

HO-786, Anderson Post Office and Dwelling
6480 Anderson Avenue, Hanover
ca. 1873
Private

The interesting dwelling at 6480 Anderson Avenue in Hanover is one of a dwindling number of mid-late 19th century dwellings along Anderson Avenue and Railroad Street next to the railroad and the county line. This particular two-story frame structure faces south towards the railroad on an unusually shaped lot sandwiched between Anderson Avenue and what used to be Railroad Street (now a private drive). Anderson Avenue makes a 90 degree turn from west to north in front of the house and traffic traveling west on Anderson from Hanover Road has a commanding view of the front façade. The three-bay, double pile frame dwelling has a front gabled roof and a single story shed roofed addition on the rear. Stylistically, the house exhibits transitional Greek Revival and Italianate elements and was probably constructed ca. 1873. There are no other buildings currently standing on the lot.

This building is significant under criteria A and C in the areas of architecture and commerce. The building is one of a quickly dwindling small number of buildings remaining from the original settlement of Anderson. The building is an important example of a gable-front Greek Revival/Italianate transitional structure with many original elements intact. Additionally, its physical connection with the Anderson Post Office and its use as a store during the late 19th century associates it with the development of one of the many small communities that dotted the Howard County landscape during the late 19th century and have now all but disappeared.

Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. HO-786

1. Name of Property (indicate preferred name)

historic Anderson Post Office and Dwelling
 other Cugle House

2. Location

street and number 6480 Anderson Avenue not for publication
 city, town Hanover, Maryland vicinity
 county Howard

3. Owner of Property (give names and mailing addresses of all owners)

name Clement H. Cugle and wife
 street and number 6480 Anderson Avenue telephone
 city, town Hanover state MD zip code 21076

4. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Howard County Courthouse tax map and parcel: Map 38, P 649
 city, town Ellicott City liber 262 folio 125

5. Primary Location of Additional Data

- Contributing Resource in National Register District
- Contributing Resource in Local Historic District
- Determined Eligible for the National Register/Maryland Register
- Determined Ineligible for the National Register/Maryland Register
- Recorded by HABS/HAER
- Historic Structure Report or Research Report
- Other

6. Classification

Category		Ownership		Current Function		Resource Count	
						Contributing	Noncontributing
<input type="checkbox"/>	district	<input type="checkbox"/>	public	<input type="checkbox"/>	agriculture		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	building(s)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	private	<input type="checkbox"/>	landscape	<u>1</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	structure	<input type="checkbox"/>	both	<input type="checkbox"/>	commerce/trade		<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	site			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	defense		<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	object			<input type="checkbox"/>	domestic		<input type="checkbox"/>
				<input type="checkbox"/>	education		<input type="checkbox"/>
				<input type="checkbox"/>	funerary	<u>1</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>
				<input type="checkbox"/>	government		<input type="checkbox"/>
				<input type="checkbox"/>	health care		<input type="checkbox"/>
				<input type="checkbox"/>	industry		<input type="checkbox"/>
				<input type="checkbox"/>	other:		<input type="checkbox"/>
				<input type="checkbox"/>	recreation/culture		<input type="checkbox"/>
				<input type="checkbox"/>	religion		<input type="checkbox"/>
				<input type="checkbox"/>	social		<input type="checkbox"/>
				<input type="checkbox"/>	transportation		<input type="checkbox"/>
				<input type="checkbox"/>	work in progress		<input type="checkbox"/>
				<input type="checkbox"/>	unknown		<input type="checkbox"/>
				<input type="checkbox"/>	vacant/not in use		<input type="checkbox"/>
				<input type="checkbox"/>	other:		<input type="checkbox"/>
						Number of Contributing Resources previously listed in the Inventory	
						<u>0</u>	

7. Description

Inventory No. HO-786

Condition

<input type="checkbox"/> excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> deteriorated
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> good	<input type="checkbox"/> ruins
<input type="checkbox"/> fair	<input type="checkbox"/> altered

Prepare both a one paragraph summary and a comprehensive description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

The interesting dwelling at 6480 Anderson Avenue in Hanover is one of a dwindling number of mid-late 19th century dwellings along Anderson Avenue and Railroad Street next to the railroad and the county line. This particular two-story frame structure faces south towards the railroad on an unusually shaped lot sandwiched between Anderson Avenue and what used to be Railroad Street (now a private drive). Anderson Avenue makes a 90 degree from west to north in front of the house and traffic traveling west on Anderson from Hanover Road has a commanding view of the front façade. The three-bay, double pile frame dwelling has a front gabled roof and a single story shed roofed addition on the rear. Stylistically, the house exhibits transitional Greek Revival and Italianate elements and was probably constructed ca. 1873. There are no other buildings currently standing on the lot.

The front (south) façade of the building is three bays wide with a central entry on the first floor topped by a three-light transom and flanked by narrow sidelights. The existing front door is a mid-20th century replacement. There are two large 6/6 windows on the first floor, one on either side of the door. The lights in these windows are very big – close to 12" x 12". On the second floor, three windows are vertically aligned above the first floor openings. These windows are 4/4 and have a tall, elongated shape showing an Italianate influence. The gable has cornice returns and a wide eave overhang. Located in the gable is a four-light fanlight. The entire structure is covered with asbestos siding and the eaves and cornice returns have been covered in vinyl. The roof is covered with asphalt shingles while the foundation, which is probably stone, has been entirely covered with the asbestos siding.

