Start Here

Scan One Time Only

And

Copy for Multiple Numbers

HA-579

through

HA-582

HA-579-582
DNR 53-57

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

MAGI #s 1305794204, 1305804306, 1305814305, 1305824305

INVENTORY FORM FOR STATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY

1 NAME

HISTORIC
Eightrupp
AND/OR COMMON
Lyle Property

2 LOCATION

STREET & NUMBER
445 Quaker Bottom Road
CITY, TOWN
Havre de Grace — VICINITY OF
CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT
First
STATE
Maryland
COUNTY
Harford

3 CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRESENT USE	
__DISTRICT	X PUBLIC	X OCCUPIED	X AGRICULTURE	__MUSEUM
X BUILDING(S)	__PRIVATE	__UNOCCUPIED	__COMMERCIAL	__PARK
__STRUCTURE	__BOTH	__WORK IN PROGRESS	__EDUCATIONAL	X PRIVATE RESIDENCE
__SITE	**PUBLIC ACQUISITION**	**ACCESSIBLE**	__ENTERTAINMENT	__RELIGIOUS
__OBJECT	__IN PROCESS	__YES: RESTRICTED	__GOVERNMENT	__SCIENTIFIC
	__BEING CONSIDERED	__YES: UNRESTRICTED	__INDUSTRIAL	__TRANSPORTATION
		X NO	__MILITARY	__OTHER

4 OWNER OF PROPERTY

NAME
Maryland Department of Natural Resources
Telephone #:
STREET & NUMBER
Taylor Avenue
CITY, TOWN
Annapolis — VICINITY OF
STATE, zip code
Maryland 21401

5 LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION

COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.
Harford County Courthouse
Liber #: GCB 295
Folio #: 89
STREET & NUMBER
CITY, TOWN
Bel Air
STATE
Maryland

6 REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

TITLE
DATE
__FEDERAL __STATE __COUNTY __LOCAL
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS
CITY, TOWN
STATE

7 DESCRIPTION

CONDITION		CHECK ONE	CHECK ONE
X EXCELLENT	__DETERIORATED	__UNALTERED	X ORIGINAL SITE
__GOOD	__RUINS	X ALTERED	__MOVED DATE_____
__FAIR	__UNEXPOSED		

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Eightrupp, located on the east side of Quaker Bottom Road, north of its intersection with Webster-Lapidum Road, is a three-part structure built into a terraced slope. The main section, dating from the late eighteenth century is a two-story stone structure, three bays wide and one bay deep. A recently constructed one-story clapboard addition connects the main section with a one-story stone kitchen which, although heavily altered is probably contemporary with the main block.

The principal (south) facade of the main section is highlighted by a two-story, wooden porch which spans the entire facade. On the first story, a central doorway is flanked by windows with 6/6 sash. The entrance is recessed with beaded board jambs and a stone sill. The door itself possesses a twelve-light window over two beveled panels. The windows are framed by molded surrounds with projecting wooden sills. Some of these frames are still pegged. An identical window/door/window configuration exists on the second story. The door is of vertical boards. Windows are 6/6 sashed with molded surrounds and projecting wooden sills. The entire second story has been whitewashed.

Due to the location of the house built into the hillside, the north facade is one story and corresponds to the second story of the south facade.

A vertical boarded door is flanked by windows with 6/6 sash. Treatment of the door frame and window surrounds is similar to those on the south facade.

The west gable is distinguished by a 6/6 sashed window at cellar level and smaller 6/6 sashed windows at attic level.

The east gable has been obscured by the one-story frame addition. A 6/6 sashed window at attic level is all that is now visible on the exterior.

An interior stone chimney is found on the east end of the slate roof. A boxed cornice with elaborate bed moldings, molded cornice returns and beaded rake boards articulate the roof area.

The central frame section possesses a three-part, multi-light sashed window on the north and south facades. Dormers also appear on both facades, an oversized gable roofed dormer on the south and a shed roofed dormer on the north. An entrance is centrally located on the east facade flanked to the south by a three-part, multi-light sashed window, and to the north by a two-part, multi-light sashed window. A similar two-part window is found at attic level.

The two-story stone kitchen section is two bays wide and one bay deep. On the first story a beaded, vertical boarded door is located in the western bay of the main (south) facade. Old strap hinges ornament the door. A small six-light, fixed-sashed window appears in the eastern bay. On the second story 6/6 sashed windows occupy the corresponding openings.

The west facade is distinguished by a 6/6 sashed window at attic level. The gable area has been clapboarded.

