The Gazette.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 10

EASTON, MD.

Geo. P. Rowell & Co.,
40 PARK ROW, NEW YORK,
and
S. M. Pettengill & Co.,
37 PARK ROW, NEW YORK,

Are the sole agents for the GAZETTE in that city, and are authorized to contract for inserting advertisements for us at our lowest cash rates. Advertisers in that city are requested to leave their favors with either of the above houses.

Decoration Day.—The newspapers throughout the country announced, for weeks in advance, that the 30th of May would be observed as a day for the decoration of the graves of the soldiers who died in our *holy war* for the preservation of the nation, in commemoration of their patriotic devotion. After the day had passed, we learned that on Tuesday last there was such a tribute paid to the memory of the sleeping heroes, as has never before been given upon any similar occasion. Reading of the ceremonies at the cemeteries near the city of Baltimore prompted the question, whether the soil of our county had been hallowed by the deposit of the remains of any who had laid down their lives for the sacred cause of Union and Emancipation; and a reminder was given by a friend, when speaking of the matter to him, of what some will reproach themselves for forgetting, that there lie in the burial ground of the Methodist Church the bodies of three United States soldiers, who died at Easton while stationed in Talbot. Without affecting any sentimentalism, there need be no hesitation in saying that we ought to think ourselves fortunate, in a county so given over to treason and rebellion as this was in the past, and in whose people their spirit is still so potent, there repose the remains of some, however few in numbers and "to fame unknown," who held their lives not dear, if by their sacrifice they might perpetuate the integrity of their country, and extend to all the great boon of civil and political liberty. To repeat it—we ought to think ourselves fortunate in possessing these patriotic relics. Among religious, or as some would say, superstitious people, the possession of the bones of some departed saint or martyr is accounted a great privilege and a blessing. They are by them enshrined in the innermost part of the sactuary, and from them are supposed to proceed blessings innumerable, and by them are averted evils untold. Has not patriotism its confessors and martyrs, and shall we who love our country not set store by the relics of them, when they fall to our possession? Truly, and without superstition, if we use them as we ought, they will bring us great political good, and ward off great political evil.

We could confer no honor upon those who already possess the supreme and ultimate sanction of dying for their fellow men; but we should be, ourselves deriving honor by the very act, if hereafter, or if even now, after the day set apart for the ceremony has passed, we would place a handful of flowers, or a simple evergreen spray, upon the graves of these stranger soldiers. It would also show that the sentiment which inspired their hearts, and nerved their arms is still alive within us, and is cherished by us who, in a sense, may be said to live by their death. Beside, such an act upon our part done in the presence of those who reviled these soldiers and their cause, would dispel or rebuke that timidity and cowardice that is our shame and our misfortune. In this State, and especially in this county, from the beginning of our recent troubles loyalty has always seemed to cower before treason, and humility to the right before perfidy.—Those who adhered to the government seem continually to have been, and still to be, offering excuses and apologies for that adherence. They seem to have been willing to regard as brands and stigmas of disgrace, what they should have worn as the insignia of honor. While those who should have blushed for shame have been brazen, those who should have borne themselves with loftiness, and confidence, have bowed their heads in confusion, as though guilty of crime.—The consequence of this has been, that the weak and timid, who make up the greater part of every community, have been drawn or driven over to the enemies of the constituted government, so that now the party which represents fidelity to law, and liberty guaranteed by law,—the party of national unity, universal freedom and political equality, here in Talbot and Maryland, is weaker to-day than ever before. Under one of another persuasion or compulsion those who in the beginning were faithful and true, have one by one gone over to the treacherous and false, until now the adherents of that party which is distinctively, and peculiarly the party of the Union and a *regenerate Constitution*, are to be found only here and there, among the whites, and among the poor negroes, who as yet have not learned the meaning, or have not felt the glow of patriotism.—There is reason to believe that there has been a greater desertion of party than apostacy from principle. Many who now act with the Democracy, would leave them, should that party again commit the overt act of treason and rebellion. But of one thing we may be well assured that there are still some "who have never bowed the knee to Baal;" there are some who, like Daniel, still pray with open windows towards the Jerusalem of loyalty, though living in this Babylon of secession. The losses which the Republicans have made are largely attributable to their timidity in asserting their principles—to their fear of the majority. If we had been more demonstrative, had shown more frequently and conspicuously our confidence in our principles—we should have been stronger in numbers and in our political stamina. To return to the neglected graves. Is it not probable that a kind of shame—a political *magnaise honte*—has deterred us from performing a duty to these sleeping soldiers? If we had placed flowers upon the humble mounds that cover these men, which we have not done, should we not have done so in some sneaking, surreptitious way, because surrounded by those who hate the cause for which they died and which we claim to love? And yet there are Republicans—good men—who openly, not covertly, bestowed money to build a monument to Gen. Lee. They showed no shame in doing this, because kept in countenance by the majority, though doubtless they blushed at heart while doing it. Could these same men be induced to give a dollar to buy a simple grave stone for these unknown soldiers, who fought *for*, and not *against* their country? Or could they be persuaded to send their children, or go themselves upon the next returning 30th of May to place a chaplet upon the graves of these three men who volunteered to die for them and theirs?

