HE EASTON GAZETTE.

SATURDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 14, 1867.

EASTON, MD.

S. M. Pettengill & Co.,

No. 37 Park Row, New York, and 6 State St. Boston.

are our Agents for the GAZETTE, in those cities, and are authorized to take Advertisements and Supscriptions for us at our *Lowest Rates.*

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Merchants and others advertising by the year will be charged extra for advertisements out of their regular line of business.

NEWS ITEMS.

The President's foreshadowed new proclamation of amnesty is made public.

The exceptions made from the benefits of amnesty granted by this proclamation are:—First—The chief executive officers of the late Rebel Government, including the President, Vice President, heads of departments, agents in foreign countries, military officers above the grade of Brigadier General, naval officers above the grade of Captain, and Governors of States, Second—All who were guilty of treating otherwise than as lawful prisoners of war those captured during the war. Third—All persons in civil, military or naval confinement, legally held to bail for acts committed in behalf of the rebellion, and all persons who were in any way engaged directly or indirectly in the assassination of President Lincoln.

We see but little importance in this proclamation so far as it extends amnesty to those who were engaged in the rebellion. Pardons have been so freely and indiscriminately granted that there is little difference between giving them in a lump or through pardon brokers. Its chief importance is that the whole proclamation, with its battery of whereases, is an attack upon and a defiance of the Congressional plan of reconstruction. In advance of its issue the Presidential organ at Washington is claiming the Cabinet as a unit (General Grant excepted), in declaring that the effect of the Proclamation is to release all those pardoned under it from all penalties incurred by the complicity in the rebellion including all disability as to the exercise of the right of suffrage. This we are prepared to believe is the main ground for the issuing of the Proclamation, and will raise a direct and grave issue. The explanatory Reconstruction act, passed at the July session of Congress, expressly declares that "no person shall, at any time, be entitled to be registered or to vote by reason of any Executive pardon or amnesty for any act or thing which, without such pardon or amnesty, would disqualify him from registration or voting." If the President attempts to force this construction against this positive declaration, there can be no doubt we think, of his impeachment.

It is also to be noted that President Lincoln's amnesty proclamations were issued in accordance with and under the authority of the thirteenth section of the act to suppress the rebellion of July 17, 1862, which declared that the "President is hereby authorized, at any time hereafter, by proclamation, to extend to persons who may have participated in the existing rebellion in any State or part thereof, pardon and amnesty with such exceptions and at such times and in such conditions as he may deem expedient for the public welfare." This section was repealed by Congress in January, 1867, and the act repealing it was retained by the President beyond the time prescribed by the Constitution, and allowed to become a law without his signature. This leads the pardoning power to be exercised according to its definition in the Constitution, where the President is vested with "power to grant reprieves and pardons for offences against the United States, except in cases of impeachment." Any attempt to wipe out a whole class of offences by a general pardon granted before conviction, must now be justified under these words if at all.

The President has directed the several heads of the Executive Department to furnish to all the office-holders under them an official copy of the Proclamation of the 3d instant in relation to military interference. This strange order has occasioned a sensation at Washington, and is regarded by the clerks, who are little likely to be guilty of military interference, as a warning that they are to support the Presidential policy on pain of dismissal.

The Republican Executive Committee in Washington have received letters from the South representing great activity among the Republican party throughout the Southern States.—Georgia and Alabama are considered good for forty thousand Republican majority, and all the other States are believed to be safe beyond doubt, although Mr. Johnson should vote all of his Rebels pardonad by the late proclamation.—Counting them in, they will not change the result in a single State.

John H. Rogers, the former paying teller of the National Mechanics' Bank of Baltimore, who on the 10th of May last was sentenced by Judge Giles, in the United States District Court, to be imprisoned five years in the City Jail for making a false entry in the book of the bank, was yesterday released, having been unconditionally pardoned by the President.

General Dunican has informed the proprietor of the Summer Street Theatre, Nashville, where the National air was hissed a few nights since, "that if such another insult to our flag occurs at that place of amusement, a military guard will be placed there, with instructions to expel all persons so offending from the house."

DROWNED.—George Pierce, son of George W. and Elizabeth Battie, of Baltimore, was drowned in Irish Creek, near the residence of John Ball, on Tuesday morning last. He was on a visit to his friends, and was out fishing, when he fell overboard He was a promising youth of about 16 years.

