STAR

OR,

E'n. Shore General Advertiser.

EASTON, Tuesday Morning
March 15, 1803.

We have this morning commenced the publication of the debates in the Senate of the United States, on the improper proceedings of the Spanish Intendant, in obstructing the free navigation of the river Mississippi. In order that the reader may not allow himself to be biassed in favor of the arguments of Mr. Ross, we shall continue the debates on that important subject, as they may come to hand.

List of appointments made by the President of the United States, shall appear on Tuesday next.

The President of the United States left the City of Washington, on the seventh instant, for Monticello.

Mr. MUNROE, our envoy extraordinary to the French and Spanish governments, sailed from New York on Sunday 6th inst. in the ship Richmond.

The report that 15,000 men were in arms in Kentucky, ready to rush to war, is, as was expected, a mere *federal fabrication.* The Palladium, printed at Frankfort, K. is entirely silent on the subject.

The ticket No. 11,508, has drawn a prize of 25,000 dollars, in the lottery at New York, for the promotion of Literature in that state. It was sold to Messrs. Isaac Tomlinson & Co.

Extract of a letter from a mercantile house in New Orleans, dated 10th January, 1803.

"One hundred and fifty vessels for Europe, the West Indies and United States, have cleared from hence since the 1st of February last;—and we compute our ware houses now to contain cargoes for eighty vessels of two hundred tons each—besides what may come down the Mississippi hereafter, which will be considerable."

20th Jan. 1803.

"Several of us here have endeavored to make an estimate of the quantity of tonnage necessary to remove the American produce arriving here annually, and the result of our enquiry and calculations are, that two hundred vessels of two hundred and fifty tons are requisite."

On Tuesday, the 8th ultimo, the PITTSBURG, a *ship* of *two hundred and seventy tons burthen*, was launched at Tarascon, Brothers, Berthoud and co's. ship yard—she is the largest *vessel* that ever floated on the waters of the OHIO.

Mr. Cocke, senator from Tennessee, received letters from various parts of that state, on the 3d of March, which expressed the utmost confidence in the general government, and stating the general disposition of the people of that state to be in unison with the executive, a determination to suffer a partial evil rather than create universal distress, and until the result of the measures taken should be known. *Aurora.*

SANGUINARY.

New York, March 3.

Captain William Brooks, of the ship Sally, informs us that he sailed in company with a ship bound to Cape Francois, having on board TWO HUNDRED BLOOD HOUNDS, *to hunt the negroes!!!*

Extract of a letter from a gentleman of respectability, dated Rouen, 3d January, 1803.

"I shall say nothing upon public affairs because it is now three months since I left Paris, and all I have since heard worth mentioning to you is, that the senate have passed a degree giving Buonaparte the title of *The Emperor of the Gauls.*—I offer no comment."

CALUMNY REFUTED.

The Rev. William Parkinson, chaplain to congress, in a letter to his friend in Mifflin county, after mentioning the punctuality and attention of the members to divine worship, says, "I have "moreover the satisfaction of saying, "that the PRESIDENT, notwithstanding "all the clamor about his *infidelity*, has "never missed but ONE of my meetings "at the capitol, while in the city. I "preach on the LORD's day morning in "the capitol, and in the evening at the "treasury." [*Fred. Gaz.*

DIED—On Sunday night last, Mr. *James Cooper*, a resident of this county.

Caroline County, 4th March, 1803.

This day being the anniversary of Jefferson's instalment, a number of republicans assembled at Denton, in order to congratulate each other on the many advantages we are receiving under our republican form of government; and the blessings that are likely to be extended to the citizens of the United States, under the wise administration of our beloved president.

At twelve o'clock, a flag was displayed, with a discharge of a piece of artillery, presenting a motto, "*Jefferson the friend of the People.*"—Colonel William Whiteley being appointed president, and Mr. Peregrine Bayard vice president, for the day. At two o'clock the company sat down to a dinner which was prepared for the occasion, by Mr. William Boon, innkeeper. After dinner the following toasts were drank, with a discharge of artillery at each toast:

1. March 4, 1801—The day on which the servants of the people placed in the presidential chair the man of their choice.

2. The constitution of the United States, the republican compass.

3. Thomas Jefferson, the great, wise, and good man, who is reviled and evil spoken of by his enemies—yet revileth not again.

4. James Maddison, the great statesman.

5. Albert Gallatin, the able financier.

6. General Dearborne, the experienced soldier.

7. All the other officers of the several departments, that holds with a republican government as their polar star to guide their conduct.