It is to be hoped that upon the return of another "Decoration Day," some few at least will be found of courage, even in the presence of those who affect to scoff, to seek out within the stranger's section of the Methodist Cemetery the grassy hillocks that are now the only marks of these poor soldiers' graves; and to place upon them a bunch of flowers or a sprig of cedar. This should be done not in a spirit of bravado and insult to those whose misfortune it is that they cannot join in this patriotic act, but in such a manner and with such feelings as shall show that what is done is at once a tribute to the devotion of those that lie buried, and a sign of the constancy of those that are living, to the same great and beneficent principles of national integrity and universal freedom.

"A PRAYER FOR SILENCE."—The Richmond *Enquirer* commences an article on Jeff. Davis' recent Atlanta speech, under the heading of "A Prayer for Silence," with the declaration that "Mr. Jefferson Davis exhausts our patience. We have tried to remain silent, but, as he will have it, we now speak out." After declaring that the Northern mind must be disabused of the idea that the Democracy mean State rights, secession, repudiation and a "rebellion in disguise," it says:—

"The only chance of success for the Democratic party is that they shall be able to quiet the Northern mind on this subject."

Mr. Davis' Selma speech is declared to have lost Connecticut to the Democracy, and after that result the *Enquirer* says the people of the South had a right to expect Mr. Davis to remain silent; that "the course for Mr. Davis to have pursued, and to pursue, was marked out for him by Gen. Lee's example. How uniformly discreet and prudent he was." The ex-President is thus repudiated in the following emphatic language:

"What is the upshot? The upshot is this, *the Southern people do not intend to follow Mr. Davis*. They have not got the slightest idea of it, Mr. Davis is as perfectly at liberty to 'accept nothing'—to refuse to abide the issue of the war—to announce that 'the South is only waiting,' &c. *We*, on the other hand, do accept the situation, and consider the war ended. We have been utterly overwhelmed, and there is nothing else for us to do. We mourned over the 'Lost Cause' as bitterly as Mr. Davis. But we are not going to give up. We bow to the decrees of God, and conceive it to be the duty of every *true* Southern man now to forward, and not to sit forever in the ashes. We have put the past behind us."

"And we tell Mr. Davis that the Southern people are tired of his sort of talk.

"Their purpose and object is to unite with the great Democratic party of the North, and try to beat the Republicans *in the Union*. This can be done, if we are not embarrassed by such imprudent utterances as those of Mr. Davis. And if Mr. Davis persists in bringing himself before the people, and expressing such sentiments, there is one course to pursue—and that will be pursued—the Southern people will disavow him and all such extremists, and act without them. There will not be a baker's dozen of them left from the Potomac to the Rio Grande.—It is too late in the day to talk about 'not accepting the situation'—and the very last man in the South avowed that sentiment was ex-President Davis."

We might multiply almost indefinitely comments of a similar character made upon Mr. Davis by the Democratic newspapers which are endeavoring to bolster up the "New Departure" movement in the party. The St. Louis *Republican* says that he politically belongs to the past, not the present, and the New York *Express* re-echoes the sentiment. It is a great advance of Republican ideas to bring these former organs of before-the-war Democracy to such an acknowledgment of the righteousness of what has been consummated by the Republican party. This question is suggested whether, if it was right in reforming the political condition of the nation, it may not best be trusted with the guidance of public affairs under the *revised* Constitution?