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW				
__PREHISTORIC	__ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	__COMMUNITY PLANNING	__LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	__RELIGION
__1400-1499	__ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	__CONSERVATION	__LAW	__SCIENCE
__1500-1599	X AGRICULTURE	__ECONOMICS	__LITERATURE	__SCULPTURE
__1600-1699	X ARCHITECTURE	__EDUCATION	__MILITARY	__SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
X 1700-1799	__ART	__ENGINEERING	__MUSIC	__THEATER
X 1800-1899	__COMMERCE	__EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	__PHILOSOPHY	__TRANSPORTATION
X 1900-	__COMMUNICATIONS	__INDUSTRY	__POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	__OTHER (SPECIFY)
		__INVENTION		

SPECIFIC DATES

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The following information was collected by Paul Penrod in 1976. The attached title search was also executed by him.

Eightrupp was patented by Thomas Griffith in 1665 when he crossed over from his other tract in Cecil County. The parcel he claimed measured 550 acres and fronted on the Susquehanna River from Herring Run to Lapidum Lock. At his death, the land reverted to a trustee, William Cummings.

William Lofton, a cooper, had acquired 248 acres of the lower portion of the tract by 1701 but he died in 1704. Daniel Johnson bought 68 acres from Lofton in 1701 and another 32 from Richard Perkins, the owner of the other 300 acres of Eightrupp.

Perkins, also a cooper, had purchased 150 acres of the tract from Lofton in 1703 but he (perkins) died in 1705. Perkins' 43 acres of Eightrupp were divided among his three sons: Richard getting 175 acres, William receiving 121 acres, and Elisha obtaining 127 acres.

William Perkins later began the ferry operation at what is now Lapidum. Reuben Perkins, the son of William, not only continued to operate the ferry but also purchased 10 acres from Col. Thomas White along Herring Run for a gristmill. Col. White, one of the largest landowners in the area, acquired 208 acres of Eightrupp in 1746.

Perkins operated this mill from 1760 until 1770 when it was bought by Nathaniel Giles. Perkins also sold separate acre and one-half acre lots along the river in present day Lapidum.

Samuel Gover was the owner of the portion of Eightrupp where the house is standing. The 1798 tax list shows him as owning 515 acres with a 40' x 40' two-story stone house.

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Harford County Directory, 1953

Mason, Samuel, Historical Sketches of Harford County, 1955, Lancaster, Pa.

Silver, Albert P., Lapidum, 1888.

Wright, C. Milton, Our Harford Heritage, 1967, Baltimore, Md.

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY _____

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE	COUNTY
STATE	COUNTY

11 FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE

Bridget M. Deale

ORGANIZATION — DATE

Maryland Historical Trust — September 1979

STREET & NUMBER — TELEPHONE

21 State Circle — 269-2438

CITY OR TOWN — STATE

Annapolis — Maryland 21401

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature, to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 Supplement.

The Survey and Inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

RETURN TO: Maryland Historical Trust
The Shaw House, 21 State Circle
Annapolis, Maryland 21401
(301) 267-1438

The east and north facades have been altered by the addition of an elaborate greenhouse.

A massive interior stone chimney rises from the east end of the slate roof.

The interior of the main house is in excellent condition. There is one large room on the first floor with a massive wall-length fireplace on the eastern end. The windows are inset and a vertical-boarded wainscoting sheaths the perimeter of the room. A circular stairway leads upstairs from the northeast corner of the room. Both the second floor and the attic are subdivided into two rooms.

The second floor features chair rails and shoe molding. Pegging on door and window frames can also be seen. A smaller fireplace is located directly above the first floor fireplace. This opening possesses a more elaborate mantelpiece. Woodwork features are also more ornate. Most probably, this was the original main floor and the first story, because of the size of its hearth it was the kitchen level. What is now the kitchen wing was probably a detached smokehouse.

Outbuildings

There are several outbuildings of note on the property. A corn crib, probably dating from the first half of the nineteenth century, is located east of the main dwelling. The majority of the support members are hand hewn and joined together by a mortised and tenon and pegging system. Wide pine board flooring is visible on the first floor and attic level. Large strap hinges are found on the principal doors. The corn crib, which now functions as a storage shed is built into a hill and consequently sits on a high fieldstone foundation.

Southeast of the corn crib is the remains of a curious network of agrarian structures. The most prominent of which is a large board and batten slate gable roofed bank barn. A shed roofed structure runs southward at right angle to the main barn along its west side. Massive fieldstone foundation walls run southward from the barn along its east side and then westward to connect with the storage shed.

Stone ruins of another outbuilding stand between the corn crib and the bank barn.

A springhouse is located about 100 yards west of the main house. It is a half stone, half frame structure with a slate shed roof. Access to the interior is along the east side.

HA-579-582

INVENTORY NO. 579-582 ELECTION DISTRICT _____

DATE: 6/12/76 TAX MAP NO. _____

REMODELING: Drastic, moderate✓, minor PARCEL NO. _____

NAME OF PROPERTY: EICHTRUPP

LOCATION OF PROPERTY: QUAKER BOTTOM RD NR. CHINOS CORNER RD.

