

"They return after having impartially considered and reflected, to a path conformable to their genius."

"They freely make use of their rights, in order to delegate to your Imperial Majesty a power which their interests forbid them from exercising themselves."

"The latter will imitate your virtues: The former will inherit our love and our fidelity."

"Happy the nation which after so many troubles and uncertainties, finds in itself a man capable of appeasing the tempest of the passions, of conciliating every interest, and uniting all suffrages!"

"Happy the Prince who holds his power from the will, the confidence and the affections of the Citizens!"

"If it enters into the principle of our constitution, and already many similar examples have been given, to submit to the sanction of the People that part of the Decree which concerns the establishment of an Hereditary Government, the Senate is of opinion that it ought to supplicate Your Imperial Majesty to allow the organic dispositions immediately to receive their execution; and for the glory as well as for the happiness of the Republic it proclaims from this very instant Napoleon, Emperor of the French."

"Every thing which can contribute to the good of the Country, is essentially connected with my happiness."

"I accept the title which you think useful to the glory of a Nation."

"I submit to the sanction of the People the law concerning the hereditary power—I hope that France will never repent of the honours with which it has surrounded my family."

"At all events, my mind will no longer remain with my posterity, whenever they cease to merit the love and confidence of the Great Nation."

"The senate was then admitted to an audience of Her Majesty the Empress. The Consul Cambaceres, President, thus addressed her:—

"We have just presented to your august consort, the decree that invests him with the title of Emperor, and which establishes in his family the hereditary government, associates future races to the happiness of this present generation."

"There still remains an agreeable duty for the senate to fulfil: that of offering up to your Imperial Majesty the homage of its respect and the expression of the gratitude of the French."

"Yes, Madam, renown publishes the good you never cease doing. It says, that always accessible to the unfortunate, you only employ your credit with the chief of the state to solace their afflictions, and that to the pleasure of obliging, your Majesty adds that amiable delicacy which renders gratitude sweeter, and benefits more precious."

"This disposition presages that the Empress Josephina will be the signal of consolation and hope; and like the virtues of Napoleon will always serve as an example to his successors to teach them the art of governing nations; the living memorial of your bounty will teach their august companions that to dry up tears is the surest means of reigning over hearts."

"The senate congratulates itself on being the first to salute your Imperial Majesty, and he who has the honor of being its organ, dares to hope that you will deign to reckon him amongst the number of your humble servants."

to treat as prisoners of war, begs him not to compel the men to work—that the government will not ransom those who have been treated as slaves; and charges him at his peril, not to maltreat an officer or man belonging to the United States."

"It is impossible for us to conjecture what sum the Bashaw will demand for our release. As yet not a syllable has escaped the Tripoline government upon that subject."

"The Bashaw demands for the release of their prisoners. Possibly our Bashaw may regulate his demands from this precedent and require a million for us; perhaps he may be satisfied with less; perhaps he may be still more exorbitant, depending entirely upon what he thinks the United States will give—we have no ground on which to form an opinion with regard to the precise sum. He will endeavor to get as much as possible, and no doubt will at first make a most extraordinary demand."

"The United States however, will not too eagerly come into their terms. The United States will neither give a million nor half a million, for although government ought to conceive herself bound to rescue us from captivity, as speedily as possible, for it was while in the zealous performance of our duty in her service, in the actual pursuit of an enemy's cruisers, that our misfortunes befel us, yet I have no idea that our country should appear so humiliating and betray such an excess of sensibility as well as want of dignity, as to be forced into such terms by the petty regency of Tripoli. Let the United States send all her frigates off this town, and then demand the price of our ransom. I fancy the Bashaw would be very willing to enter into terms, and very reasonable ones too. I believe that the only way to procure either a temporary peace without money, or a permanent one without tribute, or our release for a reasonable sum, would be to send out such a force, and we are able to send out such a force, as would strike a terror into these savages."

"Yesterday captain Bainbridge received letters through the Prime Minister which had been broken open and translated for the Bashaw. The minister this evening waited on captain B. He came to express his regret at being compelled to open letters directed to capt. Bainbridge; he had remonstrated with the Bashaw against it; but in vain, and was obliged to submit to superior orders—that with respect to our guard he trusted we would not feel a moment's uneasiness, and assures us, we may rely on our again having the liberty of the town in a few days. He says he means, as soon as the Constitution appears off here, to send a flag of truce to the Commodore, and communicate to him the sum the Bashaw demands for our ransom. He will let capt. B. know when he sends a flag of truce, in order that he may, if he chooses, write to the Commodore—He does not tell how much each of us is valued at. The Prime Minister was educated in Italy, has studied the laws of nations, and is much our friend. I forgot to mention that the British Consul has been speaking very strenuously on our behalf with the Bashaw and Minister. The powerful nation which he represents must render his interference of more avail with the Bashaw than that of any other person. He begs us to be under no apprehensions, and assures us, that we will, without doubt, again have the liberty of the town in a few days."

"Commodore Preble chartered a vessel at Malta, on purpose to send us a variety of articles which he thought we stood in need of, and has authorized capt. Bainbridge to draw upon our agent at Malta for whatever he may want. Col. Lear, at Algiers, and Mr. Davis, at Tunis, write that they will make every exertion to render our time here conformable. Although we are confined at present within doors, yet we cannot complain of want of exercise. Our house is large, airy and commodious, with lengthy piazzas, in which we walk a great deal. Our fare, though no sumptuous, is extremely palatable and wholesome. Eggs and muffins, for breakfast and supper, and boiled beef, or mutton, with soup, for dinner, and occasionally we mix up ourselves with tea. The same servants that we had on board the ship, attend us here. Altho this mode of living is so very different from what I have been accustomed to, yet it agrees with me extremely well. I never enjoyed better health in my life. I have not experienced a moment of the slightest indisposition since we have been here."