The east façade of the house displays a surprising lack of symmetry compared to the front of the building. On the first floor, there is one 6/9 window located very close to the front of the house. There is a wide blank space behind this window and then, located on the back half of the house, there is a wood four panel door with a three light transom and then two 6/9 windows. On the second floor, there is one 4/4 window located very close to the front of the building but not vertically aligned above the window below. Again there is a wide blank space and then there is a 6/6 window vertically aligned above the door on the first floor. The next bay is blank and another 6/6 window vertically aligned above the rear-most 6/9 window on the first floor completes the façade. Like the front of the building, this façade is covered with asbestos siding and the wide unadorned eave overhang is clad in vinyl. The window casings are narrow and simple with a bead around the inside edge. Unlike the 6/6 windows on the front of the building, the 6/6 and 6/9 windows on this facade are not oversized and the individual lights probably measure closer to 8" x 10". They are also not elongated like the 4/4 windows, and have a size and shape more consistent with the first half of the 19th century.

The west façade of the building is also a surprise – it is almost completely blank. There is only one small 6-light casement window located approximately in the center of the second story. An exterior brick stovepipe chimney is located near the front of the house.

The north (rear) façade of the two-story section of the building has two windows on the second story, both located close together on the right (west) half of the façade. Both of these windows are 6/6 and appear to be the same size but they are not horizontally aligned and one window is slightly higher than the other. Like the front of the building, this façade has cornice returns but there is no window or vent located in the gable. A one story shed roofed wing extends from this façade, nearly covering the entire first story.

The rear wing has a shed roof which slants down from west to east and therefore presents what looks like half a gable end on its rear (north) façade. The wing is two bays wide with a door and a window (2/2) on the north façade, and four bays deep with four 2/2 windows on the east façade. The west façade holds two 2/2 windows and a small vinyl replacement window. One interior brick chimney is located towards the rear of the wing. Like the main part of the house, the wing is covered with asbestos siding and has an asphalt shingle roof.

The interior of the structure was only accessed briefly and some key elements have been altered. The floor plan of the first floor of the main part of the house currently consists of two large rooms separated by a narrow hall. The rear wing also has two rooms – a kitchen and a large utility room, part of which is now a bathroom. The front door enters into the large living room. This room has modern crown molding and no fireplace or stove related to the chimney visible on the exterior so it has obviously been altered to some extent. According to the current resident, when her family moved in 48 years ago, what is now a tall rectangular knick-knack shelf in the middle of the west wall was a series of post office boxes/cubbies that was also accessible from the small post office building that was attached to this dwelling's west wall. The resident believes that at least the front room of the first floor

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was used as a store during the late 19th and early 20th centuries. A narrow hall separates what is now the living room from the rear room. The four panel door on the east façade of the building opens into this hall. The rear room, now the dining room, has very simple door and window trim with a narrow bead around the interior edge much like the exterior window trim. On the west wall of this room, there is a board and batten door that leads to an enclosed winder stair to the second floor. Another tall rectangular knick-knack shelf has been made out of what was a small closet below the stair. The kitchen and utility room in the rear wing have been pretty heavily modernized and no stove or fireplace is visible that relates to the chimney visible outside. All of the floors in both the original section and the rear wing have either been carpeted or covered with linoleum. The resident would not grant access to the second floor, the attic, or the basement/cellar (there is an exterior bulkhead access on the south façade).

8. Significance

Inventory No. HO-786

Period	Areas of Significance	Check and justify below		
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> economics	<input type="checkbox"/> health/medicine	<input type="checkbox"/> performing arts
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology	<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> philosophy
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> engineering	<input type="checkbox"/> invention	<input type="checkbox"/> politics/government
<input type="checkbox"/> 1900-1999	<input type="checkbox"/> art	<input type="checkbox"/> entertainment/ recreation	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> religion
<input type="checkbox"/> 2000-	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> ethnic heritage	<input type="checkbox"/> law	<input type="checkbox"/> science
	<input type="checkbox"/> communications	<input type="checkbox"/> exploration/ settlement	<input type="checkbox"/> literature	<input type="checkbox"/> social history
	<input type="checkbox"/> community planning		<input type="checkbox"/> maritime industry	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
	<input type="checkbox"/> conservation		<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input type="checkbox"/> other:

Specific dates ca. 1873

Architect/Builder

Construction dates ca. 1873

Evaluation for:

National Register

Maryland Register

not evaluated

Prepare a one-paragraph summary statement of significance addressing applicable criteria, followed by a narrative discussion of the history of the resource and its context. (For compliance reports, complete evaluation on a DOE Form - see manual.)

This building is significant under criteria A and C in the areas of architecture and commerce. The building is one of a quickly dwindling small number of buildings remaining from the original settlement of Anderson. The building is an important example of a gable-front Greek Revival/Italianate transitional structure with many original elements intact. Additionally, its physical connection with the Anderson Post Office and its use as a store during the late 19th century associates it with the development of one of the many small communities that dotted the Howard County landscape during the late 19th century and have now all but disappeared.

