THE MARYLAND NEWS SHEET.

VOL I---NO. 5. BALTIMORE, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1861. PRICE TWO CENTS.

BOARD OF TRADE,
Committee of Arbitration for month of September.
THOS. WHITRIDGE,
FRANCIS CAPRON, S. P. THOMPSON,
C. D. HINKS, EDWARD SLADE.

Monetary and Commercial Review.

BALTIMORE, September 23, 1861

The business at the Stock Board was light again to-day, but most of the stocks on the list were steady at previous quotations. Sales were made of 75 shares Baltimore and Ohio Railroad at ¾0, and it left off at ¾0 bid, ¾0⅛ asked regular way. For Northern Central only $12⅝ was bid to day, but none was offered under $14. In Loans there is something doing and we note sales to day of $1,000 Baltimore 6's 1890 at 79 ex dividend, $457 do. 1875 at 81, and $6,000 Northern Central Railway 1885 bonds at 46. Baltimore and Ohio bonds closed without sales at 70 bid for 1875's; 67 bid, 68 asked for 1885's; 67⅝ bid for 1885's; and Northern Central 1885's left off at 45¾ bid, 46 asked. In State stocks there was nothing done, but 81¼ was bid for Maryland 6's 1870, and 42¾ for Tennessees. Baltimore City 6's closed steady at 81 bid, 81¾ asked for 1875's, and 78¾ bid, 79 asked ex dividend for 1890's.

SALES AT THE BALTIMORE STOCK BOARD.
MONDAY, September 23, 1861

$1,000	Baltimore 6's '90 c & p	79
457	do. 6's '75	81
6,000	Northern Central R. R. bonds, '85	46
50	shares Balt. & Ohio Railroad	49
25	do. do. do.	49

PRICES AND SALES OF STOCKS IN NEW YORK BY TELEGRAPH,
Through William Fisher & Son, Stock and Bill Brokers No. 22 South street.

	1st Board	2d Board
Virginia's	51	50
Missouri 6's	43⅝	43⅝
Tennessee bonds	43⅝	60
North Carolina bonds	61⅝	00
Canton Company	00	00
Erie Railroad	28⅝	28⅝
New York Central Railroad	73⅝	73⅝
Reading Railroad	00	00
Treasury notes 2 years 6 per cents	98⅝	00
	steady	dull

The New York *Tribune* of Monday morning says:

There was an active demand on Saturday for six per cent Treasury notes. A large lot of over $100,000 was sold at 98¾, and afterthis was off the market it advanced to 99½ at which sales were made at the second hard. They are wanted steadily for payment of duties, being the only issue which can be used for that purpose.

Mr Solomon Sturges, of Chicago, has taken $150,000 of the national loan. Mr Walter L. Newberry, President of the Galena and Chicago Railroad, $10,000.

Messrs. Baring Brothers say in their London circular by the Europa that the continued demand for France has caused an advance of prices of English Wheat of 2@4s per qr. Foreign is also about 2s per qr dearer. Last week's average price of English Wheat was 52s. 6d. on 62,000 qrs. returned. White American Wheat 58@62s; winter red 56@58s; spring 52@55s; per qr; flour 25@28s. 6d. per bbl.

The Liverpool Cotton market was only fairly supported at the recent extreme advance. In Manchester also the trade had but part of its buoyancy, the market closing quiet. The market for American stocks is reported by Messrs Baring as follows:

None is pressed for sale on the market, but there are no transactions sufficient to regulate prices, which in case of business must be matter of negotiation. Some Virginia bonds have been sold at 48¾, and some Boston city 4⅝ per cent. sterling bonds at 48. Some Massachusetts 5's sterling may be had at 95. United States 6's 80@82. 5's 72@73. Canada 5's 100@100½. New Brunswick 6's 108.

The London money market was somewhat disappointed by the small gain of specie made by the Bank of England

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

MONDAY, September 23

COFFEE.—We have no transactions to note to-day in Coffee. There is however a demand for it, but the very high prices asked tend to check operations. We quote Rio to-day at 14½@15 cts. for fair to good; 15½@16 cts. for prime, the latter figure being asked for some parcels; Laguayra at 15@16½ cts; and Java at 20 cts. per lb. The stock of Rio to-day is about 23,000 bags

FLOUR.—The market for Flour continues firmer. There was some inquiry for it this morning, and we heard on Change of sales of 100 bbls. choice City Mills Super at $5.25, and of 1,000 bbls Ohio Extra at $5.50 per bbl. Nothing was done in Howard Street or Ohio Super. The former description is held firmly at $5.25 for good brands, and we quote the latter at $5.12½@5.25 per bbl. City Mills Super may be quoted at $5@5.25 per bbl., the latter figure being for choice brands. Extra Flour closes firm at the following rates, viz: $5.50 for Ohio; $5.50@5.75 for Howard Street; and $6.25@6.50 for regular shipping brands City Mills.