☞ TICKETS against the adoption of the New Constitution, may be had at the Gazette office on election day.

IS NOT THE EASTERN SHORE IMPROVING?—It has only been a few years since the lands of this Shore have increased three-fold in value, town property increased as rapidly and real estate of all kinds taken a rapid rise. There has been and is yet, much valuable property and many beautiful localities in this county which have remained in obscurity, but the perseverance and industry of man and the progress of events are rapidly developing them to the eyes of the world. It has been said that the Eastern Shore is the garden spot of the world, and we have no doubt it only needs capital to verify this statement, and no part of it is more so than Talbot county. A man that desires to purchase can suit himself in locality, from the lands of the Bay Side, where fish, oysters, and wild fowl abound and the fresh air from the bay is wafted by every breeze; to the highlands of the Chapel, where in the spring, the air is redolent with the perfume of the magnolia, and the landscape made more beautiful by the towering oak and hickory ridges, in ful foliage. We say there are beautiful spots here which are not yet developed.—Evidence of this is appearing every day. But a short time since, Col. Bingham, of Washington, purchased a tract of land in the Bay Side district, upon which there was a mineral spring. It is beautifully located but had been in comparative obscurity, and Col. Bingham is, in the course of time, likely to make it as fine a watering place as there is in the country.

There is yet another locality, which has always been held as rather in the foremost rank, as to health, beauty of situation, luxuries of the salt water, &c. We mean the port of Oxford, in the Trappe District. Since our remembrance, it has been a summer resort for many of our citizens, but even its advantages, its beauties and real worth have not yet been brought to light. At one time the town appeared to be in quite a flourishing condition, but a very disastrous fire blighted the prospects in a great measure. New efforts are again being made however, and we have no doubt the enterprise which is now on foot will add more to the growth and value of that beautiful town, than the Military Academy did even its palmiest days, and Mr. Wm. T. Hardesty, the present occupent of the Easton Hotel, is the main mover in the improvement. For some time past he has been using his efforts in getting up a stock company to build a first class hotel, in that town, and we are glad to learn that the matter is so far completed as to consider it a certainty. The site for the building is immediately fronting the river, near the steamboat wharf, and will cost some thirty thousand dollars. Mr. Hardesty is a popular hotel keeper and his circle of acquaintances is very large. That, with the advantages of bathing, fishing and all sorts of country amusements, and a number one house, we have no doubt, will make Oxford second to no summer resort, so far as health, exercise and enjoyment is concerned, in the country. We hope this spirit of enterprise and thrift will be encouraged, until this county shall become completely renovated and renewed. Our county town is making some improvement, but not with the rapidity that it ought. Why don't our monied men tear down and build up? Don't let your county town follow, but put it in the van, and let others be the followers.

ARREST OF A BURGLAR.—The man Scott, who committed so many depredations at the Concord Camp Meeting, in Caroline county, a few weeks ago, in the way of purloining money, watches, clothing, &c., was arrested by some of the citizens, near Bridgeville, Del., on Sunday last, while fishing in a mill pond. It is said that when first recognised by the party who gave information of his whereabouts, Scott was flourishing a hair watch-guard, nicely finished with gold, which was no doubt Rev. Andrew Manship's, but when arrested, it could not be found.

Since the above was put in type, we take the following from the Denton Union:

CAUGHT AT LAST.—Ky. Scott, the ringleader in the wholesale robbery that was perpetrated at the Concord camp-ground, was arrested at Bridgeville, Del., on Sunday night last and lodged in jail at this place on Monday morning, to await his trial at the October term of the court. We are not advised as to whether he intends to remain until that time or not, but we imagine that unless he is heavily ironed his stay will be short with us. He has escaped from stronger prisons than ours.

SIXTEENTH THOUSAND OF "NED NEVINS."—The sixteenth thousand (pamphlet edition) of Rev. Henry Morgan's book, "Ned Nevins, the Newsboy, or Street life in Boston," is already issued. Those who have not heard Mr. Morgan's popular lectures on "Street-Life" may find the gist of the lectures here in a cheap form. Canvassers are said to do better with this book than with any other in the field. A lady in Terre Haute sold 150 copies, in a few hours. Price in cloth, $1.50, pamphlet edition 75 cents. Agents wishing territory may apply to Rev. Henry Morgan, Boston, Mass.

