Survey # F-4-118
Haupt Farmstead
Street Address: 9440 Frostown Road
Town, State Middletown vicinity, MD
private _X_, public ___

Approximate date _September 14, 1862_

This property is included in the survey of resources associated with the Civil War Battle of South Mountain, which occurred on September 14, 1862. The Haupt House sits on the southern exposure of the ravine through which Meade's Union troops moved during the battle for Turner's Gap. The complex includes a large 2 1/2 story German vernacular house with a recessed double porch across part of the front elevation, a smaller two story dwelling or summer kitchen, a springhouse, and several frame outbuildings dating from the mid or late 20th century. The buildings are visible only from Dahlgren Rd. at the end of a very long access lane. The Haupt property is primarily significant for its association with the Battle of South Mountain. The small hill farm lay in the path of General Joseph Hooker's I Corps as they made their way up the mountain to attack Confederates defending Turner's Gap. Although the property is shown on several maps from the 1850s and the Civil War, the current house displays datable surface features from the 1880s or later. The farm is also an example of a 19th century "hill farm," a small agricultural operation on the slopes of South Mountain. The property is shown on Isaac Bond's 1858 map of Frederick County under the name of Haupt. It exhibits vernacular building traditions in log and frame construction from the 19th century.

Photo Reference: Photo #

Form Prepared By: Paula S. Reed, PhD and Edith B. Wallace
Woodward-Clyde
200 Orchard Ridge Drive
Gaithersburg, MD 20878

Date: February, 1998

Maryland Historical Trust
State Historic Sites Inventory Form

Survey No. F-4-118

Magi No.

DOE ___ yes ___ no

1. Name of Property (indicate preferred name)

historic The Haupt Farm

and/or common

2. Location

street & number 9440 Frostown Road ___ not for publication

city, town Middletown _X_ vicinity of congressional district 6

state Maryland county Frederick

3. Classification

Category	Ownership	Status	Present Use	
___ district)	___ public	___ occupied	___ agriculture	___ museum
_X_ building(s)	_X_ private	_X_ unoccupied	___ commercial	___ park
___ structure	___ both	___ work in progress	___ educational	___ private residence
___ site	**Public Acquisition**	**Accessible**	_X_ entertainment	_X_ religious
___ object	___ in process	___ yes: restricted	___ government	___ scientific
	___ being considered	___ yes: unrestricted	___ industrial	___ transportation
	___ not applicable	_X_ no	___ military	___ other:

4. Owner of Property (give names and mailing addresses of all owners)

name Baptist Convention of Maryland, Inc.

street & number c/o John Saunders 1313 York Road telephone no.:

city, town Lutherville state and zip code MD 21093

5. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Frederick County Courthouse Liber 893

street & number 100 W. Patrick Street Folio 9

city, town Frederick state MD

6. Representation in Existing Historical Surveys

title

date ___ federal ___ state ___ county ___ local

depository for survey records

city, town state

7. Description

Survey No. F-4-118

Condition		Check one	Check one
___ excellent	___ deteriorated	___ unaltered	X original site
X good	___ ruins	X altered	___ moved date of move _____
___ fair	___ unexposed		

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

The Haupt House sits on the southern exposure of the ravine through which Meade's Union troops moved during the battle for Turner's Gap. The complex includes a large 2 1/2 story German vernacular house with a recessed double porch across part of the front elevation, a smaller two story dwelling or summer kitchen, a springhouse, and several frame outbuildings dating from the mid or late 20th century. The buildings are visible only from Dahlgren Rd. at the end of a very long access lane.

The large house has five bays across the front with a southern exposure, and a two bay recessed double porch included under the main roof span. Built into a slope, the house rests on stone foundations and is probably of log construction. Its current exterior covering is plywood T1-11 manufactured siding. Windows have single pane sash. Doors have four panels with molded edges. A shed roofed addition has been attached to the rear of the building and a stair and deck added to the west side. The interior of the house is divided into three rooms. The kitchen utilizes the west half of the house and opens directly onto the double porch. The remainder of the house is divided into two rooms, creating a typical German vernacular three-room plan. Interior surfaces have been covered with dropped ceilings and paneling. A staircase is located between the kitchen and the other rooms.

To the northwest of the house is a stone and frame summer kitchen, which may also have served as a residence. The high stone extended foundation encloses a single room with a large service fireplace. A stair in the northeast corner leads to an upper level. The chimney is stone, exterior at the west gable end. Windows have six over six light sash. There are also sheds and a chicken house, and a modern pavilion. The barn was located to the southwest of the house and faced east. It has been removed from the property. The farm containing 71.63 acres now serves as a church camp. Most of the land is wooded, but a photograph from the 1950s in the possession of the owners of the property immediately to the south (The O'Neil Property) shows the landscape as open and farmed. Civil War US Army Engineers' maps also show the property as open with outlines of fields defined by stone fences. The farm, along with the adjoining O'Neil farm, occupies a ravine through which Federal troops marched and fought as they attempted a flanking attack on Turners Gap, located southwest of this property.

