F-3-137
Hime-Castle Farmstead 1815-ca. 1930
Feagaville vicinity
Private

The Hime-Castle Farmstead is centered on a two-story stone dwelling dated 1815 on the gable ends with a five-bay main elevation with double entrances, fanlights, a molded cornice, and 9/6 windows. A two-story rear wing is also stone with varied window types. The outbuildings include three log domestic structures, a springhouse, a summer kitchen, and a probable chicken house, all built about the same time as the house. The farmstead has an unusually wide variety of outbuildings dating from 1815 to about 1930, with a bank barn of about the second quarter of the 19th century with a circa 1925-30 concrete block enclosure of a milking parlor on the stall level. A frame wagon shed/corn crib, an equipment shed, a wood shed, a hog barn, and a possible privy are also in the group. All the outbuildings are generally in fair to ruined condition. The farmstead is significant primarily for the well-preserved architectural integrity of the stone dwelling, which has unusually fine exterior trim at the doors and cornice. The interior, although not accessible for this survey, is believed to have a correspondingly high integrity level. The farmstead's range of surviving outbuildings, although in deteriorated condition is also significant, especially the three log structures, on which little alteration appears to have been done. David Hime built the house, according to the inscribed stones in the gables, but little else is currently known. The family name was originally Heim. In 1842, Catherine B. Castle acquired the property and the Castle family still owns the farmstead. In the early 20th century, the stone house was a well-known watering stop on the Frederick-Jefferson Turnpike, with a large wood water trough just west of the house which was filled from the farm spring.

F-1-137
Hime-Castle Farmstead
Feaggville vicinity
Frederick County

HISTORIC CONTEXT:

MARYLAND COMPREHENSIVE HISTORIC PRESERVATION PLAN DATA

Geographic Organization: Piedmont
(Harford, Baltimore, Carroll, Frederick, Howard, Montgomery Counties, and Baltimore City)

Chronological/Development Period:
Agricultural-Industrial Transition A.D. 1815-1870
Industrial/Urban Dominance, A.D. 1870-1930

Prehistoric/Historic Period Themes
Architecture, Landscape Architecture and Community Planning

Resource Type:

Category: Building

Historic Environment: Rural

Historic Function & Use:
Domestic/single dwelling/residence
Domestic/secondary structure/other dependencies
Agriculture/subsistence/animal facility/barn
Agriculture/subsistence/storage/granary
Agriculture/subsistence/agricultural outbuilding

Known Design Source: None

M85 P28

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES

Survey No. F-3-137

Magi No.

DOE __yes x no

Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

1. Name (indicate preferred name)

historic Hime-Castle Farmstead

and/or common

2. Location

street & number 4910 Jefferson Pike ___ not for publication

city, town Feagaville x vicinity of congressional district 6th

state Maryland county Frederick

3. Classification

Category	Ownership	Status	Present Use	
___ district	x public	x occupied	___ agriculture	___ museum
x building(s)	___ private	___ unoccupied	___ commercial	___ park
___ structure	___ both	___ work in progress	___ educational	x private residence
___ site	**Public Acquisition**	**Accessible**	___ entertainment	___ religious
___ object	___ in process	x yes: restricted	___ government	___ scientific
	___ being considered	___ yes: unrestricted	___ industrial	___ transportation
	x not applicable	___ no	___ military	___ other:

4. Owner of Property (give names and mailing addresses of all owners)

name Charles W. Castle et al

street & number 4910 Jefferson Pike telephone no.:

city, town Frederick state and zip code MD 21701

5. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Frederick County Courthouse liber 1035

street & number 100 W. Patrick Street folio 719

city, town Frederick state MD 21701

6. Representation in Existing Historical Surveys

title

date ___ federal ___ state ___ county ___ local

depository for survey records

city, town state

7. Description

Survey No. F-3-137

Condition		Check one	Check one
___ excellent	X deteriorated	___ unaltered	X original site
X good	___ ruins	X altered	___ moved date of move _____
X fair	___ unexposed		

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

CONTRIBUTING RESOURCE COUNT: 11

The Hime-Castle Farmstead is an originally agricultural complex now used as a private residence centered on a stone two-story dwelling dated 1815 in inscriptions in the gable ends with its associated log, stone, and frame outbuildings built over several periods from contemporary with the dwelling to about 1930. The farmstead is located on the north side of Jefferson Pike (Md. 180) about five miles southwest of Frederick (City), Frederick County, Maryland. The principal elevation of the house faces south toward the road and the outbuildings are arranged in an irregular semi-circular sweep to the west, north, and northeast of the house. The farmstead is bordered by open fields on the north and east and a small stream on the west.