FAMILY FLOUR.—Family Flour is selling by the dray load at $7.50 for the best brands Baltimore; $6.25@6.75 for Ohio and Howard Street; and Baltimore high grade Extra at $7 per bbl.

RYE FLOUR AND CORN MEAL.—We quote Rye Flour at $3.62½@3.75, and Corn Meal at $2.90@3 per bbl., but there is very little doing in either of these articles.

GRAIN.—The market for Grain of all descriptions was active and firm this morning. Wheat was especially firm, and for white prices were higher than on Saturday. There were about 20,000 bushels at market, and it was nearly all sold at 110@121 cts. for fair to prime red, 125@130 cts. for fair white, 135@145 cts. for good to prime do., and a lot of 700 bushels choice do. brought 150 cts. Of Corn there were about 2,000 bushels at market, most of which was sold at 50 cts. for yellow, and 60@62 cts. for white. Rye and Oats were both firm. Sales were made of some 600 bushels Maryland Rye at 55 cts., and about 3,000 bushels Maryland Oats at 32@35 cts.

MOLASSES.—Molasses is quiet but very firm at the quotations, which are as follows, viz: 26@30 cts. for clayed Cuba; 33@35 cts for Cuba Muscovado; 35@45 cts. for Porto Rico; and 45@50 cts. per gallon for New Orleans.

PROVISIONS.—There has been no movement of consequence to-day in Provisions, but there is as we remarked in our report on Saturday an improved feeling in the market. Bacon, for which there is a fair retail demand, is steady at 5⅝ cts. for Shoulders, 6¼@6⅜ cts for Sides, and we quote Hams as ranging from 8 to 11 cts per lb. We quote Bulk Shoulders at 4⅝@5 cts, and Hams at 5⅝ cts, but there is no demand for Sides, and we can give no quotation for them. Lard is dull at 8¼@8⅜ cts. for City, 8⅜@9 cts. for Western, and 11@11½ cts per lb. for refined. We quote Mess Pork at $13.50 for city, and $14.75 for Western; Prime and Rump do. at $10.25@10.50; and Beef at $12.50 for Baltimore No. 1, $16 for do. Mess, and $14@14.50 per bbl. for repacked Western Mess.

RICE.—The stock of Rice here is very light, and there is of course but little doing in it. We quote it firm at 6@7¼ cts. per lb.

SUGARS.—The market for Sugars continues very buoyant, and the tendency of prices is still upward. There are however but few lots offering, the stock here being unusually light, and we are not advised of any sales being made to day. We quote as follows, viz: Cuba at 5⅝@5.25 for refining, and 5.25@6 for grocery grades; Porto Rico and New Orleans at 5.50@6.50, and current qualities of Manilla and Pernambuco at 5.75@6.

REFINED SUGARS.—Refined Sugars are firm at the following rates, viz: 11¾@11¾ cts. for loaf; 10¾@11¾ cts. for crushed, powdered and granulated; 10¾@10¾ cts for soft crushed white; and 9¾@10 cts. for do. yellow.

SALT.—Salt is still very firm. Liverpool is now selling at 125 cts. for Ground Alum, and 170@175 cts. per sack for Marshall's, Jeffrey & Darcy's, and Worthington's fine; and we quote Turks Island at 25@30 cts. per bushel.

WHISKEY.—Whiskey is firm, and prices are tending upward. There is no City offering, and we quote Ohio to day at 19¾@20 cts. per gallon.

Shipping Intelligence.

PORT OF BALTIMORE, SEPT 22.

Arrived.

Ste mer Adelaide, Cannon, Old Point Comfort, Va—M N Falls.

Steamer John R Thompson, Fowler, New York, Jas A Shriver.

Ship Edward Everett, Lambert, from Antwerp—ballast to John Henderson & Co. Towed up by steamtug Ajax. Was detained three weeks in the British Channel by head winds.

Cleared.

Steamer Adelaide, Cannon, Old Point Comfort, Va—M N Falls.

Steamer Artisan, Chance, from New York—James A Shriver.

Steamer Richard Willing, Claypole, Philadelphia—Jas A Shriver.

Schr Wm & John, Burton, Georgetown—W Applegarth & Son.

Schr Geo W Krebs, Emerson, Newport, Del—John Williams & Son.

Schr Priscilla, Crowther, St Johns, P R—Kirkland Chase & Co.

Schr Robert Healey, Mitchell, West Amesburg, Mass—Wm Applegarth & Son

Schr Forward, Jones, Georgetown, D C—W Applegarth & Son.

Steamer George Weems, Weems, Patuxent river, Md—master.

Steamer Kent, Kirwan, Annapolis and West river, Md—Jas Hollingshead.

Schr Mary Willis, Acworth, Georgetown, D C—M A Mitchell.

Sailed.

