

by an "extract of a letter from the Banks of the Elbe," from Heaven knows who, propagate the idea that the Russians have in the rear an army of reserve of 60,000 men, capable of supporting their routed and flying corps, and ready to repair the misfortunes of the battle of Friedland. Such gasconading has grown too stale for belief. No man can suppose that a body of 60,000 men, who, if they exist at all, must be new levies, raw and undisciplined from the forests of Russia, are able to stand against the greatest warrior of his age, who has commanded in thirty odd pitched battles, always victorious, whose plans defy defeat, whose generals are experienced in the details of war with alphabetical familiarity, whose cohorts move to action with mathematical precision and eager celerity, and whose whole army courts death with astonishing intrepidity in his most imposing and awful forms. Yet not contented with this farcical account of the wonders to be performed by these 60,000 Russians in reserve, the British journalists have got up a tale of a revolution in Turkey; and in the London prints, "The Sultan, his son, and all his immediate ministers," have been barbarously murdered. The diabolical crime is attributed to the populace of Constantinople, instigated by the Janissaries; but our suspicions rest more upon certain scribblers in London, who have placed the nephew of the late Sultan on the Ottoman throne. In one paragraph Gen. Sebastiani, the French ambassador, is represented as having fallen a sacrifice among the devoted victims to the Turkish revolution, and in another is depicted as flying from the capital of the Moslems, fearful of destruction from a Mahometan mob, furious and indignant at the predominance of French influence in the councils of Byzantium. Those who recollect with what enthusiasm the Turks rallied to the defence of their chief city, and in what numbers they hastened to defend the strait of Gallipoli (the ancient Hellespont) after the English had passed it, will scarcely believe that a change so marvellous has been effected in so short a time. The Sultan, it is known, dare not act contrary to the wishes of the Janissaries, and he never would have been able to refuse the arrogant and humiliating propositions of Britain and Russia, had that class of men opposed him. Since the period of the rupture, every thing has been favorable to the arms of the Turks, who have compelled Michelson to retreat in order to save the fragment of his forces. Where, then, is the cause for a revolution in Turkey? It is in vain that we seek for it in the predominance of French influence: The Ottomans must feel a sentiment of gratitude towards France, who has preserved her from the fangs of British and Russian perfidy; whilst Sebastiani, who superintended in person the construction of batteries and bulwarks for the security of Constantinople, they owe a marked respect and attachment. It is not probable that they would destroy or compel to depart their chief city, a man who had been so instrumental in their preservation from a combination of Russian and English treachery and force.

In such a government as Great Britain, it may often be necessary to resort to the imagination for incidents wherewith to beguile the mind of the people from the contemplation of those dreadful events which do in reality occur, left the oppressed subject, penetrating the evils which he thereby endures, through all their ramifications to their source, might point to the true cause, and rousing popular turbulence, endanger the existence of the government. The story of the Turkish revolution will serve in England to divert attention from the mortifying result of the battle of Friedland; and the massacre of the Sultan and his ministers and friends, which doubtless has no other existence than that which the press has given to it, may serve to console those who have lost by the confiscation of 20,000,000 worth of English goods in the Turkish dominions, and to lessen the apprehensions of others who might be disposed to indulge in fearful apprehensions of the future from the complete overthrow of the Russians.

The expedition to the Baltic from Great-Britain, seems to be universally unpopular in England. On all hands they cry out it is too late; and that the men are only lent thither to be butchered. The Hanoverian legion which forms the vanguard of the forces, has become an object of dislike, and certain expressions appear, which plainly indicate that the people of England are heartily tired of their presence. One paragraph hopes they may no more return to batten on the nation, to smoke their pipes, and curl their whiskers, at the expense of Englishmen; and adds the patriotic wish that Hanover may no longer be attached to the crown of G. Britain, if having always been an endless source of altercation and war. Through these gloomy murmurings a solitary strain of condolence shows itself, by heightening up the British public with the notion that the king of Sweden is to achieve wonders. As a sample of his valor and prowess, a story is told of him and marshal Brune: He invited the latter to a conference purposely to mortify him and insult Bonaparte; the English relation affirms that Brune was prodigiously charmed, and more especially nettled because the Swedish monarch, when he mentioned the name of Bonaparte, "expecorated." "Poor Brune! he must have been cruelly cut up; and would have been totally unable to withstand this farcical interview with his princely inviter, if the latter had not kindly said to him, as we are told by the British journals, "There is no honor to be got in your master's service. Come over with your Dutchmen into mine, and you shall find honor and bread." Bonaparte, if we be not deceived, will before long reduce this king's "expecoration" to a dry cough, and he may yet be obliged to sue for clemency from the man whom he has thus grossly attempted to insult.

PATRIOTIC CORRESPONDENCE.
 His Excellency the President of the United States.