We have just received a copy of this work, and so far as we have had time to peruse its pages, find it what it is represented to be. Many of the leading papers in the country, as well as ministers, speak in the highest terms of the morals of this book. It is written in a style calculated to interest the youth and the subjects are of a character to teach lessons of morality and honesty to the old as well as the young.

☞ THE following named ladies and gentlemen have filed declarations to the effect that they intend making teaching their employment, have been appointed pupils in the Normal School, which commences on the 15th inst: Robert Haddaway, Phœbe J. Holmes, Joseph Wyatt, Margaret Stevens, Jas. D. Haddaway, E. E. Colburn.

REV. W. H. D. HARPER, for a number of years a very popular teacher in the Easton Academy and then of a select school, has received an appointment as pastor of a Methodist Church South, at Bladensburg, Md. Miss Fannie Harper continues the school which Mr. Harper, her brother, has recently been teaching.

☞ WE call upon our town Commissioners to have the old market-house hauled out as a nuisance, and stretch a canvas tent in its stead, or let the people occupy the open space. In either case they will not be exposed to rain any longer than the shower lasts.

☞ ADDISON HARDCASTLE, Esq., a dry goods merchant in St. Louis, was found dead in his bed on the morning of the 4th, at the Southern Hotel, of that city, caused by heart disease. Mr. Hardcastle was the brother of Capt. E. L. F. Hardcastle of Easton.

FALL GOODS.—It will be seen by advertisements in another column, that Mr. Thos. H. T. Hardester, and Messrs Thompson & Kersey have received a lot of Fall Goods, which they have just opened and will dispose of at moderate prices.

FOR ALL THOSE DISTRESSING AND AFFLICTING MALADIES which originate in Scrofula or an enfeebled or vitiated state of the blood, nothing can equal the tonic and purifying effect of Dr Anders, Iodine Water, a pure solution or Iodine dissolved in pure water *without a solvent.*

IMMIGRANTS FOR SOUTH CAROLINA.—The Charleston News state that a number of emigrants are expected to sail for the Palmetto State for Bremen, on the 1st of October, and that Bremen merchants propose to invest half a million in steamers for Charleston, if the State will guarantee five per cent. interest on it for the next five years.

"I AM IN FAVOR OF THE ABOLITION AND UTTER DESTRUCTION OF THE PRESENT SCHOOL SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND."

This declaration emanated from a member of the Constitutional Convention, in a speech in an adjoining county, on Tuesday last. What think you laboring fellowcitizens, of such a declaration? Can you swallow a Constitution framed by men that wish to abolish the best school system that your State ever had?

"MILLIGAN, ONE OF THE LEADERS OF THE DEMOCRACY, WHO IS NOW CANVASSING INDIANA FOR THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY, SAYS THAT FREESCHOOLS BREED "INFIDELITY," AND ARE "INCONSISTENT WITH DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES." WILL THE DEMOCRACY ANY LONGER DENY THEIR HOSTILITY TO EDUCATION?

Legislative Department.

Section 11, of the new Constitution, says that "No Minister or Preacher of the Gospel, or of any religious creed or denomination, and no person holding any office of profit or trust under this State, except Justices of the Peace, shall be eligible as Senator or Delegate."

Query—Will any Minister of the Gospel, either travelling or local, vote for a Constitution that proscribes him? Will any class-leader, exorter or sabbath school teacher vote for a Constitution that proscribes him? Beware Minister, by this Constitution you are, if it is adopted, made ineligible to a seat in the General Assembly as a Senator or Delegate. Beware, exhorter, class-leader and sabbathchool teacher you too, if this Constitution is adopted are not eligible to a seat as Senator or Delegate in the Maryand Legislature, for you, no matter whether you belong to the Methodist, Episcopal, Presbyterian, Catholic, Quaker, or any other denomination, if you are a sabbathchool-teacher even, you are a preacher of a religious creed or denomination, and hence are by this Constitution set aside, and the drunkard, the gambler, the horsetrader, or any other immoral man, is preferred to you.—*Denton Union.*

Hon. Benjamin Harris on the New Constitution—He Urges its Rejection.

