

CH-248
Poplar Hill
White Plains vic.
Private

circa 1746-1800

Poplar Hill Farm consists of fourteen buildings ranging in date from the mid-18th century to the latter half of the 20th century. Along with the standing structures is the site of a former slave quarter. The original circa-1746 main dwelling burned down in January 1945, and has since been replaced by a 2-story brick house with a wraparound porch. At one time, the farm encompassed approximately 800 acres, but has been reduced in size to its present 43 acres. Two historic outbuildings, a corn crib/granary and a meat house, that are contemporary with the original 18th century dwelling, remain on the site. Both are good examples of domestic outbuildings of the period and remain in stable condition.

Originally known as "Herefordshire," Poplar Hill originated as a farm during the middle of the 18th century. While the original house no longer stands, two early outbuildings dating to the first quarter of the 19th century testify to the site's age. Originally inhabited by Samuel Hanson circa 1746, the property has been owned by only six families during the course of its history. Occupied by wealthy families, the property was an example of an upper class plantation during the 18th and 19th centuries. Evidence suggests that several slave quarters were once a prominent element of the landscape here, and that archaeological evidence remains to mark these sites.

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST
MD INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES

Inventory No. CH-248

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1. Name of Property

=====

historic name Poplar Hill
common/other name "Herefordshire"

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2. Location

=====

street & number 3995 Cattle Place not for publication _____
city or town White Plains vicinity state Maryland code MD
county Charles code 017 zip code 20603

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3. State/Federal Agency Certification N/A

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4. National Park Service Certification N/A

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5. Classification

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Ownership of Property (Check all that apply)

- private
- public-local
- public-State
- public-Federal

Category of Property (Check only one box)

- building(s)
- district
- site
- structure
- object

Number of Resources within Property

Contributing		Noncontributing	
<u>6</u>	<u>8</u>		buildings
<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>		sites
<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>		structures
<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>		objects
<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>		Total

Is this property listed in the National Register?

Yes Name of Listing _____
No

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES
CONTINUATION SHEET

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6. Function or Use
=====

Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)

Cat: AGRICULTURAL Sub: Storage/Processing
DOMESTIC Slave quarters

Current Functions (Enter categories from instructions)

Cat: AGRICULTURAL Sub: Storage

=====
7. Description
=====

Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions)

18th Century Vernacular

Materials (Enter categories from instructions)

foundation Brick piers
roof Front gable: sheet metal
walls Frame: Wood weatherboard
other _____

Narrative Description (Describe the historic and current condition of the property.)

See Continuation Sheet No. 7-1

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8. Statement of Significance
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Applicable National Register Criteria (Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing)

- A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.
- B Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.
- C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.
- D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield information important in prehistory or history.

Criteria Considerations (Mark "X" in all the boxes that apply.)

- A owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.
- B removed from its original location.
- C a birthplace or a grave.
- D a cemetery.
- E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.
- F a commemorative property.
- G less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES
CONTINUATION SHEET

Inventory No. CH-248

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Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions)

ARCHITECTURE
AGRICULTURE

Period of Significance circa 1746 - 1800

Significant Dates ca.1746-1800
1945

Significant Person (Complete if Criterion B is marked above)

Cultural Affiliation Undefined

Architect/Builder Unknown

Narrative Statement of Significance (Explain the significance of the property.)

See Continuation Sheet No. 8-1

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9. Major Bibliographical References
=====

(Cite the books, articles, legal records, and other sources used in preparing this form.)

Brown, Jack D., et al. *Charles County, Maryland, A History*. Charles County Bicentennial Committee, 1976.

Charles County Land Records, Charles County Courthouse, La Plata, Maryland.

Klapthor, Margaret Brown. *The History of Charles County, Maryland*. La Plata, MD: Charles County Tercentenary, Inc., 1958.

Newman, Henry Wright. *Charles County Gentry*. Baltimore, MD: Genealogical Publishing Co., Inc., 1971.

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10. Geographical Data
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Acreage of Property 43.6 acres

Verbal Boundary Description (Describe the boundaries of the property.)

The property at 3995 Cattle Place is designated as Parcel 93 on Map 14, Grid 14 on the Charles County Property Map.

Boundary Justification (Explain why the boundaries were selected.)

The property has been associated with Parcel 93, Map 14 since its construction circa 1750.

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11. Form Prepared By
=====

name/title Kathryn Gettings Smith, Architectural Historian
organization Charles County Planning Dept. date March 29, 1999
street & number P.O. Box B telephone 301-645-0689
city or town La Plata state MD zip code 20646

=====
12. Property Owner
=====

name James and Ann Robey
street & number 3965 Cattle Place telephone 301-843-0696
city or town White Plains state MD zip code 20695
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MARYLAND INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES
CONTINUATION SHEET

Inventory No. CH-248

Section 7 Page 1

Poplar Hill
name of property
Charles County, Maryland
county and state

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Poplar Hill Farm consists of fourteen buildings ranging in date from the mid-18th century to the latter half of the 20th century, and the site of a former slave quarter. The original circa 1746 main dwelling burned down in January 1945, and has since been replaced by a 2-story brick house with a wraparound porch. At one time, the farm encompassed approximately 800 acres, but has been reduced in size to its present 43 acres. Two historic outbuildings, a corn crib/granary and a meat house, that are contemporary with the original 18th century dwelling, remain on the site. Both are good examples of domestic outbuildings of the period and remain in stable condition.

