THE LEGISLATURE. Next week will no doubt be interesting in debating the various bills now before the Legislature-a Ballot Reform law; amended election laws; a new Assessment law; as well as the local measures in each county as well as tariff reform having made gains and progress remain. The House will hold night sessions.

THREE BALTIMORE COUNTY BILLS. In the columns of the Journal to-day will be found three bills presented in the Legislature, in which the citizens of Baltimore county are deeply interested, viz: amendments to our road law; a bill making a Board of 5 instead of 3 County Commissioners, as at present, and a bill enabling the Treasurer to pay in cash sums of money under \$20. The County Commissioner law provides that one Commissioner shall come from either the 1st, 2d or 13th District; one from the 3d, 4th or 5th; one from the 6th, 7th or 10th; one from the 8th or 9th, and one from the 11th or 12th. All these laws will no doubt be fully discussed by our people. | gressive, vigorous and wise campaign. A bill has also been presented in the Senate to reduce the salary of the Treasurer, after 1892, from \$3.000 to \$2,000.

A WIDE DIFFERENCE.

In the matter of the proposition of the Consolidated Gas Company to furnish the citizens of Baltimore with gas in a contract to run for twenty-five years at a cost of not more than \$1.25 per 1000 feet, there is a very wide difference between the daily press upon the subject. The Sun pronounces the project a heinous one, and hints all kinds of ugly things at our legislators to scare them so as to prevent them from passing the bill before the Legislature. It goes to the trouble to inter view a large number of people, and says represents a large majority of the city. No doubt thousands given in its list never use gas Then here is the American and the Herald the people who use gas. Thus there is a very | the gallaries joined. wide gulf between them. To be sure, it is none more have to pay much or little for their gas, its innuendoes should they vote for the bill .--Fourteen out of eighteen of the city delegation are in favor of the bill.

On Thursday 27th the House was crowded upon the floor and in the lobby, to listen to the interesting debate upon the bill upon its second reading. Delegate Rich, of Baltimore county, showed high ability as a debater in the able argument he made upon the bill, terming it a gigantic monopoly, to which he was unalterably opposed. His remarks were listened to with the greatest attention by the whole House .-Mr. Carter, who was also opposed to the bill, complimented Mr. Rich, as did also Mr. Colton, who is in favor of the bill. Mr. Colton pretty thoroughly dissected the Baltimore Sun's petition of 22,000 names against the passage of the bill, that out of the whole list there were not probably more than 3,500 who used gas, therefore the gas bill was no monopoly as far as the

upon the various amendments, Speaker Hubner, and Messrs. Rich, Slade and Drach voted against, and Messrs. McCabe and Parlett for. The bill is a matter purely for the city alone, and as 14 out of 18 members of the city delegation are in favor of the bill, it would seem no more than courtesy that the members from the they want, and let them take the responsibility. The bill was amended to make the term of years to run 15 instead of 25.

BALTIMORE POST OFFICE.

Last week Mr. W. W. Johnson assumed control of the Baltimore Post Office, Gen. Frank Brown turning over its affairs to him. It required about ten days for Gen. Brown to "take stock," so that the money, stamps, &c., could be receipted for. As yet postal affairs are conducted at the old office on Second street, the new building not being ready, and will not be so, it is understood, for about two months. On Monday 21th Postmaster Johnson appointed Mr. F. Albert Kurtz as Deputy Postmaster. Mr. Kurtz is a son of the late T. Newton Kurtz, who was at one time engaged in the stationery business, in which business Mr. Kurtz is at present engaged. He is also a brother of Mr. Benj. Kurtz, a member of the bar. He is a citizen of the new 22d Ward of Baltimore, and was elected to the City Council from that Ward when it went into the city. He was a candidate for re-election at the last election, but was defeated. It is stated that Mr. Kurtz has the necessary qualification to make an excellent Assistant Postmaster. He will find his office is no sinecure. The salary is \$3,000. Postmaster Johnson's salary is

_____ TOWSON M. E. CHURCH.

Rev. Page Milburn, Pastor of Towson M. E. Church, is closing his third year with his congregation, as the Annual Conference will convene at Cumberland, Md., next Wednesday, 5th inst. He has served his people faithfully, and there is no minister that has preceded him that was more popular than he has been, and none have done as much for the church. Not only in his own church is he popular, but in the entire community. It was through his untiring efforts and the kind feeling he had for all that he succeeded in lifting the great burden which hung over this church so long. All the membership promptly came to his assistance and friends of the church in Towson and many other places contributed towards this worthy cause and the debt was entirely cancelled; and now that the church is free it has prospered more during the past year than ever before. It is hoped the Bishop of the Conference will return Mr. Milburn to his charge the fourth year, and we are sure he will be warmly welcomed, not only by his congregation, but by the entire community.

A SCREW LOOSE SUMEWHERE.

After the millions bequeathed by Johns Hopkins for the Hospital and University which bears his name, it is strange that it should now be hampered for funds to keep it in operation might almost be termed in pecuniary impecuniousness. Its officers seem to be casting around to see if some other generous man will not add a few more hundred thousands to the millions of Mr. Hopkins, in order to keep up the great work both Hospital and University have in hand. There is no doubt something in the fact that the Trustees disregarded the will of Mr. Hopkins that the University should be built on Clifton. If ever it is built there, the present generation will not see it, at least not until another millionaire gives it some additional millions, which is not likely.

Rev. Dr. Phillips Brooks. Boston's celebrated Protestant Episcopal clergyman, is delivering a series of mid-day Lenten services at Trinity Church, Broadway, to the business men of New York city. The New York Herald states that the old church is crowded in every part, even to its doors. There must be an awful lot of sinners in Gotham, and it is a good nign to hear of them mending their ways after their escape from the World's Fair.

The Chicago Times recently published an extended account of an interview with the Hon. Wm. F. Vilas, in which he states fully his belief that tariff reform is the great national issue, and he has no doubt that Cleveland will sweep the county in 1892. In reply to the members are preparing themselves for the a question he said:

That discussion of tariff reform in 1888 added strength to the Democratic party. Unquestionably it strengthened it. No man can review the history of political discussion in this country and deny that the people understood and accept argument and are governed in their action by their judgment. It may happen at times, as in the last campaign, that the secret and corrupt use of vast sums of money, combined with sectional hate, or some ephemeral frenzy, can snatch away a doubtful State or turn the scale of a close contest. But this cannot be when the people either fail to understand or, fail to act according to sound argument. The contrary is well established by the returns of 1886, the city. But 26 working days of the session | wherever discussion was most plenteous, and failing where argument necessarily moves slowly to the reach of all.

"The same it will have on the power of healthy, vigorous youth," was Col. Vilas' answer. when questioned as to effect the lapse of four years would have on the sentiments of voters with reference to the tariff. "And surely," continued he, "the battle of 1895 will be fought on the same issue. It is my opinion that by that time the Democrats can sweep the counry on that issue if the right men are nomi nated for President and Vice President. Upon having his attention called to the ad ninistration of Mr. Cleveland and asked if he hought the future would regard it favorably le said, after some explanatory remarks : lon't hesitate to say it ought to be so." Col. Vilas took an encouraging view of the outlook for the Democrats of Wisconsin this

THE WORLD'S FAIR. Chicago Wins in the House.

Balloting for the several cities, (Chicago, New York, St. Lonis and Washington) as the place to hold the proposed World's Fair in 1892, took place in the House on Monday, 24th ult. and resulted in the selection of Chicago on the 8th ballot. All the Maryland delegation began voting for Washington and so continued to the end. We give the vote each city received on

	BALLOTS.						
	1						
Chicago New York							
Washington							

which say they represent the majority of the | shouted and jesticulated and waved their handpeople and they think the proposition a very kerchiefs and shook hands with everybody fair one, favorable not only to the city but to within reach. In this demonstation many in after Section 124, and to be designated as Sec- was reconsidered and the bill ordered printed

The bill now goes to the Senate. It is stated of our business whether the people of Balti- | by many well informed people that the Senators are opposed to a Fair and will so express but we do feel a decided interest in the bad | themselves. This, however, does not seem character the Sun would give our legislators in | likely, and Chicago will ultimately be adopted. The Windy City will now have to put on her best "bib-and-tucker," and she will no doubt do it with grace.