A public meeting of the citizens of St. Mary's county was held at Leonardtown on Friday last, when speeches were made in favor of the new Constitution by Colonel Walter Mitchell, of Charles county, and Hon. B. A. Jaimson, and in favor of its rejection by Hon. B. G. Harris.—We have only room for a few extracts from Mr. Harrri's speech:

He commenced by saying that the friends of the Constitution urged its adoption as a "choice of two evils." But he thought the people of Maryland could reject the one, and order a new one without the political evils that were apparent in the one under consideration, and added:

"I sincerely regret that a body in which, as these gentlemen said, there was not a single Republican, should send forth a document so destitute of Democratic principles, or rather so full of those principles adopted by the Radicals."

He proceeds at length to review that clause of the new Constitution which debars the Legislature from granting compensation for slaves concluding on this subject as follows:

Now, my fellow Democrats, it is to me very mysterious indeed how all this has ceased to be Democratic doctrine in three short years. It appears to me that if it was Democratic doctrine in 1864, it ought to be so in 1867. Are these things to be almost insultingly denounced when done by Republicans and to be warmly approved and endorsed when done by Democrats?—This does not look either consistent or fair. As old a man as I am cannot keep up with these sudden and violent twists and turns. They make me giddy.

Now, if you will refer to the two Constitutions and compare them, you will find in both these very same much abused articles. Both declare that slavery shall no longer exist, and both declare that the Legislature shall give no compensation for slaves. I advised all who would take my advice to vote against the Constitution of 1864, but I suppose I shall be called a bad adviser if I should advise any one to vote against this one of 1867. Well, I must suffer the penalty, and I now advise every one of you to cast your vote against this abomination.

He also opposes that portion of the new Constitution which abolishes slavery in the State, highly complimenting Judge Magruder, who, he declared, would be handed over "to the mercy of his and our enemies" if it was adopted, and exclaims:

Besides the objections I have heretofore urged which, if I am correct, sends this, a whole bar's length ahead of the one of 1864, towards Radicalism, they have made another concession to the enemy by declaring in conformity to the Civil Rights bill "that no person shall be incompetent as a witness on account of race or color, unless hereafter so declared by act of the General Assembly." This, of course, extends the privilege of calling negroes to the stand to testify in all civil and criminal cases, even where white men are involved. Objections to such a proposition I have urged lately in a letter, which has been generally made public and I shall not now have the time to repeat them. I will only say that these measures place us on an inclined plane which leads directly and irrisistibly to the foul slough of Radicalism.

We are informed that Col. Billingsley, a member of the Convention of 1864, and a former State Senator, and Hon. G. Fred. Madlox, the present State Senator, with influential citizens of St. Mary's county, endorse the position of Mr. Harris, and are also energetically engaged in the canvass against the proposed Constitution.

Democratic View of our School System.

We take the following in regard to our school system from the Upper Marlboro *Gazette*, a Democratic paper printed in Prince George's county:

"Progression is the rule, and we are proud to say there is but a single case of retrogression in the county. Several schools which two years ago only numbered from one to five pupils, now have an attendance of from twenty-five to fifty each. The numerical increase in the last two years has been from one thousand pupils to fourteen hundred in the county. And the average attendance has still been more encouraging. This exposition of facts is controvertible. As the population of the county has not increased such a ratio as to justify the increase of four hundred pupils in the brief period of two years we may, we think, very rationally attribute it to the working of our excellent school system. Some schools in other districts have doubled districts have doubled their number in two years, and we hazzard the prediction, unless the present system is abolished, in two years from this time the members will approximate very closely two thousand.

"If the deductions from the preceding statement of facts are correct, it behooves those who indulge in public denunciations of the present system of public instruction to deliberate, and to become personally cognizant of it before they proceed farther in their course of misrepressentation. It will be a fearful resoponsibility to pursue any course which will inflict injustice upon the rising generation. From personal observation, we believe the opposition emanates from persons who rarely ever see the inside of a primary school, and certainly do not patronize them"