This collection of buildings occupies a 43.6-acre parcel characterized by rolling hills and open fields. The tract is defined on the south and west by Old Womans Run and Pole Branch and on the north by Billingsley Road. Several mature trees surround the dwelling, and dirt roads provide access to different portions of the property.

The original circa 1746 dwelling house consisted of a 1-1/2-story, side gable frame house characterized by large gable-end exterior chimneys with free-standing stacks. At the time of the photo, the house had three dormers along the front roof and a full-width shed-roofed porch across the front. Frame sheds flanked the east gable-end chimney, and a shed addition extended off the rear. The 1783 tax assessment records describe the property as containing a "Very good large dwelling house..., kitchen, corn, meat and milk houses, several convenient out Houses, fine Garden, midling [sic] good apple and peach orchard...."

GRANARY/CORN CRIB:

Of the remaining historic outbuildings, the corn crib/granary is the better preserved. It is unclear whether this building represents the "corn house" listed in the 1783 tax assessment. It is more likely that the present structure represents an expansion or reconstruction of that original building. The granary's generous proportions and tri-partite plan are uncommon among documented 18th and 19th century outbuildings in Charles County. The building measures approximately 24 by 32 feet and incorporates a central corn crib with vented slats flanked by two sheds that each contain a grain storage room. The only other documented example of this form of grain/corn storage in Charles County is at "Rosemary Lawn," a National Register listed property located near

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Poplar Hill
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Welcome, Maryland (see CH-105). While it shares its tri-partite plan with the Poplar Hill example, the Rosemary Lawn granary is a larger, more complex building with multiple uses.

Standing on a brick pier foundation, the corn crib/granary features hewn heavy timber construction, a lightly framed common rafter roof, and some of its original wide weatherboard cladding. The major framing members are hewn, while the interior finishes, roofing members, and weatherboard are pit sawn. Both machine cut and wrought nails are evident in the construction. The random width wood weatherboard cladding ranges up to sixteen inches in width and one inch in thickness. In addition, an original window shuttered with a single piece of wood attached with wrought iron strap hinges occupies the east wall. Although the four doors that enter the building have been rebuilt, their original wrought strap hinges were retained and reused.

Other major alterations include the re-cladding of the north and south gable ends and the replacement of the original roofing with corrugated metal. Several of the original brick piers have been rebuilt using the original bricks.

The original floor joists of the sheds consist of half-round unhewn logs, while the central bay, occupied by the corn crib, is floored with 6 by 6 inch hewn beams set an inch apart to allow for air circulation from below. The walls of the corn crib are covered by 2-inch slats set 1 to 2 inches apart. While some of the slats have been replaced many of the original riven slats remain. The two flanking shed rooms are finished with tongue-and groove wood flooring and horizontal tongue-and-groove wood paneling.

The south-facing elevation contains the three main entrance doors to the main compartments. Each of these contains a rebuilt vertical board door hung on wrought strap hinges. The central bay is defined by slats, while a double-shuttered window opens into the corn crib at the apex of the front gable. This wall has been reclad with circular sawn wood weatherboard. The only remaining openings in the building occur on the east and west elevations. The east elevation contains a single-leaf door which again has been rebuilt, but hung on its original strap hinges. The west wall features an original wood shuttered window.

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Poplar Hill
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MEAT HOUSE/DAIRY:

The second historic outbuilding that remains on the Poplar Hill property is a meat house that likely dates to circa 1800-1820. The presence of mature cut nails and standard false plate construction indicates that this building is not the original meat house described in the 1783 assessment. Measuring approximately 12 by 12 feet, the meat house is simply constructed with a down-braced hewn frame and a common rafter roof set on a horizontal false plate. The building originally sat on a continuous brick foundation which has deteriorated and been replaced with a poured concrete foundation. The exterior is clad in wood weatherboard with some of the remaining original boards attached with machine cut nails, while the tongue-and-groove vertical board door is assembled with cut nails and hangs on interior wrought iron strap hinges. The hinges are attached with rosehead nails secured by leather washers.

The building has a plain boxed cornice ornamented only with a simple beaded fascia board. Some of the original feather-edge wood shingles are evident under the corrugated metal roof. Evidence of pitsawn and circular sawn lath on the interior indicates that the building may have once been converted for another use, possibly as a dairy.

SITES OF SLAVE QUARTERS

Also of importance on the property are the sites of several original slave quarters. In the 1783 tax assessment, Samuel Hanson is noted as owning twenty-five slaves, which was a large number for that period. One such quarter, seen in a historic photo, was located northwest of the current residence. The owner also indicated that a row of three "slave cabins" lined the ridge behind the house where he has found numerous artifacts associated with its domestic use, including pottery shards, window glass, a harmonica, and buttons from Union soldier's uniforms.

OTHER OUTBUILDINGS

A handful of early 20th century agricultural outbuildings accompany the two 19th century structures. Among these are the multi-use storage barn that stands just east of the corn crib/granary, the tobacco barn, and a 1940s gambrel roof tobacco barn.

