

8 Battalions and 107 Squadrons, making in the whole 72,850 Men. We shall only observe, that if these Accounts may be depended on, the latter is much inferior to the combined Army under the Grand Duke.

They write from Hanover, that the Levies making through the whole Extent of that Electorate, go on with all desirable Success, and Transports of them are frequently made for the Netherlands.

July 27. We hear that 2000 Band Forces will be soon sent from hence to garrison Cape-Breton; and that they will be formed into two Regiments, the Commands of which will be given to General Pepperrell and ——— Shirley, Esquires: It is also talked that General Pepperrell, for his Conduct in the Reduction of Cape-Breton, will be created a Baronet of Great-Britain; and that Commodore Warren will be rewarded with a Flag.

Yesterday three Waggon laden with Money were brought to the Bank, from on board the Rose Man of War, arrived from Carolina, being Part of the Prize Money taken by that Ship; among which is the fine Silver Chaise.

Whitehall, July 23. On Saturday last the Hon. Capt. Montague, Commander of his Majesty's Ship the Mermaid, arrived with Letters to his Grace the Duke of Newcastle, one of his Majesty's principal Secretaries of State, from Commodore Warren and Mr. Pepperrell, who has the Command of the Forces employed in the Expedition against Cape-Breton, giving an Account of the Surrender of the Town and Forts of Louisburg, and the Territories thereunto belonging, after a Siege of forty-nine Days, on the following Terms of Capitulation, proposed by Commodore Warren and Mr. Pepperrell, and agreed to by M. Chambron, the Governor of Louisburg.

I. That if your own Vessels shall be found insufficient for the Transportation of your Persons and Effects to France, we will provide such a farther Number of Vessels as may be sufficient for that Purpose: Also any Provisions necessary for the Voyage, that you cannot furnish yourselves with.

II. That all the Commission Officers belonging to the Garrison, and the Inhabitants of the Town, may remain in their Houses with their Families, and enjoy the free Exercise of their Religion; and no Person shall be suffered to misuse or molest any of them, 'til such Time as they can conveniently be transported to France.

III. That the Non-Commission Officers and Soldiers shall immediately, upon the Surrender of the Town and Forts, be put on board some of his Britannic Majesty's Ships, 'til they can also be transported to France.

IV. That all your Sick and Wounded shall be taken tender Care of, in the same Manner with our own.

V. That the Commander in chief now in the Garrison, shall have Liberty to send off two covered Waggon, to be inspected only by one Officer of ours, that no warlike Stores be contained therein.

VI. That if there are any Persons in the Town or Garrison, which you shall desire may not be seen by us, they shall be permitted to go off masked.

The above we do consent to, and promise, on your Compliance with the following Conditions, viz.

I. That the Surrender and due Performance of every Part of the aforesaid Premises, be made and completed as soon as possible.

II. That as the Security for the punctual Performance of the same, the Island Battery, or one Battery of the Town, shall be delivered, with all the Artillery and warlike Stores thereunto belonging, into the Possession of his Britannic Majesty's Troops, before 6 o'Clock this Afternoon.

III. That his Britannic Majesty's Ships of War, now lying before Port, shall be at Liberty to enter the Harbour of Louis-

burg without any Molestation, as soon after 6 of the Clock in the Afternoon, as the Commander in chief of the said Ships shall think fit.

IV. That none of the Officers, Soldiers, or Inhabitants, in Louisburg, who are Subjects of the French King, shall take up Arms against his Britannic Majesty, or any of his Allies, until after the Expiration of the full Term of twelve Months from this Time.

V. That all Subjects of his Britannic Majesty, who are now Prisoners with you shall be delivered to us.

P. Warren,  
W. Pepperrell,

It having been desired by the Governour of Louisburg, that his Troops might march out of the Garrison with their Arms and Colours, and to be then delivered into the Custody of Commodore Warren and Mr. Pepperrell, 'til the said Troops Arrival in France, and to be then returned to them, the same was consented to.

London, July 23. On Tuesday, about 4 o'Clock in the Afternoon, the Guns were fired at the Tower and in the Park, by Order of their Excellencies the Lords Justices, for our late Successes at Cape-Breton in North-America. At Night there were great Rejoicings in the City and Places adjacent, with Illuminations, &c.

July 30. This Morning came Advice, that the Anna Catharina, from Euitatia, was arrived in the Downs, in which Ship is come Passenger Capt. Charles Knowles, late Commander in chief of his Majesty's Ships in the Leeward Islands.

It is certain, that on the 16th Instant, N. S. a Convention was signed at Hanover, and ratified the 22d; by which 6000 Hessians enter into his Britannic Majesty's Pay, and are to serve where he thinks proper.

There are some private Letters from Brussels which assert, that Count Caunitz, in Consequence of positive Orders received from the Court of Vienna, had packed up 36 Waggon Loads of Papers, Records, Jewels, and Plate, in order to transport them to some Place of Safety, there being Reason to apprehend from the Dispositions made by the Enemy, that they intend to make some sudden Attempt upon that Place, in which however, it is not probable they will succeed, since the Army of the Allies is encamped on a Line along the Canal, so as to cover equally Brussels, Muhlín, and Antwerp.

The same Letters, which are dated August 2, say, that the Lieutenant Field Marshal Count Chanclos, who is likewise Quarter Master General to the whole Army, set out the Friday before, thro' the Dutch Territories for Ostend, in order to take upon him the Government of that City; and that he had given his Royal Highness the strongest Assurances, that it should be defended with the utmost Vigour, and to the utmost Extremity.

August 3. We hear that Transports are ordered to Zealand to be there in readiness to bring over 10,000 of our Troops, if there should be Occasion for them.

The Beginning of next Week Col. Laforest, and several other Officers, will set out for Scotland.

They write from Genoa, of the 26th of July, N. S. that Commodore Cooper was the Night before, with five Men of War, bombarding Savona, which lies about fifteen English Miles from that Capital, and that they soon expect a Visit from the said Commodore.

Count Lowendahl, with 32,000 French Troops, have actually invested Ostend; and began to fire upon it on the 6th Instant, N. S. Count Chanclos, who is Governour of that important Place, has made all the necessary Preparations for a good Defence, and will certainly defend it to the last Extremity.

By the Packet which arrived Yesterday from Ostend, there is an Account, that the French had raised a strong Battery before that Place, but that the Fire from the Town was so brisk, that the same was soon silenced.