Public Hearings - Calvert Country - Critical Areas Program 1988 MSA\_J1830-26

	CHESAPEAKE BAY CRITICAL AREAS COMMISSION
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	Tanuary 14 1900 7.666 n m
10	January 14, 1988, 7:00 p.m.  Calvert High School  Prince Frederick Calvert County Maryland
11	Prince Frederick, Calvert County, Maryland
12	
13	
14	
15	COMMISSION:
16	Sam Bowling, Chairman
17	James E. Gutman, Member Ronald Karasic, Member
18	Carolyn Watson, Staff Person
19	REPORTED BY: Debbie Becker .
20	
21	
22	

## FREE STATE REPORTING INC.

COURT REPORTING • DEPOSITIONS D.C. AREA 261-1902 BALT. & ANNAP. 974-0947

1	<u>I</u> <u>N</u> <u>D</u> <u>E</u> <u>X</u>	PAGE
2	OPENING REMARKS - Chairman Bowling	3
3	FRANK JACKLICH, Director of Planning and Zoning	4
·	THOSE TESTIFYING:	
5	LARRY BOWLBY, Brooms Island property owner	5
7	W. H. SCHROM, Realtor, representing several property owners	10
8	ROBERT GRAY, ESQUIRE representing Ms. Sarah Lease, owner of Parcel 21 on Tax Map 30,	
9	Battles Creek	15
10	STEVE BUNKER, Chesapeake Bay Foundation	20
11	OZZY WILSON, Solomons Town Center resident	24
12	KEN DIFFENDIRFER, Solomons Island, Back Creek resident	24
13 14 15	F. HAMER CAMPBELL, JR., Director of Government and Legislative Affairs for The Suburban Maryland Building Industry Association	25
16	COMPTROLLER LOUIS L. GOLDSTEIN, Prince Frederick property owner, Parcel 28, Tax Map 19	27
8		
19		
20	•	
21		
2		
	. 2	
- 1		

COURT REPORTING • DEPOSITIONS D.C. AREA 261-1902 BALT. & ANNAP. 974-0947 

#### PROCEEDINGS

CHAIRMAN BOWLING: Ladies and gentlemen, it's now 7 o'clock and it's time to begin this proceeding. I'd like to welcome you all here to the hearing on the Calvert County Critical Area Program.

First, let me introduce the head table here.

On my far right is Carolyn Watson, a member of the Commission staff; Jim Gutman, to my right, is Anne Arundel County representative to the Critical Areas Commission; to my left, Ron Karasic, from Baltimore City and a representative on the Commission; and I am Sam Bowling, from Charles County.

The purpose of this hearing is to hear public comment on the Critical Areas Plan for Calvert County, as required under Section 81809 of the Critical Area law. Our record will remain open for ten days after this meeting tonight, at the Commission, and you can address written comments to the Commission at 580 Taylor Avenue, Building D-4, Annapolis, Maryland 21401, and if anybody needs that address after the meeting, well, you can get it from us then.

A complete record of this meeting is being kept

D.C. AREA 261-1902 BALT. & ANNAP. 974-0947

Becker, I'm not sure which--Debbie Becker--anyway, who is a 2 Court Reporter. 3 I'd like to recognize Commissioner Bowen, who Δ is with us tonight; Frank Jacklich, who is your Planning 5 Director; Sally Grath--Sally McGrath, I quess it is; Vivian 6 Marsh and Steve McCullan, who are members of the Planning 7 staff here; and a Bay Forester, Dave Gayly. 8 There are, for any of you that don't have 9 copies of the Plan, extra copies of the Plan here in a box 10 to my right on the stage. If; I quess it's now up to the 11 Calvert County Planning group, if they want to present 12 anything further on the Plan at this time. 13 MR. JACKLICH: Let me just; if I could just 14 mention that --15 CHAIRMAN BOWLING: Please come up and speak to 16 the mike, and identify yourself, please. 17 18 MR. JACKLICH: Frank Jacklich, the Director of 19 Planning and Zoning. I just want to mention that we 20 brought extra copies of the Plan and the map here. Plan has been presented at the County's public hearings. 21 22 We had a session to answer questions, at that time, and to

and is being recorded by Mrs. Beck-; Miss Becker, or Mrs.

present the concept.