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The multi-use storage barn/stable that sits next to the corn crib/granary appears to date to the early 20th century. Its main framing members are hewn, while its secondary members are circular sawn. The building contains two stories in its main section and a 1-story frame shed addition to the east. A replacement overhead sliding door provides entry at the front, while double hayloft doors open into the upper story. A shed-roofed machine shed addition constructed of concrete block extends off the west side of the barn.

An early 20th century tobacco barn is another of the historic outbuildings at Poplar Hill. The main portion of the barn is 2-stories in height and constructed of hewn framing members that are mortise-and-tenoned and pegged. The building is clad in vertical board and roofed with corrugated metal. A central tractor aisle divides the interior, while several sizeable shed additions extend off all four sides of the barn. The additions date to the latter half of the 20th century.

The 1940s gambrel-roofed tobacco barn stands north of the main house. The building consists of a 1-story frame structure covered by a sheet-metal clad gambrel roof and accessed through a double-leaf vertical board door on its west end. The longitudinal walls of the barn are equipped with awning slit openings to promote air curing of the tobacco houses inside. A 1-story concrete block "stripping shed" extends off the northwest corner of the barn.

Nearer to the main house is a 1930s front gable frame garage clad in wood weatherboard and covered by a sheet metal roof.

NON-CONTRIBUTING BUILDINGS:

The remainder of the fourteen buildings on the site are considered "non-contributing." They include the main dwelling that replaced the original 18th century residence and its 1-1/2-story brick-clad garage, a 1960s frame chicken coop located next to the meat house, a concrete block gable-roofed well-house from the 1970s, two circular metal silos, a 1960s frame hay storage barn, a 1960s/70s concrete block barn and animal shelter, and a concrete block shed.

The main residence consists of a 2-story side-gable brick-clad building with a wrap-around porch and interior brick chimney. Some of the bricks used in the construction of this house were salvaged from the original house and another 18th century dwelling located

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approximately one-quarter mile east of the site. Located southeast of the house is the 1-1/2-story concrete block garage with a side gambrel roof and two automobile bays. The chicken coop is of frame construction with a shed roof covered in sheet metal and vertical board walls. The well house is a small front gable structure built with concrete blocks. The 1960s hay storage barn has low, rectangular dimensions and stands on a concrete block foundation. The concrete barn and animal shelter is constructed of concrete block and is accessed on the north by double overhead sliding doors.

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES
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Section 8 Page 1

Poplar Hill
name of property
Charles County, Maryland
county and state

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Originally known as "Herefordshire," Poplar Hill originated as a farm and dwelling place during the mid-18th century. While the original house no longer stands, two early outbuildings dating to the first quarter of the 19th century testify to the site's age. Originally inhabited by Samuel Hanson circa 1746, the property has been owned by only six families during the course of its history. Occupied by wealthy families, the property was an example of an upper class plantation during the 18th and 19th centuries. Evidence suggests that several slave quarters were once a prominent element of the landscape here, and that archaeological evidence remains to mark these sites.

The Poplar Hill property is contained within the original patent for a 150-acre tract known as "Herefordshire" made to Robert Taylor in 1707. The tract was later sold to Samuel Hanson, Sr. in 1720. Before 1746, Samuel Hanson passed the property along to his youngest son, John Hanson. In turn, John sold the tract to his elder brother, Samuel Hanson, Jr. in 1746. It is this Samuel Hanson who is believed to have erected the 18th century plantation house and its associated outbuildings.

The 1783 Tax Assessment books show that Samuel Hanson (Jr.), Esq. was in possession of over 700 acres of land, 150 of which were known as "Herefordshire" and contained a "very good large dwelling house..., kitchen, corn, meat and milk houses, several convenient out houses, [a] fine garden, [and a] midling [sic] good apple and peach orchard...."

Samuel Hanson married Anne Hawkins in 1743, and the couple bore nine children. After Anne's death, prior to 1774, Samuel remarried, taking Anne Brown, sister of the prominent Dr. Gustavus Brown of Rose Hill, as his new wife. Samuel Hanson was referred to as "Colonel" in official papers and served as the chairman of the Committee of Safety for Charles County at the beginning of the Revolutionary War. Hanson also served as a county magistrate, and, in March 1778, administered the oaths of allegiance and fidelity to the patriots in his district.¹

At the time of his death in 1794, Samuel Hanson was still in possession of the "Herefordshire" tract, but was referred to as "Samuel Hanson of 'Green Hill'" which is later noted as the farm adjacent to the west of Poplar Hill. Samuel Hanson's will directs

¹ Newman, pp. 239-240.

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES
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Section 8 Page 2

Poplar Hill
name of property
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that all his lands (over 4800 acres at this time) be sold and the proceeds divvied up among his heirs.² Two executors were assigned the task of selling the property. However, the process was complicated by a complaint filed by a handful of Hanson's heirs in the Maryland Chancery Court in 1796.³ The sale of Samuel Hanson's tracts proceeded and the Chancery Court oversaw the division of the proceeds.

