

MARRIAGE.

The governor and council directed to have marriage licences printed in the form prescribed by the act of February, 1777, ch. 12, and delivered to the treasurers, and by them to the county clerks, after countersigning, to be filled up and granted to the persons applying, under the seals of such clerks, who shall forfeit 50 dollars on issuing any licence contrary to this act, and 100 dollars for refusing or neglecting to apply for such licences. 1797, ch. 38, § 1, 2, 4.

— The form of the licences prescribed. February, 1777, ch. 12, § 12.

— The clerks to return, on or before the first of May, 1799, and annually thereafter, to the treasurers, a list of licences granted by them, and to pay 25¢ for every blank licence delivered, and not returned to the said treasurers. 1797, ch. 38, § 3.

— On refusal or neglect to make such returns, the treasurers may charge such clerks with the whole amount of blank licences delivered, at 25¢, and prosecute a suit therefor, declaring for money had and received, to be tried the first term, or continued at the discretion of the court. *Ibid.* § 5.

— The governor and council to keep the treasurers supplied with blank licences. *Ibid.* § 6.

— The clerks to account with the treasurers for licences granted before May, 1798. *Ibid.* § 7.

— The sum of 30¢ to be paid to the clerks on granting licence, 5¢ whereof they may retain. February, 1777, ch. 12, § 13.

The chancellor may determine all causes for alimony as fully as the ecclesiastical courts in England. *Ibid.* § 14.

The general court may determine the validity of any marriage, and may declare those contrary to the table aforesaid, or any second marriage, (the first subsisting,) null and void. *Ibid.* § 15.

On appeal, the depositions, &c. shall be transmitted, with the record, to the court of appeals, and such cause shall be determined, &c. *de novo.* *Ibid.*

If any man shall have one or more children by any woman whom he shall afterwards marry, such child or children, if acknowledged by the man, shall, in virtue of such marriage and acknowledgment, be legitimated, and capable in law to inherit and transmit inheritance as if born in wedlock. 1786, ch. 45, § 7.

All marriages of free persons in a parish by any protestant minister, made known to the parish register, shall be entered by him in a book provided for the purpose. 1798, ch. 24, § 19.

— The ministers directed to acquaint the registers therewith. *Ibid.*

— If celebrated in any other parish, they shall acquaint the minister or a vestryman thereof. *Ibid.* § 20.

— Penalty on ministers, &c. failing in the duties assigned them. *Ibid.* § 21.

The registers of the parish to have the custody of all the registers of marriages, &c. to be shewn to any persons reasonably desiring the same. *Ibid.* § 22.

— To give a certificate thereof, which, when signed by them, and under the common seal of the vestry, shall be evidence. *Ibid.*

Guardians to female orphans to be appointed until the age of sixteen or marriage. *Ibid.* No. 101, ch. 12, § 1.

MARSHES.

Provision made for reclaiming a marsh adjoining Baltimore-town. November, 1766, ch. 22, 1768, ch. 23, September, 1770, ch. 7.

— For draining the Long Marsh in Queen-Anne's and Caroline counties. 1789, ch. 15.

MARTIAL LAW.

No person, except regular soldiers, mariners and marines, in the service of this state, or militia when in actual service, ought in any case to be subject to or punishable by martial law. Decl. 29.

MASTERS.

Manner of determining disputes between masters and servants. 1715, ch. 44, § 30, 31, 1796, ch. 67, § 21.

Disputes between masters and apprentices to be determined by the county or criminal courts. 1793, ch. 45.

MASTERS OF SHIPS.

Penalty on their suffering servants or slaves to frequent their ships, or on their keeping or concealing them. 1753, ch. 9, § 3, 4.

MAYOR.

New warrants for the election of delegates for the city of Baltimore, when necessary to be issued, shall go to the mayor. 1799, ch. 50, § 10.

MECHANICS.

See MANUFACTURERS.

MEDICAL SOCIETY.

The persons therein mentioned incorporated, by the name of "The Medical and Chirurgical Faculty of the State of Maryland," 1798, ch. 105, § 2.

Empowered to hold and dispose of real, personal and mixed estate, not to exceed in total value 10,000 dollars *per annum.* *Ibid.*

Directions for meeting, appointing a president, &c. and making a common seal. *Ibid.* § 3.

The society empowered to elect members. *Ibid.*

Persons elected members to pay a sum not exceeding 10 dollars. *Ibid.* § 7.

Empowered to elect twelve persons, to be styled "The Medical Board of Examiners for the State of Maryland." *Ibid.* § 4.

Five members for the western, or three for the eastern shore, to constitute a board. *Ibid.* § 5.

Mode of attesting the certificates granted by them. *Ibid.*

Any one of the said examiners may grant a licence to practise till a board can be held. *Ibid.*

After the appointment of the board, no person, not already a practitioner, shall be allowed to practise medicine or surgery, and receive payment, without a licence, under the penalty of 50 dollars. *Ibid.* § 6.

Such fine to be recovered in the county courts by presentment or indictment, half to the society and half to the informer. *Ibid.*

The society empowered to make regulations for their times of meeting, mode of electing officers, &c. *Ibid.* § 9.

MENONISTS.

See QUAKERS.

MERCHANDISE.

Not to be valued or chargeable with the public assessment. 1797, ch. 89, § 1.

MERCHANTS.

Accounts concerning the trade or merchandise between merchant and merchant, their factors and servants, not resident within the state, excepted out of the act for limitation of actions. 1715, ch. 23, § 2.

METHODISTS.