The Planning Commission has reviewed the, all of the proposals at the County's public hearing, and recommended changes to it. The County Commissioners have gone over all of those comments and made changes, and that was incorporated into the Plan, so that is available. But, I; they're here if you need them. Don't take too many of 'em because they're expensive to print. Thank you very much.

CHAIRMAN BOWLING: Commissioner Bowen, did you want to make any comment on the Plan?

COMMISSIONER BOWEN: No, sir.

CHAIRMAN BOWLING: Well, without further ado, then, let's get on to the people who have signed in on the sheet and have expressed a desire to testify. I have a Larry Bowlby, from Brooms Island.

#### TESTIMONY BY LARRY BOWLBY

MR. BOWLBY: My name is Larry Bowlby. I live at Brooms Island. I've been a property owner there since '65, and a resident since 1966.

I really wasn't too sure what your format was going to be, and I'm not as well prepared as I would like.

BALT. & ANNAP. 974-0947

I have two things: one, generally, as far as the Plan is concerned; and secondly, as far as the Plan applies to my property, particularly.

My property has been; well, first of all, it's a little unique, in that it lies, fronting; with frontage on Island Creek. But, also, it extends over towards Nan's Cove, which is on the other side of the island, so most of it is within a thousand feet of some water. However, there is a strip of about two hundred feet wide that runs down sort of through the center of the farm, which doesn't have road frontage, and it becomes questionable as to what can be done.

The property, since the original zoning of the county in 1967, was zoned R-1. It is excellent property as far as percolation is concerned. Level. As a matter of fact, it drains away from the water. There's a little driveway about a hundred to a hundred and fifty feet back from the water, and from that driveway it drains away from Island Creek. So it's not, it's not erodible; has good percolation characteristics.

The County Commissioners have represented that it be; have recommended that it be qualified as Limited

I have looked at the map of Brooms Island to Development. see if the property falls in that category. Actually, Brooms Island is a small village. It consists of about two 3 4 hundred acres, and I count approximately a hundred and ninety residential units on that two hundred acres. 6 overall, we have a density of about one unit per acre. 7 My small piece of thirty-eight acres is rela-8 tively undeveloped. The Brooms Island area has a church, community center, two stores, cemetery, restaurant, marinas, almost everything you need for a little community. 10 11 If a parcel such as mine is not allowed any development whatsoever -- and I'm right on the outside edge; 12 13 there is one strip of twelve houses beyond me, but then it 14 goes into the agricultural -- if it's not permitted to develop, then the community is dead as far as any new homes 16 are concerned. 17 Further down on the island, we have a very high 18 water table, and it would be almost impossible for them to 19 do any development there. 20 So I request that -- and recommend -- that the 21 zoning of Limited Development be allowed to stay on my 22 property, as has been recommended by the County

1 Commissioners for Parcel 61, Tax Map 38-A.

Overall, as far as the Program is concerned, I
have some real questions about the necessity of this particular Program and it's rather broad-brush approach to
solving a problem.

No one disagrees with improving the water quality and protecting the water quality, but it doesn't seem that it's been actually demonstrated that all of these properties, which are within a thousand feet of the water, are actually contributing significantly to the water quality of the bay, or the problems. Topography, soil type, so forth, varies very greatly from parcel to parcel, and yet there's no consideration given of those differences.

It's not been established that the twenty acre lot size is essential and the only way of mitigating any problems that might result. There is a taking of property rights by this Program, and normally, in order to take property rights, you either have to reimburse the person or prove that there is no other alternatives. There are, possibly, other alternatives. For example, five or ten acre lots with some performance requirements, rather than

just the drawing of a one thousand foot line. In the Plan itself, it seems to me that there are lots of controls turned over to state agencies, which may or may not be responsible to the local citizens. It's always difficult, when you're dealing with someone that far away, to get a quick response.

There seems to be no appeal procedures. If you don't get the permit, who do you appeal to? If they assess you with a violation, and you don't believe it's right, who do you appeal to? The ordinance provides very little flexibility, or any provisions for meeting emergency situations. I can imagine what happens after a big wind storm and a lot of trees are down. Do you have to get permits before you can cut the trees within the one thousand foot area? Problems such as this.