OHIO DEMOCRATIC "NEW DEPARTURE."—The Cincinnati *Commercial* concludes an article on the Democratic Convention, and Vallandingham's "new departure," as embraced in its resolutions, as follows:

Republicans have reason to be pretty well satisfied with the proceedings of the Democratic Convention. Notwithstanding the profession of progress and the abandonment of the "dead issue" in the platform, the unmistakable animus of the Convention is decidedly not encouraging to those of the Republican persuasion who have a propensity for the cultivation of new departures. That which was done yesterday will not have the tendency to disintegrate the Republican party but, on the contrary, will rather consolidate it.

Upon the whole, the Democracy of Ohio have placed themselves in a melancholy predicament. Their platform forbids them to indulge the prejudices and passions that have been dearest to them—scandalous denunciations of negroes will be out of order, vehement criticisms upon the reconstruction of the Rebel States will be obsolete and ludicrous, and the indulgence of the disposition to impeach the credit of the General Government and look toward inflation and bankruptcy cannot be profitable. If the Republicans exercise ordinary discretion they will carry the State largely.

The detailed proceedings of the Convention show that those opposed to the platform were silenced by hisses, and that, whilst Vallandingham's resolutions were adopted, McCook, who was nominated for Governor, was opposed to them.

The New York *Evening Post* has the following on the Ohio Democratic Convention:

"The result is before us: The Democratic party in Ohio, profoundly divided as it is in principle, containing a numerous faction in favor of almost every political heresy of the day, is to be held together by its desire for power; and it has put forth a platform in which almost every member of the party will find something to quarrel with, but upon which as a whole every member of it is required to stand.

The South Carolina Ku-Klux.

A DASTARDLY OUTRAGE.

[Correspondence of the New York Herald.]

LEXINGTON COURT HOUSE,
LEXINGTON CO. SC, May 24, 1871.

About forty miles from this Goodson's place, where nothing more interesting than sand hills and oak scrubs can be seen, while here and there a narrow road leading down to a sparsely growing cotton plantation, is situated the little one-horse town or rather village of Newberry, in the county of Newberry. Though the population is very small, it being the Court House town of the county, Newberry glories in four badly managed gin mills, in which the most disastrous corn whiskey is sold. Hollow eyed men in grey homespun sit in these groggeries and lester around their doors like flies on a dead horse, and all day long these fellows, while playing with their hand and whittling sticks, discuss the "nigger" and "carpet-bagger" with great warmth.

A nigger in this county of Newberry has about as much chance for his life and property, if he once makes himself prominent or even well known as a Republican in politics, as a rat has when driven out of his whole into a roaring fire.

The people are so bitterly determined against Republicans—meaning to drive them out of the State as fast as they can—that it is hopeless to make them understand that a negro or carpet bagger has any rights which they are bound to respect.

It was in the village of Newberry, a few weeks ago, that the County Commissioner, Simeon Young a man of respectable character (but a Republican in politics), had his residence visited by a band of thirty Ku-Klux, all mounted and armed, and filled to their necks with whiskey.

Between one and two o'clock of a Sunday morning these fiends made a raid on the defenceless home of the County Commissioner, and after defiling around the house with military precision, their faces all being smeared with black and their bodies hidden with smeared garments, they began their devilish work of pitching burning balls of turpentine into the windows, which they had smashed to gain an entrance, which was refused them by Young. The wife of the assaulted man, whom they endeavored to assassinate, woke her husband up, and, screaming with terror, ran to the window in her night clothes, crying out in anguish:

"Sim, Sim, wake up for God's sake! The Ku-Klux are down upon us!"

Then came a succession of rifle shots—sharp, quick, and to purpose—and another turpentine ball was thrown in the room, in which a child of Mr. Young was sleeping at the time. Young smothered the fireball with a blanket. Then came more shots, and another scream of agony from his wife told the haunted man that his wife had been shot, as he afterwards ascertained, through the back while trying to conceal herself in the bed clothes. The child was also shot by another volley through both hips. An attempt was then made to force the door and while it was being forced back several shots were fired into the apartment.