Br ship McLeod, Balmanno, Rotterdam, in tow of the Ajax.

Arrivals from Baltimore

Steamer Franklin, Dougherty, New York, 21st inst.
Ship Hermine, (Brem) Bruncken, Bremen, 4th inst.
Ship Macaulay, Rodgers, Brouwershaven, 4th inst.
Schr New Jersey, Vanneman, Philadelphia, 20th inst.
Barge Minnesota, Chase, New York, 19th inst.
Barge E A Stevens, Rulner, New York, 21st inst.

Clearances from Baltimore.

Steamer Elizabeth, McLaughlin, New York, 21st inst.
Ship Elena, (Brem) ——, New York, 20th inst.
Schr Lookout, Thornton, Portland, 18th inst.
Bark Selah, Gould, Boston, 20th inst
Schr L Church, Waldin, New York, 20th inst.

Memoranda.

Ship Macaulay, Rogers, from Baltimore, arrived at Helvoet, 5th inst.

Brig Chattanooga, Fry, for Arcelbo, was at St Johns, P R, 5th inst.

Ship Virginia Dare, Cole, for England, was at Cronstadt, 31st ult.

Br schr Ocean Wave, Lewelling, from St Johns, N B, for Baltimore, arrived at Newport, 17th inst, and sailed again next day.

Went to sea 19th inst, ships Arnold Bonlinger, hence for Rotterdam, and Ocean, for Bremen, and bark Seneca, for Montevideo—per pilot boat Vigilant.

Bark E Pluribus Unum, Wallace, for Montevideo, sailed from Cadiz, 28th ult.

Ship Cherubim, Skinner, uncertain, remained at London, 4th inst.

Eastern Ports.

NEW YORK, Sept 20—Noon —Arr brig Favorita, Honduras ——Cl'd steamships Hammonia, Hamburg; Saladin Kingston, Jam; ship Patrick Henry, London; Arctic; Antwerp, brig Helen Jane, Savanilla; schrs J M Lane, Laguayra; John, Bordeaux.

NEW YORK, September 19—Noon.—Arr ships W Rathbone, Liverpool; Cora Linn, Glasgow.——Cl'd bark J Godfrey, Falmouth; schrs Victory, Eleuthera; Yankee Doodle, Washington; Statesman, Georgetown; J W Congdon, San Juan.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept 20.—Arr ship Hortensia, Liverpool; schr Trojan, Key West.——Cl'd ship Philadelphia, Liverpool; schrs B C Scribner, St Thomas; George & Arthur, Montego Bay.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept 19—Noon.—Arr bark Hamilton, Havana.

BOSTON, Sept 20.—Arr ships Aurora, Liverpool; Albert Palatin; do; bark Emblem, Rio de Janeiro.——Cl'd bark Falcon, Port Elizabeth, C G H; brig R R Haskins, Matanzas.

BOSTON, Sept 19.—Arr steamship Europa, Liverpool. ——Cl'd bark Celestia, Gibraltar; schrs Roseway, St Jago; Texan, St Thomas.

PORTLAND, September 19.—Arr bark Willard, Rio de Janeiro.

SAILING DAYS OF STEAM-SHIPS.
FROM THE UNITED STATES.

Names	Leaves	Date	For
City of Manchester	New York	Sept 21	Liverpool
Hammonia	New York	Sept 21	Hamburg
Africa	New York	Sept 25	Liverpool
Kangaroo	New York	Sept 28	Liverpool
New York	New York	Sept 28	Bremen
Europa	Boston	Oct 2	Liverpool
City of New York	New York	Oct 5	Liverpool
Great Eastern	New York	Oct 5	Liverpool
Persia	New York	Oct 9	Liverpool
Niagara	Boston	Oct 16	Liverpool
Asia	New York	Oct 23	Liverpool
Bremen	New York	Oct 26	Bremen

FROM EUROPE.

Names	Leaves	Date	For
Anglo Saxon	Liverpool	Sept 5	Quebec
Great Eastern	Liverpool	Sept 10	New York
City of New York	Liverpool	Sept 11	New York
Saxonia	Southampton	Sept 11	New York
Norwegian	Liverpool	Sept 12	Quebec
Persia	Liverpool	Sept 14	New York
Fulton	Southampton	Sept 19	New York
Edinburg	Liverpool	Sept 18	New York
Jura	Liverpool	Sept 19	Quebec
Bohemian	Liverpool	Sept 20	Quebec
Niagara	Liverpool	Sept 21	Boston
Asia	Liverpool	Sept 19	New York
Bremen	Southampton	Oct 2	New York

LATEST NEWS.

TELEGRAMS.

LATEST FROM MISSOURI.

A Fight at Marriottstown--Rout of Confederates.

