July 7, 1888

...bout Living Queens.

...Victoria has now reigned over England longer than any monarch but two—Henry III. and George III. She overtook Queen Elizabeth six years ago, and has outdone Edward III., who only reigned 148 days over half a century. If she lives a few years longer Victoria will have reigned longer than any other royal personage of history.

Queen Elizabeth of Roumania is intensely musical, fond of dancing and has written a ballet.

Queen Olga of Greece is practical, dresses plainly and goes in for domestic economy, etc., even making her own bonnets, it is said.

Dagmar of Russia, the Princess of Wales's sister, is said to be politically smart, though not very intellectual otherwise. Like all her sisters, she is very clever with her needle, as they had to make their own clothes before their father got to be King.

Old Eugenie, ex-Empress, is said to have developed strange idiosyncrasies, besides being a recluse. One is a tendency to Spiritualism and a belief that she can communicate with her dead Prince Imperial. It is well understood that she intends to make Princess Beatrice of England her heiress.

Queen Natalie of Servia, after being long banished, is going back to her husband, it is said, the trouble being patched up. It was charged that she was trying to crowd her lord and master off the throne.

The ex-Queen of Hanover, an almost forgotten personage, is now in her seventieth year, and lives in a secluded, out-of-the-way spot, where she spends most of her time quarreling with her son, the Duke of Cumberland.

The Queen of Spain, recently, after the performance, called Sarah Bernhardt into the box and gave her a bouquet tied in ribbon and secured by a splendid sapphire, mounted with diamonds.

Marie, the daughter of the Empress of Austria, is about to marry Prince Ruprecht, of Bavaria, who is, according to the loyal Jacobites, the heir apparent to the English throne.

Victoria of Germany, it is said, tastes portions of every article of food intended for the Emperor, and superintends the preparation of most of it herself.

Queen Marguerite of Italy shows more and more fondness for American literature, and, it is said, gets all the leading magazines published in the United States.

The Queen of Sweden since she learned and began cooking by the advice of her physician for her health takes long walks and often goes into the peasants' houses and shows them how to make good dishes.

Olga, of Greece, is the most beautiful Queen of Europe, and is sister-in law of the Empress of Russia and the Princess of Wales.

The Queen of Denmark is intensely deaf, but fond of music, and has a big and powerful organ that she can hear.

Elizabeth of Austria has developed an unfortunate skin disease and wears a veil continually.

Isabella, ex-Queen of the Spaniards, when she appears abroad wears a costume very much the same as that of a nun.

The Queen of England's grandson, George "Collars and Cuffs," is irreverent. He was dancing at a ball recently with a pretty but plebeian partner, when his brother called him to account. "You can go and hum, God save grandmother," was his retort, "I'll dance with whom I please."

The Queen Regent of Spain chooses the word daily for the countersign, without which no one is admitted to the palace by the many guards. This is communicated to the highest military official, who happens to be Marshal Campo, who proclaimed Alfonso King. —*Philadelphia Times.*

...munity in Ohio in Which All ...operty is Held in Common—Their Live Stock—A Procession of Milkmaids.

A letter from Zoar, Ohio, to the Worcester (Mass.) *Spy* says: This settlement of German mystics and communists, holding all property absolutely in common, is a complete little kingdom in itself. The Zoarites own 7000 acres of land in one tract, of which half is under cultivation, while the remainder is heavily timbered with valuable walnut, oak and pine trees. Their original purchase here was 10,000 acres, but 3000 have been sold from time to time at a great advance over first cost. Every article, implement or machine that is used, wrought with, eaten, drunk or worn by the Zoarites, is produced in Zoar, as are also the materials of which it is composed. The only exceptions to this rule are coffee, tea, sugar and spices. The shoes the Zoarites wear are made by their own shoemaker from leather prepared by their own tanners from hides taken from their own cattle. The coal that warms them and cooks their food is dug in their own mines and burned in stoves cast in their own foundry, from iron smelted in their own furnaces, from ore found in abundance on their own lands. The clothing that covers them is made by their own tailors, from cloth woven in their own mill from wool sheared from their own sheep. The beer they drink is brewed in their own brewery, from malt made by their own malsters and hops grown on their own lands.