The house has a five-bay main section and a perpendicular two-story wing extending from the northwest corner. The roof is covered with composition material and the walls are coursed fieldstone. The south elevation has a one-story porch across the entire facade. It has slender chamfered posts and a plain balustrade. The design and materials suggest that it is an early 20th century replacement of an earlier porch. The two entrances are in the second and third bays from the right or north end of the facade. The recessed doors have matching fanlights in the rectangular transoms, paneled soffits, and 8-panel doors. The window and door arches are gauged brick. The sash is 9/6 on both stories and louvred shutters are in place on the first story. Above the second story windows is a wood molde cornice with both guilloche and an unusual variant of dentil moldings. The north and south gable ends each have two bays with 6/6 sash. On both the north and south gables are inscribed stones reading "David Hime 1815". Each end has two attic windows with 2/2 sash. The south elevation also has a vertical board door leading into the cellar. The rear wing has three bays on the south elevation with a central door on the first story flanked by 2/2 sash. The second story has two 6/6 windows and one 2/2 window. The roof of the rear wing is corrugated metal. An interior end chimney is located at the north end and a heavily repointed patch in the stone wall at the first story level suggests that an oven projection was removed at this location. A fourth chimney rises near the junction of the wing and the main section. On the east side of the wing, the roof projects over what was probably once a full width, two-level porch. The current porch only incorporates the two bays nearest the main section and the lower level is partially enclosed, probably as a pantry or storage room. The second story porch has plain chamfered posts and a horizontal board railing. The windows on the east side of the wing reflect the variety found in the rest of the house, the first story having both 9/6 and 2/2 windows and the second story having 6/6 sash. The interior of the house was inaccessible for this survey.

Domestic outbuildings:

Springhouse: The log springhouse is located south of the wing of the house. It is in generally deteriorated condition, but retains most of its original appearance. It has two levels, with the upper level reached by an off-center vertical board door at the top of a small open stair. The corrugated metal roof extends over the nort

(Continued on separate sheet)

8. Significance

Survey No. F-3-137

Period	Areas of Significance—Check and justify below			
___ prehistoric	___ archeology-prehistoric	___ community planning	___ landscape architecture	___ religion
___ 1400–1499	___ archeology-historic	___ conservation	___ law	___ science
___ 1500–1599	x agriculture	___ economics	___ literature	___ sculpture
___ 1600–1699	x architecture	___ education	___ military	___ social/ humanitarian
___ 1700–1799	___ art	___ engineering	___ music	___ theater
x 1800–1899	___ commerce	___ exploration/settlement	___ philosophy	___ transportation
x 1900–	___ communications	___ industry	___ politics/government	___ other (specify)
		___ invention		

Specific dates 1815 - C. 1930 **Builder/Architect**

check: Applicable Criteria: x A ___B x C ___D
and/or
Applicable Exception: ___A ___B ___C ___D ___E ___F ___G

Level of Significance: ___national ___state x local

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

The Hime-Castle Farmstead is important for the architecture of the stone dwelling house, which appears to have been very little altered since its construction in 1815 by David Hime. Although the interior has not been documented, information from Miss Mary Grace Castle, one of the current owners, strongly suggests that the interior has also retained much of its integrity. The decorative molding of the cornice and the paneled and fanlighted entrances are unusually well preserved. The farmstead is also remarkable for the number of original outbuildings which remain, including three log domestic buildings and several later frame outbuildings, illustrating the changing farm economy of Frederick County from the first quarter of the 19th century to about 1930. The last major change to the armstead appears to have been the enclosure of the milking parlor in the bank barn and the separation of the hog pen from the other livestock barns. These changes reflect the rise of dairying as the principal agricultural activity in the early 20th century, shifting from grain production and cattle raising.

