C. H. R. Merrick

The Centreville Observer.

VOL. XII. CENTREVILLE, MARYLAND, JULY 4, 1876. NO. 44.

Trustee's Sale
OF
VALUABLE
Real Estate

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Queen Anne's county, in equity, the undersigned, as Trustee, will offer at public auction, in front of the Court House door in the town of Centreville, Queen Anne's County, Maryland, on

Tuesday, the 25th day of July, 1876,

between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M., ALL THAT

Tract of Land,

[illegible] adjoining the bridge and [illegible] to ferry persons over the [illegible] and in rent is so strong, [illegible] of Judge Richardson, Dr. W. W. Tilghman, C. H. [illegible] generally known as [illegible]

Wye Estate,

[illegible] Julianna Pack, and where the [illegible] T. Pack lived and died, containing

ACRES OF LAND.

[illegible] will be offered in parcels and [illegible] offered as a whole or two or [illegible] may be offered conjointly.

PARCELS.

Parcel No. 1.—The Upper or Outer Farm: Improvements—a GOOD TWO-STORY

Frame Dwelling,

also a good Barn, Stable and Corn House under one roof.

Contents, about

800 Acres,

of which about 200 are arable, residue in valuable White Oak, Chestnut and other Timber and Wood. The soil is of the best quality of clay loam, admirably suited for farming purposes. It is situated immediately on Wye River and is accessable to grain and lime vessels.

NO. 2.

The Home Farm

or "Middle Farm." Improvements—a fine

Mansion House,

private Stable for 10 Horses, Carriage House for 2 Carriages, Dairy, Machine House, Farm Stable for from 15 to 20 Horses, shedding for cattle, Corn House of from 5 to 6 hundred barrels capacity with threshing floor. Overseer's house built of brick and large brick house for hands.

Contents about

350 ACRES OF LAND,

mostly arable, of a clay loam of best quality, highly improved and adapted to the growth of all Kinds of grain, grass, fruits, &c. The farm is also on Wye River and accessable to grain and lime vessels.

The Lower Farm

without buildings, but with a fine building site, and with the Wye on two sides of it. The soil is a light clay loam, admirably adapted for farming purposes. This parcel contains about

250 Acres,

mostly arable, is accessable on two sides to grain and lime vessels and would make an [illegible] and fruit farm.

NO. 4.

TIMBER
AND
WOOD LAND.

CONTAINING ABOUT

850 Acres,

in White Oak, Chestnut and other

TIMBER AND WOOD,

valuable for market and for purposes. Such a farm may [illegible] Nos. 2 and 3 [illegible] Farm lots and then [illegible] that be offered as a whole.

The above tract of land is within 200 yards of a steamboat landing and is in daily communication with Baltimore City from Wye River by steamboat and is within an hour's drive of Queenstown, a steamboat landing on Chester River within 6 hours run of Baltimore City. No tract of land has ever been offered in Queen Anne's county possessing greater inducements to purchasers. The purchasers will be entitled to seed wheat this Fall and to possession at the end of the year.

Terms of Sale.

One-third of the purchase money on the day of sale or on negotiable note with approved endorsers 5 to 4 or 6 months with interest added at banking rates, and residue in three equal instalments of 1, 2 and 3 years, bearing interest and secured by bonds or notes of the purchaser or purchasers with approved security.

JOHN B. BROWN, Trustee.

Jas. H. Costin, Auct.

June 27, 1876-ts.

SPRING AND SUMMER MILLINERY

MISS M. A. FRIEL'S
Fancy Store.

This establishment is now complete with all the latest styles of Ladies' Hats, Bonnets and Trimmings. All the beautiful styles of Hamburg Edgings and Insertings. A splendid assortment of Silk and Lace Ties, Veilings, Ribbons, Fans, fine assortment of Wash Nets, Cashmere Lace, Ecru Cotton Lace, Rufflings, Cuffs, Collars, Flowers and Silks, Jewelry, Gutta Percha Chains, Crosses and ornaments for Hats, &c. This stock has just been received from the city and will be sold at prices to suit the times. I would invite the ladies to examine my stock and judge of its style and quality themselves.

M. A. FRIEL,
Centreville, Md.

June 20-3m.

BEATTY PIANO!

