

The South.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, APRIL 24, 1861.

THE ELECTION TO-DAY.

The Election, at the hour we write, is progressing quietly, the number of votes polled, as might be expected, being comparatively small.

Railroad Train Seized by Federal Troops. A detachment of government troops from Washington yesterday, seized the train which left Washington for Baltimore at 3 o'clock.

Expedition to the Relay House. Col. Huger goes out to the Relay House on the Baltimore and Ohio road, to guard with a force of one hundred men, that place, in order to prevent the seizure of the main stem of the road by government.

Novel War Weapons. It is proposed that should any more Government troops make their appearance in our streets, to call out the fire department and deluge them with water, that they may be thoroughly cleansed before they are taken.

Dr. Morris, our Postmaster, sent to Washington at noon to-day a heavy mail, which was conveyed in a light Express wagon drawn by four horses.

The Latest from Annapolis—Deportations of the Troops—Their March to Washington—More Troops Arriving at Annapolis.

The New York Seventh Regiment, the Massachusetts Regiment under Gen. Butler, and another body said to be from several Northern points, landed at Annapolis last evening, to the number of several thousand, and made preparation for proceeding to Washington, by seizing all the wagons they could find, to transport their baggage and ammunition.

During last night and this morning several car loads of troops, &c. passed the Junction, and about one o'clock the main body passed there on their march.

The Government has now complete possession of the road from Washington to Annapolis, and will have no doubt use this route mainly for the transportation of troops to the capital.

The body that passed the Junction to-day had out mounted advance guards, and were moving very cautiously, but so far as could be ascertained no attack had been made on them.

From Fort Pickens.

The Norfolk boat brought this morning late Mobile and other Southern papers. A correspondent of the Mobile Advertiser under date of the 17th, says that Gen. Bragg had six thousand men under his command before Fort Pickens, ready for anything.

Dispatches received last night give the important and glorious news that Fort Pickens has been recaptured by the gallant sons of the South. The loss on our side is said to be heavy. One of the dispatches states that the loss on the side of the South in the desperate struggle was twenty-five hundred. But the victory is ours.

At Perryville, Cecil county, on the east side of the Susquehanna, opposite Havre-de-Grace, the Northern troops are concentrating in large force, awaiting conveyance to the Federal capital.

Another dispatch from Staunton, Va., dated Monday, states that a company of 75 men from Bath county, and another numbering 100 from Alleghany, had arrived at that place.

entering his body. The sentinel was a man of family, and a resident of Philadelphia.

Speech of Vice President A. H. Stephens, at Richmond. On Monday night a large number of citizens of Richmond, Va., congregated in front of the Exchange Hotel in that city, with the First Regiment band, and serenaded the Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, Vice President of the Confederate States of America.

The distinguished gentleman was introduced to the throng by Mayor Mayo, and received with hearty cheers. In response, Mr. Stephens turned to his acknowledgments for the warmth of the personal greeting, and his most profound thanks for it as the representative of the Confederate States.

The news from Tennessee was equally cheering. The mountains were on fire. Some of the States still hesitated, but soon all would be in Tennessee was no longer in the late Union.

He said the cause we engaged in was that which attached people to the Constitution of the United States—it was the cause of civil, religious and constitutional liberty.

The constitution framed at Montgomery discarded the obsolete ideas of the old compact, with some but had preserved its noble portion, with some modifications, suggested by the experience of the past, and it had been adopted by the Confederate States, who would stand to it.

When did Virginia ever ask assistance of the general government? If there is sin in our institutions, we bear the blame—and will stand acquitted by the natural law, and the higher law of God and Nature.

The law of necessity and of right compelled us to act as we did. He had no reason to believe that the Creator would punish us for the sin of the South, if we stood down without the loss of a single life.

From the South. The Alexandria Gazette has the following dispatch, dated Washington, yesterday: About 1,200 men, including the Massachusetts regiment, are quartered at the Capital.

The Richmond Dispatch has a dispatch from Lynchburg of Monday's date, which says: Andrew Johnson, U. S. Senator from Tennessee, passed through here yesterday on his way from Washington to Tennessee.

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The Pennsylvania troops that left Cockeysville yesterday, are at York, encamped on the old Fair Ground, awaiting reinforcements.

A Northern View of Coercion. Altho' the following remarks made by Wendell Phillips in a speech at New Bedford, April 9, have been published in most of the papers of this city, we reprint them as indicating the sense in which the sober second thought of the Northern people will probably take, of any attempt to subjugate the South, when the present paroxysm of madness is over.

The telegraph is said to report to-night that the guns are firing either out of Fort Sumter or into it—that to-morrow's breeze, if it comes from the North, will bring to us the echo of the battle of Lexington of the new revolution.

Will, what shall we say of such an hour? My own feeling is a double one. It is like the triumph of madness—regarding and sorrow. I cannot congratulate you enough on the spectacle of twenty millions of people educated in a twelvemonth up to being willing that their idolized Union should risk the possibility of its dissolution, that does not bring her to the relief of the State States.

But I am sorry that a gun should be fired at Fort Sumter or that a gun should be fired from the North, that does not bring her to the relief of the State States.

You cannot go through Massachusetts and recruit men to bombard Charleston or New Orleans. No Northern mind will bear it. You never can make such a war popular.

But understand me, I believe in the Union except as you do. I believe in the Union except as you do. I believe in the Union except as you do.

Driven to despair, the Southern States may be a poor and bankrupt; but the poorer they are, the more they will be able to resist.

I distrust those guns at Fort Sumter. I do not believe that Abraham Lincoln means war. I do not believe in the madness of the Calhoun school.

But there is a safe way to compromise. It is to seek to provoke war, cannonading Fort Sumter, and then to say that you are not provoked.

Harper's Ferry Government Works. A quantity of machinery has been rescued from the ruins here, and is being transported into the interior of the State, to be used by Virginia in the manufacture of arms.

NOTICE—POLICE DEPARTMENT—OF THE CITY OF BALTIMORE. The Police Department of the City of Baltimore, has the honor to inform you that the following persons have been arrested for the purpose of being examined in relation to the late disturbances in this city.

Whitney & Co. No. 210 N. Broadway, Baltimore, Md. Wholesale and Retail Dealers in all kinds of Groceries, Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Spices, &c.

PIANOS. PIANOS. PIANOS. NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY THEM. The undersigned has on hand the largest and best assorted stock of PIANOS in the city, and is determined to sell them at the lowest possible price.

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