Samuel Hamilton of Prince George's County purchased an aggregate of 1114 acres of Samuel Hanson's land, including the 150-acres of "Herefordshire." Some of the adjacent lands were sold to William Penn Ford of Charles County. Eventually, the Ford family acquired the "Herefordshire" property as well. While the records don't show how the "Herefordshire" property passed to the Ford family, it is possible that intermarriage played a role.

At the time of the Civil War, John Ford was the owner of the farm. During the war, Ford placed the farm in trusteeship with Frederick Stone as the trustee. At this time, the "Herefordshire" tract had grown to 800 acres and was now known as "Poplar Hill." By 1865, Ford had defaulted on the terms of the agreement, and Stone was appointed by the court to sell the property. He received \$5000 for the 800 acres in 1870 from John Harris Murray, Sr. The property passed down through the Murray family through inheritance until 1927 when John H. & Carolyn B. Murray of New York sold 294 acres of the tract to Milton and T. Clyde Robey. The property, although diminished in size, remains in the Robey family.

The architectural interest of the two remaining early-19th century outbuildings lies in their relative scarcity in the architectural record of Charles County. The combination corn crib/granary is unique among the documented agricultural outbuildings of the area. Also of note is the relative good preservation of the corn crib/granary, with its rare surviving original elements.

² Hanson excepts from the sale his "grave yard in the garden which is to be extended to fifty feet square for the interment of myself and all my descendants..." Charles County Register of Wills, AK 11, Folio 235 (December 1794).

³ Maryland Chancery Court Records, Maryland State Archives, No. 2287 (1799).

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES
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Poplar Hill
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HISTORIC CONTEXT:

Geographic Organization: Western Shore

Chronological/Development Period (s):

Contact and Settlement Period, 1570-1750
Rural Agrarian Intensification, 1680-1815
Agricultural-Industrial Transition, 1815-1870
Industrial/Urban Dominance, 1870-1930

Prehistoric/Historic Period Theme (s):

AGRICULTURE
ARCHITECTURE

RESOURCE TYPE(S)

Category: Building
Site

Historic Environment: Rural

Historic Function (s): AGRICULTURAL/Processing & Storage
DOMESTIC/Slave quarters

Known Design Source: Unknown

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES
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Poplar Hill
name of property
Charles County, Maryland
county and state

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Chain of Title:

- 1707: "Herriford Shire" patented to Robert Taylor, 150 acres
Patent Records (MD Archives) D.D. #5, Folio 448-449; P.L.#2, Folio 183
- 1720: Robert Taylor to Samuel Hanson (Sr.)
"Herefordshire"
150 acres
Charles County Land Records
Liber H2 Folio 334
- Pre-1746: Samuel Hanson (Sr.) to son, John Hanson
(unable to locate will)
- April 12, 1746: John Hanson to his brother, Samuel Hanson, Jr., Gent.
"Herefordshire"
Beginning at Major Dent's Quarters on the Mattawoman to the head of Port Tobacco
- 1783 Tax Assessment: Samuel Hanson, (Jr.) Esq. (son of Samuel Hanson, Sr.)
705 acres in 4th District
25 slaves, 10 horses, 46 cattle, 69 oz. of silver plate = 2300 pounds
Among lands is 150 acres of Herefordshire with "Very good large dwelling house..., kitchen, corn, meat and milk houses, several convenient out Houses, fine Garden, midling [sic] good apple and peach orchard..."
1783 Tax Assessment: Charles County, 4th District

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES
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January 24, 1793: Samuel Hanson's Will (George Lee and Henry H. Chapman, executors)
Probated November 25, 1794
Orders that his land be sold and the proceeds divided among various family members
Charles County Register of Wills
Liber AK 11 Folio 235

December 8, 1794: Inventory of Samuel Hanson's personal property
Includes 27 slaves and numerous luxury items including seven bedsteads
Charles County Register of Wills
Inventory Book, 1791-1797
Folio 258

October 11, 1806: Henry H. Chapman, Trustee to Samuel Hamilton of Washington, D.C.
1114 acres formerly belonging to Col. Samuel Hanson
Includes Herefordshire, 150 acres
Charles County Land Records
Liber JB 7 Folio 255

April 18, 1803: George Lee & Henry Chapman, Trustees to William Penn Ford
57 acres of Green's Inheritance
Charles County Land Records
Liber IB 5 Folio 362

1862: John Ford to Frederick Stone
\$3243.52 Mortgage
800 acres, "Poplar Hill"
Charles County Land Records
Liber GWC 1 Folio 230

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES
CONTINUATION SHEET

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Poplar Hill
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November 16, 1870: Frederick Stone, Trustee & Francis G. Murray to John Harris Murray, Sr. \$5000
800 acres "Poplar Hill"
Sold at public sale as a result of case of Frederick Stone vs. John Ford, defendant, Circuit Court decree Oct. 14, 1865
Charles County Land Records
Liber GAH 2 Folio 538

July 8, 1901: John Harris Murray, Sr. devised to son, John Harris Murray, Jr. and to daughter, Eliza Murray (she conveyed her 1/2 interest to brother John H. Murray, Jr. on Oct. 6, 1916; see Liber CP 30, folio 572)
Will probated in Bradford Co., PA
Certified copy at:
Charles County Register of Wills
Liber MT 18 Folio 625