THE REDEMPTION OF THE NATIONAL DEBT. Among the various schemes to bring into disrepute the credit of the government, the plan of paying off the national loans in currency seems to be attracting most attention. Although the laws authoaizing the issue of United States bonds do not in every instance mention the kind of money with which they will be redeemed, yet they were evidently passed subject to the provisions of the statute of February 5, 1862, which authorizes the emission of the first series of 5-20 bonds. The condition of the finances at this time was lamentable. The daily expenditure amounted to one and a quarter millions a day, and the heavy arrearages due the troops were pressing with great severity upon the Treasury. Two hundred millions of dollars were required to meet the demands of the public service for the six months ending June 30, 1862, and only ninety-one millions were available, to be obtained by the sale of loans authorized, but not yet taken. The banks had suspended specie payments, were withdrawing their circulation, and, by the embarrassing accumulation of United States demand notes, were obliged to decline receiving further deposits. Various plans were tried to support the credit of the government, which had already borrowed on the security of three years bonds at seven and three-tenths per cent., of twenty years stocks at six and one-half, nearly two hundred millions of dollars, but, all proved ineffectual. Sixty millions of United States notes were in circulation, but were looked upon with distrust. Congress was hesitating over the legal tender clause of the Money bill, and it was not until after the adoption of the section, presently to be mentioned, that any hope could be entertained of its passage The bill provided for one hundred and fifty millions of legal tender paper money, and to inspire confidence among lenders that funds would be forthcoming to meet the debt of the United States it was enacted that all duties on imported goods should be paid in *coin.* This coin was ordered to be set apart as a special fund to be applied to the payment of the interest on the bonds and notes of the United States, and to the purchase or payment of one per cent. of the *entire* debt, to be made within each fiscal year.

The bonds thus redeemed were to set apart as a sinking fund, and the interest in coin to be applied in like manner. Upon the faith of this section the moneys called for by the needs of the government were speedily forthcoming and the credit of the United State revived. The friends of republican institutions everywhere disposed of their interests in home companies and reinvested in our loans. The timely aid granted, and the confidence displayed in the honor of the government, enabled us to carry on the contest for existence to a successful termination. The sacrifices of our citzens, the toils and privations of our soldiers would all been fruitless, had not the means been afforded to conduct the warfare. Money, money, money, the first NAPOLEON is reported to have stated, are the three sinews of war, more important than can be imagined. With the essential help extended to us in the hour of need, it would be the basest ingratitude to break faith with our most valuable supporters.

DENTISTRY.

J. N. BAIRD, D. D. S

mar 26-1y EASTON, Md

UNSOLICITED TESTIMONY.

From Andrew Archer, Esq., of Fairfield, Me.

"About eight years since my son, Henry A. Archer, now Postmaster at Fairfield, Somerset county, Me., was attacked with spitting of blood, cough, weakness of Lungs, and general debility, so much so that our family physician declared him to have a "Seated Consumption." He was under medical treatment for a number of months, but received no benefit from it.—At length, from the solicitation of himself and others I was induced to purchase one bottle of Wistar's Balsom of Wild Cherry, which benefited him so much I obtained another bottle, which in a short time restored him to his usual state of health. I think I can safely recommend this remedy to others in like condition, for it is, I think, all it purports to be—the Great Lung Remedy for the times! The above statement, gentlemen, is my voluntary offering to you in favor of your Balsom, and is at your disposal."

Prepared by Seth W. Fowle & Son, 18 Tremont St., Boston, and for sale by Druggists generally.

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE.

AMESBURY, MASS., Oct. 13th 1863.

Mr. Grace—Dear Sir;—Having been afflicted grevously for several weeks with a severe abcess upon my side, I used several remedies for its eradiction without receiving any relief, until I applied your salve, which effected a speedy and permanent cure.—I therefore feel happy to certify my confidence in its virtues. Yours with respect. JAMES BEAN.

I certify to the truthfulness of the above statement.

H. S. Dearborn, M. D.

Seth W. Fowle & Son, Boston, Proprietors.

Sold by Druggists, at 25 cents a box. By mail cents. [sep 7-3t

SCROFULA:

The Rev. George Storrs, of Brooklin, N. Y., says, in the Bible Examiner, by way of apology for publishing a medical certificate in his magazine, of the cure of his only son, of Scrofula, "after dissolution appeared inevitable." "We publish this statement, not for pay, but in gratitude to God; who has answered prayer, and in justice to Dr. Anders; being satisfied that there is virtue in the Iodine Water treatment, which the readers of this Magazine will thank its Editor for bringing to their notice." Circular free.

Dr. H. Anders' Iodine Water is for sale by J. P. Dinsmore, Proprietor, 36 Cey St., N. Y., and by all Druggists.

RESTORE YOUR SIGHT!