Little information has been found on the Hime family. The original German spelling of the name, as written in the earliest land records on the farm, was Heim. The family continued this spelling in the subsequent deeds, but the Anglicized spelling as Hime was probably used as often. Holdcraft's Names in Stone lists a David Heim who died in 1887 at the age of 80 and the title chain refers to Andrew Heim (1787-1871) and his wife Mary Heim (1788-1857) who sold the farmstead to Henry Culler in 1842. David and Andrew may have been brothers and sons of the David Hime of the 1815 inscription. Henry Culler sold the farm to Catherine B. Castle as the result of an insolvency case. The Castle family retains ownership to the present. According to Jefferson, 1774-1974, the Castle House was a well-known watering stop on the Frederick-Jefferson Turnpike around 1900 and had a large wood water trough near the stream to the west of the property which was filled from the spring on the Castle farm. Albert B. Castle, the farm owner from 1904 to 1925, was the Secretary of the Turnpike Company, whose duty was to collect tolls weekly from two of the tollgates between his farm and Frederick and deliver it to the President of the company, Douglas O. Hergett.

Because of high level of exterior integrity of the Hime-Castle Farmstead, the probability of its interior being similarly architecturally important strongly indicates that documentation of the interior should be done. The possibility of roperty transfers in the vicinity of the farmstead and subsequent residential

(Continued on separate sheet)

9. Major Bibliographical References

Survey No. F-3-137

Bond, Isaac. Map of Frederick County, 1858.
Jefferson, 1774-1974. Jefferson Ruritan Club. Edited by Jay N. Ballentine, Jr., 1974, p. 17
Land Records of Frederick County
Titus, C.O. Atlas of Frederick County, 1873.

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of nominated property 5 acres

Quadrangle name Buckeystown, Md. **Quadrangle scale** 1:24000

UTM **References** do NOT complete UTM references

	Zone	Easting	Northing		Zone	Easting	Northing
A				B			
C				D			
E				F			
G				H			

Verbal boundary description and justification

Approximately 5 acres encompassing the house and outbuildings on Tax Map 85, Parcel 28.

List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries

state	code	county	code
state	code	county	code

11. Form Prepared By

name/title Janet L. Davis, Historic Sites Surveyor

organization Frederick County Planning & Zoning Dept. **date** April 1993

street & number 12 E. Church Street **telephone** 696-2958

city or town Frederick **state** MD 21701

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to: Maryland Historical Trust
Shaw House
21 State Circle
Annapolis, Maryland 21401
(301) 269-2438

MARY- TRUST
DHCP/D
100 COMMUNITY PLAC
CROWNSVILLE, MD 21032-202
-514-7600

PS-2746

7.1 Description (Continued)

elevation and a vertical board wind break projects from the northeast corner. A concrete trough protrudes from the lower level at the northeast corner and a concrete trough is visible through the logs where the chinking has fallen away. The use of the upper level is unknown, but its lack of openings suggests a meat storage room. The springhouse was probably built about the same time as the dwelling.

Summer kitchen: The log summer kitchen is located just north of the springhouse. It is a one-story building which originally had an exterior brick and stone chimney, as indicated by the boarded south elevation where it joined the log wall and the debris pile of stone and brick next to the base of the south elevation. The kitchen has one room with a vertical board door near the northeast corner flanked by a 6/6 window. The gable roof is covered with corrugated metal and the gable ends are covered with german siding. On the north gable end is a frame shed. The entire building is in deteriorated condition, but,like the springhouse, retains much of its original appearance except for the destroyed chimney. Its date is also probably contemporary with the house.

Chicken house: The deteriorated log structure north of the summer kitchen may have been a chicken house or pig pen. It has a low roofline with an extended shed roof on the south elevation sheltering a low vertical board door in the center of the elevation. A single low opening is also located on the north elevation. The building sags near the northwest corner of the shed overhang and is in precarious condition. Its log structure matches that of the springhouse and summer kitchen and thus is estimated to be of the same period in the first quarter of the 19th century.

Frame shed: A one-story rectangular frame shed with board and batten siding and evidence of weathered whitewash on the exterior is located northeast of the house. It is deteriorated, as are most of the outbuildings, and has a corrugated metal roof and two vertical board doors on the south elevation. Its location in the domestic group suggests that it may have been a feed shed or storage shed for tools. Its materials suggest that it was built in the last quarter of the 19th century.

