

tions, in America, commonly known and called by the name of the Caribbee Islands; which Islands and plantations nevertheless belonging indisputably to his Majesty, had order'd the inhabitants of Tobacco, who are all subjects to his Majesty, to quit the same within thirty days, giving them to understand, that they must expect military execution in case of their non-compliance. The nature of such an act, and the terms in which it is conceived, put it out of all doubt, that it never could have proceeded from the governor of Barbados; but that it is the work of some evil disposed person, and determines us to wave the demanding any satisfaction from the pretended author of it, who in all probability had no hand in it. Nevertheless, it being necessary to hinder all persons, of what nation, quality, or condition, soever they may be, from falling into the snare laid for them, we declare to all the subjects of his Majesty, who are settled upon the said island of Tobacco, as well Whites and Indians, Negroes, Mulattoes, Multees, and all others whom it may concern, that we will defend them against any attempts that any nation, strangers to us, may form against the said island; and that we will send them such a quantity of ammunition and provisions as they may stand in need of. We prohibit their having any correspondence or dealings with the neighbouring colonies, belonging either to the English, Dutch, or Danes, nor to suffer any of them to continue among them, or to permit their coming on shore on the said island of Tobacco, until we shall have sent a commanding officer with regular troops, for their protection and defence. It is our will and pleasure that these presents be published and set up in all the quarters of the said island of Tobacco, that no person whatever may plead ignorance of the same.

Given under our seal at arms, and the counter-  
sign of our first secretary at Martinico, De-  
cember 7, 1748.

Le Marquis de CAYLUS.

By his Lordship's Command,

MORRETT.

From the ANTIGUA GAZETTE.

St. John's, March 3, 1749.

By Capt. Breakbill, in the ship *Share*, who arrived here on Thursday, in six Weeks, from Ireland, we have the following Advices: viz.

His Majesty's most gracious SPEECH to both Houses of Parliament, on Tuesday the 29th of November, 1748.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

I acquainted you at the Close of the Parliament, that preliminary Articles for a general Pacification had been signed by my Ministers; and those of the most Christian King, and the States General of the United Provinces. To which the Empress Queen of Hungary, the Kings of Spain and Sardinia, and the other Powers engaged in the War, soon afterwards acceded.

I left no Time in taking the proper Measures with my Allies for effectuating the general Peace, by a definitive Treaty, in which all Parties were to concur: And notwithstanding the Difficulties which must attend so extensive a Work, wherein the Interests of so many Powers were to be finally adjusted by my Consent, I have been able, by the Blessing of God, in the Course of the Summer, to complete it; and I have the Pleasure to acquaint you, that a definitive Treaty, previously concerted with my Allies, has been signed by my Ministers, and those of France, and the States General, to which all the other Powers concerned in the War have acceded without Reserve.

It has been my chief Endeavour, in putting an End to the calamities of the War, to make the most effectual Provision for securing the Rights and Interests of my own Subjects, and to procure the best Terms and Conditions for my Allies, that the Situation of Affairs would admit. And I take much Satisfaction in being able to tell you, that I have found a general good Disposition in all the Parties engaged in the War, to bring this Negotiation to a happy Conclusion. From these Circumstances we may promise ourselves, under God, a long Enjoyment of the Blessings of Peace, provided we make the right Use and Improvement of it.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

As great a Progress has been made towards reducing the public Expences, as the Nature of the Case would allow; and I

and for making good such Engagements as have been already entered into, and said before you. Times of Traquillity, and the proper Seasons for lessening the national Debt, and providing for ourselves against future Events. And as the necessary Means for these Purposes, I must recommend to you the Improvement of the public Revenue, and the maintaining our naval Force in proper Strength and Vigour.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

It is impossible for me to speak to you on this Subject of the happy Re-establishment of the public Tranquillity, without returning you my sincerest Thanks for the great and effectual Support you have given me, in carrying on this just and necessary War; in which not only the common Cause of Europe, but our own Independence and essential Interests were nearly concerned. As the extraordinary Expences which it brought upon my good Subjects, gave me much Uneasiness, so I could not but wish to see as speedy an End put to them as possible.

Whatever the Events of War may have been, on every Occasion to their lasting Honour, and our signal Successes at Sea, must ever be remember'd, to the Glory of the British Fleet, and entitle it to the particular Attention and Support of this Nation. You will further consider, that those brave Men, who have serv'd well by Sea or Land, and cannot now be employ'd, justly deserve to be the Objects of your Favour and Protection.

As my first Care has been to take the most early Measures, that my People may as soon as possible reap the Benefits of Peace, so I do not let your cheerful Assistance in perfecting this good Work. Let me earnestly recommend to you the Advancement of our Commerce, and cultivating the Arts of Peace, in which you may depend on my hearty Concurrence and Encouragement. It shall be my Endeavour to continue these Blessings, by a punctual Execution of the Engagement now taken, and by maintaining the perfect Harmony and good Correspondence with the Friends and Allies of Great Britain.

The Experience I have had of you makes me rely on your Zeal, Uniformity, and Dispatch of your Proceedings; and you may be assured, that nothing shall be wanting on my Part, to make you a flourishing and happy People.

By the Obscurity of the Sense, here seems to have been an Omission of several Words in the Print we copied from.

LONDON, November 19.

We are inform'd that the public Thanksgiving, for a Peace will be on the 10th of January next, when his Majesty will repair to St. Paul's, with the usual Ceremonies; and that the Fire-works, so long preparing, will be play'd off the same Evening in the Green Park.

December 27. On Sunday last General Hawley arrived at Gravesend from Holland, and there are now nine of the Transjacks, with Troops on board, put into that Port.

ANNAPOLIS.

Wednesday last the Reverend Mr. ANDREW LEBRON was inducted into this Parish, in the room of the Reverend and Ingenious Mr. JOHN GORDON, who is Removed, to the great Grief of his Parishioners, to St. Michael's Parish in Talbot County, vacant by the Death of the late Rev. Mr. NICOLS.

We hear that the Gentlemen chosen to represent Dorchester County, are Mr. Daniel Sullivan, Capt. Matthew Traverser (a new Member in the room of Capt. Bartholomew Eanalls), Mr. Philemon Becompte, and Col. Henry Hooper.

Last Monday the Assizes began in Baltimore County; and will begin here on Friday next.

One Day this Week, came to Town, with a Waggon from the Buck Woods, a very remarkable Horse, who has six fair Hoofs, four before, and two behind. He is a well made strong large Horse, and every way like other Horses, except his two extraordinary Hoof, which grow on the Footlock Joints, about five Inches from the Ground, and measure at the Bottom from the Frog to the End 3 Inches, and on the upper Side 2 1/2 Inches, growing right towards; and yet the Horse does not Cut as he travels, and goes very well.

Mr. Green,

Please to insert the following in your next Gazette, and you will oblige greatly, Yours, &c.

On Saturday the 18th of March last, and in Dorchester County, in the 39th Year of her Age, Mary, the Wife of

Act. Butler at Portsmouth in New England (now re-