The Easton Gazette.

SATURDAY MORNING, April 8

EASTON, MD.

Geo. P. Rowell & Co.,
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Are the sole agents for the GAZETTE in that city, and are authorized to contract for inserting advertisements for us at our lowest cash rates. Advertisers in that city are requested to leave their favors with either of the above houses.

San Domingo.—On Wednesday, President Grant submitted to Congress the report of the San Domingo Commission, appointed in pursuance of a joint resolution of that body, passed Jan. 12, 1871, accompanied by a message from himself. The messsage is as even tempered as it possibly could be, is to the point and the plain truths therein enunciated completely extract the stings of his defamers and false accusers. We here give the entire portion of the message which refers to the Dominican subject:

Soon after my inauguration as President I was waited upon by an agent of President Baez with a proposition to annex the Republic of San Domingo to United States. This gentleman represented the capacity of the Island, the desires of the people and their character and habits about as they have been described by the Commissioners, whose report accompanies this message. He stated further, that being weak in numbers and poor in purse, they were not capable of developing their great resources; that the people had no incentive to industry on account of lack of protection for their accumulations; and that if not accepted by the United States, with institutions which they loved above any other nation they would be compelled to seek protection elsewhere. To these statements I made no reply, and gave no indication of what I thought of the proposition.

In the course of time I was waited upon by a second gentleman from San Domingo who made the same representation, and who was received in like manner.

In view of the facts which had been laid before me, and with an earnest desire to maintain the "Monroe doctrine," I believe that I would be derelict in my duty if I did not take measures to ascertain the exact wish of the Government and inhabitants of the Republic of San Domingo in regard to annexation, and communicate the information to the people of the United States: Under the attending circumstances I felt that if I turned a deaf ear to this appeal I might in the future be justly charged with a flagrant neglect of the public interests and an utter disregard of the welfare of a down-trodden race praying for the blessings of a free and strong Government and for protection in the enjoyment of the fruits of their own industry. Those opponents of annexation who have heretofore professed to be pre-eminently the friends of the right of a man I believe would be my most violent assailants if I neglected so clear a duty. Accordingly, after having appointed a Commissioner to visit the island, who declined on account of sickness, I selected a second gentleman, in whose capacity, judgment and integrity I had and have yet the most unbounded confidence. He visited San Domingo no to secure or to hasten annexation, but unprejudiced and unbiased, to learn all the facts about the Government, the people and the resources of that Republic. He went certainly as well prepared to make an unfavorable report as a favorable one, if the facts warranted it. His report fully corroborated the views of previous Commissioner, and upon his receipt I felt that a sense of duty and due regard for our great national interests required me to negotiate a treaty for the acquisition of the Republic of San Domingo.

As soon as it became publicly known that such a treaty had been negotiated, the attention of the country was occupied with allegations calculated to prejudice the merits of the case, and with aspersions upon those whose duty had connected them with it. Amidst the public excitement thus created the treaty failed to receive the two-thirds vote of the Senate and was rejected; but whether the action of that body was based wholy upon the merits of the treaty, or might not have been in some degree influenced by such unfounded allegations, could not be known by the people, because the debates of the Senate in secret session are not published. Under the circumstance I deemed it due to the office which I held and due to the character of the agents who had been charged with the investigation, that such proceedings should be had as would enable people to know the truth. A Commission was therefore constituted under authority of Congress, consisting of gentlemen selected with special reference to their high character and capacity for the laborious work entrusted to them, who were instructed to visit the spot and report upon the facts. Other eminent citizens were requested to accompany the Commission, in order that the people might have the benefit of their views. Students of science and correspondents of the press, without regard to political opinions, were invited only by capacity of the vessel.

The mere rejection by the Senate of a treaty negotiated by the President only indicates a difference of opinion between two co-ordinate departments of the Government, without touching the character or wounding the pride of either. But when such rejection takes place simultaneously with charges openly made of corruption on the part of the President, or of those employed by him, the case is different. Indeed in such case, the honor of the nation demands investigation. This accomplished by the report of the Commissioners herewith transmitted and which fully vindicates the purity of the motives and action of those who represented the United States in the negotiation.