Wood shed: The frame wood shed is located northwest of the board and batten shed. It has two sections with opposing roof slopes covered in corrugated metal. The north side is an open storage section with both vertical and board and batten siding and the south side is an enclosed shed, possibly for storage of axes and other tools. The south wall is covered with weatherboards. Its date is also estimated as in the period 1875-1900.

Privy: The small square frame shed near the entrance drive to the farmstead may have been a privy, although its location some distance from the house suggests that it may have earlier been in another location. It has a shed corrugated metal roof, vertical board siding, and a single door on the north elevation. Circular saw marks on the siding suggest that it dates from the early 20th century.

7.2 Description (Continued)

Agricultural outbuildings:

Equipment shed: The frame equipment shed is the northernmost building in the farmstead, being located on the north side of the entrance driveway. It has vertical board siding, a corrugated metal roof and board and batten sliding doors on the south elevation. It was once whitewashed, as all the outbuildings appear to have been, and the date is probably about 1900-1910.

Wagon shed/corn crib: The frame wagon shed corn crib is located northwest of the wood shed. It has been altered, but the basic form of the drive-through with flanking cribs on each side is still generally apparent. The southwest elevation of the building was extended with a shed addition and another shed addition adjoins the south elevation. The siding is vertical boards and the roofing is corrugated metal. The northwest side crib is reached by open covered steps installed at the same time as the shed extension. The wagon shed was probably originally built about 1890-1900.

Hog pen: The hog pen is the most deteriorated outbuilding in the farmstead. Located northwest of the wagon shed, it is a rectangular structure with a sloping shed roof which is almost completely destroyed from neglect. The exterior walls of vertical board are also in very deteriorated condition. The concrete base of the wallow is still in place, but most of the encircling fence has fallen down and the members stacked on the concrete slab. The hog pen has the typical form of a long feeding aisle on the high side of the building with the pens on the lower roofed section. It was probably built in the early 1920's when dairy activity in the bank barn became more intensified.

Bank barn: The frame bank barn is the westernmost building in the farmstead. It has a stone base with vertical boards covering the upper frame structure. The roof is covered with corrugated metal. The stall level is partially enclosed with concrete block as a milking parlor. The unaltered section of the stalls has horizontal laths above a flush board base. The barn was probably originally built in the first quarter of the 19th century, although its exterior siding and the unaltered stall enclosure suggest that it may have been rebuilt in the late 19th century on an older base. The concrete block enclosure for milking was undoubtedly an alteration of about 1925-1930.

Non-contributing garage: A modern metal building used as a garage is located in the center of the outbuilding group.

8.1 Significance (Continued)

development makes the need for this recording more acute, as does the fragile condition of many of the outbuildings.

David Hime House

F-3-137

Liber/Folio	Grantee	Grantor	Lot Size, Description, Other Information, Original Tracts	Cost	Miscellaneous
1035/719 16 Nov 77	Charles W. + Betty S. Castle + Mary Grace Castle	David C. Aldridge			147.69 a.
1035/718 16 Nov 77	David Aldridge	Charles W. Castle, Sarah Jane Biser + Mary Grace Castle			
931/394 29 Jan 74	Charles W. Castle, Sarah Jane Biser, Mary Grace Castle	Mary Grace Castle, pers rep of estate of Mary B. Castle, dec.			150 a., 2 rds., 6½ sq. p.
354/517 17 Oct 25	Daniel W. + Mary B. Castle	Albert B Castle, unmarried			150 a, 2 rds., 6½ sq. p.
Will Recd SDT 2/358 21 Sept 04	Albert B. Castle	Barbara E. Castle ~~widow~~			
STH 267/362 16 Sept 04	Albert B. Castle + Barbara E. Castle ~~his wife~~	Abraham P. Castle + Jane Castle, his wife, Annie A. + John W. Zimmerman	150 a.	$3500	
Will Recd GH 1/455 2 June 1859	Catherine B. Castle	John Hargate	3 parcels of real estate P. 1 + 2 in Will of John Hargate P. 3: BGF 5/594, 7 apr 1860		Children of Catherine B. Castle: Abraham P. Castle Annie A. (Castle) Zimmerman
ES 2/579 5 Feb 1853	John Hargate	George Smith, trustee of Henry Culler, Sr. insolvent	"The Addition to Hazel Thicket" "Resurvey on Mount Pleasant" 160 1/4 a.	$4,006.25	Albert B. Castle Barbara E. Castle
HS 15/377 27 Jan 1842	Henry Culler, Sr.	Andrew Heim + Mary Heim	"Addition to Hazel Thicket" "Resurvey on Mount Pleasant" 93 1/4 a.	$2797.30	WBT 1/407, 31 Oct 1845 = 60 a. WBT 1/408, 21 Oct 1845 = 7 a.
WBT 1/407 31 Oct 1845	Henry Culler, Sr.	David Heim Jr., trustee of Equity 1740, real estate of David Heim, dec.	60 a.	$900	