Sir,
 In behalf of the Master Mariners of the Port of Baltimore, I have the honor to enclose you a tender of their services,

whenever and wheresoever the interest of their country may require them. It is peculiarly the province of the mariner, to feel solicitude for the success of measures intended to restrain the lawless exercise of power on the high seas. Exposed as we necessarily are, to the abuse of this power; and knowing, as well from long experience, as from the recent outrage, which has roused the sensibilities of the nation; that we may expect to be individually oppressed, until the pretended right of impressment on the high seas be relinquished, we shall be forgiven for expressing the hope and expectation that the efforts of our government will not be relaxed until this desirable end is accomplished: In aid of those efforts and in support of whatever measures our government may deem necessary, the enclosed tender of our services is respectfully made.

I have the honor to be,
 With perfect respect,
 Sir,
 Your obed't humble serv't,
THORNDICK CHASE,
 Chairman.

Baltimore, 28th July, 1807.

To the President of the United States.
 Sir,
 Indignant at the late outrage and murder, committed by a British man of war on the crew of the United States' ship Chesapeake, we, the undersigned mariners of the Port of Baltimore, respectfully beg leave to tender our services, to be employed in such manner as you may conceive most useful, pledging ourselves, as we hereby solemnly do, to contribute all in our power towards avenging the cowardly murder of our seafaring brethren.

THORNDICK CHASE,
 Chairman.
TIMOTHY GARDNER,
 Secretary.

July 21.

To Thorndick Chase, Esquire, and the Master Mariners of the Port of Baltimore.

The offer of your professional services to your country, merits, and meets the highest praise:—Should the outrages lately committed by the agents of a foreign power, in the Chesapeake and its neighbourhood, extend themselves to your port, your services will be valuable towards its security; and if a general appeal is to be made to the public arm for the support of our rights, the spirit from which your offer flows; that which animates our nation will, I trust, be their sufficient safeguard.

I tender for your country, the thanks you so justly deserve.
 TH: JEFFERSON.
 Aug. 9, 1807.

MONTICELLO, Aug. 9, '07.

Sir,
 On receiving tenders of service from various military corps, I have usually addressed the answer to the officer commanding them. Observing in the address of July 16, that, being probably unorganised, no commanding officer was named, I considered the first person on the list of subscribers as a kind of foreman, and therefore addressed my answer to him. I now, with pleasure, correct, on reflection, that error, by enclosing a duplicate of the answer to yourself, as the chairman whom they had chosen as the channel of communication, having nothing more at heart than to prove my respect for yourself and the master mariners of Baltimore. Accept for yourself and them, the assurances of my high consideration.
 TH: JEFFERSON.
 Mr. THORNDICK CHASE.

Died, on Tuesday last, in the 28th year of his age, Michael Dragan, merchant, of Fell's Point.

The Packet, Trott, has arrived at Boston in a short passage from Liverpool. We have seen letters brought by her dated the 4th of July, which mention that accounts of the disasters the Russians have met with had just reached there. Influence on American bottoms had fallen to two guineas, barely a peace premium, and a strong circumstance to show that such an event is calculated on in England.
 New York paper.

We have been compelled to postpone the Vauxville Resolutions till to-morrow.

Port of Baltimore.

ENTERED,
 Ship Rebecca, Wyse, Batavia
 Boston, Brown, London
 Brig Ann, Vinco, Grenada
 Schr. Nymph, Moreton, Guadaloupe
 Comet, Gage, Martinique

From the Merchants' Coffee-House Book.
 August 18

Arrived, schr. Mary, Almeda, 14 days from Havanna—Sugar and Coffee—the Captain Left schr. Felicity, of Baltimore, from Carthagena, and a number of others, names not recollected Spoke nothing.
 Ship William Bingham, was spoken 14th June, lat. 16. N. long. 28 W. 28 days from Baltimore for Canby, all well.
 Arrived, schr. Eliza, Husbands, 12 days from Barracoa—fustic and ballast—James H. McCulloch. Left prize brig Grash, for New York in 4 days: no American vessels had been carried in there lately. Three days before the Eliza sailed an English frigate landed 100 men for the purpose of taking out the cargoes of two valuable prizes, plundering and burning the place. They were opposed by the Frenchmen, who attacked and wounded 20 and took the rest prisoners,

which afterwards would have been massacred by the Spaniards, if they had not been protected by the French privateer's men. They expected an attack every day from the British—the place was in great confusion—all the privateers were getting ready to go to St. Jago, to avoid the storm.
 Also, schr. Penelope, Boyd, 16 days from St. Jago—tobacco, coffee and fustic—Slater & Roy. Left schr. Eetsy, for Baltimore in 2 days; brig Eliza and Sarah, for do. in 10 days. Six leagues S. of Cape Maize, spoke sloop Maria, of N. York, 31 days from Carolina for Jamaica. In lat. 32, long. 75, schr. Deborah, from Nevis, for Philadelphia; had lost her captain a few days before. Off Cape Henry, was boarded by the British frigate Cleopatra, who opened a number of letters.