ST. LOUIS, September 23.—The Leavenworth *Times* of Friday states that a fight took place at Marriottstown, Missouri, on Tuesday morning, between six hundred Federal troops, under Colonels Montgomery and Johnson, and four hundred Confederates, in which the latter were completely routed, with a loss of seven men killed and the capture of one hundred horses and all their tents and supplies. The Federal troops lost two privates killed and six wounded. Colonel Johnson, while riding at the head of his command, was pierced by nine bullets and instantly killed.

The Surrender of Col. Mulligan Confirmed.

JEFFERSON CITY, Sept, 22.—A despatch has been received here saying that the Federal troops at Lexington surrendered to the Confederates on Friday afternoon, for want of water.

Ben McCulloch was in Barton-county on Monday last, marching on Lexington.

THE SURRENDER OF LEXINGTON CONFIRMED.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 23.—Gen. Prentiss' official despatch announcing the surrender of Col. Mulligan, at Lexington, states that the Federal loss was 37 killed and 110 wounded. The Confederate loss is supposed to be about 800 killed and wounded.

Military Affairs at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, September 23.—The wounds of Major Tanners will, it is feared, prove fatal.

The greatest activity prevails here in military affairs.

The steamer Sunshine was brought down here to-day, and will doubtless be confiscated for her services in ferrying Martin Green's forces across the river at Glasgow.

FROM WASHINGTON.
Senator Baker--The Anglo-French Expedition to Mexico.

WASHINGTON, September 23 —It is true that Senator Baker has been appointed Major-General of Volunteers, but he has not yet signified his acceptance. He regards his position in the Senate as the highest to which any man can reasonably aspire, and hence it is not probable, entertaining this opinion, that he will resign it, unless the pressing exigencies of the country shall demand his services in the field.

A letter from Paris received here to-day says that the French Government has respectfully declined to inform the Mexican Minister thereof the object of the fleet to be sent to Mexico, saying that the Government of the latter will be duly apprised of it through the French Minister. So far as appears from the letter, the movement of France and England is not necessarily hostile.

Affairs Across the Potomac.

The brigades of Generals Keyes, Wadsworth and Richardson, under command of Gen. McDowell were reviewed to-day by Gen. McClellan, who was, as usual, received with much enthusiasm.—After the review the Gen. and his staff passed through the camps of the different regiments, inspecting their clothing, accommodation, &c.

On Sunday afternoon the barn of John Burch, located near Ball's Cross roads was burnt by the Confederate troops. While it was in flames a large secession force appeared at Upton's Hill, a mile and a half distant.

An order has been issued, preventing all civilians and officers and privates not on duty, from visiting the outposts of the army.

Gen. Heintzleman, who was wounded in the arm at Bull Run, has nearly recovered from the injury. He will be assigned the command of a division in Virginia.

Capt. Barkers' McClellan Dragoons, made their appearance to day in a new uniform, consisting of dark blue coats and light blue pants, etc., a decided improvement.

Washington Items.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—According to army orders issued to-day, whenever companies by an economical use of their rations, have raised a surplus, it must be left in the hands of the Commissary, from whom they draw their rations. The bills of purchase, at cost prices of the articles, will be paid by any Commissary having funds for that purpose, for the benefit of the economists. Heretofore surplus rations have been sold to sutlers and Storekeepers, or exchanged for other supplies by the soldiers.

The contract for supplying stationary to the Navy Department for the present fiscal year, has been awarded to Phillips and Solomons of this city.

The National fast day will be generally observed here. Prof. McCoy will repeat in the afternoon, in the Hall of the House of Representatives, his oration delivered on Tuesday last in commemoration of the 74th Anniversary of the adoption of the Constitution.

The War Department has authorized a cavalry company to be raised in Oregon.

FROM KENTUCKY.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 23.—A battalion of secession cavalry, under Mitchell Laporelle, drove in Capt. Gibson's pickets last night at Salt River, and four are missing. A Federal encampment has been established at Harrodburg, where two prominent secessionist representatives, Messrs. Twing and Silvertooth, have been arrested.

Two supposed spies from Buckner's army were arrested at Louisville this morning.

FRANKFORT, Sept. 23.—It is reported that J. C. Breckinridge and Wm. Preston escaped from here through Montgomery county on Friday.

General Sherman had possession of Muldraugh's Hill yesterday.

Henry Dent, City Marshal, has been appointed Provost Marshal of this city.

FROM FORTRESS MONROE.
Interesting from Hatteras Inlet.

FORTRESS MONROE, Sept. 22.—The steamer S. R. Spaulding arrived from Hatteras Inlet this morning. On Tuesday last the propeller Fanny ran down to Ocracoke Inlet with a detachment of troops, who entirely destroyed the fortifications abandoned there by the Confederates after the taking of Fort Hatteras. The magazine was burnt and the cannon either sunk or spiked. The privateers Coffee and Winslow had visited Ocracoke Inlet for the purpose, as is supposed, of carrying off the guns left there; but on the appearance of the steamer Fanny with United States troops, they both withdrew.

