projects Service Funds Funds REVENUES Property Taxes 180,604,705 \$ 1,576,149 \$ 182,180,854 Intergovernmental -166,064 2,709 Federal 168,773 State 357,276 1,415,781 5,882,530 7.655,587 County 503,052 5,037,401 6,378,496 838,043 Local 35,467 19,912 33,360 88,739 Charges for Services 7,595,403 678,858 10,972 8,285,233 Rentals and Concessions 3,221,285 3,341,611 6,562,896 366,058 Interest 840,140 59,750 95,415 1,361,363 Contributions 20,000 9,121 29,121 Miscellaneous 582,647 98,851 418,857 1,100,355 Total Revenues 193,906,039 6,512,932 6.401.032 6.991.414 213,811,417 **EXPENDITURES** Current -General Government 12,698,310 12,698,310 Planning and Zoning 29,189,477 198,097 29,387,574 Park Operations and Maintenance 98,618,980 847,179 99,466,159 Recreation 32.602.831 4,864,677 37,467,508 Debt Service -Principal 28,375,000 2,960,000 31,335,000 6,638,933 Interest 4,865,785 1,773,148 Bond Issuance Costs 406,056 553,630 147,574 Capital Outlay -Park Acquisition 763,419 4,033,598 4,797,017 Park Development 275,577 5,314,929 11,590,506 Total Expenditures 173,109,598 9,348,527 33,646,841 7,038,996 10,790,675 233,934,637 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 20,796,441 (526,064)(2,947,495)(33,646,841) (3,799,261)(20,123,220) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from General Obligation Bonds 5,222,900 21,200,000 26,422,900 Refunding Bonds Issued 21,110,000 8,482,100 29,592,100 Premiums on Bonds Issued 172.273 109,534 281.807 Payment to Refunding Bond Escrow Account (29,552,086) (21,109,592)(8,442,494) Transfers in from Private Purpose Trust Funds 9.874 9.874 Transfers out to Private Purpose Trust Funds (493,058) (493,058) 3,297,891 Transfers In 185,000 2,469,936 12,947,033 3,691,157 22,591,017 (23,531,990)(24,396,303) Transfer Out (59,750)(581,627) (222,936)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (20,234,099) 5,348,150 34,319,714 1,888,309 3,134,177 24,456,251 Net Change in Fund Balances 562,342 4,822,086 (1,059,186)672,873 (665,084) 4,333,031

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Fund Balances - Beginning

Fund Balances - Ending

49,093,545

49,655,887

4,011,352

8,833,438

27,390,233

26,331,047 \$

7,004,001

6,338,917 \$

672,873 \$

87,499,131

91,832,162

Exhibit 5

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
To the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activites (Exhibit 2) are different because:

Net change in fund balances -- total governmental funds (Exhibit 4)

4,333,031

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.

Capital Outlay Depreciation Expense Net adjustment \$ 17,713,437 (10,018,124)

7,695,313

In the Statement of Activities, only the gain (loss) on the sale of property is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from sales increase financial resources. Other land activity that has no impact on financial resources is also included in the statement of activities.

Donations of Land Loss on Disposal of Land Net adjustment 8,511,010 (4,920)

8,506,090

Tax revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. This is the amount by which the deferred revenues changed from last fiscal year.

(320,857)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

General Obligation Bonds issued, net of bond issuance costs of \$482,987 Repayments of Principal Payment to Refunding Bond Escrow Account Net adjustment

(55,813,820) 31,335,000 29,552,086

5,073,266

Accrued interest expense and landfill postclosure costs reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The amount is the impact of the net change in the liabilities from the prior year.

(93, 357)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of capital equipment financings, employee benefits, risk management and Executive Office Building costs, to individual funds.

The change in net assets of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.

1,411,752

Change in net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)

\$ 26,605,238

Exhibit 6

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures/Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

		Budgete	d A	mounts			Variance
		Original		Final	Actual		Positive (Negative)
Revenues:						-	
Property Taxes	\$	177,397,810	\$	177,397,810	\$ 180,604,705	\$	3,206,895
Intergovernmental		1,118,930		1,492,542	1,061,859		(430,683)
Charges for Services		8,423,920		8,423,920	7,600,034		(823,886)
Rentals and Concessions		2,821,150		2,821,150	3,216,654		395,504
Interest		2,030,000		2,030,000	840,140		(1,189,860)
Miscellaneous		507,200		507,200	582,647		75,447
Total Revenues	12	192,299,010		192,672,622	193,906,039		1,233,417
Expenditures/Encumbrances:							
Current -							
General Government		12,892,100		12,892,100	12,548,210		343,890
County Planning and Zoning		30,906,700		30,949,939	29,730,412		1,219,527
Park Operation and Maintenance		102,715,500		102,327,600	99,362,793		2,964,807
Recreation Programs		34,151,000		34,419,273	32,576,229		1,843,044
Total Expenditures/Encumbrances		180,665,300		180,588,912	174,217,644		6,371,268
Excess of Revenues over (under)							
Expenditures/Encumbrances		11,633,710		12,083,710	19,688,395	3	7,604,685
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Operating Transfers In		1,790,000		1,790,000	3,297,891		1,507,891
Operating Transfers Out		(23,953,800)		(24,403,800)	(23,531,990)		871,810
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(22,163,800)		(22,613,800)	(20,234,099)		2,379,701
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources over (under) Expenditures/Encumbrances							
and Other Financing Uses - Budget Basis	\$	(10,530,090)	\$	(10,530,090)	(545,704)	\$	9,984,386
Fund Balances - Budget Basis, July 1					40,373,275		
Fund Balances - Budget Basis, June 30					\$ 39,827,571		

Exhibit 7

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2003

	00110 00, 110					Governmental			
	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds								
		menriumu	nal and Cultural	- American Company		Activities- Internal			
	Montgomery		Prince George's	1-11111111		Service			
	County		County	Totals	14	Funds			
ASSETS									
Current Assets:	0 4455440		4 700 074	0 045 004	m	25 225 222			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 1,455,113	\$	1,760,871	\$ 3,215,984	\$	35,935,600			
Restricted Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments: Revenue Bond Covenant Accounts	500.040			E00.040					
Unspent Equipment Financing Proceeds	589,848			589,848		1 040 354			
Accounts Receivable	51,717		2,388	51,717 6,035		1,049,354 250			
Due from County Government	3,647		∠,300	0,035		187,086			
Due from Other Funds	_		_			932,702			
Deposits and Other	=					43,122			
Inventories	854,621		537,251	1,391,872		_			
Total Current Assets	2,954,946	-	2,300,510	5,255,456		38,148,114			
Noncurrent Assets:					,				
Capital Assets:									
Land	11,584,468		7,779,131	19,363,599		748,497			
Buildings and Improvements	26,132,269		65,055,716	91,187,985		2,752,334			
Machinery and Equipment	4,720,278		4,295,454	9,015,732		17,845,377			
Construction in Progress	1,583,216	- 11		1,583,216		-			
	44,020,231		77,130,301	121,150,532		21,346,208			
Less - Accumulated Depreciation	(10,193,409)		(15,928,481)	(26,121,890)		(13,363,338)			
Total Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	33,826,822		61,201,820	95,028,642		7,982,870 7,982,870			
Total Noncurrent Assets Total Assets	33,826,822 36,781,768		61,201,820 63,502,330	95,028,642 100,284,098		46,130,984			
Total Assets	30,761,700	-	63,302,330	100,264,090	1	40,130,304			
LIABILITIES									
Current Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable	299,065		243,713	542,778		423,697			
Claims Payable	90001000		-			1,954,077			
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	154,631		231,304	385,935		245,121			
Compensated Absences	210,050		166,364	376,414		7,886,751			
Interest Payable	116,240		*	116,240		72,236			
Revenue Collected in Advance	548,900		138,697	687,597					
Current Portion of Revenue Bonds Payable	300,000		- 5	300,000					
Current Portion of Revenue Notes Payable	684,444		-	684,444		4 000 550			
Current Portion of Notes Payable	86,711		-	86,711		1,830,556 10,064			
Due to County Government Total Current Liabilities	2,400,041		780,078	3,180,119		12,422,502			
Total Current Elabilities	2,400,041		700,070	3,100,118	3	12,722,002			
Noncurrent Liabilities:									
Claims Payable	,			*		4,849,318			
Revenue Bonds Payable	2,831,433			2,831,433					
Revenue Notes Payable	6,747,224			6,747,224					
Notes Payable	203,688	į.		203,688		4,820,635			
Compensated Absences	239,547	i'	354,451	593,998		5,077,292			
Payable to Advance Land Acquisition Trust Fund	-		3,829,363	3,829,363					
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	10,021,892		4,183,814	14,205,706	7	14,747,245			
Total Liabilities	12,421,933		4,963,892	17,385,825	- 5	27,169,747			
NET ASSETS									
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	23,025,039	ř.	57,372,457	80,397,496		2,381,033			
Restricted for Debt Service	589,848		01,012,701	589,848		_,001,000			
Unrestricted	744,948		1,165,981	1,910,929		16,580,204			
Total Net Assets	\$ 24,359,835		58,538,438	\$ 82,898,273	\$	18,961,237			
· - series of the series of th	to a state and construct or const	med 1	ere various discousi laborator	Commence of the Commence of th		The second section of the second section of the second section of the second section s			

Exhibit 8

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

		Business-		Governmental					
		Recreational and Cultural Activities							Activities- Internal
		Montgomery		Pri	nce George's	5			Service
		County		_	County		Totals		Funds
Operating Revenues:									
Sales	\$	1,343,769	\$		1,268,004	\$	2,611,773	\$	¥
Charges for Services		8,730,639			3,789,223		12,519,862		36,562,499
Claim Recoveries		-			-		-		290,501
Rentals and Concessions		2,611,242			1,996,982		4,608,224		
Total Operating Revenues		12,685,650		_	7,054,209	E :	19,739,859		36,853,000
Operating Expenses:									
Cost of Goods Sold		815,033			998,229		1,813,262		-
Personal Services		5,637,641			7,464,442		13,102,083		12,555,636
Supplies and Materials		1,678,246			1,230,011		2,908,257		288,962
Montgomery County Self Insurance Program					-				1,836,140
Claims Incurred		_							8,455,522
Insurance		_			_		_		10,070,402
Communications		131,142			205,794		336,936		
Utilities		737,127			4,835		741,962		
Maintenance		307,010			434,166		741,176		
Contractual Services		1,501,624			813,649		2,315,273		_
Other Services and Charges		259,463			381,489		640,952		855,470
Administrative Services		1,195,419			301,409		1,195,419		000,410
Depreciation		1,592,080			2,181,239		3,773,319		1,646,874
		13,854,785		_	13,713,854		27,568,639		35,709,006
Total Operating Expenses			-	_					1,143,994
Operating Income (Loss)		(1,169,135)		_	(6,659,645)		(7,828,780)		1,143,994
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):		04 500			20.040		400.044		E70 404
Investment Earnings		91,593			32,218		123,811		570,424
Interest Expense, net of Amortization		(674,407)		-	00.040		(674,407)		(227,930)
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)		(582,814)		_	32,218		(550,596)		342,494
Income (Loss) before Transfers		(1,751,949)			(6,627,427)		(8,379,376)		1,486,488
Transfers In - Park Account		86,000			4,162,200		4,248,200		-
Transfer In - Recreation Account		-			388,600		388,600		
Transfer In - Internal Service Fund - Group Insurance		78,173			97,214		175,387		13,362
Transfer In - Trust		17,759			-		17,759		2,757,165
Transfers Out		-			-		-		(2,845,263)
Transfer Out- CIP Fund		(175,000)			96		(175,000)		
Change in Net Assets		(1,745,017)			(1,979,413)		(3,724,430)		1,411,752
Total Net Assets - Beginning	-	26,104,852		_	60,517,851		86,622,703		17,549,485
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$	24,359,835	\$	_	58,538,438	\$	82,898,273	\$	18,961,237

Exhibit 9

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

		Business-	typ	e Activities- Ent	erp	rise Funds		
		Doore	nai-	and and Cultura	1.0	nati viat o m		Government:
		Montgomery		ational and Cultura Prince George		ctivities		Activities- Internal
		County		County	2	Totals		Service Func
sh Flows from Operating Activities:		Goding	_	Obditty		rotais		COLUMN TOTAL
eceipts from Customers and Users	\$	12,795,570	S	7,038,079	\$	19,833,649	\$	35,911,92
ayments to Suppliers	7	(4,680,753)		(3,861,070)	~	(8,541,823)	*	(21,783,11
ayments to Employees		(5,608,387)		(7,384,629)		(12,993,016)		(11,865,16
ayments for Interfund Services Used		(860,000)		(243,100)		(1,103,100)		(303,80
ayments for Administrative Charges		(1,195,419)		_		(1,195,419)		* 1
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		451,011		(4,450,720)		(3,999,709)		1,959,84
ish Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:								
perating Transfers In from Other Funds		181,931		4,648,014		4,829,945		
perating Transfers Out to Other Funds		(175,000)				(175,000)		(74,73)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital								No.
Financing Activities		6,931		4,648,014		4,654,945		(74,73)
ish Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:								
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		(819,468)		(178,117)		(997,585)		(1,700,82:
Principal Paid on Notes Payable		(732,920)				(732,920)		(1,358,90
Principal Paid on Revenue Bonds		(285,000)		-		(285,000)		
nterest Paid		(642,344)		-		(642,344)		(227,92
Proceeds from Financing - Notes Payable		131,593		-		131,593		2,668,40
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related								
Financing Activities		(2,348,139)		(178,117)		(2,526,256)		(619,25
ish Flows from Investing Activities:								
nterest on Restricted Investments		104,895		-		104,895		
nterest on Investments		(13,302)		32,218		18,916		570,42
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		91,593	-	32,218		123,811		570,42
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(1,798,604)		51,395		(1,747,209)		1,836,28
ish, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash, July 1		3,895,282		1,709,476	2 1	5,604,758		35,148,67
ish, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash, June 30	\$	2,096,678	\$	1,760,871	\$	3,857,549	\$	36,984,95
splayed as:								
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	1,455,113	\$	1,760,871	\$	3,215,984	\$	36,984,954
Restricted for Revenue Bond Covenants		589,848				589,848		
Restricted Revenue and Equipment Financing Proceeds		51,717				51,717		
the appropriate the second sec	\$	2,096,678	\$	1,760,871	\$	3,857,549	\$	36,984,954

Exhibit 9 continued

	2	Business-type Activities- Enterprise Funds					
		Recreational and Cultural Activities					Governmental Activities-
		Montgomery		Prince George's	Totals		Internal Service Funds
onciliation of Operating Income/(Loss) to Net Cash	-	County	_	County	Totals		Service Funds
wided (Used) by Operating Activities:							
perating Income (Loss)	\$	(1,169,135)	\$	(6,659,645) \$	(7,828,780)	\$	1,143,994
ustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to							
t Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		1 500 000					1010001
epreciation		1,592,080		2,181,239	3,773,319		1,646,874
hanges in Assets and Liabilities:		(2.275)		(64)	(0.000)		250
Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable Increase) Decrease in Due from County Government		(3,275)		(61)	(3,336)		(22,622
Increase) Decrease in Inventories, at Cost		(11.015)		0.000	/2 0071		(22,022
지하다 하나 하나 아무슨 이 가는 것이 되었다. 그는 사람이 가는 사람이 가지 않는데 하나 되었다. 그는 사람이 되었다면 하다 하다 그는 사람이 되었다면 하다.		(11,915)		8,828	(3,087)		13,994
Increase) Decrease in Deposits and Other		-		-	-		
ncrease) Decrease in Due from Other Funds		(00.000)		/// 005)	(422.050)		(932,702
ncrease (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(89,033)		(44,825)	(133,858)		244,795 (633,434
ncrease (Decrease) in Claims Payable ncrease (Decrease) in Accrued Salaries and Benefits		18,370		28,768	47,138		57,679
ncrease (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		10,884		51,045	61,929		632,79€
ncrease (Decrease) in Interest Payable		(10,160)		51,045	(10,160)		53,562
ncrease (Decrease) in Incurred But Unreported Clms		(10,100)			(10,100)		(53,905
ncrease (Decrease) in Other Accrued Liabilities					-		(201,500
ncrease (Decrease) in Due to County Government							10,064
ncrease (Decrease) in Revenue Collected in Advance		113,195		(16,069)	97,126		10,00
Total Adjustments		1,620,146	*	2,208,925	3,829,071		815,851
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	451,011	\$	(4,450,720) \$	(3,999,709)	\$	1,959,845
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Exhibit 10

Statement of Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2003

		Pension Trust Funds	 Private Purpose Trust Funds	Agency Funds
ASSETS				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	-	\$ 13,032,277	\$ 3,355,329
Cash and Marketable Securities		457,537,063	-	-
Restricted Cash: Unspent Bond Proceeds			843,866	-
Collateral for Securities Lending Transactions		43,782,139	-	**
Accounts Receivable		1,829,141	2,000	**
Due from Other Governments		27,627	-	-
Deposits and Other		109,444	-	-
Receivable From Enterprise Fund		-	3,829,363	-
Land Held for Transfer		-	37,224,354	
Other		-	481,665	4
Total Assets	_	503,285,414	55,413,525	 3,355,329
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable		871,424	1,497	2,819,512
Due to Group Insurance Internal Service Fund		932,702	-	-
Obligation for Collateral Received				
under Securities Lending transactions		43,782,139	-	-
Deposits				535,817
Total Liabilities		45,586,265	1,497	3,355,329
NET ASSETS				
Assets Held in Trust for:				
Land Held for Transfer		-	41,053,717	-
Pension Benefits		451,579,126	-	×
Other Postemployment Benefits		6,120,023	as a	2
Other Purposes		-	14,358,311	 -
Total Net Assets	\$	457,699,149	\$ 55,412,028	\$ -

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

	_	Pension Trust Funds		Private Purpose Trust Funds
ADDITIONS:				
Contributions:				
Employer	S	540,369	S	-
Plan Members		3,583,083	*	-
Private Donations		010001000		55,660
Total Contributions		4,123,452		55,660
Receipts from Commission Debt Service Funds				493,058
Investment Earnings:				
Interest		9,577,534		213,443
Dividends		2,106,769		
Net increase (decrease) in the Fair Value of Investments		16,137,514		
Total Investment Earnings	-	27,821,817		213,443
Less Investment Expense		Activity of the second second second second		100 to 10
Investment Advisory and Management Fees		(1,641,940)		_
Net Income from Investing Activities	_	26,179,877		213,443
Securities Lending Activity				
Securities Lending Income		714,806		2
Securities Lending Fees		(642,489)		_
Net Income from Securities Lending Activity	_	72,317		
Total Net Investment Income	_	26,252,194		213,443
Total Additions	-	30,375,646		762,161
DEDUCTIONS				
Benefits		13,734,100		-
Refunds of Contributions		349,645		*
Administrative Expenses		1,047,466		-
Transfers to Group Insurance Internal Service Fund		2,757,165		-
Transfers to Commission Debt Service Funds				9,874
Transfers to Enterprise Fund				17,759
Other				73,415
Total Deductions	_	17,888,376		101,048
Change in Net Assets		12,487,270		661,113
Net Assets - Beginning		445,211,879		54,750,915
Net Assets - Ending	\$	457,699,149	\$	55,412,028

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2003

(1) - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(A) The Commission and Its Services

Background

The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission (the "Commission") is a body corporate of the State of Maryland established by the Maryland General Assembly in 1927. The Commission is a bi-county agency. It is empowered to acquire, develop, maintain and administer a regional system of parks in the defined Metropolitan District in Montgomery and Prince George's Counties and to prepare and administer a general plan for the physical development of a defined Regional District for the two Counties. The Commission also conducts the recreation program for Prince George's County. The express powers of the Commission are provided in Article 28 of the Annotated Code of Maryland. As a body corporate of the State of Maryland, the Commission is not generally subject to local county legislation such as the Tax Reform Initiative by Marylanders ("TRIM"), a Prince George's County Charter Amendment originally enacted in November 1978.

The major source of funding for the Commission's primary services are five property taxes levied on an individual County basis: Montgomery County administration tax - general administration and planning; Montgomery County park tax - park operations and debt service for park acquisition and development bonds; Prince George's County administration tax - general administration and planning; Prince George's County park tax - park operations and debt service for park acquisition and development bonds; and the Prince George's County recreation tax for the recreation program. Five separate accounts are maintained within the General Fund to account for the Commission's primary services. Revenues and expenditures that can be specifically identified with a County are recorded in the appropriate account of that County and those that apply to both Counties are allocated to the appropriate accounts. Other funds and accounts are maintained on a Commission-wide or on a separate County basis as necessary and appropriate.

The provisions of Sections 2-113 and 7-107 of Article 28 of the Annotated Code of Maryland require that the Commission publish an annual financial report and that its financial statements be audited by independent certified public accountants. The accompanying financial statements have been presented to meet the financial reporting needs of the Commission and the requirements of Maryland law.

Financial Reporting Entity

The Employees' Retirement System (ERS), administered by the 12 member Board of Trustees, in accordance with the Trust Agreement between the Board and the Commission, is a contributory defined benefit pension system qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a). The administrative operations are the responsibility of the ERS Staff and Board-appointed Administrator, who reports directly to the Board of Trustees. Publicly available Financial Statements for the ERS can be obtained at 6611 Kenilworth Avenue, Suite 100, Riverdale, Maryland 20737.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), these financial statements present the Commission and its blended component unit, the ERS. A blended component unit, although a legally separate entity, is, in substance, part of the Commission's operations and therefore data from this unit are combined with data of the Commission. Accordingly, the financial statements of the ERS are included as a pension trust fund in the accompanying financial statements, and the ERS is the only such component unit of the Commission.

In accordance with GAAP, the Commission represents a joint venture of Montgomery and Prince George's Counties, reportable in the notes to their respective financial statements. The financial data of the Commission pertinent to Montgomery County and Prince George's County, for governmental, internal service, and private-purpose trust funds are set forth on a County basis in Note 6.

(B) Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Commission follows accounting standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). The reporting requirements include:

Management's Discussion and Analysis – GASB standards requires that financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the Commission's financial activities in the form of "management's discussion and analysis" (MD&A). This analysis is similar to analysis the private sector provides in their annual reports.

Government-wide Financial Statements – The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the Commission's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities (such as cash and accounts payable) but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and infrastructure, including bridges and roads, and general obligation debt). Full accrual accounting also recognizes all revenues and the full cost to provide services each year, not just those received or paid in the current year or soon thereafter. Neither fiduciary funds nor component units that are fiduciary in nature are included in Government-wide financial statements.

The basic financial statements include both Government-wide (based on the Commission as a whole) and fund financial statements. The focus is on both the Commission as a whole and the fund financial statements, including the major individual funds of the governmental and business-type categories, as well as the fiduciary funds (by category). Both the Government-wide and fund financial statements (within the basic financial statements) categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. In the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column and (b) are reflected, on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared (between years and between governments) to enhance the usefulness of the information.

Statement of Net Assets – The Statement of Net Assets is designed to display the financial position of the Commission (government and business-type activities). The Commission reports all capital assets, including infrastructure, in the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets and reports depreciation expense – the cost of "using up" capital assets – in the Statement of Activities. The net assets of the Commission have been broken down into three categories – 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted. The Commission generally first uses restricted assets for expenses incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available. The Commission may defer the use of restricted assets based on a review of the specific transaction.

<u>Statement of Activities</u> – The Government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the Commission's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants). The Government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (county planning and zoning, park operations and maintenance, recreation, etc.) that is otherwise being supported by general government revenues. The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (county

planning and zoning, park operations and maintenance, recreation, etc.) or a business-type activity. Program revenues include 1) charges for County planning and zoning services; 2) charges for park operations and maintenance; 3) rentals and concessions; 4) recreational and cultural facilities and events and 5) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Property taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Direct expenses are considered those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The Commission does not allocate indirect expenses. The operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the Government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the Commission are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The fund statements are presented on a current financial resource and modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the Government-wide statements' governmental activities column, reconciliations are presented which briefly explain the adjustments necessary to reconcile the fund financial statements to the governmental activities column of the Government-wide financial statements.