And now my task is finished, and with it ends all personal solicitude upon the subject. My duty being done, yours begins; and I gladly hand over the whole matter of the judgment of the American people and to their Representatives in Congress assembled. The facts will now be spread before the country and a decision rendered by that tribunal whose convictions so seldom err, and against whose will I have now policy to enforce. My opinion remains unchanged—indeed, it is confirmed by the report—that the interests of our country and of San Domingo alike invite the annexation of that Republic.

In view of the difference of opinion upon this subjet, I suggest that no action be taken at the present session beyond the printing and general dissemination of the report

Before the next session of Congress the people will have considered the subject and formed an intelligent opinon, deliberately made up, it will be the duty of every department of the Government to give heed, and no one will more cheerfully conform to it than myself. It is not only the theory of our Constitution that the will of the people, constitutionally expressed, is the supreme law, but I have ever believed that "all men are wiser than one man;" and if the people, upon a full presentation of the facts, shall decide that the annexation of the Republic is not desirable, every department of the Government ought to acquiesce in that decision.

In again submitting to Congress a subject upon which public sentiment has been divided, and which has been made the occasion of acrimonious debates in Congress, as well as of unjest aspersions elsewhere, I trust, be indulged in a single remark. No man can hope to perform duties so delicate and responsible as pertain to the Presidential office without sometimes incurring the hostility of those who deem their opinions and wishes treated with insufficient consideration, and he who undertakes to conduct the affairs of a great Government as a faithful public servant, if sustained by the approval of his own conscience, may rely with confidence upon the candor and intelligence of a free people, whose best interests he has striven to subserve, and can bear with patience the censure of disappointed men.

U. S. GRANT.

Executive Madsion, Apr 6, 1871.

Owing to the great length of the report of the Commissioners we are unable to publish it, but it is of the most favorable character for annexation. Those who have read the speeches of Senators Sumner and Schurz, and their arraignment of the President and the Administration, and who care to have the truth vindicated, will read it as a matter of duty. As a thorough vindication of the President, nothing could be more strong and conclusive, whilst it arraings his accusers before the country in the unenviable light of having allowed personal pique to blind their judgments, or with having willully asserted as truth that which they knew to be false.

Dr. Howe, one of the Commissioners, is the life-long and intimate friend of Mr. Sumner, and during the past ten days, whilst preparing the report, has been stopping at his house, and holding daily intercourse with him. The delay in its presentation has been occasioned by the amendments proposed by Mr. Howe, who has criticised and weighed every word and sentence, and has undoubtedly done all that truth and honor would warrant to shield his friend from the consequences of his folly. Messrs. Wade and White are also friends of Mr. Sumner, and they have contented themselves with a straightforward statement of facts, avoiding all personality, leaving Congress to form its own conclusions, and the public its own application of their testimony to the arraignment of the President.

We presume Mr. Sumner is already beginning to see the folly of his course, as it is said that he now so far recognizes the helpless condition of the people of that island as to be willing for the United States to extend a protectorate, so as to ensure its protection.

REPUBLICAN TRIUMPHS.

A Pretty Live Corpse,

So far as received the returns of the election held in Connecticut on Tuesday indicate a Republican triumph. Marshal Jewell is undoubtedly elected Governor over James E. English, the present incumbent, while in several counties Republican gains are recorded. Julius L. Strong, Republican, is re-elected to Congress from the First District. In the Second Stephen W. Kellogg, the Republican candidate and sitting member, is also elected, as is Starkweather, Republican, in the Third. For some years past the contest in the State has been a close one, the Gubernatorial majority during the past five years, except in 1866, never reaching 1000, while success has been pretty evenly divided. Last year the Democrats came out ahead, but although they started on the present campaign with the prestige of the New Hampshire victory the Republicans by that very circumstance were incited to more than ordinary exertions.

IOWA.

Democratic Defeat.

LYONS, April 4.—In the charter election yesterday, in Lyons City, heretofore largely Democratic, the full Republican ticket, with Captain Judson M. Cross for Mayor, was elected by a large majority,

OHIO.