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

"These Pianos are the finest in the world as regards tone and excellence."—*Huntingdon (Tenn.) Republican.*

"The Beatty Piano is pronounced by all the sweetest toned instrument manufactured."—*Gettysburg Century.*

"The Beatty Pianos, grand square and upright, are remarkable for their beauty of finish, as well as for sweetness and volume of tone."—*McArthur (N. J.) Mercury.*

"Mr. Beatty is a responsible man."—*Washington (N. J.) Star.*

Agents wanted everywhere. Send stamp for catalogue. Address, DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, New Jersey.

Base Ball Headquarters.

All Kinds of Bats, Balls and Base Ball Materials at P. H. FEDDEMAN, JR.'S.

P. S.—Bats and Balls at less than city prices.

Public Sale
OF VALUABLE
TOWN PROPERTY.

The subscriber, as agent, will offer at public sale, in front of the Court House, in Centreville, on

Tuesday, the 11th day of July, 1876,

between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M., the following desirable property situate in the village of Rothsburg, Sixth Election District of Queen Anne's county:

NO. 1.—THE VALUABLE
BLACKSMITH & WHEELWRIGHT SHOPS

in the tenancy of McDaniell Warner. These shops are a first-rate stand for business and command a large trade.

NO. 2.—The dwelling house situate in same village, and now occupied by Mr. W. H. Vane. This is a one-story

FRAME DWELLING,

[illegible] the quarters of an acre of land attached to this Dwelling, and has a pump of good water in the yard.

NO. 3.—The dwelling house situate in same village, occupied by Mr. James Goldwin. This is also a

One-Story Dwelling,

and has a kitchen attached. There is about a half acre of land attached to this house, and has a pump of water convenient.

Lots No. 1 and 2 will first be offered in separate parcels and then as a whole, and the most advantageous bid will be taken.

TERMS OF SALE.

One-third of purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale, and the residue in two equal instalments in 12 and 18 months from the day of sale, the purchaser to give bond or note for the deferred payment money secured to the satisfaction of the undersigned, and bearing interest from day of sale. Immediate possession will be given, if desired.

HENRY W. DRIVER, Agent.

Jas. H. Costin, Auct.

June 20, 1876-ts. (R)

Bring in your old Tins to have mended to Feddeman & Price.

Public Sale
OF VALUABLE
TOWN PROPERTY.

The undersigned, as Agent of Charles M. Legg, the owner, will sell at public sale, to the highest bidder, in Stevensville, Kent Island, Queen Anne's county, Md., on

Saturday, July 8th, 1876,

between the hours of 1 and 3 o'clock, P. M., all that LOT OR PARCEL OF LAND or

TOWN PROPERTY,

belonging to the said Chas. M. Legg, situate and being in Stevensville aforesaid, consisting of a

Good Frame Dwelling,

two stories high, and in good condition, and all kinds of necessary outbuildings, a pump of excellent water in the yard. The lot contains

[illegible] OF LAND, MORE OR LESS.

This is exceedingly valuable and desirable property, and is the best site in Stevensville for a store. It will first be offered in lots, and then as a whole, and sold in the manner that will bring the most money.

TERMS OF SALE.

Two hundred dollars cash on day of sale, and the balance in two equal instalments of six and twelve months from the day of sale, with interest on each instalment as it becomes due, from the day of sale till paid, and to be secured by bond or note of the purchaser, to the satisfaction of the Agent.

The purchaser entitled to possession, on complying with the terms of sale to the satisfaction of the Agent, and is to pay the taxes from said time.

A. R. WRIGHT,
Agent.

Jas. H. Costin, Auct.

June 20, 1876-ts.

BEATTY PIANO.

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

Send stamp for full information, price list, &c. Address, DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, New Jersey.

Proposals for Building.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned committee until the 11th day of July for the erection of a new market house in town hall and old fellows hall; the building to be 70 x 36 feet, and to be built after plans and specifications in our possession. The contractor will be required to take the old Odd Fellows hall down, clean the bricks in the pillars of the present market house and use them towards building the new one. The right to reject any and all bids is reserved.

JOHN B. BROWN,
JAS. B. PALMER,
W. W. BUSTEED,
A. H. WRIGHT,
E. H. BROWN,
Committee.

June 20-3t.

Second-Hand Thresher.

I have a 36 inch Westinghouse Thresher, used but little, which I will sell a bargain on a liberal credit with well endorsed notes.

WM. McKENNEY,
R&C Corner Brick Hardware.

[illegible] ANTIFRICE.