The Commission's fiduciary funds and the Employees' Retirement System, which is fiduciary in nature, are presented in the fund financial statements by fund type (pension, private purpose trust, and agency). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, pension participants, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the Commission, these funds are not incorporated into the Government-wide statements.

<u>Budgetary Comparison Schedules</u> — Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of the Commission's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. For this reason, the Commission has chosen to make its General Fund budgetary comparison statement part of the basic financial statements. The Commission and many other governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons.

Since the Commission adopts its General Fund budget by accounts within each county, each of which has a dedicated tax levy, budgetary comparison summaries are presented for each account in Note 6. These accounts are as follows: Montgomery County Administration, Montgomery County Park, Prince George's County Administration, Prince George's County Park, and Prince George's County Recreation.

(C) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The Government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The Government-wide, proprietary and pension trust and private purpose fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are generally recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year in

which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Employee and employer contributions to Pension Trust Funds are recognized as revenues (additions to net assets) in the period in which employee services are performed. Both benefits and refunds paid are recognized as expenses (deductions from net assets) in the period in which employee services are performed.

Government fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Commission considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment has matured and is due.

Property taxes, interest and grants associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Commission.

The Commission reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund — The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Commission. It is used to account for the tax revenues and other revenues which fund the Commission's general operations and to account for all other financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Montgomery County and Prince George's County Capital Projects Funds – These Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition, development or improvement of parkland and the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds and the Advance Land Acquisition Private Purpose Trust Funds. The Commission maintains separate funds for each county.

<u>Prince George's County Debt Service Fund</u> - This Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and the payment of Prince George's County Park Bond principle, interest, and related costs.

The Commission reports the following major enterprise funds:

Montgomery County and Prince George's County Enterprise Funds – These Enterprise Funds are used to account for recreational and cultural facilities operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. A separate Enterprise Fund is maintained for the enterprise operations of each county, each of which is considered a major fund. The General Fund absorbs utility and administrative charges of the Prince George's County Enterprise Fund. These costs are estimated to be \$1,250,000 and \$530,000, respectively.

Additionally, the Commission reports the following fund types:

Other Governmental Funds _- The other governmental fund types used by the Commission are special revenue and nonmajor debt service. Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted for particular purposes. Debt Service funds account for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of governmental funds.

Internal Service Funds - Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of certain goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the Commission on a cost-reimbursement basis. There are six Internal Service Funds reported by the Commission: Montgomery County Capital Equipment Fund, Montgomery County Employee Benefits Fund, Montgomery County Risk Management Fund, Prince George's County Executive Office Building Fund, Prince George's County Employee Benefits Fund, and Prince George's County Risk Management Fund. Internal Service Funds are used to account for the Commission's group insurance and risk management programs; the executive office building on Kenilworth Avenue in Prince George's County; the recording of annual and sick leave earned, taken and accrued by employees; the administrative leave used by employees who are bargaining unit members; and financing of capital equipment purchases. Within the Employee Benefit Funds, the Commission has fully funded the short-term portion of the annual and compensatory leave liability required to be recorded in the governmental activities column of the Government Wide financial statements, and has funded 55.8% of the long-term portion.

The Commission reports the following fiduciary fund types:

Pension Trust Funds – The Employees' Retirement Fund is used to account for all activities of the Employees' Retirement System including accumulation of resources for, and payment of, retirement annuities and/or other benefits and the administrative costs of operating the system.

The Other Postemployment Benefits Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for postretirement health care benefits provided by the Commission. The Commission is not required to make additional contributions unless obligated to do so by resolution, and the fund is not funded based on actuarial information. Starting in fiscal year 2003 this fund is being used to provide current retiree health care benefits.

<u>Private-Purpose Trust Funds</u> – Private-Purpose Trust Funds are used to account for funds whose principal and interest are legally held in trust and must be expended in accordance with their designated purposes.

<u>Agency Funds</u> - The Agency Funds are used to account for the State retirement funds of participating Commission employees and retirees, and for certain deposits held.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the Government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of GASB. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and Enterprise Funds, subject to this same limitation. The Commission has elected to apply GASB pronouncements as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989 unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

In the process of aggregating data for the Government-wide financial statements, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds should be eliminated or reclassified. As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the Government-wide financial statements. Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge to funds using the service the costs of capital equipment financing, risk management, employee benefits, and the Executive Office Building. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Funds are included in the governmental activities column of the Statement of Net Assets. The Commission eliminates internal fund expenses by allocating the expenses to other funds. Expenses for capital equipment are allocated based on revenues, for risk management based on revenues, and for employee benefits based on salaries expense. The funds are so unique that a single allocation method was not appropriate.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in

connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds and of the internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

(D) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> — Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and mature within three months of the date acquired by the Commission.

Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments – The Commission pools the cash and investments of all funds into a common pool to maintain investment flexibility and maximize earnings. The Commission's Finance Department manages the pool. Investment earnings are allocated to participating Funds based upon their average monthly equity in pooled cash balances. Commission investments, including those in the Pension Trust Fund, are stated at fair value.

Property Taxes Receivable - All property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The property tax receivable allowance is based on an aging of receivables, with increasing percentages applied to older receivables. Property taxes are levied and collected for the special taxing districts of the Commission by Montgomery and Prince George's County Governments, as appropriate. Semiannual tax payment plans are automatic for homeowners living in their properties unless they request to remain on an annual payment plan. Under the semiannual payment plan, one-half of the real property taxes are due by September 30 and the remaining one-half is due by December 31. Real property taxes are levied on July 1 each year and become delinquent on October 1 and January 1, at which time interest and penalties commence. Personal property and real property taxes levied for a fraction of a year are due when billed. Tax liens on real property are sold at public auction on the second Monday in June in Montgomery County and on the second Monday in May in Prince George's County for taxes that are delinquent.

The property tax revenues and rates of the Commission are not subject to any legislative limitations. However, the respective County Council approves such revenues and rates when budgets are adopted.

<u>Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities</u> – Accounts payable includes only short-term liabilities due and payable within the normal course of business.

Inventories - Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market for proprietary funds.

<u>Restricted Assets</u> – Certain proceeds of the Commission's bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for enterprise fund revenue bond repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in investment accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

<u>Capital Assets</u> – Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, trails, dams and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the Government-wide financial statements. The Commission defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed and actual costs are not known. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets_	Years
Buildings and Improvements	20 - 40
Infrastructure	15 - 60
Machinery and Equipment	5 - 10

<u>Advances to Other Funds</u> - Long-term interfund advances at June 30, 2003, consist of \$3,829,363 of land acquired by the Prince George's County Advance Land Acquisition Private Purpose Trust Fund that is being used for park purposes in the Prince George's County Enterprise Fund. The advances are recorded as noncurrent receivables/payables in the respective Funds.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> - Commission employees earn annual leave and sick leave in varying amounts, and are granted three days of personal leave annually. Some employees may also earn compensatory leave in lieu of overtime pay. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the Commission does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service.

Each pay cycle, an estimated amount for compensated absences expenditures is recorded for the General Fund employees and is recognized as expenditures in the General Fund and revenue in the Employee Benefits Internal Service Fund. The estimate is equal to the amount of annual and sick leave expected to be taken during the year, plus an amount to fund the long-term leave liability. As General Fund employees take annual and sick leave, this usage is charged to the Employee Benefits Internal Service Fund. When annual and sick leave are used or taken by employees charged to proprietary funds, the expense is charged directly to the employees' cost center in the proprietary funds. Compensated absences for leave liabilities are charged directly to the proprietary funds' cost center to which the employee is assigned. The year-end liability for annual leave and compensatory leave is calculated based on hours of leave available, priced at current salary rates plus applicable employer payroll taxes.

<u>Long-term Obligations</u> – In the Government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

<u>Landfill Closure and Postclosure Costs</u> - The Bonifant Road Rubble Landfill stopped receiving solid waste and is closed. The landfill was capped during fiscal year 2003. The total current cost of landfill postclosure care is an estimate and subject to changes resulting from inflation, deflation, technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations.

The postclosure care cost, estimated to be approximately \$118,000 over the 4 1/2 year remaining postclosure care period, is reported as a long-term obligation in the Government-wide financial statements. The Montgomery County Park Account in the General Fund will pay the annual operating expense of approximately \$26,000 to monitor and maintain the landfill.

<u>Fund Equity</u> – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a

specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

<u>Reserves</u> - Fund balances in the governmental funds are reserved for encumbrances and debt service to indicate the amounts are not available for other expenditures.

<u>Designated Fund Balances for Individual Funds and Accounts</u> - The Commission has designated \$17,744,500 of fund balances in the General Fund at June 30, 2003, to fund fiscal year 2004 operations and contingencies, as follows.

	M	ontgomery County	Prince George's County		Total
Administration Account	\$	1,673,900	\$	685,300	\$ 2,359,200
Park Account		4,013,400		8,270,200	12,283,600
Recreation Account		N/A		3,101,700	3,101,700
	\$	5,687,300	\$	12,057,200	\$ 17,744,500

(2) - EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

The governmental fund balance sheet (Exhibit 3) includes a reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net assets – governmental activities as reported in the Statement of Net Assets (Exhibit 1). Details related to the most significant items on the reconciliation are as follows.

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore are not reported in the funds. The capital assets related to governmental funds (not including internal service funds) include:

Land	\$ 242,712,154
Buildings	140,735,264
Improvements Other than Buildings	13,724,214
Infrastructure	120,645,893
Machinery and Equipment	38,859,474
Accumulated Depreciation on Buildings,	
Improvements and Machinery and Equipment	(144, 163, 277)
Construction in Progress	19,621,006
Total	\$ 432,134,728

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds. The long-term debt related to governmental funds (not including internal service funds) include:

Bonds and Notes Payable:		
Due Within One Year	\$	10,755,000
Due in More than One Year		139,945,757
Estimated Liability for Postclosure Costs	:	
Due Within One Year		26,230
Due in More than One Year		91,805
Accrued Interest Payable		3,016,017
Totals	\$	153,834,809
	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	

(3) - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

(A) Budgetary Information

The following procedures are used in establishing the annual budget.

On or before January 15, the Commission submits to the County Executive of each County a proposed annual budget for the respective accounts of the General Fund (including park debt service) and the Special Revenue Funds, and a budget plan for the respective Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds. The Capital Projects Funds' budgets and six-year expenditure plans are submitted to the County Executive of Prince George's County prior to each November 1 and to the County Executive of Montgomery County prior to November 1 of each odd-numbered year. These budgets and plans include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Each County Executive transmits the budgets and plans with recommendations to the respective County Council. The County Councils conduct public hearings on the budgets and plans, and the budgets and plans are legally adopted prior to July 1.

The legal level of budgetary control is the department or function for the Administration Accounts and the Account level for the Montgomery County Park Account, Prince George's County Park Account, and Prince George's County Recreation Account. The Commission's expenditures may not exceed the total approved budget for each of the General Fund Accounts without prior approval by the respective County Council, except where grant funds received with the knowledge and approval of the respective County constitute an automatic budget amendment, thereby increasing the appropriations. Management is authorized to allow a department or function within a General Fund Account to be overspent by up to 10% of the approved budget without Council approval, provided the account in total is not overspent.

General Fund and Special Revenue Funds unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Capital project appropriations do not lapse until the project is completed. The budget plans for the proprietary funds serve as a guide to the Commission and not as legally binding limitations.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the General Fund. The budget for the General Fund is adopted on a modified accrual basis consistent with GAAP except that encumbrances are treated as expenditures.

The actual expenditures in the General Fund Statements of Revenues, Expenditures/Encumbrances, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual are presented on a basis consistent with The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission Adopted Annual Budget. All expenditures made during fiscal year 2003 were within the legal limitations pertinent to the Commission. Under the budgetary method, current year outstanding encumbrances are charged to the budgetary appropriations and are considered expenditures of the current period. Governmental GAAP considers outstanding encumbrances as reservations of fund balances that are charged to expenditures in the period in which the goods or services are used or received.

A reconciliation from the Budget Basis to the GAAP Basis for the year ended June 30, 2003 is as follows. The account information shown below is reported in Note 6.

	Montgome	ry County Prince George's County			Montgomery County Prince George's County			Prince George's County					Prince George's County			
	Administration	Park	Administration	Park	Park Recreation											
	Account	Account	Account	Account	Account	Fund										
Adjustment to Expenditures																
To Increase -																
Encumbrances -																
June 30, 2002	\$ 1,322,048	\$ 960,100	\$ 2,383,788	\$ 2,963,424	\$ 1,090,910	\$ 8,720,270										
To Decrease -																
Encumbrances -																
June 30, 2003	(1,252,687)	(2,152,000)	(2,843,984)	(2,515,337)	(1,064,308)	(9,828,316)										
Total Adjustment	69,361	(1,191,900)	(460,196)	448,087	26,602	(1,108,046)										
Excess of Revenues and Other																
Sources over (under)																
Expenditures and Other Uses:																
GAAP Basis	218,385	2,557,558	1,800,180	(3,042,392)	(971,389)	562,342										
Budget Basis	\$ 287,746	\$ 1,365,658	\$ 1,339,984	\$ (2,594,305)	\$ (944,787)	\$ (545,704)										

(4) - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

(A) Cash and Investments

The Commission's deposits and investments as of June 30, 2003, totaled \$660,806,040. The Commission's pool of deposits and investments (\$134,966,806) is available to all funds, except for the Pension Trust Funds.

<u>Cash in Banks</u> - At year-end, the carrying amount of deposits was \$1,503,457 and the bank balance was \$867,918. In addition, the Commission held cash at various locations totaling \$250,538, and the Employees' Retirement System Pension Trust Fund had a cash deficit of \$(3,856). Of the bank balance, \$500,000 was covered by Federal depository insurance and the remainder was collateralized by \$3,709,902 of securities held by a member of the Federal Reserve banking system in the name of the Commission and the Commission's bank.

The Commission requires collateral for the pooled cash and investments of ten or more days duration to be held in the Commission's name by the trust department of a bank other than the pledging bank. The Commission's policy was complied with throughout the year ended June 30, 2003. Collateral shall be maintained in excess of FDIC insurance coverage for all Commission bank cash accounts, certificates of deposits and time deposits.

<u>Money Market Deposits</u> - At year end the carrying value (fair value) of deposits in money market accounts is \$4,055,008. All such deposits relate to cash and investments restricted for debt service, for construction or for retiree health costs.

<u>Investments</u> - The Annotated Code of Maryland authorizes the Commission to invest in obligations for which the United States has pledged its full faith and credit for the payment of principal and interest, obligations that are issued by a Federal agency, repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, money market mutual funds, the State Treasurer's investment pool, certificates of deposits and municipal bonds and notes.

Statutes require that investments comply with the guidelines relative to investment grade and/or ratings and Securities and Exchange Commission registrations where applicable. Also, statutes require that securities underlying repurchase agreements have a fair value of at least 102% of the cost of the investment. If during the year, the fair value of securities underlying such investments falls below this required level, additional collateral is pledged or other collateral in the amount of the required level is

substituted. All collateral must meet statutory requirements and is held in the Commission's name by a third-party custodian.

There were no unusual variations in the mix or volume of the investment portfolio during the fiscal year. The Commission was in compliance with all applicable investment statutes throughout the fiscal year.

The cash included in the following restricted cash and investments are fully collateralized as discussed above:

<u>Cash and Investments Restricted for Debt Service</u> - At year-end, the Commission had \$589,848 restricted to pay debt service for Little Bennett Golf Course Revenue Bonds.

<u>Cash and Investments Restricted for Unspent Debt Proceeds</u> - At year-end, the Commission had \$23,086,318 of unspent bond and note proceeds restricted to pay construction costs for various projects, and for equipment purchase.

Pension Trust Funds Investments - Statutes do not restrict the investment activity of these two funds.

Securities Lending Transactions for Defined Benefit Pension Plan - The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission Employees' Retirement System Board of Trustees policies authorize the lending of investment securities. These lending transactions are managed by the custodian bank. There were no violations of legal or contractual provisions, or borrower or lending agent default losses known to the securities lending agent as of June 30, 2003. Due to the nature of the program's collateralization of securities loaned at a minimum of 102% of the market value plus accrued interest, management of the System believes that there is no credit risk, since the lender owes the borrower more than the borrower owes the lender.

Securities are loaned against collateral that may include cash, U.S. government securities and irrevocable letters of credit. U.S. securities are loaned against collateral valued at 102% of the market value of the securities plus any accrued interest. Non-U.S. securities are loaned against collateral valued at 105% of the fair value of the securities plus any accrued interest. Non-cash collateral cannot be pledged or sold unless the borrower defaults. Consequently, the non-cash collateral has not been reported as an asset or liability on the Fiduciary Fund Statement of Net Assets. All securities loans can be terminated on demand by either the lender or the borrower, although the average term of overall loans is 35 days.

Cash collateral is invested in a short-term investment pool, which has an average weighted maturity of 38 days. Cash collateral may also be invested in "term loans", in which case the investments match the loan term. These loans can be terminated on demand by either borrower or lender. There are no dividends or coupon payments owing on the securities lent.

The custodian bank's responsibilities include performing appropriate borrower and collateral investment credit analyses, demanding adequate types and levels of collateral, and complying with applicable Department of Labor and Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council regulations concerning securities lending. Loss indemnification is provided when securities are not returned due to the insolvency of a borrower and the trustee bank fails to fulfill its contractual responsibilities relating to the lending of those securities to that borrower.

The fair value of securities on loan as of June 30, 2003 was \$51,472,325, which was collateralized by cash of \$43,782,139 and non-cash collateral of \$9,025,169. The securities lending gross earnings for the year ended June 30, 2003 were \$714,806, while the borrower's rebate totaled \$594,602 and bank fees and commissions were \$47,887, which resulted in a net addition from securities lending activity of \$72,317.

Categories of Investments - Investments are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Commission at year-end. Category 1 includes investments for which the securities are insured, registered, or held by the Commission or its agent in the Commission's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investment securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the Commission's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investment securities held by the counterparty or its trust department or agent but not in the Commission's name. The Commission, including the Pension Trust Fund, did not hold Category 2 or 3 investments at year-end. Certain investments as listed in the following table are not subject to categorization, including mutual funds and commingled trusts, because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The Commission's investments at June 30, 2003 were as follows:

Investments Subject to Categorization	Reported Amount/ <u>Fair Value</u>
Commission Investments (all Category 1:)	
Commercial Paper	\$ 424,091
United States Treasury Bills	7,035,174
Bankers' Acceptances	22,691,359
Federal National Mortgage Association Notes	31,599,131
Federal Home Loan Bank Notes	6,801,921
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association Notes	27,053,480
Repurchase Agreements	59,532,241
Total Commission Investments	155,137,397
Fiduciary Fund Investments (all category 1):	
Commercial Paper	367,836
Fixed Income securities	
Not on securities loan	137,426,611
On securities loan for securities collateral	7,304,546
Common Stocks	
Not on securities loan	190,088,463
On securities loan for securities collateral	1,475,089
Total Fiduciary Funds Investments	336,662,545
Total Investments Subject	
To Categorization	491,799,942
Investments Not Subject to Categorization	
Fiduciary Funds:	
Stock Mutual Fund	26,295,417
Fixed Income Mutual Fund	4,036,165
Commingled Stock Trust	46,394,541
Securities Lending Short Term	
Collateral Investment Pool	43,782,139
Investments Held by Broker Dealers	
Under Securities Loans with Cash	
Collateral:	
Corporate Bonds	22,325,708
Common Stock	20,366,981
Total investments not subject to categorization	163,200,951
Commission Total	\$ 655,000,893

Cash and investment balances are shown in the financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Assets		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	118,579,200
Restricted Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments		
Revenue Bond Covenant Accounts		589,848
Unspent Bonds Proceeds		23,086,318
Statement of Net Assets - Flduciary Funds		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments - Private Purpose Trust Funds		13,032,277
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments - Agency Funds		3,355,329
Restricted Cash Unspent Bond Proceeds - Private Purpose Trust Funds		843,866
Cash and Marketable Securities - Pension Trust Funds		457,537,063
Collateral for Securities Lending Transactions - Pension Trust Funds		43,782,139
Total	\$	660,806,040
They are composed of:	in the second	
Cash in Banks	\$	1,503,457
Cash of Employees Retirement System Pension Trust Fund		(3,856)
Cash in Other Locations		250,538
Money Market Deposits		4,055,008
Investments		655,000,893
Total	\$	660,806,040

(B) Capital Assets

A summary of governmental activities capital assets at June 30, 2003 is as follows:

	July 1, 2002	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	June 30, 2003
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 230,157,544	\$ 13,308,027	\$ (4,920)	\$.	\$ 243,460,651
Construction in progress	17,443,351	10,506,793		(8,329,138)	19,621,006
Total capital assets not being depreciated	247,600,895	23,814,820	(4,920)	(8,329,138)	263,081,657
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	150,088,202	220,989		7,138,036	157,447,227
Infrastructure	119,454,791			1,191,102	120,645,893
Machinery and equipment	53,345,251	3,889,463	(902,194)		56,332,520
Total capital assets being depreciated	322,888,244	4,110,452	(902,194)	8,329,138	334,425,640
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	(75,862,361)	(4,801,943)			(80,664,304)
Infrastructure	(35,830,287)	(2,170,214)			(38,000,501)
Machinery and equipment	(34,934,245)	(4,692,843)	902,194		(38,724,894)
Total accumulated depreciation	(146,626,893)	(11,665,000)	902,194		(157,389,699)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	176,261,351	(7,554,548)		8,329,138	177,035,941
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 423,862,246	\$ 16,260,272	\$ (4,920)	\$ -	\$ 440,117,598

Infrastructure assets relating to athletic fields constructed prior to July 1, 2001 have not been included above. GASB Statement No. 34 allows the Commission until June 30, 2006 to record these assets. Athletic fields completed after July 1, 2001 are included.

Summaries of business-type activities capital assets at June 30, 2003, made up of two major enterprise funds, is as follows:

	ل	uly 1, 2002	_1	ncreases	De	creases	7	ransfers	Ju	ne 30, 2003
Montgomery County Enterprise Fund										
Capital assets not being depreciated:	*		de				727			
Land	\$	11,584,468	\$		\$		\$		\$	11,584,468
Construction in progress		1,773,131	-	635,748	-			(825,663)		1,583,216
Total capital assets not being depreciated		13,357,599	_	635,748	_	-		(825,663)	_	13,167,684
Capital assets being depreciated										
Buildings and improvements		25,306,606						825,663		26,132,269
Machinery and equipment		4,559,388		183,727		(22,837)				4,720,278
Total capital assets being depreciated		29,865,994		183,727		(22,837)		825,663		30,852,547
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Buildings		(5,906,184)		(1,220,811)				-		(7,126,995)
Machinery and equipment		(2,717,974)		(371,269)		22,829		+		(3,066,414)
Total accumulated depreciation		(8,624,158)		(1,592,080)		22,829				(10,193,409)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		21,241,836		(1,408,353)		(8)	_	825,663	_	20,659,138
Capital assets, net	\$	34,599,435	\$	(772,605)	\$	(8)	\$	-	\$	33,826,822
Prince George's County Enterprise Fund										
Capital assets not being depreciated:	-									
Land	\$	7,779,131	\$		\$		\$		\$	7,779,131
Capital assets being depreciated:										
Buildings and improvements		65,055,716								65,055,716
Machinery and equipment		4,129,137		178,117		(11,800)		-		4,295,454
Total capital assets being depreciated		69,184,853		178,117		(11,800)				69,351,170
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Buildings and improvements		(11,518,361)		(1,977,036)						(13,495,397)
Machinery and equipment		(2,240,681)		(204,203)		11,800				(2,433,084)
Total accumulated depreciation		(13,759,042)	_	(2,181,239)		11,800				(15,928,481)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		55,425,811		(2,003,122)				*		53,422,689
Capital assets, net	_\$	63,204,942	\$	(2,003,122)	\$		\$		\$	61,201,820

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Commission as follows:

	М	ontgomery County	Prince George's County	 Total
Governmental activities:				
General Government	\$	131,734	\$ 161,998	\$ 293,732
County Planning and Zoning		532,517	296,771	829,288
ParkOperations and Maintenance		4,605,981	4,240,296	8,846,277
Recreation Programs		-	1,695,703	1,695,703
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	5,270,232	\$ 6,394,768	\$ 11,665,000
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities:				
Recreational and Cultural Facilities	\$	1,592,080	\$ 2,181,239	\$ 3,773,319

<u>Construction Commitments</u> - The Commission is committed to \$14,043,063 for construction contracts for work to be performed in subsequent years.