January 31, 1927: John H. & Carolyn B. Murray of NY state to Milton & T. Clyde Robey \$5000
294 acres, "Poplar Hill"
Charles County Land Records
Liber 46 Folio 474

February 7, 1933: Milton Robey devised to T. Clyde Robey
Charles County Register of Wills
Liber GAW 21 Folio 264

December 2, 1983: T. Clyde Robey devised to Calvin M. & James Clyde Robey
Charles County Register of Wills
Liber GCW 41 Folio 348

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES
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July 16, 1984:

Calvin M. Robey, Personal
representative of the estate of
Thomas Clyde Robey to Calvin M.
Robey & James Clyde Robey
50.22 cres
"Poplar Hill," south of public road
leading from Billingsley Post Office
to Bryans Road (originally 294
acres)
Charles County Land Records
Liber 1002 Folio 208

RESOURCE SKETCH

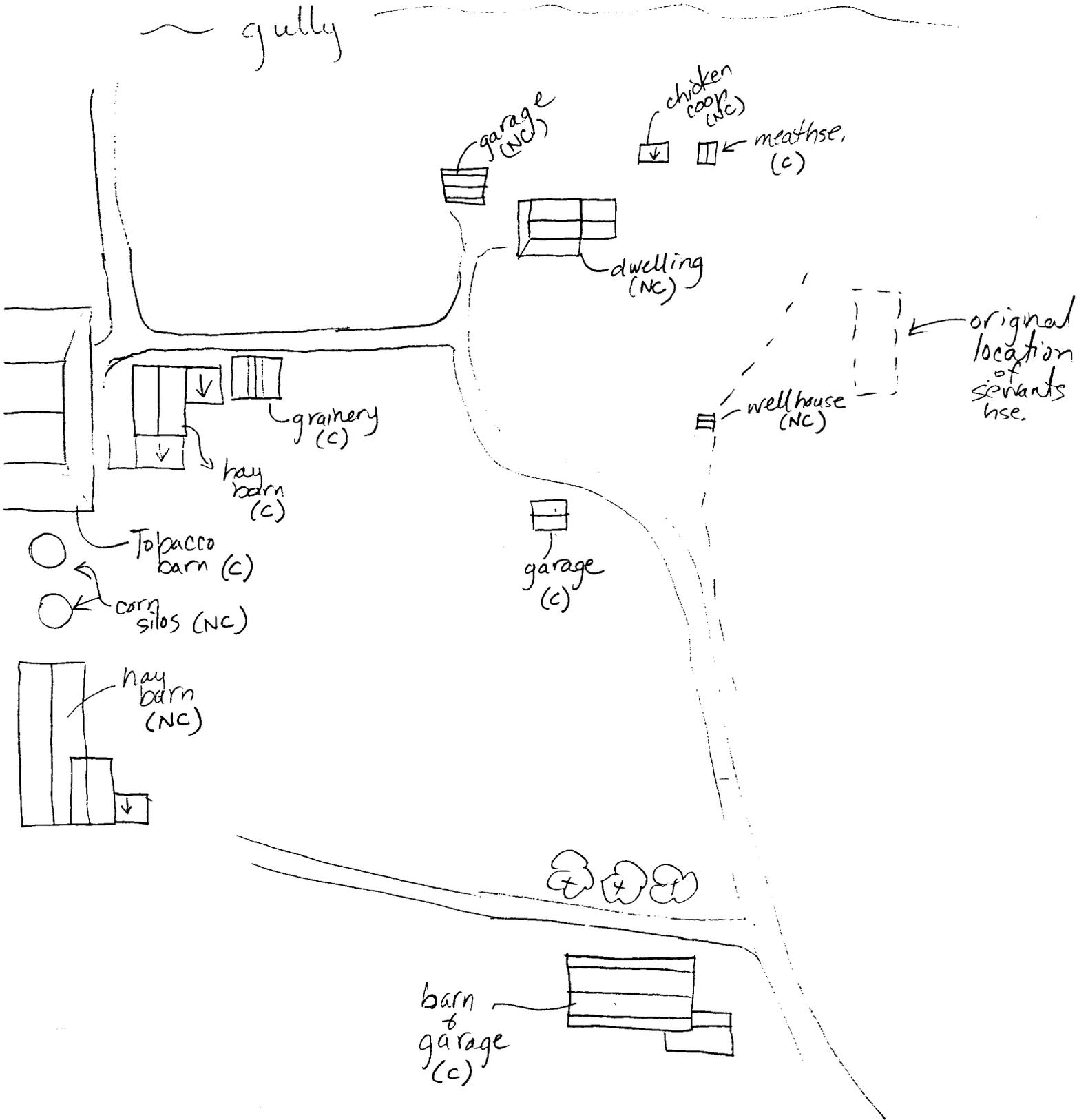
MAP 3/99

POPLAR HILL
CHARLES COUNTY, MD
WHITE PLAINS VIC.