8. Significance

Survey No. F-4-118

Period	Areas of Significance	Check and justify below		
___ prehistoric	___ archeology-prehistoric	___ community planning	___ landscape architecture	___ religion
___ 1400-1499	___ archeology-historic	___ conservation	___ law	___ science
___ 1500-1599	___ agriculture	___ economics	___ literature	___ sculpture
___ 1600-1699	X architecture	___ education	X military	___ social/ humanitarian
___ 1700-1799	___ art	___ engineering	___ music	___ theater
X 1800-1899	___ commerce	___ exploration/settlement	___ philosophy	___ transportation
___ 1900-	___ communications	___ industry	___ politics/government	___ other(specify)
		___ invention		

Specific dates September 14, 1862 **Builder/Architect**

check: Applicable Criteria: X A ___ B X C ___ D
and/or
Applicable Exceptions: ___ A ___ B ___ C ___ D ___ E ___ F ___ G

Level of Significance: X national ___ state ___ local

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

The Haupt property is primarily significant for its association with the Battle of South Mountain which occurred on September 14, 1862. The small hill farm lay in the path of General Joseph Hooker's I Corps as they made their way up the mountain to attack Confederates defending Turner's Gap. Although the property is shown on several maps from the 1850s and the Civil War, the current house displays dateable surface features from the 1880s or later. The farm is also an example of a 19th century "hill farm," a small agricultural operation on the slopes of South Mountain. The property is shown on Isaac Bond's 1858 map of Frederick County under the name of Haupt. It exhibits vernacular building traditions in log and frame construction from the 19th century.

The Haupt property derives its significance for its role in the Battle of South Mountain. The Union objective was to gain access to the passes across South Mountain so that Federals could attack the divided and vulnerable Confederate Army in the valley to the west. The Confederates held a thin line of defense under General D.H. Hill at Turner's Gap which was the main Union objective, since the National Road crossed the mountain through this gap. Expecting the pass to be strongly defended, the Federals initiated flanking movements to the north and to the south of the National Road. General Hooker was responsible for the action on the north side of the turnpike, and the men in his command made their way upward along Dahlgren Road and the ravine to its north, and along Frostown further to the north.

"For his advance, Hooker deployed the Divisions of John P. Hatch on the left and George G. Meade on the right, with James Ricketts' Division in reserve. The Yankees found the rocky, heavily timbered slopes hard going, and Robert Rodes' brigade of Alabamans, which did the lion's share of the fighting on this flank, added greatly to their difficulties. Rodes used a heavy skirmish line made up of crack shots from the 12th Alabama to delay Hatch's advance. When the Federals finally cleared away these skirmishers they came up against the main Rebel line posted solidly on high ground in front of them. The fighting was as bitter here as it had been earlier at Fox's Gap, and casualties were heavy on both sides. There was a particularly vicious series of charges and countercharges in a cornfield in which General Hatch was wounded and the opposing lines came as close as thirty feet before they broke apart."[1]

While Hatch's Division was toiling up Dahlgren Road and the south side

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[1]Stephen W. Sears, "Fire on the Mountain: The Battle of South Mountain, September 14, 1862," **Blue and Gray**,December-January, 1986-87, p. 18.

of the ravine, Meade was working along a parallel route further to the north, along the north side of the same ravine and the mountain trail known today as Frostown Road. "General Meade pressed relentlessly ahead on the right, continually extending his heavier line and stretching the thinner enemy line until he finally overlapped it and the Rebels had to fall back toward Turner's Gap."[2] The Haupt farm was located just to the south or left of Meade's path. On high ground directly above (to the west of) the farm buildings were Confederate General Rodes' sharpshooters.

The Houpt property also derives significance for its architectural expression, as an example of a mid-late 19th century hill farm. These properties were smaller and more modest in their improvements than farms in the richer valley lands. Fields were defined for the most part by stone fences, and the buildings were wooden, log for the house and timber frame for the barn and outbuildings. The buildings were constructed into the sloping ground and oriented to face south with the mountain rising behind them and to their west. The form of the house with a raised basement and a recessed double porch along part of the front elevation is common in central Maryland and south central Pennsylvania and is associated with construction during the mid 19th century by people of German descent. A farmstead appears on this site on the 1858 Isaac Bond map of Frederick County and the official US Army engineers maps for the Battle, under the name of Haupt.