All manufacturing in Zoar is done by water power. Steam is scarcely used at all. The Tuscarawas river, by means of dams, is made to flow with sufficient swiftness and volume to supply thirty or forty horse-power to each of the Zoarite manufactories. Nearly all the machinery used was made in Zoar by Zoarite mechanics. One of their principal products is flour, of which, after supplying their own wants, they ship large quantities to Pittsburg, Cleveland, Washington and Baltimore. One of the chief places of interest in Zoar is the great collection of immense barns, in which the milch cattle are kept. A considerable portion of the Zoarites' wealth is invested in their live stock, and they have devoted much attention to determining what are really the best breeds. They have experimented largely with the Holstein, the Jersey, the Alderney and the Durham, and are now inclined to favor the last named, though all four varieties are well represented in their herds. Every sanitary and convenient device that modern ingenuity has been able to suggest is utilized in the construction of these cow stables. The stalls extend in long rows on either side of a broad aisle, and the conditions for light and ventilation are of the most favorable kind. Already the cows are out at pasture, and it is a rare sight to see the mild-faced, patient creatures come filing in at eventide in a seemingly interminable procession, each one knowing her accustomed place, and going voluntarily to it without the slightest disturbance or confusion.

On the morning and evening of each day all the young women in Zoar repair, in merry procession, to these barns and milk the cows. As members of Congress sometimes are for a much less useful purpose, the girls are "paired," and to each two are assigned eight cows, which they must always milk. Fancy more than thirty buxom young milkmaids, with the good looks which are the offspring of good health, outdoor exercise and good diet, sparkling in their eyes, lips and cheeks. Each one is tastefully dressed in well-fitting chintz or calico, and wears a white apron, which, like everything else about these most attractive young women, is scrupulously neat and clean. The girls have the privilege of naming the cows assigned to them, and the name of each cow is painted over her stall. These names show that there is a trace of the romantic in the minds of the young women of Zoar, the bovines rejoicing in such fanciful appellations as Lilly, Maud, Ethel, etc.

Another place in which to see the Zoarite young women to advantage is the bakery, where all the bread and pies for the entire community are baked fresh every morning. From seventy-five to a hundred loaves comprise the average daily consumption of the town. The baking is done by men, but each household sends its young women to the bakery to procure its supply of daily bread and carry it home wrapped in a large, spotless white cloth which each damsel carries with her.

Besides these quaint processions of young women to the cow stables and the bakery, there is another similar one to be seen in Zoar on every pleasant day. That is, a procession of girls, ranging from eight to thirteen years, drawing in an old-fashioned baby carriage a younger brother or sister for an airing. As all property in Zoar is held in common, so the Zoarites share equally, and participate together in all their pleasures and duties. Thus even the babies of the society are "aired" simultaneously in a long drawn-out procession.

For the pleasure of the members of the society and their visitors a public garden and a greenhouse are maintained in Zoar. Both are of considerable extent and would be highly creditable to any large city.

Remedy for Torpid Liver.

One of the best and simplest remedies for torpid liver or biliousness is a glass of hot water with half a lemon squeezed into it, but no sugar, night and morning. A person to whom this was recommended tried it, and found himself better almost immediately. His daily headaches, which medicine had failed to cure, left him, his appetite improved, and he gained several pounds within a few weeks. This is so simple a remedy that any person thus afflicted will do well to give it a trial, as it cannot possibly do any harm.—*Family Herald.*

A Farmer's View of Preaching.

Well, wife, your sermons seems to me,
Ain't like the stiff plow;
They're easy, purty kind o' things,
But don't go deep somehow.
They take ye over lots o' ground,
An' science styles is such,
But in the furrows an' the plow,
That one don't feel it much.

To-day our preacher skimmed along,
An' "scared to do a heap,"
A cutin furrer of the words
He ought er plowed in deep;
An' when he hollered at the end,
An' got his team ungeared,
The devil laffed to see the furrer
A growin', I'm afeard.

This scientific plowin', now,
An' science preachin', too,
Both run too shallow for the work
The plut has got to do.
You've got to let the traces out,
An' change the clevis pin,
Then hitch the handles, mind 'em tight,
An' let the plut go in.

—*Jim H. Cake, in Omaha World.*

THE TEREDO.

THE TERRIBLE WORM WHICH DESTROYS SHIPS.

How this Curious Pest Operates—A Study of Its Habits—Its Great Strength—Preventing Its Ravages.