Spectacles and Surgical Operations Rendered Useless! The Inestimable Blessing of Sight is made Perpetual by the use of the New Patent Improved Ivory Eye Cups.

Many of our most iminent Physicians, Oculists, Students and Divines have had their sight restored and permanently cured of:—

1. Impaired vision.
2. Presbyopia, or Far Sightedness.
3. Asthenopia, or Weak Eyes.
4. Epiphora—Running of Watery Eyes.
5. Sore Eyes.
6. Weakness of the Retina, or Optic Nerves.
7. Opthalmia, or Inflammation of the Eye and its appendages.
8. Photophobia, or Intolerance of Light.
9. Ptotis, or Falling of the Eye-lids.
10. Myodesopia, moving specs or floating bodies before the Eye.
11. Amaurosis, or Obscurity of Vision.
12. Cataracts, Partial Blindness, and Worst Disorders of the Eye.

Any one can use the Ivory Eye Cups, without the aid of Doctor or Medicine so as to receive immediate beneficial results, and never wear spectacles; or, if using now, to lay them aside forever.

Over 5,000 certificates of cases where a cure was previously guaranteed, may be seen at our office.

We guarantee a cure in every case where the directions are followed, or we will refund the money.

For sale by Druggists and Oculists.

To receive our TREATIES ON THE EYE (48 pages) by return mail free, send your full address to

Dr. J. BALL & CO.,

Box 957, P. O. 128 *Nassau Street, New York.*

☞ For the worst cases of Myopia, or nearsightedness, use our New Myopic Attachments, easily adjusted and applied to the Ivory Eye Cups. Send for a Pamphlet. [aug 17-1y

THE HEAD OF A COMET

according to Milton, is rendered tenfold more terrible by its "Horrid Hair," and there are thousands of fleery human heads which might be rendered charming by simply changing their tint to a mellow brown, or a perfectly natural black with Cristadoro's Hair Dye. It is ridiculous to carry into society a grey, sandy or carrotty head, when five minutes would render it as attractive as Nature could have made it in her happy mood. Manufactured by J. Cristadoro, 6 Astor House New York. Sold by druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers.

CONSUMPTION CURABLE BY DR. SCHENCK'S MEDICINES.

To cure consumption, the system must be prepared so that the lungs will heal. To accomplish this, the liver and stomach must first be cleansed and an appetite created for good wholesome food, which, by these medicines will be digested properly, and good healthy blood made; thus building up the constitution. Schenck's Mandrake Pills cleanses the stomach of all bilious or mucous accumulations; and by using the Sea Weed Tonic in connection, the appetite is restored.

Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup is nutricious as well as medicinal, and, by using the three remedies, all impurities are expelled from the system, and good, wholesome blood made, which will repell all diseases If patients will take these medicines according to directions, Consumption very frequently in its last stage yields readily to their action. Take the pills frequently, to cleanse the liver and stomach. It does not follow that because the bowels are not costic, they are not required, for sometimes in diarrhœ they are necessary. The stomach must be kept healthy, and an appetite created to allow the Pulmonic Syrup to act on the respiratory organs properly and allay any irritation. Then all that is required to perform a permanent cure is, to prevent taking cold. Exercise about the rooms as much as possible, eat al the rich food—fat meat, game, and, in fact, anything the appetite craves; but be particular and masticate well. [2nd w. ea. mo. 1 yr.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The Rev. Edwin A. Wilson will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,

No. 165 South Second Street; Williamsburgh, N. Y. sep 14-7

NEW U. S. BOUNTIES.
INCREASED PENSIONS

Under recent Act of Congress, Soldiers of 1861 2 and 3 are, in certain cases, entitled to an *additional Bounty* from the U. S.

Soldiers who were disabled in the late war by the loss of eye-sight, arm, leg &c., &c., are entitled to an *Increase* of *Pension* of $25, $20 and $15. Widows and Orphans are also entitled INCREASE of Pension under late Act.

Persons writing for information will please state the Name of the Soldier, his Company and Regiment, with the date of enlistment and discharge or death; also, how much Bounty or Pension received, and if the Soldier is dead, give the name or names of the nearest of kin.

Address, (enclosing Postage Stamp for reply.)

WM. B. HILL,
Attorney at Law,
70 W. Fayette Street, Baltimore, Md.
aug 11

INFORMATION.

Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face, also a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist.
sep 14-9m 823 Broadway, New York.