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[2]Ibid.

HISTORICAL CONTEXT:

MARYLAND COMPREHENSIVE PRESERVATION PLAN DATA

Geographic Organization: Piedmont

Chronological/Developmental Period(s): Agricultural-Industrial Transition A,D. 1815-1870

Prehistoric/Historic Period Theme(s):
Architecture, landscape architecture and community planning
Agriculture
Military

Resource Type:

Category: buildings

Historic Environment: rural

Historic Function(s) and Use(s):
domestic/single dwelling/residence
agricultural/subsistence/animal facility

Known Design Source: none

9. Major Bibliographical References

Survey No. F-4-118

Books

Hartwig, D. Scott, Civil War Regiments, A Journal of the American Civil War, Vol 5, #3, "Antietam, the Maryland Campaign of 1862". Article entitled "My God, Be Careful! The Morning Battle of Fox's Gap", Savas Publishing Co., Campbell, CA, 1997.

Luvaas, Jay and Harold W. Nelson eds., The U.S. Army War College Guide to the Battle of Antietam, The Maryland Campaign of 1862, Harper Collins Publishers, Washington, 1987.

Murfin, James V., The Gleam of Bayonets, The Battle of Antietam and Robert E. Lee's Maryland Campaign, September 1862, Thomas Yoseloff, New York, 1965.

Roth, Dave, "The General's Tour of South Mountain", Blue & Gray Magazine, Dec-Jan, 1986-87.

Schildt, John W., The Ninth Corps, At Antietam, Chewsville, Maryland, 1988.

Sears, Stephen W., "Fire On The Mountain, The Battle of South Mountain September 14, 1862", Blue & Gray Magazine, Dec-Jan, 1986-87.

Sears, Stephen W., Landscape Turned Red, The Battle of Antietam, Ticknor and Fields, New York, 1983.

Swinton, William, Army of the Potomac, Smithmark Publisher, New York, 1995.

U.S. War Department, The War of Rebellion: A Compilation of the Offical Records of the Union and Confederate Armies, Series I, Vol XIX, Parts I and II, Government Printing Office, Washington, 1880-1901.

Manuscripts

Frye, Dennis, National Register Nomination Form, South Mountain Battlefields F-4-17-A,B,C, 1986.

Maps

The Official Military Atlas of the Civil War, Plate 27, Gramercy Books, New York, 1983.

Engineers Maps, 1862, National Register Nomination, South Mountain Battlefields F-4-17-A,B,C, 1986.

Macombe Map, 1861.

10. Geographical Data

F-4-118

Acreage of nominated property 71.63

Quadrangle name Middletown

Quadrangle scale 1:24,000

UTM References DO NOT COMPLETE UTM REFERENCES

	Zone	Easting	Northing		Zone	Easting	Northing
A				B			
C				D			
E				F			
G				H			

Verbal boundary description and justification

The entire property is included as it was all impacted by the Battle and conveys the character of a mountainside farm. Tax Map 37, parcel 11.