Young then cried out: "You d—n Ku-Klux, I'll kill some of you if I can; you have killed my wife and child."

As he said that, he seized a musket and fired blindly at the first man of the group, wounding him badly. This assassin was then carried out and taken some distance, and then came another volley, when young made a dash, broke through the crowd, and running for the fence, succeeded in getting over it, although he received two shots in the thigh while scrambling for his life.

Next day the wounded man, whom Young had shot was apprehended by the Sheriff, and an examination was held in the case. His name proved to be Wat Faulkner, a man of average character in the community, but slightly addicted to sporting habits. Since then Faulkner, who, it is belived, was about to confess his complicity with the Ku Klux Klan, was visited in his bed and murdered by a band of disguised men—not negroes.

MANAGEMENT OF BROOMS.—If brooms are wet in boiling suds once a week, they will become very tough, will not cut a carpet, last much longer, and always sweep like a new broom. A handful of salt sprinkled on the carpet will carry the dust along with it and make the carpet look bright and clean. A dusty carpet may be cleaned by setting a pail of cold water out by the door, wet the broom in it, knock it to get of all the drops, sweep a yard or so, then wash the broom as before and sweep again, being careful to shake all the drops off the broom, and not sweep far at a time. It does with care it will clean a carpet very nicely, and you will be surprised at the quantity of dirt in the water. The water may need changing once or twice if the carpet is very dirty. Snow sprinkled over a carpet, and swept off before it has had time to melt or dissolve, is useful for renovating a soiled carpet. Moistened sawdust is used with good effect by housekeepers. What is said in the following is true: In many towns and cities houses the apartments receive but one thorough sweeping a week. Brooms wear out carpets quite as much as feet do.

A WONDERFUL HEAD—RULOFF'S BRAIN EXAMINED.—The Binghamton Republican has the following account of the examination of the head and brains of Ruloff the murderer who was hanged 4 weeks ago in New York.

Ruloff's brain which was carefully examined this morning, weighed 50 ounces, being 9½ or 10 ounces heavier than the average weight. The heaviest brain ever weighed was that of Cuvier, the French naturalist, which is given by some authorities at 65 ounces, and by some a 64 ounces. The brain of Daniel Webster (partly estimated on account of a portion being destroyed by disease) weighed 61 ounces. The brain of Dr. Abercrombie, of Scotland, weighed 63 ounces. The lower (brute) portion of Ruloff's brain and the mechanical powers were unusually large. The upper portion of the brain, which directs the higher moral and religious sentiments, was very deficient. In the formation of the brain, Ruloff was a ferocious animal, and, so far as disposition could relieve him from responsibility, he was not strictly responsible for his acts. The measurement of Ruloff's head around at the eyebrows (supraorbital) was 24½ inches—The skull was probably the thickest ever known. In no place was it less than three-eights of an inch in thickness, and in most places it was half an inch thick. The usual thickness of a man's skull is less than one-fourth of an inch. Ruloff's head was open in the usual way, by parting the scalp over the top of the head, from one ear to the other, and sawing off the top. The surgeons who performed the operation say it required three quarters of an hour to saw around the skull, and before it was completed they began to think the head was all skull.—With the protection of a skull half an inch thick, and a scalp of the thickness and toughness of a rhinoceros hide, the man of seven murders was provided with a natural helmet that would have defied the force of any pistol bullet. If he had been in Mulick's place the bullet would have made only a slight wound, and had he been provided with a *cutis vera* equal to his scalp, his defensive armor against bullets would have been as complete as a coat of mail.

The cords of Ruloff's neck were as heavy and strong as those of an ox, and from his formation one would almost suppose that he had protected against death from the gallows as well as by injury to his head. Ruloff's body was larger than it was supposed to be by medical observations. The Sheriff ascertained when he took the measure of the prisoner for a coffin to bury him in that he was five feet and ten inches in height, and measured 19 inches across the shoulders. When in good condition his weight was about 175 pounds. It is very well known that Ruloff's grave was opened three different times last Friday night by different parties who wanted to obtain his head. One of these parties was from Albany, and twice the body was disinterred by persons living in Binghamton. One company would no sooner cover up the body, which all found headless, and leave it, than another company would come and go through the same operation. It is now known that the head was never buried with the body, but was legally obtained before the buried by the surgeons who have possession of it. The hair and beard were shaved off close and an excellent impression in plaster was taken of the whole head. The brain is now undergoing a hardening process, and when that is completed an impression will be taken of it in wax, and then it will be parted, the different parts weighed, and impressions made of several sections.