8. Our republican senators and representatives in congress—may they retain their integrity and not become Burrs.

9. The memory of the great Washington.

10. The memory of all those brave officers and men who have died in the cause of liberty.

11. The nations in amity with us, a continuance of our friendly relations; but, if differences should arise, negociation before war.

12. The State of Ohio, the youngest sister of the union.

13. May the oppressed of all nations find an asylum in America.

14, The American fair—may virtue and republicanism guide their hearts and hands.

15. Reformation to apostate whigs, as for old tories they are past recovering, having given themselves over to wicked hearts and perverse minds.

16. May all those characters who are endeavoring to deceive our citizens by lies and misrepresentations, meet with a just recompense of reward.

17. May the deluded citizens of the United States, be speedily brought to see the benefits resulting from a republican government under a wise administration.

MR. SMITH,

A report having been industriously circulated, that the greatest part if not the whole of the money belonging and owing to the estate of Valentine Green, late of Caroline county, deceased, had been collected by the securities on the administration, and converted to their own use. Being myself one of the securities, I have deemed it proper with a view to repel a charge so malicious and unfounded, to procure from the register of wills of Caroline county, a statement of the receipts and disbursements, which I wish should appear in your paper.

I have the honor to be,
With sentiments of respect,
Your obedient servant,
JOHN YOUNG.

March 8th, 1803.

State of Maryland, Caroline county, to wit:

I do hereby certify that Jane Green, administratrix of Valentine Green, late deceased, did on the fifth day of September seventeen hundred and ninety nine, pass a partial account on the deceased's estate, as follows, viz.

The inventory £934 : 7 : 2. Additional inventory 104 : 10 : 9½—and list of debts sperate 655 : 13 : 6, amounting in the whole to £1694 11 5½, and that the payments, disbursements and commissions were £1506 12 2½, which left a balance to be accounted for by the administratrix of £187 19 3—and that on the twenty-eighth day of October, eighteen hundred, the administratrix aforesaid passed a second partial account on the said deceased's estate, at which time she further charged herself with sperate debts to the amount of £488 16 8 which added to the above unexpended balance of £187 19 3, amounts to £676 15 11; at which time she had an allowance for payments, disbursements and commissions, to the amount of £519 13 9½ which left a balance unexpended of £157 2 1¾—and I further certify, that at February term, 1803, there were a number of accounts exhibited to the orphans court against the said deceased's estate, to the amount of £544 5 2, which were examined and ordered to be allowed by the said court for all and every voucher as aforesaid, receipts are given and entered thereon. And I further certify that it appears the receipts on the said accounts are anterior to the first day of March, eighteen hundred and two, except an account for 41/3, which receipt has no date thereto. IN WITNESS that the aforegoing is a true copy in substance, I hereto set my hand this fifth day of March, eighteen hundred and three.

J. RICHARDSON, Reg'r Wills
for Caroline county.

Letter from Doctor Franklin, to John Alleyne, Esquire.

DEAR JACK,

You desire, you say, my impartial thoughts on the subject of an early marriage, by way of answer to the numberless objections that have been made by numerous persons to your own. You may remember, when you consulted me on the occasion, that I thought youth on both sides to be no objection. Indeed, from the marriages which have fallen under my observation, I am rather inclined to think, that early one stand the best chance for happiness. The tempers and habits of the young are not yet become so stiff and uncomplying, as when more advanced in life, they form more easily to each other; and hence many occasions of disgust are removed. And if youth has less of that prudence, which is necessary to manage a family—yet the parents and elder friends of young maried persons are generally at hand, to afford their advice, which amply supplies that defect; and by early marriage, youth is sooner formed to regular and useful life; and possibly of those accidents or connexions, that might have injured the constitution, or reputation, or both, are hereby happily prevented. Particular circumstances, of particular persons, may possibly sometimes make it prudent to delay entering into that state; but in general when nature has rendered our bodies fit for it, the presumption is in nature's favor, that she has not judged amiss in making us desire it. Late marriages are often attended, too, with this future inconvenience, that there is not the same chance, that the parents shall live to see their offspring educated. "Late children," says the Spanish proverb, "are early orphans;" a melancholy reflection to those whose case it may be! with us in America, marriages are generally in the morning of our life; our children are therefore educated and settled in the world by noon; and thus our business being done, we have an afternoon and evening of cheerful leisure to ourselves, such as our friend at present enjoys. By these early marriages, we are blest with more children; and, from the mode among us, founded by nature, of every mother suckling and nursing her own child, more of them are raised. Thence the swift progress of population among us, unparalleled in Europe. In fine, I am glad you are married; and congratulate you most cordially upon it.——You are now in the way of becoming a useful citizen; and you have escaped the unnatural state of celibacy for life—the fate of many here, who never intended it—but who, having too long postponed the change of their condition, find, at length, that it is too late to think of it; and so live all their lives in a situation that greatly lessens a man's value—an old value of a set of books bears not the value of its proportion to the set—what think you of the old half of a pair of scissars? It can't well cut any thing—it may possibly serve to scrape a trencher.