(C) Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The Commission's only interfund receivable and payable balance at June 30, 2003 is \$\$932,702 payable by the Employees' Post Employment Benefit Pension Trust fund to the Group Insurance Internal Service Fund.

The Commission had the following interfund transfers during fiscal year 2003:

Interfund Transfers;		General		ntgomery County Capital Projects	Prin	ice George's County Capital Projects	Pni	noe George's Park Debt Service	Non-major overnmental Funds	-	Proprietary Funds	Total
Transfers In	-											
General Fund - Administration Account	\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$ T. S.	3	7	\$
General Fund - Park Account				10,000		2,247,000		12,947,033	3,691,157		4,248,200	23,143,390
General Fund - Recreation Account		*		>>				-			388,600	388,600
Internal Service Fund - Group Insurance		2,656,514						*	4.		188,749	2,845,263
Special Revenue Fund						222,936						222,936
Capital Projects - Interest		641,377						-	*			641,377
Enterprise Fund				175,000		*						175,000
Total Transfers In	\$	3,297,891	S	185,000	S	2,469,936	\$	12,947,033	\$ 3,691,157	S	4,825,549	\$ 27,416,566
Transfers Out												
General Fund - Administration Account	\$		\$		\$	4	5		\$ ×	\$	768,708	\$ 768,708
General Fund - Park Account				59,750		581,627					1,540,444	2,181,821
General Fund - Recreation											347,362	347,362
Internal Service Fund - Risk Management									+		11,137	11,137
Internal Service Fund - Executive Office Building											2,225	2,225
Debt Service Fund		16,588,190										16,588,190
Capital Projects		2,257,000							222,936		175,000	2,654,936
Special Revenue Fund		50,000						*				50,000
Enterprise Fund		4,635,800				-					175,387	4,812,187
Total Transfers Out	S	23,531,990	\$	59,750	\$	581,627	\$	•	\$ 222,936	\$	3,020,263	\$ 27,416,566

A majority of the transfers (\$16,588,190) was to provide funding for the Debt Service Fund for Park Acquisition and Development Bonds.

Proprietary fund transfers are made up of the following:

Interfund Transfers:		ntgomery County nterprise Fund	nce George's County Enterprise Fund	Internal Service Funds	F	Total Proprietary Funds
Transfers In	-		-		-	
General Fund - Park Account -	\$	86,000	\$ 4,162,200	\$ •	\$	4,248,200
General Fund - Recreation Account		-	388,600	-		388,600
Internal Service Fund - Group Insurance		78,173	97,214	13,362		188,749
Total Transfers In	\$	164,173	\$ 4,648,014	\$ 13,362	\$	4,825,549
Transfers Out						
General Fund - Administration Account	\$	*	\$ 	\$ 768,708	\$	768,708
General Fund - Park Account		*		1,540,444		1,540,444
General Fund - Recreation		*		347,362		347,362
Internal Service Fund - Risk Management			*	11,137		11,137
Internal Service Fund - EOB				2,225		2,225
Capital Projects		175,000				175,000
Enterprise				175,387		175,387
	\$	175,000	\$	\$ 2,845,263	\$	3,020,263

The Commission's policy is to account for the construction of Prince George's County Enterprise Fund assets in the Capital Projects Fund until completed. Once completed, the assets are transferred and capitalized in the Prince George's County Enterprise Fund.

In addition to the above transfers, tax revenues of \$493,058 not needed to pay current debt service were transferred from the Advanced Land Acquisition Debt Service Funds to the Advanced Land Acquisition Private Purpose Trust Funds.

(D) Operating Leases

The Commission is committed under several operating leases for office space expiring at various dates through 2013. Each agreement provides for termination in the event of nonappropriation of funds.

Future minimum commitments under operating leases at June 30, 2003 are as follows (\$000's).

		Operat	ing Leases		
Year Ending June 30	Total		tgomery ounty	Ge	rince eorge's county
2004	\$ 1,951	\$	363	\$	1,588
2005	1,881		368		1,513
2006	1,621		217		1,404
2007	1,438		91		1,347
2008	405				405
2009 to 2013	 535		-		535
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 7,831	\$	1,039	\$	6,792

In fiscal year 2003, expenditures in the General Fund included \$932,872 (Montgomery - \$105,025, Prince George's - \$827,847) relating to the rental of office space.

(E) Long-Term Obligations

Notes Payable - Notes payable are only reported in enterprise funds and at the Government-wide level. Payments required to maturity on notes payable at June 30, 2003 are as follows (\$000's).

			Mo	ontgome	ery Co	ounty			Prin	ice Georg	e's C	county
		Govern	menta	al		Enterpr	ise Fur	nd		Governn	nenta	1
Total	Pi	Principal Interest Principal Interest				erest	Pi	rincipal	Inf	erest		
\$ 2,140	\$	1,685	\$	131	\$	87	\$	9	\$	145	\$	83
1,665		1,270		80		90		5		145		75
1,241		922		36		59		2		155		67
817		547		18		27		1		165		59
805		552		5		27		1		170		50
994	_	-		*	_	-		-	_	895	_	99
\$ 7,662	\$	4,976	\$	270	\$	290	\$	18	\$	1,675	\$	433
	\$ 2,140 1,665 1,241 817 805 994	\$ 2,140 \$ 1,665 1,241 817 805 994	Total Principal \$ 2,140 \$ 1,685 1,665 1,270 1,241 922 817 547 805 552 994 -	Total Governments \$ 2,140 \$ 1,685 \$ 1,685 \$ 1,665 1,241 922 817 547 805 552 994 -	Governmental Total Principal Interest \$ 2,140 \$ 1,685 \$ 131 1,665 1,270 80 1,241 922 36 817 547 18 805 552 5 994 - -	Governmental Total Principal Interest Pri \$ 2,140 \$ 1,685 \$ 131 \$ 1,665 1,270 80 1,241 922 36 36 817 547 18 36 805 552 5 5 994 - - -	Total Principal Interest Principal \$ 2,140 \$ 1,685 \$ 131 \$ 87 1,665 1,270 80 90 1,241 922 36 59 817 547 18 27 805 552 5 27 994 - - -	Governmental Enterprise Fur Total Principal Interest Principal Interest \$ 2,140 \$ 1,685 \$ 131 \$ 87 \$ 1,665 1,270 80 90 90 1,241 922 36 59 90 817 547 18 27 80 805 552 5 27 994 - - - - - -	Governmental Enterprise Fund Total Principal Interest Principal Interest \$ 2,140 \$ 1,685 \$ 131 \$ 87 \$ 9 1,665 1,270 80 90 5 1,241 922 36 59 2 817 547 18 27 1 805 552 5 27 1 994 - - - - -	Governmental Enterprise Fund Total Principal Interest Principal Interest Principal \$ 2,140 \$ 1,685 \$ 131 \$ 87 \$ 9 \$ 1,665 1,270 80 90 5 1,241 922 36 59 2 817 547 18 27 1 805 552 5 27 1 994 - - - -	Governmental Enterprise Fund Governmental Total Principal Interest Principal Interest Principal \$ 2,140 \$ 1,685 \$ 131 \$ 87 \$ 9 \$ 145 1,665 1,270 80 90 5 145 1,241 922 36 59 2 155 817 547 18 27 1 165 805 552 5 27 1 170 994 - - - - 895	Governmental Enterprise Fund Governmental Total Principal Interest Principal Interest Principal Interest \$ 2,140 \$ 1,685 \$ 131 \$ 87 \$ 9 \$ 145 \$ 145 1,665 1,270 80 90 5 145 145 1,241 922 36 59 2 155 155 817 547 18 27 1 165 805 552 5 27 1 170 994 - - - - 895

<u>General Obligation Bonds</u> - The Commission is authorized to issue general obligation bonds for the acquisition of park land and the development of parks, designated as Park Acquisition and Development Bonds ("Park Bonds"); to provide resources for advance land acquisition for highways, schools and other public purposes, designated as Advance Land Acquisition Bonds ("Advance Land Bonds"); and to refund both Park and Advance Land Bonds. The general obligation bonds are issued on the full faith and credit of the Commission and the county for which the bonds are issued.

Mandatory taxes of 3.6 cents per \$100 of real property assessed valuation (9 cents for personal property) in Montgomery County and at least 4 cents per \$100 of real property assessed valuation (10 cents for personal property) in Prince George's County are required by Article 28 of the Annotated Code of Maryland to be levied in the Metropolitan District in the respective counties for the payment of Park Bond debt service. In 2003, debt service payments approximated 0.46 cents per \$100 of real property and 1.15 cents per \$100 of personal property for Montgomery County and 2.88 cents for real property and 7.20 cents for personal property for Prince George's County. The remainder of the proceeds of the mandatory taxes was used for operating and maintaining the park system of the respective counties.

The Advance Land Bonds are payable from limited annual ad valorem property taxes which are levied by the respective county on all property assessed for the purpose of county taxation.

The debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds, for each of the subsequent five years and in five-year increments thereafter is as follows (000's):

			Mon	tgomery C	ount	y General C	bligat	ion Bonds				
					0	Governmen	tal Act	ivities				
		Total		Total		Total		Total	Т	otal	TO	TAL
Fiscal		Park		Park		Park		ALA	F	ALA	1	ALA
Year	_ P	rincipal	1	nterest	P	ayments	Pr	incipal	Int	erest	Pa	yments
2004	\$	2,295	\$	1,341		3,636	\$	420	\$	175	\$	595
2005		2,070		1,246		3,316		415		154		569
2006		2,140		1,168		3,308		465		134		599
2007		2,180		1,086		3,266		475		115		590
2008		2,150		1,000		3,150		465		95		560
2009 - 2013		10,740		3,603		14,343		1,680		204		1,884
2014 - 2018		7,005		1,586		8,591		305		12		317
2019 - 2023		3,545		317		3,862		-		-		*
Totals	\$	32,125	\$	11,347	\$	43,472	\$	4,225	\$	889	\$	5,114
					1		7		-			

	20				Gov	ernmental	Activ	rities					Total	Commission
		Total		Total		Total		otal		otal		Total		General
Fiscal		Park		Park		Park		ALA	- 1	ALA		ALA	0	bligation
Year	P	rincipal	_ lr	nterest	Pa	lyments	Pr	ncipal	In	terest	Pa	yments		Bonds
2004	\$	7,715	\$	4,517	\$	12,232	\$	325	\$	116	\$	441	\$	16,904
2005		7,895		4,136		12,031		320		100		420		16,336
2006		8,065		3,805		11,870		320		84		404		16,181
2007		8,145		3,470		11,615		315		68		383		15,854
2008		8,235		3,137		11,372		305		53		358		15,440
2009 - 2013		39,710		10,485		50,195		885		67		952		67,374
2014 - 2018		24,160		3,641		27,801								36,709
2019 - 2023		9,730		545		10,275		4		+				14,137
Totals	\$	113,655	\$	33,736	\$	147,391	\$	2,470	\$	488	\$	2,958	\$	198,935

Note: Series AA Bonds are auction rate notes, with short-term interest rates reset every 35 days. For purposes of the above calculations, a rate of 1.05%, the rate in effect at June 30, 2003, was used.

Outstanding General Obligation Bonds - General obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2003, consist of the following individual issues (000's):

	Effective Interest Rate		Final Maturity	FY2004 Serial		Original		standing at
Series	at Date of Sale	Dated	<u>Date</u>	<u>Pavment</u>		<u>Issue</u>	June	30, 2003
Montgomery County								
Park Acquisition and								
Development Bonds	0 77000 01	00/04/00	077/04/00			A ARRE	•	ger per per
1990 Advance Refunding	6.7983 %	06/01/90	07/01/03		\$	6,675	\$	555
Series N-2	4.7561	12/01/93	07/01/03	275		5,500		275
Series Q-2	6.3609	11/15/94	11/01/04	200		5,000		400
Series R-2 Advance Refunding	4.8972	12/01/95	07/01/14	530		8,700		7,220
Series U-2	4.5346	08/01/98	08/01/18	210		7,000		6,160
Series Y-2	5.0232	11/01/00	11/01/20	170		5,700		5,360
Series OC-2 (Note 1)	3.7819	12/01/02	12/01/22	355		12,155		12,155
				2,295		50,730		32,125
Advance Land Acquisition Bonds								
Bonds of 1994	6.3609	11/15/94	07/01/04	90		2,200		180
Bonds of 1995 Advance								
Refunding	4.7707	12/01/95	07/01/10	330		3,345		2,495
DD-2 ALA Gen Oblig. Refunding	3.4748	12/01/02	12/01/14			1,550		1,550
				420		7,095		4,225
Total Montgomery County General								
Obligation Bonds				\$ 2,715	\$	57,825	\$	36,350
Prince George's County								
Park Acquisition and								
Development Bonds								
Series M-2	5.1483 %	05/01/93	07/01/03	\$ 700	\$	15,250	\$	700
Series P-2	4.8382	12/01/93	07/01/03	700		14,500		700
Series S-2 Advance Refunding	4.9787	12/01/95	07/01/12	2,410		30,025		20,645
Series T-2	5.3913	01/15/97	01/15/17	1,300		33,000		26,700
Series VV-2	6.4000	06/25/98	07/01/12	600		7,325		5,620
Series Z-2	4.5481	07/15/01	05/01/21	560		18,700		17,580
Series AA-2	Note 2	07/25/02	05/01/22	600		21,200		20,600
Series BB-2 Advance Refunding	3.3944	12/01/02	07/01/14			21,110		21,110
3	S18-8-12		##### · ·	7,715		161,110		113,655
Advance Land Acquisition Bonds							-	
Bonds of 1995 Advance Refunding	4.8991	12/01/95	07/01/10	325		3,300		2,470
Total Prince George's County	0.555		711 711 119		-			
General Obligation Bonds				\$ 8,040	\$	164,410	\$	116,125

Notes: (1) The CC-2 Bonds include Advance Refunding and Park Development Bonds

Revenue Bonds and Revenue Notes Payable - The Commission is authorized to issue revenue bonds and notes to finance the cost of revenue producing facilities and to refund outstanding bonds. The revenue bonds and notes are not general obligations of the Commission or county for which they are issued and are payable solely from revenues generated from revenue producing facilities. The Commission's revenue bonds and revenue notes payable, which totaled \$10,851,668 at June 30, 2003, are accounted for in the Montgomery County Enterprise Funds. Debt service expenditures for the revenue bonds and notes totaled \$1,592,998 for the fiscal year. There were no revenue bonds or revenue notes payable for Prince George's County.

⁽²⁾ Series AA Bonds are auction rate notes, with short-term interest rates reset every 35 days. At June 30, 2003 a rate of 1.05% was in effect.

The outstanding proprietary fund debt as of June 30, 2003, and the related debt service requirements for Montgomery County are as follows (000's):

		type Activ		s	
Fiscal Year	otal incipal	Total terest	Total Paymen		
2004	\$ 984	\$ 587	\$	1,571	
2005	1,019	532		1,551	
2006	1,054	475		1,529	
2007	2,800	416		3,216	
2008	2,550	203		2,753	
2009 - 2013	2,223	372		2,595	
2014 - 2018	222	6		228	
Total	\$ 10,852	\$ 2,591	\$	13,443	

Restricted investments related to the Commission's Montgomery County revenue notes and bonds are a restricted Debt Service Reserve Fund of \$589,848 for Little Bennett Golf Course.

The Commission is in compliance with all significant restrictive covenants related to revenue bonds and notes.

Outstanding Revenue Bonds and Revenue Notes Payable - Revenue bonds, net of a \$288,567 deferred amount on the Little Bennett Golf Facilities Refunding Bond, and revenue notes payable at June 30, 2003, consist of the following individual issues (000's):

Series	Effective Interest Rate at Date of Sale	nterest Rate Maturity Seria		erial	(Original Issue	tstanding at 30, 2003	
Montgomery County								
Revenue Bonds and Notes								
Little Bennett Golf Course								
(net of deferred amount)	5.6350% %	11/20/97	10/01/07	\$	300	\$	4,291	\$ 3,131
Wheaton Ice Rink	6.0600%	09/18/97	05/01/07		240		3,600	2,765
Cabin John Ice Rink	5.1600%	04/24/99	11/01/13		444		6,000	4,667
				\$	984	\$	13,891	\$ 10,563
				Automotive Committee		-		

New Debt Issue - On July 25, 2002, the Commission sold \$21,200,000 Prince George's County Park Acquisition and Development Bonds, Series AA-2, which have maturities through May 1, 2022. The bonds are variable rate auction notes, currently in a 35-day mode. The rates on the notes during FY 2003 ranged from 1.05% to 1.45%.

On December 19, 2002, the Commission issued \$21,110,000 of Prince George's County Park Acquisition and Development Refunding Bonds, Series BB-2, \$12,155,000 of Montgomery County Park Acquisition and Development Refunding and Project Bonds, Series CC-2, and \$1,550,000 Montgomery County Advanced Land Acquisition General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series DD-2. Except for \$5,222,900 of CC-2 proceeds used for capital project financing, the bonds provided the resources to purchase U.S. Government State and Local Government Series Securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments on general obligation bonds summarized below. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the Statement of Net Assets. The reacquisition price in excess of the net carrying value of the old debt is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded bonds, which equals the life of the new debt issued.

Information related to the refunding bond issue follows.

		Monts Co	gome unty	ory	Pri	nce George's County
Bond issue title		CC - 2		DD - 2		BB - 2
Amount of refunding bonds issued	\$	6,932,100	\$	1,550,000	\$	21,110,000
Amount of bonds defeased		6,525,000		1,400,000		19,900,000
Acquisition price in excess of carrying						
value of old debt		502,743		152,004		1,355,326
Remaining life of old bonds		12 years		12 years		12 years
Total reduction in debt service payments		344,878		126,279		1,102,695
Economic gain		548,519	*			1,085,052

^{*} Montgomery County economic gain was only computed in total for both bond issues.

On May 12, 2003, the Commission issued a Note Payable of \$2,800,000 to finance capital equipment purchases. This note is recorded in the Montgomery County Enterprise Fund (\$131,593) and the Montgomery County Internal Service Fund (\$2,668,407). Semiannual payments are due until April 1, 2008 at an interest rate of 2.46%.

<u>Changes in Long-Term Liabilities</u> – Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2003, were as follows:

	Balance		Beginning Balance Additions			Reductions	_	Ending Balance		Amount Due in One Year
Montgomery County	_	00 maa 000		10.155.000		0.700.000		00 105 000		0.000.000
General Obligation Park Bonds Payable General Obligation ALA Bonds Payable Deferred charges, net of premiums, on	\$	28,700,000 4,500,000	\$	12,155,000 1,550,000	\$	8,730,000 1,825,000	\$	32,125,000 4,225,000	\$	2,295,000 420,000
General Obligation Bonds		-		(545, 214)		(45,435)		(499,779)		(45,435)
Revenue Bonds and Notes Payable Unamortized Discount on Revenue Bonds		11,811,112		2		959,444		10,851,668		984,444
and Notes		(320,630)				(32,063)		(288,567)		(32,063)
Notes Payable - Governmental		3,576,688		2,668,407		1,268,904		4,976,191		1,685,556
Notes Payable - Enterprise Estimated Liability for Landfill Closure and		217,284		131,593		58,477		290,400		86,711
Postclosure Costs		1,737,000		16,150		1,635,115		118,035		26,230
Accrued Compensated Absences:										
Governmental		5,732,887		3,560,379		3,361,701		5,931,565		3,692,000
Enterprise Fund	_	438,713		221,452	_	210,568	_	449,597	-	211,000
Long-term Liabilities		56,393,054	_	19,757,767	_	17,971,711	_	58,179,110	_	9,323,443
Prince George's County										
General Obligation Park Bonds Payable		119,620,000		42,310,000		48,275,000		113,655,000		7,715,000
General Obligation ALA Bonds Payable Deferred charges, net of premiums, on		2,800,000		*		330,000		2,470,000		325,000
General Obligation Bonds				(1,383,053)		(108,588)		(1,274,465)		(108,588)
Notes Payable - Governmental		1,765,000		*		90,000		1,675,000		145,000
Advances from Other Funds		3,829,363		+		-		3,829,363		-
Accrued Compensated Absences:										
Governmental		6,598,360		4,300,859		3,866,755		7,032,464		4,194,900
Enterprise Fund	_	469,770	_	217,409	_	166,364	_	520,815	_	166,000
Long-term Liabilities	_	135,082,493	_	45,445,215	_	52,619,531	_	127,908,177	_	12,437,312
Total Long Term Liabilities	\$	191,475,547	\$	65,202,982	\$	70,591,242	\$	186,087,287	\$	21,760,755

Long-term obligations are shown in the Statement of Net Assets as follows:

Payable to Advance Land Acquisition Trust Fund	\$ 3,829,363
Compensated Absences	
Due within One Year	8,263,165
Due in more than One Year	5,671,290
Bonds and Notes Payable:	
Due within One Year	13,656,711
Due in more than One Year	154,548,737
Estimated Liability for Closure and Postclosure Costs	
Due within One Year	26,230
Due in more than One Year	91,805
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 186,087,301

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. For the governmental activities, claims and judgments and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

(F) Defeased Debt

In fiscal years 1996, 1998 and 2003, the Commission defeased the callable portion of certain series of general obligation bonds by placing proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. The refunded bonds and their amortization dates are detailed as follows:

	Redemption	Montgomery	Prince George's
Series Date		County	County
Series M-2	July 1, 2003		8,750,000
Series N-2	July 1, 2003	3,025,000	
Series P-2	July 1, 2003		8,000,000
Series Q-2	November 1, 2005	3,250,000	
Series S-2	July 1, 2003		570,000
	July 1, 2004		560,000
	July 1, 2005		3,745,000
ALA Refunding 1994	November 1, 2004	1,400,000	

Trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the Commission's basic financial statements.

(5) - OTHER INFORMATION

(A) Self Insurance

The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Commission is a participant in the Montgomery County Self-Insurance Program (the "Program") for the purpose of economic pooling of risks and resources. The Program provides the Commission with self-insurance administration for workers' compensation (Maryland state mandatory limits), comprehensive general liability, automobile liability, police professional liability, public officials liability, property and fire damage, boiler and machinery damage, data processing system breakdown and excess liability (up to \$10,000,000 combined single limit). The Commission does not participate in risk sharing with the other participants and is required to reimburse the full amount of any claims paid by the Program. The Commission also carries honesty bond coverage for its public officials and employees. The Commission did not pay any claims settlements in excess of insurance coverage for fiscal years 2002, and 2003, nor were any insurance coverages reduced in fiscal year 2003.

The Commission's employees have various options in their selection of health insurance benefits. The Commission offers an administrative services only (ASO) plan for the prescription drug program and a point of service (POS) medical plan. All other group health insurance plans, which include three health maintenance organizations (HMO's), a dental plan, and a vision plan, are fully insured. The Commission expended \$18,282,340 for all group health benefits in fiscal year 2003. The basis for estimating incurred but not reported (IBNR) claims at year-end is an annual analysis performed by the plans' administrators.