It was said that the Confederates were assembled in force at Washington and Newbern, and that two thousand had landed at Roanoke Island with the view of destroying the light-house at Oregon Inlet, and the dwellings and property of the Unionists there. To prevent the accomplishment of the design, a detachment of 700 men, accompanied by a naval force, were about to leave Hatteras Inlet.—[Roanoke Island is about 45 miles due north from Fort Hatteras, up Pamlico Sound.]

Another unsuspecting vessel, intending to bring supplies of fish and salt to the Confederates, ran into "Uncle Sam's trap," at Hatteras Inlet, and was secured as a prize. She proved to be the Argonaut, of Yarmouth, N. S., with a cargo of fish and salt.

A portion of the 11th regiment, New York Fire Zouaves, composed mainly of the members of the 1st regiment Fire Zouaves, reached Old Point this morning.

There was an alarm last night at Newport-News. The troops in the Fortress and at Camp Hamilton were also under arms. At dusk a considerable force of Confederates was seen near Newport-News, but they withdrew after burning a few grain-ricks.

Newport-News can at any time be largely reinforced from the Fortress, without in the least impairing the strength of the garrison.

Muskets and Equipments for Missouri.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—Three thousand muskets and four thousand equipments will be shipped to Missouri to-morrow by the most expeditious routes.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Steamer Persia.

ST. JOHNS, Sept. 23.—The steamer Persia, from Liverpool on the —th inst., passed Cape Race yesterday morning.

The steamer Canada arrived out on the 14th.

Cotton had advanced ⅛d. Sales of the week 66,000 bales. Sales of Friday and Saturday 25,000 bales, closing very firm.

Breadstuffs quiet and prices steady, except corn, which was drooping. Provisions closed dull. Consols 93⅝@93¾.

The report is confirmed that the American Minister at Naples has offered Garibaldi a command in the Federal army. The result is not stated.

Movements were making of troops preparatory to their embarkation for Canada.

Mr. Russell, in his letter to the London *Times*, says: "Gen. McClellan is rapidly becoming master of the situation, and the movements of the Federalists by water, both on the seaboard and down the Mississippi River, must greatly embarrass the South."

It was reported that the steamer City of New York took 55 cases of rifles for the Northern army. [The Agents, however, in New York deny all knowledge of any such shipment of contraband of war.]

The monthly return of the Bank of France shows an increase of nine millions of francs.

The *Moniteur* denies the rumor of extraordinary naval movements by France.

It is confirmed that Spain is to join the Anglo-French expedition against Mexico.

The Persia passed the steamer Great Eastern, on the 16th, putting back to Liverpool in a damaged state.

Steamer North Star Arrived.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—The steamer North Star, from Aspinwall, is below.

The North Star brings $950,000 in treasure from California. She exchanged signals with the steamer Northern Light on the evening of the 18th.

Railroad Accident.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 23.—An accident occurred on the Philadelphia and Baltimore Railroad, at Claymont, Delaware, twenty miles from this city, this morning. A team was crossing the road, and stopped directly upon the track. The man in charge disengaged the horses and attempted to give the signal to the engineman, but failed to do so in season. The engine, baggage and mail cars were thrown from the track. The passenger cars were not injured, but one passenger, who was in the baggage car, had his leg broken.

New York Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23 —The weekly statement of the City Banks show a decrease of $6,373,366 in loans; $724,235 in specie; $89,937 in circulation; and $7,414,015 in deposits.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

MILITARY PARADE AND REVIEW.—The announcement yesterday morning that a military parade would be made in the afternoon had the effect of bringing into the streets a large crowd of persons. At the appointed hour the line of procession was formed by the following troops:—A cavalry regiment, embracing Capt. J. P. Granger's Maryland Dragoons; the Reading City Troop, Captain Hoffedity; Independent Pennsylvania Cavalry, Captain Richards; Massachusetts Light Artillery, Captain Nun; 17th Massachusetts regiment of Infantry, Col. Fellows; 2d Maryland, Col. Sommers; 21st Indiana, Col. McMillan; 6th Michigan, Col. Custensicus. The procession passed through several streets to Camp Carroll, where a salute of 100 guns was fired by Captain Nuns' battery, in honor of the action of the Kentucky Legislature. The entire body was under command of Brigadier-General Duryea, and the programme closed with a review.

SHOOTING WITH INTENT TO KILL.—Yesterday afternoon, two men, named George Thompson and Thos. Moore, were arrested on the charge of shooting with intent to kill a man named Wm. Mentz. It appeared that the two men named entered Mentz's bakery, on Canton avenue, near Register street, and asked if he had pies for sale, and they were answered in the negative. They left, but in a few minutes returned. Mr. Mentz left the saleroom for a moment, and on his return he found that they had robbed the money drawer. He charged them with the theft, when Moore drew a pistol and fired at Mentz. The contents, three slugs, entered Mentz's hat, but did not touch his head. The desperadoes then fled, but were afterwards arrested and taken before Justice Gridlin, who committed them to jail for Court.