It also seems to me that this Program places an unfair burden on a class of citizens; that is, the water front property owners. They're asked to bear many burdens: not only the lesser use of their land, but the cost of establishing and maintaining a buffer zone, wildlife habitat. Some of these matters; for example, wildlife habitat—if that is justified and desired by the state, why

isn't it a state-wide program, rather than just within the 1 one thousand foot area? So, you've got; burdens are placed in this one thousand foot area which certainly are of some 3 advantage, but it'd be much more advantageous if you would apply it to the whole county, or the whole state. 6 I suspect that it's not the time yet to face up 7 to that wide a scope, but I don't believe it is fair just on the one thousand foot; people located within the one 8 thousand foot area. Thank you very much. CHAIRMAN BOWLING: Thank you. W. H. Scram, I 10 11 believe that is, from Huntingtown, Maryland. Is that correct? 12 MR. SCHROM: Schrom. 13 14 CHAIRMAN BOWLING: Schrom? Yes. 15 TESTIMONY BY BILL SCHROM 16 MR. SCHROM: I'm Bill Schrom. I live in Hunt-17 ingtown, Maryland. I'm a realtor, and I'm representing 18 several different property owners. There is testimony--19 written testimony -- that has been submitted to the county. 20 More broadly speaking, with respect to this 21 law, there is an issue to be brought here. One of the 22 premises of this law is the Critical Areas has a

responsibility; the Commission has the responsibility to work with the county to have the proper type of growth that will protect the bay quality, or improve the bay quality.

This growth is not only residential growth, it's industrial growth, commercial growth, all types of growth. I think that this consideration has to be looked at very strongly with respect to some areas like the Chesapeake Beach area and the Solomons Town Center.

My concern is that if the county takes the proper actions and has the proper guidelines to prevent the water quality from being adversely impacted, or if, in conjunction with the development of the properties, that they can improve the water quality, that is the goal that seems to be the thrust of the Program.

The flexibility to accomplish this should be granted to the county agencies, with supervision by the state agencies to see that it is done. The Plan has to have the proper amount of flexibility built into it that we can go forward.

Particularly with the Solomons Town Center area, there are very stringent environmental considerations built into that Program, and if there are additional things

that need to be structured in there to provide additional assurances to enable the county government, Planning and Zoning, the environmental people, to provide proper planning to prevent detriment of the water quality and perhaps increase the, better water quality, I think that has to be structured into the Plan.

With respect to areas that are further away from the town centers, such as Solomons and Chesapeake Beach, you get into the single parcel, such as Mr. Bowlby's property, and other properties that an infill--what you call an "infill" situation--but you have to look at an area. The law refers to the area, quote "area," and many in several places as far as the designation. There is no definition of "area" within the guidelines of the state laws. It's not spelled out.

It needs to be some form of definition or some common sense built into it that the county government has the ability to look at the surrounding parcels, the general neighborhood, what has been going on in the area, and I'm saying the area within a half a mile radius or something. Pick a radius. There's no definition of area as to parcel specific. The mapping has been done on parcel specific

use. From the best knowledge that I have, each parcel was looked at what is currently going on that particular parcel.

R

There have been individual parcels that have brought testimony to the county and have asked for exemptions or modifications within the Plan for the county. I think the county has to have the flexibility to make the Plan work for the best good of all, so long as it is not indefinite to the water quality of the bay and the estuaries contributing to the bay.

extremely favorable to property owners that have property platted as of prior to this, the date that's in there. It has been extremely detrimental to the property owners that did not have lots chopped out of their farm or their piece of land, prior to that date. There is no balance there as far as consideration or compensation.

I realize that the Critical Areas Commission has no authority to take that issue and address it. However, I do think a lot of common sense could be impacted into this. You have a lot of flexibility to cooperate with the county to provide proper avenues of growth, so long as we don't mess up the bay and the estuaries. That would

provide quite a bit of relief for the economic capabilities

the property that have not been subdivided, if it is

done properly. I think it's all gonna' wind up in a major

action somewhere along the line, to provide compensation to

the owners that can't develop their property, but that's

another issue that you can't control.

In conclusion, I think that the cooperation between the Critical Areas Commission and the county government agencies and the state agencies has to be built into the proposal for Calvert County. I think there are a lot of safeguards proposed in our current plans, and in some specific areas within the plans, such as the Solomons Master Plan, and I'm hoping that you will take those into consideration in your final approval of our Plan. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN BOWLING: I'd like to take this opportunity to recognize Comptroller Goldstein, who has joined us, and ask if he would also like to speak. If you're not prepared right now, Mr. Goldstein, I can bring you up later.