DIRECTION DWELLING FACES: SOUTH

NAME OF OWNER: MR + MRS. CHARLES W LYLE

ADDRESS: QUAKER BOTTOM RD

HAMMERE BRICK MD.

STORIES: 1[ ] 2½[ ] 3[ ] 4[ ] 5[ ] 6[ ] BAYS: 3 x 2 main house

2 x 1 kitchen

WINGS, ADDITIONS: KITCHEN CONNECTED

Brick cellar on south side due to slope of hill under 5x3 windows on the first floor

WALL CONSTRUCTION:

[✓] FRAME: Bevel, clapboard, weatherboard, wood shingles, board & batten(type?) aluminum siding

[✓] BRICK: Bond type- common, English, Flemish. Sketch variants.

[✓] STONE: Bond type- rubble, ashlar (random or regular), quoins-plain, rusticated coursed

[ ] LOG

WALL FEATURES: BELT COURSE, PILASTERS, OTHERS NONE

FOUNDATIONS: HIGH, LOW, BRICK, STONE ✓ PART OF WALL

WATER TABLE: NONE✓ PLAIN, BEVELED, MOULDED BRICK

WINDOWS, TRIM, SHUTTERS: 1/1[ ] 2/2[ ] 6/6[✓] 9/6[ ] 9/9[ ] other[ ]

no shutters pegged[✓] nailed[ ] wide[ ] narrow[ ]

original[✓] replaced[✓]

ENTRANCE, DOORS: LOCATION: 1 ON SOUTH SIDE 1st floor - 12 panes 1 ON OPPOSITE SIDE N + S sides, 2nd floor - terrace allows N side door to be on ground level

HARDWARE: original[✓] replaced[ ]

FAN LIGHT, TRANSOM, SIDE LIGHTS, PLAIN

CORNICE, BARGE, EAVES: STONE ON KITCHEN BOX WITH FRIEZE ANGLED IN CORNERS original[ ] replaced[✓]

ROOF: GABLE FRONT, GABLE FLANK✓, HIP, MANSARD, FLAT, DORMERS

MATERIAL: wood shingles, slate✓, tin, asphalt original[✓] replaced[ ]

PORCHES: SHAPE OF ROOF - shed[ ] hip[ ] gable[✓] DOUBLE-DECKER WOOD 3 BAY PORCH WITH FLAT RAILS + BALUSTRADE ABOVE

CHIMNEYS: NUMBER 2 BRICK[ ] STONE[✓] CORBELED[ ] original[ ] replaced[ ]

LOCATION: ONE ON E. END OF MAIN HOUSE ONE ON E. END OF KITCHEN

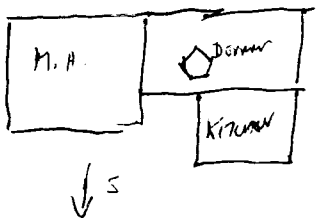
ARCHES:

COMMENTS: 2 buildings connected by recent addition

Stepped into hillside

1798 vintage house dug into hillside
Chair rails + chair molding on 2nd floor, wainscotting on first floor in main section - original lath + plaster - recessed door openings on 2nd floor - beaded batten doors / bar locks - circular stairway in SE corner to 2nd floor - massive NE brick piers on east end of main house, small arch above on 2nd flr - fireplace attic

owners of a tenant house on the property
addition connects kitchen with house
original entrance door on main house west wall leads to addition



addition is very new - 6 x 3 - door on west end
6 x 6 pane 2 attic windows - clapboard
doors on each side

2

Common features
slate shed roof, tall stone
roof frame - frame structure end
of house about
50 ft away
driveway on west half and
stone half for the last

Approximately
Set to north
vertical siding
slate roof
stone foundation
shed, barn and
another outbuilding
located NE of the
house about 100 yds away