A FRUITLESS SEARCH.—The feed store of Mr. W. W. Frush, on Franklin street, near Howard, was yesterday searched by a squad of policeman, but nothing "contraband" was found. The party engaged in the search were supplied with long iron rods with which they penetrated every hole and corner.

VIOLATING THE SUNDAY LAW.—Peter Jaspear was yesterday fined $5 and costs by Justice Logan for violating the Sunday law by selling goods on Sunday.

Lewis Walzer was before Justice Logan upon the charge of selling cigars on Sunday. He was released on bail for a further hearing.

PRESENTMENT FOR TREASON.—Mr. William H. Hiss having been indicted for treason by the Grand Jury of the United States District Court, he was yesterday arrested by Deputy United States Marshals Downs and Guiver, and committed to jail.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

CITY CRIMINAL COURT—JUDGE BOND.

Archibald Stirling, Jr., Attorney for the State, prosecuting. The following business occupied yesterday:

Washington Radcliff, indicted jointly with Wesley Gade for the larceny of a pocket book, the property of William Lewin, was arraigned and pleaded not guilty.

Lucinda Gibson, colored, indicted for the larceny of one sheet, one table cloth, two pairs of earrings, and a lot of wearing apparel, the property of T. Harris, was also arraigned and pleaded not guilty.

Francis Goff, colored, indicted for the larceny of one pair of shoes, the property of Elias Bear, was also arraigned and pleaded not guilty.

Wm. Laughlin, indicted for the larceny of a sum of money and a pair of gold spectacles, was also arraigned and pleaded not guilty.

Harrod Bange, indicted jointly with Laura Smith for the larceny of $11, the property of James Reading, was arraigned and pleaded not guilty. He subsequently removed his case to Anne Arundel County Court.

Laura Smith, indicted for the larceny of $11, the property of James Reading, was tried before a jury who returned a verdict of guilty. Remanded for sentence.

The Court then adjourned till 10 o'clock this morning.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS—JUDGE MARSHALL.

Flynn, Emerick & Morrill vs. William Linton. Plaintiff' appeal from Hayward. Judgment reversed, and judgment for appellants for $97 05 and costs.

There was nothing done in the Superior Court.

NEW ORLEANS AS IT IS.

A hardware merchant named Lyman Reynolds, has arrived in New York from New Orleans, where he has resided for the past five years. He furnishes the New York *Herald* with a not uninteresting account of the condition of that city, from which we extract the following:

The din of arms drowns all other sounds in the city, and hurry, preparation and confusion are the order of the hour. The streets are filled with soldiers, and recruiting placards and tents everywhere meet the eye. The people are as enthusiastic (if not more so) in their cause than we are, and are certain that the civil conflict now being waged with such earnestness on both sides will ultimately result in a glorious triumph for the Southern arms. Recruiting has been dull of late, but after the battle of Bull Run large accessions poured into the regular army. At the time Mr. Reynolds left New Orleans there were about 15,000 men in the city. They were well clothed but very poorly armed. Every person in the city belonged to some military organization, and recruits were received from the ages of fourteen to sixty-five. There is a camp at Carleton, about eight miles from Charleston, where all the regiments organized in New Orleans are drafted.

Strong entrenchments are being erected all around the city, and on the road from New Orleans to Memphis sixteen cannon of heavy calibre are placed at various points. On Ship Island, between Mobile and New Orleans, there are 5,000 men, and the place itself is strongly fortified. Every point of the city is mounted with cannon, and the Confederates pride themselves on the impregnability of their position. Excitement and enthusiasm of the wildest sort reign around, and business of all sorts beyond that necessary to sustain life itself is entirely suspended. The great question among all classes is the war. Nothing else takes up their attention, time and efforts. After the battle of Bull Run the Union men lost all hope of the success of the Federal arms, and are now entirely dejected.

The proclamation of Jeff. Davis, compelling all that were not friends of the Confederate cause to leave Southern territory before the expiration of forty days, or be immediately arrested, is being availed of rapidly. Those who have the means to go are leaving, while those who have not, can but remain, and are forced by press of circumstances to enter the Confederate army. No drafting has, as yet, taken place, but when Mr. Reynolds left the city rumors were current that this mode of providing food for powder would be shortly adopted.—There are five or or six foundries in New Orleans which are kept constantly employed, and are able to turn out about six heavy cannon per week. Small arms are very scarce, and it is almost impossible to provide muskets for drilling the soldiers. The new Custom House is being used for the manufacture of arms.