MARKETS.

BALTIMORE, September 13, 1867.

Sales as follows:

WHEAT—White—	$2 50a2 60
Red,	$2 55a2 60
CORN—White,	$1 20a1 22
Yellow,	$1 24a1 27
OATS—	64a67

DEATHS.

GARDNER.—In Baltimore September 6th, Mrs. Mary Ann Gardner, relelict of Wm. Gardner, aged 61 years.

McMAHAN—Near Trappe, on the 28th of August, Mrs. Rebecca, wife of Soloman McMahan, Esq., in the 60th year of her age, leaving a large family and circle of friends to mourn her departure. She has been a consistent member of the M. E. Church for a number of years, and her end was peaceful. Although suffering intense pain for several weeks, a murmer never passed her lips, and in dying, she unhesitatingly declared her willingness to go, saying that her "way was clear," and without a perceptible struggle, she fell asleep ins Jesus."

COX—On Thursday 29th inst., near Easton, after a protracted and painful illness, in the 58th year of her age Mrs. Elizabeth Cox, relict of the late Isaac P. Cox, beloved and respected, by a large circle of relatives and friends.

"Blessed are the poor in heart, for they shall see God."

ALDRIDGE.—In Philadelphia, on Friday, August 30th. William D. Aldridge, son of Saml. H. and Adelaide M. Aldridge, in the 19th year of his age.

BEAUTIFUL DARK PRINTS, (calicoes) just opened and for sale by

sep 14 THOMPSON & KERSEY.

SCARLET OPERA FLANNEL, a pretty shade; just received by

sep 14 S. PATCHETT.

BEAUTIFUL DRESS GOODS for the fall season, just opened and for sale by

sep 14 THOMPSON & KERSEY.

DOBIN'S ELECTRIC SOAP.—Saves time, saves labor, saves money, saves clothes, saves women. Sold by.

sep 14 SAML. PATCHETT.

KERSEYS, KERSEYS.

JOHN W. CHEEZUM has a large supply of Mallalieu and other makes of Kersey to an inspection of which he invites the public generally before purchasing elsewhere. [sep 14

For Sale.

300 BUSHELS of choice Boden WHITE WHEAT for seed, in good order and warranted a good article.

JOHN NICHOLS,
sep 14-3t Gilpin's Point.

Religious Notice.

THE Preaching place in the Caapel District of the M. E. Church (South) has been changed to Donovan's Station, where we expect to commence immediately the erection of a church.—Next Sabbath, Providence permitting, we shall have preaching morning, afternoon and night in the grove, immediately adjoining the Station, which we trust will be the beginning of a great revival. [sep 14-1t

1867.

FALL GOODS.

JNO. W. CHEEZUM has just returned from the city and has opened a large stock of

NEW GOODS

adapted to the season, consisting in part of Cloths, Cassimeres, Tweeds and Jeans, Ladies Dress-goods suitable for the season. Brown, Bleached and sheeting muslins—cheap, Shaker and other Flannels, white and red—all of which will be sold at small advance. [sep 14

FALL TRADE FOR 1867.

THE Fall Trade has now opened again to the good people of Talbot.

THOMPSON & KERSEY

have just returned from the city with a very nice assortment of

NEW GOODS

just adapted to the Fall Trade.

They have taken a great deal of pains in the selection of a few nice things which they now have on exhibition, and will take great pleasure in disposing of to their friends and customers on the most reasonable terms and at the lowest prices. Call and see them. [sep 14

JUST RECEIVED 6 Doz. Glass Jelly Moulds. For sale by

sep 14 SAML. PATCHETT.

WHIPS! WHIPS!!—Just received from Philadelphia, a nice assortment of Carriage Whips, to be sold cheap for cash, by

sep 14 SAML. PATCHETT.

SPEAR'S Fruit Preserving Solution, White Ginger, Celery Seed, Whith and Black Mustard Seeds, &c., store and for sale by

GEO. M. DAVIS,
sep 14 St. Michaels.

Public Sale.

THE subscriber, intending to discontinue farming will offer at public sale at his residence in Trappe district,

On Wednesbay, 25th instant,

the following property, viz:

His enture and valuable stock of

HORSES,
Cattle,
SHEEP,
Farming Utensils,

&c., together with

Household and Kitchen
FURNITURE,

TERMS:—On all sums of $10 ond under cash on all sums over $10 a credit of six months, the purchaser giving note with approved security bearing interest from day of sale. No property to be removed until terms are complied with. Stamps to be at the expense of the purchaser.—Sale to commence at 9 o'clock A. M.