The town of Anderson, or Hanover as it came to be known, was laid out along five streets and platted in 1893 (see Liber 60, Folio 303, also attached). Ephriam Anderson bought the land for the town then sold or leased lots to individuals during the 1870's. Today, there is not much of a town to speak of. Modern suburban development has taken over the area and the number of historic buildings dating to the formation of the original town is quickly shrinking. There are currently no commercial buildings in what used to be the heart of town and residents report that the historic buildings are being demolished at an alarming rate to make way for more housing developments. The current resident and owner of 6480 Anderson Avenue, a very elderly lady, does not know a lot about the house's early years but can relate several interesting items. She reports that when she and her husband bought the house 48 years ago, there was no indoor plumbing and no source of heat. Water was retrieved from a well (now filled in and not evident) and an outhouse was in use (also no longer standing). She reports that at one time (probably during the late 19th century) the living room of the house was used as a store associated with the small post office building that was attached to the west wall of the house. A pass through of cubbies or mail boxes connected the two structures. It is unclear when this post office building was demolished but the post office and store were not in operation when she bought the building. When she bought the house, it was used as a multi-family dwelling. She relates that 48 years ago the house across the street (which is also probably one of the remaining original structures of the community but which has been heavily altered) was a store and gas station and that the house on the corner of Hanover Road and Anderson Avenue was also a store.

Architecturally, with only stylistic evidence and no building technology to go on, the physical development of the building is difficult to determine. The elongated 4/4 windows, wide eave overhang, and gable front orientation indicate an Italianate influence and post-Civil War date. The cartographic evidence also seems to indicate that a structure was constructed on this spot between 1860 and 1878. It is possible, however, that part of the dwelling was constructed even earlier. The existing rear portion of the main block of the house which has the door and 6/9 windows on the east wall may have already been standing when the front section with the Italianate elements was added and the orientation was changed. It is possible that this addition may have been made with the express purpose of establishing a store in the front room and the post office building constructed on the west wall at the same time. The 6/9 and 6/6 windows on the east and north façades of the house have an earlier, less elongated shape than those found on the south façade. But it is also possible that the entire building was constructed at the same time around 1870 to be used as both a dwelling and a store necessitating the two entrances – one on the south façade for the store and one on the east façade for the family. The building's gable-front orientation and decorative elements including the fanlight in the gable, the cornice returns, and formal, symmetrical façade are unique among the remaining buildings from the original settlement of Anderson. The building's

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simultaneous use as both a commercial structure and a dwelling would have been typical in such a small community and the structure is an important focal point and reminder of the early small town development that took place in this part of the county. There is no structure shown in this location on the 1860 Martenet map but the 1878 Hopkins map does show a structure at the spot where the road turns 90 degrees beside the railroad tracks. The name A.B. Spicer is written in close proximity to this structure and the one to the north of it. A small community consisting of around 9 or 10 houses is shown around the Hanover Road, Anderson Avenue, railroad area. The phrase 'Anderson P.O' is written across this area of the map and directly below it is written 'Hanover.' Deed research shows that this lot was part of a large parcel of land known as Timber Neck in the mid-19th century. In 1861, Walter Berry and wife sold that tract, along with three others, to Horatio Berry. In 1865, Horatio Berry sold four acres of Timber Neck (which is described as "being so much of said tract called Timber Neck as lies north of the Rail Road west of the lot of Jacob Kraff and south east of said Sanborn") to David Sanborn "together with the buildings and improvements thereupon erected" for \$500. Five years later in 1870, David Sanborn and his wife sold the same 4 acres to Ephriam Anderson. Anderson then laid out a small community on the site clustered around at least three new roads that he called Anderson Avenue, Railroad Street and Mound Street. He then leased the lots to various individuals. A "Plat of the Village of Anderson now Hanoverville" was recorded in 1893 and shows the layout of the roads and the lot numbers at that time. In 1872, Anderson leased the lot containing 6480 Anderson Avenue to Adolphus Spicer for 99 years. The lot measured 150 ft on all four sides and occupied the northwest corner of Anderson Avenue and Railroad Street. According to the lease, Spicer was supposed to pay Anderson \$36 a year for the property, or he could pay \$600 to buy it outright at any time. Four years later, Spicer transferred the lease on the same lot to Matilda Young for an outright price of \$2500 in addition to a continued annual payment of \$36 to Anderson. Shortly thereafter, in 1876, Young transferred the property to Samuel Dashiell for an outright payment of \$1600 and the continued payment of the rent. With a price of \$500 for 4 acres in 1865 and the mention of buildings erected on the lot, it seems likely that at least one building, possibly more, was standing when Horatio Berry sold the property to David Sanborn. Which building that was is unclear. It is possible that the building now located at 6611 Railroad Street was standing at that time (see HO-787), and it is possible that the rear of the two story portion of 6480 Anderson was also standing. It does seem likely that there was at least one structure on the 150 foot square lot that Anderson leased to Spicer in 1872 since the deed mentions improvements and the price for outright purchase (\$600) was relatively high compared to the \$500 that Anderson paid Sanborn for the entire 4 acre tract (although since it was a lease with option to purchase the outright purchase price was probably inflated). The yearly rent of \$36 was also three times as high as the yearly \$12 rent for the lot immediately to the west (see HO-787). It does seem certain, however, that between 1872 when Spicer leased the property from Anderson and 1876 when he assigned to lease to Young some major building construction occurred. The fact that Young paid Spicer \$2500 outright and Spicer paid nothing outright when he leased it from Anderson, indicates that Spicer had made major improvements to the property at his expense. It seems very likely that at least the front of the two-story section of 6480, and perhaps the whole thing, along with the attached post office, was built during this four-year period. When Young assigned the lease to Dashiell six months later, the outright payment had decreased to \$1600 indicating that Young did not make any improvements to the property and for some reason, the value of the property had decreased drastically even though the lot size had remained the same. The price continued to decrease through the beginning of the 20th century. A date of ca. 1873 is therefore assigned to this building since it seems certain that at least part of it and the now demolished post office building were constructed right around that time. A more intensive interior investigation might be able to determine whether the building was constructed all at one time or in sections and, should the property be sold for development as much of the property in the immediate area is, this building should be investigated before it is demolished.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Inventory No. HO-786

