

ALL the Spanish Troops, as well as the French, that hitherto seem designed for acting jointly with them in the Riviera, are confined in the County of Nice and Genoeſe State, where they muſt be often and greatly diſtreſſed for want of Subſiſtence. We have a ſtrong Body of Infantry on the Frontiers, towards the Riviera di Ponente, under the Command of M. de Sinſan, who has Orders and full Authority to act, and by all Means poſſible to annoy the Enemy, as ſoon as the Troops under Don Philip advance to join, near Genoa, with M. de Gages. And as they already begin to move, and the Inſant himſelf ſet out from Nice towards Oneille on the 2d Inſtant, we may very ſhortly expect to hear of ſome Engagement with the Enemy on that Side. The French and Spaniards have large Convoys of Artillery and military Stores coming to them by Sea. Commodore Ambroſe is gone towards Villa Franca, and has ſtationed Part of his Ships to the Eaſtward, in hopes of being able to intercept them. We had a Report here Yeſterday, that 60 Tartans belonging to the Enemy were got into Genoa, laden with Cannon, Mortars, and Ammunition of all Kinds.

Genoa, June 5, N. S. The Duke of Modena and M. de Gages are ſtill at Nervi. Yeſterday Morning arrived the firſt Column of Cavalry, conſiſting of 1200, and encamped on the Glacis, on the Eaſtern Side of the City; whereupon the Out-gates were immediately ordered to be ſhut, and are to continue ſo until the whole Corps has paſſed into the Valley of Polcevera, where they are to be quartered 'til the Remainder of the Artillery arrives, and the Cloathing for the whole Army, which is expected ſoon from Barcelona. Letters from San Remo of the 1ſt Inſtant adviſe, that 13 Squadrons of Horſe had paſſed thro' that Town in their Way to Alba-ga, and that on the 6th Inſtant Don Philip was to ſet out from Villa Franca with the Remainder of the Infantry and Cavalry; and the whole Corps under his Command was to join M. de Gages's Army in the Valley of Polcevera. On the 12th a general Council of War is to be held at Savona, in the Preſence of Don Philip.

Vienna, June 12, N. S. Yeſterday an Adjutant arrived here with the following Particulars of the late Action between the allied Army and the Pruffians, upon the 4th of this Inſtant near Strigau. The combined Army encamped the 2d at Baumgarten, from whence they marched on the 3d, and arrived late, the Right at Hohenburg, and the Left at Strigau, which Places are no leſs than a great German Mile's Diſtance from each other. Advice was ſoon after brought, that the Pruffians were marching to Strigau. The Saxons, who arrived there ſo late as 8 o' Clock in the Evening, were attacked before Day-Light upon their Left in a Poſt on a riſing Ground, where they had placed 18 Companies of Grenadiers, and a Body of Uhlans, but theſe giving Way after a good Reſiſtance, left the Advantage of the riſing Ground to the Pruffians, from whence the latter flanked the whole Saxon Army, which giving Way at laſt, before it was poſſible for Prince Charles to charge the Pruffians in Form, as well on Account of the Diſtance, as of a good deal of Confuſion that had been occaſioned on his Right, by his own Cavalry's firing whiſt his Center was preſſing to the Left, the Pruffians ſeized upon a Village ſo poſted, as to flank equally both his Center and the Cavalry, and even to ſeparate them in ſuch a Manner, by advancing in Columns, that the Cavalry, tho' rallied a ſecond Time, could never be brought to the Fire from the Village; ſo that the five Regiments in the Auſtrian Center were left to ſuffer the moſt, viz. two Battalions of Marſhal, and the four intire Regiments of Colowrath, Gren, Leopold Daun, and Maximilian of Heſſe. The Loſs in the Infantry is computed at between 6 and 7000, among whom are reckoned about 2000 miſſing, and between 16 and 1700 wounded, of which laſt not above 200 are in a dangerous Way. The

Loſs in the Cavalry, by Dead, Wounded, and Miſſing, is computed at 1000. The Generals Thungen, Kinitz, and Kufflein, are killed; Birlchingen has 7 Wounds, and is a Priſoner, as is the younger St. Ignon; and as to other Officers, there are only 2 Colonels, 2 Captains, and 11 Lieutenants killed. The Auſtrians have alſo loſt 18 Pieces of Cannon, and about 53 Colours. There are 15 Enſigns to each Auſtrian Regiment. Two hundred Pruffian Deſerters came in the Day after the Affair, and report, that five Generals were killed on their Side, and between 4 and 5000 Men killed and wounded.

Paris, June 25, N. S. An Expreſs is arrived at Verſailles, from the Inſant Don Philip, with Advice, that the Army under that Prince had intirely joined that of Count Gages and the Duke of Modera, on the Side of Montferat, wherein they are preparing to make an Irruption.

By particular Letters from Flanders we hear, that the Duke de Eoufflers has Orders to inveſt Charleroy, with a Body of Troops to be drawn from the grand Army, which at preſent conſiſts of 60,000 Foot and 30,000 Horſe.

We hear the King of England demands 2000 of his Priſoners in Exchange for Meſſieurs de Belliſle, which is ſaid to be under Conſideration, and will be finally determined on the 27th.

Five Men of War are ſailed from Breda to the Aſſiſtance of Louiſburg in America, which the Engliſh have laid Siege to.

CHARLES-TOWN, South-Carolina, Auguſt 19.

Capt. Schermehorne arrived here laſt Tueſday, who was chaſed the Day before right off the Bar, by a Brigantine Spaniſh Privateer, and ſaw a Brig. taken coming in the ſame Day, ſuppoſed to be the Deſiance, Capt. Williams, from New-York to this Port.

Laſt Sunday the Sloop Black-Joke, Capt. Marth, of and from Cape Fear for this Port, was (by a Spaniſh Privateer Sloop) chaſed aſhore into Poole's Inlet near Winyaw, and plundered of ſome Things; but Marth and his People, making their Eſcape aſhore, the Militia in thoſe Parts were immediately aſſembled; which being perceived by the Privateer, ſhe made a Signal for her People on board the Prize to come off, and ſtood to Sea. The Privateer had in Company a ſmall Schooner belonging to Mr. Shute of this Town, taken in her Paſſage from Winyaw to Virginia; Mr. Percival Pawley and Col. Pawley's Son were Paſſengers in the Schooner.

Another of the Enemy's Privateers has been cruizing off and on to the Southward for ſome Days, and on Monday or Tueſday Night took a Sloop from Jamaica for this Port, Henry Dickinson Maſter; the Crew made their Eſcape in the Boat. It is ſaid that a Sloop from Philadelphia is likewiſe taken by one of theſe Privateers.

By all theſe Accounts it appears, that we have three (or perhaps more) Privateers from the Enemy now cruizing on our Coaſts.

Auguſt 26. About 12 Days ſince, a Brig. came to an Anchor off St. Simon's Bar, and fired a Gun; which being answered, they ſent in their Boat, upon a Preſumption that they were off Auguſtine Harbour. Capt. Davis, in the Guard Schooner (which has had a thorough Repair), immediately went out and brought her into the Harbour. She had a French Commander on board, but was manned with Spaniards, and one Engliſhman, only, who ſaid, he was from Antigua bound to Philadelphia, and had 150 Hogſheads of Rum, beſides Sugar, Lime Juice, &c. on board.

On Thursday laſt arrived here Capt. R. Stiles from Jamaica. He touch'd at Frederica on Monday, and the Day before ſaw three Sloops and a Schooner (which he ſuppoſed to be ſome of the Enemy's Captures made on this Coaſt), ſteering for St. Auguſtine.