HOMICIDE.—A colored man named Robert Hackett, aged about twenty one years, was fatally injured on Monday afternoon last, near Massey's, by two white men named Geo. Henry Walls and Alexander Newton. We learn that the evidence at the coroner's inquest was to the effect that Walls and Newton left Massey's about five o'clock in the afternoon, in an intoxicated condition, one of them stating that he intended to kill the first man he met. They had proceeded up the railroad about a mile when they met Hackett in company with two colored women. They took hold of the women, and Hackett stopping, Walls cursed him and threw him down, when Newton drew a knife and cut him twice across the stomach. Hackett was taken to the house of his mother, about a mile from the fatal occurrence, where he died the next morning. Walls was arrested and lodged in jail, but Newton is still at large. The deceased was formerly a servant of O. C. Blackiston, Esq., and is said to have been a very industrious and inoffensive boy.—*Kent News.*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TO THE LADIES.

A circular for married or single ladies, containing desirable information upon matters never before made public, mailed free. Those who wish to give it a careful perusal may address,

MRS. ELIZABETH A. KING,
Williamsburg, N. Y.
mar 25-3m a&co

LOVE AND MATRIMONY.

Ladies and gentlemen, if you wish to marry, address the undersigned, who will send you, valuable information; that will enable you to marry happily and speedily, irrespective of age, wealth or beauty. This information will cost you nothing, and if you wish to marry, I will cheerfully assist you. The desired information sent by return mail. Address SARAH B. LAMBERT, Greenpoint, Kings County, N. Y.
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The Hotchkiss & Buss Patent Improved Brick Machine.

Will make 20,000 Bricks of Superior Quality in a working day, which can be hacked right from the Machine. It is simple and durable; the Bricks can be made by it cheaper than by any other process.

For making Drain Tile it is also unrivalled.

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From the "Argus," Albany, N. Y.
THE SINGER SEWING MACHINE,
PRICE, $5.

It makes the elastic lock-stitch; it sews as well as any machine in the market; a child can use it; it requires no instructions; it makes no noise; it does not get out of order; it can be carried in the pocket; it makes an elegant present.
UNION SEWING MACHINE COMPANY,
Agents Wanted. 334 Broadway N. Y.
nov 6-3m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PINE APPLES.—A large lot of fresh Pine Apples, very nice, just received by [ju 10] DAWSON & BRO.

Powell & Wright

ARE prepared to offer SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS to the buyers of HARVEST GOODS. Call to see them and save money by purchasing at the LOW prices that they intend to sell for.
ju 10

HARVEST GOODS.—
Sugar, Coffee, Rice, Flour, Molasses and Bacon,
at lowest prices. H. A. BATEMAN.

GAMBRILL'S
Family,
Extra, and Super Flour,
for sale at lowest prices for cash only.
H. A. Bateman.

A LARGE stock of LINEN Drills, Ducks, etc., from 12½ cts., to 31 cts. Suitable for Harvest. For sale by
ju 10 H. A. Bateman.

HARVEST IS NEAR!
AND JOSEPH RASIN

IS prepared to furnish Farmers with Harvest Goods at reduced rates; Molasses, Syrups, Sugars, New Orleans, Porto Rico, Demerara, Soft Crushed, Hard Crushed, Granulated. Teas—Green, Black and Japanese. Coffees—Rio and Java. Rice, Vinegar, Crackers, Soda, Cream, Water, Imperial. Schnapps, Flour—Super, Extra and Family. Bacon—Shoulders, Sides, Hams and Lard. Plates, Cups and Saucers, Bowls, Mugs, Dishes, Knives and Forks, Tin Cups, Plates, Bread Pans, Coffee Pots, Buckets, Basins, Lime, Tobaccos, etc.