Also, brig Eliza Ann, Rathell, 19 days from St. Pierre, Martinico, sugars, Lemuel Taylor. Left brig Mary Ann, Lawson, for New-York, in 3 or 4 days; schooner Sarah, Summers, Baltimore, in 8 days; Industry, Bonner, do. 10 days—On 25th July, a fleet of 25 sail of English merchantmen passed St. Pierre, they stood to the N. W.

Also arrived sloop Dispatch, Forte, 22 days from Porto Cavello, hides, cotton, coffee and copper, John S. Horn. Left ship Trent, of Salem, uncertain; a brig and schooner belonging to Philadelphia, and a schooner to Salem. Was boarded by the British schooner Flying Fish, who pressed James Williams, born in Philadelphia, and put a Scotchman on board who was no sailor.

Ship George Washington, Hidellius, of and from Philadelphia, for Bordeaux, was captured off the Cordovan, by a British cruiser, the passengers permitted to proceed up to Bordeaux, and the vessel sent to England.
 At Nantz, June 29, Sally, Hearly, of Baltimore.

At Liverpool, the Hercules, Abeona and Diana, all to fail for Baltimore on the 15th July. The Packet left at Liverpool 130 American vessels. She spoke, July 11, lat. 50, long. 16, 30, the Niobe frigate, who informed that about a week before, near the same place, U. S. sloop Wasp; same day, ship Philip, from Baltimore to Amsterdam.

At Cork, June 22, Herald, Murphy, Virginia At Amsterdam, Georgiana, Chamblin, Virginia.
 Left at Liverpool by the Packet, Scott, arrived at Boston, Henry, of Portland, for Baltimore, 30th July. The Othello, Glover, of Boston, for Baltimore, sailed June 29. About 1400 letters were brought by the Packet.
 Left at Tonningen, May 30 ships Stralford, Hancock, from Bremen for Baltimore; George and Albert, Vicker, of and for Baltimore.

Interments in the different burial grounds of the city and precincts of Baltimore for the week ending Monday morning at sunrise:—

Still born	2
Worms	1
Cholera	19
Fits	3
Suicide	1
Consumption	9
Meazles	1
Pleurisy	1
Impoethume	1
Cholic	1
Drowned	1
Child bed	1
Unknown	1
Quinzey	1
Adults	14
Children	28
Total	42

Sale by Auction.

THIS DAY,
 The 19th instant, at 11 o'clock, (near the end of Smith's wharf, Gay street) will be sold, without reserve, for approved paper at 6 months,
 200 casks RICE, about 50 of which is damaged and are ordered for sale on account of those concerned.
 THOMAS CHASE, Auct'r.

Sale by Auction.

On FRIDAY,
 The 21st instant, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold on the premises for cash,
 A large and valuable piece of GROUND, about half a mile from Griffith's Bridge, on the Old road to York, fronting thereon about 70 feet, adjoining the residence of Mr. Piper, and running east near 300 feet to his Rope Walk. On the said Lot, is a two story Frame Dwelling House, Kitchen, &c. A large proportion of the Ground is highly manured and in cultivation for a kitchen garden, and contains a choice collection of Fruit Trees, &c.
 The premises will be shewn by the proprietor, Mr. William Hooper, who resides thereon, and as he means to remove his family very soon, to the western country, possession will be given to the purchaser in a short time after the sale.
 THOMAS CHASE, Auct'r.
 August 18

Sale by Auction.

On TUESDAY,
 The 1st September, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, will positively be sold, on the premises, on terms which will be made known, at time of sale,
 A three story Brick DWELLING-HOUSE, on Market Space, No. 25, near the Fish Market, with a two story Brick Kitchen. The above property is well calculated for a Tavern, Boarding House or Retail Store.
 VAN WYCK & DORSEY, Auct'rs.
 August 18

Notice.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber, of Bohemia Manor, in Cecil County, Maryland, hath obtained from the orphans' court in said county, letters of administration on the personal estate of Isaac Lawrence, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 2d day of February next ensuing, they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.
 Given under my hand this 19th day of August, 1807.
 HEZEKIAH FOARD.
 August 19

18 bales Russia Sheetings.

Just received and for sale by
 HOLLINS & M'BLAIR.
 August 19

Sale by Auction.

TO MORROW MORNING, 1
 Thursday, the 20th, at 10 o'clock, at the Vendue Warehouse at the corner of Second and Frederick-streets, will begin the sale of
Dry Goods, Glassware, Looking Glasses, &c.