[illegible] Antifrice and Jenning's Eau Destof, for cleansing and beautifying the teeth, also Jewelery & Smith's Oriental Tooth Paste for sale by

WM. J. HOPPER.

Buy a Package of Pest Poison of P. H. FEDDEMAN.

BEATTY'S Parlor organs

Agents wanted everywhere, male or female. Address, DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J.

BASE BALLS AND BATS, AND CROQUET SETTS

at P. H. FEDDEMAN Jr's.

Thos. J. & B. P. Keating,
Attorneys at Law,
Centreville, Maryland.

Harvest Tinware of all kinds at Feddeman & Price's.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine. April 25, 1876-ly.

MACHINE OIL. Wooters' Drug Store.

++METHODS++POINTS++
METHODS OF BUSINESS++POINTS OF ADVANTAGE
+++IN THE PURCHASE OF+++
CLOTHING
—AT—
WANAMAKER & BROWN'S OAK HALL,

To which we invite the Interested Attention and Careful Scrutiny of

—THE PURCHASING PUBLIC.—

METHODS	POINTS
WE have but One Price for All.	ONE Price means of necessity the Lowest Price.
WE receive Cash Payment from All.	CASH enables us to offer goods at a price they may not be a judge of goods.
WE Return Money when we cannot suit All.	WE only on immense sales and are satisfied with a very small percentage of profit.
WE buy our goods at first hands, in immense quantities, and at the lowest prices for Cash.	EVERY to buy of us, since all are treated alike, and one getting favors that are denied to others.
WE manufacture with extreme care every garment we sell.	DICKERING and debate are done away by us everybody gets our best with out having to ask for it.
WE inspect every yard of goods that goes into our garments.	OUR large experience, capital and facilities we use for the people's benefit in lowering prices.
WE put a ticket on every garment, showing plainly its quality and price.	WE fill orders received by mail from all parts of the United States. Write for particulars.
WE avoid every item of unnecessary expenditure.	NOW a particle of risk can in buying of us. A child may buy as cheaply as a man.
WE employ first-class workmen in every department.	
WE give satisfaction to every purchaser or return the money.	

In addition to our Immense Stock of Ready Made Clothing we have a Magnificent Line of Men's and Boy's Furnishing Goods, Shirts of our own make and Underwear, all at the Very Lowest Prices.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,
OAK HALL,
S. E. COR. SIXTH & MARKET STREETS,
PHILADELPHIA.

Collector's Sale
OF
Real Estate for Taxes.

By virtue of authority contained in the Code of Public General Laws of the State of Maryland, and my office as Collector of the State and County Taxes for the Third Election District for Queen Anne's county, and laws for the enforcement of the collection of the same, I have seized and taken in execution the following property, situate in the Third Election District of said county, to pay and satisfy the State and county taxes, due and unpaid by the party in whom it is assessed, and notice is hereby given to the owner or owners thereof that I will expose at public auction, in front of the Court House door, in the town of Centreville, on Tuesday, the 11th day of July, 1876, between the hours of 11 and 3 o'clock P. M., to the highest bidder for cash, to pay and satisfy the taxes due, interest and costs on said property, as hereinafter described, as follows, to wit: All that part of a tract of land called "Taney Brewington," and "Morgan's Delight," lying and being in the 3rd Election District aforesaid, and adjoining the land of the road leading from Hall's Cross Roads to Rutledge, adjoining the farm of Samuel Butterworth, the lands of Noah Dawson, Thomas and the lands of Mrs. Catherine Emory and containing one hundred and twenty-five acres of land, more or less, and assessed as follows:

Amt of State taxes due for 1874	$5 85
" County " " "	12 83

Interest from January 1st, 1875.

The terms of sale are the purchaser or purchasers shall pay to the Collector on the day sale the entire amount of purchase money, otherwise the Collector will resell at the risk of the purchaser.

The right of redemption extends to persons in the period of twelve calendar months from the date of sale, by paying to the purchaser or purchasers, the amount of the purchase money and all taxes assessed on the said property and paid by said purchaser or purchasers since sale, and prior to such a redemption, and all costs and expenses properly incurred in procuring the satisfaction of said sale by the Honorable the Judge of the Circuit Court for Queen Anne's county, having jurisdiction in the premises together with interest on all said sums at the rate of fifteen per cent. per annum from the date of payment to the date of redemption, as provided for in section 56, chapter 122 of the Public General Laws of the State of Maryland, approved April 11th, 1874.