SUSQUEHANNA STATE PARK PROPERTY

"Eightrupp"-- portion owned by Charles Lyle

Libre	Folio	
GOB 295	89	Charles W. and Katherine Lyle bought 171.6 acres of the Eightrupp tract in 1946 from Benjamin S. Silver.
SWC 225	211	Benjamin H. Silver transferred the property to Frank H. and Albert C. Silver to hold until the grandson, Benjamin S. Silver, reached age 23 (1945). Benjamin S. was the son of the deceased son of Benjamin H., also called Benjamin S. Silver. This transfer was consumated in 1932 and consisted of two parcels of land called Eightrupp or Eyetrap, known as Shady Mount Farm in the Silver family and it totalled 180 acres, more or less.
WSF 115	482	In 1905, Joseph W. Chamberlaine was appointed as a trustee to resell the tract to Benjamin H. Silver. It was 60 acres, known as Eightrupp or Eyetrap, previously owned by an Asael Botts.
Will JMM 11	16	Eliza Cooper Boyd died in 1877, willing to Albert P. Silver 328 acres, more or less, and one half of her stock cattle. She left to Benjamin H. Silver the tract of land called Eyetrap, Previously owned by William Stump.
		At this point the ownership of the properties splits. Benjamin H. Silver had acquired 60 acres of Eightrupp from Joseph W. Chamberlaine, acting trustee for Asael Botts. Silver received the other 100 acres or so from Eliza C. Boyd, of the Stump family, by will. The next entries show the origins of ownership of the Botts and the Stump tracts.
		Botts
ALJ 26	27	A deed was drawn up in 1870 by George W. Botts, James Nixon, Avarilla Botts and Goldsmith Botts to sell Asael Botts some of their father's holdings (the late John Botts). Asael got 60 acres, more or less, of Eyetrap.
HG 31	71	In 1845, along with other properties, John Botts mortgaged Eye Trap to Ann Archer. Botts' total holdings mortgaged at that time measured 200 acres.
HD 2	385	In 1817, Eightrupp was involved in a deed transfer between the late John Stump and his children, Priscilla, Hannah, John W. and Herman; as well as Robert and Ann Archer and John Williams. John Stump's land was to be equally doled out to the others, with much of what Ann Archer received being Eightrupp.

Libre	Folio	
HD R	229	In 1804, John Stump purchased a piece of land from Samuel Gover that included parts of Lightrupp.
JL N	467	Gerard Gover sold to Samuel Gover a 273 and three-quarter acre tract that included Lightrap and several other tracts. This transaction took place in 1797.
		As far as the Harford County Land Records are concerned, Gerard Gover is the earliest known owner of this parcel of Lightrupp.
		Stump
HD G	465	In 1823, William Stump gave his daughter, Eliza Cooper Boyd, a part of Lightrupp that measured 102 acres.
HD U	330	William Stump had acquired the previous tract from the heirs of the Nathaniel Giles estate. He purchased land from Eliza Giles
HD U	153	and Catherine and Edward Shoemaker in 1809, and from Samuel Gover and Thomas Brown in 1808.
		From the Harford County Land Records, the earliest original owner of this part of Lightrupp was Nathaniel Gover of Philadelphia.

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST 1305794204 1305804306 1305814305 1305824305 HA- 579-582

INVENTORY FORM FOR STATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY

See revised form

1 NAME

HISTORIC: Eightrupp

AND/OR COMMON: Lyle Property

2 LOCATION

STREET & NUMBER: 445 Quaker Bottom Rd.

CITY, TOWN: Havre de Grace ___ VICINITY OF Lapidum

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT: First

STATE: Maryland

COUNTY: Harford

3 CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRESENT USE	
X DISTRICT	___PUBLIC	X OCCUPIED	X AGRICULTURE	___MUSEUM
X BUILDING(S)	___PRIVATE	___UNOCCUPIED	___COMMERCIAL	___PARK
___STRUCTURE	X BOTH	___WORK IN PROGRESS	___EDUCATIONAL	X PRIVATE RESIDENCE
___SITE	**PUBLIC ACQUISITION**	**ACCESSIBLE**	___ENTERTAINMENT	___RELIGIOUS
___OBJECT	___IN PROCESS	X YES: RESTRICTED	___GOVERNMENT	___SCIENTIFIC
	___BEING CONSIDERED	___YES: UNRESTRICTED	___INDUSTRIAL	___TRANSPORTATION
		___NO	___MILITARY	___OTHER

4 OWNER OF PROPERTY

NAME: Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Lyle Telephone #: 939-4258

STREET & NUMBER: 445 Quaker Bottom Road

CITY, TOWN: Havre de Grace ___ VICINITY OF Lapidum

STATE, zip code: Maryland 21078

5 LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION

Liber #: GGB 295

Folio #: 89

COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.: Harford County Courthouse

STREET & NUMBER: 40 South Main Street

CITY, TOWN: Bel Air

STATE: Maryland

6 REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

TITLE

DATE

___FEDERAL ___STATE ___COUNTY ___LOCAL

DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS

CITY, TOWN

STATE

7 DESCRIPTION

HA579-582

CONDITION		CHECK ONE	CHECK ONE
X EXCELLENT	__DETERIORATED	__UNALTERED	X ORIGINAL SITE
__GOOD	__RUINS	X ALTERED	__MOVED DATE_____
__FAIR	__UNEXPOSED		

