

ALLEGANY COUNTY.

of Allegany County, and the inhabitants to have the same rights, &c. as those of other counties. 1789, ch. 29, § 2.

Directions for the holding of courts, &c. and for the appointment of officers. *Ibid.* § 3 to 9.

Directions for the return of surveys of land lying, before the division, in Washington county. 1790, ch. 2.

Concerning the inspection of tobacco made in Allegany county. *Ibid.* ch. 55, § 10.

Commissioners of the tax appointed, and an account of all real and personal property therein, with the assessment thereof, directed to be transmitted to them from Washington county. *Ibid.* ch. 62.

The rate at which vacant land therein shall be taken up. 1791, ch. 85, § 8.

Money due for wolves heads, before the division of the county, directed to be levied. November, 1792, ch. 13.

The destruction of wolves therein encouraged. 1790, ch. 8; 1798, ch. 4.

The average value of lands established at 4% per acre. November, 1792, ch. 71, § 12.

Lands granted or sold under the act to dispose of the reserved lands, &c. (November, 1788, ch. 44) to be chargeable with assessment, &c. according to the valuation set by this act. *Ibid.* § 14.

Lists thereof directed to be forwarded by the register of the land office to the commissioners of the tax. *Ibid.* § 15.

Directions for collecting the county charges in Allegany county by distress and sale, &c. *Ibid.* ch. 66.

Provision for selling the land, or a part thereof, where no personal property can be found. 1796, ch. 8; 1799, ch. 74.

The act for the more effectual collection of the county charges not to extend to Allegany county. 1797, ch. 90, § 7.

Regulations respecting sheep and swine. 1793, ch. 9.

A court-house to be built at the town of Cumberland. *Ibid.* ch. 17.

Provision for adjusting the boundaries of the settlers lots to the westward of Port Cumberland. *Ibid.* ch. 62.

Regulations respecting the public roads. 1794, ch. 52, § 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21, 1798, ch. 78.

John C. Beatty, sheriff and collector of Allegany county, empowered to collect the balances due him. 1795, ch. 17.

Regulations respecting the militia therein. 1797, ch. 3, 1798, ch. 100, § 17, 18, 19.

Allowance to jurymen therein. 1798, ch. 3.

Regulations respecting insolvent petitioners therein. 1799, ch. 88, § 12.

A school incorporated therein. 1798, ch. 58.

Allegany county to be laid off for the purpose of holding elections, into six separate districts. 1798, ch. 115, confirmed by 1799, ch. 48.

Commissioners appointed to lay off the said districts, and to fix the place of holding the election in each. 1799, ch. 50, § 20.

Part of Frederick county, Washington county and Allegany county, form the fourth district for the election of representatives in congress. 1791, ch. 62, § 1.

Washington and Allegany counties form the fourth district for appointing electors to choose the president and vice-president. 1795, ch. 73, § 1.

Washington, Frederick, Montgomery and Allegany counties, form the fifth district for holding county courts. 1796, ch. 43, § 2.

Allegany county court to be held the third Monday in April and October. *Ibid.* § 3.

ALLEGIANCE.

Persons appointed to any office of profit or trust to take an oath, that they do, and that they will be faithful and bear true allegiance to the state of Maryland. Const. 55.

ALMS-HOUSES.

See POOR.

AMENDMENT.

On appearance by administrators, &c. to suits that would before have abated, the court may suffer proceedings by either party to be corrected and altered, so as to bring the merits fairly to trial. 1785, ch. 80, § 1.

The courts of law may allow amendments in all proceedings before verdict, so as to bring the merits of the question between the parties fairly to trial. *Ibid.* § 3.

If an amendment is made after the jury is sworn, a juror shall be withdrawn. *Ibid.*

Where an amendment is made, the adverse party shall have time allowed, in the discretion of the court, to prepare to support his case on the state of the proceeding so amended. *Ibid.*

Such costs shall be allowed the party against whom the amendment is made as the court shall think just. *Ibid.*

Amendments to the constitution of the United States, proposed by congress to the several states, ratified by this state, 1789, ch. 6, 1794, ch. 27.

AMERCIAMENTS.

Plaintiffs being cast, or discontinuing, or defendants being cast, (except executors, administrators and minors,) if they impare, shall be amerced 50 lbs. of tobacco in the general court, and 30 lbs. in the county courts. 1722, ch. 12, § 1.

Defendants not liable against whom judgment is rendered the first court. *Ibid.* § 2.

The clerks to keep and render an account of amerciaments, and send them to the sheriffs. 1715, ch. 41, § 11, 12.

Directions for collecting and paying them. *Ibid.* § 11, February; 1777, ch. 6, June, 1780, ch. 8, § 9.

The collection to be superintended by the state's agent. 1799, ch. 80, § 4.

Amerciament, how to be entered against sheriffs or coroners failing to bring into court persons arrested on mesne process in any criminal proceeding. 1793, ch. 60.

On a sheriff or coroner failing, when called on by order of court to return any original writ within the time limited by rule of court, and on failure when called on to bring before the court any defendant arrested on any original writ or mesne process, the court on motion, shall cause such sheriff or coroner to be amerced to the amount of the debt, &c. due from the defendant. 1794, ch. 54, § 2.

Such amount to be ascertained by the oath of the plaintiff, his factor, agent or attorney, and such other proof as the court may require. *Ibid.*

The court shall enter judgment for the said amount nisi the second day of the next term against such sheriff or coroner. *Ibid.*

The court, on motion, shall, of course, make an order on the sheriff or coroner for the return of any writ, unless satisfied by his oath, or otherwise, that such writ was not received by him; or (to the best of his knowledge,) by any of his deputies. *Ibid.* § 4.

Sheriffs or coroners, on satisfying the judgment on amerciament, are entitled to execution or suit thereon in their own names, or in the names of the plaintiffs. *Ibid.* § 3.

One associate justice may direct judgments on such amerciaments to be entered. 1796, ch. 43, § 5.