New York deserved to lose the Fair for injecting politics into it. Platt will likely try to

DON'T WANT SUCH STATES. The State of South Dakota is not fit to be

a State in the Union, if the account as detailed in the annex telgram from Pierre, in that State, be true:

There was no session of the Senate here to-day on account of the fact that no quorum could be obtained. On Saturday night twentytwo members of the Senate arranged to go home, to be gone over Sunday, leaving twentythree members behind-just enough for a quorum. On roll call this morning just twentytwo members answered to their names. The Master-at-Arms was despatched for the absent members, when it was discovered that all but remaining 18,500 were concerned, as they in one were absent. This member was found in nowise were affected by the use of gas, or were bed and pulled out and taken up to the Capitol. The Senate was then called to order, and after the journal was read the House proceeded to Dr. Drach, of Baltimore county, also made a business, but a point of order was raised of no speech in opposition to the bill. In the votes quorum. Upon investigation it was found that a member had left the hall, and therefore no business could be done. The Master-at-Arms was despatched again, but could not find the

A motion to adjourn was made, but the Lieutenant-Governor said they could not adjourn without a quorum. In this case the members had to sit in their seats all day, and there was a great deal of storming and swearing, but counties should give the city members what | the Lieutenant-Governor remained firm, and the session continued until six o'clock this evening. One train came in and immediately the returning Senators were arrested by the Master-at-Arms and taken to the Capitol, and the Senate adjourned amid a profusion of

curses and swearing. Such States have to be brought in, however, to swell the Republican majority in both Houses of Congress so as to prevent the Democrats from getting control of the country.

THE CONFEDERATE SOCIETIES. The members of the Confederate Societies in Maryland held a meeting on Saturday night, 22d ult., at the Academy of Music, in Baltimore, in honor of the birthday of General Washington. General Charles E. Hooper, of Mississippi, delivered an able and interesting address on "The Life and Services of the Hon. Jefferson Davis." He gave a most impassioned and brilliant description of the unselfish devotion of the great Confederate leader and he was heartily applauded throughout his speech. In finishing his remarks he said:

"I believe the time will come when history will say that Davis was no more of a traitor than the rest of us who wore the grey. After comparing Davis to Robert Emmett, General Hooper said that a monument was to be erec ted to Jeff Davis. On one side he would have inscribed. "Here lies a soldier who served his country and nevor allowed his name on the pension roll;" and on the other side, "Here lies a patriot who, in all his life, never uttered a sentiment or did an act that any chivalrous berry and Belt Electric Light Company. gentlemen might have done." The great \$1.000 worth of vated in sentiment, heroic in act, as any man in

modern or ancient history."

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY. At the fourth annual dinner of the New York Southern Society on Saturday, 22d ult., ex-President Cleveland replied in a most eloquent address to the sentiment "The Birthday of George Washington." The dinner was pre sided over by John C. Calhoun, a descendant of the immortal statesman of that name. The address of the ex-President was one of the nost eloquent and patriotic he has ever delivered, and was received with unbounded pleasure by his fellow-diners.

A friend sends the JOURNAL a much dilapidated copy of the Baltimore Republican dated Tuesday, August 6th, 1861. There appears nothing special in it, as, about that time, there was a considerable "onpléasantness' hereabouts, and a consorship of the press admonished Democratic editors to be careful what they said and did. The Legislature was then in session at Frederick, and history records it that the tinkling of Mr. Seward's little bell had a wonderful effect upon its members. "Uncle Sam" took care of many of them for some time and boarded them at his expense on hard tack and salt pork.

..... The Grant Monument Association propose that the monument at the grave of Gen Grant at Riverside Park shall cost not less than \$500,000. The Association now has \$130,000 to begin with, so that it must secure \$370,000 additional to accomplish the object. They had hard work to gather the sum they now have, and it would seem pretty blue for the balance. It is quite likely Congress will be asked to give

a good round sum. The 5th Regiment and other Maryland militia will take part in the unveiling of the statue of Gen Lee, which will take place at Richmond, on Thursday, 29th of May next.

It is proposed to establish a hotel at the foot of the Great Pyramid. Here is an opportunity for some enterprising American to start a Pharoah bank at the same time.-New York Herald.

Hon. Barnes Compton has been robbe of his seat in the House as was predicted by the JOURNAL months since.

THE COUNTRY FOR CLEVELAND AND [Correspondence of the Maryland Journal.] OUR ANNAPOLIS LETTER.

Annapolis, Feb. 25tb, 1890.

The House on Tuesday 25th was in decided ulet in contrast from that of last week when the Canal lease bill was up for consideration. That important question being out of the way highly important legislation which will quite likely be presented this week. The most im: portant bill which will likely claim the attention of both Houses, will be the ballot reform. bill, known as the Australian ballot law .-There has been from the first a disposition to gratify the citizens of Baltimore to pass some measure which shall involve the features of the Australian law. As previously remarked the counties generally do not ask for this law, as the elections in their counties are almost positively pure, with the most insignificant instances. The people of Baltimore are very much excited upon the question, and their wish should be promptly granted. The reasons given by the members from the counties is that he law will impose new machinery and greater expenses than are now required for the conduct of elections and they are loth to do this. As far as Baltimore county is concerned the delegates or the Senator do not ask for the law, though possibly Baltimore county, from its populous condition near Baltimore city, might make it a field in that county for the operation of the bill, whilst it might not be needed

or desired in any other county. The Assessment law, the really most important law for the tax-payer, will come from the Ways and Meaus Committee, and we learn will bear as lightly upon the people as it is possible. At this time it is not known that any project is on hand to take any amount from the treasury except such as is necessary for the liberal conduct of the State government, The members from the counties as well as from the city are careful not to allow any measures for their counties or for the city to become laws which shall bear heavily upon their constituents, or year and said there is good hope for them if which are of doubtful utility. They pay but little attention to ill-grained innuendoes hurled the Democratic State Committee make an agat them by the "Press Boss" who is about as illiberal as the "bosses" they allege are attempting to control legislation.

SPEAKER HUBNER AFTER HIS MEMBERS. At the night session on Tuesday 25th Speaker Hubner discovered that legislation was clogged for want of a quorum. Divining where the truants were he sent the Sergeantat Arms with the Speaker's mace to the Annapolis Opera House, where an opera was upon the boards. The officer found fifteen members and marched them all to the hall of the House and presented them to the Speaker .-The arrest of the members created considerable amusement and excitement and for a time stopped the opera. On Wednesday morning Speaker Hubner received a pert letter from the proprietor of the opera house complaining that his audience had been interrupted.

SENATE. Feb. 21st.-Senator Poe presented a bill en titled an Act to add a new Section to Article 27, of the Code of Public General Laws, title 'Crimes and Punishments," sub-title "Gaming," prohibiting bookmaking, pool-selling or gambling on races, cocking-mains and contests of any kind within the limits of any incorporated city or town in this State, to come in House the vote by which this bill was passed tion 124 A.

sary in order to save the rising generation of Baltimore from becoming confirmed gamblers. It is a law that has been sadly needed for the past three or four years.] Favorable report-Senate bill entitled an Acc to incorporate the Hampden and Waverly Elec-

tric Light Company. Bills passed-Senate bill to protect brook trout in Baltimore county. Senate bill entitled an Act to repeal Section 37, of Article 52, of the Code of Public General Laws, title "Justices of the Peace," sub-title "Judgments," and to re-enact the same with Feb. 25th.-The Committee on Elections report-

ed registration and election bills, and the Senate is engaged in discussing them, as well as the Australian ballot law. New bill-By Mr. Lindsay, to regulate the wholesale dealing of tomatoes in Baltimore The Congressional re-districting bill as

amended and passed by the House, was concurred in by the Senate. Feb. 26th. - Senator Lindsay's bill relative to reducing the salary of the County Commissioners from \$1,000 to \$700 was amended by the House so as to provide for 5 Commissioners instead of 3, with a salary of \$700. The amend. ment will be adopted by the Senate and the bill passed. The bill provides that one Commissioner shall come from either the 1st, 2d or 13th; one from the 3d, 4th or 5th; one from the 6th, 7th or 10th; one from the 8th or 9th; and one from the 11th or 12th. Feb. 27th, --- New bill-By Mr. Lindsay. t pay John Murphy & Co. for supplies furnished Tobacco Warehouse No. 2.