COMPTROLLER GOLDSTEIN: Yes. I'll wait a few minutes. Thank you, sir.

CHAIRMAN BOWLING: Okay. Sure. Next person I have is a Robert Gray, from Prince Frederick.

#### TESTIMONY BY ROBERT GRAY, ESQUIRE

MR. GRAY: Mr. Chairman, members of the Commission, my name is Robert Gray. I'm an attorney practicing in Prince Frederick, and I am here representing my client, Sarah Lease.

Miss Lease is the owner of an approximately nine and a half acre parcel on Battles Creek. That is soon to become a ten acre parcel, with a purchase of some adjoining land.

I have had Mrs. Lease's engineer prepare an exhibit which I would like to submit to the Commission tonight, and have that entered into a record, into the record. It may also help to explain some of my testimony today.

This parcel, for the benefit of the record, is identified on the Calvert County Tax Maps as Map 30, Parcel 21. On the topographical information that I've just presented to the Commission, her current property is that parcel shaded in in gray and in pink. She is shortly to acquire that, those two parcels shaded in yellow and shaded

in green, to bring her total acreage up to ten acres.

For the benefit of the Commission, who may not be familiar with this piece of property, this is located adjacent to the subdivision in Calvert County known as Emerald Cove. Emerald Cove abuts the property on what would be the top portion of the property as you're looking at the topographical information and behind the property. On the third side is a farm owned by the Deaver's Trust.

The property presently is used as a single family residence with some outbuildings and a swimming pool, located in that portion of the property which is closest to the water or the front part of the property.

As you will note, there is a large pond in the middle of the property, and the back end of the property is wooded and has fallow fields at this point.

What Mrs.; what Miss Lease is presenting to the Commission today is a request that the map be amended to change the designation of her property from Resource Conservation Area to a Limited Development Area, and the purpose of that is very simple. Miss Lease is in the process of trying to subdivide her lots from one ten acre lot into two five acre lots. The parcel that is shaded in

pink and green has been agreed upon by the neighboring Emerald Cove subdivision to be placed within that subdivision subject to the covenants of that subdivision. That would leave the, Miss Lease with owning the waterfront parcel of the property, which would contain the pond, and the other parcel of property would go into the, into the subdivision.

I would suggest that there are three separate reasons why this amendment to the map ought to be made. For; the first reason is that for all intents and purposes, the back portion of this property is a part of Emerald Cove subdivision. Now, all of the rest of Emerald Cove subdivision that is within the thousand foot line is already designated to be the Limited Development Area, and to exclude this one lot from that would be an injustice.

The only access to this lot is through the Emerald Cove subdivision. It is simply a, an adjoining lot that is going to be a part of that subdivision. To have one lot within that subdivision to be Resource Conservation, and the remaining lots to be Limited Development, makes no sense.

The second reason that we would suggest that it

ought to be amended to reflect this change is by the very definitions contained in the COMAR Regulations, and at this point, I'm referring to COMAR Regulations 14-15-0205A and 14-15-0204A. If I could just read the Resource Conservation definition:

"Resource Conservation Areas are those areas characterized by nature-dominated environments (that is, wetlands, forest, and abandoned fields), and resource-utilized activities (that is, agriculture, forestry, fisheries activities or aquaculture)."

The definitions on Section 4, the Limited Resource, or Limited Develop Area, reads entirely different:

"Limited Development Areas are those areas which are currently developed in low or moderate intensity uses. They also contain areas of natural plant and animal habitats, and the quality of runoff from these areas has not been substantially altered or impaired. These areas shall qualify for one of the following items," and I would suggest to you that we qualify on two of those items. Once the additional land is purchased, we will meet the first requirement; that is, "housing density ranging from

one dwelling unit per five acres up to four dwelling units per acre," and secondly, we would meet the second require-2 3 ment, "areas not dominated by agricultural, wetland, forest, barren, barren land, surface water or open space." I would suggest to the Commission that the 5 6 property, as I have described it to the Commission, better fits the definition for the Limited Development Area, 7 rather than the Resource Conservation Area. It's not a farm. It's not a forest. There are no natural habitat-animal habitats -- that need to be protected there. 10 It is. in essence, a residential lot within the residential com-11 munity. 12 13 And, finally, the third and perhaps most 14 logical reason that I can think of to keep it there, is 15 that the intended activity of Miss Lease in selling the 16 property will in absolutely no way endanger the purpose or 17 the intent of the Critical Areas legislation. 18 As you will notice from the topo lines on the property, the back lot--the gray and the green areas--any 20 runoff from that does not go into the, into the river. 21 Everything goes into the pond and stays there. There is no

outlet from that pond to seep into the river.

cannot possibly be any endangerment to the--in terms of pollution or runoff--to any of the waters of the Chesapeake Bay by having, letting Miss Lease do that.