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

This southern-facing structure is terraced into a slope and consists of three parts: a two-story coursed stone structure on the western end, a recently constructed one-story connecting wing of aluminum siding in the center and a one-story stone kitchen with an exposed cellar on the eastern end. The oldest portion of the house is the two-story section, which is said to date from before 1800. It measures three bays by two while the kitchen is two by one. The windows are 6 X 6 and some of the frames are still pegged. Two windows of the same type reside on either end of the main house at the attic level. The cellar windows under the kitchen are 3 X 3's. One door is located on the south side of the main house on the first floor, having an unusual twelve-pane window. There are wide board-and-batten doors opposite each other on the northern and southern facades of the second story, but due to the location of the house, the northern door is actually at ground level. There are two doors on the eastern end of the house; one centered on the addition and one on the kitchen, covered by a small greenhouse. A board-and-batten cellar door is located on the southern face of the kitchen. There is some older hardware on these doors, although they do not match the age of the house. The roofs on both stone structures are slate and gable flanked. The only dormer is on the roof of the addition, being a gabled one and facing towards the south. The box cornices and the friezes skirting the roofs of both buildings have been recently added. There are two large stone chimneys, one located on the eastern inside end of the main house and one on the eastern inside end of the kitchen. A two-story wooden, three-bay piazza is situated across the entire southerly facade of the main house. One could say that there is possibility that the original front of the house actually faced northward and that the lower southern entrance of today was at one time a cellar door.

The interior of the main house is in excellent condition. There is one large room on the first floor with a massive wall-length fireplace on the eastern end. The windows are inset and a slatted wainscotting sheaths the perimeter of the room. A circular stairway leads upstairs from the northeast corner of the room. Both the second floor and the attic are subdivided into two rooms. The second floor features chair rails and shoe molding and the pegging on the door and window frames and the old box locks can be seen. A smaller fireplace is sited on the second floor, just over the first floor fireplace. The features of the woodwork, the opposite doors and the more ornate fireplace are further clues in supporting the hypotheses that this second story was originally the first floor of the house, with the cellar serving as a kitchen and the present kitchen building being a smokehouse.

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

HA579-582

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW				
__PREHISTORIC	__ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	__COMMUNITY PLANNING	__LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	__RELIGION	
__1400-1499	__ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	__CONSERVATION	__LAW	__SCIENCE	
__1500-1599	X AGRICULTURE	__ECONOMICS	__LITERATURE	__SCULPTURE	
__1600-1699	__ARCHITECTURE	__EDUCATION	__MILITARY	__SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN	
__1700-1799	__ART	__ENGINEERING	__MUSIC	__THEATER	
X 1800-1899	__COMMERCE	X EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	__PHILOSOPHY	__TRANSPORTATION	
__1900-	__COMMUNICATIONS	__INDUSTRY	__POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	__OTHER (SPECIFY)	
		__INVENTION			

SPECIFIC DATES

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

"Eightrupp" was patented by Thomas Griffith in 1665 when he crossed over from his other tract in Cecil County. The parcel he claimed measured 550 acres and fronted on the Susquehanna River from Herring Run to the Lapidum Lock. At his death, the land reverted to a trustee, William Cummings. William Lofton, a cooper, had acquired 248 acres of the lower portion of the tract by 1701 but he died in 1704. Daniel Johnson bought 68 acres from Lofton in 1701 and another 32 from Richard Perkins, the owner of the other 300 acres of "Eightrupp". Perkins, also a cooper, had purchased 150 acres of the tract from Lofton in 1703, but he died in 1705. Perkins' 423 acres of "Eightrupp" were divided among his three sons; Richard getting 175 acres, William receiving 121 acres and Elisha obtaining 127 acres. William Perkins later began the ferry operation at what is now Lapidum. Col. Thomas White, one of the largest landowners in the area, acquired 208 acres of "Eightrupp" in 1746. Reuben Perkins, the son of William, not only continued to operate the ferry but also purchased ten acres from Col. Thomas White along Herring Run for a gristmill. He operated the mill from 1760 until 1770 when it was bought by Nathaniel Giles. Perkins also sold seperate acre and one-half acre lots along the river in present-day Lapidum. Samuel Gover was the owner of the portion of "Eightrupp" where the Lyle house is standing. The 1798 Tax List shows him as owning 515 acres with a 40 X 40 two-story stone house.

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

HA 579-582

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Harford County Directory- 1953
Harford County Land Records
Mason, Samuel; Historical Sketches of Harford County, 1955, Intelligencer, Lancaster.
Silver, Albert P.; Lapidum, 1888.
Wright, C. Milton; Our Harford Heritage, 1967, French Bray, Baltimore.
Federal Tax Lists- 1783 and 1798

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY 171.6

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

The tract has a western frontage on the Quaker Bottom Road north of the intersection with the Webster-Lapidum Road. It is bounded to the north by the tract called "The Land of Promise", to the south by the Horne property and to the west by Lapidum Road.

