

The committee to whom was referred the petition of the heirs of General John Hoskins Stone, deceased, have taken the same into their most serious consideration and beg leave to report :

That the father of the petitioners, General John Hoskins Stone, deceased, had paid during his life into the treasury of the Western Shore, at several periods of time, a sum of money amounting to thirteen hundred and sixty pounds and two pence half penny, for proclamation land warrants obtained under an act of assembly passed at November session seventeen hundred and ninety five, chapter eighty eight, as appears by a statement signed by the treasurer of the Western Shore in the possession of the committee. In consequence of the subsequent failure of the father of the petitioners to complete the payment of the composition money necessary to secure his title to the said lands by the provisions of an act of assembly passed at November session eighteen hundred and four, they reverted to the state. It appears to the committee that the father of the petitioners for many years before his death was rendered incapable of any attention to business by his infirmities, which were properly ascribed to a wound he received during the revolutionary war in defence of the liberties of his country; and which undoubtedly prevented his securing to his children the lands in question. Taking into consideration the distinguished services of this most esteemed and valuable officer, both in a military and civil capacity, and the unhappy causes which have rendered necessary the present application of the petitioners, your committee feel themselves justified in submitting to the consideration of the house the following resolution :

*Resolved*, That the treasurer of the Western Shore be, and he is hereby authorised and directed to pay out of any unappropriated money in the treasury, to Nathaniel P. Causin in right of his wife Eliza, the sum of six hundred and eighty pounds current money, and to Ann Turner the sum of six hundred and eighty pounds current money, or to their orders.

JOHN N. WATKINS, Clk.

By order,

Which was read.

Mr. Neale delivers a bill entitled, an act for the benefit of Ignatius Pike of Saint Mary's county.

Which was read.

Mr. Hughes delivers a bill entitled, an act for the benefit of Robert Gorsuch, late collector of Baltimore county. Which was read.

Mr. Hughes delivers a bill entitled, an act for the benefit of Thomas W. Griffith, late collector of Baltimore county. Which was read.

The bill entitled, an act to authorise the sale of the real estate therein mentioned, was read the second time, passed and sent to the senate.

Mr. Taney delivers a bill entitled, an act for the relief of Lewis Michael of Frederick county. Which was read.

Mr. Bowles delivers a bill entitled, a further supplement to an act entitled, an act to incorporate companies to make several turnpike roads through Baltimore county, and for other purposes. Which was read.

The bill entitled, an act to repeal part of the act entitled, an act for the ease of the inhabitants in examining evidence relating to the bounds of lands, and in the manner of obtaining injunctions, was read the second time and passed.

The clerk of the senate delivers the bill to lay out and open a road in Frederick and Montgomery counties, endorsed, "will pass." Ordered to be engrossed. The bill entitled, a further supplement to the act entitled, an act for quieting possessions and securing and confirming the estates of purchasers, and the bill to provide for the appointment of commissioners for the regulation and improvement of Princess Anne in Somerset county, severally endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendments," which amendments were read.

The bill to provide for the erection of a new court house in Hagers town, Washington county, endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendment;" which amendment was read. Also the following resolutions :

BY THE SENATE, January 9, 1816.

WHEREAS, The Legislatures of Massachusetts and Connecticut, have proposed that the seven propositions of amendment to the constitution of the United States be submitted to the several states, in the words following, to wit :

First. Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers of free persons, including those bound to serve for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, and all other persons.

Second. No new state shall be admitted into the Union by Congress, in virtue of the power granted by the constitution, without the concurrence of two thirds of both houses.

Third. Congress shall not have power to lay any embargo on the ships or vessels of the citizens of the United States in the ports or harbors thereof for more than sixty days.

Fourth. Congress shall not have power without the concurrence of two thirds of both houses to interdict the commercial intercourse between the United States and any foreign nation, or the dependencies thereof.

Fifth. Congress shall not make or declare war, or authorise acts of hostility against any foreign nation without the concurrence of two thirds of both houses, except such acts of hostility be in defence of the territories of the United States when actually invaded.

Sixth. No person who shall hereafter be naturalized shall be eligible as a member of the Senate or house of Representatives of the United States, nor capable of holding any civil office under the authority of the United States.

Seventh. The same person shall not be elected President of the United States a second time, nor shall the President be elected from the same state two terms in succession; therefore,

*Resolved*, by the General Assembly of Maryland, that the said seven several propositions of amendment to the constitution of the United States be, and the same are hereby rejected.

*Resolved*, That the governor be, and he is hereby required to transmit copies of the above resolution to the executives of the several states.