With regard to the female traitors of New Orleans, they are as strong in their sentiments towards the cause as the opposite sex. They rant for secession, speak for secession, work for secession, and even marry and love for secession. They encourage their husbands and sons to gird on the armor of rebellion and go forth to battle. The smiles of love, the tears of tenderness, and the other softer appendages of woman are, for the time being, totally dried up, and the holy fountain where rests all the gentler attributes of the female is become a receptacle only for the horrid iniquity of traitorism and rebellion. An incident occurred to demonstrate this feeling to a nicety: A lady of high standing in society in New Orleans was conversing with a gentleman friend, some few days since, when the subject arose of the incident which occurred some time since of a policeman shooting a man in one of the rebel cities for crying down Jeff. Davis. The gentleman made the inquiry whether if he took it into his head to cry out in favor of Abe Lincoln, what would the fair one do? The delicate creature rose from her seat, and, while her eyes flashed vengeful lightnings, emphatically, with arms extended, said:—"I should shoot you upon the spot myself." So much for feminine firecaters.

Mr. Reynolds, in his peregrinations through the Crescent City, came across that "terrible" machine which the Southerners have invented in order to cut our war ships in two, and pronounced, as his opinion, that it is nothing but a downright humbug. The machine—a war ship, as it is called—he compares in shape to that of a porpoise. It is made entirely of iron, and calculated to run at a speed of fifteen miles an hour. It was contemplated at the time our informant left (the 13th inst.) to make an immediate attack upon the blockading fleet, and for that purpose three or four small gunboats, armed with four 32-pounders each, were being hastily prepared to accompany the monster of destruction. No other vessels were fitting out at the time for war purposes. These works were going on at the Algiers yard. The prizes which they capture are brought into the port and sold to the highest bidder, but it is understood that they will hereafter be put into the service of the government.

DETAINED LETTERS.—The number of letters for the seceded States detained at the New York city Postoffice since last Saturday is given as follows: On Saturday, 34; on Sunday, 41; on Monday, 108; on Tuesday, 16; on Wednesday, 390; on Thursday, 102; on Friday, 691. The average number per week does not seem to decrease.

Dion Bourcicault has been so successful with "Colleen Bawn," that out of a portion of the proceeds from it he has purchased a handsome estate, with ten acres of land, in one of the most beautiful suburbs of London.

WAR ITEMS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Despatches to the Northern Journals.

General Fremont Not to be Removed.

Contrary to current reports yesterday, General Fremont is not removed; and I have the best authority for saying that his removal is not contemplated. The most that will be asked of him is a call from the President for an interview; but even that, at the present crisis of affairs in Missouri, will not probably be demanded now.

From the Washington Sunday Chronicle.

The Confederates Well Fed, Well Clothed, &c.

A young man of intelligence, whose name is withheld, owing to his position and probable future movements, had an interview with the Secretary of War yesterday, during which he made the following statement: He was a resident of Kentucky, and was appointed a lieutenant in the Federal army. He had occasion to go South, where he was impressed into the Confederate army. He was present at the Bull Run engagement, and has been in the army in that vicinity up to the time of his escape, a few days ago. He escaped by getting beyond the lines and obtaining the aid of a farmer, who brought him along in his market wagon covered up in straw.

He says Beauregard has now 185,000 men at Manassas and vicinity. They are all well clothed and abundantly supplied with shoes of good quality, of which these are a sample (showing a very good article on his feet.) Their pay is prompt. The Virginia troops are all paid in Virginia bank bills, and all the others in gold. The Louisiana troops were offered bank paper of that State or gold. The boys took the matter to vote among themselves, and decided to take gold, which was paid to them. Their rations are liberal, and in short, to use his own words, they have plenty of everything. He was offered and declined a colonelcy in the Confederate army. He was yesterday offered and accepted a lieutenancy in our army, in which his father, from Pennsylvania, is now chaplain.

A Disgusted Fugitive from Manassas.

One of the most intelligent men in the Confederate army, who has occupied a high and confidential position, reached here on Saturday, from Manassas. He left there on Friday, and says he is totally disgusted with the Confederate movement, and that the same feeling prevails throughout more than half of the Confederate army; that it is demoralized; that large numbers of the Gulf State troops are leaving, and others belonging to the other Southern coast States have left Manassas for home. He states that there is no intention on the part of the Confederate generals of attacking our lines, and that their guns are left in position and the places are garrisoned for appearance only; that the fear on the part of the Confederates is that our troops will attack them. He asserts most positively that they have not the power either to attack the Union army, or even to defend themselves against any considerable force. They view their Bull Run success as a sort of luck and chance affair, which cost them too dearly to boast much over.—They were so totally cut to pieces and disorganized, that it took them quite as long to rally from it as it did the Union forces from their panic and stampede. This Confederate officer, who escaped across the Potomac, and reached this city through Charles county, Maryland, says he was pressed into the Confederate service, is thankful he has escaped, and desires to take the oath of allegiance.

Capturing Deserters.