The point of attack chosen by these bivalvular pests, in a pile, is from about fifteen inches below up to high-water mark. This generally breaks the timber at about midway between the wharf and the surface of the earth. Imagine a stout pine trunk, of a diameter of a foot and a half, completely filled with long, tortuous channels, varying from one-quarter to three-quarters of an inch, and running from outer edge to outer edge. Now, as thin as is this sheet upon which I write these lines, as thin as the transparent division against which the golden honey rests in the waxen comb, so thin are the walls between each of the actual channels which mark the passage and progress of the worm through the doomed timber. As singular as it may seem, they never break through; they never disturb each other or trespass upon each other's territory. There may be a thousand of them in a single pile, but no instance has yet been found in which one of these passage ways intersected another or trenched upon another's right of way. They may all be boring at once—some up, some down, some laterally, some obliquely—and they may make their division walls as thin as it pleases them, but there is never an infraction of this law of absolute inviolability of each individual's right of way. It will easily be apprehended, therefore, how quickly a timber thus riddled will be worn away by the constant attrition of the tides, until it finally breaks, and brings with it in its fall the beams above, of which it was the support.

A study of the history and habits of this singular worm will be found neither uninteresting nor unprofitable. Its habitate was originally in the tropic seas, but being carried in the timbers of vessels into North American and European waters, it has become the terror and dread of wharfmen and captains of unsheathed sailing craft along the Atlantic and Pacific coasts and in the harbors of numbers of Mediterranean cities. According to the classification of Linnaeus, this bivalve belongs to the family of of Pholadidæ and genus teredo, so called from the habit of destroying ship or other timber. The shell is equally valved, and in form it is short, thick and round and widely open in front and rear. The shell is situated at the inner end of a tube, somewhat cyndrical in shape, and either straight or crooked as the case may be; the tube being open at each end in the full grown specimens and lined or coated with a white chalky paste or substance, which seems to be its digestive apparatus. The weapon of the teredo is not its teeth, as might be supposed. This singular animal has still another peculiarity, dependent however, upon the one last mentioned, for since its instrument is its foot, so it feels itself not from the mouth, but from the foot itself. The valves above noted are simply appendages of the foot. In fact, if a teredo should have his foot amputated he would in a most vital sense "lose his grip." In the centre of the circular opening of the valves, the foot is protruded, like a blade concealed in a spring cane, and the entire arrangement constitutes a boring machine of power inconceivable in so small an object. But the strength of this machine becomes apparent when, upon a closer examination, one notes the strong, rubber-like ridges of the valves, which can contract with great force, and the comparatively immense size of the great adductor muscle which enables the teredo to use his sharp foot with the ease of an auger passing through the softest pine.

This worm attains often a great length, but it is usually from one foot to a yard long, its size depending on the length of time it has been in the wood, and frequently on the size of the wood itself. It is provided with two respiratory tubes, each of which has a siphon attached to a calcareous, flattened, triangular plate on the outside of the body. It has two heads, if such they can be called, attached to the extremity of a tube much smaller than the main trunk, and which are each (the small tubes) about six inches long; or, in other words, the main body splits into two small tubes at about a foot or six inches from where the head is in a teredo and where the tail would be in a snake. This worm is ovoviparious, and when the young are born (with a smooth shell) they swim around by means of a vibratile cilia; sometimes creeping with the foot until old enough to begin work on a piece of wood. A good, nice, new pile having been selected, they fasten themselves to the wood by means of the suction apparatus in their heads, strike in with their foot and bore inwardly until only the head remains outside. Then they fasten themselves to the opening, flush with its very edge, just as a clerk will fasten sheets of paper together by turning over the sides of a brass clamp, and henceforward their sole aim, object and ambition in life is to grow, bore and make sawdust. Small when they enter, they could no more creep in was it out of their original hole after feeding a month or two on a rich pine log than a camel could go through the eye of a needle.

Another trait of this worm is that it will never attack floating timber. But woe to the ship riding at anchor if her timbers are not protected by metal sheetings. Many a noble vessel has been lost with all on board in mid-ocean owing to the insidious ravages made by this worm as she lay quietly in port taking on cargo and passengers. But as it rarely happens that there is not some visible compensation in nature's work and creations, so even teredo proves useful by boring into and disintegrating the sunken wrecks, timbers and other obstructions, which would else render navigation in some harbors dangerous. It is astonishing how rapidly a wreck will disappear in some channels particularly infested by the teredo.