LIQUORS.

A specialite in Harvest Whisky, Brandy, Gin and Rum. Having received large supplies of the above named goods, will dispose of the same at a small advance upon cost prices.
ju 10 JOSEPH RASIN.

SODA WATER, SODA WATER—If you wish to be refreshed call at Henry & Goldsborough, and try their cold and sparkling Soda Water which never fails to give satisfaction. At their Drug Store Easton Md.

JUST received a supply of Corks for water Coolers—at the Drug Store of Henry & Goldsborough.

A supply of fresh & genuine Ruta Baga and Turnip Seeds for sale by Henry & Goldsborough

MACHINE OIL.—A superior article of Machine Oil, only one dollar per gallon, at the Drug Store of Henry and Goldsborough

ANOTHER supply of Dutchu's Lightning Fly Paper, for destroying Flies. One sheet will kill a quart. Also Powders for Bed-Bugs, Roaches, Fleas, Moths, Vermin on Fowls, and animals, &c., at the Drug Store of
HENRY & GOLDSBOROUGH.
june 10

500 Volumes in one.
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THE LIBRARY of POETRY and SONG,
Being choice selections from the best Poets,
English, Scotch, Irish and American,
With an introduction
BY WM. CULLEN BRYANT.
Under whose critical supervision the volume was Compiled.

The handsomest and cheapest subscription book extant. Over 800 pages, beautifully printed, choicely illustrated, handsomely bound. A Library of over 500 volumes in one book, whose contents, of no ephemeral nature or interest, will never grow old or stale. It can be, and will be read and re-read with pleasure by old and young, as long as its leaves hold together.

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Terms liberal. Selling very rapidly.—Send for Circular and terms to J. B. FORD & CO., 27 Park Place, N. Y. (ju 10 4t

JUNE 10th, 1871.
Increased Attractions
AT JUMP & CO'S. CHEAP
Cash Store.

THE people are becoming more and more convinced that this is the place to buy goods at city prices.

And to keep up our reputation as the cheapest store in town, we have still further reduced our stock.

LOOK!

DRESS GOODS at	$1 00 reduced to		90 cts.
do do	do 75 cts.,	" "	60 cts.
do do	do 62½ cts.,	" "	50 cts.
do do	do 50 cts.	" "	40 cts.
do do	do 40 cts.	" "	35 cts
do do	do 31 cts.	" "	25 cts.

We have also just added to our stock this week, new and beautiful designs in Figured Grenadines,
White Peques,
French Muslins; etc.

We also have a magnificent stock of Brilliantes, Pl'd and Fig'd Organdies, Victoria, Lawns, Nainsooks, Cambrics, large enough to stock a small Wholesale Establishment.

New additions to our beautiful Cloths and Cassimeres, and don't forget that to diminish our large stock, we are selling them at reduced prices.

ATTENTION.

We wish the public to distinctly understand that we mean what we say in all our advertisements—but we do not make a big fuss over what we have not, or about prices which are incorrect.

We are well aware that a merchant's success depends upon his truthfulness.

We ask all to examine our stock first—remember the prices and quality, and then examine the stock of every merchant in Easton, if you like, and buy where you find them the cheapest.

You will always find us polite and attentive to your wants, and would rather not sell, if we cannot please. J. J. JUMP & CO.
ja 10

LINEN HATS—
A beautiful Hat "*just out*" and now on hand. Call and buy one of
M. M. HIGGINS.

JUST RETURNED.

M. M. Higgins has again just returned from the city with a considerable *addition* to his heretofore fine stock of *Gaiters, Balmorals and Button Boots, and Men's, Boys' and Childrens' Hats* to an examination of which he invites the attention of the public.

For *Baltimore city* made work you will *always* find his prices a little below any in the Easton Market.

—Don't forget that this is the place to get "Cheap and good goods."
Cor. Washington & Dover Streets,
may 27 Easton, Md.

PRIZE HAT
FOR Boys and Youths—each HAT contains a PRIZE. For sale by
mar 18 M. M. HIGGINS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ANOTHER ARRIVAL
OF
NEW GOODS.
STILL CHEAPER!