To amend charter of the Western Marvland Tidewater Railroad Company, being the compromise bill agreed on by the Western Maryland and Pennsylvania System of Railroads. Second Readings-To amend Article 7, Sec tion 1, of the Constitution, relating to County Commissioners. [This is to provide for the election of one County Commissioner for a period of 6 years, so that one Commissioner can be elected every two years.] 000 per annum.

To amend the law relating to Treasurer of Baltimore county, reducing his salary to \$2,-The election bills were laid over until Taesday night, 4th of March,

Feb. 21st.—The Chesapeake and Ohio Canal bill lease-The bill, after being further discussed in the House, including Messrs. Rich and Drach, of Baltimore county, was passed by yeas and nays; as follows: Yeas-Messrs. Hubner, Ching. Cecil, Vannort

Taylor, Brashears, Williams of Anne Arundel Krems, Sparkling, Gantt, Mudd, Contee, Mitchell of Charles, Blade, McCabe, Parlett, Dryden, Ford Mace, Craft, Stapleford, Hess, Simcoe, Pearce blitz, Morsell, Mitchell of Harford, Preston o Jarford Richardson, Honkins, Goslin, Raughley hilbin, Fitzgerald, McCormick, Fraser, Fox, Kep inger, Colton, Preston of Baltimore city, Bargar Carter, Cox, Jones, Beauchamp, Harp, Whitson, Laird, Clements, Kilgour, Williams of Allegany, Mullin, Shaw, Selby of Carroll, Stull, Linn, Truit, Covington, Merrill-Naus-Mesers, Rich, Lowe, Hall, Thompson, Norvood, Kaufman, Jamison, Harden, Rost, Swindell Keedy, Remsberg, Cunningham, Mair, Kemp-15

moved to lay the motion on the table. The precluding the possibility of a reconsideration | hard roads. of the bill. Leaves for bills-To Mr. Parlett, increasing the number of Directors of the State Hospital for the Insane from 9 to 12. To Mr. Drach, prohibiting liquor licenses for Hoffmansville, Baltimore county. Favorable report-Incorporating the Wood-Unfavorable report—House bill exempting

Mr. Carter moved to reconsider the vote by

which the bill was passed, and Mr. Dryden

heads of families from taxation. Feb. 24th.—Night session—Leaves for bills-By Mr. Rich, to the Ways and Means Commit tee, a bill entitled an Act to amend Article 56. of the Code of Public Laws, title "Licenses," by adding thereto two additional Sections known as Sections 89 A and 89 B. Senate bills-Senate bill entitled an Act to amend Chapter 50, of the Acts of 1819, passed

January 19th, entitled a further supplement to an Act entitled an Act for making certain roads in Baltimore and Harford counties, by amending it in the second Section 3, relative to a remedial process in case of neglect of proper separation of such roads; referred to the Harford and Baltimore counties delegations. Senate bill entitled an Act to protect brook trout in Baltimore county; referred to Baltimore county delegation. The House bill entitled an Act to repeal and

re-enact with amendments Section 137 of Article 3, of the Code of Public Local Laws, Vol. title "Baltimore County," sub-title "Justices of the Peace and Constables," has been passed by the Senate and House. Bills passed-House bill entitled an Act t incorporate the Woodberry and Belt Electric Light and Power Company. House bill entitled an Act to give and grant the sanction and consent of the General Assembly of Maryland to sundry bequests of Arunah S. Abell, late of Baltimore county, for the use of the several charitable organizations

therein named. Feb. 25th.-New bills.-Dr. Drach had leave to introduce a bill requiring dealers in hay. straw and husks in Baltimore city to take out a license. The bill is as follows: Entitled an Act to repeal. Sections 644, 645 and 646, of Article 4, of the Code of Public Laws, title "City of Baltimore," sub-title "Dealers in Hay, Straw or Husks," and to re-enact the same with

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly

of Maryland that Sections 644, 645 and 646, of Article 4. Code of Public Local Laws, title "City of

imore," sub-title "Dealers in Hay, Straw Husks," be and the same are hereby repeated and re-enacted, with amendments, so as to read as fol-See. 644. Any person (except the producer) who shall solicit and receive orders from more than two different persons or firms upon any one day for the sale of any unbaled hay, straw or husts, or any. sale of any unbaled hay, straw or husts, or any person who shall engage or contract (as agent or representative of the purchaser) for more than two different persons or firms, upon any one day, for the purchase or sale of any unbaled hay, straw or husks in the city of Baltimore, State of Maryland, shall be considered as engaged in the brokerage business (commonly known as Hay-dealer, Hay-broker or Middlemen) and shall pay a license fee of — hundred dollars per annum for the privilege to engage in said business, or, on refusal to take out license, shall be deemed guilty of misdemeanor, and, on conviction by any Court of Justice of the Peace, shall pay a penalty of not less than \$50, or more than \$100 and costs, or serve not less than 60 days in Jall, or both, within the discretion of the Court or Justice of the Peace having jurisdiction, for each and every of the Peace having jurisdiction, for each and every of the Peace having jurisdiction, for each and every of the peace having jurisdiction, for each and every of the Peace having jurisdiction, for each and every of the Peace having jurisdiction of the State.

Hay-broker's ficense shall not employ, engage or permit any person to aid, assist or help in any way or manner, directly or indirectly, in mid. beniness without having first the 'lineate named in Sec. 844 of this act for each and sparty person so employed, engaged or permitted in aid or sasist in said business in any way or mathemat, directly or indirectly, subject to the penalties as prescribed in the afree going Section.

doing business under a may droker's license to de-mand or hosive any see or compensation for infor-matich given when to sell, or for the sale of any unbelled hay, straw or husks, from the person or persons selling or collecting to sell, but must and shall look to the person or persons whom he or they shall represent for all fees or compensation for services performed. And it shall also be unlawful for any person doing business as a Hay-broker to receive the amount of money due the nesson or receive the amount of money due the person or vanience requires the granting of such application persons selling from the purchaser to pay to the they shall employ a competent lawyer, who shall, person or persons selling without direct, written or under their direction, survey said road and make a verbal orders from the owner of the goods, or to plat of the land. pay for the same himself or themselves direct, ex-pept for his or their private use, subject to the pen-alty or penalties as prescribed in Section 644 of this reach and every violation of any part or

paris of this Act.
Sec. 2. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from and after the date of its passage. Ballot Reform-Mr. Busteed submitted the following preamble and resolutions which were manimously adopted: WHEREAS, The Democratic party at the last State Convention held by that party solemnly declared that "the faith of the party is new distinctly pledged to a further and more careful review of this funda-

mental and most vital subject, so that at the com-ing session of the General Assembly, following the agood example set by many of our sister States, stringent provision may be adopted for the purpose of preserving more thoroughly the purity of the ballot-box by preventing bribery, fraudulent colonization of voters, repeating and all other offenses against the elective franchise;" and whereas the emocratic majority of this General Assembly i ledged by the State Convention to the enactmen of laws to accomplish and carry out the promises thus made to the people of the State; Therefore be it Resolved. That it is the sense of this House that the Committee on Elections should prepare and re-port bills for enactment into laws which will ac-complish the purpose desired by the people of this Resolved. That the said Committee on Elections

be and is hereby requested to report said bills at as early a date as possible. Bill failed-The House bill prohibiting the sale of liquor at Granite, Baltimore county, failed of passage for want of a Constitutional majority, the vote being yeas 40. nays 5. Unfavorable report-Mr. Jones' bill to abol ish irredeemable ground rents. It was the opinion of the Judiciary Committee that the ill was unconstitutional as invalidating the obligation of contracts. The Belt Railroad Bill .- Mr. Colton. from the Committee on Corporations presented the following amendment to the Belt Railroad Bill

and it was adopted: "And said Company shall be further authorized to issue its capital stock and any increased capital stock which it may hereafter be entitled to have in ent of its railroad, or in payment for work done or materials furnished therefor, upon such terms as may be agreed on between the Company and materials. And it shall be lawful to provide b agreement approved by stockholders of the Company and recorded among the land records of Bal nore city, that the stock so issued, or any part thereof, shall have such preference or priority over the rest of the capital stock of the Company or over subsequent mortgages and encumbrances, or both as the stockholders at said meeting may authorize. Second reading of bill--Incorporating the Hampden and Waverly Electric Light and Power Company. At the night session of the

Senate bill passed—Paying Charles T. Cockey [A bill of this character is absolutely neces- | for fencing at Pikesville Arsenal. Feb. 27th.—New bill—To Mr. Rich, to confer additional jurisdiction upon Justices of the Peace in Baltimore county. Gas bill—The Gas bill was taken up and vigorougly discussed. Mr. Rich, of Baltimore county, made

lengthy speech, condemning the bill in unmeasured terms as a gigantic monopoly. He reviewed the whole bill and was listened to with the greatest attention, but it did not seem to have any effect, as the friends of the bill would not allow it to be amended, except they themselves proposed them. The floor and lobby of the House was crowd ed with friends and opponents of the bill. It was ordered engrossed for a third reading, and passed on Friday 28th.