CH-248



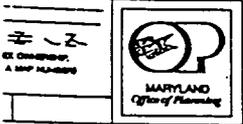
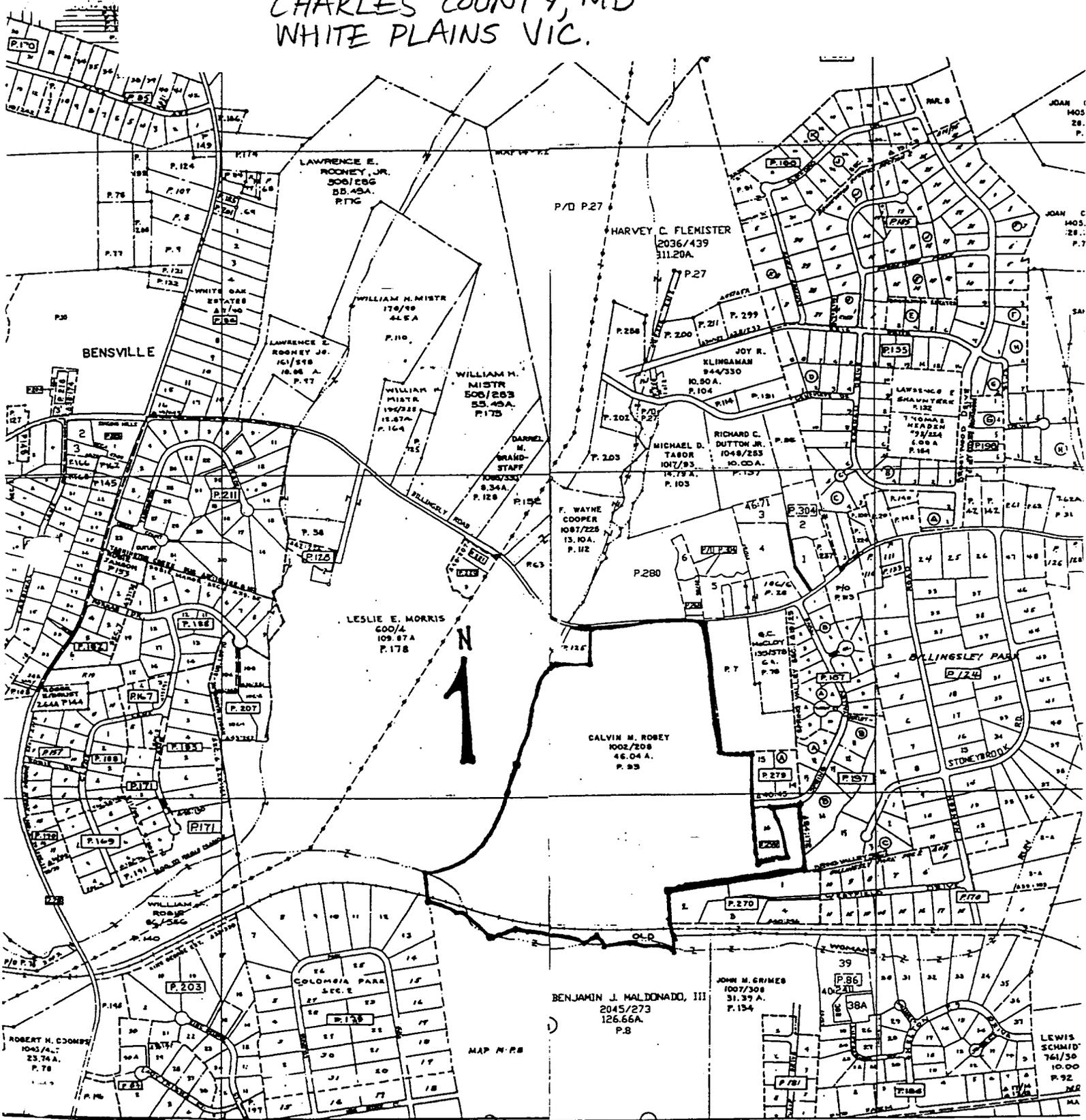
gully



RESOURCE SKETCH
MAP 3/99

POPLAR HILL
CHARLES COUNTY, MD
WHITE PLAINS VIC.