The Republican Triumph in Cincinnati.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—Secretary Delano received the following to-day:

Hon. C, Delano—We have elected our Mayor, in a square fight, by nearly two thousand majority. The Republican party here is a very healthy corpse indeed.

MARYLAND.

The entire Republican ticket was elected at Frostburg.

TOWN ELECTION.—An election for five Commissioners and a Bailiff of St. Michaels, was held in that town on Monday last, and resulted in the choice of the Republican ticket, consisting of Edw. Harrison, H. C. Dodson, Rd. Harrington, Geo. W. Lambdin and Jere Sewell, as Commissioners, and Edw. Eaton as Bailiff. Twenty-three negros voted.—*Journal.*

THE PARIS REVOLUTION.—Interest increases in the situation before Paris, which is no longer a mattter of mere doubt and peril, but the certainty of a bitter and bloody struggle. The communists continue to hold the redoubt and bridge of Neuilly, near Courbevoie, the scene of their disaster on Monday. They maintain themselves with great tenacity in Fort Issy, and are heavily massed between Issy and Clamsailles. The artillery fighting which has been going on at Mendon, continues in favor of the government troops. Elsewhere on the lines yesterday there was skirmishing, with an hourly prospect of a general engagement Fort Valerien was silent. In Paris the communists were rallying all hands to the front, under the operation of a merciless conscription of grown-up boys and men, intent upon a desperate conflict before giving way to the entrance of the Versailles army. Dissension and treachery are the order of the day. Assy, Blanquin and Gambon, among the veriest leaders of the revolution, have fallen under the suspicion of the commune and been thrown in prison. The Archbishop of Paris, too, has met the same fate for alleged conspiracy, doubtless in favor of the empire. The shops are closed, but the boulevards are crowded with excited people and the city seems given up to mingled tumult, anxiety and terrort Otherwise, say the despatches with a sort of melancholly absurdity, Paris is calm:

Our Baltimore Letter

BALTIMORE, Apr. 5. 1871.

Poor France! As though it were not enough she should suffer such misery and humiliation at the hands of the Prussians, she is now undergoing the horrors of a civil war. The motto of the insurgents in Paris seems to be "rule or ruin," and they are in a fair way to ruin the whole country if not checked in their wild and lawless career. The government at Versailles, finding all their efforts for peace disregarded in Paris, at length concluded to make march on that city and disperse the rebels and compel by force of arms obedience to law and order. A force of the regular troops was accordingly put in motion, and in the suburbs of Paris collided with a body of the insurgent National Guards. The result was a spirited fight, in which the Nationals were worsted and driven into the city. Several of the insurgents were captured, all of whom were shot to death by their captors. Fort Mont Valerien, the capture of which cost the Prussians so dearly, was taken possession of by the regulars, who showered grape and canister upon the flying Nationals. The entire city of Paris is intensely excited, and warlike preparations are going on as during the war. The insurgent committee have been carrying things with a high hand. The members of the government at Versailles have been denounced and their property ordered confiscated; church property is also to be confiscated; they have passed a decree prohibiting the effects of the rich passing to heirs, and ordering that the public treasury shall be the receiver. The Bank of France, to prevent being plundered, has been compelled to advance immense sums of money to the committee. Worse than all, the word 'guillotine' is heard among the dissatisfied in the city, and if that horrible engine of death is once more brought into action, there's no telling when it will cease. All of the larger cities outside of Paris recognize Thiers' (the Versailles) government, and offer men and arms with which to quell the insurrection. Marshal MacMahon is at the head of the regulars, and, all other attempts failing to establish law and order, will bring his entire force to bear on the city. The government has ordered the arrest of Garibaldi and his two worthy sons wherever found, and as they have been instrumental in bringing about the existing rebellion, they will not be dealt with leniently.

Bismark is reported to have said that the government with whom Prussia negotiated terms of peace must and will be supported by the German Empire, but in the event of that government not being able to establish itself and comply with the terms, then the Empire will be re-established and Napoleon placed again on the throne.