How to prevent them from ruining a pile almost as soon as it was put down was long a vexed question with men in maritime towns; but experiment and invention have solved this matter, as they have given the solution of many others. The logs are now kyanized or creosoted. A log properly treated will have a life of at least fifty years, and may bid defiance to every teredo that ever bored a hole, or who would wish to bore one.—*Atlanta Constitution.*

It is stated that not less than ninety-nine per cent. of all the flower seeds in this country are raised abroad, chiefly in Germany. In that country immense tracts of land are devoted to the growth of flowers for seed, and the business is carried on in the most careful and systematic manner.

Cats are in demand in the western part of Kansas, according to an exchange, which "quotes" them at $1 apiece.

A Tennessee Merchant.

A country store in Tennessee. The proprietor, who is arranging several bolts of highly colored calico, looks up, nods, and says:

"Come in, Uncle Billy."

Uncle Billy comes in, and says:

"Bob, git airy newspaper lately?"

"Yes, got one yesterday."

"Read me a few lines uv it, will you? I wanter know what folks air doin' in the outen the way places uv the worl'."

The merchant drops his work and reads to Uncle Billy.

"Wall, Bob, b'lieve I'll ride. Didn't have nothin' purticular ter do ter-day, an' I thought I'd sorter saunter over an' see what wuz goin' on. Lemme have a haffer pound uv coffee. Will pay you fur hit one uv these days."

Uncle Billy gets his coffee and goes away. The merchant returns to his work of arranging his calico, and has been engaged but a few minutes when some one darkens the door.

"Why how are you, Uncle Redman?" says the merchant. "Walk back."

"Anything fresh, Bob?"

"No, nothin' of intrust."

"Got airy paper?"

"Yes."

"Well, read me a little outen it, ef you please. I ain't hearn nothin' in so long that I'm gittin' sorter rusty."

The merchant gets his paper and during an hour reads to Uncle Redman.

"Wall, Bob, I reckon I'd better mosy back. Let me have 'bout a haffer pound uv coffee, an' I'll pay you fur it agin spring."

Uncle Redman goes away. The merchant begins to arrange his calico.

"Hello, Bob."

"Why, how are you, Uncle Miles. Come in. Sit down. What are all the boys doin'?"

"Wall, Ab's gone ter mill, Tom an' Henderson air buzzin' a plant bed, Lige is a-piddlin' around' greasin' the gear, an' one thing another. The women folks have gone a-visitin' an' I 'lowed that I'd come over an' see ef anything had happened lately. Got a paper, I reckon."

"Yes."

"Wal', read me a little suthin'."

Bob reads to the old man, listens to his wise comment and is about to return to his work, when the old man says:

"Bob, put me up 'bout a pound uv middlin good coffee. Pay you fur hit when I sell my tobacker."

The old man goes away. From time to time during the day old uncles come in, and at night the merchant finds that he has sold two dollars' worth of goods on credit and that he has accomplished, in the entire course of the day, the work of rearranging the disorder which one woman wrought in ten minutes early in the morning.—*Arkansaw Traveler.*

What Is Time?

Sometimes I have stood before the clock in yonder observatory and watched the hands as they approached the hour of midnight. Steadily the seconds glide away; twelve o'clock strikes, and I slip from to-day into to-morrow. Where has the day gone? Yes, where do these beating seconds go? So fleet-winged that ere we realize that they are here they have flown, vanished into the dim past! Do they travel onward forever through universal space, as some have fancied our words and actions do? Might we by some magic overtake them and live them over again? Vain hope! They are gone irretrievably. Only the present is ours. What we give to that present as it passes will endure forever, but it can never be altered or recalled. Have you ever thought of the difference in this respect between time and space? We are limited by the latter as well as by the former; we can be in one place only at a time; and if we speak of absolute space, perhaps we can never revisit the regions we are now passing through, unless the endowments of a future life enable us to track the devious course we are now pursuing; for, owing to the motion of the solar system, it comes to pass that even at the end of the year we do not arrive at the spot where we were twelve months before, but strike out into before untrodden realms of cosmic space. But practically, as far as place has any interest for us, we are free to come and go at will. We can revisit old scenes and explore new ones, being only limited by earth's extent. But what a time how different! Past seasons when recall only in memory, future ones we can anticipate only through hope or imagination. So that time is a more evanescent and, perhaps we might say, ideal conception than space. Both conceptions have, when we come to analyze them closely, many elements of mystery. But time partakes pre-eminently of the marvelous. The fraction that is with us now we accept without thought, but this infinitesimal fraction is linked by indissoluble bands to an eternity past and to an eternity to come. The fugitive moments are golden, for though we shall never see them again, they are building up for us character and destiny which shall last forever.—*Sidereal Messenger.*

Worth Knowing.

That ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS are the highest type of medicinal science and skill, and in our clients and method have never been equaled.

That they are the original and genuine porous plasters upon whose reputation imitators trade.

That ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS never fail to perform their remedial work quickly and effectually.

That for Weak Back, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Colds, Lung Trouble, Kidney Difficulties, Malaria, Dyspepsia, Liver and St mach Affections, Strains and all Local Pains, they are invaluable.

That when you buy ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS you obtain the best plasters made.

Bismarck of course considers that all is fair in war, but he is not so ready to concede that all is fair in love.

What It Means.

To the man or woman who has never been ill, the word "health" is meaningless. But to the one who has suffered and despaired, health appears as a priceless boon. To the thousands of unfortunate women who are suffering from some of the many forms of weakness or irregularities peculiar to their sex, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription holds forth the promise of a speedy restoration of the "priceless boon."

It is the miser who is always in need of a chest protector.

Health and Strength

If you feel tired, weak, worn out or run down from hard work, by impoverished condition of the blood, or low state of the system, you should take Hood's Sarsaparilla. The peculiar tonic, purifying and vitalizing qualities of this successful medicine are soon felt throughout the entire system, expelling disease and giving quick, healthy action to every organ. It tones the stomach, creates an appetite, and rouses the liver and kidneys. Thousands who have taken it with benefit, testify that Hood's Sarsaparilla "makes the weak strong."

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

An old whalesman being asked if he admired the harp, said yes, if it was a harpoon.

A Prominent Merchant in Trouble.

Old moneybags mopes in his office all day,
As snappish and cross as a bear;
The clerks know enough to keep out of his way,
Lest the merchant should grumble and swear.
Even Tabby, the cat, is in fear of a cuff,
Or a kick, if she ventures too near;
They all know the master is apt to be rough,
And his freaks unexpected and queer.
What makes the old fellow so surly and grim,
And behave so confoundedly queer?
There's certainly something the matter with him—
Is it stomach, or liver, or spleen?
We've guessed it—his liver is sluggish and bad,
His blood is disordered and foul,
It's enough to make any one hopelessly mad,
And greet his best friend with a growl.
The world-wide remedy, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, will correct a disordered liver and purify the blood, tone your system and build up your flesh and strength.

Old maids know what a miss spent life means.

Music Teachers' Convention, Chicago.

First week in July. All Southern Music Teachers and their friends desiring to attend can secure rates of one and one-third fare for round trip by addressing H. A. Hathaway, Dist. Passenger Agent Monon Route, Louisville, Kentucky.

Time gallops under the spur of the moment.

The spooks and goblins that delight
To fill with terror all the night
That stalk abroad in hideous dreams
With which dyspepsia's fancy teems,
Will never trouble with their ills
The man who trusts in Pierce's Pills.
Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets—vegetable, harmless, painless, sure.

The wasp has one strong point, but it is not in favor.

WHY?

WHY do I have this drowsy, lifeless feeling? **WHY** do I have Backache? **WHY** Neuralgia and Rheumatism? **WHY** does Scrofulous taint and Erysipelas show itself?

BECAUSE your blood is filled with **Poison,** which must be **Completely Eradicated** before you can regain health. You must go to the root of the matter. Put the Kidneys—the great and only blood purifying organs—in complete order, which is complete health, and with

WARNER'S SAFE CURE

and **WARNER'S SAFE PILLS your Cure is Certain.**

WHY do we know this? **BECAUSE** tens of thousands of grateful men and women in all parts of the world have voluntarily written us to this effect.

There is no standstill in disease. You are either growing Better or Worse. **How is it with YOU?**

WHY not **to-day** resort to that medicine, which has veritably **Cured Millions,** and which will cure **you** if you will give it a chance? All of Warner's preparations are Purely Vegetable. They are made on honor. They are time-tried. They are **No New Discovery, untried and worthless,** on the contrary, they have stood the test—they have proved their superiority. They stand alone in pre-eminent merit, and

YOU KNOW IT.