List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries

state	code	county	code
state	code	county	code

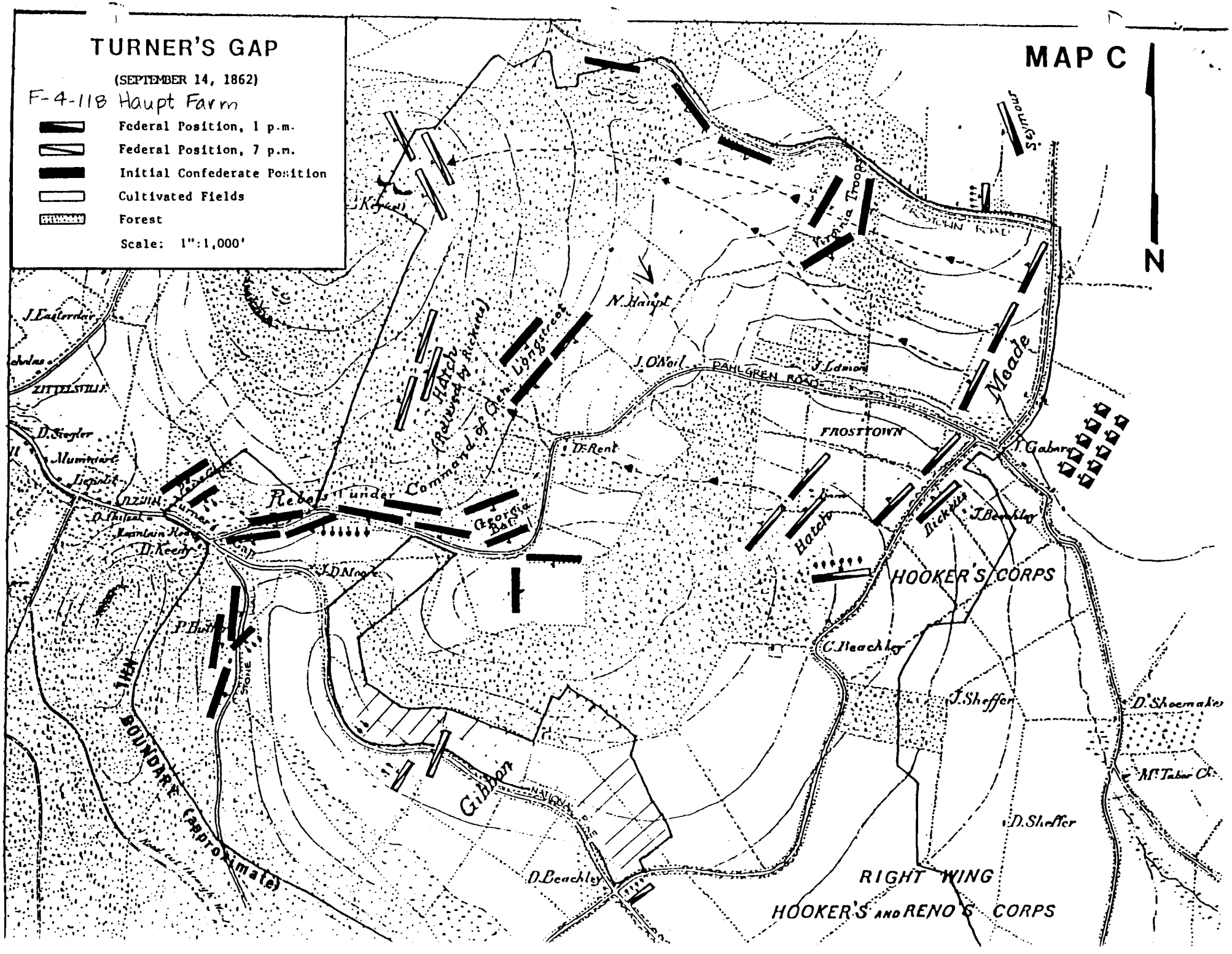
11. Form Prepared By

name/title	Paula S. Reed, PhD and Edith B. Wallace		
organization	Woodward-Clyde	date	2/98
street & number	200 Orchard Ridge Drive	telephone	301-739-2070
city or town	Gaithersburg,	state	MD 20878