The; we would suggest to the Commission that this is a sensible thing to do, and that it ought to be; the Plan and the Map ought to be amended to change Miss Lease's lot from Resource Conservation to Limited Development. Thank you very much.

CHAIRMAN BOWLING: Thank you. Steve Bunker.

### TESTIMONY BY STEVE BUNKER

MR. BUNKER: My name is Steve Bunker. I'm with the Chesapeake Bay Foundation. We have been following the Critical Areas Program for quite some time, and we are in the process of reviewing all of the municipal and county programs.

We have preliminarily reviewed the Calvert

County Program. In terms of the text, we have some

specific comments which we would like to submit in

writing. In general, though, the text appears sufficient
to meet most of the Program requirements.

We've also reviewed the maps, and we have some significant comments on the maps, most of which I would

like to submit in writing, but I would like to comment on some of the parts of the maps here tonight.

Most of our concerns with the maps relate to the designations of areas as IDA. Specifically, the Sol-, the entire Solomon's Town Center is now designated as an Intensely Developed Area. Although we do support the use of town centers for future growth, and in fact that is specifically mentioned in the criteria as one of the purposes and goals of the Program, we do question some of the areas in Solomon's Town Center which were designated IDA. Many of them appear to have more characteristics of an LDA, a Limited Development Area, than they do an IDA.

In addition, we have some, some questions as to why the Rowsby (ph.) Hall area was designated an Intensely Developed Area. There is the El Paso Marine Terminal on one portion of that area, that was designated Intensely Developed, but the remainder of that area is primarily fairly low density residential.

In addition, there are some small areas up in St. Leonard Creek designated IDA, which don't seem to have the characteristics of an IDA, and also most of them are smaller than twenty acres, which is the minimum size

requirement for Intensely Developed Area. We question why they were designated IDA, as well as a larger parcel upstream from the White Sands Marina complex. 3 4 As of December 1st, 1985, to my knowledge, 5 there was no structures on that property which would justify an Intensely Developed Area designation. 7 In addition, we; although we realize that the 8 Willows and the --Cliffs areas perhaps have the density to classify them as IDA's, we believe that they have more 10 characteristics of an LDA, and in fact I suspect; I can't 11 speak for the residents in those areas, but I would quess 12 that they would probably rather have an LDA designation. 13 We have some comments on the map and also of 14 the LDA areas, primarily in the use of underlying zoning to 15 define areas as LDA. Of course, these areas have to have 16 the characteristics of an LDA, and the underlying zoning is 17 not to be used to designate these areas as Limited or 18 Intensely Developed Areas. 19 In addition, there are some very small parcels 20 designed LDA in the midst of large areas of RCA, and we 21 have some questions as to, as to why they were singled out

22

for LDA designation.

1	In all fairness to the county, we have, we have
2	not had an opportunity to talk with them about our con-
3	cerns. All we ask is that there be some justification
4	given to the Commission for why these areas were designated
5	as they were. And, as I said earlier, we will submit spec-
6	ific comments.
7	I want to end my comments by saying, from per-
8	sonal experience I know that the elected officials in this
9	county have a deep commitment to environmental protection,
10	and I know that this county also has an excellent Planning
11	staff, and we look forward to discussing our concerns with
12	them. Thank you.
13	CHAIRMAN BOWLING: Thank you, Steve. Comp-
14	troller Goldstein, I believe you're next on the list, if
15	you're ready, sir. (Pause.) Mr. Goldstein, Carolyn
16	informs me that there are some more lists out there, if
17	you'd rather wait until the very end.
18	COMPTROLLER GOLDSTEIN: Well, there's some
19	other folks ahead of me. I don't want you to skip any-
20	body's turn.
21	CHAIRMAN BOWLING: Or if you'd rather go

22

ahead. It's up to you, sir.