Conventional "Manon" Resolutions.

Whereas, The Monon Route (L. N. A. & C. Ry.) desires to make it known to the world at large that it forms the double connecting link of Pullman tourist travel between the winter cities of Florida and the summer resorts of the Northwest; and

Whereas, Its "rapid transit" system is unsurpassed, its elegant Pullman Buffet Sleeper and Chair car service between Chicago and Louisville, Indianapolis and Cincinnati unequaled; and

Whereas, Its rates are as low as the lowest; then be it

Resolved, That in the event of starting on a trip it is good policy to consult with E. O. McCormick, Gen'l Pass. Agent Monon Route, 185 Dearborn St., Chicago, for full particulars. (In any event send for a Tourist Guide, enclose 4c. postage.)

A seasonable remark: "Pass the salt, please."

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr Isaac Thompson's Eye-Water. Druggists sell at 25c. per bottle.

An old-fashioned trust—"trust to luck."

WELLS' INVISIBLE Velvet Cream.

A Magic Complexion Beautifier for Face, Neck and Arms. Elegant for dressing and whitening the skin. Unrivaled for Theatre, Receptions, Balls, Parties, &c. Unequaled for delicate transparent whiteness, soft youthful effect and fine finish. Harmless, does not roughen, draw, wither, nor in any way injure the most delicate or sensitive skin. Superior to any Powder, Paste or Liquid for toning down red or flushed face. Effaces Tan, Sunburn, Freckles, Pimples, Coarseness, Sallow Skin, all blemishes and imperfections. $1. bottles at Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers, or by Express, prepaid, on receipt of price. E. S. WELLS, Chemist, Jersey City, N. J.—U.S.A.

"ROUGH ON NEURALGIA," $1.00. Drug.
"ROUGH ON RHEUMATISM," $1.00. Drug.
"ROUGH ON ASTHMA," $1.50. Druggists.
"ROUGH ON MALARIA," $1.50. Druggists, or prepaid by Ex. E. S. WELLS, Jersey City.

ROUGH ON CORNS HARD OR SOFT CORNS 15c.
ROUGH ON TOOTHACHE Instant Relief. 15c

"OSGOOD" U. S. Standard Scales. Sent on trial. Freight paid. Fully Warranted. 3 TON $35. Other sizes proportionately low. Agents well paid. Illustrated Catalogue free. Mention this Paper. OSGOOD & THOMPSON, Binghamton, N. Y.

GINSENG AND RAW SKINS Bought for cash at highest market prices. Send for circular. OTTO WAGNER, 90 Prince St., New York.

$100 to $300 A MONTH can be made working for us. Agents preferred who can furnish their own horses and give their whole time to the business. Some numerous may be profitably employed also a few vacancies in Boston and cities. B. F. JOHNSON & CO., 1012 Main St., Richmond, Va.

LAND OWNERS DESIRING A Representative in Philadelphia for the Sale of their Lands, PLEASE COMMUNICATE WITH SHRADER, CARLIN & CO., 161 Chestnut St. PHILADELPHIA, PA.

DR. GERSDORF'S VEGETABLE CANCER SPECIFIC, Lowell, Mass., cures all kinds and worst forms of Bad or White sore mouth, spongy blood. **CANKER.** Ing gums, sore tongue caused by Tobacco smoking, pimples forgotten and special of Cancer of the tongue. Babes likely. Mailed free.

Blair's Pills. Great English Gout and Rheumatic Remedy. Oval Box, 24: round, 14 Pills.

HERBRAND FIFTH WHEEL. Latest Buggy and Carriage improvement. HERBRAND CO., Fremont, O.

GOLD Live at home and make more money working for us than at anything else in the world. Either sex. Costly outfit FREE. Terms FREE. Address, TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$5 to $8 a day. Samples worth $1.50, FREE. Lines not under the horses feet. Write Brewster Safety Rein Holder Co., Holly, Mich.

GOLD is worth $900 per lb. Peter's Eye Salve is worth $1,000, but is sold at 25c. a box by dealers.

For The Nervous The Debilitated The Aged.

"Medical and scientific skill has at last solved the problem of the long needed medicine for the nervous, debilitated, and the aged, by combining the best nerve tonics, Celery and Coca, with other effective remedies, which, acting gently but efficiently on the kidneys, liver and bowels, remove disease, restore strength and renew vitality. This medicine is

Paine's Celery Compound

It fills a place heretofore unoccupied, and marks a new era in the treatment of nervous troubles. Overwork, anxiety, disease, lay the foundation of nervous prostration and weakness, and experience has shown that the usual remedies do not mend the strain and paralysis of the nervous system.