The above described property will be sold free from all conditions of redemption of the Act of Assembly aforesaid.

W. KENT SPARKS,
Late Collector.

May 30, 1876-ts.

Stoves cheaper than ever before offered at Feddeman & Price's, adjoining the Arlington Hotel.

Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Queen Anne's county letters testamentary on the personal estate of

REBECCA H. RINGGOLD,

late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the proper vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 12th day of January, 1877, otherwise they may by law be excluded of all benefit of said deceased's personal estate.

Given under my hand and seal the 6th day of June, in the year eighteen hundred and seventy-six.

JNO. H. TOLSON,
Executor.

June 13, 1876-4t

Bridge Notice.

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after the date of this advertisement the undersigned citizens of Queen Anne's county will petition the Honorable Levin Gale, Commissioner for said county, to appoint Examiners to examine and report upon the propriety of building a bridge across the stream at Roberts' Mill, on the road leading from Sudlersville to Centreville, the said stream being at times impassible, and dangerous to cross during heavy rains.

WM. J. ANDERSON,
FINLEY ROBERTS,
JOHN McFADDEN,
WM. G. TEMPLE,
JOHN COPPAGE,
GEO. E. HARRISON.

June 8, 1876-4t.

REAPER GEAR.
REAPER GEAR,
REAPER GEAR,
At P. H. FEDDEMAN, JRS.

MACHINE OIL OF ALL KINDS
P. H. FEDDEMAN, Jr.

THE LAST & FINAL

MARK DOWN

OF THE SEASON

AT THE GREAT

One Price Clothing House,

OF

Spring and Summer
CLOTHING.

[illegible] Goods.

Good Production in our [illegible] business.

MERCHANT TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Now is the time to get a suit of clothes or a pair of pants made to order cheap. Remember the place,

207 MARKET STREET,
Wilmington, Del.

V. E. HOLMES, Prop.

P. S.—We have a variety in paper collars. Call and buy a half dozen for 25 cents.

May 7, 1876-ly.

Remember that the Stove and Tin House of Feddeman & Price is next to the Arlington Hotel.

FARMERS.

If you want to break down in the harvest field, send in your orders in time for the Champion Reapers. Remember that the demand for the machines generally exceed the supply. I claim that the Champion is the only Reaper I ever used that successfully gathers wheat, rye, oats and grass when wet or tangled. I use no material used in the manufacture of them, make them the most durable. For terms, price, etc., inquire of T. H. Lee & Bro. Light, Hall mouse, M. W. Temple, Church Hill, Mr. Elfred Price, Kent Island, or myself at Centreville.

JOHN W. FERRY.

May. 2-3m.

Hardware, Harness, &c.,
CHEAPER THAN EVER

I have just received direct from first hands, a very large stock of every class of goods in my line, bought in person at bottom prices and I intend my customers shall have full benefit of the decline. Call and see for yourselves.

WM. McKENNEY,
Corner Brick Hardware Store.

I am selling a fine Reaper 4 feet 6 inches cut at $125, delivered, very cheap. Also Engines, Threshers and Rakes.

Money ! Money !! Money !!

Owing to having an unusually heavy and peremptory demand upon me for money I must urgently request all persons indebted to me, on account, note or otherwise to make arrangement at once for settlement, or I shall be reluctantly compelled to assign their claims to those I owe, who will of course proceed to collect by law.

June 13, 1876. WM. McKENNEY,
R. & C. Corner Brick Hardware.

The Stove and Tin-House of Feddeman & Price is now open with a fine stock.

For the Hair.

Barnett's Hair Tonic Dressing. To remove Dandruff and Eruption from the scalp and promote the growth, beauty and strength of the hair. Also, Barnett's Hair Restorative, for the growth, preservation and restoration of the hair. For sale by

W. J. HOPPER

BEATTY'S Parlor Organs

The best and most lasting parlor organ now in use. No other parlor organ has ever attained the same popularity. Send stamp for circular and for terms to dealers. Agents wanted everywhere. Address, DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J.

Pest Poison.

Kills all kinds of bugs that prey on vegetables. One half pound will cover two acres.

P. H. FEDDEMAN, Jr.

CONVENTION HISTORY.

FROM WASHINGTON TO GRANT—A TRANSCRIPT OF CURIOUS FACTS FROM THE PHILADELPHIA "TIMES" STATISTICAL MAN—THE BALLOTS OF A CENTURY.