Pray make my compliments and best wishes acceptable to your bride. I am old and heavy; or I should ere this have presented them in person. I shall make but small of the old man's privilege, that of giving advice to younger friends.—Treat your wife always with respect; it will procure respect to you, not from her only, but from all that observe it. Never use a slighting expression to her, even in jest; for slights in jest, after frequent bandyings, are apt to end in angry earnest. Be studious in your profession; and you will be learned. Be industrious and frugal; and you will be rich. Be sober and temperate; and you will be healthy. Be in general virtuous; and you will be happy! At least, you will, by such conduct, stand the best chance for such consequences. I pray God to bless you both! being, ever, your affectionate friend. —— B. F.

List of Acts passed at the Second Session of the Seventh Congress.

1. An act for the relief of Charles Hyde.

2. An act authorising the sale of a piece of land, parcel of the navy-yard belonging to the United States, in Charlestown, in the state of Massachusetts, to the proprietors of the Salem turnpike road and Chelsea bridge corporation.

3. An act for the relief of Henry Messonnier.

4. An act for the relief of the sufferers by fire, in the town of Portsmouth.

5. An act to provide for the granting of clearances to ships or vessels owned by citizens of the United States, lying in the river Mississippi south of the southern boundary of the United States; and there in to amend an act, entitled "an act to regulate the collection of duties on imports and tonnage;" and for other purposes.

6. An act in addition to an act entitled "an act fixing the military peace establishment of the United States."

7. An act supplementary to the "act concerning consuls and vice consuls" and for the further protection of American seamen.

8. An act to provide an additional armament for the protection of the seamen and commerce of the United States.

9. An act to prevent the importation of certain persons into certain states, where by the laws thereof their admission is prohibited.

10. An act in addition to an act, entitled "an act more effectually to provide for the national defence, by establishing an uniform militia throughout the United States."

11. An act for continuing in force a law, entitled "an act for establishing trading houses with the Indian tribes."

12. An act for the relief of Moses White.

13. An act in addition to an act, entitled "an act concerning the registering and recording the ships and vessels of the United States," and to the act, entitled "an act to regulate the collection of duties on imports and tonnage."

14. An act supplementary to an act, entitled "an act providing passports for ships and vessels of the United States.

15. An act making an appropriation for the support of the navy of the United States, for the year one thousaud eight hundred and three.

16. An act making appropriations for the support of government for the year 1803.

17. An act in addition to the act, entitled "an act regulating the grants of land appropriated for the refugees from the British provinces of Canada and Nova Scotia."

18. An act concerniug the salt springs on the waters of the Wabash river.

19 An act concerning the insurance of buildings, goods and furniture in the county of Alexandria, in the territory of Columbia.

20. An act in addition to and in modification of the propositions contained in the act, entitled "an act to enable the people of the eastern division of the territory north west of the river Ohio, to form a constitution and state govornment, on an equal footing with the original states, and for other purposes."

21. An act to make Beaufort and Passamaquoddy ports of entry and delivery; to make Easton and Tiverton ports of delivery; and to authorize the establishment of a new collection district on Lake Ontario.

22. An act more effectually to provide for the organization of the militia of the district of Columbia.

23. An act for the relief of insolvent debtors within the district of Columbia.

24. An act to prolong the continuance of the mint at Philadelphia.

25. An act in addition to an act, entitled "an act to amend the judicial system of the United States."

26. An act making appropriations for the military establishment of the United States for the year one thousand eight hundred and three.

27. An act to revive and continue in force an act in addition to an act, entitled "an act in addition to an act regulating the grants of land appropriated for military services, and for the society of the United Brethern for the propagating the gospel among the heathen;" and for other purposes.

28. An act authorizing the transfer of the duties of supervisors to any other office.

29. An act concerning the city of Washington.

30. An act for the relief of Joshua Havey and others.

31. An act regulating the grants of land, providing for the disposal of the lands of the United States, south of the state of Tennessee.

32. An act to provide for the due execution of the laws of the United States, within the state of Ohio.

33. An act to alter the time of holding the court of the United States in Kentucky district.

34. An act to alter the time for the next meeting of congress.

35. An act directing a detachment from the militia of the United States, and for erecting certain arsenals.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

(By Authority.)