It appears that Gen. Butler is gaining all the notoriety he desires, though in a more *striking* manner than would please most men. Last Thursday in the Senate while Garret Davis, of Kentucky, was addressing the Senate, Butler entered the chamber, and seating himself next to Mr. Davis, with folded arms and head thrown back, stared at Mr. Davis in a manner that was at once insulting and ungentlemanly. In his speech Mr. Davis had worked himself into a considerable heat, and shaking his fist in close proximity to Butler's face by way of emphasizing his last remark, struck the General just as he concluded. Such a proceeding was of course calculated to result in a personal encounter between the parties, when Senator Wilson stepped between them and motioned Butler to leave the floor, which he did. The affair created no little excitement among the Senators and was highly enjoyed by the galleries.—While I would not wish to endorse the action of Mr. Davis in striking Gen. Butler, it is clearly evident that Butler violated all laws of common politeness and gentlemanly behavior—to say nothing of parliamentary rules—when he sat staring with an insolent leer into his adversary's face while the latter was addressing the Senate. This second lesson in one session ought surely teach Butler a little modesty, but if it fails, as is to be feared, then indeed may he be given up as a hopeless case.

The question of the annexation of Santo Domingo has given rise to a lengthly and spirited debate in the Senate, and last week Senator Sumner opened his heavy guns on the subject. His speech was looked forward to with interest by the Democratic Senators, as they anticipated the President would receive a thorough overhauling at the hands of the Senator from Massachusetts. They were somewhat disappointed, however, at finding the text of the Senator's speech not so much a personal tirade against General Grant as a declaration that he was exceeding his authority, in that he had given orders to the Secretary of the Navy to instruct one of his admirals to repel by force any armed interference with the government and people of Santo Domingo pending the question of annexation. Senator Sumner's speech was not replied to *in extenso* by any of the Senators endorsing the President's action, as they desire the whole subject to go over to the next session of Congress. The galleries of the Senate were to overflowing during the delivery of Sumner's speech, and great interest was manifested by them in the proceedings. The Democratic members heartily congratulated Mr. Sumner on the conclusion of his address. The New York *Sun* advises the Democrats to place Sumner on their ticket as a candidate for the Presidency.

Among the many earthworks thrown up in the suburbs of the city during the war, there is one just inside the main intrance to Druid Hill Park, which the Park Commissioners have had covered with plants and flowers, thereby transforming it into a handsome and attractive mound, very pleasant to the eye. But that "littleness of soul" you so much read of seems to pervade some of our Councilmen, one of whom recently offered an ordinance to have it removed.—Notwithstanding the amount of money and care that has been bestowed upon its beautifying, all must give way to that contemptible prejudice which demands the destruction of the Yankee made earth work.

I was in error in my last letter when I said there was *three* commissioners to be appointed to control Jones' Falls. It should have read *five*. Also concerning the pay. These large-hearted gentlemen are to serve without pay. But I read and read again the proceedings of the Council on the subject, (which were very voluminous and mixed I assure you,) and for the life of me couldn't understand them other than that the commissioners were to be paid. I find, however, I am right about the "competent" engineer—he's to receive his five thousand, sure,—So that's some consolation. Four of the commissioners qualified on Friday last, and on Saturday met for organization.—The fifth appointee declined the honor.

Our Board of Police Commissioners in a sudden fit of virtuous indignation last week issued orders for the arrest after dark of all that class of feminine humanity known as "street walkers," and the effect is apparent in the absence of those numerous pieces of unblushing calico who night after night lured our young men from the paths of virtue. Not that the majority of young men do not, as a general thing, voluntarily leave that narrow path, but then the broader path is more easily traveled when lead on by a pair of bright eyes and a pretty face.—The fact is startling, and quickly remarked by strangers, as to the number of young girls who have heretofore preambulated our streets at night in the endeavor to allure to their dens any and every man they meet. When I say *young* girls, I mean of an age when they should be more particularly under the watchful care of a mother; and it is a common remark among visitors to our city, "Your Baltimore girls commence life early."—The action of the Police Commissioners is not a whit too soon, and would have resulted in much good had it been taken years ago.