Under a republican form of government, the mode of nominating, as well as the manner of electing, the chief officers of the nation are interesting to the people. Washington, owing to his exalted character and invaluable services to his country, was chosen first President under the constitution. He was re-elected by nearly a unanimous vote. During his administration the Federal and Republican parties sprung into existence. On Washington's retirement John Adams of Massachusetts, became by general party of President, and Thomas Jefferson of the Republican Party.

Adams was chosen President and Jefferson Vice President, having the next highest number of votes. In the year 1800 a caucus of members, of Congress was held in Philadelphia, which nominated Thomas Jefferson for President and Aaron Burr for Vice President. They were elected over John Adams and Charles C. Pinckney. Mr. Jefferson was renominated and re-elected in 1804 with George Clinton, of New York, as Vice President, over Charles C. Pinckney and Rufus King. James Madison was nominated by a Congressional caucus in January, 1808, and elected President by a large majority. He was renominated in the same manner in 1812. In September of the same year a convention representing eleven States was held in New York, which nominated De Witt Clinton. James Madison was re-elected in 1816 James Monroe was nominated by a Congressional caucus, he receiving 65 votes W. H. Crawford 54. The Federalists named Rufus King. Mr. Monroe was elected, and in 1820 he was re-elected without opposition. In 1824 the Congressional caucus system was opposed by a large portion of the Republican party. But 66 members responded to the roll, and these nominated William H. Crawford for the Presidency.—Jackson, Clay and Adams were also nominated by various States, and there was no choice by the people. The House of Representatives elected John Quincy Adams. Immediately after the election, Andrew Jackson was nominated by the Legislature of Tennessee. The action was followed by the Democratic party of the country, and he was elected in 1828 over Mr. Adams.

THE FIRST CONVENTION.

In 1832 the first political national convention in this country was held in Philadelphia. It was called the United States Anti-Masonic Convention. Francis Granger, of New York, presided—a large amount of imperfection was transacted, but some organization was effected. Henry Clay, of Kentucky, was nominated for President, and Theodore Frelinghuysen, of New Jersey, for Vice President. In 1835, a Democratic National Convention was held in Baltimore. Twenty-one States were represented. President, Hon. Andrew Stevenson, of Virginia. At this Convention the two-thirds rule was adopted. Martin Van Buren was unanimously nominated for President, and Richard M. Johnson, of Kentucky, was chosen for Vice President, receiving 178 votes to 87 votes for William C. Rives, of Virginia. No platform was adopted by this Convention. General Wm. H. Harrison, of Ohio, was opposition candidate in the Democracy in 1836. He was nominated by a State Convention in Pennsylvania and several Conventions. In 1840 a Whig National convention was held in Harrisburg, Pa. James Barbour was the President. Gen. William H. Harrison was nominated on the first ballot over Henry Clay. John Tyler was selected as Vice President. In December, 1839, a convention of Anti-Masons was held at Warsaw, New York. James G. Birney, of New York, was nominated for President and Francis J. Lemoyne, of Pennsylvania, for Vice President. May 5th, 1840, a Democratic National Convention assembled in Baltimore. Martin Van Buren was unanimously renominated.—No choice was made for a Vice President.

CLAY AND POLK.

A Whig National Convention met in Baltimore on the 1st of May, 1844.—Henry Clay, of Kentucky, was nominated for President by acclamation.—Vice President, T. Frelinghuysen, of New Jersey. On the 27th of the same month the Democratic National Convention met in the same city. The two-third rule was adopted, and after a session of three days James K. Polk, of Tennessee was nominated for President. Silas Wright, of New York, for Vice President. Mr. Wright immediately declined and Hon. G. M. Dallas, of Pennsylvania, was selected to fill his place.—The ballotings for President were as follows:

	Martin V. Buren	Lewis Cass	Levi Woodbury	J. C. Calhoun	Jas. Buchanan	R. M. Johnson	Wm. L. Marcy	Total
1	146	83	1	4	4	2	1	250
2	146	94	1	4	4	2	1	250
3	146	94	1	4	4	2	1	250
4	146	94	1	4	4	2	1	250
5	146	94	1	4	4	2	1	250
6	146	94	1	4	4	2	1	250
7	146	94	1	4	4	2	1	250
8	146	94	1	4	4	2	1	250
9	146	94	1	4	4	2	1	250
10	146	94	1	4	4	2	1	250
11	146	94	1	4	4	2	1	250
12	146	94	1	4	4	2	1	250
13	146	94	1	4	4	2	1	250
14	146	94	1	4	4	2	1	250
15	146	94	1	4	4	2	1	250
16	146	94	1	4	4	2	1	250
17	146	94	1	4	4	2	1	250

Mr. Van Buren's name was withdrawn after the eighth ballot. The National Convention of the Liberty party met in Buffalo, N. Y., on the 30th of August, 1844. James G. Birney, of Michigan, was unanimously nominated for President and Thomas Morris, of Ohio for Vice President.