And at 12 o'clock,
 64 hds. Muscovado Sugar, equal in quality to those sold on Friday last,
 25 boxes Havanna Brown ditto,
 160 bags Good Coffee,
 10 pipes Holland Gin,
 14 pipes of fine flavored Cogniac Brandy,
 A few puncheons Country Rum,
 And.
 75,000 wt. of the very first quality Carracas Cocoa.

THOMAS CHASE, Auct'r.
 N. B. A Negro Boy about 9 years old, who has to serve until the age of 25, will be sold at half past 11 o'clock, on 6 months credit.
 August 19

Marshal's Sale.

UNITED STATES,
 Maryland District.
 By virtue and in pursuance of an order to me directed, from the Hon. James Houston, Esquire, Judge of the District Court of the United States, in and for Maryland District, will be exposed to public sale, at the lower end of Smith's wharf, in the city of Baltimore, on WEDNESDAY, the 19th instant, at 12 o'clock, for cash,
 The Schooner UNION,
 Her Tackle, Apparel and Furniture.
 THOMAS RUTTER,
 Marshal.
 August 13

For Boston.

The Schooner
SUSAN & WILLIAM,
 Captain Tristram Luce,
 Having the principal part of her cargo engaged, will sail in a few days.—
 For freight or passage apply to
BUFFUM & GOODHUE,
 No. 84, Bowly's wharf.
 August 19

Just Received.

Per schooner Comet, captain Gage, from Martinique, and will be landed this day on Bowly's wharf.
 79 h' ds. and 16 barrels first quality Clayed SUGAR, part of which are white—they will be sold low off the wharf, by
BRISCOE & PARTRIDGE,
 August 19

Hazlehurst, Brothers & Co.

OFFER FOR SALE,
 Sheet Lead, Mustard in bottles,
 P g Lead, Crown Glass, in crates
 Shot, assorted, of 12 Tables,
 Crowley Steel, Porter and Wine Bot-
 Grind Stones, assort- tles,
 ed, Coppers.
 L. P. Madeira Wine, in pipes, hds. and
 quarter casks.
 Champagne, of superior quality,
 An invoice of Cotton, Hosiery and Black
 Lace,
 100 logs Mahogany,
 30 tons Logwood.
 August 19

Katein's Manufactory.

No. 19, North-street, Old-Town.
GOACH and HARNESS FURNITURE of every description on reasonable terms, for cash.
 N. B. Soldiers' Belt Buckles, Tips and Slides Plated, Sword Mounting, &c.
 August 19

30 Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY
 FROM the subscriber, on the 17th inst. an apprentice boy, named JOHN G. KANADY, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, square built, coarse featured. Had on when he went off a new fur hat, speckled twilled nankeen coat, muslin waistcoat, dark corded trousers, white stockings, broad toed shoes, yellow spotted silk handkerchief; it is probable he may have changed his clothes; he was bound to the saddling and harness business; he can do good work at any part of the business, except new saddles. If taken 5 miles from home 5 dollars, if 10 miles 10 dollars, if 20 miles 20 dollars, and if out of the state the above reward will be paid for bringing him home, or securing him in any jail, and letting the subscriber know, so that he gets him again.
 NICHOLAS C. GILL.
 N. B. All masters of vessels and other persons are hereby forewarned from harboring or carrying said apprentice away at their peril.
 N. C. G.
 August 19

Clime & Morton,

PRINTERS & BOOK-BINDERS;
 No. 12, South Charles-street,
 ARE ready to execute any kind of Printing, in the German Language, on reasonable terms—and, likewise Book-Binding in the neatest and most durable manner.
 They have on hand, a number of GERMAN BOOKS, which they will sell low for cash.
 A good Pressman will meet encouragement, if application is soon made.—Also will be taken on accommodating terms, a Lad of good character, 14 or 15 years of age, as an apprentice to the above business; one that can read and write the German language will be preferred.
 August 19

For Sale.

A LOT of GROUND, situated on the east side of Queen's-street, Old Town, opposite Mr. Whitney's Sugar House. The Lot is 50 feet front, and 108 deep, subject to a ground rent of 50 cents per foot. The improvements on said lot are a small one story House, with stabling, &c. The above property if not sold by private sale before the third of September next, will then be exposed to Public Auction, at 10 o'clock, forenoon; the terms will be low for cash. Apply at No. 31, Second street, to
 THOMAS O'BRIAN.
 August 19

Wanted.

A steady industrious MAN, to carry on and manage a Comb Manufactory; one that can give full satisfaction respecting his character and abilities in the said line, may hear of a good situation by enquiring at this Office.
 August 19

Republican Guards.

The second volunteer company of the 30th Regiment, will parade at the Observatory, this evening, at 8 o'clock.
 D. SCHWARZBAUER, Serjt.
 August 19

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 D. SCHWARZBAUER, Serjt.
 August 19