COVINGTON & MASON
Have just returned from the city with another supply of NEW GOODS at reduced prices.

DRESS GOODS.
We are selling handsome Dress Goods for 20 cts per yard. Covington & Mason.

WHITE GOODS—We have a full line of Plain and Plaid Cambrics,
do do Nainsooks,
Swiss and Piques.
Covington & Mason.

THE PLACE TO BUY YOUR GOODS
is at Covington & Mason's.
my 27

Builder's Notice.

THE undersigned offers his services to the public and solicits their patronage to do all kinds of House Carpentry and joinery work, having learned the business in the city under a scientific and practical mechanic, and afterwards conducted the business there for many years himself, and since returning to this, his native county, has built within the last 16 years, many houses.

He will Design, Draw Plans, make specification, measure brick work, plastering, &c., superintend the construction of buildings, and do all manner of work pertaining to House building. He is prepared to do and does solicit job work.

He assures the public that his prices will be as low as the lowest of those who are competent and responsible workmen.

WM. D. ROBERTS,
Under R. H. T. Councill's Paint Shop.
may 27-6m

Trustee's Re-Sale
OF VALUABLE
Real Estate
Beautifully Located on the Salt Water,
IN OXFORD NECK, TALBOT CO., MD.

UNDER and by virtue of a power of attorney from Sallie R. Merryman, dated the 25th day of February, 1871, executed in virtue of a power contained in a deed of mortgage from R. S. Merryman to Sallie R. Merryman, dated the 25th day of February, 1866, and recorded in Liber R. T. M., No. 74, folios 324, 325, &c. one of the Land records of Talbot county, the subscribers, as Trustees and Attorneys thereunder, will sell at public auction, in front of the Court House in the town of Easton, on

Tuesday, 13th of June next,

between the hours of 12 o'clock M. and 2 o'clock P. M., that

Farm or Plantation,

beautifully located on Trippe's Creek, in Oxford Neck, Talbot county, containing

196 ACRES of LAND,
MORE OR LESS,

being the farm generally known as the E. N. Harrison farm, formerly owned by R. S. Merryman, but now owned by one N. J. Smith, of Baltimore city. This farm is improved by a good

TWO-STORY
Dwelling House,

with cellar and back building. There is on the farm a PEACH ORCHARD of 1500 Trees, in full bearing, and sufficient Apples and other fruit for family purposes. In addition to being located on salt water, it is situate immediately upon the Md. & Del. Railroad, and only a short distance from the terminus at Oxford. The soil is of good quality, and with little expense could be made very productive. This property will be sold without reserve to the highest bidder.

Terms of Sale.

One-third of the purchase money in cash on day of sale; the residue in two equal instalments, payable in six and twelve months, secured by bond of purchaser with security approved by Trustees, bearing interest from day of sale, or the whole of the purchase money in cash, at the option of purchaser.

ALLEN E. FORRESTER,
ALPHEUS A. TOWNSEND,
Trustees and Attorneys.

The above property is sold at the risk of H. E. Johnson, of Baltimore city, who has failed to comply with the terms of sale. For further particulars apply to

ALPHEUS A. TOWNSEND,
Attorney-at-Law,
my 27-4t Dover St., Easton, Md.

THE VERY
LATEST ARRIVAL!

WE have again returned from the city with a large stock of Goods adapted to the season, consisting of a beautiful line of
Plain and figured Grenadines, Lawns
Percales, &c. Also, a full line of
Mourning Goods, viz: Venice
Cloths, Australian Crepes,
Iron Berges, Plain
Black Organdies,
Bl'k & White
Organdies.
A beautiful assortment of White Goods,
comprising Figured and Striped
Piques, Plain, Plaid and
Striped Nainsooks, Plain
and Plaid Cambrics, Victoria
Lawns,
White Organdies, White Swiss, etc., etc

We have the fourth time replenished our stock of Cassimeres, and think we can now show the handsomest assortment we have had this season, at prices to suit all purses. Also a nice stock of
White Linen Ducks and Drills, Plaid and Striped Linen, Diagonal Drills, Brown Linen Coating, Towel, Vestings, etc. The largest stock of Ties, Scarfs, Bows, Linen and Paper Collars, Linen & Paper Cuffs, to be found in Easton. Sugars, Coffees, Teas, etc., at greatly reduced prices.