This afternoon a guard was sent out by the Colonel of the Thirty-second New York regiment, to capture deserters from regiments on the streets, with orders to bring them in, dead or alive. They found three of them and made arrests. One prisoner broke away from the guard, and while they were endeavoring to recapture him, the deserter was run through with a bayonet, inflicting a dangerous wound. He was taken to the hospital.

Munson's Hill—A New Confederate Flag.

On Munson's Hill about one hundred and fifty Confederates may be seen. No flag flying.

A new flag was displayed on Upton's Hill this morning. The upper stripe is blue and the lower one white, with a red star or circle in the middle.

Release of the Phillips Family at Washington.

Mrs. Phillips, her sister Miss Levy, and her two daughters, were released on Friday from confinement at Washington. Mrs. Greenhow, Mrs. Hetzel and another lady are still in confinement. Mrs. Phillips and family were released through the intercession of Beverly Johnson, Judge Wayne and the Hon. E. M. Stanton.

FROM MISSOURI

Details of the Battle at Blue Mills Landing.

ST. LOUIS, Sunday, Sept. 22.—The following account of the battle at Blue Mills Landing is from authentic sources:

Lieutenant Colonel Scott, with 570 men of the 3d Iowa regiment, and one piece of artillery, left Cameron on Monday, the 16th, in pursuit of the Confederates who left St. Joseph on the Friday previous. Scott arrived at Liberty, Clay county, on the morning of the 17th, and moved from that place at 1 P. M. At 3 o'clock he fell in with the enemy, 4,500, occupying a strong position.—Our skirmishers received a galling fire, and slowly retired to our main body, when the action became general.

[illegible] in war on the enemy, and a few shots fired, which proved destructive. At this time a heavy fire opened on our single gun, killing one gunner and wounding two others. On this several other gunners (Germans) from St. Louis, abandoned the gun, carrying off the primer and matches, rendering the piece useless. The action continued an hour, when our column was slowly withdrawn to more open ground, bringing off the wounded, and dragging away the gun by hand, all the horses having been killed or badly wounded.

About this time, Col. Smith, who left St. Joseph with 1,100 men, about the same time Scott did Cameron, for the same general purpose, joined the latter, having pushed forward his mounted men and his artillery at a rapid pace, on receiving a message from Scott, ten miles back, that he was advancing on the enemy; but it being night, the men completely exhausted, and the Confederates reported strongly entrenched at a thicket, impassable except by a narrow road, a further attack was postponed until the next morning. Early the following day, an advance was made by the combined forces, but or arriving at Blue Mills they found the enemy had crossed the river before daylight, taking the road towards Lexington.

LATEST FROM KENTUCKY.

A "Skirmish."

FRANKFORT, Sept. 22.—A skirmish took place between the Home Guard and some of Gen. Zollicoffer's men at Barboursville, on Wednesday, without any damage. It was reversed on Thursday, when seven Confederates and one of their horses were killed. One of the Home Guards received six wounds, which are not necessarily fatal. One of the Home Guards was taken prisoner. Thirty-seven of the Home Guards and 300 Confederates were in the engagement.

Latest Reports from Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 22 —The *Bulletin* hears that Hon. Humphrey Marshall is at Liberty, Owen County, guarded by eight hundred Confederates, who made his arrest.

Two miles of the Covington and Lexington railroad was torn up yesterday near Cynthiana.

A special train went from Frankfort to Lexington to-day, guarded by a detachment of the Home Guards.

An intelligent passenger from Elizabethtown to-day, reports that 1,500 of General Buckner's force, mostly from Harding county, are eight miles south of that place, and that the bulk of his force is still at Bowling Green. Each party seem to be gaining reinforcements at various points

A party of 150 men went to Salt River yesterday, to prevent the transmission of contraband goods southward through that channel.

The *Bulletin's* correspondent says the Lebanon train yesterday brought in Matt. Jourett, W. W. Woodruff, H. Fisher, H. W. Smith, and William Taufler prisoners, who had escaped from the Confederates. Jourett is Deputy United States Marshal, and was released by Buckner.

The railroad from Bowling Green to Nolan is guarded by the Confederates, who have a force of 600 collected from the vicinity of Nolan

Great enthusiasm was manifested to day at the successive arrival of Home Guards from the North destined to form a portion of our advance.

W. N. Halderman, recently principal proprietor of the *Courier*, has left for the Southern Confederacy.

J. H. Graves, just elected Lieutenant-Colonel of the Lebanon Home Guard, was accidentally killed there Thursday by one of his own battalion, while firing a salute.

Special Correspondence of the New York Times.

The Retirement of Old Navy Officers--Commodores Stringham and Pendergrast.

FORTRESS MONROE, Friday, Sept. 20.—The virtual dismissal of Commodore Stringham, Captains Mercer, Nicholson, Hull and others, at a time when the Navy is about to en