Premiums are paid into the Risk Management Internal Service Fund by the General Fund and Enterprise Funds and are available to pay claims, claim reserves and administrative costs of the program. Claims paid during fiscal year 2003 totaled \$2,450,898. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for

IBNR claims which is determined annually based on an actuarial evaluation. In addition, individual claim liabilities are established for each case based on the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of payouts and other economic and social factors. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

				Risk
		Medical	M	lanagement
Unpaid Claims, June 30, 2001	\$	824,926	\$	6,177,809
Incurred Claims, Fiscal year 2002		7,462,799		2,042,867
Claims Paid, Fiscal Year 2002		(7,285,315)		(1,732,352)
Unpaid Claims, June 30, 2002	0.	1,002,410		6,488,324
Incurred Claims, Fiscal year 2003		8,301,388		1,119,533
Claims Paid, Fiscal Year 2003		(7,657,362)		(2,450,898)
Unpaid Claims, June 30, 2003	\$	1,646,436	\$	5,156,959

The medical column excludes expenses that are fully insured.

(B) Related Party Transactions

The Commission was involved in the following related party transactions during fiscal year 2003:

Payments and Obligations to Prince George's County -The Commission paid or is obligated to pay Prince George's County for the following: \$738,100 Zoning Enforcement Unit, \$416,500 property tax collection fees, \$588,600 annual rental charges for office space in the County Administration Building, \$550,000 planning and zoning functions, \$208,500 Cooperative Extension Service, \$200,000 Community College pool operation and maintenance, \$340,500 Geographic Information System, \$218,600 for people's Zoning Legal counsel, and \$348,900 of other mandates. In addition, the County has directed payments of \$846,326 to other parties for legislative mandates.

Employees' Retirement System - The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission Employees' Retirement System paid the Commission \$71,626 in fiscal year 2003 for annual rental of space in the Executive Office Building, and \$30,000 for computer services.

(C) Contingencies

<u>Grant Program</u> - The Commission, as grantee or subgrantee, participates in several Federal and State grant programs, which are subject to financial and compliance audits. The Commission believes it has complied, in all material respects, with applicable grant requirements and the amount of expenditures that may be disallowed by the granting agencies, if any, would be immaterial.

<u>Litigation</u> – The Commission is a defendant in various legal actions that fall into three major categories – those arising from the Commission's planning and zoning powers, those arising from incidents occurring on the Commission property and those arising from personnel actions. The Commission's management and its General Counsel estimate that the resolution of claims resulting from all litigation against the Commission not covered by insurance will not materially affect the financial position or operations of the Commission.

(D) Employees' Retirement System and Pension Plans

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description -</u> The Commission contributes to The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission Employees' Retirement System (the "System"), a single-employer defined benefit public employee retirement plan. Benefit provisions and obligations to contribute to the plans and all other requirements are established by a Trust Agreement between the Commission and the Board of Trustees

of the System which has been periodically amended since the System was established July 1, 1972. Accounting and financial reporting for the system is performed by non-Commission employees who are employed directly by the System. The System's financial records are not maintained on a separate county basis. The assets of the System are invested with the objective of ensuring sufficient funds will be available for meeting benefit payments. As the System's investment asset pool provides collectively for benefit payments of all four plans the System is considered a single "pension plan" for purposes of financial reporting in accordance with GAAP. Publicly available Financial Statements that includes management's discussion and analysis, financial statements and required supplementary information for the System can be obtained at the administrative offices of The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission Employees' Retirement System, 6611 Kenilworth Avenue, Suite 100, Riverdale, Maryland 20737.

Active plan members in Plan A are required to contribute 6% of their base pay. Plan B members contribute 3% of their base pay up to the maximum Social Security Wage Base and 6% in excess of the maximum Social Security Wage Base for the calendar year. Plan C members contribute 8% of their base pay and Plan D members contribute 7% of their base pay.

Method Used to Value Investments for Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Marketable securities are carried at fair value based on quotes from the active market.

Actuarial Methods for Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The actuarial value of assets calculates gains or losses on the basis of the actuarially assumed interest rate and recognizes one-third of the cumulative gains or losses not yet recognized. This year's asset value is based on the July 1, 2002 actuarial valuation.

The Entry Age Normal Cost method is used, with level dollar amortization of the unfunded actuarial liabilities over a closed 14 year amortization period.

The actuarial accrued liability was estimated as part of an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2002. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation include (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 7.5% a year compounded annually, (b) projected salary increases of 4.25% a year, (c) cost of living increases in benefits after retirement based on the Plan's provision for annual increases of 100% of the first 3% of change in the CPI-Urban Index for major U.S. cities plus half of the change in excess of 3%, but no more than 5% in total. The assumed post-retirement cost of living adjustment is 3%.

The net assets in excess of the total actuarial accrued liability are \$75,014,637 as of July 1, 2002. The net assets available for benefits at June 30, 2003, totaled \$451,579,126.

The Commission's contributions to the System, made in accordance with actuarially determined requirements presented as a percentage of annual covered payroll for the year ending June 30, 2003 was 0.5%

The Commission's annual pension cost (APC) and net pension obligation (NPO) to the System for fiscal years 2001, 2002, and 2003 are presented below:

	2001	2002	2003
Annual Pension Cost (APC)	\$ 1,102	\$ 480	\$ 540
Percentage of APC Contributed	100%	100%	100%
Net Pension Obligation (NPO)	0	0	0

The Commission contributes 100% of the adjusted annual required contribution and has no NPO at yearend. Investment Concentration – The System has invested in one commingled trust with Putnam Institutional Management, which has more than 100 international securities. This investment, along with a value index commingled trust with the Barclays Global Investors, which has approximately 500 domestic securities and a small cap value Mutual Fund with Artisan Partners, which has more than 80 domestic securities, exceeded five percent of net plan assets of the System at June 30, 2003.

<u>Deferred Compensation Plans</u> - The Commission offers its employees deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. One plan, available to all career Commission employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary to future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees or beneficiaries until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. The Commission also offers a separate deferred compensation plan to its officers and to the staff of the Employees' Retirement System.

(E) Other Postemployment Benefits

In addition to the pension benefits provided by the System, the Commission itself provides postretirement health care benefits, in accordance with Commission approval, to all full-time and part-time career employees, directors appointed by Montgomery County and Prince George's County Planning Boards, Merit System Board Members, Commissioners and appointed officials who retire under a Commission Retirement Plan or the State of Maryland Retirement Plan and who have been insured under any Commission-sponsored group medical plan during the three years immediately preceding the date of retirement. Currently, 569 retirees meet those eligibility requirements. Continuance of medical, dental, and vision benefits requires a minimum of three years' participation in a Commission-sponsored plan or ability to prove similar coverage in another plan immediately prior to retirement. The Commission contributes 85 percent of the amount of medical, prescription drug, and dental insurance rates and 80 percent of vision benefit rates. The System contributes the same percentages for its full-time and part-time employees.

Expenditures for postretirement health care benefits are recognized on the accrual basis as retirees' insurance costs are incurred. The Commission's net expense was \$2,757,165 for the year ended June 30, 2003 for the retirees' benefits.

On July 1, 1999, the Commission transferred \$7,056,000 to a newly established 115 Trust account for the purpose of pre-funding a portion of retiree insurance costs in the future. The Commission executed a Discretionary Investment Management Agreement with Legg Mason Mutual Solutions as the Financial Advisor (Custodial Trustee) of the account. Per the Post-Retirement Insurance Benefits Program Trust Agreement I - Contributions, the Commission may elect to contribute additional amounts as deemed necessary to meet its benefit obligations. The Commission is not required to make additional contributions unless obligated to do so by resolution, and the Trust account is not funded based on actuarial information. In June 2001, the Commission transferred \$1,489,910 to the internal trust fund. In September 2001, the Commission approved transferring this amount to the custodial trustee. In fiscal year 2003, the net cost of postretirement health care benefits, net of the retiree contributions, was transferred from the from the custodial trustee. A similar transfer is expected again in fiscal year 2004.

The 115 Trust is reported by the Commission as a pension trust fund, the Employees' Postemployment Benefits Fund.

(F) Maryland State Retirement System (MSRS)

Pension costs for certain employees/retirees who elected to remain in the MSRS was \$94,183 for the year ended June 30, 2003. A total of 39 employees/retirees and beneficiaries are covered in the MSRS. This amount includes the current service costs plus an amount sufficient to amortize the prior service cost over a 40-year period ending June 30, 2020.

(6) - COUNTY FINANCIAL DATA

The following financial data pertains to both Montgomery and Prince George's Counties.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY Summary of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances Governmental Funds and Accounts June 30, 2003

		Gener		al Fund Acco	ount	S		Capital		Other Governmental		Total Governmental
ASSETS	_	Administration	n ,	Park		Total		Projects		Funds		Funds
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	4,244,902	\$	9,492,289	S	13,737,191	S	3,000,241	\$	849,354	S	17,586,786
Receivables - Taxes (net of allowance				-,,	*	1411-111-11		-1	*			1110001100
for uncollectibles)		254,504		593,510		848,014						848,014
Receivables - Other		3,921		25,098		29,019		-		420		29,439
Due from County Government		190,550		529,321		719,871		2,328,951		374,323		3,423,145
Due from Other Governments		-		113,556		113,556		393,044		+		506,600
Restricted Cash - Unspent Debt Proceeds		-		-				4,624,373				4,624,373
Other	-	2,198		· ·		2,198						2,198
Total Assets	\$ =	4,696,075	\$	10,753,774	\$	15,449,849	\$:	10,346,609	\$	1,224,097	\$	27,020,555
LIABLITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:												
Accounts Payable	\$	485,929	\$	1,482,387	\$	1,968,316	\$	610,140	\$	160	\$	2,578,616
Accrued Liabilities		394,611		896,329		1,290,940				24,042		1,314,982
Retainage Payable		-						903,031		*		903,031
Due to County Government				1000				*		5,002		5,002
Deposits and Deferred Revenue	-	259,518		733,730		993,246	4 3	-		376,909		1,370,155
Total Liabilities	-	1,140,056		3,112,446		4,252,502	-	1,513,171		406,113		6,171,786
Fund Balances:												
Reserved for Encumbrances		1,252,687		2,152,000		3,404,687		7,574,722		200,023		11,179,432
Reserved for Debt Service		-		-						29,259		29,259
Unreserved, Designated for Subsequent Years		1,673,900		4,013,400		5,687,300		-				5,687,300
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:												
General Fund		629,432		1,475,928		2,105,360						2,105,360
Special Revenue Fund		-		-				-		588,702		588,702
Capital Projects								1,258,716				1,258,716
Total Fund Balances		3,556,019		7,641,328		11,197,347		8,833,438		817,984		20,848,769
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	4,696,075	\$	10,753,774	\$	15,449,849	\$	10,346,609	5	1,224,097	\$	27,020,555

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Summary of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds and Accounts For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

		Gen	ier	al Fund Acco	unt	s	Capital		Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	1	Administration	177	Park		Total	Projects		Funds	Funds
REVENUES										
Property Taxes	\$	18,514,351	\$	50,733,921	\$	69,248,272	\$ _	\$	952,256	\$ 70,200,528
Intergovernmental:										
Federal		4,181		98,037		102,218	-		-	102,218
State		-		28,981		28,981	1,415,781			1,444,762
County		101,311				101,311	5,037,401		479,793	5,618,505
Local		-		26,483		26,483			33,360	59,843
Charges for Services		1,150,406		464,821		1,615,227			95,818	1,711,045
Rentals and Concessions		4,631		1,385,332		1,389,963	-			1,389,963
Interest		77,924		97,821		175,745	59,750		11,920	247,415
Miscellaneous		5,230		298,185		303,415	-		70,405	373,820
Total Revenues	-	19,858,034		53,133,581		72,991,615	6,512,932		1,643,552	81,148,099
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General Government		5,983,250		-		5,983,250				5,983,250
Planning and Zoning		14,045,730				14,045,730	-		198.097	14,243,827
Park Operations and Maintenance				47,663,821		47,663,821	-		541,740	48,205,561
Debt Service:				15.1000.000		30 A TO SEE A .			3.1711.18	
Principal		2					2		2,530,000	2,630,000
Interest							_		1,640,666	1,640,666
Bond Issuance Costs		_		4					145,734	145,734
Capital Outlay:									140,704	140,104
Park Acquisition		12		4			763,419			763,419
Park Development		-				-	6,275,577			6,275,577
Total Expenditures	-	20,028,980		47,663,821		67,692,801	7,038,996		5,156,237	CONTRACTOR STORY CONTRACTOR
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under)		20,020,900		47,003,021		07,082,001	7,036,080		5,150,237	79,888,034
Expenditures		(170,946)		5,469,760		5,298,814	(526,064)		(3,512,685)	1,260,065
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							and and seconds			
Proceeds from General Obligation Bonds		100					5,222,900			5,222,900
Refunding Bonds Issued				-		-	5,222,800		8,482,100	
Premiums on Bonds Issued				-						8,482,100
Payment to Refunding Bond Escrow Account				-		-	-		109,534	109,534
									(8,442,494)	(8,442,494)
Transfers in from Private Purpose Trust Funds				-			-		7,296	7,296
Transfers out to Private Purpose Trust Funds		200 204		074055		4 004 000	405.000		(332,333)	(332,333)
Transfers In		389,331		874,955		1,264,286	185,000		3,691,157	5,140,443
Transfer Out	74	000.004		(3,787,157)		(3,787,157)	(59,750)		0.545.000	(3,846,907)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		389,331		(2,912,202)		(2,522,871)	5,348,150		3,515,260	6,340,539
Net Change in Fund Balances		218,385		2,557,558		2,775,943	4,822,086		2,575	7,600,604
Fund Balances - Beginning		3,337,634		5,083,770		8,421,404	4,011,352		815,409	13,248,165
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	3,556,019	\$	7,641,328	\$	11,197,347	\$ 8,833,438	9	817,984	\$ 20,848,769

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

ADMINISTRATION ACCOUNT- GENERAL FUND Summary of Revenues, Expenditures/Encumbrances, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

	_	Budgete	d A	mounts				Variance with Final Budget - Positive
		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:			_	12.200.000			. '	2.2.22
Property Taxes	\$	18,268,360	\$	18,268,360	\$	18,514,351	\$	245,991
Intergovernmental -								
Federal						4,181		4,181
State		150,000		84,056				(84,056)
County				65,944		101,311		35,367
Charges for Services		1,025,000		1,025,000		1,155,037		130,037
Interest		140,000		140,000		77,924		(62,076)
Miscellaneous		140,000		140,000				
	-	40 500 000		10 500 000	1	5,230		5,230
Total Revenues	-	19,583,360		19,583,360	ř	19,858,034		274,674
Expenditures/Encumbrances:								
Commissioners' Office		1,035,400		1,035,400		999,423		35,977
Central Administrative Services -								
Department of Human Resources and Management		1,688,800		1,688,800		1,635,016		53,784
Department of Finance		2,121,600		2,121,600		2,043,360		78,240
Legal Department		701,900		701,900		681,533		20,367
Support Services		485,300		485,300		496,878		(11,578)
Merit System Board		41,800		41,800		28,755		13,045
Total Central Administrative Services		5,039,400		5,039,400		4,885,542		153,858
Planning Department -								
Park and Planning Director's Office		245,427		245,427		258,599		(13,172)
Management Services		1,026,530		1,026,530		876,764		149,766
Strategic Planning		412,496		412,496		408,015		4,481
Community-Based Planning		3,467,020		3,467,020		3,269,756		197,264
County-wide Planning		3,162,841		3,162,841		3,066,831		96,010
Development Review		1,790,683		1,790,683		1,494,605		296,078
Research and Technology		3,312,620		3,312,620		3,361,594		(48,974)
Support Services		1,272,283		1,272,283		1,239,531		32,752
Grants		150,000		150,000		105,492		44,508
Total Planning Department		14,839,900		14,839,900		14,081,187		758,713
Non-Departmental						(6,533)		6,533
Total Expenditures/Encumbrances		20,914,700		20,914,700		19,959,619		955,081
Excess of Revenues over (under)								
Expenditures/Encumbrances		(1,331,340)		(1,331,340)		(101,585)		1,229,755
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Operating Transfers In (Out) -						000 004		0.504
Internal Service Fund - Group Insurance		379,800		379,800		389,331		9,531
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		379,800		379,800		389,331		9,531
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources							1.20	
over (under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$	(951,540)	\$	(951,540)		287,746	\$	1,239,286
Fund Balance - Budget Basis, July 1						2,015,586		
Fund Balance - Budget Basis, June 30					S	2,303,332		
rand balance - badget badia, oune oo					de			

MONTGOMERY COUNTY
PARK ACCOUNT- GENERAL FUND
Summary of Revenues, Expenditures/Encumbrances, and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

	Budgete	ed A	Amounts			Variance with Final Budget -
	Original		Final	Actual		Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	50.011.150	-			-	
Property Taxes	\$ 50,011,450	\$	50,011,450	\$ 50,733,921	\$	722,471
Intergovernmental -						
Federal	-		120,627	98,037		(22,590)
State	425,000		277,912	28,981		(248,931)
Other	-		26,461	26,483		22
County	116,330		116,330	40 4 00 4		(116,330)
Charges for Services	505,620		505,620	464,821		(40,799)
Rentals and Concessions	1,146,650		1,146,650	1,385,332		238,682
Interest	190,000		190,000	97,821		(92, 179)
Miscellaneous	211,000		211,000	298,185		87,185
Total Revenues	52,606,050		52,606,050	53,133,581		527,531
Expenditures/Encumbrances:						
Director of Montgomery Parks	2,577,230		2,577,230	2,483,061		94,169
County-wide Planning	1,322,104		1,322,104	1,318,837		3,267
Research and Technology	1,213,251		1,213,251	1,274,140		(60,889)
Park Development	1,966,494		1,966,494	1,857,413		109,081
Park Police	8,659,592		8,989,592	8,843,332		146,260
Natural Resources	4,238,241		4,238,241	4,204,062		34,179
Central Maintenance	8,246,462		8,246,462	7,257,344		989,118
Northern Region Southern Region	6,909,232 9,210,066		6,909,232 9,210,066	6,578,066 9,015,268		331,166 194,798
Support Services	5,671,228		5,341,228	5,183,400		157,828
Grants	425,000		425,000	153,501		271,499
Property Management	810,000		810,000	748,894		61,106
Non-Departmental	-		-	(61,597)		61,597
Total Expenditures/Encumbrances	51,248,900		51,248,900	48,855,721		2,393,179
Excess of Revenues over (under)						0.000.740
Expenditures/Encumbrances	1,357,150	-	1,357,150_	4,277,860		2,920,710
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating Transfers In (Out) - Capital Projects Funds - Interest	110,000		110,000	59,750		(50,250)
Debt Service Fund	(3,823,000)		(3,823,000)	(3,641,157)		181,843
Capital Projects Funds - Development	(10,000)		(10,000)	(10,000)		101,010
Internal Service Fund - Group Insurance	920,200		920,200	815,205		(104,995)
Special Revenue-Historic Preservation			-	(50,000)		(50,000)
Enterprise Fund	(86,000)		(86,000)	(86,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,888,800)	-	(2,888,800)	(2,912,202)		(23,402)
Total Other Financing Sources (Oses)	(2,000,000)	_	(2,000,000)	(2,012,202)		(20,402)
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources			12 12 12 12 12 12 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13			
over (under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$ (1,531,650)	\$	(1,531,650)	1,365,658	\$	2,897,308
Fund Balance - Budget Basis, July 1				4,123,670		
Fund Balance - Budget Basis, June 30				\$ 5,489,328		

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY Summary of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances Governmental Funds and Accounts June 30, 2003

				General Fr	ınd.	Accounts				Capital		Park Debt	Other		Total Governmental
ASSETS	_	Administration	-	Park		Recreation		Total		Projects	_	Service	Funds		Funds
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Receivables - Taxes (net of allowance	s	10,155,214	\$	22,031,866	s	13,553,222	S	45,740,302	\$	9,660,967	\$	706,398	\$ 5,733,165	\$	61,840,830
for uncollectibles)		570,000		799,696		682,000		2,051,696							2,051,696
Receivables - Other		10,301		140,911		13,528		164,740		194,396		2	36,813		395,949
Due from County Government		138,062		230,477				368,539					(26)		368,513
Due from Other Governments						5,806		5,806		502,448		*			508,254
Restricted Cash - Unspent Debt Proceeds										17,360,874					17,360,874
Other		-									117		5,130		5,130
Total Assets	5	10,873,577	\$_	23,202,950	\$	14,254,556	\$	48,331,083	\$	27,718,685	5_	706,396	\$ 5,775,082	5	82,531,246
LIABLITIES AND FUND BALANCES															
Liabilities:															
Accounts Payable	5	1,262,214	5	1,088,588	S	893,157	\$	3,243,959	\$	560,539	5		\$ 140,668	\$	3,945,166
Accrued Liabilities		393,872		955,862		896,568		2,246,302		*		33,523	84,351		2,364,176
Retainage Payable										827,099					827,099
Deposits and Deferred Revenue	-	594,507		1,061,928		2,725,847		4,382,282				No.	 29,130	ec 2	4,411,412
Total Liabilities	-	2,250,593		3,106,378		4,515,572		9,872,543		1,387,638	-	33,523	254,149		11,547,853
Fund Balances:															
Reserved for Encumbrances		2,843,984		2,515,337		1,064,308		6,423,629		6,488,341		-	218,615		13,110,585
Reserved for Debt Service										*		672,873	2,753		675,626
Unreserved, Designated for Subsequent Years Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:		685,300		8,270,200		3,101,700		12,057,200							12,057,200
General Fund		5,093,700		9,311,035		5,572,976		19,977,711				-	w		19,977,711
Special Revenue Fund										-0			5,299,565		5,299,565
Capital Projects		-								19,862,706				20.5	19,862,706
Total Fund Balances		8,622,984		20,096,572		9,738,984		38,458,540		26,331,047		672,873	5,520,933		70,983,393
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	5 .	10,873,577	\$	23,202,950	. \$	14,254,556	. 5	48,331,083	. 5	27,718,685	\$_	706,396	\$ 5,775,082	. 5	82,531,246

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY Summary of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds and Accounts For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

		General Fu	nd Accounts			Capital	Park Debt	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	Administration	Park	Recreation	Total		Projects	Service	Funds	Funds
REVENUES									and the second
1100 9 1011 0 1000									
	\$ 21,808,858	\$ 63,490,272	\$ 26,057,303	\$ 111,356,433	\$		\$ -	\$ 623,893	\$ 111,980,326
Intergovernmental:									
Federal	2,131	51,715	10,000	63,846		2,709		+	66,555
State	32,124	44,500	251,671	328,295		5,882,530	*	22.75	6,210,825
County	345,139		56,602	401,741				358,250	759,991
Local	8,984		4 000 100	8,984		19,912		******	28,896
Charges for Services	923,943	357,811	4,698,422	5,980,176		10,972		583,040	6,574,188
Rentals and Concessions		1,524,393	306,929	1,831,322		-	-	3,341,611	5,172,933
Interest	156,775	316,493	191,127	664,395		366,058	*	83,495	1,113,948
Contributions			*	+		20,000	*	9,121	29,121
Miscellaneous	1,656	176,950	100,626	279,232		98,851		348,452	726,535
Total Revenues	23,279,610	65,962,134	31,672,680	120,914,424		8,401,032		5,347,862	132,663,318
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General Government	6,715,060			6,715,060					6,715,060
Planning and Zoning	15,143,747			15,143,747			-	<u> </u>	15,143,747
Park Operations and Maintenance	10,140,141	50,955,159	0	50,955,159		-	5	305,439	51,260,598
Recreation	- 0	00,000,100	32,602,831	32,602,831				4,864,677	37,467,508
Debt Service;		-	32,002,001	52,002,001				4,004,011	37,407,500
Principal		-					28,375,000	330,000	28,705,000
Interest									
Bond Issuance Costs				*		*	4,865,785	132,482	4,998,267
				-			406,056	1,840	407,896
Capital Outlay;									
Park Acquisition				: 6		4,033,598		*	4,033,598
Park Development				727 777 777		5,314,929	i manageri and a second		5,314,929
Total Expenditures	21,858,807	50,955,159	32,602,831	105,416,797		9,348,527	33,646,841	5,634,438	154,046,603
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues over (under			and the same of the same			The South Walter	Alexander Service		
Expenditures	1,420,803	15,006,975	(930,151)	15,497,627	-	(2,947,495)	(33,646,841)	(286,576)	(21,383,285)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Proceeds from General Obligation Bonds	*						21,200,000		21,200,000
Refunding Bonds Issued		- 2					21,110,000		21,110,000
Premiums on Bonds Issued							172,273		172,273
Payment to Refunding Bond Escrow Account				_			(21,109,592)		(21,109,592)
Transfers in from Private Purpose Trust Funds							14.11.0010001	2,578	2,578
Transfers out to Private Purpose Trust Funds								(160,725)	(160,725)
Transfers In	379,377	1,306,866	347,362	2,033,605		2,469,936	12,947,033	(100,120)	17,450,574
Transfer Out	010,011	(19,356,233)	(388,600)	(19,744,833)		(581,627)	12,547,000	(222,936)	(20,549,396)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	379,377	(18,049,367)	(41,238)	(17,711,228)		1,888,309	34,319,714	(381,083)	18,115,712
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,800,180	(3,042,392)	(971,389)	(2,213,601)		(1,059,186)	672,873	(667,659)	(3,267,573)
Fund Balances - Beginning	6,822,804	23,138,964	10,710,373	40,672,141		27,390,233		6,188,592	74,250,966
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 8,622,984	\$ 20,096,572	s 9,738,984	\$ 38,458,540	\$_	26,331,047	\$ 672,873	\$ 5,520,933	\$ 70,983,393