Recommended by professional and business men. Send for circulars.

Price $1.00. Sold by druggists.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors
BURLINGTON, VT.

B N U 25

WEBER PIANO-FORTES.

ENDORSED BY THE LEADING ARTISTS, SEMINARIANS, AND THE PEOPLE, AS THE

BEST PIANOS MADE.

Prices as reasonable and terms as easy as consistent with thorough workmanship.

CATALOGUES MAILED FREE.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

WAREROOMS,
Fifth Avenue, cor. 16th St., N. Y.

MARVELOUS MEMORY DISCOVERY.

Wholly unlike artificial systems. Cure of mind wandering. Any book learned in one reading. Classes of 1087 at Baltimore, 1000 at Detroit, 1500 at Philadelphia, 1113 at Washington, 1210 at Boston, large classes of Columbia Law students, at Yale, Wellesley, Oberlin, University of Penn., Michigan University, Chautauqua, &c., &c. Endorsed by Richard Proctor, the Scientist, Hon. W. W. Astor, Judah P. Benjamin, Judge Gibson, Dr. Brown, E. H. Cook, Pres. N. Y. State Normal College, &c. Terms for correspondence. Prospectus post free. PROF. LOISETTE, 237 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

The BUYERS' GUIDE is published March and September of each year. It is an encyclopedia of useful information for all who purchase the luxuries and necessities of life. It will clothe you and furnish you with all the necessary and unnecessary appliances to ride, walk, dance, sleep, eat, fish, hunt, work, go to church, or stay at home, and in various sizes, styles and qualities. Just figure out what is required to do all these things COMFORTABLY, and you can make a fair estimate of the value of the BUYERS' GUIDE, which will be sent upon receipt of 10 cents to pay postage. MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., 111-114 Michigan Ave., Chicago.

PISO'S CURE FOR C...

INVALIDS' HOTEL AND SURGICAL INSTITUTE, 663 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.

A PLEASANT ... REMEDIAL HO... FULL STA... EXPERIENCED PH... Consul...

WE obtain our knowledge of ... case by the application of ... medicine, of well-established ... science. The most ample ... lingering or chronic diseases ... skill, are thus placed with ... invalids, however distant ... and describe your symptoms ... in stamps, and a complete ... ticular disease, will be sent ... tion as to its nature and c...

OUR FIELD OF SUCCESS ...

NASAL, THROAT AND LUNG DISEASES. The treatment of Diseases of the Air Passages and Lungs, such as Chronic Catarrh in the Head, Laryngitis, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption, both through correspondence and at our Institutions, constitutes an important specialty.

We publish three separate books on Nasal, Throat and Lung Diseases, which give much valuable information, viz: (1) A Treatise on Consumption, Laryngitis and Bronchitis; price, post-paid, ten cents. (2) A Treatise on Asthma, or Phthisic, giving new and successful treatment; price, post-paid, ten cents. (3) A Treatise on Chronic Catarrh in the Head; price, post-paid, two cents.

DISEASES OF DIGESTION. Dyspepsia, "Liver Complaint," Obstinate Constipation, Chronic Diarrhea, Tape-worms, and kindred affections, are among these chronic diseases in the successful treatment of which our specialists have attained great success. Our Complete Treatise on Diseases of the Digestive Organs will be sent to any address on receipt of ten cents in postage stamps.

KIDNEY DISEASES. BRIGHT'S DISEASE, DIABETES, and kindred maladies, have been very largely treated, and cures effected in thousands of cases which had been pronounced beyond hope. These diseases are readily diagnosticated, or determined, by chemical analysis of the urine, without a personal examination of patients, who can, therefore, generally be successfully treated at their homes. The study and practice of chemical analysis and microscopical examination of the urine in our consideration of cases, with reference to correct diagnosis, for which our institution long ago became famous, has naturally led to a very extensive practice in diseases of the urinary organs.

CAUTION. These diseases should be treated only by a specialist thoroughly familiar with them, and who is competent to ascertain the exact condition and stage of advancement which the disease has made (which can only be ascertained by a careful chemical and microscopical examination of the urine), for medicines which are curative in one stage or condition do positive injury in others.