See continuation sheet.

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of surveyed property 0.5
Acreage of historical setting approx. 0.5
Quadrangle name Relay Quadrangle scale 1:24,000

Verbal boundary description and justification

Tax map 38, parcel 649. Lots 13, 14, and 15 on the plat of Anderson/Hanoverville (see attached).

11. Form Prepared By

name/title	Kristin Hill, Historic Sites Surveyor		
organization	Howard County Department of Planning and Zoning	date	7/2/03
street and number	3430 Court House Drive	telephone	410-313-4335
city or town	Ellicott City	state MD	zip code 21043

The Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to: Maryland Historical Trust
DHCD/DHCP
100 Community Place
Crownsville MD 21032
410-514-7600

**Maryland Historical Trust
Maryland Inventory of
Historic Properties Form**

Inventory No. HO-786

Name Anderson Post Office and Dwelling

Continuation Sheet

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Interview with Mrs. Mary Anna Cugle, June 30, 2003.

Howard County Land Records, see attached chain of title for specific deeds.

HC 786
 Anderson Post Office and Dwelling
 6480 Anderson Avenue
 Hanover, Maryland
 Howard County

CHAIN OF TITLE

GRANTOR	HOME COUNTY	GRANTEE	HOME COUNTY	DATE	LIBER	FOLIO	TRANSACTION	COMMENTS
C. Orman Manahan, trustee		Clement H. Cugle and Mary Anna Cugle		October 30, 1954	262	125	Deed	Property was involved in a court case the outcome of which named C. Orman Manahan trustee. Purchase price was \$5800. The deed indicates the property consists of lots 13, 14, and 15 on the plat of the "Village of Anderson" recorded in the Land Records, Liber 60, Folio 303.
Trail disappears here								
Johnson P. Wilson	Baltimore City	Ann Reynolds	Anne Arundel	November 21, 1903	78	26	Deed	Purchase price is \$300. In the "village of Hanover." Same 150 ft square parcel transferred below, yearly rent is still \$36.
Annie Medinger, Administrator of the Estate of John Barron	Baltimore City	Johnson P. Wilson	Howard County	August 17, 1898	69	54	Deed	Sold at public auction for \$250. Same 150 ft. square parcel transferred below, yearly rent is still \$36 "paid to whomsoever the same may be payable."

HO-786

HC 186
 Anderson Post Office and Dwelling
 6480 Anderson Avenue
 Hanover, Maryland
 Howard County

CHAIN OF TITLE

GRANTOR	HOME COUNTY	GRANTEE	HOME COUNTY	DATE	LIBER	FOLIO	TRANSACTION	COMMENTS
Samuel K. Dashiell	Howard	John Barron	Baltimore City	June 4, 1880	42	237	Deed	Purchase price is \$1000, same 150 ft. square parcel transferred below, "together with the improvements," still subject to \$36 yearly rent.
Matilda Young and husband	Baltimore City	Samuel K. Dashiell	Howard	August 17, 1876	37	45	Assignment	Purchase price is \$1600, "in the village of Hanover," same 150 ft. square parcel transferred below, "together with the buildings", subject to an annual rent of \$36.
Adolphus B. Spicer	Howard	Matilda Young	Baltimore City	February 16, 1876	36	135	Assignment	Purchase price is \$2500 paid to A.B. Spicer, same 150 ft. square parcel transferred from Anderson to Spicer, "together with the buildings," subject to yearly rent of \$36.