A New Road Law-A Law Creating a Board of County Commissioners Instead of

NEW LIWS FOR BALTIMORE COUNTY

On Wednesday 26th the Baltimore County delegation presented in the House three laws applicable to Baltimore County, which we give herewith. The Road Law is substantially that formulated by order of the road meeting held at the Court House in December last. The law creating a Board of 5 County Commissioners instead of 3 as now, is a substitute for the bill presented in the Senate by Senator Lindsay. THE NEW BOAD LAW. A BILL

Entitled an Act to repeal and re-enact with amend

ments Sections 189, 194, 196, 199, 203 and 210, o Article 3, of the Code of Public Local Laws, Vol I., title "Baltimore County," sub-title "Roads." Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assem ply of Maryland that Sections 189, 194, 196, 199, 208 and 210, of Article 8, of the Code of Public Local Laws, Vol. I., title "Baltimore County," sub-title Roads," be and the same are hereby repealed and re-enacted so as to read as follows, viz:
Sec. 189. The Road Commissioners appointed
for the several Election Districts of said county as above provided are required to adopt such system respective Districts as they may deem suitable, subject to the direction and approval of the County Commissioners; and the County Commissioners shall have full power to require all work to be done in the repair and improvement of the roads by contract so far as practicable, and they shall adopt all nuceseary rules and regulations for letting out all such work to the lowest responsible bidders, and allotting the repair of the roads in sections to farmors or others most interested in keeping the same in repair; and whether the repairs of the roads be et out by contract or allotted, such contracts for the work to be done shall be made in writing and subject to the approval of the County Commissioners. No Road Commissioners shall have any pecuniary interest in any contract in connection with the re-pairs or improvements of the roads or bridges, nor shall he work any of his teams or hands otherwise rection of the County Commissioners, such direction to be in writing and to be given only in the event of a failure to put out the repair of the roads upon contract or allotment as above provided. Taxpayers shall have the privilege of hauling stones upon the roads to the extent of two-thirds of their road tax, provided they deliver the same in such way and at such prices as shall be agreed upon by the tax-payer and Road Commissioner of his subdistricts; prices for hard material on the road at designated places shall be, fixed by the Road Commissions of the several Districts subject to approval by the County Commissioners.

One-third of the road tax expended in any Dismoved to lay the motion on the table. The trict shall be used in the purchase of stone or other motion to lay on the table was carried, thus suitable hard material for macadamizing or making Sec. 194. The Road Commissioners herein pro-yided for shall take charge of all the roads and bridges in their respective Districts, and shall see that no obstruction, hindrance or injury is permitted upon any road or bridge under their supervision; and when any road or bridge shall form the boundary between Districts, the County Commissioners shall assign to each District its portion of

said road or bridge. Any person placing obstructions of any kind County," si whatsoever on the public roads, or in the side ditches thereof, shall be liable to a fine of \$5 and lows, viz: oosts for each and every such offense which shall be Sec. 54. mposed by any Justice of the Peace of the District within said offense shall be committed, upon the complaint of the Road Commissioner having charge of said roads; provided said person having been notified to remove said obstruction by the Road Commissioner shall fail to do so withtn two days after notification. And provided further that the person so placing said obstruction on the public coads or in the side ditches shall be liable to a fine of \$5 for each day he permits said obstruction to re-main, the said fine to be in addition to the original fine of \$5, after the expiration of said two days, to be imposed by said Justice and enforced in like manner as said original fine.

Said fine to be paid by the Justice to the County Commissioners of Baltimore County and placed by them to the credit of the District in which it has peen imposed. Said fine to be enforceable as other Sec. 196. That the County Commissioners shall

fines imposed by Justices of the Peace. annually lavy upon the assessable property of Bal-timore county at the time of making the county levy a sum of money not less than 10 nor more than 15 cents on the \$100, for the use of public roads and oridges in Baltimore county, which shall be collected as other county taxes are collected. That said County Commissioners at the time of the annual levy for the year 1890 and each succeedng year are hereby anthorised, directed and re quired to make a special annual levy of 10 cents on each \$100 of the whole assessable property of each of the Election Districts of Baltimore county, to be collected as other county taxes in said county are collected, and when collected to be used by the County Commissioners exclusively for the purchase of stone or other suitable materials for the purpose of macadamizing the county roads in said Districts; provided that this Section shall only be applicable to such of said Districts from which fifty or more taxable residents of said Districts representing at least one-sixth of the taxable basis of such District about the state of the taxable passes of such Districts. shall, forty days prior to any annual levy, petition the said County Commissioners asking such special levy to be made. And provided farther that the material so purchased shall be used solely in the District from which the taxes to purchase the same are collected. Whenever such petition is filed the County Commissioners shall give notice of the filing

ty Commissioners shall give notice of the filing ithereof by publication in two newspapers published in Baltimore county for two successive weeks immediately following the filing of such petition, and if a petition signed by an equal or larger number of tax-payers, residents of such District, representing a larger amount of taxable property be filed prior to such levy objecting thereto, then the Commissioners shall refuse to make such additional levy. And provided further that every tax-payer of said District in which said special levy is made shall have the privilege of working out this special tax by hanling stones or other suitable bard material upon the county roads nearest their farms or residences at such price per perch for the same as may be fixed by the Road Commissioners for said Districts, subject to the approval of the County Commissioners. And said Road Commissioners, immediately after the levy in each year, shall, subject to the approval of the said County Commissioners, fix a uniform price for said materials as far as practicable, and whenever they are satisfied that any tax-payer has fully worked out his special road tax they shall cause the Chairman of the Road Commissioners for said District to give such tax-payer a certificate to that effect, which shall be received by the Treasurer and Collector of Taxes for Baltimore County as so that whenever twenty or more taxable inhabitants of Baltimore county shall desire the opening of any road, or the alteration or cleans of pon the county roads nearest their farms or resi-

more assuments published in Baltimore county for two successive weeks that application has been made and examination granted, to take place on the materials at a stated time, not less than ten days from the date of the last publication of said notice, and a copy of such notice shall be left with each person through or along whose property the road publicated for will pass, or be publicly posted in safe property at least ten days before the examination takes piace. Upon such application being made the County Commissioners shall issue an order to three disinterested tax-navers of the District or Disthree disinterested tax-payers of the District or Dis-tricts through which the road is to be laid out, alter-ed or closed, directing them to meet upon the premi-ses at the time appointed in said notice, and, after making examination, to determine if the public convenience requires the granting of such applica-tion. And if the Examiners so appointed, or a mapapers harped on a similar misor string, as fol-

Sec. 208. That when no objection shall have been

filed within the time hereinbefore designated, or if

bjection shall have been filed and the road peti-

tioned for confirmed by the County Commissioners of said county; or, if in case of appeal, the appeal of the County Commissioners is confirmed by the Circuit Court for said county, the County Commissioners shall record, or cause to be recorded, such road as a public road of Baltimore county, and the award, if for damages, shall be paid by the County Commissioners to the person or persons, or body corporate entitled to receive the same, within ninety days from the ratification of said road and report. And the award, if for benefits, shall be considered a tax and lien upon the property assessed, and shall be paid to the County Commissioners and the Treasurer of said county upon the order of said Commissioners within sixty days from the time the award and report are finally ratified and confirmed as aforesaid; if not then paid, shall be collected as other taxes are collected; provided thirty days' no tice is given to the owner or owners of the property taken for such road, or to him, her or its agent or attorney, or left upon the premises in case the owner is unknown; provided that in case the damages allowed by said Examiners to any person or persons, or body corporate, shall be increased by either the County Commissioners of said county or by the Circuit Court for said county upon an appeal from the decision of said County Commissioners; or, in case the amount of benefits assessed against examiners is decreased, either by order of the said County Commissioners or by the decision of the Circuit Court for Baltimore County upon appeal from the County Commissioners, then the parties petitioning for said road shall pay, pro rata, accord ing to their assessments, the deficit caused by said increase of damages, or decrease of said benefits, the same to be collected the same as any assessments for benefits as hereinbefore provided. And provided further that no work shall be done on any road so ratified and confirmed until all the assess ments for the construction of said road shall have been paid; or in the event of a reduction of any assessment for benefits or increase of any damage upon appeal or otherwise, as above prescribed, until the amount of the deficit thereby earried shall have been made up and paid by the petitioners. The County Commissioners of said county shall then advertise for sealed proposals for the construction of said road according to the specifications furnished by said Examiners, and the contract shall be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder, provided his contract-price shall not exceed the amount of