CH-248



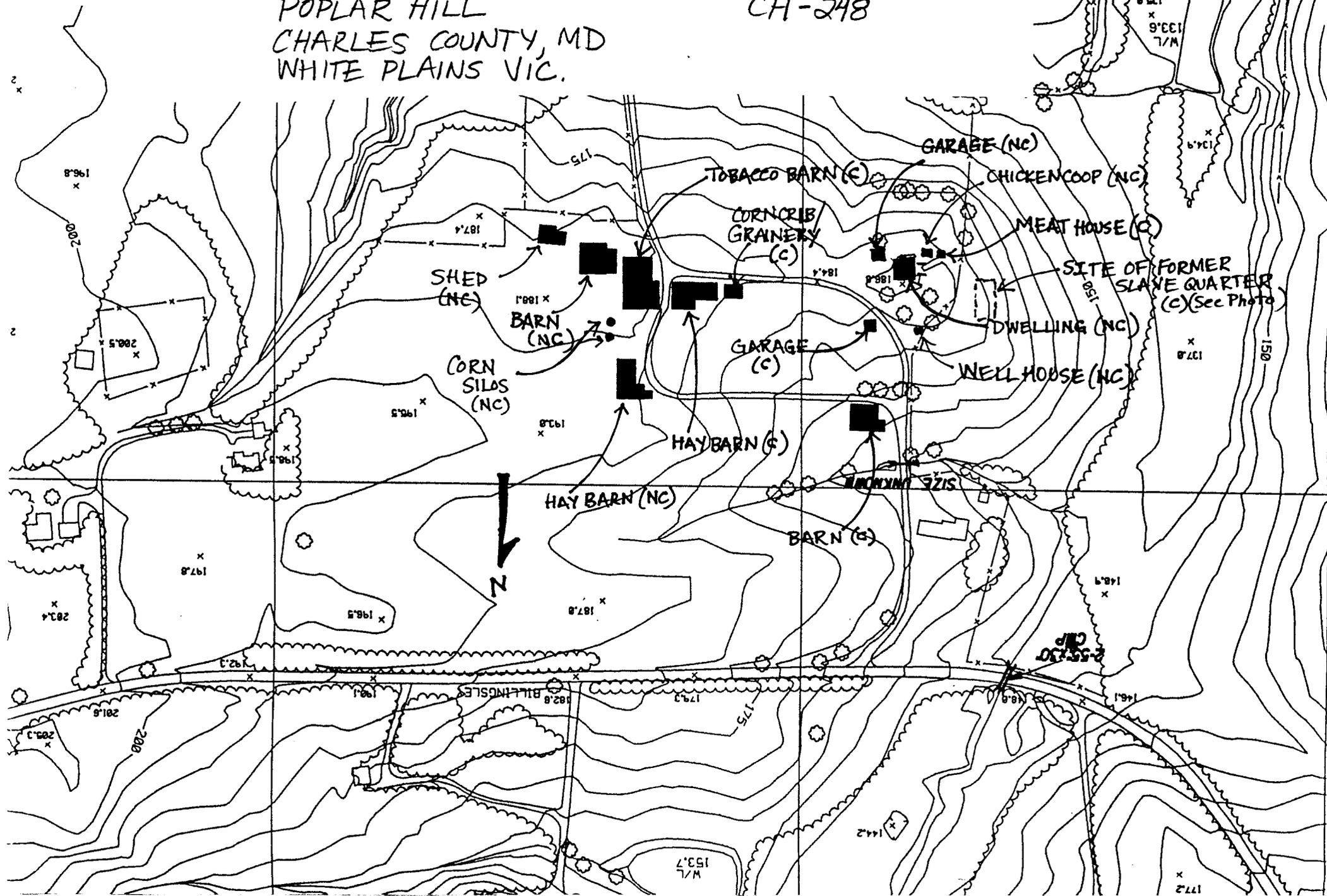
RESOURCE SKETCH

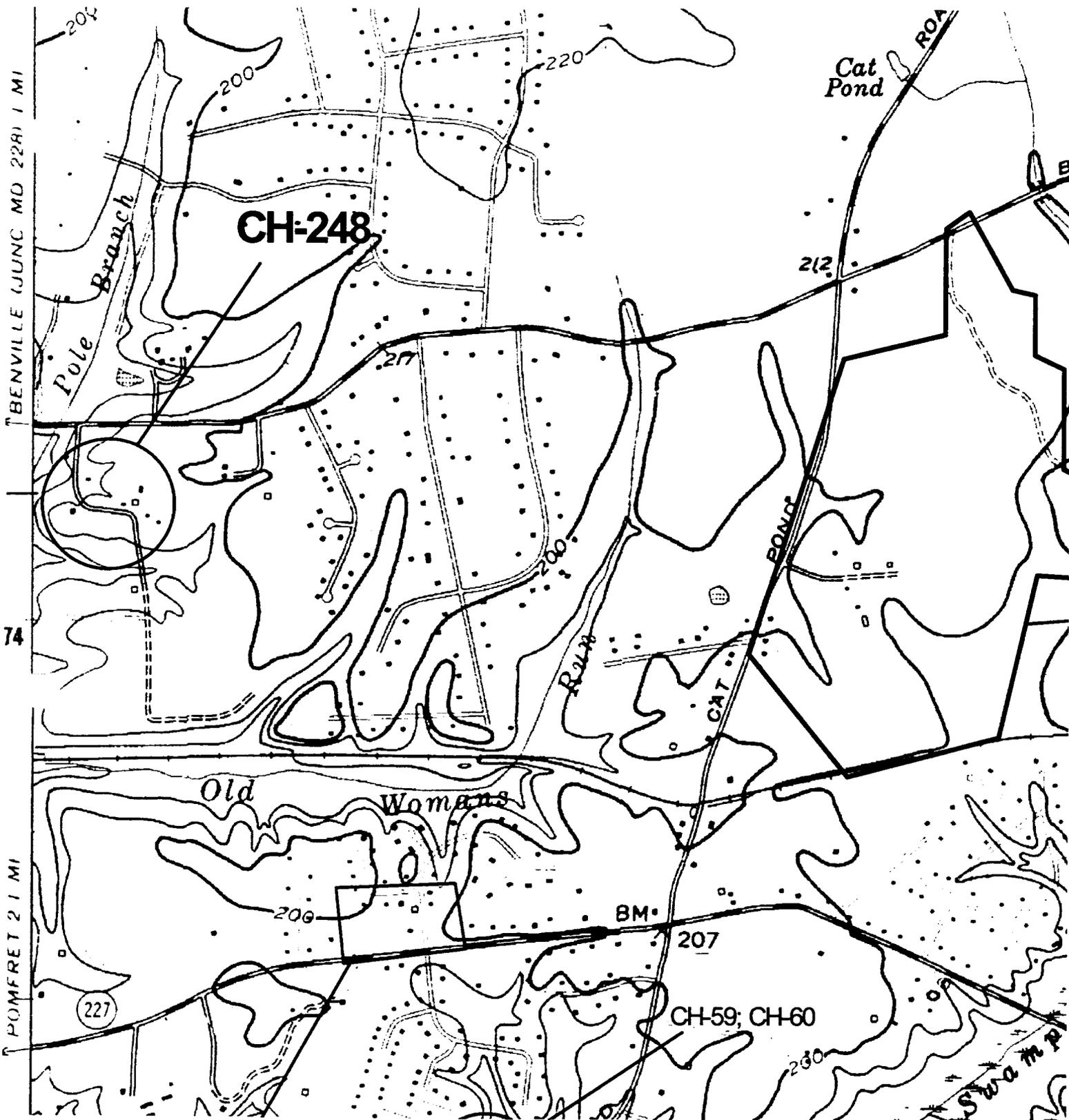
MAP 3/99

POPLAR HILL
CHARLES COUNTY, MD
WHITE PLAINS VIC.

CH-248

2000'





BENVILLE (JUNC MD 228) 1 MI

74

POMFRET 2 1 MI

CH-248

Cat Pond

ROAD

Pole Branch

POND

Run

CAT

Old Woman's

BM

CH-59, CH-60

227

207

N



Poplar Hill
Charles County, MD

CH-248

LA PLATA, MD QUAD



CH-248

POPLAR HILL

CHARLES COUNTY, MD

K.G. SMITH

3/99

MARYLAND SHPO

BARN - LOOKING SE

17 OF 17



CH-248

POPLAR HILL

CHARLES COUNTY, MD

K.G. SMITH

3/99

MARYLAND SHPO

HISTORIC PHOTO OF FORMER SLAVE QUARTER

9 OF 17



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POPLAR HILL

CHARLES COUNTY, MD

K.G. SMITH

3/99

MARYLAND SHPO

HAY BARN - LOOKING NW

10 OF 17



CH-248

POPLAR HILL

CHARLES COUNTY, MD

K.G. SMITH

3/99

MARYLAND SHPO

TOBACCO BARN - LOOKING NORTH

12 OF 17



CH-248

POPLAR HILL

CHARLES COUNTY, MD

K.G. SMITH

3/99

MARYLAND SHPO

TOBACCO BARN - LOOKING NE

11 OF 17



CH-248

POPLAR HILL

CHARLES COUNTY, MD

K.G. SMITH

3/99

MARYLAND SHPO

DETAIL OF GRANARY - HINGED SHUTTER

5 OF 17



CH-248

POPLAR HILL

CHARLES COUNTY, MD

K.G. SMITH

3/99

MARYLAND SHPO

INTERIOR^F CORN CRIB

6 OF 17



CH-248

POPLAR HILL

CHARLES COUNTY, MD

K.G. SMITH

3/99

MARYLAND SHPO