110-786

HC 186
 Anderson Post Office and Dwelling
 6480 Anderson Avenue
 Hanover, Maryland
 Howard County

CHAIN OF TITLE

GRANTOR	HOME COUNTY	GRANTEE	HOME COUNTY	DATE	LIBER	FOLIO	TRANSACTION	COMMENTS
Ephriam Anderson	Howard	Adolphus B. Spicer	Baltimore City	September 5, 1872	32	180	Lease	<p>"in the village of Hanover," begins at northwest corner of Anderson Avenue and Railroad Street, runs 150 feet north up the west side of Anderson Ave, turns west and runs 150 feet parallel to Railroad Street, turns and runs south 150 feet to intersect Railroad Street and runs back 150 feet along the north side of Railroad Street to the beginning. "Together with all improvements." Part of a parcel conveyed by David Sanborn to Anderson. 99 year lease with \$36 yearly rent payable in equal installments in January and July. At any time payment of \$600 by Spicer to Anderson purchases the property outright.</p>

NO-786

Hc 186
 Anderson Post Office and Dwelling
 6480 Anderson Avenue
 Hanover, Maryland
 Howard County

CHAIN OF TITLE

GRANTOR	HOME COUNTY	GRANTEE	HOME COUNTY	DATE	LIBER	FOLIO	TRANSACTION	COMMENTS
David M. Sanborn and Amanda Sanborn, his wife	Howard	Ephriam Anderson	Baltimore City	October 17, 1870	30	431	Deed	Purchase price of \$500, part of the parcel conveyed by Walter Berry to Horatio Berry, containing 4 acres, "Being so much of said tract called 'Timber Neck' as lies north of the rail road west of the lot of Jacob Kraff and south east of said Sanborn." Same land conveyed by Horatio Berry to Sanborn in 1865. "Together with the improvements thereon."
Horatio E. Berry and Martha L. Berry, wife	Georgetown, DC	David M. Sanborn	Baltimore City	December 16, 1865	24	543	Deed	Purchase price of \$500, part of the parcel conveyed from Walter Berry to Horatio Berry, containing four acres, part of Timber Neck tract, "together with the buildings and improvements thereupon erected."
Walter W. Berry and Caroline L. Berry, wife	Baltimore City	Horatio E. Berry	Georgetown, DC	March 20, 1861	21	318	Deed	Four parcels in Howard County called Timberneck, Pole Cat Glade, Dorseys Hills, and Rockburn. Conveyed by William Cecil Sr. to William L. Richardson and Walter W. Berry in 1859.

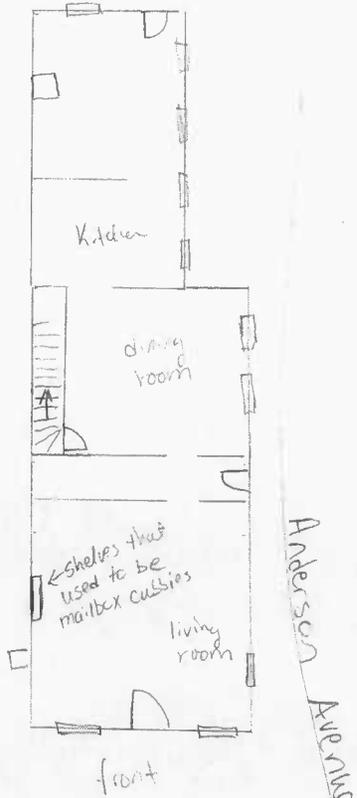
ND-786

HC 86
Anderson Post Office and Dwelling
6480 Anderson Avenue
Hanover, Maryland
Howard County