TAYLOR AND CASS

The Whig National Convention of 1848 was held in Philadelphia. It began its sessions on the 7th of June and ended on the 10th, when General Zachary Taylor was nominated for President and Millard Fillmore, of New York, for Vice President.

	1st.	2nd.	3rd.	4th.
Taylor	111	118	133	171
Clay	97	86	74	32
Scott	43	49	54	63
Webster	22	22	17	13
Clayton	4	4	1	..
M-Lean	2	1	..	..
Total	279	280	279	279

On the 22nd of May, 1848, the Democratic National Convention assembled at Baltimore. The two-third rule was adopted, and General Lewis Cass selected on the fourth ballot.

	1st.	2nd.	3rd.	4th.
Cass	125	133	156	179
Woodberry	53	56	53	31
Buchanan	55	54	40	33
Calhoun	9	..	..	..
Dallas	4	3	..	..
Worth	6	5	5	1
Butler of Ky	..	..	..	..

The first ballot for Vice President resulting in the choice of Gen. William O Butler, of Kentucky. The Free Democratic Convention assembled on the 22d of June, 1848, at Utica, New York.—Delegates from three States were present, and they placed in nomination Martin Van Buren for President and Henry Dodge for Vice President. The latter subsequently declined. On the 9th of June of the same year, a similar convention was held in Buffalo. Seventeen States were represented by delegates.—The nominations made by this body were Martin Van Buren for President and Charles Francis Adams for Vice President.

THE LAST WHIG CONVENTION.

The Whig National Convention of 1852 assembled on the 16th of June in Baltimore, and was in session six days. During that time fifty-three ballots were taken, commencing with 131 for Scott; 133 for Fillmore, and 29 for Webster, and continuing with very little variation until the last, when Scott had 159, Fillmore 112 and Webster 21. On the 1st of the same month, in the same city, met the National Convention of the Democratic party, which, on the forty-ninth ballot, selected General Franklin Pierce, of New Hampshire, as a candidate for the Presidency. The first ballot stood: Cass, 116; Buchanan 93; Douglas, 29; Marcy, 27; Lane, 13; Houston, 8; Dodge, 3; Butler 2, and Dickinson 1.—Cass rose to 131 on the 35th ballot, when the name of Pierce was presented, and on the forty-ninth ballot the vote stood: Pierce 282; Cass, 2; Buchanan 2. On the second ballot, Hon. W. R. King, of Alabama, was nominated by acclamation for the Vice Presidency. The Democratic National Convention met in Cincinnati on June 2, 1856, and nominated James Buchanan, of Pennsylvania, for President and John C. Breckenridge, of Kentucky, for Vice President. The American National Convention met in Philadelphia, February 22d, 1856, and nominated Hon. Millard Fillmore for President and Andrew Jackson Donelson for Vice President. Cincinnati was the meeting place of the Democratic Convention of 1856. The delegates assembled on the 2d of June, and cast seventeen ballots, as follows:

Ballots.	Buchanan.	Pierce.	Douglas.	Usas.
1	135	122	33	5
2	139	119½	33½	5
3	138½	119	32	5½
4	141½	119	30	5½
5	140	119½	31	5½
6	135½	121½	28	5½
7	141½	87	58	5½
8	146	87	56	5
9	146	87	56	5
10	150½	80½	59½	5½
11	147½	80	63	5½
12	148	79	63½	5½
13	150	77½	63	5½
14	152½	73	63	5½
15	148½	34	114½	4
16	168	..	..	6
17	296	..	..	..

CHICAGO AND CHARLESTON.

