

10 Ensigns,
2 Staff-Officers,
46 Serjeants,
866 Private Men.

Cavalry.
3 Lieutenant-Colonels,
Hanoverian Officers, &c. missing.
Infantry.

1 Serjeant,
49 Private Men.
Of the Artillery, kill'd, wounded, and missing, 19.
Dutch Officers, &c. kill'd.

Infantry.
1 Brigadier,
1 Colonel,
1 Lieutenant-Colonel,
1 Major,
3 Captains,
11 Subalterns, 18 Serjeants,
Dutch Officers, &c. wounded.

Infantry.
1 Brigadier,
2 Colonels,
1 Lieutenant Colonel,
1 Major,
10 Captains,
29 Subalterns,
Dutch Officers, &c. missing.

Of the Infantry, 205,
Of the Cavalry, 18.

Total of British.	Kill'd _____	Men,	{ 1330	Horses,	{ 307
	Wounded _____		{ 2234		{ 266
	Missing _____		{ 477		{ 53
		In all	4041		620

Total of Hanoverians.	Kill'd _____	Men,	{ 59	Horses,	{ 258
	Wounded _____		{ 1179		{ 192
	Missing _____		{ 53		{ 15
		In all	1761		475

Total of Dutch.	Kill'd _____	Men,	{ 563	Horses,	{ 268
	Wounded _____		{ 758		{ 52
	Missing _____		{ 223		{ 42
		In all	1544		362

In the whole, killed, wounded, and missing, 7345 Men, and 1463 Horses.

From the London Gazette. Hague, May 21, N. S. The following is a List of the Number of the French General Officers, killed and wounded in the late Action at Fontenoy; viz.

<i>Killed,</i>	<i>Wounded.</i>
4 Lieutenant-Generals,	2 Lieutenant-Generals,
4 Major-Generals,	3 Major-Generals,
3 Brigadiers,	36 Brigadiers and Colonels.

The greater Part of the Brigadiers are since dead of their Wounds.

London, May 7. 'Tis said a Messenger has been dispatched after his Majesty, who is gone to Hanover, to desire he would be pleas'd to return back to London at this critical Conjunction.

An Order is sent to the Tower, for 20 Cannon 42 Pounders, and 30 Cannon 24 Pounders, to be sent to Flanders with all Expedition.

May 18. Yesterday-Morning General Folliot draughted from the 3 Regiments of Guards, on the Parade in St. James's Park, 3 Colonels, 8 Captains, 8 Ensigns, 4 Surgeons, 10 Serjeant, 16 Corporals, 8 Drums, and 540 private Men, who immediately

march'd under the Command of Lieutenant-Colonel Pitt, to take Water, in order to embark at Gravelend for Flanders.

May 19. According to the best Intelligence they have at Aeth, the French had 6000 Men kill'd on the Spot, in the late Battle of Fontenoy, besides what were wounded.

They write from Ireland, that an Order was issued for 20 Men to be draughted out of each Company of Foot in that Kingdom, which are to embark for Flanders; for which Purpose several Ships are already hired.

Some private Advices from the Hague say, that the Election of the Grand Duke of Tuscany, to the Imperial Dignity, is a Point settled; and that the Electors of Mentz, Triers, and Cologne, will assist personally at the Election.

May 21. Orders are given for Blakeney's and Cottrel's Regiments of Marines, to march forthwith to Portsmouth, to go on board the Fleet sitting out at Spithead.

We hear that Admiral Vernon will hoist his Flag on board the Royal George, Capt. Cottrel, a first Rate, now at the North; and that when he arrives at Spithead, a Court-Martial will be held for the Trial of the Admirals Matthews and Lestock, &c. The Fleet under his Command will consist of one Ship of 100 Guns, 4 of 90, 2 of 80, 4 of 70, 3 of 60, 3 of 50, 2 of 40, and 2 of 20; besides 3 Bomb-Vessels, 2 Fireships, an Hospital Ship, and 4 Tenders.

Thursday 100 Matrosses, 10 Cadet Gunners, 24 Bombardiers, and 120 Pioneers, were draughted out of the Train of Artillery at Woolwich, with Orders to embark immediately for Flanders.

We hear that on the Arrival in Holland of the first News of the late Battle in Flanders, the People there were under great Consternation; but upon the second Advices, of the Bravery of the British Troops, and of the good Heart and Countenance of the Allied Army, the States came to a Resolution of sending immediately a Reinforcement of 6000 Men.

We hear that Orders are given for building several Men of War from 20 to 50 Guns, with all Expedition.

Oudenarde (a rich strong Town of Flanders), May 11, O. S. Tournay continues to make a vigorous Defence. On the 7th the Besieged sprung a Mine, which blew up about 2000 French. Marshal Saxe being apprehensive of a second Visit from the Allies, has caused a great Number of Chevaux de Frize to be made, in order to cover his Troops in case of an Attack. All the French Deserters assure, that Count Saxe perceiving the Obstinacy of the Allies at the Action of Fontenoy, had caused the Ground to be levelled for the Retreat of his Troops; and that if it had lasted above a Quarter of an Hour longer, the French must have retired. 'Tis said, the French have lost 14,000 Men, since they opened the Trenches before Tournay.

Hague, May 27. A Convention is agreed upon between the Governor of Tournay and Marshal Saxe, by which Hostilities are to be suspended 'til the first of June, the Time in which the Garrison judged they might be relieved. Baron Lintelo and M. Onderwater are already gone back to Tournay, to acquaint the Governor with their High Mightinesses Intentions.

P. S. By Letters this Moment arrived from Germany, we have Advice, that the Prince of Conti has passed the Rhine with his whole Army, on the Bridge at Biberich; and, 'tis said, has since detached a Body of 10,000 to join the French in Flanders.

ANNAPOLIS.

On Tuesday last arrived here Capt. Frazier, North about, from London. While in Scotland, he received a Letter from London, dated April 30, advising that the Ships bound this Way would soon sail under Convoy of a 40 Gun Ship.

The same Day, at Upper Marlborough in Prince Georges County, were great Rejoicings on Account of the Reduction of Cape Breton, a handsome Subscription being raised by the Gentlemen of the said County, and all Demonstrations of Joy shewn on this Occasion.