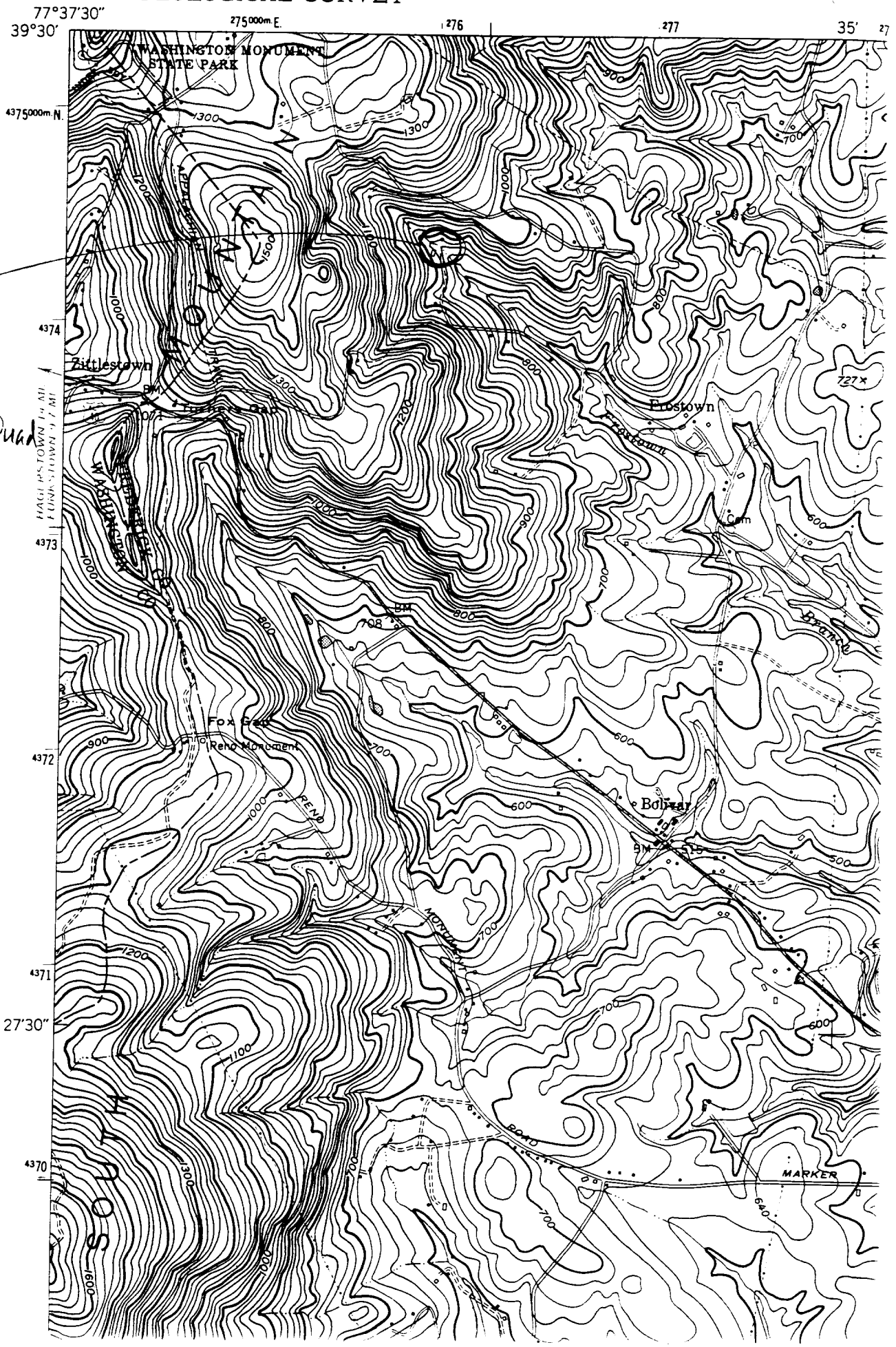
The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to: Maryland Historical Trust
People's Resource Center
100 Community Place
Crownsville, MD 21032-2023
410-514-7000


TURNER'S GAP
(SEPTEMBER 14, 1862)
F-4-118 Haupt Farm
Federal Position, 1 p.m.
Federal Position, 7 p.m.
Initial Confederate Position
Cultivated Fields
Forest
Scale: 1":1,000'
MAP C
N
Seymour
Virginia Troops
FROSTOWN ROAD
N. Haupt
J. O'Neil
PAHLGREN ROAD
J. Lamon
Meade
FROSTTOWN
J. Gabor
Hatch
(Relieved by Ricketts)
Command of Gen. Longstreet
D. Rent
Rebels under
Georgia Bat.
Hatch
Ricketts
J. Beachley
HOOKER'S CORPS
C. Beachley
J. Sheffer
D. Shoemaker
Mt. Tabor Ch.
D. Sheffer
RIGHT WING
HOOKER'S AND RENO'S CORPS
D. Beachley
Gibbon
NATIONAL PIKE
J. D. Moore
P. Butler
STONE
THIN BOUNDARY (approximate)
Road cut through
D. Keedy
Mountain Head
D. Siegler
Muminart
Liepolit
ZITTELSVILLE
J. Easterday
Keyes

UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY



F-4-118
Haupt Farm
Middletown Quad

F-4-118
N Haupt House
Frederick Co, Maryland
Edith B Wallace
5 [illegible] 1997
Maryland SHPO
view north from Dohlgren Rd
SE elevation of house and overall view
1/9

F-4-118
Haupt Farmstead
Frederick Co., Maryland
Edith B. Wallace
16 February 1998
Maryland SHPO
S elevation of main house
2/7

F-4-118
Haupt Farmstead
Frederick Co. Maryland
Edith B. Wallace
6 February 1998
Maryland SHC
S elevation overall
3/7

F-4-118
Haupt Farmstead
Frederick Co., Maryland
Edith B. Wallace
6 February 1998
Maryland SHPO
N elevation little house/kitchen
4/7

F-4-118
Haupt Farmstead
Frederick Co, Maryland
Edith B. Wallace
6 February 1990
Maryland SHPO
detail, exterior door, lower level N elevation
Mile House/kitchen
5/7

F-4-118
Haupt Farmstead
Frederick Co Maryland
Edith B Wallace
6 February 1992
Maryland SHPO
interior fireplace, lower level, little house/kitchen
6/7

F-4-118
Hoyt Farmstead
Frederick Co, Maryland
Edith B. Wallace
6 February 1992
Maryland SHPO
N elevation of smokehouse/kitchen
7/7