MEAT HOUSE - LOOKING SW

7 OF 17



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POPLAR HILL

CHARLES COUNTY, MD

K. G. SMITH

3/99

MARYLAND SHPO

MEAT HOUSE - LOOKING NE

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CH-248

POPLAR HILL

CHARLES COUNTY, MD

K.G. SMITH

3/99

MARYLAND SHPO

HISTORIC PHOTO OF ORIGINAL DWELLING (BURNED
1945)

1 OF 17



CH-248

POPLAR HILL

CHARLES COUNTY, MD

K.G. SMITH

3/99

MARYLAND SHPO

GENERAL VIEW OF OUTBUILDINGS - LOOKING
EAST

2 OF 17



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POPLAR HILL

CHARLES COUNTY, MD

K, G, SMITH

3/99

MARYLAND SHPO

GRANARY / CORN CRIB - LOOKING SW

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CH-248

POPLAR HILL

CHARLES COUNTY, MD

K.G. SMITH

3/99

MARYLAND SHPO

GRANARY / CORN CRIB - LOOKING NE

3 OF 17



CH-248

POPLAR HILL

CHARLES COUNTY, MD

K.G. SMITH

3/99

MARYLAND SHPO

1945 DWELLING - LOOKING SOUTH

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CH-248

POPLAR HILL

CHARLES COUNTY, MD

K.G. SMITH

3/99

MARYLAND SHPO

CHICKEN HOUSE - LOOKING SW

14 OF 17



CH-248

POPLAR HILL

CHARLES COUNTY, MD

K.G. SMITH

3/99

MARYLAND SHPO

WELL HOUSE - LOOKING SW

15 OF 17



CH-248

POPLAR HILL

CHARLES COUNTY, MD

K.G. SMITH

3/99

MARYLAND SHPO

HAY BARN - LOOKING NE

16 OF 17