

~~HO 12~~ HO 13
HOWARD LODGE
Sykesville, Maryland
Private

Circa 1750

Howard Lodge stands on the east side of Route 32 not far from Sykesville and is one of the outstanding architectural landmarks of Howard County.

A two and a half story gabled roof brick structure, Howard Lodge features Flemish brick bond on all but the west wall which is laid in English bond. Believed to have been initially three bays wide and two deep, Howard Lodge appears to have later been enlarged to five bays, with its brick exterior accented by a brick belt course between the first and second floors and a water table reminiscent of the Montpelier front elevation. This brick decoration for Howard Lodge, however, extends around the entire building, while that at Montpelier is placed solely on the front elevation. It further features Federal decoration, a recessed Roman arch on each side of the central second floor south window.

Symmetrical fenestration, proportionally scaled from first to second floors punctuates the facade while three gabled roof dormer windows are each topped by a pointed pediment. The central dormer holds a double window, each holding four-over-four lites and flanked by single dormers holding six-over-six lites. Twin brick chimneys are located on the eastern and western sides of the house. A one and a half story stone and frame original kitchen lies on the east side of the north wall with dependencies lying north and east of the house.

Built by Edward Dorsey, grandson of Colonel Edward Dorsey in 1750, Howard Lodge has been inhabited by Mr. and Mrs. Francis Scott Key, Jr., son of the patriot as well as Mr. and Mrs. Roy Emory (she, the present Mrs. Jacqueline Streeter) who in 1959 purchased it and undertook its entire restoration.

One of Howard County's finest buildings, it is presently owned by Dr. and Mrs. Luke E. Terry, Jr.

1400135204

H0-13
District 3

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST WORKSHEET

NOMINATION FORM
for the
NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES, NATIONAL PARKS SERVICE

1. NAME						
COMMON: Howard Lodge						
AND/OR HISTORIC: Taylor's Park						
2. LOCATION						
STREET AND NUMBER: Howard Lodge Road						
CITY OR TOWN: Sykesville, Maryland						
STATE: Maryland			COUNTY: Howard			
3. CLASSIFICATION						
CATEGORY (Check One)		OWNERSHIP		STATUS	ACCESSIBLE TO THE PUBLIC	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> District <input type="checkbox"/> Building <input type="checkbox"/> Site <input type="checkbox"/> Structure <input type="checkbox"/> Object		<input type="checkbox"/> Public <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Private <input type="checkbox"/> Both		Public Acquisition: <input type="checkbox"/> In Process <input type="checkbox"/> Being Considered	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Occupied <input type="checkbox"/> Unoccupied <input type="checkbox"/> Preservation work In progress	Yes: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Restricted <input type="checkbox"/> Unrestricted <input type="checkbox"/> No
PRESENT USE (Check One or More as Appropriate)						
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Agricultural <input type="checkbox"/> Commercial <input type="checkbox"/> Educational <input type="checkbox"/> Entertainment		<input type="checkbox"/> Government <input type="checkbox"/> Industrial <input type="checkbox"/> Military <input type="checkbox"/> Museum		<input type="checkbox"/> Park <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Private Residence <input type="checkbox"/> Religious <input type="checkbox"/> Scientific	<input type="checkbox"/> Transportation <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) _____ _____ _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Comments _____ _____ _____
4. OWNER OF PROPERTY						
OWNER'S NAME: Dr. and Mrs. Luke Edward Terry						
STREET AND NUMBER: Howard Lodge						
CITY OR TOWN: Sykesville			STATE: Maryland			
5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION						
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.: Hall of Records						
STREET AND NUMBER: Howard County Court House						
CITY OR TOWN: Ellicott City			STATE: Maryland		21043	
Title Reference of Current Deed (Book & Pg. #): 646/246 15.00 Acres						
6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS P. 157 Tax Map #9						
TITLE OF SURVEY: Howard County Historic Sites Inventory						
DATE OF SURVEY: 1976 <input type="checkbox"/> Federal <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State <input type="checkbox"/> County <input type="checkbox"/> Local						
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS: Maryland Historical Trust						
STREET AND NUMBER: 21 State Circle						
CITY OR TOWN: Annapolis			STATE: Maryland		21401	