JAMES LOWREY.
sep 14 2t Per I. D. Clark, Agent.

CIDER VINEGAR.—Just received a lot of the real Cider Vinegar, for Pickling.

sep 7 THOS. H. T. HARDESTER.

NOTICE TO TRESPASSERS.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice that he forwarns all persons from trespassing, with dog or gun, upon the farm where he now resides, belonging to Mr. A. H. Mackey, near Easton. The law will be strictly enforced against all such offenders, after the publication of this notice.

sep 7-3t CHAS. GARDNER.

GUANO.

JUST received a Cargo of Soluble Pacific Guano, Flour of Pure Bone, Whitelock's Fertilizer, Wollston's Bone Phosphate and Peruvian Guano and in Warehouse ready for delivery. Other kinds on hand soon. Delivered at any landing on any river, free of cost for freight or drayage. NICOLS & BARTLETT,

Only Agents for Talbot County for
sep 7 Soluble Pacific Guano.

To the Owners of Real Estate in
TALBOT AND ADJOINING
COUNTIES.

THE undersigned having established a Land Office in Easton, would respectfully represent that a large number of individuals and a few parties from different sections of the North, have signified their intention to visit this region with the view of locating.

To those persons having property to dispose of, (particularly improved farms) I trust it would be to their advantage to place such in my hands for sale.

Having been in the land business for many years, fourteen years of which were with the Bingham Estate, the largest land estate in Pennsylvania, extending through 12 counties, and with a large personal acquantance through the Eastern and Southern States, it would readily be accorded as affording superior advantages, over many others in the same avocation.

Maj. G. R. OVERTON,
sep 7-6 Late of the U. S. A.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of two writs of Venditions Exponas, one issued out of the Circuit Court for Talbot county, and the other by William B. Wheeler, a Justice of the Peace for said county and to me directed and delivered, one at the suit of James N. Goldsborough, administrator of M. T. Goldsborough, deceased, and the other at the suit of Thos. H. A. Hardester, against Ebin D. Nutz, I have seized and taken in execution, and will expose to public sale to the highest bidder for cash, at the residence of the said E. D. Nutz, on

Friday, September 20,

the following property to wit,

1 Sorrel Mare, 1 Brown Mare, 1 Red Bull, 2 Cows, 1 Horse Cart, 6 Sheep, 6 Hogs, also a lot of

FARMING IMPLEMENTS,

and the interest of the said E. D. Nutz in and to

CROP OF CORN,

now growing on the farm whereon the said E. D. Nutz resides, all taken to satisfy the above writs of venditioni exponas, debt, interest and costs now due and to become thereon. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.

R. T. LARRIMORE, Sheriff.
sep 7-2t

MARYLAND
AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

THE duties of this Institution will be resumed on Monday, 16th of September. Its courses of instruction, general and special, are on a level with those of colleges of the highest grade, and offer, at very low cost, the advantages of education, under circumstances most favorable to their prosecution.

Two more students from each county of the State, and the city of Baltimore, will be allowed a deduction of seventy-five dollars from the annual charges, to be determined in each case by the merits of the applicant as to scholarship and general character. For circulars and further information address,

N. B. WORTHINGTON,
Registrar, Maryland Agricultural College,
aug31-4t Hyattsville, Md.

BACON & LARD.—1500 lbs prime country Sides and Shoulders—and 200 lbs. country Lard, just received and for sale by

J. RASIN.

FLOUR, CRACKERS AND CAKES—Gambrill's brands of super, extra and family Flour. Also cream, mushroon, soda, water and Oyster Pic Nic Crackers. Also Trimble's & Schnapp cakes, always on hand and for sale by

J. RASIN.

GLASS PRESERVING JARS.—Pints, Quarts and half gallon Willoughby's and Lyman's Patent Fruit Jars, in store and for sale by

J. RASIN.

CARPETS.—J. Rasin has several pieces of very desirable patterns, of All Wool and Cotton and Wool and Hemp Carpets, which he is selling at less than cost prices to make room for Fall Trade.

aug 31 J. RASIN.