All the above Goods are marked low.—We respectfully solicit an examination, guaranteeing our prices as low as any retail establishment in the city.

H. A. BATEMAN,
Successor to J. H. Grace & Co.

SHIRTS.
Remember the only Shirt Agency in Talbot county is at H. A. Bateman's, Easton.—Remember, also, we sell the best fitting and most popular Shirt in the country, at as low a price as any other first-class shirt, and guaranteed satisfaction in every particular. Call and see a sample.
H. A. Bateman.

Linen Collars.
The very latest out in Linen Collars, the BRIGNOLI. For sale by
ja 3 H. A. Bateman.

FRESH ORANGES and Lemons just received and for sale by
apr 29 R. J. Trippe.

MISCELLANEOUS

3000 PEACH BOXES for sale at a reduced price. Apply to
my 27-3t* J. H. WARNER, Easton Point.

MEN'S PANAMA HATS.
The latest style Men's Panama just arrived and for sale cheap, by
my 27 M. M. HIGGINS.

MEN'S PRINCE ALBERT GAITERS.
A beautiful ½ Gaiter in Calf of Baltimore make, just received and for sale by
my 27 M. M. HIGGINS.

WANTED
IN a store in this Town, a young man from 13 to 16 years of age.
One that has had some experience in business preferred. Apply to the Editor of the Gazette, (my 27-2t

Easton National Bank of Md.,
May 29th, 1871.
NOTICE is hereby given that the President and Directors of this Institution have declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT., CLEAR of U. S. TAXES for the last six months, payable to the stockholders or to their legal representatives, on or after Monday next, the 5th day of June.
ju 3 R. THOMAS, Cashier.

TERRA COTTA CHIMNEY Tops
Chimney Flues, Drain Pipe, Garden and Hanging Vases and Statuary, for sale at manufacturers' prices by
ju 3 TUTHILL & AVERY.

The Plastic Slate Roofing.
THE most permanent and cheapest now in the market.
Warranted for five years. Fire Proof and Water Proof.
A large stock of material on hand for immediate use.
Roofing in Talbot, Caroline, Dorchester and Queen Anne's counties done at the shortest notice. The best of reference given.—Price 8 cents per square foot. Terms cash.
R. KOOKE.
TUTHILL & AVERY, Ag'ts,
ju 3 Easton, Md.

CALL GREASE—In cans and boxes, also Harness Dressing and Neatsfoot Oil, at Dawson & Bro's.

CHICKEN CHOLERA.—Dr. Barber's celebrated Red Horse Powder—a certain preventive and cure of Chicken Cholera. Price 20 cents per pack.
Dawson & Bro.

SCRUBBING BRUSHES, Sweeping Brushes, Dusting Brushes, Whitewash Brushes, Blacking Brushes, Paint Brushes. *All kinds* of Brushes at
may 20 Dawson & Bro's

PINE APPLES.
A splendid lot of Pine Apples just received and for sale very cheap at
TRIPPE'S Drug Store.

BATHING and Carriage Sponge, for sale at R. J. Trippe's.

DON'T FORGET—You can get the highest market price for Beeswax at
ju 3 TRIPPE'S Drug Store.

FARMERS
Look to Your Interest
IN PREPARING FOR
Harvest!
AND go to the old stand, corner of Dover and Harrison Streets, where WM. C. BRAY, the practical
☞ WHEELWRIGHT, ☜
with a well selected stock of the best season material suitable for making Cradles. So send in your old Cradles, and orders for new ones as Harvest is near at hand. WM. C. BRAY.
may 20

VINEGAR BITTERS
VEGETABLE FREE FROM ALCOHOL
PUREST & BEST
D. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA
VINEGAR BITTERS
J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & Co., Druggists & Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 Commerce St., N. Y.

MILLIONS Bear Testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.

Vinegar Bitters are not a vile Fancy Drink, Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors, doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and A LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to directions and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing, also, the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and of all the Visceral Organs.

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or at the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters have no equal.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid Liver and Bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effect.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE, and other WORMS, infesting in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & Co., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.
may 13-1y