

CARR-1222

1927

Warfield "G" Cottage

Public

Springfield Hospital Center

Sykesville

Constructed as female residential space, "G" Cottage is a two story, flemish bond brick building with overtones of the Georgian Revival style of architecture. Forming a U shaped layout, "G" Cottage consists of a main block and perpendicular pavilions. Henry Powell Hopkins designed the building.

# Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

Survey No. CARR-1222

Magi No. 0712224839

DOE  yes  no

## 1. Name (indicate preferred name)

historic Women's Group "G" Cottage

and/or common Warfield "G" Cottage

## 2. Location Springfield Hospital Center

street &amp; number \_\_\_\_\_ not for publication

city, town Sykesville \_\_\_\_\_ vicinity of \_\_\_\_\_ congressional district 6

state Maryland \_\_\_\_\_ county Carroll

## 3. Classification

Category	Ownership	Status	Present Use	
<input type="checkbox"/> district	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> public	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> occupied	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> museum
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> building(s)	<input type="checkbox"/> private	<input type="checkbox"/> unoccupied	<input type="checkbox"/> commercial	<input type="checkbox"/> park
<input type="checkbox"/> structure	<input type="checkbox"/> both	<input type="checkbox"/> work in progress	<input type="checkbox"/> educational	<input type="checkbox"/> private residence
<input type="checkbox"/> site	<b>Public Acquisition</b>	<b>Accessible</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> entertainment	<input type="checkbox"/> religious
<input type="checkbox"/> object	<input type="checkbox"/> in process	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> yes: restricted	<input type="checkbox"/> government	<input type="checkbox"/> scientific
	<input type="checkbox"/> being considered	<input type="checkbox"/> yes: unrestricted	<input type="checkbox"/> industrial	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
	<input type="checkbox"/> not applicable	<input type="checkbox"/> no	<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> other: Hospital

## 4. Owner of Property (give names and mailing addresses of all owners)

name Department of Health and Mental Hygiene

street &amp; number 201 West Preston Street telephone no.: 301-225-6816

city, town Baltimore \_\_\_\_\_ state and zip code Maryland 21201

## 5. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc Carroll County Courthouse Annex, Rm G-8 liber

street &amp; number 55 North Court Street folio

city, town Westminster \_\_\_\_\_ state Maryland 21157

## 6. Representation in Existing Historical Surveys

title \_\_\_\_\_

date \_\_\_\_\_ federal \_\_\_\_\_ state \_\_\_\_\_ county \_\_\_\_\_ local

depository for survey records \_\_\_\_\_

city, town \_\_\_\_\_ state \_\_\_\_\_

# 7. Description

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<b>Condition</b>		<b>Check one</b>	<b>Check one</b>
<input type="checkbox"/> excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> deteriorated	<input type="checkbox"/> unaltered	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> original site
<input type="checkbox"/> good	<input type="checkbox"/> ruins	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> altered	<input type="checkbox"/> moved      date of move _____
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> fair	<input type="checkbox"/> unexposed		

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

Located at the crest of a sloping hill south of the Women's Dining Hall, "G" Cottage is a U shaped building made of Flemish bond brick. The two story building faces south away from the other buildings in the Warfield Group. The main block of the building measures seven bays long and three bays deep. The block is flanked by two perpendicular pavilions measuring two bays long and four bays deep which produce the U shaped layout of the structure. Individual hipped roofs with low pitches cover the entire building.

The southern face of the building displays a cross gable which projects slightly to form a central pedimented pavilion of three bays. The triangular pediment has plain, projecting verges offset by an elaborate oculus window. Located in the center of the pediment, the oculus window exhibits a very ornate lintel which surrounds the opening. A rosette serves as a keystone. The central doorway also shows a rounded arch pediment constructed of wood. Alternating quoins act as pilasters. The frieze reveals the date of construction in Roman numerals and a raised keystone in wood. A dentil course decorates the soffit of the pediment.

Brick quoins line the corners of the building from the molded brick water table to the stone cornice. The first floor windows rest on a wooden panel base. Wooden sills, brick jack arch lintels, and 6/6 double-hung sashes characterize the windows. The second floor windows omit the panel base and reduce the sash to 3/6. Though it doesn't appear on the entrance pavilion, the rest of the building displays a molded brick string course above the second floor lintels. The hipped roof is flat at the edge of the cornice and then rises to its low pitch. Rounded arch dormers with Gothic sash windows and wooden sills accent the roof.

The north face of the building is eleven bays long which incorporates two bays for each pavilion. The pavilions barely project from the wall but the brick quoins still line the corners. In place of the cross gable which appears on the southern face, a stone parapet rises approximately two feet from the flat cornice. Stone scrolls decorate the ends of the eight foot wall. The parapet hides one of the rounded dormers.

# 8. Significance

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Period	Areas of Significance—Check and justify below			
<input type="checkbox"/> prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology-prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> community planning	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> religion
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400-1499	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology-historic	<input type="checkbox"/> conservation	<input type="checkbox"/> law	<input type="checkbox"/> science
<input type="checkbox"/> 1500-1599	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> economics	<input type="checkbox"/> literature	<input type="checkbox"/> sculpture
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> social/
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> art	<input type="checkbox"/> engineering	<input type="checkbox"/> music	<input type="checkbox"/> humanitarian
<input type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> exploration/settlement	<input type="checkbox"/> philosophy	<input type="checkbox"/> theater
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1900-	<input type="checkbox"/> communications	<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> politics/government	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
		<input type="checkbox"/> invention		<input type="checkbox"/> other (specify)

Specific dates 1927 Builder/Architect Henry Powell Hopkins

check: Applicable Criteria:  A  B  C  D and/or

Applicable Exception:  A  B  C  D  E  F  G

Level of Significance:  national  state  local

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

"G" Cottage of the Warfield complex was the first expansion in female dormitory space since 1915. While construction began in 1925, the completion of the building did not occur until two years later. Springfield received appropriated funds to build two new residential units one for women and one for men. "G" Cottage of the Warfield group and "F" Cottage of the Martin Gross complex were the resulting buildings. The officials of the hospital preferred the buildings to have plain corners and to be similar to the surrounding buildings. While "G" Cottage does not display as many classical features as the Warfield Cottage or the Dining Hall, the building does satisfy the requirement of complementing the surrounding buildings.

Having just completed the epileptic colony buildings (Clark Circle), Henry Powell Hopkins also received the commission for the two new residential cottages. Some of the features of "G" Cottage appear on other Hopkins designs on the Springfield campus. The panelled bases of the first floor windows were utilized by the architect on the residential buildings of Clark Circle and Martin Gross "F" Cottage. However, the architect does distinguish "G" Cottage in several ways. The U shaped layout is unique to the Warfield group. The hipped roof whose pitch is recessed from the cornice is also an unusual feature. The decorative parapet gives the building another distinction. "G" Cottage continues to illustrate Hopkins' favoritism toward classical architectural elements.





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Springfield Hospital Center

Sykesville, Maryland

Don Jewell, 6/86

Negatives at MHT

North and East



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Warfield "G" Cottage  
Springfield Hospital Center  
Sykesville, Maryland  
Don Jewell, 6/86  
Negatives at MHT  
South