the net assessments collected for the building of said road, and that the person or persons contract-ing for the building of said road shall give bond to the County Commissioners in double the amount of the contract price for the faithful performance of the contract; and the County Commissioners shall not pay in full for making such road until the same shall have been thoroughly examined and accepted Sec. 210. That in the event! of the failure of th County Commissioners to secure the services of competent Road Commissioners upon the terms prescribed in the last preceding Section of this Act,

they are hereby authorized to appoint proper per sons to act as Road Commissioners, which persons shall be real estate owners in the Districts for which they may be appointed, to whom they may allow a compensation of \$2 per day for each day they may be actually employed in the supervision of repairs of the Roads in their Districts, and the Road Commissioners to be thus appointed shall have the same control over roads and bridges, and organize their

All accounts for moneys expended on account of

roads, and for actual expenses, or for compensation for Commissioners, shall be itemized, sworn to before a Justice of the Peace of the county, and pre sented to the County Commissioners for their approval by the Road Commissioners claiming pay-All said accounts shall be accompanied by the r ceipts of the persons to whom the money is paid which, in all cases, shall be the persons who do the work or furnish the material, and the oath of th Road Commissioner shall attte in addition to the general statement of the truth of the account that the sums so alleged to have been paid have been fully paid by him without discount, diminution or

bonus, and in lawful money of the United States and directly to the person named in the account, and shall further make oath that no laborer employed on the roads has been required to perform any work or labor for personal benefit of said Road Commissioners on any day for which a per diem has been charged to the county, and the said laborer has been paid in full the per diem as allowed by said Commissioners, and the County Commissioners may require such additional proof as they may deen In the event of any work being done by a sub Supervisor of a Road Commissioner, his accounts shall be rendered and proven in the same manner as required of Road Commissioners, and the County Commissioners shall not allow any Road Commissioner for moneys paid any sub-Road Commissioner

accounts are proven as herein directed.

For the purpose of enabling the Road Commissioners to make cash payments required by this Section, it shall be the duty of the said Road Co missioners to draw, at the commencement of the month, on the County Commissioners, in such form on such blanks as may be prescribed and furnished by the County Commissioners, for such sums as they may estimate may be required by them during said month, which said sum shall not be for any one month in excess of one-fourth of the penal sum named in their respective bonds, which sum, if approved by the County Commissioners, shall be advanced by said County Commissioners and charged to the Road Commissioners so requiring the same and shall be accounted for by them at the end of the month. No second requisition of any Road Commissioner shall be paid by the County Commission ers until the preceding one has been accounted for.

THE NEW COUNTY COMMISSIONER LAW. A BILD Entitled an Act to repeal Section 31, of Article 8. the Code of Public Local Laws, entitled "Baltisioners," and to re-enact the same with amend ments. Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 31, of Article 3, of the " sub-title "County Commissioners," be and the

Code of Public Local Laws, title "Baltimore Counsame is hereby repealed and re-enacted, with amendments, so as to read as follows : Sec. 31. There shall be elected on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November, in the year 1892, and on the same day in every second year thereafter in the manner provided in the Constitution, five County Commissioners for Baltimor County, one of whom shall be a resident of the 1st 2d or 18th District; one a resident of the 8d, 4th o 5th District; one a resident of the 6th 7th or 10th District; one a resident of the 8th or 14th District, and one a resident of the 11th or 12th District : and Hundred, (\$700,) including mileage, payable monthly by the Treasurer of said county, and they are re quired to meet for the transaction of the public busi ness at their office in the Court House, at Towson own, on Tuesdays and Wednesdays of each week and daily from the first day of March in each year until the annual levy is made. And the said County Commissioners shall give a general supervision to they may, under the provisions of this Act, be re nired to be selected. And be it enacted, That all Acts or paris of Acts nconsistent with this Act be and the same are hereb

repealed.
Sec. 8. And be it enacted that this Act shall take effect upon the expiration of the terms of office of he present incumbents. THE TREASURER LAW.

To repeal and re-enact, with amendments, Section 54, of Article 8, of the Code of Public Local Laws, title "Baltimore County," sub-title "Treasurer."
Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 54, of Article 9, of the Code of Public Local Laws, title "Baltimore County," sub-title "Treasurer," be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted so as to read as fol-Sec. 54. The Treasurer shall make no par

except on an order signed by a majority of the County Commissioners and countersigned by the Auditor, who shall be Chief Clerk of the County Commissioners; and all of said payments shall be y check when the amount exceeds twenty dollars. at payment of sums less than twenty dollars may be made by check or otherwise, in the discretion of the said Treasurer; and each order on him shall state for what purpose it is given, and shall em-brace but one class of expenditure, and each check Sec. 11. And be it enacted that this Act shall take

effect from the date of its passage. Correspondence of the Maryland Journal.] OUR BALTIMORE LETTER.

Cherus of Creakers-Saint George Washingten-Pulpit, Prisen, and Press-As to Other Atrocities-Chances for Champions -Missourian Accomplishments - Development of Amazons—A Mest Modern Intance-Parading to Church-Liberty and

BALTIMOBE, February 28th, 1890. It is amusing to observe what a chorus of complaint is now being rehearsed by those superior persons whose intellectual powers are devoted to the edification of the community, through the medium of the public press. Whether these doleful strains are the result of a depression of spirits superinduced by attacks of the grip, or are produced by a mental malady of the grip species; whether they are malely made mournful by the prevalent shadows of Lent; or whether they are simply exemplifications of a desire to acquire reputation for judgment, by the easy path of fault-finding, it might be difficult to decide. But there must be some reason or cause why the spread eagle boastings of former days are now drifting into

this gloomy channel. The occurrence of "Saint" George Washington's birthday, last Saturday, furnished an occasion for one of these lugubrious distribes in the columns of a Baltimore newspaper. After deploring the lack of enthusiasm now mani-fested for this aniversary, and questioning the modern greatness of which we boast, this authority says: "Washington and his compatriots would indeed be surprised if they could see the United States of to-day, but it is probable that they would be surprised not so much by the material alterations that have taken place, as by the changes in the national spirit and the national heart. In certain ways we have made great progress, but what would Washington Ray o some of our principles of government, to our political methods, to the partisan and narrow policies with which we shek to messure and determine great questions, and to the dead- of people out of the desire to drink as will ness and indifference with which we recall the eradicate the habit from our social customs. giories of our own past? Would he not be | When drinking ceases to be a social custom. opening of any road, or the alteration or closing of any old road, or part of any pld road, they may make application in writing to the County Commissioners, setting forth as many be the length and location of the road so patitioned for; and the County C amased and diagneted at many phases of our | the chief cause of intemperance will cease with progress, and utterly elakened by some accom. It, and the evils of intemperance will be known paniments of our development, and would be mere except as sporadio occas of disease, not gladly turn his back upon all this national which the reformers may safely turn over to

orruptions, to view with house tride and maisfaction the young and poor, but pure and pa-triotic republic which he had founded?" Under such circumstances, it is fortunate ndeed, if the Father of his Country is unable to return to it: for it would not be stall pleasant to have him around in a sickened and disgusted condition; and it might be somewhat humiliating to our pride to find him glad to turn his back upon us, and return to his sleep with the worms, in order to be in better com-And last week one of the great New York

take upon the question of a quorum, the scenes enacted in the House of Representatives during the present session, are not at all such as to rouse the pride of the intelligent voters of the country whatever their party affiliations, and must cause gloomy forebodings as to the future of Republican institutions." We hear concordant strains, too, sung upon the subject of the Church. Her creeds, her missions, and her charities, all find somebody to grown over them. One writer will deplore the worldliness of professed Christians; another the inadequate education of ministers and a contributor to the Catholic World declares that "the power of the pulpit is diminishing," Even the news from the prisons is discouraging. The last annual report of the New York State prison, for instance, has been characterized as "gloomy document." It shows a deficit, for 889, of nearly \$370,000; and asserts that "sickness, insanity, and death attacked the