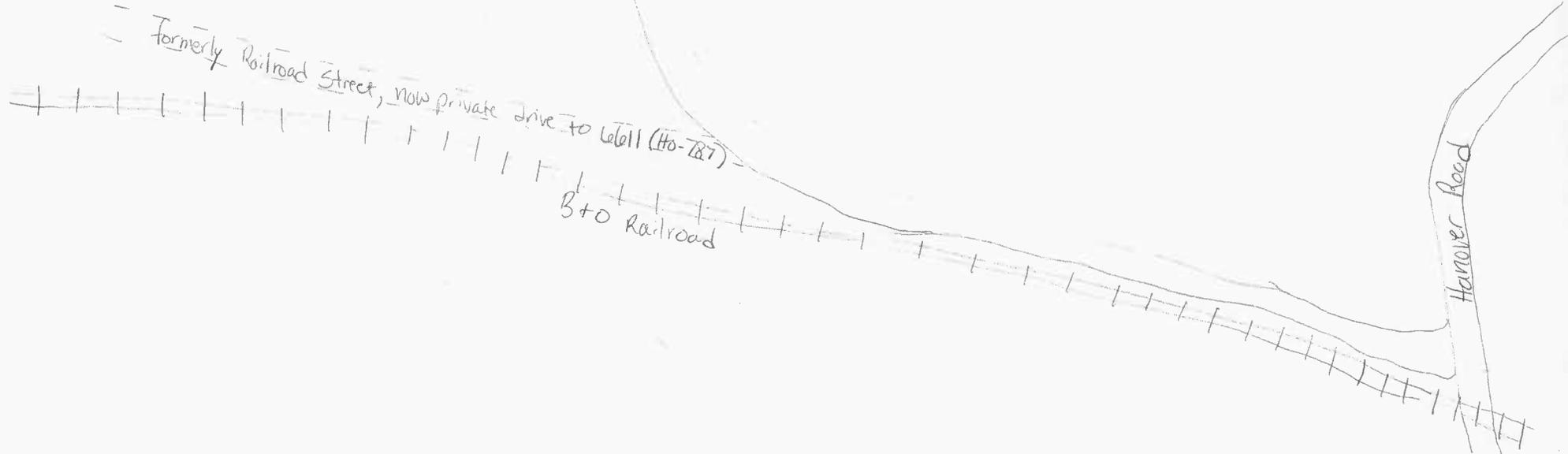
CHAIN OF TITLE

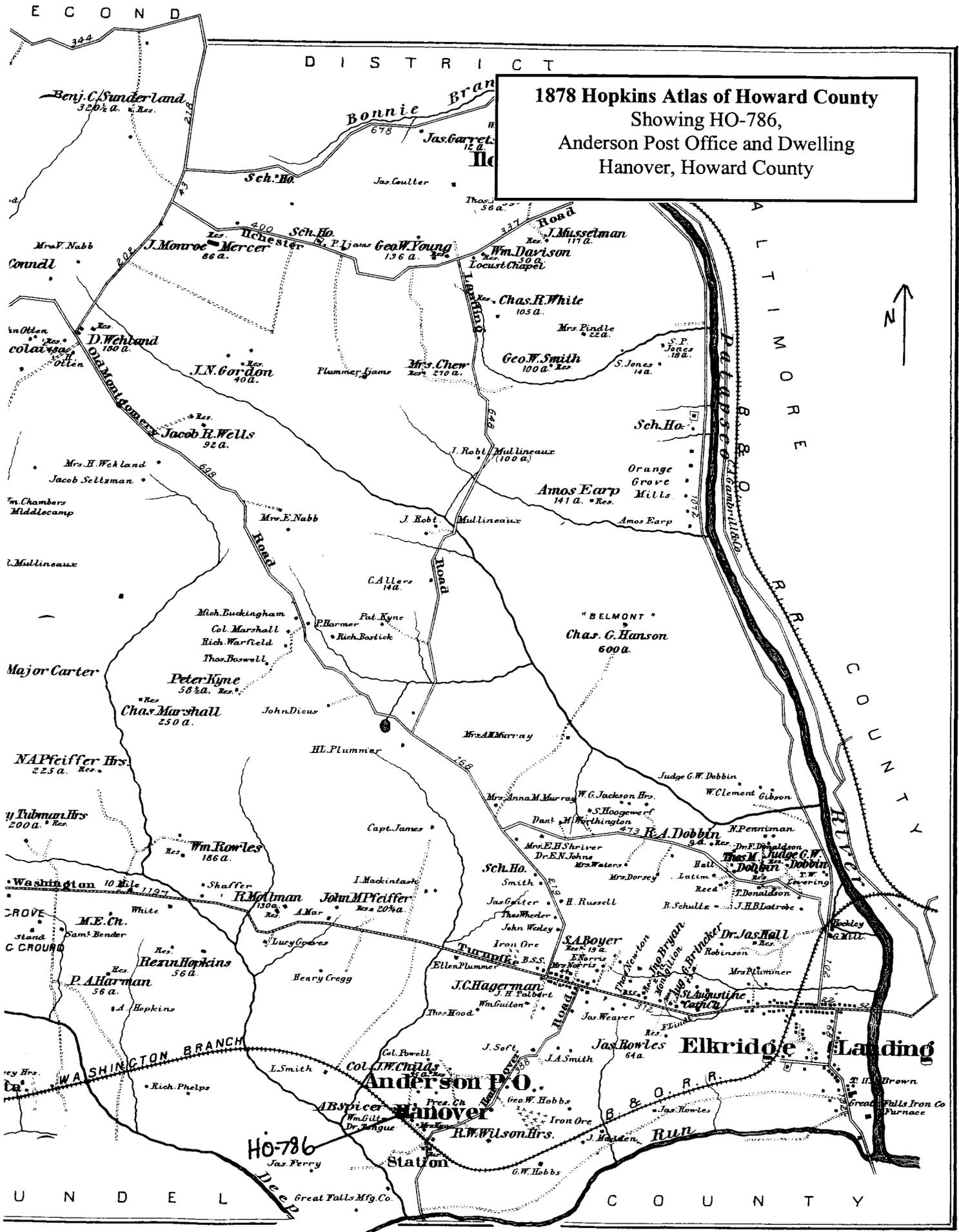
GRANTOR	HOME COUNTY	GRANTEE	HOME COUNTY	DATE	LIBER	FOLIO	TRANSACTION	COMMENTS
William Cecil Sr.	Howard	Walter W. Berry and William L. Richardson	Baltimore City	May 12, 1859	20	169	Deed	Purchase price of \$7271.25, four tracts called Timber Neck, Pole Cat Glade, Dorseys Hills, and Rockburn.