On the 16th of May, 1860, a Republican National Convention met at Chicago, Illinois. Delegates were in attendance from all the free States, and also Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri, Texas, the Territories of Kansas and Nebraska and the District of Columbia. Three ballots were taken for President, and on the last the following vote was cast: Lincoln, 231½; Seward, 184½; Chase, 24½; Bates, 22; McLean, 5; Dayton, 1; C. M. Clay, 1. This gave Lincoln 23½ votes, of within 2½ of a nomination, when several delegations changed their ballots, and gave him 254 votes.—Hannibal Hamlin was nominated for vice-President. A convention of the Constitutional Union party convened in Baltimore on the 9th of May and put in the field John Bell, of Tennessee, for President, and Edward Everett, of Massachusetts, for Vice-President. The Democratic National Convention of 1860 met in Charleston, South Carolina, on April 26th. There was delegates present from all the States in the Union. After a stormy debate upon a platform, a portion of the delegates left the convention, and those that remained proceeded to ballot. The first ballot stood: Douglas, 145½; Guthrie, 35; Hunter, 42; Dickinson, 1; Johnson, 12; Lane, 6; Davis, 1½; Toucey, 2½; Pierce, 1. The fifth ballot stood: Douglas, 151½; Guthrie, 68½; Hunter, 10; Dickinson, 4; Lane, 15; Davis, ½. The convention adjourned to meet in Baltimore on the 18th of June. The meeting took place as ordered, and the following ballots for President were recorded:

	1st.	2nd
Douglas	173½	183½
Breckenridge	5	2½
Guthrie	10	2½

Stephen A Douglas was declared the choice of the convention for President, and Benjamin Fitzpatrick, of Alabama, was nominated for Vice President. He subsequently declined, and Herschel V Johnson, of Georgia, was put in his place. The delegates who withdrew from the Charleston Convention immediately assembled at St. Andrew's Hall, in that city, and, after adopting a series of resolutions, adjourned to meet in Richmond, Virginia, on the second Monday in June. This body, after a number of meetings, finally endorsed the nomination of Breckenridge and Lane. On the 28th of June the delegates who did not participate in the convention which nominated Douglas and Johnson assembled in Baltimore and proceeded to ballot for a candidate for President, and John C. Breckenridge, of Kentucky, received the unanimous vote of the delegates present, being 105 from the twenty States represented. For Vice-President General Joseph Lane, of Oregon, received the unanimous vote of the convention (105) on the first ballot.

THE CONVENTIONS OF 1864.

On the [illegible] of June, 1864, a convention of Union Republicans met at Baltimore, Md., and nominated Abraham Lincoln, of Illinois, for President, and Andrew Johnson, of Tennessee, for Vice President. The Democratic National Convention of 1864 assembled in Baltimore on the 7th of June. Hon. William Bennison, of Ohio, was President. Abraham Lincoln was renominated on the first ballot by a unanimous vote, with the exception of the vote of Missouri, which was cast for Grant. For Vice-President, Andrew Johnson was nominated on the first ballot. The National Democratic Convention of 1864, convened at Chicago, on the 29th of August. Ex-Governor Seymour, of New York, was appointed permanent chairman. The vote was: for McClellan, 202½; for Seymour, 23½. Hon. George H. Pendleton, of Ohio was selected for Vice-President on the second ballot.

The Republican National Convention met at Chicago on the 21st of May, 1868. General Joseph R. Hawley, of Connecticut, was selected as President of the body. A ballot was taken, and the President announced that 650 votes had been cast, all for General U. S. Grant. On the fifth ballot for Vice-President, Schuyler Colfax, of Indiana, received 522 votes, and was placed upon the ticket as a candidate for Vice-President. On the Fourth of July, 1868, the delegates of the Democratic party met in New York to nominate candidates for President and Vice-President. Hon. Horatio Seymour was selected as President of the convention. After the transaction of the preliminary business the voting commenced with the following result:

Ballots.	Seymour.	Blair.	Hendricks.	Pendleton.	Hancock.	Johnson.	Doolittle.	Hendricks.	Blair.
1	105	33½	24½	15	26	65	13	21	4
2	99½	45	32½	15½	26	92	12½	2	10½
3	119½	42½	33	7½	26	94½	12	9½	4½
4	122½	44	33	7½	26	94½	12	9½	4½
5	119½	44½	32	7½	26	94	12	11½	2
6	105	45	33	7	26	94	12	19½	19½
7	97	45	33	7	26	91	12	20	..
8	90	..	..	7	26	..	12	8	5
9	104½	48½	..	7	26	43	12	81	5
10	104½	48	..	7	26	43	12	84½	5
11	104½	..	..	7	..	43	12	82½	5
12	107½	113½	..	7	..	43	12	76½	..
13	108	113½	..	7	..	43	12	80	..
14	108	144½	..	7	34½	10	12	87	..
15	108	142	..	7	..	10	12	87½	14½
16	108	142½	..	7	..	..	12	121	15
17	108	142½	..	19	..	..	12	122½	..