observant of this tendency, to particularize in numerous directions; but some of the most strident notes of woe are sung over what are said to be the failures of our modern systems of education. We hear a great wail concerning the lack of education in the South : while. on the other hand, a cry of alarm reaches us about the threatened collapse of the common school system in New England, where we had always supposed that the very genius of education had erected her throne and her altars. The higher education, also, comes in for a share of these animadversions : our masculine colleges furnish butts for the sarcastic; and Professor Boyesen is out in a novelette which "aims to show the calamitons results from much of the prevailing feminine education.' While, to cap the whole climax of complaint, Senator Biair has just denounced, in Congress, our "great American press," calling it "the source of more mischief in the country than there would be if we had no press at all.' All this, taken in connection with the worldwide troubles of labor and capital; the failure of the German Emperor's socialistic scheme : the barbarities practiced by the Russian powers; the allegations as to gas and canal business down at Annapolis; with the stone-battles of Baltimore boys, who are reported to spend whole afternoons smashing windows, breaking heads, and knocking eyes out, by way of put ting the finishing touches to the tail of this terrible kite; all this array of unpleasant accusations betrays a most unamiable disposition on the part of the aforesaid censors of the public, who certainly ought to be disciplined for maliciousness, or undergo medical treatment with a view to their recovery of sweet-temper and hopefulness. however, it is the duty of all other persons to deny and disprove such charges, to the best of

Until such reformation can be accomplished their ability. For where any people or cause has a merit, it is only fair that this should recognized; and where there are any unfortunates who have notody to defend them, all generous souls should assume the champion-The weak and defenceless women of Mis-

souri, for instance, who are going through the MARES and KENTUCKY MULES, at country fighting saloons by "smashing whisky Stables, Reisterstown, on WEDNESDAY, MARCH bottles and breaking up kers with hatchets," 5th, 1890, at 1 o'clock P. M. This car load of horses ought to have somebody to do them justice. Have they no conscientious convictions, or force of character, to be respected? And in property," are they doing any worse than the aloon-keepers who fracture the legalities by selling liquor without a license? Prof. Boyesen may say what he pleases to the contrary, but the modern education of women is surely advancing them along a certain line. Look at all the sciences they study. and the occupations they undertake. Think of the Conventions they hold, and the enormous claims which they make. Is it fair to charge them with any lack of manliness, in view of the performances which they have al-

ready accomplished? We had a specimen of their achievements, and of the value of the higher studies to them, in the case of some of our own Women's College students, the other day. A party of them, in charge of a chaperone, went down to visit Washington city; and we are told that upon arriving there, "two by two they sailed along the avenue, laughing and shouting, attracting the attention of every one," but "oblivious to the comments and conjectures of passers by." These "happy spirits" rushed about the city "in a whirlwind of excitement," visiting the various places of interest, including the White House, where they "were about to burst pellmell into the building," and had to be "recalled" by the doorkeeper. After this repulse one of these young "ladies" 'peered through the lower windows and vowed that she saw a man ironing the President's shirts," and the party concluded that the delay was occasioned by his Excellency having to wait till his garment was ironed. In their interview with the President they appear to have hinted for an invitation to lunch; but not receiving it, they went to a lunch-parlor, where "they took the place by storm," filling the room with their boisterousness, to the horrification of even the waiters. But their crowning achievement was the ascent of the Monument, on the top of which they burst out

"Hoo-pah, hoo-pah, hoo-pahrohr! The Woman's College of Baltimore !"

poetical "yell" of

As this story has not been denied by the party, nor explained away by the faculty, we must suppose the account to be accurate. And as our Johns Hopkins students had a glorious time indulging in "yells," cane rushes, and "guying" each other as they paraded with the faculty, trustees, and guests, to the church where they colebrated their anniversary, last Saturday, we may now congratulate ourselves upon our freedom from the antiquated shackles good-breeding. Such is the higher education of a University town!

[Correspondence of the MARYLAND JOURNAL.] A QUESTION AN TO MT. WINANS TARIFF REFORM OLUB.

MOUNT WINANS, Feb. 24th, 1890. Dear Journal: In last week's issue of the Journal the report of the Recording Secretary of the Mount Winans Tariff Reform Club sounded to the public very nice, and I only hope they will practice what they preach. But circumstances do not point that way (not saying one word against or to the success of that great and good body of tariff reformers of Towson, who should have all praise and credit that we humble citi-

zens can heap upon them.) About the last of December, when the appointments of County Commissioners were made public, the old cry that has been going around here for a number of years (only to die in a few weeks for want of strength :) "I'm eft, and I'll fight them to the bitter end of Sheol!" is heard again. The author of the above statement declared hat he could control 30 men in the midst of the Jackson Democratic Club and would withdraw them and startanew organization. When the election of officers took place in February (the opposition had been scouring the District

for votes) at the Democratic Club the "soreheads" or "kickers" -as they are known around here-proposed a new set of officers, which they had a perfect right to do. We, the old standard bearers of the Jackson Club, up. held our old tried and true officers and beat them by an overwhelming majority, they only getting 7 votes out of 65. Whereupon these soreheads" left our Hall at the close of the meeting declaring vengeance upon the head of the officials of the Jackson Democratic Club. Now, kind readers, we will let you answer, does this not show that they are opposing the Jackson Club? or, on the other hand, does it show that they are in harmony with us; that bey are old standard-bearers of the old Jackson Club? I answer no! and do the rest of the *members.* They claim they want to educate high-tariff

Republicans and pull them in our tariff reform rings, which is a right good idea, but the educators are bad—they are "soreheads" and "kickers," and if you have bad teachers you are bound to have bad scholars. Remember that they have a leader now who will excell all others and bury them so deep in the mud that hey shall never rise again. Now, kind readers, I again appeal to you to answer, where can you find a more honest, a better equipped, a more thorough gentleman, a more faithful and a better friend than our present leader, Mr. James Rittenhouse? or, on the other hand, a more competent President, than

Mr. Geo. A. Meeter, of the Jackson Democratic Club. Such men as these our worthy reformers are trying to reform. Fie upon thee, art thou not ashamed. Yours, &c., JACKSONIAN. THE ROOT OF THE DRINK EVIL.-If a free American wants to drink he will find the stuff to drink and plenty of people to supply him with it in spite of all the laws that were ever contrived by human ingenuity. The way to deal with him is to care him of the desire to drink, or at least to educate as large a number

Bied.

There is a Reaper whose name is DRATH,
And, with his sickle keen,
He reaps the bearded grain at a breath,
And the flowers that grow between. HERRING.-Suddenly, at Govanstown, Baltimore county, on February 21st, 1890, WILTON S. HERRING, in the 46th year of his age, son of the late John L.

Herring. Ball.—At Wetheredayille, Baltimore county, on February 25th, 1890, Gronge H. Ball, in the 29th year of his age. WEBB .- At "Oella," Baltimorec county, on Februark 21st, 1800, CLARK WEBB, in the 61st year of his ows: "Whatever side one may be disposed to: CEARK.—At Owinga' Mills, on Feb:uary 19th, 1890, GEORGE P. CLARK. SHERICK.—In Baltimore, on February 21st, 1890, CATHABINE, in the 73d year of his age, beloved wife of Martin Sherick, formerly of Texas, Baltimore conniv. SHEPPERD.-Near Belfast, on February 20th, 1890, John W. Shepperd, aged 55 years. Our uncle is sleeping, so free from all pain, Oh! wake him not, sweet spirit, to suffer again He slumbers so soundly, oh! let him sleep on, His suffering are over, his troubles all gone. Oh! think how he suffered, and groaned with pain In the long night hours, as we soothed him in vain Till God in His mercy sent down from above

The Markets.

An angle that whispered a message of love.