1 COMPTROLLER GOLDSTEIN: Well, if you have some 2 other folks that signed up, I'll wait my turn. 3 CHAIRMAN BOWLING: At this point, I have no 4 others, unless there are others signed up out there. 5 (Pause.) Thank you. I have three people here. An Ozzie 6 Wilson, from Solomons. 7 TESTIMONY BY OZZIE WILSON 8 MR. WILSON: Members of the Commission, I am a 9 resident of Calvert County, a resident of Solomons Town 10 Center, on Back Creek. I wanted to voice my support for 11 the Critical Areas Commission law, as written. 12 I feel that the, Calvert County's request for a 13 variance to the setback requirements in the Solomons area 14 is out of order and should not be allowed. Solomons area 15 is a very, is a very sensitive area, and I feel that they 16 should maintain the one hundred foot setback for any 17 undeveloped areas. 18 I have a letter here I'd like to present as 19 part of the record. Thank you. 20 CHAIRMAN BOWLING: Thank you, sir. 21 Diffenderfer. Is that it?

24

TESTIMONY BY KEN DIFFENDERFER

MR. DIFFENDERFER: Good evening. My name is 1 Ken Diffenderfer. I'm a resident of Solomons Island, Back Creek, and I'd like to express my support for the most 3 stringent enforcement of the report by the Critical Areas Commission. I, too, concur with Mr. Wilson. I don't think there should be any exceptions allowed to the hundred foot 7 setback. There are a number of protected water fowl 8 which live in the area. There is a very tenuous re-emergence of subaquatic vegetation that's critical to 10 the wellbeing of the bay, and I'd like to submit for the 11 record a copy of a letter which I have written today to the 12 County Commissioners. 13 14 CHAIRMAN BOWLING: Thank you, sir. F. Hamer 15 Campbell, Jr. 16 TESTIMONY BY F. HAMER CAMPBELL, JR. 17 MR. CAMPBELL: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 18 the record, my name is F. Hamer Campbell, Jr. I'm Director 19 of Government and Legislative Affairs for the Suburban Maryland Building Industry Association. If I may, I'd like to 21 read a letter from the president of our southern chapter

into the record this evening.

The letter is addressed to the Honorable 1 Solomon Liss, Chairman of the Commission: "Dear Judge Liss: The members of the Southern 3 4 Maryland Chapter of the Suburban Maryland Building Industry Association, specifically, our members here in Calvert County, appreciate this opportunity to present our views to the Critical Area Commission on the approval of the 7 8 County's draft local plan. 9 "I am sorry that I could not be here this evening at the Calvert County High School to personally 10 11 make this presentation. "Our industry supported the broad goals of the 12 13 bay initiatives, recognizing the unique resource the Chesapeake Bay is to the State of Maryland and this 15 Though we differed with the thrust of some of the county. 16 specific provisions of the Commission's guidelines, we are 17 here tonight to support the Calvert County's draft 18 ordinance. 19 "At the county's local hearing, held on October 20 13th, 1987, we presented several suggestions at the time, 21 including a request to expand those excludible areas under

Section 8-1807 of COMAR, that would delete the county's

1	town centers and the established sanitary districts from
2	the Critical Area maps.
3	"I have attached our comments presented at that
4	meeting, and submit them as part of the testimony of public
5	record for your consideration. I believe they are self
6	explanatory. However, if the Commission rejects these
7	requests, we would urge you to make no further changes in
8	the proposed county ordinance and approve it as submitted.
9	"We believe the county's draft plan meets the
10	intent and spirit of the criteria as developed by the
11	Commission and approved by the General Assembly.
12	"Thank you for this opportunity to present our
13	views.
14	"Sincerely, Raymond Kenney, President, Southern
15	Maryland Chapter, Suburban Maryland Building Industry
16	Association."
17	CHAIRMAN BOWLING: Thank you, sir.
8	MR. CAMPBELL: Thank you.
9	CHAIRMAN BOWLING: Is there anyone else who did
20	not sign up that would like an opportunity to speak?
21	Comptroller, it's up to you, sir.
22	TESTIMONY BY COMPTROLLER LOUIS L. GOLDSTEIN