SEVENTH CONGRESS,
OF THE
UNITED STATES;

AT THE SECOND SESSION,

Begun and held at the City of Washington, in the territory of Columbia, on Monday, the sixth of December, one thousand eight hundred and two.

AN ACT

For the relief of Henry Messonnier.

BE *it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled,* That there be paid to Henry Messonnier, from any money in the treasury, not heretofore appropriated by law, the sum of six hundred and fifty-five dollars, and ninety cents, being the amount of duties paid by him on fourteen hogsheads of coffee imported in the ship Pacareau, captain Latour, and entered at the port of Baltimore, on the eighteenth day of February, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, which sum had also been paid on the same fourteen hogsheads of coffee, by Champaign and Deyme.

NATHL. MACON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
A. BURR,
Vice President of the United States, and President of the Senate.

APPROVED, February 10, 1803.
TH: JEFFERSON,
President of the United States.

AN ACT

Authorising the sale of a piece of land, parcel of the Navy-yard belonging to the United States, in Charlestown, in the state of Massachusetts, to the proprietors of the Salem Turnpike road and Chelsea bridge Corporation.

BE *it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled,* That the secretary of the navy be, and he hereby is authorised and empowered, by indenture of bargain and sale, in common form, to convey, in fee simple, to the proprietors to the Salem turnpike and Chelsea bridge corporation, by their proper name of incorporation, a certain piece of land, lying on the western corner, and being parcel of the navy-yard belonging to the United States, in Charlestown, in the state of Massachusetts, containing fifteen square perches, or thereabouts, or so much thereof as is required to enable the said proprietors to lay out and make a turnpike road from Salem to Charlestown bridge, near Boston, according to the plan exhibited to congress by the said proprietors.

Sect. 2. *And be it further enacted,* That it shall be the duty of the said secretary, prior to the making the said conveyance, to cause the said piece of land to be valued by disinterested men, to be appointed in such manner as he shall agree with the said proprietors; the amount of which said valuation, being paid to the use of the United States, it shall then, and not before, be lawful for the said secretary to make the aforesaid conveyance.

NATHL. MACON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
A. BURR,
Vice President of the United States, and President of the Senate.

APPROVED, Feb. 10th, 1803.
TH: JEFFERSON,
President of the United States.

Subscription Ball.

On Thursday the 17th instant a subscription Ball will be given at Mr. Lowe's Inn, Washington street, Easton.

By order of the Managers.

Easton March 8, 1803. 2

Public Vendue.

The subscriber having rented out his farm on the Head of Wye, for the present year, offers at public sale, on Wednesday the 30th instant, if fair, if not, the next fair day.

THE greater part of his stock, consisting of work horses, cattle, sheep, and hogs; farming utensils of every description. A credit of six months will be given, the purchaser giving bond with approved security, bearing interest from day of sale.

JAMES BORDLEY.

Head of Wye, March 15, 1803. 3

N. B. He has some hands to hire out for the remainder of the year. J. B.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the constables and applicants for collector for Talbot county, are requested to attend the sitting of the levy court, on Monday the 21st of March.

By order of the levy court,
J. LOOCKERMAN, clk.

March 1, 1803. 3

Notice.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of *John Ewing*, late of Caroline county, deceased, are requested to bring them in, properly authenticated, on the twenty-sixth day of April next, to the subscriber, who will attend at Denton, on that day, to strike a dividend of said estate; those neglecting to bring in their claims on or before that day, will be excluded from a dividend.

JOSEPH EWING, Adm'r.
de bonis non of John Ewing.

Caroline County, March 15, 1803. 6

Notice.

ALL persons are forwarned employing or harboring two negro men, the property of the subscriber, by the names of TOM and AMBROSE, sawyers by trade; as they have for some time past been sawing for persons in different parts of the county, whereby she has been deprived of their time, or any emolument from them: This is therefore to forwarn persons from employing them without a line from Mr. *Levin T. Speddin*, Easton, or the subscriber; as legal steps will be taken with those who neglect to attend to this notice, after the present date.

ELIZABETH SEWELL.

Bayside, March 15, 1803. 3

THE subscriber having commenced the *Boot & Shoe-making Business*, in the shop formerly kept by Mr. John Blake, Washington-street, Easton. He intends carrying on the business in all its various branches, where those that may favor him with their commands may depend on having them executed at the shortest notice, and in the best manner; as he is determined to pay the strictest attention to his business, with a competent set of journeymen, he thinks himself warranted in making a proffer of his services to a generous public.

NICHOLAS VALLIANT.

March 15, 1803. tf

N. B. He has now on hand an assortment of the best materials in his line, where immediate supplies may be had.

N. V.