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

7. DESCRIPTION

CONDITION	(Check One)					
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Deteriorated	<input type="checkbox"/> Ruins	<input type="checkbox"/> Unexposed
	(Check One)			(Check One)		
	<input type="checkbox"/> Altered	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Unaltered	<input type="checkbox"/> Moved	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Original Site		

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (if known) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Description

Howard Lodge is located on the south side of Howard Lodge Road about one mile from the intersection of Route 32 north of Sykesville.

The house stands on a gentle slope of land facing south. It is a five bay wide and two bay deep, 2½ story house constructed of ballast brick laid in various brick bonds which is a very interesting feature of the house. Brick chimneys are inset into its east and west walls. A two-story kitchen wing rests on the east bay of the north wall. It is probably the original structure, two bays wide and one bay deep which originally faced east with a wide stone chimney on its north wall. A frame second floor has been added with gabled roof running north - south and separate entrance on the north bay of the east wall approached by an open wooden stairway and railing. The central east entrance has been partially filled in and now holds a casement window with three - three lites. Two double hung rectangular first floor windows lie in the west wall with six - over - six lites. A rectangular entrance is placed on the east side of the north wall and another on the west side of the south wall which now leads into the main structure.

The brick exterior walls (laid in English bond on the west and flemish bond on the south and east) is accented by flat arched splayed brick lintels, flat wooden sills, a header brick belt course, water table, and decorative recessed Roman arches. Two recessed Roman arches, decorated with header brick full arched lintels and key stones, are placed on each side of the central second floor window. The other significant architectural element of the house, the doorway, is surmounted by a splayed brick flat arched lintel. A lite is cut into the upper portion of the paneled door. Four wide brick steps and landing lead to the door. A brick path on the east approaches these steps which are flanked by two square brick columns. Symmetrical fenestration, proportionally scaled from first to second floors punctuates the east, west and south facade of the building. The windows are double-hung with six-over-nine lites on the first floor and six-over-six lites on the second floor. Shutters hang at all the windows. Three dormer windows, each topped by a pointed pediment, are placed in the gable roof. The central dormer holds a double rectangular double-hung window, each holding four-over-four lites. The east and west bay dormers hold double-hung rectangular windows with six-over-six lites. Two third floor double-hung windows holding six-over-six lites rest in the east and west walls. Cellar windows with six lites are also located on the east and west walls. A cellar door is located on the north side of the east wall. With the exception of this door the window placement on the east and west walls are identical in treatment.

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

The north elevation of the house holds fewer apertures. Three first floor windows and entrance lying in the second east bay with only two second floor windows which are not vertically aligned as we see on the south wall.

A wood cornice adorns the roof line decorated by a row of brackets. In addition to the dormers, brick chimneys are inset into the east and west walls of the house.

The interior paneling of the hall is of the Greek Revival style. The floors are beautiful wide random width. Federal period fireplaces are located in the living room on the west side of the central hall. Other fine mantles located on the east side frame corner fireplaces on the first and second floors. The upstairs hall features a rectangular painted pattern which is a copy of the original found during restoration.

The boxwood located around the house and grounds are large in scale and estimated to be 200 years old. Indian mounds have also been located on the adjacent property. A storage barn which was recently burned bore 1860 dates.

An old smoke house lies east of the kitchen wing with a tent roofed square stone spring house lying north. A gable roofed stone structure northeast of these buildings was probably used as slave quarters. The basement was also used for this purpose.

Architecturally, the house represents a transitional style blending elements of the Federal and Greek Revival periods.

8. SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD (Check One or More as Appropriate)

- | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Pre-Columbian | <input type="checkbox"/> 16th Century | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 18th Century | <input type="checkbox"/> 20th Century |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 15th Century | <input type="checkbox"/> 17th Century | <input type="checkbox"/> 19th Century | |

SPECIFIC DATE(S) (If Applicable and Known) Circa 1750

AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Check One or More as Appropriate)

- | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Aboriginal | <input type="checkbox"/> Education | <input type="checkbox"/> Political | <input type="checkbox"/> Urban Planning |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric | <input type="checkbox"/> Engineering | <input type="checkbox"/> Religion/Philosophy | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Historic | <input type="checkbox"/> Industry | <input type="checkbox"/> Science | _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Agriculture | <input type="checkbox"/> Invention | <input type="checkbox"/> Sculpture | _____ |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Architecture | <input type="checkbox"/> Landscape Architecture | <input type="checkbox"/> Social/Humanitarian | _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Art | <input type="checkbox"/> Literature | <input type="checkbox"/> Theater | _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Commerce | <input type="checkbox"/> Military | <input type="checkbox"/> Transportation | _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Communications | <input type="checkbox"/> Music | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Conservation | | | |

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Howard Lodge was built in the 1750's by Edward Dorsey and has in its past had associations with the families of Howard, Francis Scott Key and the Ridgelys of Howard County. It was completed in the mid 1700's and is noted by the Howard County Historical Society as one of fifty historic sites of outstanding significance.

Because of its inherent characteristics and location it is susceptible to physical alteration or loss for the following reasons:

- 1) It is located in the Patapsco River flood plain area
- 2) It is adjacent to an area of relative density, Sykesville, Md.

With possible impact of large scale rural residential development already initiated and threatening the future of the structure.

It has been designated as an area of critical state concern suitable for preservation and should be recommended for the National Register of Historic Places.

Architecturally Howard Lodge is outstanding significance. The entire building except for its west wall is constructed in flemish bond brick, the cadillac of brick bonds. A water table has been found on the front facade of Montpelier along with a decorative brick course but Howard Lodge boasts a water table and brick course around the entire building.

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

1. Historical Information About People and Places, presented by the Howard County Historical Society in cooperation with the Howard County Times.
2. Holland, Celia; Landmarks of Howard County, Maryland; University Park, 1975.
3. Maryland Historical Trust; Howard County Historic Sites Inventory, H0-13.
4. Mr. Roy Emery, previous owner; 5075 Ilchester Road, Ellicott City
5. 1795 Tax Lists; Annapolis, Maryland.
6. Holzer, Hans; Stately Ghosts of Washington, D. C.
7. Warfield, J.D.; Founders of Anne Arundel and Howard County, Baltimore, 1973

10. GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES DEFINING A RECTANGLE LOCATING THE PROPERTY			O R	LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES DEFINING THE CENTER POINT OF A PROPERTY OF LESS THAN TEN ACRES		
CORNER	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE		LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	
	Degrees Minutes Seconds	Degrees Minutes Seconds		Degrees Minutes Seconds	Degrees Minutes Seconds	
NW	° ' "	° ' "		° ' "	° ' "	
NE	° ' "	° ' "		° ' "	° ' "	
SE	° ' "	° ' "		° ' "	° ' "	
SW	° ' "	° ' "		° ' "	° ' "	

APPROXIMATE ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY:

Acreage Justification:

Please see Tax Map

646/246 15.00 Acres p. 157

11. FORM PREPARED BY

NAME AND TITLE:
Cleora Barnes Thompson, Archivist

ORGANIZATION: Office of Planning and Zoning DATE:

STREET AND NUMBER:
3450 Court House Drive

CITY OR TOWN: Ellicott City STATE: Maryland ZIP: 21043

12. State Liaison Officer Review: (Office Use Only)

Significance of this property is:

National State Local

Signature

SEE INSTRUCTIONS



HO.13

from northwest

214A

Howard Lodge JSE

4/72



HO.13

214A

from southwest

Howard Lodge . JSE. 4/72



HO.13

from northeast

214A

Howard Lodge

BE

4/72



HO.13

214A

Howard Lodge - string hse

882.4/72



HO-13 - DIST. 3
HOWARD LODGE
30A-31 (SOUTH)

THE NATIONAL ARCHIVE
COLLEGE PARK, MARYLAND
SERIALS ACQUISITION