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY ADMINISTRATION ACCOUNT- GENERAL FUND Summary of Revenues, Expenditures/Encumbrances, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

		Budgete	ed A	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -
		Original		Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Property Taxes	\$	21,350,900	\$	21,350,900	\$ 21,808,858	\$ 457,958
Intergovernmental - Federal				2,131	2,131	-
State		-		32,124	32,124	
County Local		377,600		377,600	345,139	(32,461)
Charges for Services		450,000		8,984 450,000	8,984 923,943	473,943
Interest		280,000		280,000	156,775	(123,225)
Miscellaneous		-		-	1,656_	1,656
Total Revenues	,	22,458,500		22,501,739	23,279,610	777,871
Expenditures/Encumbrances:						
Commissioners' Office		1,777,900		1,777,900	1,777,702	198
Central Administrative Services -						
Department of Human Resources and Management		1,688,800		1,688,800	1,635,016	53,784
Department of Finance		2,121,600		2,121,600	2,043,361	78,239
Legal Department Support Services		701,900 485,300		701,900	681,534 496,878	20,366
Merit System Board		41,800		485,300 41,800	28,754	(11,578) 13,046
Total Central Administrative Services		5,039,400		5,039,400	4,885,543	153,857
		102				
Planning Department		16,066,800		16,110,039	15,703,936	406,103
Non-Departmental		00.004.400	-	00.007.000	(48,178)	48,178
Total Expenditures/Encumbrances		22,884,100		22,927,339	22,319,003	608,336
Excess of Revenues over (under)						
Expenditures/Encumbrances		(425,600)		(425,600)	960,607	1,386,207
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating Transfers In (Out) -						
Internal Service Fund - Group Insurance		-		-	379,377	379,377
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	-	, es	379,377	379,377
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$	(425,600)	\$	(425,600)	1,339,984	\$ 1,765,584
Fund Balance - Budget Basis, July 1					4,439,016	
Fund Balance - Budget Basis, June 30					\$ 5,779,000	

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY PARK ACCOUNT- GENERAL FUND Summary of Revenues, Expenditures/Encumbrances, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

	_	Budgeted	d A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
■ A STATE OF THE STATE OF TH	_	Original	1	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues: Property Taxes Intergovernmental -	\$	62,249,500	\$	62,249,500	\$ 63,490,272	\$ 1,240,772
Federal State		-		17,600 44,500	51,715 44,500	34,115
Charges for Services Rentals and Concessions		467,700 1,310,000		467,700 1,310,000	357,811 1,524,393	(109,889) 214,393
Interest Miscellaneous	_	1,020,000 111,800		1,020,000 111,800	316,493 176,950	(703,507) 65,150
Total Revenues	-	65,159,000		65,221,100	65,962,134	741,034
Expenditures/Encumbrances:		1 121 177				
Director's Office Park Police		2,920,411 8,460,961		2,920,411 8,460,961	2,720,935 8,571,355	199,476 (110,394)
Support Services		8,965,600		8,515,600	8,509,899	5,701
Park Planning and Development Facility Operations -		3,307,356		3,227,356	3,166,511	60,845
Associate Director		368,272		368,272	311,623	56,649
Maintenance and Development		13,125,685		13,475,685	13,732,754	(257,069)
Natural and Historical Resources Arts and Cultural Heritage		1,729,674 1,132,340		1,132,340	1,613,060 1,155,008	96,614 (22,668)
Park Permits	-	181,204		181,204	180,794	410
Total Facility Operations		16,537,175		16,867,175	16,993,239	(126,064)
Area Operations -		1 000 000		4.407.000	4 007 070	10 700
Northern Area Central Area		4,202,982 3,431,578		4,107,982 3,311,578	4,067,276 3,227,623	40,706 83,955
Southern Area		3,014,237		2,979,237	2,870,995	108,242
Child Care/Special Projects Total Area Operations		37,750 10,686,547	,	37,750 10,436,547	37,197 10,203,091	233,456
22 Control of the Con		10,000,047				200,100
Grants Non-Departmental		588,550		62,100 588,550	62,100 279,942	308,608
Total Expenditures/Encumbrances	1	51,466,600		51,078,700	50,507,072	571,628
Excess of Revenues over (under)						
Expenditures/Encumbrances		13,692,400		14,142,400	15,455,062_	1,312,662
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers In (Out) -						
Capital Projects Funds - Interest		380,000		380,000	581,627	201,627
Internal Service Fund - Group Insurance		-		-	725,239	725,239
Debt Service - Park Fund		(13,687,000)		(13,687,000)	(12,947,033)	739,967
Special Revenue Fund		-		-	-	-
Internal Service Fund - Risk Management Enterprise Fund		(3,712,200)		(4,162,200)	(4,162,200)	_
Capital Projects Funds - Interest		(150,000)		(150,000)	(150,000)	
Capital Projects Funds - Development		(2,097,000)		(2,097,000)	(2,097,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(19,266,200)		(19,716,200)	(18,049,367)	1,666,833
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$	(5,573,800)	\$	(5,573,800)	(2,594,305)	\$ 2,979,495
Fund Balance - Budget Basis, July 1 Fund Balance - Budget Basis, June 30					\$ 20,175,540 17,581,235	

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY RECREATION ACCOUNT- GENERAL FUND Summary of Revenues, Expenditures/Encumbrances, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

		Budgeted	I A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget
		Original		Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Property Taxes Intergovernmental -	\$	25,517,600 \$		25,517,600	\$ 26,057,303	\$ 539,703
Federal State		*		10,000 251,671	10,000 251,671	-
County Charges for Services		50,000		56,602	56,602 4,698,422	(1,277,178)
Rentals and Concessions		5,975,600 364,500		5,975,600 364,500	306,929	(57,571)
Interest		400,000		400,000	191,127	(208,873)
Miscellaneous Total Revenues		184,400 32,492,100		184,400 32,760,373	100,626 31,672,680	(83,774) (1,087,693)
Expenditures/Encumbrances:						
Director's Office		213,279		213,279	199,972	13,307
Support Services Total Director's Office		4,139,946 4,353,225		4,264,946 4,478,225	4,063,423 4,263,395	201,523 214,830
Total Director's Office		4,353,225		4,470,220	4,203,383	214,650
Facility Operations:		0.0000.010		0.570.047	0.004.000	(05.055)
Sports/Athletic/Outreach Program		3,578,947		3,578,947	3,664,202	(85,255)
Natural and Historical Resources		3,005,828		3,005,828	2,800,494	205,334 193,402
Arts and Cultural Heritage Grants		2,537,469 50,000		2,537,469 318,273	2,344,067 318,273	193,402
Total Facility Operations		9,172,244	٠	9,440,517	9,127,036	313,481
Area Operations:						
Deputy Director		306,082		306,082	228,411	77,671
Northern Area		5,604,817		5,604,817	5,569,307	35,510
Central Area		5,019,065		5,019,065	4,853,461	165,604 416,530
Southern Area Child Care and Special Projects		5,033,160 3,580,096		4,908,160 3,580,096	4,491,630 3,173,349	406,747
Special Populations		5,500,050		5,500,050	0,170,040	-
Total Area Operations		19,543,220	-	19,418,220	18,316,158	1,102,062
Non-Departmental Total Operating Expenditures/Encumbrances		1,082,311 34,151,000		1,082,311 34,419,273	869,640 32,576,229	212,671 1,843,044
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures/Encumbrances		(1,658,900)		(1,658,900)	(903,549)	755,351
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers In (Out) -					0.47.000	0.47.000
Internal Service Fund - Group Insurance Enterprise		(388,600)		(388,600)	347,362 (388,600)	347,362
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(388,600)		(388,600)	(41,238)	347,362
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	97	(2,047,500)	\$	(2,047,500)	(944,787)	\$ 1,102,713
Fund Balance - Budget Basis, July 1 Fund Balance - Budget Basis, June 30					\$ 9,619,463 8,674,676	

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) for Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Schedule of Funding Progress for Defined Benefit Pension Plan (the System)- The actuarial accrued liability at the valuation date shown on the Schedule of Funding Progress is a measure of the present value of pension benefits, adjusted for the effects of projected salary increases and step-rate benefits, estimated to be payable in the future as a result of employee service to date. The measure is intended to help users assess the funding status of the System on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons among employers.

Funding activity for the last six years is summarized as follows:

	July 1 1997	July 1 1998	July 1 1999	July 1 2000	July 1 2001	July 1 2002
Acturial Valuation of Plan Assets	\$ 311,854	\$ 11 Carrier 1 Carrier 1	\$ 407,073	\$ 446,125	\$ 468,728	\$
Actuarial Accrued Liability	285,536	307,360	328,072	348,512	360,865	400,855
Funded Ratio	109.2%	118.3%	124.1%	128.0%	129.9%	118.7%
Actuarial Value of Assets in Excess of						
(Unfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability	26,318	56,272	79,001	97,613	107,863	75,015
Annual Covered Payroll	71,102	75,368	78,849	82,540	88,338	94,183
Actuarial Value of Assets in Excess of (Unfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability						
as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	37.0%	74.7%	100.2%	118.3%	122.1%	79.6%

Schedule of Commission Contributions to the Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Information related to the Commission's funding of the System for the last six years follows:

	T	REND IN	FOI	OITAME	N (000's)			
		1998		1999		2000	2001	2002	2003
Annual Pension Cost (APC)	\$	5,337	\$	2,972	\$	2,547	\$ 1,102	\$ 480	\$ 540
Percentage of APC Contributed		100%		100%		100%	100%	100%	100%
Net Pension Obligation (NPO)		0		0		0	0	0	0

PART IIB

FINANCIAL SECTION

Combining Statements and Schedules

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

These funds have smaller total dollar activity than those shown separately in the Basic Financial Statements



Wheaton Station welcomes thousands of visitors to the popular miniature train and antique carousel

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Special Revenue Funds account for certain revenues which are dedicated by the Commission to certain purposes other than debt service, and are used in general operations comprised of park operation and maintenance, recreation (Prince George's County only), and planning and administration.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

The Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources and the payment of general obligation bond principal, interest, and related costs. The Commission maintains Park Debt Service and Advance Land Acquisition Debt Service Funds for each County.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2003

					M	ONTGOMER	YC	OUNTY	_						PRI	NCE	GEORGE'S	COL	NTY			
		Sp	pecial	Revenue F	unds					Advance Land			s	peci	al Revenue	Fund		-	Advance Land			Total
	_ P	lanning	_	Parks	_	Total Special Revenue	_	Park Debt Service		Acquisition Debt Service	Total		Planning		Parks and Recreation	_	Total Special Revenue		Acquisition Debt Service	Total	-	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS																						
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable	\$	750,130	\$	57,059 420	\$	807,189 420	5	21,081	\$	21,084 \$	849,354 420	\$	440,606	\$	5,269,780 36,813	\$	5,730,386 36,813	\$	2,779 \$	5,733,165 36,813	\$	6,582,519 37,233
Due from County Government		-		363,497		363,497		-		10,826	374,323		-				-		(26)	(26)		374,297
Other		-	_	-		-	_	-					-		5,130		5,130			5,130	_	5,130
Total Assets	\$	750,130	\$_	420,976	\$_	1,171,106	\$_	21,081	\$_	31,910 \$	1,224,097	\$	440,606	\$	5,331,723	\$_	5,772,329	S	2,753 \$	5,775,082	\$_	6,999,179
LIABILITIES																						
Accounts Payable	\$	160	\$	-	S	160	\$	-	S	- \$	160	S	- 3	s	140,668	s	140.668	S	- \$	140,668	5	140,828
Accrued Liabilities		310		-		310		21,081		2,651	24,042		-		84,351		84,351			84,351		108,393
Due to County Government		5,002		-		5,002		-		-	5,002		-		-		-		÷	-		5,002
Deposits and Deferred Revenue		346,909		30,000		376,909		-		-	376,909		-		29,130		29,130		*	29,130		406,039
Total Liabilities	-	352,381	_	30,000	_	382,381	_	21,081	-	2,651	406,113		-		254,149	_	254,149			254,149		660,262
FUND BALANCES																						
Reserved for Encumbrances		113,098		86,925		200,023		20			200,023		2.850		215,765		218,615		141	218,615		418,638
Reserved for Debt Service				-		200,020		-		29,259	29,259		2,000		210,100		2.0,010		2.753	2.753		32,012
Unreserved, Undesignated		284,651		304,051		588,702		-			588,702		437,756	- 5	4,861,809		5,299,585		-	5,299,565		5,888,267
Total Fund Balances		397,749		390,976	=	788,725	_		_	29,259	817,984		440,606		5,077,574	_	5,518,180		2,753	5,520,933	_	6,338,917
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	750,130	\$_	420,976	\$_	1,171,106	s_	21,081	\$_	31,910 \$	1,224,097	\$	440,606 \$	s	5,331,723	s _	5,772,329	\$_	2,753 \$	5,775,082	\$_	6,999,179

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2003

			MONTGOME	ERY COUNTY				PRINCE	GEORGE'S CO	UNTY		
	Sp	ecial Revenue Fu	Total Special Revenue	Park Debt Service	Advance Land Acquisition Debt Service	Total	Spe	ecial Revenue Fur Parks and Recreation	Total Special Revenue	Advance Land Acquisition Debt Service	Total	- Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES: Property Taxes Intergovernmental - County Intergovernmental - Other Charges for Services Recreation Activities Interest Contributions	\$ - 95,818 8,184	479,793 33,360 3,736	- \$ 479,793 33,360 95,818 - 11,920	- \$	952,256 \$	952,256 \$ 479,793 33,360 95,818 - 11,920	- \$ 358,250 - - - 2,996	- \$ 583,040 3,341,611 80,499 9,121	- \$ 358,250 583,040 3,341,611 83,495 9,121	623,893 \$	623,893 3 358,250 583,040 3,341,611 83,495 9,121	838,043 33,360 678,858 3,341,611 95,415 9,121
Miscellaneous Total Revenues	128,333	46,074 562,963	70,405 691,296	 -	952,256	70,405	361,246	4,362,723	348,452 4,723,969	623,893	348,452 5,347,862	418,857 6,991,414
EXPENDITURES:					000,000	1010000	001,010	130 010,1 000	1,1 23,000	020,000	0,10,10,100	0,007,777
Principal Refirements		-		2,205,000	425,000	2,630,000	-	0.50	-	330,000	330,000	2,960,000
Interest	-	-	-	1,425,240	215,426	1,640,666	1.0		-	132,482	132,482	1,773,148
Bond Issuance Costs	-	-	-	137,410	8,324	145,734	-		-	1,840	1,840	147,574
Planning and Zoning	198,097	-	198.097	-	-	198.097					-	198,097
Park Operations and Maintenance	-	541,740	541,740			541,740		305,439	305,439	-	305,439	847,179
Recreation	-		-	-		-		4,864,677	4,864,677	-	4,864,677	4,864,677
Total Expenditures	198,097	541,740	739,837	3,767,650	648,750	5,156,237	-	5,170,116	5,170,116	464,322	5,634,438	10,790,675
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(69,764)	21,223	(48,541)	(3,767,650)	303,506	(3,512,685)	361,246	(807,393)	(446,147)	159,571	(286,576)	(3,799,261)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											400024-0020
Refunding Bonds Issued	-		-	6,932,100	1,550,000	8,482,100	-	-	-	-	-	8,482,100
Premiums on Bonds Issued	-	-	-	89,959	19,575	109,534	-			-	-	109,534
Payment to Refunding Bond Escrow Account	-	-	-	(6,895,566)	(1,546,928)	(8,442,494)		-	-		-	(8,442,494)
Transfers In - Trust Fund	-		-	-	7,296	7,296	-			2,578	2,578	9,874
Transfers Out - Trust Fund	-	-		-	(332,333)	(332,333)				(180,725)	(160,725)	(493,058)
Transfers In		50,000	50,000	3,641,157	-	3,691,157	-				-	3,691,157
Transfers Out		-	-			-		(222,936)	(222,936)	-	(222,936)	(222,936)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		50,000	50,000	3,767,650	(302,390)	3,515,260	-	(222,936)	(222,936)	(158,147)	(381,083)	3,134,177
Net change in fund balances	(69,764)	71,223	1,459		1,116	2,575	361,246	(1,030,329)	(669,083)	1,424	(667,659)	(665,084)
Fund Balances - beginning	467,513	319,753	787,266	-	28.143	815,409	79,360	6.107.903	6.187.263	1,329	6,188,592	7,004,001
Fund Balances - ending	\$ 397,749		788,725 \$		29,259 \$	817,984 \$	440,606 \$	5,077,574 \$	5,518,180 \$	2,753 \$	5,520,933 \$	2 2 2 2 2 2 2
, und Deserroes - criumity	9 381,148	\$ 280,810 \$	100,120 \$	- \$	28,238 \$	017,984 \$	440,000 \$	3,011,314 \$	3,318,180 \$	2,100 \$	0,020,933 \$	0,330,81/

Schedule 2a

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures/Encumbrances, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual - Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

			Montgom	ery (County						Prince Ge	orge	e's County		
		eted A	mounts				Variance Positive	_	Budgete	ed Ar					Variance Positive
Revenues:	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	_	Original	_	Final	-	Actual	_	(Negative)
Intergovernmental	F 047.00	^	0.47.000	_	540.450	•	(004.050)			•	050.050	•	050 050	•	
Charges for Services	\$ 847,20 142,80		847,203 142,800	\$	513,153 95,818	\$	(334,050)	\$	756 260	\$	358,250 756,360	\$	358,250 583,040	\$	(173,320)
Recreation Activities	142,00		142,000		90,010		(46,982)		756,360 3,750,000		3,750,000		3,341,611		(408,389)
Interest		-	-		11,920		11,920		226,240		226,240		83,495		(142,745)
Contributions		_	-		11,920		11,920		220,240		220,240		9,121		9,121
Miscellaneous	17,59	7	17,597		70,405		52,808		220,500		220,500		348,452		127,952
Total Revenues	1,007,60		1,007,600	-	691,296	-	(316,304)	-	4,953,100	-	5,311,350	•	4,723,969	_	(587,381)
	1,007,00	<u> </u>	1,007,000	-	001,200	-	1010,0047	-	4,000,100	-	0,011,000	•	4,720,000	-	(027,0017
Expenditures/Encumbrances:															
Current -															
County Planning and Zoning	163,32	1	163,321		44,977		118,344		131,925		490,175		•.		490,175
Park Operations and Maintenance	902,77	9	902,779		617,015		285,764		1,107,100		1,107,100		326,541		780,559
Recreation				_		_	<u>-</u> _		4,836,975	_	4,836,975		4,633,959	_	203,016
Total Expenditures/Encumbrances	1,066,10	0	1,066,100		661,992	-	404,108	-	6,076,000	-	6,434,250		4,960,500	-	1,473,750
Excess of Revenues over (under)															
Expenditures/Encumbrances	(58,50	0)	(58,500)	_	29,304		87,804	_	(1,122,900)		(1,122,900)		(236,531)	_	886,369
Other Financing (Uses):															
Operating Transfers In					50,000		50.000								
Operating Transfers Out		-	-		50,000		50,000		-		-		(222,936)		(222,936)
Total Other Financing (Uses)		<u>-</u>		-	50,000	-	50,000	-			···		(222,936)	-	(222,936)
rotal other imaneing (oses)		<u>-</u>		-	50,000	-	30,000	-	-	-	<u>-</u>		(222,930)	-	(222,930)
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources over (under) Expenditures/Encumbrances															
and Other Financing Uses - Budget Basis	\$(58,50	<u>(0)</u> \$	(58,500)	_	79,304	\$	137,804	\$.	(1,122,900)	. \$.	(1,122,900)		(459,467)	\$ _	663,433
Fund Balances - Budget Basis, July 1					500 202								E 750 022		
r and Dalances - Duuget Dasis, July 1					509,398	-							5,759,032		
Fund Balances - Budget Basis, June 30				\$	588,702	.						\$	5,299,565		

The funds budgets are approved by the respective County Council only for the total of both funds



Horse and rider compete at the Prince George's Equestrian Center and Showplace Arena

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise Funds are used to account for recreational and cultural facilities that are operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the Commission's intent is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public will be recovered primarily through user charges.