The supervising architect of the U. S. Treasury, Mr. A. B. Mullett, has completed plans for remodeling and enlarging our custom house and post office.—The plans have been approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, and the work will be commenced immediately. The contemplated improvement has long been needed to accommodate the rapidly increasing business of both custom house and post office, and will be hailed with pleasure by all who have business with either of those departments.

Baltimore is fast improving in growth and prosperity. What with the recent establishment of two new European lines of steamers, additional coast lines and projected and extended railroad facilities, the completion of our new Fountain Hotel and the Academy of Music, she will soon occupy a proud position among the large cities of the Union, despite the old fogyism so deeply rooted in our midst.

The *Sun* publishes the following comparative statement of the receipts of grain at the Corn and Flour Exchange for the month of March, as compared with the same month last year:

MONTH.	WHEAT.	CORN.	OATS.	RYE
March 1870.	129,479	407,514	60,769	5,007
March 1871.	219,740	442,583	113,657	4,656
Increase.	90,261	35,069	52,888	
Decrease.				351

The ladies connected with the French relief fund still continue in the exercise of their humane office, and subscriptions of money and clothing are daily received by them, which are promptly forwarded to the suffering people in France.

Among the latest inventions of the juveniles for destroying the peace of mind of quiet disposed persons is the "Squejunk." It is simple in construction, but diabolical in effect. They get a tin can [mustard can, oyster can, or anything of that sort] and punch a hole in the bottom through which they pass a catgut string about two feet in length, making it fast by means of a knot tied in one end.—Two or three spasmodic jerks of the catgut, allowing it to slip tightly through the fingers, produce the most horrible discordant sounds that ever startled the human ear, Wherever is an urchin, there is this spasmodic howl; and far into the dark hours of night may be heard this everlasting din, like the wailing of ten thousand demons you may have read of. It would be a valuable machine for Gabriel when he calls the young pirates to account, as there'd be no getting away from it. The police of Washington were compelled to drive it from that city in consequence of the members of Congress being unable to hear their voices,—an example our police would do well to follow.

Our natives have a new mode of saluting each other on the streets now.—Instead of "How 'dye do? How's business?" it is "How are shad running."

Contrary to the usual custom of March "coming in as a lion and going out as a lamb," it both came and went as a very gentle lamb. But April, with its well known consistency, burst upon us with a storm of rain, rendering All Fools' Day extremely disagreeable. Since, however, the weather has been pleasant and Spring like. Yours, &c.,

H.

ATTEMPED SUICIDE.—Mr. Thos. M. Wood, residing in Corsica Neck, attempted suicide on Thursday morning last, by hanging. He had just partaken of breakfast, when he went to his barn, and was soon followed by his son, who discovered his father hanging by the neck, with his feet about eighteen inches from the floor. His son immediately cut him dow, and came to Centreville for a physician, Drs. Holton and Harper, were summoned, who rendered medical aid and we are glad to learn Mr. W. is now in a fair way to recover. It is believed he was laboring under an aberation of mind.—*Md. Citizen.*

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nov 6-9m

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$1.00. $1.00.
The celebrated
JOSEPH KID GLOVE for only $1.00. Every pair warranted.
H. A. Bateman.

JUST received another large stock of SPRING CASSIMERES, to which we invite the attention of gentlemen of taste.

ap8 H. A. BATEMAN.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

PRETTIEST CALLICOES in Easton, at JUMP & Co's

BUTTERFLIES,
SCARFS and TIES,
ap8 at JUMP & Co's.

SUGARS and COFFEES,
Chocolate and Teas, cheaper than ever, at
ap8 JUMP & Co's.

WM. G. ROBERTS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EASTON, MD.

Office opposite the Methodist Episcopal Church—the one formerly occupied by Judge Goldsborough.

Special attention paid to the collection of Claims. (apr 8-1y

MONEY TO LOAN—

The Building Association, on TUESDAY, April 11, 1871, at 7½ o'clock P. M., at R. B. Dixon's office. By order of the Board of Directors.

H. HOLLYDAY,
ap8 Sc'y.

E. M. Bollman's
FRENBH WINE VINEGAR.

WE invite the attention of the public to this superior VINEGAR—much better and much cheaper than Cider Vinegar.