COMPTROLLER GOLDSTEIN: I just wanted to wait 1 my turn, sir. I didn't want to come in here and take any-2 body else's turn. Mr. Chairman and distinguished members of the Commission, my name is Louis L. Goldstein. tonight as a private citizen and a property owner of Prince 5 Frederick, Calvert County, Maryland. 7 I'd like to refer to my parcel of land, Parcel 28, Tax Map 19, which property is owned jointly by my 8 lovely wife Hazel and myself, and the thing; on this map, 9 it's now Resource Conservation. Adjoining that property is 10 102 acres directly south of Plum Point, and runs back to 11 the Wilson-Plum Point state road. The property to the 12 north of me is a mobile home park, and that's classified as 13 14 LDA. Directly behind, to the north and to the west, is a 15 subdivision. 16 So on two sides of that property, it's highly 17 developed. And our property is bordered on the west by the 18 improved state road. It is well drained, wooded, and the 19 Chesapeake Bay is protected. I've owned that property for 20 years, and I feel that should be classified as LDA. 21 And I have another tract which is right at the

mouth of Parker's Creek and the Chesapeake Bay, and I see

on the map they have -- the map in one part, so it's pretty hard to tell from the map how much land that includes. They had it classified wrong as wetlands. It's solid land, which joins the Parker's Creek on the north and the Chesapeake Bay; well, it actually; yes, to the north; well, to the east is the Chesapeake Bay, and I'm on the north side 7 of Parker's Creek, and I planted that ground years ago with Я that ocean-type grass that you get down in North Carolina, like they use down at Assateague Island, and the ground is 10 just as hard as this maple floor here. It's never 11 I've owned it since, almost forty years. flooded. 12 That's right at the mouth of Parker's Creek. 13 You see on the map, there, I'm on the north side of 14 Parker's Creek, and Dr. Pays Jett and his family own the 15 south side of Parker's Creek. But it's pretty hard to tell 16 from the map how much land has been reclassified. 17 The way I understand it, in other words, you 18 excluded all the wetlands. Then you take a hundred feet, 19 and I don't know whether the hundred feet's added into the 20 thousand feet or not. 21 CHAIRMAN BOWLING: That's part of the thousand 22 feet.

COMPTROLLER GOLDSTEIN: Part of the thousand. 1 So, in other words, I have a; and that marsh is dry. I can 2 remember the boys, before I ever owned the property, they 3 used to cut hay on there and years ago we used to pasture our sheep and cattle on that marsh. It's very dry land, but I feel it should be reclassified as a Limited; that is, Conservation, but I'll be very glad to prepare a statement 7 8 with reference to that. 9 I wish to thank you all for coming down here tonight and giving the citizens of our county an oppor-10 tunity to express themselves. I'm a conservationist, sir. 11 12 I've been planting trees for years and years --13 long before your program ever came along, sir. I know how 14 to plant trees and I know how to take care of the land. 15 paid for that land. I worked long and hard to buy that 16 land, and I take care; I love every foot of it, and I've 17 loved it and taken care of it and used every kind of 18 conservation -- that's in the book, long before the conser-19 vation program of the Chesapeake Bay came along. 20

there are no other persons here who want to make a comment,

Is there anyone else who would like to make a comment?

Thank you, Mr. Goldstein.

CHAIRMAN BOWLING:

21

1	I would remind you that written comment can be made to the
2	Office of the Commission, anytime in the next what? Ten
3	days? Ten days. And if it's; anyone would like to do
4	that, please do so.
5	If there's no one else to speak, then I will
6	declare this meeting at an end.
7	(Whereupon, at 7:40 p.m., the meeting was
8	adjourned.)
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	·
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
	31
- 1	· ·

# $\underline{\mathbf{C}} \ \underline{\mathbf{E}} \ \underline{\mathbf{R}} \ \underline{\mathbf{T}} \ \underline{\mathbf{I}} \ \underline{\mathbf{F}} \ \underline{\mathbf{I}} \ \underline{\mathbf{C}} \ \underline{\mathbf{A}} \ \underline{\mathbf{T}} \ \underline{\mathbf{E}}$ 2 This is to certify that the foregoing transcript: 3 IN THE MATTER OF: CHESAPEAKE BAY CRITICAL AREAS COMMISSION MEETING DATE: January 14, 1988, 7:00 p.m. 6 PLACE: Calvert High School, Prince Frederick, Calvert Co. 7 represents the full and complete proceedings of the afore-8 mentioned matter on said date, as reported and reduced to typewriting. 10 11 FREE STATE REPORTING, INC. 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22