Schedule 3

Schedule of Net Assets Enterprise Funds June 30, 2003 and 2002

					Recreational and (Cultural Facilities			
	Montgome	rv C	County		Prince George	r's County		Totals	
	June 30,		June 30,	,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,		June 30,
Bare Sandanaer	2003		2002		2003	2002	2003		2002
ASSETS									
Current Assets:									
	\$ 1,455,113	\$	3,312,016	\$	1,760,871 \$	1,709,476	\$ 3,215,984	\$	5,021,492
Restricted Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments:									
Revenue Bond Covenant Accounts	589,848		583,266				589,848		583,266
Unspent Equipment Financing Proceeds	51,717		-		-		51,717		
Accounts Receivable	3,647		372		2,388	2,327	6,035		2,699
Inventories	854,621	1	842,706		537,251	546,079	1,391,872		1,388,785
Total Current Assets	2,954,946		4,738,360		2,300,510	2,257,882	5,255,456		6,996,242
Capital Assets:									
Land	11.584.468		11,584,468		7,779,131	7,779,131	19,363,599		19,363,599
Buildings and Improvements	26,132,269		25,306,606		65,055,716	65,055,716	91,187,985		90,362,322
Machinery and Equipment	4,720,278		4,559,388		4,295,454	4,129,137	9.015.732		8,688,525
Construction in Progress	1,583,216		1,773,131		.,,	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,583,216		1,773,131
	44,020,231		43,223,593		77,130,301	76,963,984	121,150,532		120,187,577
Less - Accumulated Depreciation	(10,193,409)		(8,624,158)		(15,928,481)	(13,759,042)	(26,121,890)		(22,383,200)
Total Capital Assets (net of depreciation)	33,826,822	-	34,599,435		61,201,820	63,204,942	95,028,642		97.804.377
Total Assets	36,781,768	-	39,337,795		63,502,330	65,462,824	100,284,098		104,800,619
LIABILITIES									
Current Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable	299,065		388,098		243,713	288,538	542,778		676,636
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	154,631		136,261		231,304	202,536	385,935		338,797
Compensated Absences	210,050		200,096		166,364	158,223	376,414		358,319
Interest Payable	116,240		126,400		100,004	100,220	116,240		126,400
Revenue Collected in Advance	548,900		435,705		138,697	154,766	687,597		590,471
Current Portion of Revenue Bonds Payable	300,000		285,000		100,007	154,700	300,000		285,000
Current Portion of Revenue Notes Payable	684,444		674,444				684,444		674,444
Current Portion of Notes Payable	86,711		58.477			0	86,711		58,477
Total Current Liabilities	2,400,041		2,304,481		780,078	804,063	3,180,119		3,108,544
Noncurrent Liabilities:									
Revenue Bonds Payable	2,831,433		3,099,370			72	2,831,433		3.099,370
Revenue Notes Payable	6,747,224		7.431.668		7	-	6,747,224		7,431,668
Notes Payable	203,688		158,807				203,688		158,807
Compensated Absences			THE R. P. LEWIS CO., LANSING MICH.		254 454	244 547			550,164
	239,547		238,617		354,451	311,547	593,998		3.829.363
Payable to Advance Land Acquisition Trust Fund	40.004.000	3	40,000,400		3,829,363	3,829,363	3,829,363		The second secon
Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities	10,021,892		10,928,462		4,183,814	4,140,910	14,205,706 17,385,825		15,069,372 18,177,916
AUST ADDETO									
NET ASSETS			00 004 000		27 ANA 450		00 007 177		86 567 515
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	23,025,039		22,891,669		57,372,457	59,375,579	80,397,496		82,267,248
Restricted for Debt Service	589,848		583,266				589,848		583,266
Unrestricted	744,948		2,629,917		1,165,981	1,142,272	1,910,929		3,772,189
Total Net Assets	\$ 24,359,835	\$	26,104,852	\$	58,538,438 \$	60,517,851	\$ 82,898,273	. \$	86,622,703

Schedule 4

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Enterprise Funds For the Years Ended June 30, 2003 and 2002

	Recreational and Cultural Facilities													
	Montgome	ry County		Prince Georg	e's County		Totals							
	Year Ender		-	Year Ended			Year Ended	June 30.						
	2003	2002		2003	2002		2003	2002						
Operating Revenues:														
Sales \$	1,343,769 \$	1,632,353	\$	1,268,004 \$	1,485,366	\$	2,611,773 \$	3,117,719						
Charges for Services	8,730,639	10,017,145		3,789,223	4,426,115		12,519,862	14,443,260						
Rentals and Concessions	2,611,242	2,588,223		1,996,982	2,271,056		4,608,224	4,859,279						
Total Operating Revenues	12,685,650	14,237,721		7,054,209	8,182,537		19,739,859	22,420,258						
Operating Expenses:														
Cost of Goods Sold	815,033	991,372		998,229	1,075,356		1,813,262	2,066,727						
Personal Services	5,637,641	5,669,364		7,464,442	6,893,854		13,102,083	12,563,218						
Supplies and Materials	1,678,246	1,817,310		1,230,011	1,214,659		2,908,257	3,031,969						
Communications	131,142	116,996		205,794	245,438		336,936	362,434						
Utilities	737,127	645,292		4,835	-		741,962	645,292						
Maintenance	307,010	353,140		434,166	692,876		741,176	1,046,016						
Contractual Services	1,501,624	1,263,108		813,649	586,236		2,315,273	1,849,344						
Other Services and Charges	259,463	321,034		381,489	671,813		640,952	992,847						
Administrative Services	1,195,419	1,190,389		-			1,195,419	1,190,389						
Depreciation	1,592,080	1,471,882		2,181,239	2,238,205		3,773,319	3,710,087						
Total Operating Expenses	13,854,785	13,839,887		13,713,854	13,618,436		27,568,639	27,458,323						
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,169,135)	397,834		(6,659,645)	(5,435,899)		(7,828,780)	(5,038,065)						
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):														
Investment Earnings	91,593	231,041		32,218	30,771		123,811	261,812						
Interest Expense, net of Amortization	(674,407)	(730,809)		-	*		(674,407)	(730,809)						
Loss on Sale of Asset		(13,938)						(13,938)						
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	(582,814)	(513,706)		32,218	30,771		(550,596)	(482,935)						
Income (Loss) before Transfers	(1,751,949)	(115,872)		(6,627,427)	(5,405,128)		(8,379,376)	(5,521,000)						
Transfers of General Government Land		3,793,139			-			3,793,139						
Transfers In - Park Account	86,000	86,000		4,162,200	3,854,107		4,248,200	3,940,107						
Transfer In - Recreation Account	-			388,600	388,566		388,600	388,566						
Transfer In - Internal Service Fund - Group Insurance	78,173			97,214	-		175,387							
Transfer In - Private Purpose Trust	17,759			-			17,759	-						
Transfer Out- CIP Fund	(175,000)			-			(175,000)							
Change in Net Assets	(1,745,017)	3,763,267	-	(1,979,413)	(1,162,455)		(3,724,430)	2,600,812						
Total Net Assets - Beginning	26,104,852	22,341,585		60,517,851	61,680,306		86,622,703	84,021,891						
Total Net Assets - Ending \$	24,359,835	26,104,852	\$	58,538,438 \$	60,517,851	\$	82,898,273 \$	86,622,703						

Schedule 5

Schedule of Cash Flows - Enterprise Funds For the Years Ended June 30, 2003 and 2002

Recreational and Cultural Facilities

		Montgon		County	. LONGO COLOR	Drings Co.	a Carreti					
	_	Year End				Prince Ge			-	Year End	lune 30	
	_	2003	ou	2002		2003	icu u	2002	-	2003	Jeu	2002
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	_					2000	-	2002	_	2000		2002
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$	12,795,570	S	14,168,936	S	7,038,079	\$	8,230,688	\$	19,833,649	Š	22,399,624
Payments to Suppliers	-	(4,680,753)	-	(4,431,749)	-	(3,861,070)		(4,239,990)	*	(8,541,823)	*	(8,671,739
Payments to Employees		(5,608,387)		(5,733,422)		(7,384,629)		(6,841,755)		(12,993,016)		(12,575,177
Payments for Interfund Services Used		(860,000)		(860,200)		(243,100)		(233,800)		(1,103,100)		(1,094,000
Payments for Administrative Charges		(1,195,419)		(1,190,389)		(= 10,100)		(200,000)		(1,195,419)		(1,190,389
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	-	451,011	,	1,953,176		(4,450,720)	-	(3,084,857)	-	(3,999,709)		(1,131,681
the state of the s	******	1011011		1,000,170		(1,100,12.0)	-	(0,00-1,007)	-	(0,000,700)		(1,101,001
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:												
Operating Transfers In from Other Funds		181,931		86,000		4,648,014		4,242,673		4,829,945		4,328,673
Operating Transfers Out to Other Funds		(175,000)								(175,000)		.,
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital	-	- Vicinitalia		CALL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADD		1	-		8804	(110,000)		
Financing Activities		6,931		86,000		4,648,014		4,242,673		4,654,945		4,328,673
							-	The second comme	-	1,000,100,100		110000101
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:												
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		(819,468)		, (2,459,831)		(178,117)		(350,177)		(997,585)		(2,810,008
Principal Paid on Notes Payable		(732,920)		(715,235)						(732,920)		(715,235
Principal Paid on Revenue Bonds		(285,000)		(270,000)						(285,000)		(270,000
Interest Paid		(642,344)		(698,746)				-		(642,344)		(698,74€
Proceeds from Financing - Notes Payable		131,593								131,593		1,000,000
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related	-	- I - I - I - I - I - I - I - I - I - I							_		,	
Financing Activities		(2,348,139)		(4,143,812)		(178,117)		(350, 177)		(2,526,256)		(4,493,989
							-	500000000000000000000000000000000000000	,			
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:												
Interest on Restricted Investments		104,895		191,501						104,895		191,501
Interest on Investments		(13,302)		39,540		32,218		30,771		18,916		70,31
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	-	91,593		231,041		32,218		30,771	-	123,811		261,812
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	3	(1,798,604)		(1,873,595)		51,395		838,410		(1,747,209)		(1,035,185
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash, July 1	_	3,895,282		5,768,877		1,709,476		871,066	_	5,604,758		6,639,943
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash, June 30	\$_	2,096,678	\$	3,895,282	\$	1,760,871	\$_	1,709,476	\$_	3,857,549	\$	5,604,758
Displayed as:	-	0.022.013	22	0 2 80 2 22		2 U.S. 6 SE	10		14	S 545 750		2 22 2 22 2
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	1,455,113	\$	3,312,016	3	1,760,871	\$	1,709,476	\$	3,215,984	\$	5,021,492
Restricted for Revenue Bond Covenants		589,848		583,266		-		-		589,848		583,26€
Restricted Revenue and Equipment Financing Proceeds	-	51,717				-		-		51,717		
	\$ =	2,096,678	\$	3,895,282	. 9	1,760,871	\$	1,709,476	\$_	3,857,549	\$	5,604,758
Reconciliation of Operating Income/(Loss) to Net Cash												
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:												
Operating Income (Loss)	S	(1,169,135)	œ	397,834	œ.	(6,659,645)	e.	(5,435,899)		(7,828,780)	2	(5,038,065
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to	Ψ	(1,100,100)	Ψ	007,004	Ψ	(0,000,040)	Ψ	(0,400,000)		(1,020,100)	. 4	(0,000,000
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:												
Depreciation		1,592,080		1,471,882		2,181,239		2,238,205		3,773,319		3,710,087
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		1,002,000		1,47 1,002		2,101,200		2,200,200		0,770,010		0,1 10,001
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		(3,275)		1,335		(61)		3,501		(3,336)		4,83€
(Increase) Decrease in Inventories, at Cost		THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE				8,828		32,587		(3,087)		(22,498
		(11,915)		(55,085)				(20,000)		The second of th		164,752
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(89,033)		184,752		(44,825)		Marine Co. Lance		(133,858)		
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Salaries and Benefits		18,370		14,641		28,768		10,549		47,138		25,190
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		10,884		17,734		51,045		41,550		61,929		59,284
Increase (Decrease) in Interest Payable		(10,160)		(9,797)		(40.000)		44.050		(10,160)		(9,797
Increase (Decrease) in Revenue Collected in Advance	-	113,195		(70,120)		(16,069)	_	44,650	Mode	97,126		(25,470
Total Adjustments	e -	1,620,146		1,555,342		2,208,925	e **	2,351,042		3,829,071		3,906,384
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$_	451,011	4	1,953,176	4	(4,450,720)	Ф =	(3,084,857)	a =	(3,999,709)	Φ,	(1,131,681

Noncash investing, capital and financing activities: In fiscal year 2002, land with a historical cost of \$3,793,139 was transferred from the General Government to the Montgomery Enterprise Fund



Commission workers at Pope Farm Nursery grow hundreds of trees for planting in the park system

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the consolidated financing of certain goods or services provided to other Commission funds on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Capital Equipment Funds

The Montgomery County Capital Equipment Fund is used to account for the acquisition of equipment through the use of tax exempt financing and the leasing of the equipment to other Commission funds.

Executive Office Building Fund

The Prince George's County Executive Office Building Fund is used to account for the cost of operating the Executive Office Building and was used to account for the renovation costs of that building which was acquired in February of 1992.

Employee Benefits Funds

The Employee Benefits Funds are used to account for the costs related to employees' life and health insurance coverage, and the flexible spending program. The Fund is also used to charge various programs and projects in the governmental funds for annual leave earned and estimates of sick leave that will be taken in order to better measure their costs. The Fund includes the total compensated absences liability and the assets available to pre-fund compensated absences.

Risk Management Funds

The Risk Management Funds are used to account for the activity related to general liability, property damage, and workers compensation.

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2003

		MO	NTGOMERY COUN	TY			PRI	NCE GEORGE'S CO	YTAL		TOTALS		
				TOTA	LS	Executive			TOTAL	s			
	Capital Equipment	Employee Benefits	Risk Management	June 30, 2003	June 30, 2002	Office Building	Employee Benefits	Risk Management	June 30, 2003	June 30, 2002	June 30, 2003	June 30, 2002	
ASSETS		Dellation	Transportation.	2000	2002	Duesting	Delicina	managemen	-	2002			
Current Assets:													
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments \$	2,045,371 \$	9.316.242 S	4,628,248 \$	15.989.861 \$	15,991,944 \$	356,450 S	9,550,905	5 10.038,384 S	19,945,739 \$	19,156,728 \$	35,935,600 \$	35,143,672	
Restricted Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments:									104000000000000000000000000000000000000		CTON CONTRACTOR LOCAL		
Unspent Revenue Bond and Equipment Financing													
Proceeds	1,049,354	-		1,049,354	-			140	-	-	1,049,354		
Accounts Receivable	+	-	250	250	250	2.		-	(4)	250	250	500	
Due from County Government		_	93.543	93 543	82.232	-	-	93.543	93.543	82.232	187,088	164,464	
Due from Other Funds - 115 Trust	2	466.351		455.351			466,351	-	455,351		932,702		
Deposits and Other		1,680	19,581	21,561	28,558		1,580	19,881	21,581	28,558	43.122	57,116	
Total Current Assets	3,094,725	9,784,273	4,741,922	17,620,920	16,102,984	356,450	10,018,936	10,151,808	20,527,194	19,267,768	38,148,114	35,370,752	
Noncurrent Assets:													
Capital Assets:													
Land						748 497			748.497	748 497	748,497	748 497	
Buildings and Improvements	102.469			102,469	102,459	2,649,865			2 649 565	2.649.865	2,752,334	2 752 334	
Machinery and Equipment	17,465,064	4	154.204	17,619,268	16,143,068	26,326		199.783	226,109	95,739	17.845,377	16,238,805	
Lass-Accumulated Depreciation	(12,232,377)	-	(52,494)	(12,284,871)	(10,860,725)	(1.021,414)		(57,053)	(1,078,467)	(949,990)	(13,363,338)	(11,810,715)	
Total Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	5,335,156		101,710	5,436,566	5.384,810	2,403,274		142,730	2.546.004	2.544.111	7,982,870	7,928,921	
Total Assets	8,429,881	9,784,273	4,843,632	23,057,786	21,487,794	2,759,724	10,018,935	10,294,538	23,073,198	21,811,879	46,130,984	43,299,673	
LIABILITIES													
Current Liabilities:													
Accounts Payable	107,949	120,914	5,597	234,460	134,894	9,925	120,914	58 398	189.237	44.009	423.697	178.903	
Current Portion of Claims Payable	-	332,419	642,763	975,182	764,416		332,419	646.476	978.895	1,356,116	1.954.077	2,120,532	
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		113,876	7,585	121,461	82,555	3,111	112.964	7,585	123,550	104,687	245,121	187,442	
Current Portion of Notes Payable	1,685,556		-	1,685,556	1,268,905	145,000			145,000	90,000	1,830,556	1,358,905	
Current Portion of Compensated Absences	-	3,687,500	4,547	3,692,047	3,652,290	2,757	4,187,400	4,547	4,194,704	3,955,663	7,886,751	7,607,953	
Due to County Government		-	5,032	5,032	-		-	5,032	5,032	1/*	10,054	-	
Interest Payable	27,932			27,932		44,304	-		44,304	18,674	72,235	18,674	
Total Current Liabilities	1,821,437	4,254,709	665,524	5,741,670	5,903,060	205,097	4,753,697	722,038	5,680,832	5,569,349	12,422,502	11,472,409	
Noncurrent Liabilities:													
Claims Payable - Net of Current Portion	-	490,799	1,928,287	2,419,086	2.200,628	102	490.799	1,939,433	2,430,232	3.371,074	4,849,318	5,571,702	
Notes Payable - Net of Current Portion	3,290,635	-		3,290,635	2,307,783	1,530,000		***************************************	1,530,000	1,675,000	4,820,635	3,982,783	
Compensated Absences - Net of Current Portion		2,219,100	20,432	2.239,532	2,080,597	10,227	2,807,100	20,433	2,837,760	2,642,697	5,077,292	4,723,294	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	3,290,635	2,709,899	1,948,719	7,949,253	6,589,008	1,540,227	3.297.899	1.959.866	6,797,992	7,688,771	14,747,245	14,277,779	
Total Liabilities	5,112,072	5,954,608	2,614,243	14,690,923	12,492,068	1,745,324	8,051,596	2,681,904	12,478,824 -	13,258,120 -	27,169,747 -	25,750,188	
NET ASSETS													
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	1,408,319		101.710	1,510,029	1.808 122	728.274	_	142.730	871,004	779,111	2.381.033	2.587.233	
Unrestricted	1,909,490	2,819,665	2,127,679	6.856.834	7.187.504	286,126	1,967,340	7,469,904	9,723,370	7.774.648	16,580,204	14,952,252	
Total Net Assets \$	3,317,809 \$		2,229,389 \$	8,366,863 \$	8,995,728 \$	1,014,400 S		7,512,634 \$	10,594,374 \$	8,553,759 \$	18,961,237 \$	17,549,485	
											the second second second	and the same of th	

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

		MC	ONTGOMERY COUN	TY			PRIM	TOTALS				
				TOTAL	LS	Executive			TOTAL	LS		
	Capital Equipment	Employee Benefits	Risk Management	June 30, 2003	June 30, 2002	Office Building	Employee Benefits	Risk Management	June 30, 2003	June 30, 2002	June 30, 2003	June 30, 2002
Operating Revenues:								-				
	\$ 1,483,360 \$	15,001,781 \$	1,070,000 \$	17,555,141 \$	17,736,046 \$	758,500 \$	16,070,858 \$	2,178,000 \$	19,007,358 \$	18,093,358 \$	36,562,499 \$	35,829,404
Claim Recoveries			110,192	110,192	107,247	100	-	180,209	180,309	129,010	290,501	236,257
Total Operating Revenues	1,483,360	15,001,781	1,180,192	17,665,333	17,843,293	758,600	16,070,858	2,358,209	19,187,667	18,222,368	36,853,000	36,065,661
Operating Expenses:												
Personal Services		5,397,888	261,848	5,659,736	5,122,320	123,781	6,510,257	261,862	6,895,900	5,189,156	12,555,636	11,311,476
Supplies and Materials	155,468	-,,	29.710	185,178	63,668	82,645	0,010,000	21,139	103,784	80,212	288,962	143,880
Contractual Services -			22,010	100,110	40,000	22,010				4.764.14		2,77,867,777
Montgomery County Self												
Insurance Program, Net			1,436,593	1,436,593	1,501,590			399,547	399,547	1.259.492	1,836,140	2,761,082
Claims Incurred		4,227,761	1,400,000	4,227,761	4,039,095		4,227,761		4,227,761	4,580,595	8,455,522	8,619,690
Insurance		5,056,262	3,664	5,059,926	4,587,201		5,056,262	(45,785)	5,010,476	4,697,069	10,070,402	9.284.270
Other Services and Charges	25,900	59,741	214,710	300,351	395,863	449,078	59,740	45,303	555,119	676,393	855,470	1,072,255
Degreciation	1,502,232	44,141	16,167	1,518,399	1,486,394	107,750	55,240	20,725	128,475	112,902	1,646,874	1,599,296
Total Operating Expenses	1,683,600	14,741,652	1,962,692	18,387,944	17,196,131	763,252	15,854,020	703,790	17,321,062	17,595,819	35,709,006	34,791,950
Operating income (Loss)	(200,240)	260,129	(782,500)	(722,611)	647,162	(4,652)	216,838	1,654,419	1,866,605	626,549	1,143,994	1,273,711
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):												
Interest Income	73,853	119,425	76,554	269,832	332,154	5,584	132,185	162,843	300,592	475,167	570,424	807.321
Interest Expense	(137,603)			(137,603)	(223,192)	(90,327)	104,100	104,070	(90,327)	(224,545)	(227,930)	(447,737)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(63,750)	119,425	76,554	132,229	108,952	(84,763)	132,185	162,843	210,265	250,622	342,494	359,584
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	(263,590)	379,554	(705,946)	(590,382)	755,124	(89,415)	349,023	1,817,262	2,076,870	877,171	1,486,488	1,633,295
Operating Transfers In (Out) :												
Interfund Transfers In - Trust Funds		1,378,583	-	1,378,583	400.000		1,378,582		1,378,582	400,000	2,757,165	800,000
Interfund Transfers in	2	1,010,000	5,568	5,568	400,000	2,225	1,378,582	5,569	7,794	400,000	13,362	000,000
Interfund Transfers (Out)	-	(1,422,532)	3,300	(1.422.632)	-	4,223	(1,422,631)	5,508	(1,422,631)		(2.845,263)	-
Net Operating Transfers	:	(44,049)	5,568	(38,481)	400,000	2.225	(44,049)	5,569	(36,255)	400,000	(74,736)	000,008
Change in Net Assets	(263,990)	335,505	(700,378)	(628,863)	1,156,124	(87,190)	304,974	1,822,831	2,040,615	1,277,171	1,411,752	2,433,295
Total Net Assets, July 1	3,581,799	2,484,160	2,929,767	8,995,726	7,839,602	1,101,590	1,662,366	5,789,803	8,553,759	7,276,588	17,549,485	15,116,190
Total Net Assets, June 30	5 3,317,809 \$	2,819,665 \$	2.229.389 \$	8,366,863 \$	8.995,726 S	1,014,400 S	1,987,340 \$	7,512,634 \$	10.594.374 \$	8,553,759 \$	18,961,237 \$	17,549,485

Combining Statement of Cash Flows - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

	1			MONTGOM	ER	RY COUNTY			_		PRINCE GEO	R	SE'S COUNTY				
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	_	Capital Equipment		Employee Benefits		Risk Management	_	TOTAL		Office Building	Employee Benefits		Risk Management		TOTAL	_	TOTAL
Receipts from Customers and Users Payments to Suppliers Payments to Employees Payments for Interfund Services Used	\$	1,483,360 (150,408) (25,900)	\$	14,538,218 (8,864,737) (5,153,977) (36,100)	\$	1,173,090 (1,468,610) (268,161) (102,300)	\$	17,194,668 (10,483,755) (5,422,138) (164,300)	\$	758,600 \$ (533,839) (118,563) (1,100)	15,607,295 (8,864,736) (6,056,285) (36,100)	\$	2,351,357 (1,900,784) (268,175) (102,300)	\$	18,717,252 (11,299,359) (6,443,023) (139,500)	\$	35,911,920 (21,783,114) (11,865,161) (303,800)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		1,307,052		483,404	_	(665,981)	_	1,124,475	_	105,098	650,174	_	80,098	_	835,370	_	1,959,845
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Operating Transfers In From Other Funds Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	-	<u>-</u>		(44,049)	-	5,568 5,568	_	(38,481)	-	2,225	(44,049)	-	5,569	_	(36,255)	_	(74,736) (74,736)
i managradus	-		-	(44,045)	-	0,000	-	(30,401)	_	4,443	(44,043)	-	0,009	-	(30,233)	-	(14,130)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition of Capital Assets Principal Paid on Notes Payable Interest Paid on Notes Payable Proceeds from Financing - Notes Payable - Net Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and	: -	(1,485,664) (1,268,904) (137,603) 2,668,407	_	:	_	(84,791)	_	(1,570,455) (1,268,904) (137,603) 2,668,407	_	(90,000) (90,326)	:	_	(130,370)		(130,370) (90,000) (90,326)	_	(1,700,825) (1,358,904) (227,929) 2,668,407
Related Financing Activities		(223,764)				(84,791)		(308,555)		(180,326)	-		(130,370)		(310,696)		(619,251)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest on Investments Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		73,853 73,853		119,425 119,425	-	76,554 76,554	_	269,832 269,832	-	5,564 5,564	132,185		162,843 162,843	_	300,592 300,592	_	570,424 570,424
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalent	s	1,157,141		558,780		(668,650)		1,047,271		(67,439)	738,310		118,140		789,011		1,836,282
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1 Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$_	1,937,584 3,094,725	s_	8,757,462 9,316,242	s_	5,296,898 4,628,248	_	15,991,944 17,039,215	\$_	423,889 356,450 \$	8,812,595 9,550,905	\$ =	9,920,244 10,038,384	=	19,156,728 19,945,739	\$_	35,148,672 36,984,954
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	\$	(200,240)	\$	260,129	\$	(782,500) \$		(722,611)	\$	(4,652) \$	216,838	\$	1,654,419	5	1,866,605	\$	1,143,994
Depreciation Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		1,502,232		-		16,167		1,518,399		107,750			20,725		128,475		1,646,874
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable				-		-		>=		-	-		250		250		250
(Increase) Decrease in Due from County Government (Increase) Decrease in Deposits and Other		-		0.700		(11,311)		(11,311)		-	-		(11,311)		(11,311)		(22,622)
(Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds		-		2,788		4,209		6,997		-,	2,788		4,209		6,997		13,994
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(22,872)		(466,351) 120,914		1 524		(466,351)		(20.040)	(466,351)		F0 400		(466,351)		(932,702)
Increase (Decrease) in Claims Payable		(22,012)		137,803		1,524		99,566		(28,848)	120,914		53,163		145,229		244,795
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Salaries and Benefits		-		36,811		(49,858)		87,945		4 707	137,803		(859,182)		(721,379)		(633,434)
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		-				2,095		38,906		1,707	14,972		2,094		18,773		57,679
Increase (Decrease) in Interest Payable		27,932		207,100		(8,408)		198,692 27,932		3,511	439,000		(8,407)		434,104		632,798
Increase (Decrease) in Incurred But Unreported Clms		21,002		184,210		157,069		341,279		25,630	104 242		(579,394)		25,630		53,562
Increase (Decrease) in Other Accrued Liabilities				104,210		107,008		341,218		-	184,210		(201,500)		(395,184)		(53,905)
Increase (Decrease) in Due to County Government		_		-		5.032		5.032			-		5,032		(201,500) 5,032		(201,500) 10,064
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	1,307,052	\$	483,404	\$_	(665,981) \$	_	1,124,475	\$	105,098 \$	650,174	-	80,098 5	-	835,370 \$	-	1,959,845

88



Avid bird watchers take in the sights on the Chesapeake walking/driving tour at Jug Bay natural area

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Commission in a trustee capacity or as an agent for employees, individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds.