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE	COUNTY
STATE	COUNTY

11 FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE	
Paul L. Penrod/ site surveyor	May 18, 1976
ORGANIZATION	DATE
Maryland Historical Trust	267-1212
STREET & NUMBER	TELEPHONE
Shaw House, 21 State Circle	
CITY OR TOWN	STATE
Annapolis	Maryland

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature, to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 Supplement.

The Survey and Inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

RETURN TO: Maryland Historical Trust
The Shaw House, 21 State Circle
Annapolis, Maryland 21401
(301) 267-1438

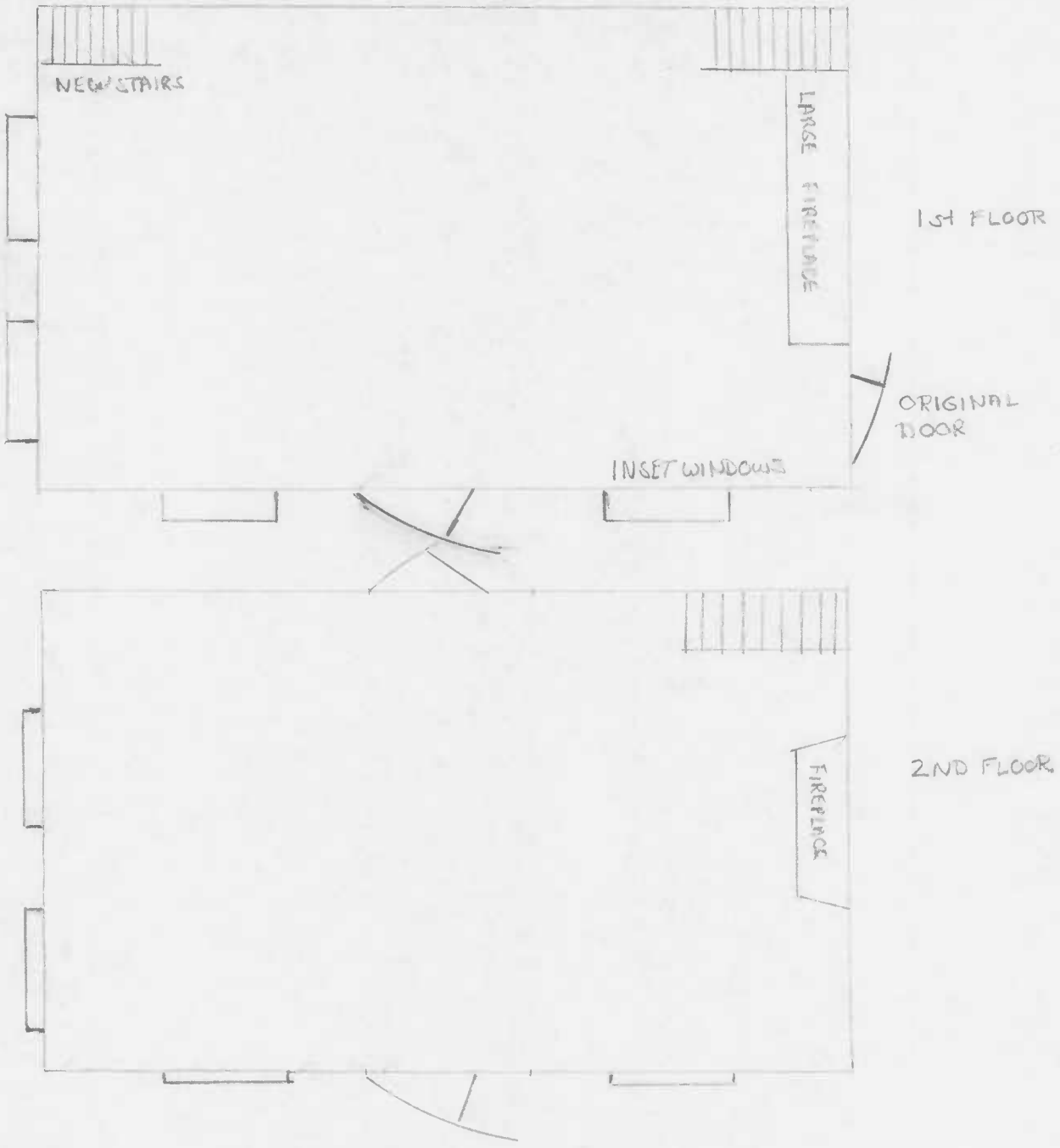
PS-1108

HA-579-582

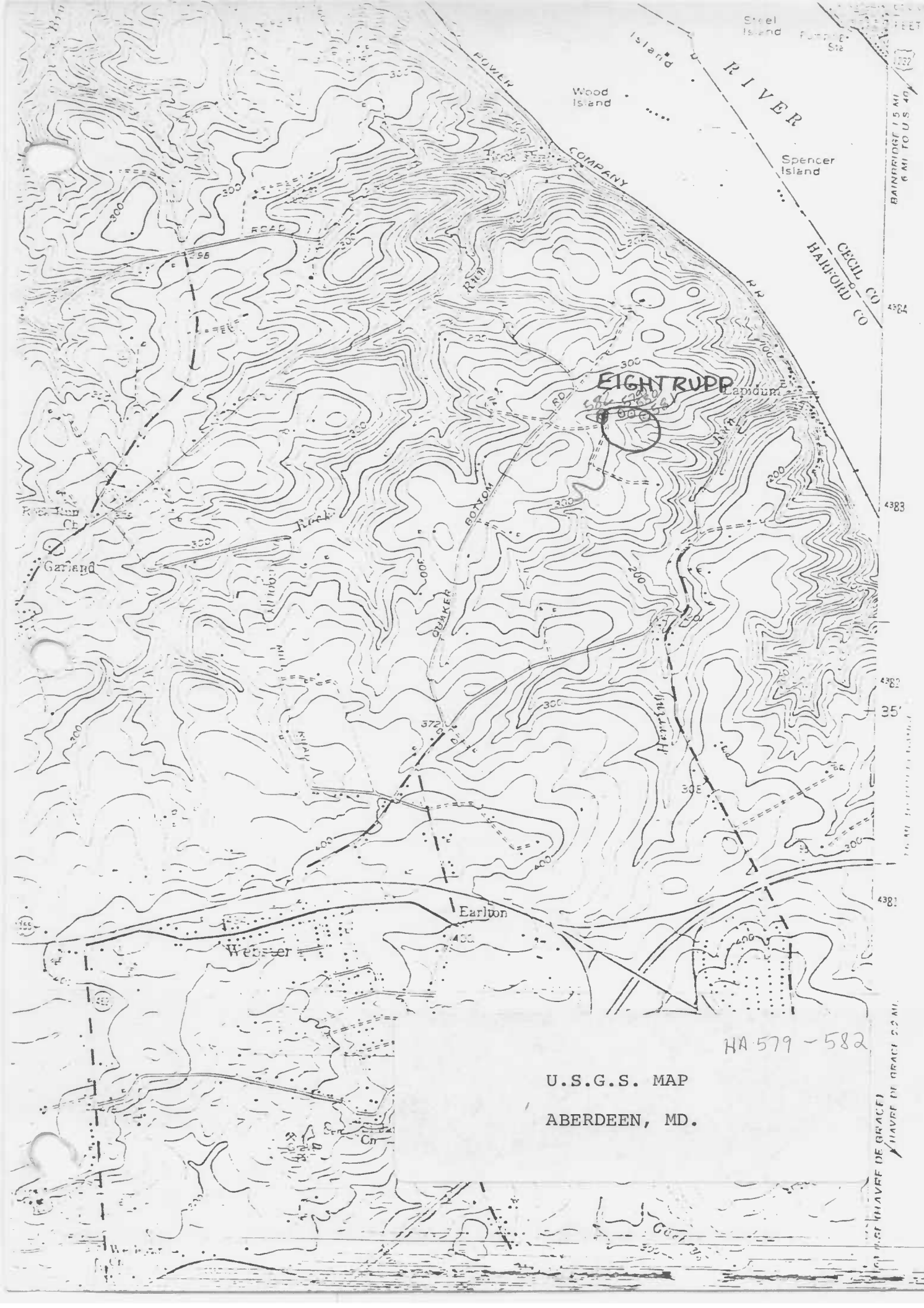
Eightrupp- Outbuildings

There are a number of interesting outbuildings on the property. A barn and a stable stand several hundred yards east of the house. The barn is a typical slat-frame structure with a gable roof and stone foundations. Just south of this is a north-south oriented stable that has stone walls and a tin roof. A smaller barn faces the south and is closer to the house. It is also of vertical frame with a stone cellar and a gable front roof. The stone ruins of another outbuilding stands just below this large shed. The springhouse is about one hundred yards west of the mainhouse. It is half stone and half frame and faces to the east. There are two doorways on the same side and the structure has a slate shed roof.

EIGHTRUPP
HA-579 – 582



– FINISHED ATTIC ABOVE –



HA 579 - 582

U.S.G.S. MAP

ABERDEEN, MD.