BALTIMORE MARKET. THURSDAY, Feb. 27th, 1889 wretched imprisoned men as they never did | FLOUR-Howard Street Super...\$ 2.00 @ \$ 2.60 Buper... 2.75 @ 8.75 @ Family., 3.75 It would be easy for any one who has been 0.00 0.00 3.25 1.10 Patapsco Fxtra..... 4.85Family..... 5.10 2.80 CORN MEAL-City Mills...... .95 @ CORN-Southern White..... Yellow..... Western.... OATS-Southern.... Western 16.00 POTATOES—Per Bushel..... BUTTER..... Reported for the JOURNAL by N. B. Merryman, Eastern Hay Scales, Greenmount Avenue:

> CLOVER HAY-Per Ton...... 6.00 @ STRAW-Wheat...... 8.00 @ Rye...... 10.00 @ Oat..... 8.00 @ CORN-Per Barrel..... 2.00 @ TOWSON MEAT MARKET. THE OLD STAND, York Road near the Post Office.

who may favor us with a call

TIMOTHY HAY-Per Ton..... 8.09 @ 11.00

BEEF, VEAL, LAMB, MUTTON, AND SMOKED BEEF TONGUES, PORK, BACON, SMOKED SAUSAGE, &c. All of the best quality and at the lowest prices.
ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED. Meats delivered within a reaonable distance REE OF CHARGE C. HARRIS COLLINGS, Successor to SAMUEL COLLINGS.

We are selling to our customers and the public

Mew Adventisements.

A CARD.

We call the attention of Farmers, Horsemen, and all interested in Fine Stock, to the PUBLIC SALE OF VIRGINIA HORSES, and mares has been especially selected to suit the They will be sold on a credit of seven months, and all stock is to come up to representation or money "breaking the law by rioting and destroying refunded. Let those who are in need of good Stock wait for this sale before purchasing elsewhere. March 1.-1t*

John V. Slade, Auctioneer. PUBLIC SALE Valuable Stock, WAGONS, HARNESS, &c., &c. The undersigned will sell at Public Auction. a

"Cromwell Park Farm," situated one mile west of Corbett Station, Northern Central Railroad, On Monday, March 3d, 1890, At 12 o'clock M., THE FOLLOWING PERSONAL PROPERTY, VIZ LARGE GRAY HORSE, sound and gentle in every particular; 4 of them fresh, 3 having Calves

by their side.

These Cows are the choicest reserved. by their side. from our recent sale. Also, 1 Top Buggy, but little used; 1 four or six-horse broad-tread Wagon, I two-horse Tread Power, l set Carriage Harness, 1 set Light Wagon Harness, 1 lot Prime Ear Corn, l lot each of Clover and Timothy Hay, four-gallon Churn, 3 Hot Bed Sash with Glass, 1 Daill and other small articles. Terms of Sale .- All sums of \$20 or less, Cash

on larger amounts a credit of six months will be WAPLES & BRO. JOHN V. SLADE, Auctioneer. March 1.-1t By William M. Risteau, Auctioneer.

PUBLIC SALE STOCK, WAGONS, FARM AND GARDEN UTENSILS, HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS, &c., with their well-known, sensible, elegant, and ON THE HILLEN ROAD, ONE MILE FROM BALTIMORE.

The undersigned, intending to rent his market garden, will sell at Public Sale, on the premises, on the Hillen Road, one mile north of the first toll-gate, on the Harford Road, and opposite Miss Mary On Wednesday, March 5th, 1890, At 1 o'clock P. M. sharp, (Without regard to weather.)

THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY, &c., VIZ: One Good Work Horse. 1 Fresh Cow 1 two horse Market Wagon, nearly new, cost \$200; 1 Manure Wagon, 1 Fresh Cow, oue horse Market Wagon, 1

Water Cart, 1 Dray Cart, 2 old Carts 1 Buggy, 1 Sleigh, 1 Farm sled, 1 Mc Cormick Combined Reaper and Mower, I Champion Mowing Machine, I Thomas Hay Tedder, new; 1 Steel-Tooth Hay Rake, 1 good Cutting Box, 1 Corn Sheller, 1 Grain Fan, 1 Wheelbarrow, 1 Grindstone, 3 two horse Plows, one-horse Plows, 1 Shovel Plow, 2 Cultivators, Double Harrow, I large Single Harrow, 2 small Harrows, 1 large Roller, I Hay Knife, 1 Broadcast Seed-Sower, 1 good Carriage Pole, with Yoke: 2 Grain Cradles. Mowing Scythes, 125 Hot-Bed Sash, lot Market Boxes, lot Bean Poles, Single and Double ness, Double Lines, heavy Breast Straps, I Saddle, Plow Harness, &c. Also,

HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE, Embracing 3 Bedsteads, one Wardrobe, 1 Feather Bed, 1 Bureau, 2 Cushioned Chairs lot of other Chairs, 1.Baby Carriage, two goood Stoves, 1 Desk, 3 Tables, 1 Hat Rack, 1 Bath Tub, lot of Matting, 2 Clocks, two Churns, Trunks, Picures and Frames, and many other articles unnec-Terms of Sale-OASH. ALEXANDER BRODIE. A Red Flag at the gate on the Hillen Road

will designate the place of sale.

March 1.—ts* Wm. M. Risteau, Auctioneer. SHERIFF'S SALE VALUABLE REAL ESTATE. -IR THE-11TH ELECTION DISTRICT, BALTIMORE CO.

By virtue of a writ-of fiert facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Baltimore County, at the suit of Frank Seitel, Jr., Anna Gerst, by her husband and next friend, George Gerst, and Mary Blacksmith, by her husband and next friend, Emil Blacksmith, against Frank Seitel, and against the goods and hattels, lands and tenements of the said Frank Seitel, to me directed, I have seized and taken in execution and levied upon the following valuable tracts of land, wig . ALL THOSE TWO TRACTS OR PARCELS OF Situated on the road leading from Camp Chapel to Ridgely's Forge, in the 11th District of Baltimore

ounty, and adjoining the lands of John Philophe lmon Leibe and Leonard Tremper, and for the first piece or parcel of land being more particularly de-cribed in a deed of conveyance from Jesse Tyson and James W. Tyson, devisees, in trust of Issac Tyson, Jr., late of Baltimore city, deceased, to said Frank Seitel, bearing date the 16th day of Febru-ary, A. D. 1865, and recorded among the Land Rec-ords of Baltimore County, in Liber J. H. L., No. 44, olio 179, &c., (reference thereto being had will more fully appear.) containing 12 ACRES AND 20 SQUARE PERCHES OF LAND. -ALSO-

ALL THAT OTHER PIECE OR TRACT OF LAND Situated in the county aforesaid, and adjoining the lands hereinbefore described, and which is particularly described in a deed of conveyance from John Carson and Roger B. T. Campbell, Trustee, and others, to the said Frank Seitel, containing 24 ACRES, 3 BOODS AND 10 SQUARE PERCHES OF LAND, MORE OR LESS, and which is recorded among the Land Records of Baltimore County, in Liber J. H. L., No. 51, folio 281, &c., being the same piece or parcel of land which by deed dated the 9th day of May, 1877, was conveyed by Frank Reitel to Anna Margaret Seitel, recorded in Liber J. B., No. 101, folio 859, &c. And I hereby give notice that I will seit at the Court House door, in Towson.

lourt House door, in Towson. On Monday, March 94th, 1800, . At 1 o'clock P. M., o the highest bidder for CASH, all the right, title interest, demand at law and in equity of the said Frank Seitel, in and to the above parcels or track of lands so seized and taken in execution by me. OHARLES J. BROKLEY, Sheriff of Baltimore County.

Bow Zaveştigementa ATOTICE TO THE PUBLIC. As my wife has left my bed and board without just cause or provocation. I hereby warn every person from crediting her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting. Lochearn, Baltimore Co., Md. March 1 .- 2t*

TOUNT MORIAH LODGE, 116. _ 1 A stated communication of Mount Morish Lodge, F & A. M., will be held in THE TEMPLE, Tow Tuesday, March 4th, A. L. 5890. At 71% o'clock P. M.
By order of the W. M.
ROBERT FEAST,

PUBLIC SALE -QN-Raturday, March 22d, 1890.

By virtue of the power vested in me by the last will and testament of Mary A. Cullison, deceased, I will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, in Trenton, Baltimore county, Md., in front of the Luheran Church,

of the late Mary A. Cullison, deceased, consisting of A HOUSE AND LOT ontaining about three-fourths of an ACRE OF LAND, more or less. The improvements consist of A TWO-STORY FRAME DWELLING, Washhouse and Dairy, Good Stable, Carriage House, Corn Crib, Hog Pen, Hen House and other neces-sary outbuildings. A number of fine Fruit Trees on Terms of Sale .- One-third Cash on day of sale r ratification of the same by the Orohans Court of ments of six and twelve months, purchaser or pur chasers giving their note with approved security bearing interest from date, or all cash at the option

March 1.-ts

Tenable & Packard, Attorneys, 207 N. Cal-MORTGAGKE'S SALE OF A VALUABLE DWELLING HOUSE and LOT, VALUABLE GROUND RENTS.