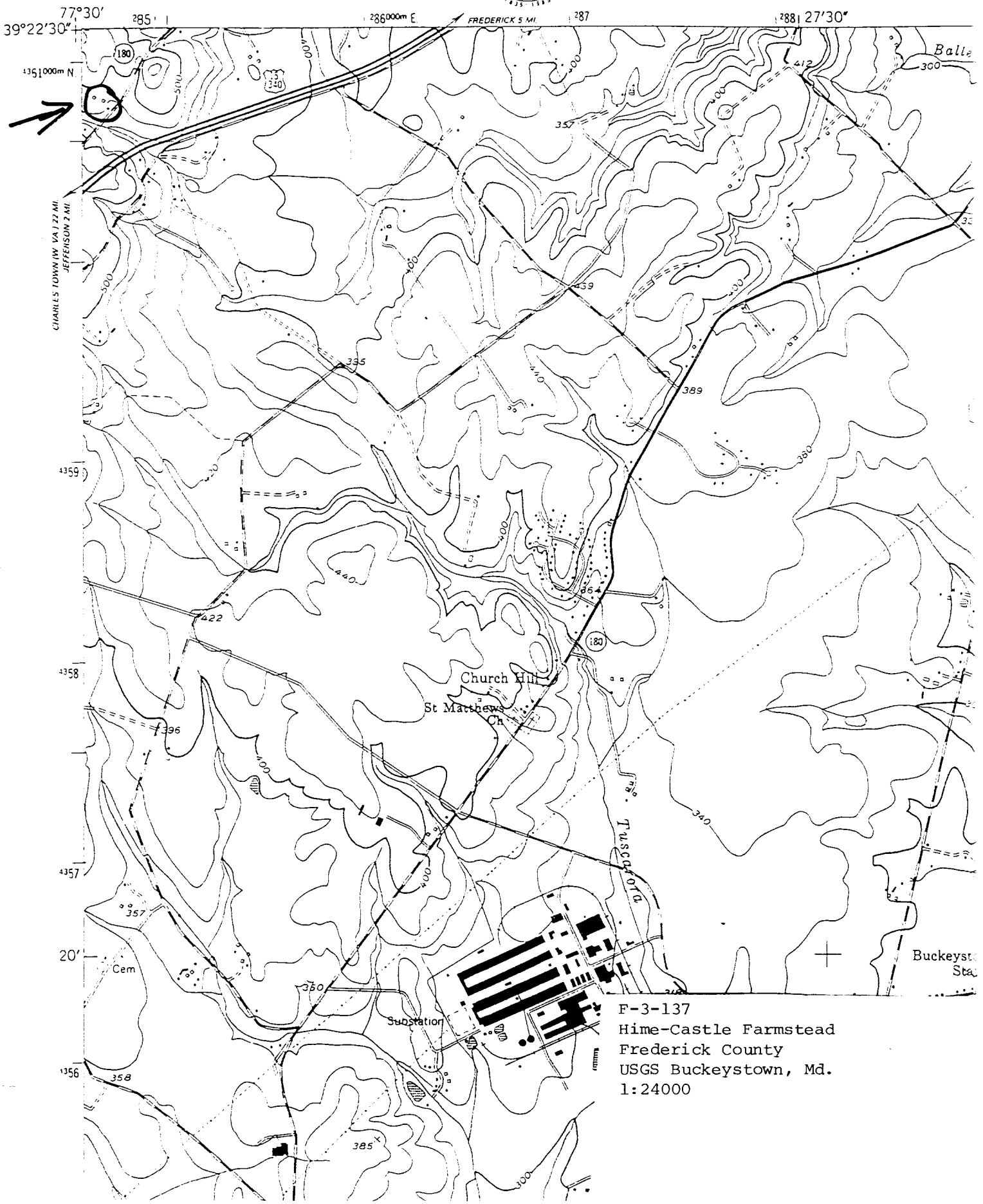
F-3-134

Liber/Folio	Grantee	Grantor	Lot Size, Description, Other Information, Original Tracts	Cost	Miscellaneous
WBT 1/408 21 Oct 1845	Henry Culler, Sr.	Andrew & Mary Heim	7a.	$105	
Case No. 1740 Equity HS 23/531	David Heim et al vs. estate of David Heim, dec.				
	Names ~~[illegible]~~ Stone v. 1				
	Andrew Heim	9 Jan 1787 - 2 Apr 1871 died Delaware, Ohio			
	Mary Heim	1 June 1788 - 1 Nov 1857			
	David Heim	22 Feb 1887	80-5-1		
	Wilhelmina Barbara Castle w/o	Geo F.	24 Sept 1820 - 30 Aug 1904		
	s Albert B.	3 Jul 1847 - 30 Oct 1926			
	& Barbara Ellen	~~25 Mar 1851~~ 7 Feb 1849 - 31 Mar 1917			

F-3-137
Hime-Castle Farmstead
Frederick County
Isaac Bond, Map of Frederick County, 1858

F-3-137
Hime-Castle Farmstead
Frederick County
C.O. Titus, Atlas of Frederick County, 1873

UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY



F-3-137
Hime-Castle Farmstead
Frederick County
USGS Buckeystown, Md.
1:24000

F-3-137
Hime-Castle Farmstead
Frederick County
Photo: Janet Davis
April 1993
Neg. loc.: Md. SHPO, Crownsville, Md.
East elevation
1/14

F-3-137
Hime-Castle Farmstead
Frederick County
Photo: Janet Davis
April 1993
Neg. loc.: Md. SHPO, Crownsville, Md.
Door detail, east elevation
2/14

F-3-137
Hime-Castle Farmstead
Frederick County
Photo: Janet Davis
April 1993
Neg. loc.: Md. SHPO, Crownsville, Md
Northwest corner view
3/14

F-3-137
Hime-Castle Farmstead
Frederick County
Photo: Janet Davis
April 1993
Neg. loc.: Md. SHPO, Crownsville, Md.
South elevation
4/14