THE CONVENTION OF 1868.

The first Republican National Convention was held on the 17th of June, 1856, in the city of Philadelphia. An informal ballot resulted as follows: Fremont, 359; M-Lean, 196. Col. John C. Fremont was then declared nominated.—Upon the same ticket was placed William L. Dayton, of New Jersey, as Vice President. The American National Council met in Philadelphia, February 22d, 1856, and nominated Hon. Millard Fillmore for President and Andrew Jackson Donelson for Vice President. Cincinnati was the meeting place of the Democratic Convention of 1856. The delegates assembled on the 2d of June, and cast seventeen ballots, as follows:

Ballots.	Buchanan.	Pierce.	Douglas.	Usas.
1	135	122	33	5
2	139	119½	33½	5
3	138½	119	32	5½
4	141½	119	30	5½
5	140	119½	31	5½
6	135½	121½	28	5½
7	141½	87	58	5½
8	146	87	56	5
9	146	87	56	5
10	150½	80½	59½	5½
11	147½	80	63	5½
12	148	79	63½	5½
13	150	77½	63	5½
14	152½	73	63	5½
15	148½	34	114½	4
16	168	..	..	6
17	296	..	..	..

On the 16th of May, 1860, a Republican National Convention met at Chicago, Illinois. Delegates were in attendance from all the free States, and also Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri, Texas, the Territories of Kansas and Nebraska and the District of Columbia. Three ballots were taken for President, and on the last the following vote was cast: Lincoln, 231½; Seward, 184½; Chase, 24½; Bates, 22; McLean, 5; Dayton, 1; C. M. Clay, 1. This gave Lincoln 23½ votes, of within 2½ of a nomination, when several delegations changed their ballots, and gave him 254 votes.—Hannibal Hamlin was nominated for vice-President. A convention of the Constitutional Union party convened in Baltimore on the 9th of May and put in the field John Bell, of Tennessee, for President, and Edward Everett, of Massachusetts, for Vice-President. The Democratic National Convention of 1860 met in Charleston, South Carolina, on April 26th. There was delegates present from all the States in the Union. After a stormy debate upon a platform, a portion of the delegates left the convention, and those that remained proceeded to ballot. The first ballot stood: Douglas, 145½; Guthrie, 35; Hunter, 42; Dickinson, 1; Johnson, 12; Lane, 6; Davis, 1½; Toucey, 2½; Pierce, 1. The fifth ballot stood: Douglas, 151½; Guthrie, 68½; Hunter, 10; Dickinson, 4; Lane, 15; Davis, ½. The convention adjourned to meet in Baltimore on the 18th of June. The meeting took place as ordered, and the following ballots for President were recorded:

	1st.	2nd
Douglas	173½	183½
Breckenridge	5	2½
Guthrie	10	2½

Stephen A Douglas was declared the choice of the convention for President, and Benjamin Fitzpatrick, of Alabama, was nominated for Vice President. He subsequently declined, and Herschel V Johnson, of Georgia, was put in his place. The delegates who withdrew from the

SCATTERING.

Delaware, Bayard,	6	Penn., Black,	21
Florida, blank,	2	W. Virginia, blank,	2
Georgia, blank,	4	Grambeck,	2
New Jersey, Bayard,	9		

Hon. B. Gratz Brown was nominated for Vice-President by 713 votes to 19 scattering.

Parsonage Papers.

No. 8.

BY J. L. KILLORE, D. D., M. D., PASTOR OF KENT ISLAND M. P. CHURCH.

THE SABBATH.

"The Sabbath was made for man."—Bible.

THE CHRISTIAN SABBATH.

Unlike every [illegible] it. The infidel has long supposed that he has discarded all that is vital and saving in Christianity. With him Christian experience is entirely [illegible]. Gospel institutes are costly on [illegible] ments which might be augmented by enlightened education. Place is supplanted by the God of Ca[illegible], while recently the Sabbath has been secularized by infidelity, purloined by [illegible], avarice, and polluted by sensuality; but [illegible] to man Jehovah still says: "Remember [illegible] that thou keep holy the Sabbath day."

The triumphs of redemption are the subjects