HO-786



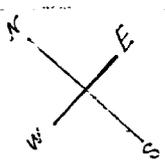
Resource Sketch Map
HO-786, Anderson Post Office and Dwelling
6480 Anderson Avenue, Hanover
Howard County, Maryland
NOT DRAWN TO SCALE





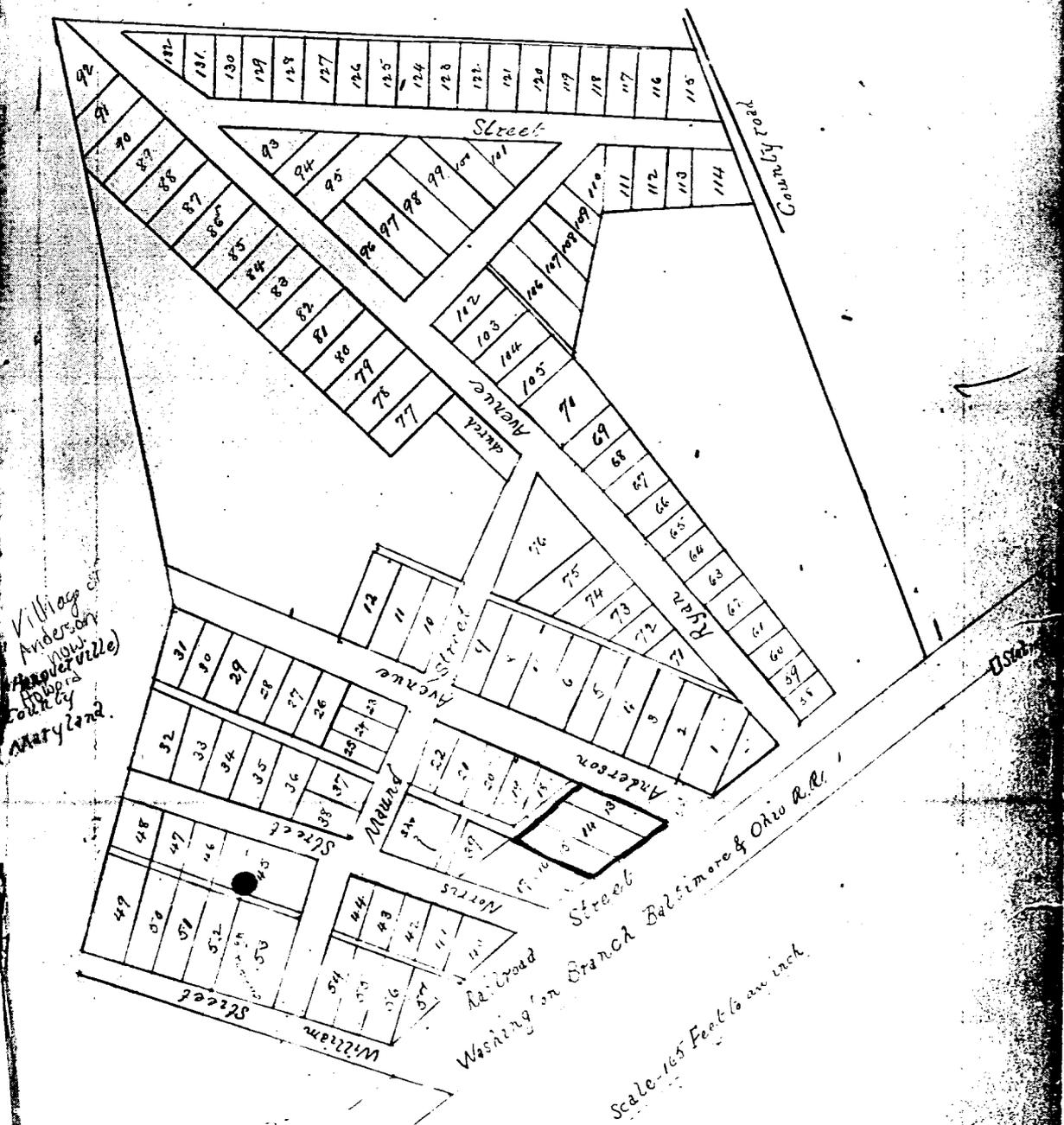
1878 Hopkins Atlas of Howard County
 Showing HO-786,
 Anderson Post Office and Dwelling
 Hanover, Howard County