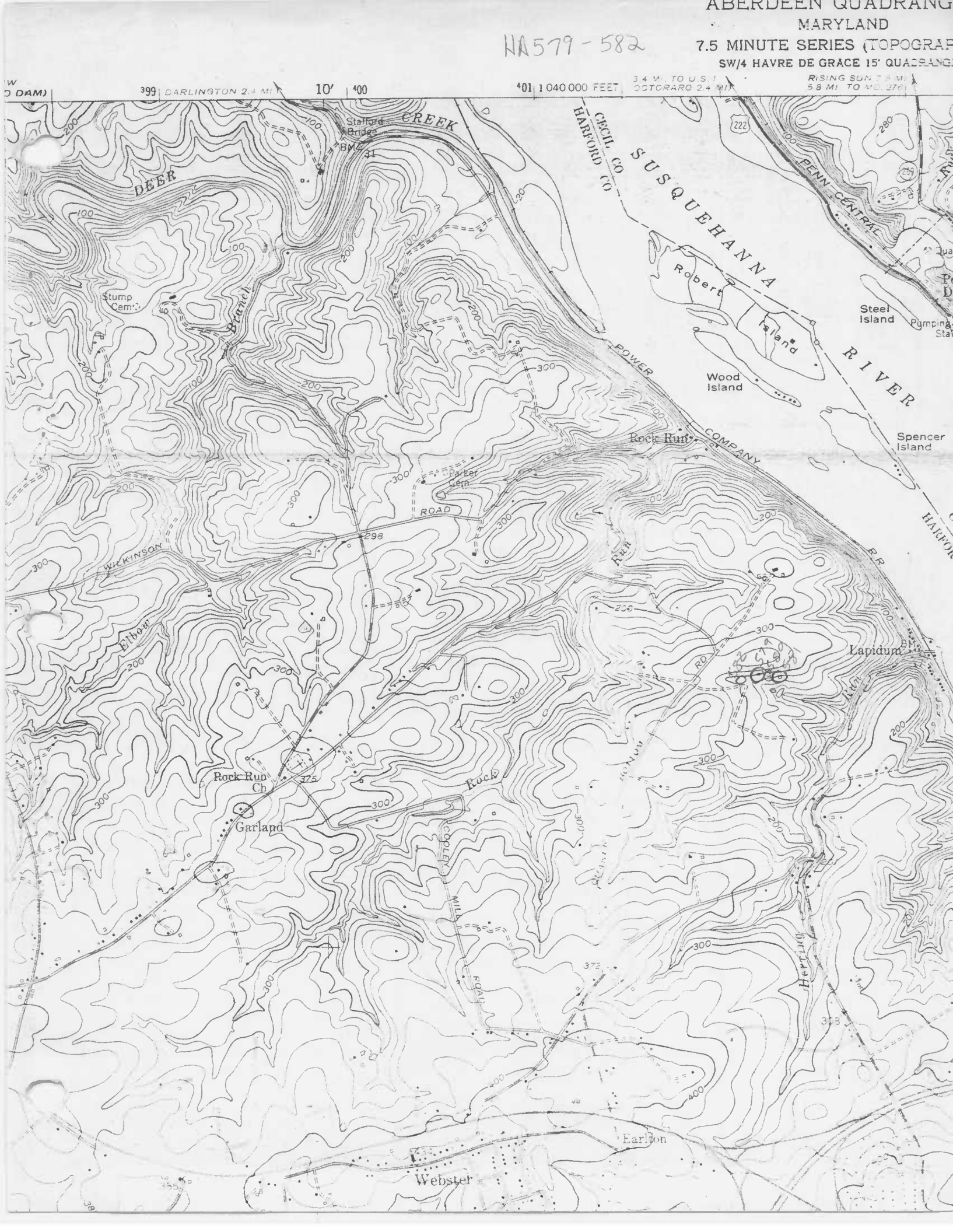
ABERDEEN QUADRANG

MARYLAND

HA579-582

7.5 MINUTE SERIES (TOPOGRAP

SW/4 HAVRE DE GRACE 15' QUADRANG



HA 579-582
DNR 53-57

EIGHTRUPP
445 QUAKER BOTTOM ROAD
HAVRE de GRACE, MD

S. ELEVATION

BMD; 5/79

HA 579-582

EIGHTRUPP OUTBUILDINGS
445 QUAKER BOTTOM ROAD
HAVRE de GRACE, MD

SE. ELEVATION

BMD: 5/79

HA579-582

EIGHTRUPP; CORN CRIB
445 QUAKER BOTTOM ROAD
HAVRE de GRACE, MD.
E. ELEVATION

BMD; 5/79

Eightrupp House HA-579
Quaker Bottom Rd.
Havre de Grace, MD
Paul Penrod 4/76
Southside

Eightrupp springhouse HA-580
Quaker Bottom Rd.
Havre de Grace, MD
Paul Penrod 4/76
Southside

Eichtrupp Barn HA-581
Quaker Bottom Rd.
Havre de Grace, MD
Paul Penrod 4/76
Westside

End Here

Scan One Time Only

And

Copy for Multiple Numbers

HA-579

through

HA-582