Pension Trust Funds

The Pension Trust Funds are used to account for activities related to benefits for retired employees. This includes all activities of the Employees' Retirement System including accumulation of resources for, and payment of, retirement annuities and/or other benefits and the administrative costs of operating the system. This also includes resources set aside to pay the Commission's portion of medical costs for retirees.

Private Purpose Trust Funds

The Private Purpose Trust Funds are used to account for funds whose principal and interest must be expended in accordance with their designated purposes.

Agency Funds

The Agency Funds are used to account for funds where the Commission is merely acting in an agent capacity for another organization.

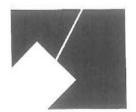
Combining Statement of Net Assets Fiduciary funds June 30, 2003

	PE	NSION TRUST FUN	IDS		PRIVATE PURPOS TRUST FUNDS	SE				
	Employees' Retirement Fund	Employees' Post Employment Benefits Fund	Total Pension Trust Funds	Montgomery County	Prince George's County	Total Private Purpose Trust Funds	State Retirement	Montgomery	Total Agency Funds	Total Fiduciary Funds
ASSETS										
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	S -	s - s	- :	4,284,331	\$ 8,747,946	\$ 13,032,277	2,817,612	\$ 537,717 \$	3,355,329	\$ 16,387,606
Cash and Marketable Securities	450,511,965	7,025,098	457,537,063			-	-	1.41		457,537,063
Restricted Cash: Unspent Bond Proceeds	la la	100	-	584,278	259,588	843,866	-	-	-	843,866
Collateral for Securities Lending										
Transactions	43,782,139	-	43,782,139	2.1			-	14	-	43,782,139
Accounts Receivable	1,829,141	-	1,829,141	-	2.000	2,000	-	-	-	1,831,141
Due from Other Governments		27,627	27,627		-		-	-	-	27,627
Deposits and Other	109,444	-	109,444	1.0		-	14		-	109,444
Receivable From Enterprise Fund	1.			4	3,829,363	3.829.363	-	(-)	-	3,829,363
Land Held for Transfer				25.311,110	11,913,244	37,224,354	-	-		37,224,354
Other		-		*	481,665	481,665	-		-	481,665
Total Assets	496,232,689	7,052,725	503,285,414	30,179,719	25,233,806	55,413,525	2,817,612	537,717	3,355,329	562,054,268
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	871,424		871.424		1,497	1,497	2.817,612	1,900	2,819,512	3.692.433
Due to Group Insurance Internal Service Fund		932,702	932,702	-	-	-	-	.,,	-	932,702
Obligation for Collateral Received		1000000								
under Securities Lending transactions	43,782,139		43,782,139		2		-	-		43,782,139
Deposits		-	-	_		-	-	535,817	535,817	535,817
Total Liabilities	44,653,563	932,702	45,586,265		1,497	1,497	2,817,612	537,717	3,355,329	48,943,091
NET ASSETS										
Assets Held in Trust for:										
Land Held for Transfer		-		25.311.110	15.742.607	41,053,717	-	Ψ,		41,053,717
Pension Benefits	451,579,126	-	451,579,126		_			-	-	451,579,126
Other Postemployment Benefits		6,120,023	6,120,023			-	-	-	-	6,120,023
Other Purposes				4.868.609	9.489.702	14,358,311	-	-	-	14,358,311
Total Net Assets	s 451,579,126	\$ 6,120,023 S	457,699,149 s	30,179,719	\$ 25,232,309	s 55,412,028 s	- 1	s - s		s 513,111,177

Schedule 10

Combining Statement of Changes in Net Assets Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

	PE	NSION TRUST FUI	NDS				PURPOSE FUNDS	
	Employees' Retirement Fund	Employees' Post Employment Benefits Fund	Totals	-	Montgomery County	Ge	rince orge's ounty	Totals
ADDITIONS: Contributions:								
Employer S	540,369	e	S 540.369	S	100	S	- \$	
Plan Members	3,583,083	•	3,583,083				- 4	
Private Donations	0,000,000		0,000,000		16.829		38,831	55,660
Total Contributions	4,123,452	-	4,123,452	_	16,829		38,831	55,660
Receipts from Commission Debt Service Funds	-	-	-		332,333		160,725	493,058
Investment Earnings:								
Interest	9,575,757	1,777	9.577.534		55.446		157,997	213,443
Dividends	1,820,092	286,677	2,106,769		-		-	-
Net increase (decrease) in the Fair Value of Investments	16,361,166	(223,652)	16,137,514		-			-
Total Investment Earnings	27,757,015	64,802	27,821,817		55,446		157,997	213,443
Less Investment Expense								
Investment Advisory and Management Fees	(1,609,970)	(31,970)	(1,641,940)	_	-			-
Net Income from Investing Activities	26,147,045	32,832	26,179,877	_	55,446		157,997	213,443
Securities Lending Activity								
Securities Lending Income	714,806		714,806		-			-
Securities Lending Fees	(642,489)		(642,489)	_			1.+_	-
Net Income from Securities Lending Activity	72,317	-	72,317	_	-		-	
Total Net investment income	26,219,362	32,832	26,252,194	_	55,446	-	157,997	213,443
Total Additions	30,342,814	32,832	30,375,646		404,608		357,553	762,161
DEDUCTIONS								
Benefits	13,734,100	-	13,734,100				-	
Refunds of Contributions	349,645	-	349,645		-		-	-
Administrative expenses	1,047,466	* 1	1,047,466		-		-	-
Transfers to Group Insurance Internal Service Fund	-	2,757,165	2,757,165		-			-
Transfers to Commission Debt Service Funds	-		-		7.296		2,578	9,874
Transfers to Enterprise Fund	/ -		-		17,759		-	17.759
Other	-		-		8,218		65,197	73,415
Total Deductions	15,131,211	2,757,165	17,888,376	_	33,273		67,775	101,048
Change in Net Assets	15,211,603	(2,724,333)	12,487,270	_	371,335		289,778	661,113
Net Assets - Beginning	436,367,523	8,844,356	445,211,879		29,808,384	24,	942,531	54,750,915
Net Assets - Ending \$	451,579,126	\$ 6,120,023	\$ 457,699,149	\$	30,179,719	\$ 25,2	232,309 \$	55,412,028



PART III

STATISTICAL SECTION



Visitors in Silver Spring get acquainted with a Park Police officer and his well-trained steed

TABLE T-1

Net Assets by Category (1) Entity-wide Basis Last Two Fiscal Years (2)

	Fiscal Year					
	2002	2003				
Governmental Activities						
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt	\$ 282,595,478	\$ 305,800,251				
Unrestricted	82,792,312	86,192,777				
Subtotal Governmental Activities Net Assets	365,387,790	391,993,028				
Business- type Activities						
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt	82,267,248	80,397,496				
Restricted for Debt Service	583,266	589,848				
Unrestricted	3,772,189	1,910,929				
Subtotal Business-type Actictivities Net Assets	86,622,703	82,898,273				
Primary Government						
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt	364,862,726	386,197,747				
Restricted for Debt Service	583,266	589,848				
Unrestricted	86,564,501	88,103,706				
Total Government Net Assets	\$ 452,010,493	\$ 474,891,301				

- (1) Accounting standards require that net assets be reported in three components in the financial statements: invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. Net assets are considered restricted only when an external party places a restriction on how the resources may be used.
- (2) The entity-wide net assets figures are only available for two years.

Source: The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission, Finance Department

TABLE T-2

Change in Net Assets Entity-wide Basis Last Two Fiscal Years (1)

	Fiscal Year				
-		2002	_	2003	
Expenses					
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$	11,614,891	\$	12,678,079	
County Planning and Zoning		29,739,984		29,119,749	
Park Operations and Maintenance		102,355,291		104,484,551	
Recreation Programs		37,992,630		38,057,899	
Interest on Long-term Debt		8,460,869		6,994,245	
Subtotal Governmental Activities	_	190,163,665	-	191,334,523	
Business-type Activities:					
Recreational and Cultural Facilities		28,203,070		28,243,046	
Total Government Expenses	-	218,366,735	-	219,577,569	
Program Revenues Governmental Activities:					
		2 774 500		2 050 425	
County Planning and Zoning		2,771,580		3,058,135	
Park Operations and Maintenance Recreation Programs		31,666,712		26,321,407	
Subtotal Governmental Activities	-	10,330,965	-	9,410,542 38,790,084	
Subtotal Governmental Activities	-	44,769,257	-	30,790,004	
Business-type Activities:					
Recreational and Cultural Facilities	_	22,420,258		19,757,618	
Total Government Program Revenues	_	67,189,515		58,547,702	
Net Government Expenses	-	(151,177,220)		(161,029,867)	
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets					
General Revenues:		474 705 000		404 050 007	
Property Taxes		174,735,630		181,859,997	
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		3,334,954		2,055,598	
Loss on Disposal of Land	-	(3,170,165)		(4,920)	
Total Government General Revenues	-	174,900,419		183,910,675	
Change in Net Assets	\$_	23,723,199	\$	22,880,808	

⁽¹⁾ The entity-wide change in net assets figures are only available for two years.

Source: The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission, Finance Department

Fiscal

Year

General

Government

THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

TABLE T-3

Total

General Governmental Expenditures by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Recreation

Park

Operations

Acquisition

And

Development

Debt Service

1994 1995 1996 1997 1998	\$ 4,753,717 4,663,950 4,493,900 4,949,621 4,985,152	\$ 11,379,693 12,029,701 11,726,301 13,067,495 12,503,437	\$ 32,231, 35,561, 37,112, 38,060, 39,019,	927 7,947,953 446 8,707,367 834 9,347,189	\$ 7,668,748 7,381,419 6,040,622 12,319,049 9,261,163	\$ 4,077,257 3,905,317 4,329,544 4,180,980 3,595,621	\$ 66,779,510 71,490,267 72,410,180 81,925,168 80,278,186
1999	4,984,274	13,109,778	42,033,		7,639,025	3,618,820	80,746,444
2000	5,068,159	13,000,742	41,604,		15,863,948	3,933,623	91,300,376
2001	5,552,110	14,069,191	46,797,		21,436,376	4,039,110	104,719,634
2002	5,670,023	14,414,637	46,465,	552 13,839,887	13,155,356	4,424,915	97,970,370
2003	5,983,250	14,243,827	48,205,	561 13,854,785	7,038,996	4,416,400	93,742,819
			PF	RINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY	(
Fiscal	General	Planning And	Park		Acquisition And		
Year	Government	Zoning	Operatio	ns Recreation	Development	Debt Service	Total
1994	\$ 5,316,425						
1995	4,973,592	\$ 12,047,360 13,245,607	\$ 35,388, 38,742,	And the second s	\$ 19,643,068 21,344,005	\$ 9,856,836 9,861,953	\$ 113,066,261 123,382,881
1995 1996	7 0,0.0,.20			712 35,215,012			
	4,973,592	13,245,607	38,742,	712 35,215,012 595 35,196,607	21,344,005	9,861,953	123,382,881
1996	4,973,592 5,217,449	13,245,607 12,881,808	38,742, 38,032,	712 35,215,012 695 35,196,607 238 34,819,087	21,344,005 12,590,746	9,861,953 10,133,399	123,382,881 114,052,704
1996 1997	4,973,592 5,217,449 5,611,371	13,245,607 12,881,808 13,928,468	38,742, 38,032,0 41,269,2	712 35,215,012 695 35,196,607 238 34,819,087 331 36,293,297	21,344,005 12,590,746 14,151,322	9,861,953 10,133,399 9,027,160	123,382,881 114,052,704 118,806,646
1996 1997 1998	4,973,592 5,217,449 5,611,371 5,609,422	13,245,607 12,881,808 13,928,468 14,024,336	38,742, 38,032,6 41,269, 41,782,	712 35,215,012 695 35,196,607 238 34,819,087 331 36,293,297 274 37,825,764	21,344,005 12,590,746 14,151,322 17,643,444	9,861,953 10,133,399 9,027,160 11,852,306	123,382,881 114,052,704 118,806,646 127,205,136
1996 1997 1998 1999	4,973,592 5,217,449 5,611,371 5,609,422 5,946,352	13,245,607 12,881,808 13,928,468 14,024,336 14,243,529	38,742, 38,032,0 41,269,0 41,782,0 45,907,0	712 35,215,012 695 35,196,607 238 34,819,087 331 36,293,297 274 37,825,764 874 42,522,884	21,344,005 12,590,746 14,151,322 17,643,444 36,728,321	9,861,953 10,133,399 9,027,160 11,852,306 11,554,197	123,382,881 114,052,704 118,806,646 127,205,136 152,205,437
1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	4,973,592 5,217,449 5,611,371 5,609,422 5,946,352 5,719,483	13,245,607 12,881,808 13,928,468 14,024,336 14,243,529 13,770,821	38,742, 38,032,6 41,269,6 41,782,6 45,907,6 45,069,6	712 35,215,012 695 35,196,607 238 34,819,087 331 36,293,297 274 37,825,764 42,522,884 211 45,205,092	21,344,005 12,590,746 14,151,322 17,643,444 36,728,321 17,622,626	9,861,953 10,133,399 9,027,160 11,852,306 11,554,197 11,985,924	123,382,881 114,052,704 118,806,646 127,205,136 152,205,437 136,691,612

Note: Includes General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects, Debt Service and Enterprise Funds. Debt Service in Prince George's County in 2003 includes payment at maturity of a short-term Prince George's County Park Bond of \$21.0 million which was refinanced. Enterprise Funds which are primarily recreational facilities and activities are included in Recreation

Source: The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission, Finance Department

Planning

And

Zoning

Fiscal

Property

THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

TABLE T-4

General

Obligation

General Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Interest

Charges for

1 10001		rioperty	IIIIGI-		Criarges IOI		IIIIeiest				Obligation	
Year	-	Taxes	Governmental	1.	Services	-	Earnings		Other	Total	Bonds Sold	
1994	\$	52,734,344	\$ 3,199,677	\$	6,182,389	\$	971,811	\$	3,461,964	\$ 66,550,185	\$ 5,500,000	(1)
1995		55,233,140	6,974,552		7,358,834		1,528,618		3,945,300	75,040,444	5,000,000	
1996		53,880,270	5,424,794		7,614,645		1,527,593		3,969,092	72,416,394	8,700,000	(2)
1997		57,612,812	6,654,626		7,827,378		1,231,641		4,227,264	77,553,721	-	
1998		60,270,773	6,797,726		9,120,287		1,586,354		4,361,403	82,136,543		
1999		60,270,408	5,921,195		9,134,201		1,670,534		4,410,413	81,406,751	7,000,000	
2000		62,448,568	12,324,577		9,446,610		1,747,465		4,432,045	90,399,265	-	
2001		64,611,473	17,714,828		10,357,245		1,374,924		5,164,768	99,223,238	5,700,000	
2002		69,212,845	12,640,323		11,327,470		581,151		5,897,530	99,659,319	-	
2003		70,200,528	7,225,328		10,441,684		339,008		5,718,794	93,925,342	13,705,000	(4)
					PRINC	E GEC	RGE'S COUNT	Υ				
											General	
Fiscal		Property	Inter-		Charges for		Interest				Obligation	
Year	_	Taxes	Governmental		Services	_	Earnings		Other	Total	Bonds Sold	
1994	\$	91,143,535	\$ 4,331,934	\$	6,622,486	\$	2,376,165	\$	4,426,002	\$ 108,900,122	\$ 14,500,000	(1)
1995		92,571,349	7,308,602		6,988,014		3,733,213		6,323,419	116,924,597	-	
1996		94,857,674	1,933,128		6,731,893		3,653,354		5,189,727	112,365,776	30,025,000	(2)
1997		96,816,650	5,360,060		7,106,102		4,217,988		10,581,819	124,082,619	33,000,000	
1998		98,538,298	2,125,267		7,402,645		5,875,336		5,231,154	119,172,700	28,325,000	(3)
1999		101,308,740	10,368,201		7,496,543		5,208,609		7,158,655	131,540,748	21,000,000	(2)
2000		103,640,212	8,130,897		7,414,320		4,891,099		6,559,164	130,635,692	-	
2001		104,417,411	4,808,601		8,753,412		4,004,692		6,165,111	128,149,227	-	
2002		107,930,218	5,920,707		11,193,063		1,946,482		11,031,588	138,022,058	18,700,000	
2003		111,980,326	7,066,267		10,363,411		1,146,166		9,193,575	139,749,745	42,310,000	(5)

Note: Includes General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects, Debt Service and Enterprise Funds.

Inter-

- (1) Issued to retire Bond Anticipation Notes
- (2) Refunding Bonds
- (3) Includes \$21,000,000 to refinance a short-term note
- (4) Includes Refunding and New Money issues
- (5) Includes Refunding and Refinancing Bond issues

TABLE T-5

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Fiscal Year				Current Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collected		Prior Years Taxes Penalties and Interest Collections	Total Collections	Percent of Total Collections to Tax Levy
1994	s	52.767.491	\$	51,997,064	99	% S	737,280	\$ 52,734,344	100 %
1995	4	55,410,789	Ψ	55,247,895	100	70 0	(14,755)	55,233,140	100
1996		54.476,197		54,062,888	99		(182,618)	53,880,270	99
1997		58,632,597		57.916.789	99		(303,977)	57,612,812	98
1998		59.150.686		58,603,216	99		1,667,557	60,270,773	102
1999		60,547,511		59,484,336	98		786,072	60,270,408	100
2000		61,998,281		60,973,987	98		1,474,581	62,448,568	101
2001		65,210,972		64,015,359	98		596,114	64,611,473	99
2002		69,302,154		68,605,694	99		607,152	69,212,846	100
2003		69,493,121		68,994,492	99		1,206,036	70,200,528	101

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY

Fiscal Year	_	Total Tax Levy	_	Current Tax Collections	Perco of Le Collec	vy	Prior Years Taxes Penalties and Interest Collections	_	Total Collections	Percent of Total Collections to Tax Levy
1994	\$	90,765,239	\$	89,580,087		99 %	\$ 1,563,448	\$	91,143,535	100 %
1995		92,551,211		91,879,635		99	691,714		92,571,349	100
1996		94,707,563		93,970,990		99	886,684		94,857,674	100
1997		97,533,798		96,689,551		99	127,099		96,816,650	99
1998		98,618,464		97,670,607		99	867,691		98,538,298	100
1999		101,339,962		100,037,283		99	1,271,457		101,308,740	100
2000		103,461,526		102,213,005		99	1,427,207		103,640,212	100
2001		105,035,614		103,544,928		99	872,483		104,417,411	99
2002		107,977,263		106,777,906		99	1,152,312		107,930,218	100
2003		112,003,391		110,517,257		99	1,463,069		111,980,326	100

Source: Total Tax Levy - Montgomery County and Prince George's County Governments.

TABLE T-6

Ratio of Total

Ratio of Total

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Dollars in Thousands)

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Assessed Value To Total Real Property Total (1) Fiscal Assessed Assessed Estimated Estimated Estimated Year Value Actual Value Value Actual Value Actual Value 41.45 % 1994 \$ 25,462,671 \$ 66,171,182 28,823,025 69,531,537 1995 41.39 25,796,030 67.107.259 29.172.981 70,484,210 1996 26,057,529 42.13 66,677,402 29,575,004 70,194,878 1997 26,603,652 68,284,529 30,392,876 72,073,752 42.17 1998 42.40 27,274,641 69,295,328 30,929,092 72,949,779 1999 42.09 27,906,080 71,480,738 31,664,627 75,239,284 2000 78,786,706 41.32 28,674,554 74,907,403 32,553,857 2001 29.649.013 79.021.889 33,726,861 83,099,737 40.59 2002 (2) 77,574,948 84,229.042 81,776,292 88,440,386 92.46 2003 88.71 82,407,338 93,432,356 86,635,192 97,660,210

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY

Assessed Value Real Property Total (1) To Total Assessed Estimated Fiscal Assessed Estimated Estimated Year Actual Value Actual Value Value Actual Value Value 1994 13,501,439 \$ 34,929,206 15,829,304 37.257.071 42.49 % 1995 43.11 13,961,904 35.575.591 16,381,236 37,994,922 1996 44.01 35,404,010 16,678,956 37.894,021 14.188.944 1997 14.319.088 35.827.507 16,991,422 38,499,841 44.13 1998 44.15 14,393,723 36,104,232 17,159,141 38,869,650 1999 36,423,659 39,319,204 44.57 14,630,433 17,525,979 2000 14,869,426 37,244,023 17,891,768 40,266,365 44.43 2001 15,173,826 38,267,541 18,182,904 41,276,619 44.05 2002 (2) 39,091,456 39,326,338 42,190,779 42,425,661 99.45 2003 96.16 40,794,370 42,546,271 43,832,133 45,584,034

Note:

- Total includes real property, business personal property, public utility operating property and domestic shares.
- (2) Beginning in Fiscal Year 2002 all real property in the State of Maryland is assessed at 100 percent of actual value. Previously the valuation was assessment at 40% of actual value.

110

TABLE T-7

County-wide

County-wide

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

M-NCPPC TAXES

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Fiscal Year		Administration	_0	Park perations			Park Maintenance A		1-	Total		Property Taxes thin County	_	Total
1994	\$	0.0620	\$	0.1260	\$	0.0200	\$	0.0030	\$	0.2110	\$	2.2260	\$	2.4370
1995		0.0650		0.1300		0.0200		0.0030		0.2180		2.2250		2.4730
1996		0.0610		0.1260		0.0200		0.0040		0.2110		2.2850		2.4960
1997		0.0630		0.1340		0.0200		0.0040		0.2210		2.2780		2.4990
1998		0.0610		0.1330		0.0200		0.0040		0.2180		2.2630		2.4810
1999		0.0610		0.1330		0.0200		0.0040		0.2180		2.2350		2.4530
2000		0.0620		0.1340		0.0200		0.0030		0.2190		2.1750		2.3940
2001		0.060		0.1400		0.0200		0.0030		0.2230		2.1670		2.3900
2002	(1)	0.024/0.059	0.05	78/0.1444	0.00	82/0.0206	0.00	10/0.0020		0.0910/0.2260	1	.001/1.977		1.0912/2.203
2003		0.023/0.058	0.05	51/0.1383	0.00	79/0.0197	0.00	10/0.0030		0.0870/0.2190	1	.125/1.988		1.2120/2.207

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY

Fiscal Year	-	Administration	Park inistration Operations Recrea			Recreation		Advance Land acquisition	_	Total	Property Taxes Total Within County			
1994	\$	0.1103	\$	0.3587	\$	0.1348	\$	0.0062	\$	0.6100	\$	2.7520	\$	3.3620
1995		0.1103		0.3587		0.1348		0.0062		0.6100		2.7580		3.3680
1996		0.1103		0.3587		0.1348		0.0062		0.6100		2.7630		3.3730
1997		0.1103		0.3534		0.1401		0.0062		0.6100		2.7360		3.3460
1998		0.1103		0.3534		0.1401		0.0062		0.6100		2.7410		3.3510
1999		0.1103		0.3534		0.1401		0.0062		0.6100		2.7360		3.3460
2000		0.1123		0.3534		0.1381		0.0062		0.6100		2.7340		3.3440
2001		0.1153		0.3534		0.1381		0.0032		0.6100		2.7330		3.3430
2002	(1)	0.0466/0.1165	0.14	120/0.3550	0.05	41/0.1353	0.00	13/0.0032		0.2440/0.6100	1.09	906/2.7277	1	.3346/3.3377
2003		0.0466/0.1165	0.14	120/0.3550	0.05	41/0.1353	0.00	13/0.0032	1	0.2440/0.6100	1.09	901/2.7253	1	.3341/3.3353

Note: Rates are

Rates are per \$100 of assessed valuation.