Being in constant receipt of numerous inquiries for a complete work on the nature and curability of these maladies, written in a style to be easily understood, we have published a large, illustrated Treatise on these diseases, which will be sent to any address on receipt of ten cents in postage stamps.

BLADDER DISEASES. INFLAMMATION OF THE BLADDER, STONE IN THE BLADDER, Gravel, Enlarged Prostate Gland, Retention of Urine, and kindred affections, may be included among those in the cure of which our specialists have achieved extraordinary success. These are fully treated of in our illustrated Pamphlet on Urinary Diseases. Sent by mail for 10 cts. in stamps.

STRICTURE. STRICTURES AND URINARY FISTULAS.—Hundreds of cases of the worst form of strictures, many of them greatly aggravated by the careless use of instruments in the hands of inexperienced physicians and surgeons, causing false passages, urinary fistulæ, and other complications, annually consult us for relief and cure. That no case of this class is too difficult for the skill of our specialists is proved by cures reported in our illustrated treatise on these maladies, to which we refer with pride. To intrust this class of cases to physicians of small experience, is a dangerous proceeding. Many a man has been ruined for life by so doing, while thousands annually lose their lives through unskillful treatment. Good particulars of your case and ten cents in stamps for a large, illustrated Treatise containing many testimonials.

NERVOUS DISEASES. Epileptic Convulsions, Fits, Paralysis, or Palsy, Locomotor Ataxia, St. Vitus's Dance, Insomnia, or inability to sleep, and threatened insanity, Nervous Debility, and every variety of nervous affliction, are treated by our specialists for these diseases with unusual success. See numerous cases reported in our different illustrated pamphlets on nervous diseases, any one of which will be sent for ten cents in postage stamps, when request for them is accompanied with a statement of a case for consultation, so that we may know which one of our Treatises to send.

DISEASES OF WOMEN. We have a Special Department, devoted exclusively to the treatment of Diseases of Women. Every case consulting our specialists, whether by letter or in person, is given the most careful and considerate attention. Important cases (and we get few which have not already baffled the skill of all the home physicians) have the benefit of a full Council of skilled specialists. Rooms for ladies in the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute are very private. Send ten cents in stamps for our Complete Treatise on Diseases of Women, illustrated with wood-cuts and colored plates (160 pages).

RADICAL CURE OF RUPTURE. HERNIA (Bresch), or RUPTURE, no matter of how long standing, or of what size, is promptly and permanently cured by our specialists, without the knife and without dependence upon trusses. Abundant references. Send ten cents for our Illustrated Treatise.

PILES, FISTULÆ, and other diseases affecting the lower bowels, are treated with wonderful success. The worst cases of piles, tumors, are permanently cured in fifteen to twenty days. Send ten cents for Illustrated Treatise.

WEAK MEN. Organic weakness, nervous debility, premature decline of the manly powers, involuntary losses, impaired memory, mental anxiety, absence of will-power, melancholy, weak back, and all affections arising from youthful indiscretions and pernicious, solitary practices, are speedily, thoroughly and permanently cured.

We, many years ago, established a Special Department for the treatment of these diseases, under the management of some of the most skillful physicians and surgeons on our staff, in order that all who apply to us might receive all the advantages of a full Council of the most experienced specialists.

WE OFFER NO APOLOGY. We offer no apology for devoting so much attention to this neglected class of diseases, believing that no condition of humanity is too wretched to merit the sympathy and best services of the noble profession to which we belong. Why any medical man, intent on doing good and alleviating suffering, should shun such cases, we cannot imagine. Why any one should consider it otherwise than most honorable to cure the worst cases of these diseases, we cannot understand; and yet of all the other maladies which afflict mankind there is probably none about which physicians in general practice know so little. We shall, therefore, continue, as heretofore, to treat with our best consideration, sympathy, and skill, all applicants who are suffering from any of these delicate diseases.

CURED AT HOME. Most of these cases can be treated by us when at a distance as well as if here in person.

A Complete Treatise (136 pages) on these delicate diseases sent sealed, in plain envelope, secure from observation, on receipt of only ten cents, in stamps, for postage. All statements made and secrets confided to us will be held to be strictly confidential.

All letters of inquiry, or of consultation, should be addressed to

WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION,
No. 663 Main St., BUFFALO, N. Y.