The trade supplied at Importer's prices. H. A. Bateman.

ap8

DIVIDEND.

THE President and Directors of the Workingmen's Permanent Building and Loan Association of Talbot county have this day declared a DIVIDEND of 7 per cent. on the Stock of the Association, for the past six months, payable at the Office of the Treasurer on and after WEDNESDAY, the 5th day of April.

By order of the Board.

H. HOLLYDAY,
Easton, March 28th, 1871.

FARMER'S & MERCHANT'S LINE.

THE SCHOONERS
OXFORD & TREDHAVEN

ARE now running between Easton and Baltimore, and will do all kinds of FREIGHTING as cheap, if not cheaper, than it can be done by any other line. Every effort will be made to give satisfaction.

All freight must be paid on delivery of the goods.

Feeling thankful for the past favors, we hope by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of the same.

LEONARD, BLAND & CO.

Office.—In R. B. Dixon's new building on Dover street, Easton.

ap 8-y

1871. 1871.
SPRING.

Boots & Shoes.

HATS AND CAPS!!

HAVING very lately returned from Baltimore with a fine assortment of Goods in my line, I would respectfully call attention to the following list—

LADIES' Lasting Balmorals—all prices.
" Lasting do 'Foxed all round.
" Lasting Tipped and Anklet Bals.
" Lasting Button Boots.
" Lasting Button Boots—'Foxed' all round.
" Kid Tipped and Anklett Bals.
" 'Pebble Goat' and Kid Button Boots.
" Plain Morocco Balmorals.
" Tipped and Anklett Mor. Bals.
MISSES' Lasting Balmorals.
" Lasting Tipped and Anklett Bals.
" Lasting Button Boots.
" Lasting do do. 'Foxed.'
" Morocco Balmorals.
" Morocco do. Tip'd and Ankl't.
" 'Pebble Goat' Balmorals.
CHILDREN'S Lasting Balmorals.
" Morocco do.
" Kid and 'Pebble Goat' do.
INFANTS' Kid Anklett and Tipped Bals.
" 'Patent Leather Foxed' do.
" Lasting 'Pat. Leather Foxed' do
" Kid Tipped Balmorals.
" Goat 'Hand Sewed' do.
" Tan Col'd Bals. Tip'd and Ankl't

AND

MEN'S Heavy Work 'of all kinds.'
WOMEN'S do. do. 'Full assortment.'
BOYS', Youths' and Childrens' do. 'Splendid Line.'

IN HATS

would name—

Men's Cloth, Zanilla, Ribbed Silk, Smoke, Pearl and Black Stiff, Smoke, Pearl and Black Slouch.

and MANY OTHERS of the latest styles now in the market.

Boys', Youths' and Children's Hats,

a full and beautiful variety.

MEN'S BLACK and COL'D WOOL HATS as low as 75 cents.

If any reader of this desires to BUY any goods such as are mentioned above, and will call at the Corner of Washington and Dover Streets, they can be promptly supplied,

IMMEDIATELY "OPPOSITE THE MARKET."

M. M. HIGGINS.

CITY PRICES.—

I claim to sell any goods in my line as low as they can be bought in the city—"at retail," and think I can prove the same to be true. (apr 8) M. M. HIGGINS.

THOMPSON & KERSEY

Are selling real pretty CALICOES for 6 cents. Call and see them.

apr

JOSEPH B. SETH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EASTON, MD.

apr 1-1y

Office of Co., Commissioners,
TALBOT COUNTY, MD.,
EASTON, March 14th, 1871.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Commissioners of Talbot county will meet at their office, at Easton, on TUESDAY, the 11th day of April, next, for the purpose of appointing a Ferryman, at Oxford Ferry, for one year from the 1st of May, 1871.

By order of the Board,

THOS. K. ROBSON, Clerk.

apr 1-3t

CASSIMERSS! CASSIMERES!

A

Magnificent Assortment,

GENTLEMEN—If you want a handsome suit of clothes call and examine our stock of Cassimeres—they cannot be excelled in point of taste and cheapness. COVINGTON & MASON.

apr 1