Beginning in Fiscal Year 2002 all real property in the State of Maryland is assessed at

100 percent of actual value. Previously the valuation was assessment at 40% of actual value.

Tax rates were adjusted so that change was revenue neutral.

Source:

Montgomery County and Prince George's County Governments.

⁽¹⁾ Rates shown are for Real/Personal.

TABLE T-8

Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt
To Assessed Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita
Last Ten Fiscal Years

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Year	Assessed Value (1)		_	Net Bonded Debt (2)	Ratio of Ne Bonded Debt Assessed Val	to	 et Bonded Debt Per Capita	
1994	804,000	\$	24,918,829	\$	24,220	0.1	0 %	\$ 30.12
1995	813,100		25,365,173		27,730	0.1	1	34.10
1996	822,800		25,640,317		26,970	0.1	1	32.78
1997	829,400		26,459,376		25,185	0.1	0	30.37
1998	842,900		27,052,214		23,585	0.0	9	27.98
1999	854,100		27,701,359		28,985	0.1	0	33.94
2000	869,500		28,408,647		27,125	0.1	0	31.20
2001	881,000		29,324,926		30,920	0.1	1	35.10
2002 (3)	892,000		71,060,080		28,700	0.0	4	32.17
2003	903,000		75,030,387		32,125	0.0	4	35.58

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY

Year	Year Population		_	Assessed Value (1)	Net Bonded Debt (2)	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value		1077	et Bonded Debt Per Capita
1994		744,066	\$	14,250,000	\$ 84,700	0.59	%	\$	113.83
1995		752,009		14,606,000	80,530	0.55			107.09
1996		758,510		14,978,000	78,460	0.52			103.44
1997		765,520		15,385,000	107,095	0.70			139.90
1998		770,786		15,839,475	122,815	0.78			159.34
1999		777,811		16,274,756	117,980	0.72			151.68
2000		804,021		16,634,701	112,635	0.68			140.09
2001		801,515		16,873,735	107,280	0.64			133.85
2002	(3)	819,796		39,068,577	119,620	0.31			145.91
2003		883,084		40,706,364	113,655	0.28			128.70

Notes: (1) Metropolitan District only - 000's omitted.

Source: Assessed Value and Population - Montgomery County and Prince George's County Governments.

⁽²⁾ Above figures for net bonded debt exclude indebtedness related to Advance Land Acquisition Acquisition, which is intended to be a revolving fund - 000's omitted.

⁽³⁾ Beginning in Fiscal Year 2002 all real property in the State of Maryland is assessed at 100% of actual value. Previously the valuation was assessment at 40% of actual value.

TABLE T-9

Computation of Legal Debt Margin Park Acquisition and Development Bonds As of June 30, 2003

Park Acquisition and Development Bonds Guaranteed by Montgomery County

	_	Real Property	_1	Personal Property	_	Total
Assessed Valuation - Metropolitan District for						
fiscal year ending June 30, 2003	\$	71,653,677,756	\$_	3,376,709,429	\$	75,030,387,185
Tax rate (cents) per each \$100 of assessed valuation		3.6		9.0		
Annual Revenue from mandatory park tax levied for each \$100 of assessed valuation		25,795,324	_	3,039,038	_	28,834,362
Legal Debt Margin -						
Revenue available from mandatory park tax over next thirty years	\$=	773,859,720	\$_	91,171,140	_	865,030,860
Debt service over next thirty years on \$32,125,000 bonds and notes issued and outstanding at June 30, 2003					-	43,472,000
Amount of tax available for debt service on future bonds				\$	_	821,558,860
	y Princ	Development Bonds e George's County 37,840,312,000	\$_	2,866,052,000	\$_	40,706,364,000
Tax rate (cents) per each \$100 of assessed valuation		4.0		10.0		
Annual Revenue from mandatory park tax levied for each \$100 of assessed valuation		15,136,125		2,866,052	_	18,002,177
Legal Debt Margin -						
Revenue available from mandatory park tax over next thirty years	\$	454,083,750	\$_	85,981,560	_	540,065,310
Debt service over next thirty years on \$113,655,000 bonds and notes issued and outstanding at June 30, 2003					_	147,391,000
Amount of tax available for debt service on future bonds					\$	392,674,310

Source: Montgomery County and Prince George's County Governments and The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission, Finance Department

TABLE T-10

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt

June 30, 2003

	_	Montgomery County		_	Prince George's County		_	Total Debt Outstanding
Direct Debt Outstanding	\$_	52,468,258		\$_	117,800,000		\$_	170,268,258
Overlapping Debt								
Montgomery County Debt		1,493,314,260	(1)		-			1,493,314,260
Prince George's County Debt					765,881,553	(1))	765,881,553
Washington Suburban Sanitary								
Commission Debt		982,620,956			499,054,385			1,481,675,341
Montgomery County Revenue								
Authority Debt		57,248,845			*			57,248,845
Prince George's County Industrial Authority								
Lease Revenue Bonds					42,320,193			42,320,193
Montgomery County Housing								
Opportunities Commission		660,826,260			-			660,826,260
Prince George's County State								
of Maryland Participation Loans					836,181			836,181
Total Overlapping Debt		3,194,010,321		_	1,308,092,312			4,502,102,633
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	-	3,246,478,579		_	1,425,892,312		-	4,672,370,891
Less Self-Supporting Debt								
M-NCPPC - Revenue Bonds		3,420,000			2			3,420,000
M-NCPPC - Revenue Notes		7,431,668						7,431,668
Montgomery County Debt		78,680,000						78,680,000
Prince George's County Debt					214,152,281			214,152,281
Washington Suburban Sanitary								
Commission Debt		982,620,956			499,054,385			1,481,675,341
Montgomery County Revenue								
Authority Debt		57,248,845						57,248,845
Prince George's County Industrial Authority								
Lease Revenue Bonds		-			5,905,000			5,905,000
Montgomery County Housing								
Opportunities Commission		660,826,260						660,826,260
Prince George's County State								
of Maryland Participation Loans	1			2.5	836,181			836,181
Total Self-Supporting Debt		1,790,227,729			719,947,847	_	- 0	2,510,175,576
Net Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$	1,456,250,850		\$_	705,944,465	P1	\$	2,162,195,315

Note: (1) Overlapping debt does not include the debt of towns, cities and villages aggregating \$58,482,990 in Montgomery County. Total is not available in Prince George's County.

Source: Montgomery County and Prince George's County Governments and Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission.

TABLE T-11

Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Year	Population	Per Capita Income (2)	Labor Force	Unemployment Rate	Registered Pupils	
1994	804,000	\$ 37,304	462,202	2.9 %		113,429
1995	813,100	38,552	463,112	2.9		117,082
1996	822,800	39,705	474,872	2.6		120,291
1997	829,400	40,342	466,500	2.6		122,505
1998	842,900	43,303	467,741	2.3	(3)	125,035
1999	854,100	45,402	476,812	1.8	(3)	127,852
2000	869,500	49,107	481,950	1.9	(3)	130,689
2001	881,000	50,919	490,178	2.3	(3)	134,180
2002	892,000	52,363	503,584	2.6	(3)	138,891
2003	903,000	54,013	505,270	2.7	(3)	140,861

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY

Year	Population (1)		Per Capita Income (2)	Labor Force	Unemployment Rate	Registered Pupils	
1994	744,066	\$	21,772	449,047	4.9	%	111,823
1995	752,009	Ψ	22,645	451,897	5.5	70	116,383
1996	758,510		25,554	459,235	5.1		119,951
1997	765,520		26,409	454,875	5.6		122,831
1998	770,786		27,518	443,686	4.8	(3)	125,637
1999	777,811		28,471	447,650	3.8	(3)	129,793
2000	801,515		30,340	452,598	4.5	(3)	128,501
2001	804,021		31,037	458,419	4.4	(3)	130,713
2002	816,796		n.a.	473,387	4.1	(3)	131,737
2003	883,084		n.a.	476,994	4.9	(3)	n.a.

Notes:

Source: Montgomery County and Prince George's County Governments.

⁽¹⁾ Population estimates are from the U. S. Census Bureau, State and County QuickFacts.

⁽²⁾ U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Regional Economics Measurement Division. The calendar per capita income figures are based on the month of December for each fiscal year. Data for Fiscal Years 2002 and 2003 are not currently available, although estimated for Montgomery County

⁽³⁾ Maryland Department of Labor, Licensing and Regulations. Represents yearly average figures.

TABLE T-12

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Obligation Bonded Debt to Total General Expenditures Last Ten Fiscal Years

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Fiscal Year					Total Debt Service		Total General Expenditures (1)	Ratio of Debt Service to General Expenditures	-	
1994	\$	2,330,000	\$	1,636,139	\$	3,966,139	\$	66,779,510	5.94	%
1995		1,970,000		1,926,774		3,896,774		71,490,267	5.45	
1996		2,260,000		1,930,963		4,190,963		72,410,180	5.79	
1997		2,370,000		1,787,569		4,157,569		81,925,168	5.07	
1998		1,905,000		1,676,695		3,581,695		80,278,186	4.46	
1999		1,905,000		1,704,211		3,609,211		80,746,444	4.47	
2000		2,165,000		1,758,089		3,923,089		91,300,376	4.30	
2001		2,235,000		1,744,583		3,979,583		104,719,634	3.80	
2002		2,645,000		1,769,734		4,414,734		97,970,370	4.51	
2003		2,630,000		1,640,666		4,270,666		93,742,819	4.56	
				PRINCE GE	ORGE'	S COUNTY				
									Ratio of	
						Total		Total	Debt Service	
Fiscal						Debt		General	to General	
Year	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Service	-	Expenditures (1)	Expenditures	-
1994	\$	5,065,000	\$	4,596,086	\$	9,661,086	\$	113,066,261	8.54	%
1995		4,615,000		5,206,174		9,821,174		123,382,881	7.96	
1996		5,040,000		4,892,298		9,932,298		114,052,704	8.71	
1997		4,685,000		4,303,838		8,988,838		118,806,646	7.57	
1998		5,480,000		6,294,373		11,774,373		127,205,136	9.26	
1999		5,070,000		6,281,752		11,351,752		152,205,437	7,46	1
2000		5,580,000		6,383,221		11,963,221		136,691,612	8.75	,
2001		5,590,000		6,050,074		11,640,074		142,126,997	8.19	
2002		6,695,000		6,306,713		13,001,713		146,179,086	8.89	,
2003		28,705,000	(3)	4,998,267		33,703,267		167,760,457	20.09	(3)

Note:

Source:

The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission, Finance Department

Total general expenditures includes General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects, Debt Service and Enterprise Funds.

⁽²⁾ Includes the refinancing of X-2 Series for \$21,000,000.

TABLE T-13

35,828

36,104

36,424

37,244

38,268

39,326

42,546

Property Value, Construction, and Bank Deposits Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars in Millions)

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Fiscal Year	Total Number of Building Permits	Residential Construction Value (1)	Commercial Construction Value (1)	Bank Deposits	Total Estimated Real Property Value
1994	11,769	\$ 468	\$ 100	\$ 7,866	\$ 66,171
1995	13,500	583	70	7,710	67,107
1996	12,677	765	116	7,994	66,677
1997	13,837	726	183	7,973	68,285
1998	14,162	743	331	8,376	69,295
1999	15,130	787	287	8,967	71,481
2000	20,205	843	234	9,351	74,907
2001	14,599	879	276	10,646	79,022
2002	15,696	896	521	11,624	84,229
2003	15,969	1,024	427	na	93,432
		PRINCE GE	ORGE'S COUNTY		
Fiscal Year	Residential Building Permits Issued	Residential Construction Value (2)	Commercial Construction Value (2)	Bank Deposits	Total Estimated Real Property Value
1994	3,864	\$ 291	\$ 102	\$ 4,016	\$ 34,929
1995	3,604	299	98	3,941	35,576
1996	3,205	276	417	3,929	35,404

168

190

286

156

424

n.a.

n.a.

3,854

3,873

4,260

4,250

4,442

n.a

n.a

lotes:

1997

1998

1999

2000

2001

2002

2003

(1) Estimated market value of new construction added to the real property tax base.

257

318

291

250

166

n.a.

n.a.

(2) Estimated value of new construction on building permits.

2,815

3,430

2,582

2,219

1,584

n.a

n.a

Source:

Montgomery County and Prince George's County Governments.

TABLE T-14

Principal Taxpayers

June 30, 2003

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Taxpayer		Total Assessment	of Total Assessed Valuation			Real Property	_	Other Property
Potomac Electric Power Company	\$	831,750,280	0.96	%	\$	6,282,220	\$	825,468,060
Verizon/Bell Atlantic		704,318,184	0.81			27,221,510		677,096,674
Montgomery Mall		221,842,146	0.26			221,541,566		300,580
Mirant Mid-Atlantic LLC		210,666,756	0.24			69,671,466		140,995,290
Washington Gas Light Company		186,819,170	0.22			-		186,819,170
7501 Wisconsin Ave. LLC		155,000,000	0.18			155,000,000		-
Bryant F. Foulger, Trustee		150,827,832	0.17			150,827,832		+
Camalier, Anne D et al, Trustee		139,303,652	0.16			139,303,652		
Democracy Associates		132,000,000	0.15			132,000,000		
Marbeth Partnership		129,350,000	0.15			129,350,000		-
Total	\$_	2,861,878,020	3.30	%	\$.	1,031,198,246	\$ _	1,830,679,774
Total Assessable Base	\$_	86,635,192,231	100.00	%				

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY

			Percentage of Total	9				
Taxpayer		Total Assessment				Real Property		Other Property
Taxpayor	-	riododdinoni	Valuation	c	Property and a second	Troporty	_	rioporty
Mirant Chalk Point LLC	\$	471,882,953	1.08	%	\$	145,332,233	\$	326,550,720
Potomac Electric Power Company		470,354,510	1.07			3,216,930		467,137,580
Verizon Maryland		434,806,270	0.99			*		434,806,270
JKC Stadium		208,004,000	0.47			208,004,000		
Washington Gas Light Company		161,666,738	0.37			2,917,568		158,749,170
Baltimore Gas & Electric Company		101,059,340	0.23			3,300		101,056,040
Safeway Stores		100,465,063	0.23			87,241,763		13,223,300
Summerfield Housing LTD Partnership		99,274,000	0.23			99,274,000		-
Greenbelt Homes, Incorporated		85,549,134	0.20			85,549,134		-
Digex Incorp		75,100,790	0.17		- 2	-		75,100,790
Total	\$_	2,208,162,798	5.04	%	\$_	631,538,928	\$ _	1,576,623,870
Total Assessable Base	\$_	43,832,133,344	100.00	%				

Source: Montgomery County and Prince George's County Governments.

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE IN FORCE AS OF JUNE 30, 2003

	POLICY/BOND	POLICY/BOND PE				INUAL
IYPE OF COVERAGE AND NAME OF COMPANY Self Insured in Conjunction with Viontgomery County Self Insurance Fund: o Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability	NUMBER	FROM T	0	COVERAGE Maryland State and \$100,000 Employer's Liability; Special Police Capital Centre; \$50,000 accident, \$500,000 disease	PR	EMIUM
Comprehensive General and Auto Liability Public Official Liability Police Professional Liability Automobile Physical Damage	N/A	7/1/1978				
o Excess Liability Commonwealth Ins. Co.	CEC-10007	10/15/01	10/15/02	\$5Million excess over \$3 Million	\$	40,470
Insured in Conjunction with Montgomery County Salf Insurance Fund: o Exhibition Floater Travelers Indemnity Co.	TJCMB225T952693	07/01/02	07/01/03	\$250,000 all risk on display \$20,000, (blanket aggregate); \$10,000 any one item, \$250 deductible; \$25,000 any one conveyance	\$	850
				Actual cash value, broad form coverage per scheduled listing with \$5,000 S.I.R. per occurrence		
o All Risk Real and Personal Property Boiler and Machinery FM Global	LP 395	07/01/02	07/01/03	\$500,000,000 loss limit \$250,000 deductible per occurrence Includes Data, Programs and Software, Flood and Earthquake. The B&M has a \$50,000 deductible. Actual cash value, broad form coverage per scheduled listing.	S	101,430
Insurance purchased directly by the Commission: o Airport Liability including Products, Hangar Keeper's and Nonowned Aircraft Associated Aviation Underwriters	ALI 607100	01/18/03	01/18/04	\$10,000,000 per occurrence; \$10,000,000 per completed operations \$2,000,000 Personal & Advertising Injury Aggregate Limit; \$500,000 Hangarskeepers' each loss limit \$500,000 Hangarskeepers' each aircraft limit	\$	75,175
o Public Employees Blanket Bond Old Republic Surety Fidelity Bond	EPE/EPX-1139338	07/01/02	07/01/03	\$100,000	\$	4,910
o Public Official Bond (Secretary-Treasurer) Fidelity and Deposit Company	0596 14 77B	07/01/02	07/01/05	\$500,000	\$	1,800
o Public Official Bond (Executive Director) Fidelity and Deposit Company	3066 59 36	08/14/02	08/14/03	\$50,000	\$	175
Depositors Forgery Bond Fidelity and Deposit Company	CCP 0001730 03	07/01/02	07/01/05	\$50,000	s	442
o CSLP Baysox Club, LLC (Bowle Stadium) Gulf Insurance Group	CLP0461880 BA5737062	04/01/03	04/01/04	\$500,000 Building Contents \$6,500,000 Building \$2,000,000 General Liability \$1,000,000 Automobile Liability Auto Physical Damage: \$500 Collision deductible	S	44,239
				\$100 Comprehensive deductible \$100,000 Garage Keepers Liability: \$250 deductible		
o College Park Aviation Museum CGU Commercial Lines Policy	CPR651437	11/05/02	11/05/03	\$300,000 Berliner Helicopter \$310,000 1917 Curtis Jenny Plane	S	5,351
Miscellaneous Bonds purchased directly by the Con o License and Permit Bond Peerless Insurance Company	nmission 18896677	03/31/03	03/31/04	\$5,000 Driveway Entrance 6724 Needwood Rd., Rockville	s	100
 Acceleration & Deceleration Bond Peerless Insurance Company 	18896679	04/08/03	04/08/04	\$12,500 6724 Needwood Road	s	125
o Driveway Permit Bond	ELI1138391	02/26/03	02/26/04	\$3,500 6710 Needwood Road	s.	275,167

Source: The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission, Department of Human Resources and Management

SUPPLEMENTAL ENTERPRISE INFORMATION

Table T-16

Condensed Schedule of Revenues and Expenses For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Recreational Facilities

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

	Centers		 Golf Courses		lice Rinks	_	Indoor Tennis	Park Facilities	 Totals
Operating Revenues	\$	366,179	\$ 5,597,998	S	4,068,197	\$	1,096,707	\$ 1,556,569	\$ 12,685,650
Operating Expenses Before Depreciation		484,660	6,159,226		3,587,393		757,368	1,274,058	12,262,705
Operating Income (Loss)									
Before Depreciation		(118,481)	(561,228)		480,804		339,339	282,511	422,945
Depreciation		35,101	673,417		710,791		55,273	117,498	1,592,080
Operating Income (Loss)		(153,582)	(1,234,645)		(229,987)	_	284,066	165,013	(1,169,135)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			(220,236)		(454,378)		56,260	35,540	(582,814)
Transfer of General Government Land		-	-					-	-
Operating Transfers In (Out)		80,260	54,291		22,859		4,268	(154,746)	6,932
Net Income (Loss)	\$	(73,322)	\$ (1,400,590)	\$	(661,506)	\$	344,594	\$ 45,807	\$ (1,745,017)

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY

		Airport	Equestrian Center/ Multipurpose Arena	_	Golf Courses	_	Ice Rinks	_	Regional Parks	_	Trap and Skeet Center	Sports and Learning Complex		Bladensburg Marina	-	Totals
Operating Revenues	\$	124,687 \$	1,240,700	\$	2,077,919	\$	246,782	\$	270,905	\$	1,081,788	\$ 1,985,901	\$	25,527	\$	7,054,209
Operating Expenses Before Depreciation Operating Income (Loss)	-	187,644	2,598,118	_	2,393,940	-	441,826	-	257,012	-	1,170,951	4,244,074	-	239,050	_	11,532,615
Before Depreciation		(62,957)	(1,357,418)		(316,021)		(195,044)		13,893		(89, 163)	(2,258,173)		(213,523)		(4,478,406)
Depreciation		118,106	596,124		118,674		91,317		74,696		11,033	1,118,309		52,980		2,181,239
Operating Income (Loss)		(181,063)	(1,953,542)		(434,695)		(286,361)		(60,803)		(100,196)	(3,376,482)		(266,503)		(6,659,645)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		-	-		808		-		2,056			19,587		9,767		32,218
Operating Transfers In (Out)		166,761	1,413,547		340,604		73,998		85,793		35,219	2,220,037		312,055		4,648,014
Net Income (Loss)	\$	(14,302) \$	(539,995)	\$	(93,283)	\$_	(212,363)	\$	27,046	\$	(64,977)	\$ (1,136,858)	\$	55,319	\$_	(1,979,413)



2001 M Street NW Washington, DC 20036

Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

To The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission:

We have audited the financial statements of The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission (the Commission) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, and have issued our report thereon dated September 12, 2003. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commission's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Commission's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

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KPMG

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Commissioners, management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KPMG LEP

September 12, 2003

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The following individuals contributed to the preparation of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report:

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Cover:

The Bladensburg Waterfront Park forms the centerpiece of community revitalization in the "Port Towns" of Bladensburg, Cottage City, and Colmar Manor, and highlights major efforts to restore the Anacostia River. Built with a combination of Commission, County, State and federal funds, the park features a visitors' center, playground, boat launching ramp, and canoe/kayak storage facility, as well as historic theme exhibits and fishing piers. Canoes and kayaks are available for rental, and canoe and pontoon boat tours are conducted by park naturalists. A variety of nature conservation and recreational activities and classes are offered for patrons of all ages.

Page 9:

The Rollingcrest-Chillum indoor splash pool is a unique attraction featuring water slides, four levels of swimming, a lap pool, and classes and instruction for patrons of all ages . . . Volunteers and staff provide excellent customer service at Brookside Gardens Visitors Center Information Desk . . . People of all abilities enjoy the tranquil settings and accessible paths at picturesque Brookside Gardens . . . Birds-I-View is a public art project that celebrates area artists, forges partnerships with businesses and the community, and benefits youth art programs by bringing 74 creatively designed bird sculptures to the people of Prince George's County . . . Historic Woodlawn Manor Park in Sandy Spring includes several cabins and outbuildings, landmarks on the Underground Railroad . . . The Prince George's Sports and Learning Complex has emerged as one of the top venues for indoor track meets on the East Coast . . . The Sports/Permits Division administers a diversified program of countywide sports through a Boys and Girls Club program . . . Some young visitors to Wheaton Regional Park play the water fountain game.

Photo Credits:

Steve Abramowitz (Prince George's County): Cover and pages 9, 20, 92, and 100. Francine Bethea (Montgomery County): pages 1, 9, 88, 96, and 104.