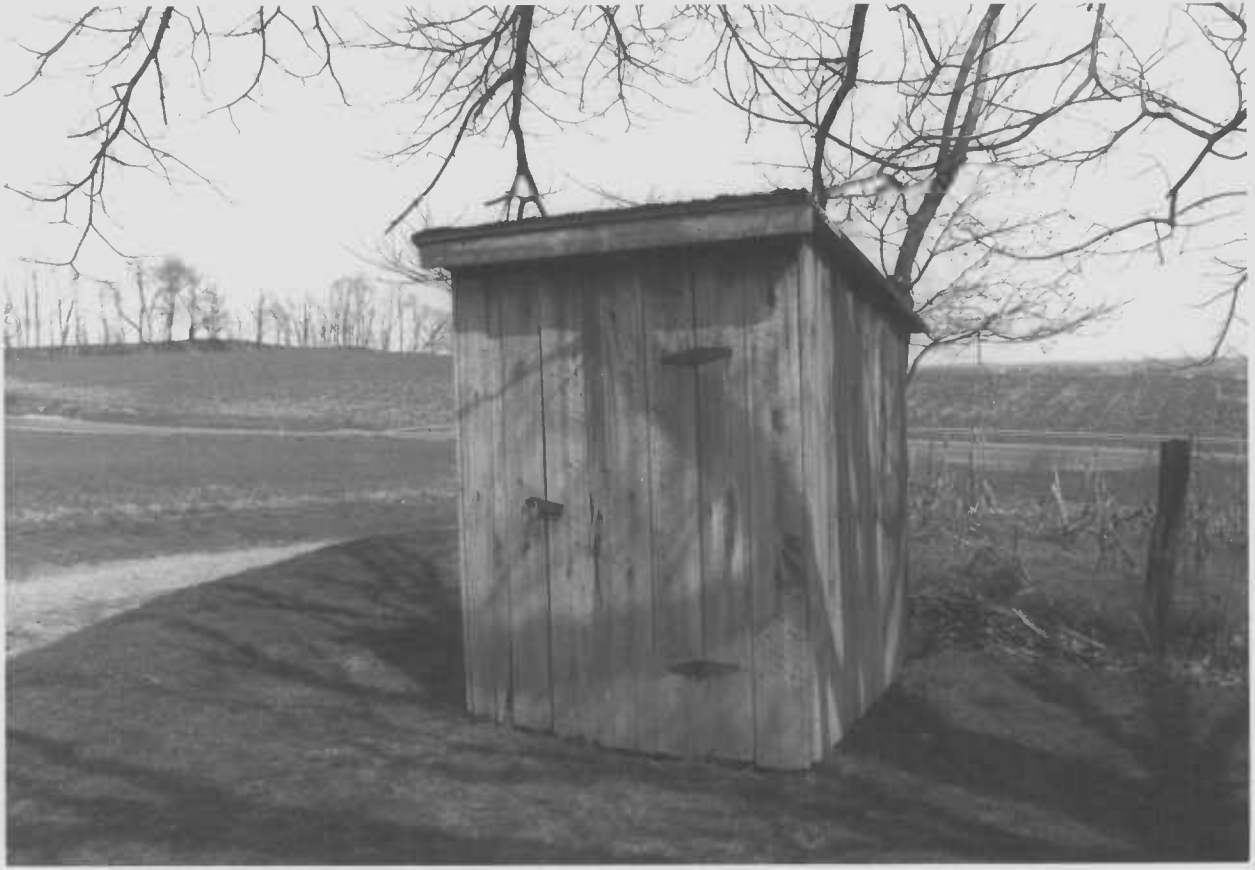
F-3-137
Hime-Castle Farmstead
Frederick County
Photo: Janet Davis
April 1993
Neg. loc.: Md. SHPO, Crownsville, Md
Springhouse, north elevation
5/14

F-3-137
Hime-Castle Farmstead
Frederick County
Photo: Janet Davis
April 1993
Neg. loc.: Md. SHPO, Crownsville, Md.
Summer kitchen, south elevation
6/14

F-3-137
Hime-Castle Farmstead
Frederick County
Photo: Janet Davis
April 1993
Neg. loc.: Md. SHPO, Crownsville, Md.
Chicken house, south elevation
7/14

F-3-137
Hime-Castle Farmstead
Frederick County
Photo: Janet Davis
April 1993
Neg. loc.: Md. SHPO, Crownsville, Md.
Shed, southeast corner view
8/14

F-3-137
Hime-Castle Farmstead
Frederick County
Photo: Janet Davis
April 1993
Neg. loc.: Md. SHPO, Crownsville, Md.
Wood shed, south elevation
9/14



F-3-137
Hime-Castle Farmstead
Frederick County
Photo: Janet Davis
April 1993
Neg. loc.: Md. SHPO, Crownsville, Md.
Privy, northwest elevation
10/14

F-3-137
Hime-Castle Farmstead
Frederick County
Photo: Janet Davis
April 1993
Neg. loc.: Md. SHPO, Crownsville, Md.
Equipment shed, south elevation
11/14

F-3-137

Hime-Castle Farmstead

Frederick County

Photo: Janet Davis

April 1993

Neg. loc.: Md. SHPO, Crownsville, Md.

Wagon shed/corn crib, south elevation

12/14

F-3-137
Hime-Castle Farmstead
Frederick County
Photo: Janet Davis
April 1993
Neg. loc.: Md. SHPO, Crownsville, Md.
Hog pen, southwest corner view
13/14

F-3-137
Hime-Costle Farmstead
Frederick County
Photo: Janet Davis
April 1993
Neg. loc.: Md. SHPO, Crownsville, Md.
Bank barn, east elevation
14/14