Deed to
Jonathan Childs
15 Sept. 1871



L 60 303
303

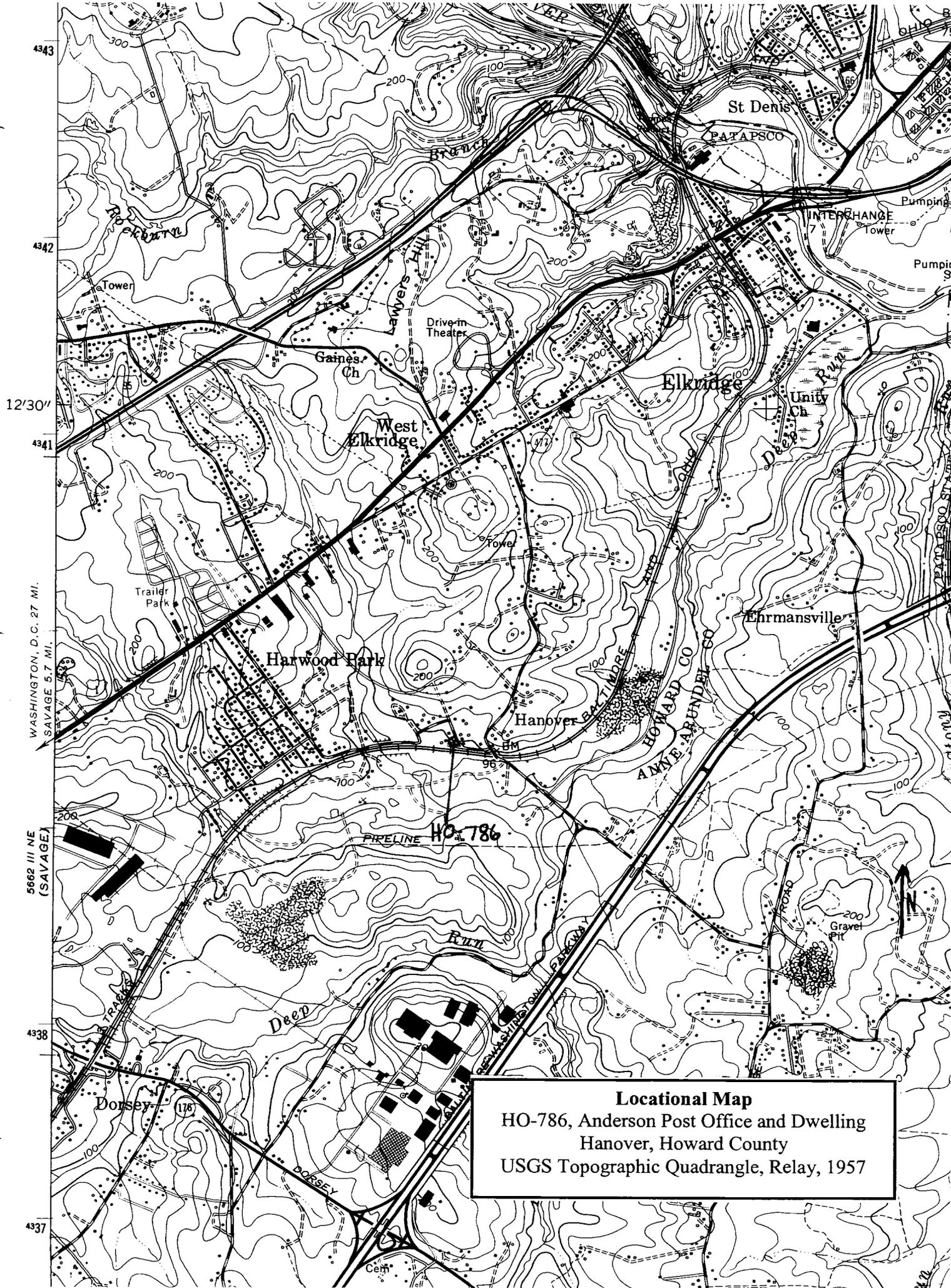
BEST COPY AVAILABLE



Village of
Anderson
now
Hanoverville
located
in
Maryland.

Plat of Village of Anderson, now Hanoverville
From Liber 60, Folio 303, Recorded July 1893
Howard County Land Records
HO-786, Anderson Post Office and Dwelling
Located on Lots 13, 14, and 15

Recorded by...
...



Locational Map
HO-786, Anderson Post Office and Dwelling
Hanover, Howard County
USGS Topographic Quadrangle, Relay, 1957



HO-786

6480 Anderson Avenue

Hydrex Company, Inc.

Hydrex Company, Inc.

Hydrex Company, Inc.

Anderson Avenue & the railroad tracks.

1 of 10



HO-768

American Post Office - 1st Flr
6480 Anderson Avenue - Gaithersburg

Howard County, MD

Re: 06/03

Negative at MDSPPO

Source - elevated.

2 of 10



HC 786

Address 1 - Off 2 + 1/2 mi
6480 Annapolis Avenue, Howard

Prince George's County, MD

Lat 38° 51' 26" N

Long 76° 51' 14" W

Foot elevation:

3 of 16



HO-786

Anderson 1. All in a building
6420 Anderson Road, Harmer

Howard County, MD

Section 11, 0013

Neighborhood: MISHPE

at - elevation.

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40-786

Amesbury, Mass.

John Arden at Amesbury

Harvard University

Easton, N. H.

Dept. of Zoology

White Plains, N. Y.

22
1954

DEPARTMENT OF ZOOLOGY

5 OF 10



6480

HO 72

Andersen, Paul - after meeting
6480 Andersen Avenue, Boulder

Howard County, Mo. 27 21st Street - 240

- east on Hill, box 53

Negative at USHPO

North East Hill

6 of 10



HO-786

Anderson's

0480 Anderson's

Howard County, MD

Kristin H. 06/03

Neoad. at MDSH.

South (first) elevation

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40-786

American Park, 25th St & 1st Ave

2480 American Avenue, New York

Lower East Side, NY

1940-41, 20/23

Mount St. Vincent

1st Avenue

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2017-2018

Academy for the Gifted & Talented
Gifted Academy - 2017-2018

Gifted & Talented

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Access Arden on Avenue 40-786

Howard County, PA

King's Hill, PA

Member of 1/2000

1972/early 2000

New private building, very

attract.

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