By virtue of the power contained in a mortgage On Wednesday, March 12th, 1890, At three o'clock P. M., on the PREMISES, sell at PUBLIC AUCTION, all

and each of said rents being redeemable at any time upon the payment of \$625, with all accrued rent lated 8d July, 1885, and recorded among the Land 48. folio 149. etc.) n Eastern Homestead in the annexed District of the west beginning for the same at a point on the south side of Jefferson street distant 200 feet wester y from the southwest corner of Taylor and Jeffer-

This lot is improved by a substantial BRICK DWELLING AND OUTBUILDINGS. Terms of Sale .- One-third Cash, and balance n six and twelve months in equal installments; deferred payments to bear interest from day of sale and to be secured to the satisfaction of the undersigned; or all Cash, at the option of the purchaser Taxes and water rents to be adjusted to the day of sale. A cash payment at the time of sale of \$20 on each of said rents, and of \$50 on the said fee-sim-

Attorney named in the Mortgage. WM. SEEMULLER & CO., Auctioneers. Feb. 15.—ts

Baltimore. MORTGAGE SALE. IN THE 7TH DISTRICT, BALTIMORE COUNTY. By virtue of a power contained in a mortgage dated May 31st, 1883, recorded among the Mortgage Records of Baltimore County, in Liber W. M. I., No. 104, folio 285, &c., from Andrew B. Cross to Geo Wm. Brown and Stewart Brown, Trustees, the subscriber. Frederick W. Brune, the attorney named in said mortgage, will sell by Public Auction, at the

On Tuesday, March 4th, 1890, At 12 o'elock M... THE TWO CONTIGUOUS PARCELS OF LAND IN SAID MORTGAGE MENTIONED, which are particularly described by metes and bounds in the two deeds to the said Andrew B. Cross in the said mortgage referred to, to wit: one from Wm. Meade Addison. Trustee, dated the 8th day of March, 1855, and recorded among the Land Records of Baitimore County, in Liber H. M. F., No. 11, folio 101, &c., of a tract containing about TWC HUNDRED AND FOURTEEN ACRES OF LAND, and the other from Mary Nampson and others, dated the 26th day of August, 1856, and recorded as aforesaid in Liber H. M. F., No. 16, folio 365, &c., of a tract containing about ONE HUNDRED AND TWELVE ACRES OF LAND, excepting a small

FREDERICK W. BRUNE,

EXECUTORS' SALE . VALUABLE REAL ESTATE. BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD.

south of Trenton, on Saturday, March 15th, 1890, At ? o'clock P. M., ALL THAT PARCEL OF LAND 481/4 ACRES OF LAND, MORE OR LESS,

STONE DWELLING, 20x40 with basement, Bank Barn, Carriage House. Machine House, Corn House and Granary, Smoke House and all necessary outbuildings. The farm is well watered and in a good state of cultivation.

There is a fine APPLE ORCHARD on the premises.

Terms of Sals.—One-third Cash on day of sale
or ratification thereof by the Orphans' Court of Baltimore County, and the balance in two equal payments of six and twelve months, purchaser or purchasers giving their notes, with approved security, bearing interest from day of sale.

BALTIMORE COUNTY.

OFFICE OF TREASURER AND COLLECTOR OF TAXES OF BALTIMORE COUNTY,
Towson, MD., Dec. 14th, 1889.
Notice is hereby given to the TAX-PAYERS OF
BALTIMORE COUNTY, that the TREASURER
AND COLLECTOR OF COUNTY AND STATE TAXES is ready to receive the taxes on the levy of 1889, as well as all back taxes, at his office, TOW-SONTOWN, DAILY.

April 1st to November 1st from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. November 1st to April 1st from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. NO ON SATURDAY'S ONLY It the MANUFACTURERS' NATIONAL BANK N. E. corner of Baltimore and Liberty Streets, Bal FROM 10 O'CLOCK A. M. to 21/4 O'CLOCK P. M.

ASHLAND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Don't forget the date

March 1.-1t

PUBLIC SALE

OF THE VALUABLE REAL ESTATE,

At 12 o'clock M., ALL THE REAL ESTATE

GEO. R. CULLISON,

IN HOMESTEAD, IN THE ANNEXED DISTRICT OF BALTIMORE. from George G. Hooper to Richard M. Venable, Trustee, dated September 15th, 1884, and recorded among the Mortgage Records of Baltimore County, in Liber W. M. I., No. 111, follo 383, &c., the undersigned, attorney named in the mortgage, will,

he following described property, that is to say, the following YEARLY RENTS and the fee simple reversions to which they are appurtenant: EIGHT ANNUAL RENTS, each of \$37.50, issuing respectively out of eight contiguous lots of ground on the south side of Jefferson Street, in Eastern Iomestead, in the annexed District of Baltimore ity, beginning for the first thereof at the southwest orner of Taylor and Jefferson Streets, and fronting wenty-five feet on Jefferson Street, and running ack, with a uniform width, one hundred feet to he centre of a ten-foot alley, with the use thereof n common.

And beginning for the 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th nd 8th of said lots at the distances respectively of 25, 50, 75, 100, 125, 150 and 175 feet west from the said southwest corner of Taylor and Jefferson Streets and each fronting 25 feet on the south side of Jefferson Street and extending back with a uniform width of 100 feet to the centre line of a ten-foot al-

and a proportionate part of that to come due. (see lease from George G. Hooper to Herbert Hooper, Records of Baltimore County, in Liber W. M. I., No. Also, the following fee-simple property situated Baltimore City:
ALL THAT LOT adjoining the aforesaid lots on son streets and fronting 152 feet on Jefferson street and extending back with a uniform width of 100

Brown & Brunc, Attorneys, 222 St. Paul St.,

Court House door, at Towsontown,

B. Cross with the assent of the mortgagecs. The two tracts together contain about 326 ACRES OF LAND, MORE OR LESS. The said property is situate on both sides of the miles east of Parkton, 11/2 miles from Whitehall nd 114 miles from Burns' Switch, on the N. C. R. R. adjoins the village of Stablersville and the lands Messrs. Slade, Wright, Palmer, Pierce, Burns and It is susceptible of division into several tracts, each ronting on county roads and all well watered and Terms of Rale as prescribed by said Mortgage:—One third Cash on day of sale, balance in six and twelve months, the notes of the purchase

By virtue of the power contained in the last will

contained in the home farm of said deceased, adjoining the lands of George Nash, Thos. Merryman, Alfred Fowble and others, containing one-quarter of an acre being reserved for a graveyard where the graveyard now is,) about 7 acres inimber. The improvements consist of a two-story

Possession on first of April, 1890.
GEO. R. CULLISON,
GEO. W. BELT,
Executors Feb. 22.—ts TOTICE TO TAXPAYERS

-Office Hours-

GEORGE W. YELLOTT,

NTEW ENGLAND SUPPER. REV. E. E. BARCLAY, D. D., PASTOR. At the parsonage of Ashland Presbyterian Churck, "NEW ENGLAND SUPPER."

COME ONE! COME ALL! and get a good square meal for 25 CENTS, as Plenty to eat, Parlor Games, Music and Pretty Girls on hand. SOMETHIEG UNIQUE AND ENJOYABLE.

ey with the use thereof in common. Fach of said lots being improved by COMFORTABLE FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

each of said rents, and ple lot will be required.

JOSEPH PACKARD, Jr., the Mortgag

portion of the last mentioned tract which was by deed dated May 2d, 1884, and recorded as aforesaid in Liber W. M. I., No. 144, folio 205, sold by Andrew

with interest and satisfactory security to be given for the credit payments, or the whole purchase money may be paid in cash at the purchaser's op tion. A deposit of \$100 will be required from the

purchaser at the sale Attorney named in said Mortgage, 222 St. Paul St., Baltimore GEORGE W. STOCKSDALE, Auctioneer.

and testament of Moses Cullison, late of Baltimore county, deceased we, the undersigned executors, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, one mile

Treasurer and Collector.

J. HARMAN SCHONE.
THOMAS R. LAURENCE.
Clerks. Dec. 14.--tf

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 5th, 1880