"Last evening the Minister sent us some letters which have been broken open for the purpose of the Bashaw. The latest date of mine was December 30th. They have been in Tripoli at least nine days, as there have been no arrivals here since then. I have not yet the papers which accompanied these letters. I suppose they will be sent in a day or two; though if they intend translating all the papers, and translate as slow as they have done the letters, it would be many months ere we got them. I have no doubt there are more letters for me at the minister's. By this villainous procedure the Bashaw has obtained very little important information. Our guards are taken off."

"Since the burning of our ships, the Bashaw seems to think that Americans are capable of undertaking any thing, and is fearful of our escape. To prevent this, we were removed on the 21st instant, to the castle, as a place of greater safety. Our house though not so commodious as the one we left, is sufficiently large for us. I expect, from the active interference of the Consuls, we shall be again removed to our former abode. The minister has sent to inform us, that letters will be allowed to pass. We have no doubt but that they will be examined."

"On Wednesday, 26th day of October, 1803, the ship Mary, captain Ashton, sailed from Liverpool, bound for Africa, where she arrived on the 21st of February, 1804, and departed from there bound to Barbadoes, on the 3d May, 1804, with a cargo of slaves; 4502 pieces, or near 3000 lbs. of red wood, 6 of ivory, and some trunks of her outward-bound cargo, chiefly European cloths; on the 11th of June said ship arrived in Barbadoes; she remained there 14 days, and on the 25th of June sailed for Savannah. On Saturday the 14th day of July, in lat. 33° 15', N. nearly off Cape Roman, the above-mentioned ship Mary was captured by the French privateer Lt. Dame Amberg, captain Charles Lamarguie of Guadalupe. Captain Ashton and the ship Mary's crew went on board the privateer; on Sunday following the said French privateer fell in with and captured H. M. S. Lily, of 16 guns and 75 men. On Monday morning, at 5 o'clock, the Mary's ship's company was ordered on the privateer's quarter-deck; the captain informed them that they might go on board their own ship and make the best of their way to what port the officers thought

proper. Captain Ashton was detained on board the privateer, then bound to Guadalupe, as an evidence for the condemnation of the ship and cargo. Our officers and ship's company went on board the Mary; the French took out the stoves, ivory, cloth, ammunition, &c. threw all our guns overboard, and took great part of the provisions, and even deprived the ship of almost every necessary article in the domestic line; and took away our surgeon's medicine chest, and did every damage they possibly could. The privateer went on board, the officers & seamen belonging to his Britannic majesty's sloop Lily (captured) and the crew of the Young Nicholas, Galist from the Bay of Honduras, bound to London, captured likewise by the aforementioned privateer. The ship Mary took her departure from the French privateer on Monday the 16th, at 6 P. M. bound to Baltimore."

"N. B. On Thursday the 19th of July, some of the Lily's people, not willing to come to Baltimore, insisted on being landed at Cape Hatteras, we accordingly landed twenty-seven men. The rest of the officers and men belonging to the Lily wished to go to Norfolk in the pilot-boat, for the speedy relief of the wounded men and officers [Fed. Gaz.]

"Interments in the city and liberties of Philadelphia, from the 21st to the 28th instant, Adults 16, Children 51. Total 67."

SHIP NEWS

PORT OF BALTIMORE.

ENTERED,
Ship Eliza, Howy, Amsterdam
Birmingham, Lewis, do.
Brig Henry, Sherman, Bordeaux
Schr. Nancy, Story, Gloucester
Lively, Smith, Norfolk
Samuel, Clark, New-York
Eleanor, Smith, Guadalupe
Sloop Sumner, Dockendorff, Passamaquody

CLEARED,
Ship Alexander Hamilton, Spain, East-Indies
Brig St. Brigada, Sagabinaga, Lagunayra
Schr. Lydia, Chamberlain, West-Indies

"The brig Betsy, Chapman of Baltimore, bound to Dominica, was spoken, July 22, in lat. 34 N. long. 73 W. out 3 days."

From BRIDEN'S MARINE LIST.
July 31.
Arrived, brig American, Houston, 32 days from Tenerife—Salt and Wine—William Cole. Left there 30th June, ship Nancy, Bryant, of Norfolk, for Cape de Verdes. Spoke July 13, schooner John and William, from Sunbury, N. C. bound to Dominica; same day a Newburyport schr for Trinidad. Spoke nothing in the bay bound up.

"The letter bag of the ship Nancy, for Varel, to land in England, will be taken from the Coffee House at 12 o'clock this day. August 1—

Boston, July 23.
Arrived, schooner William, Knox, Madeira, 8 days. June 21, lat. 41, 51, long. 46, 40, schr. Fame, Fulger, from Nantucket, on a whaling voyage, supplied captain Knox with some beef, bread and rum. July 2, lat. 43, 30, long. 59, 40, brig Clarissa, 5 days from Boston. July 3, brig Augusta, Williams, from Cadiz for Cape Ann. Captain K. will always feel himself under the greatest obligations to captain W. for his humanity in iying by till the weather moderated, and then hoisting out his boat and supplying him with provisions. Such instances of attention ought ever to be made public. July 13, on the S. W. part of Brown's bank, brig Washington, of Providence-town, 48 hours from Boston.

Also, schooner Governor Carver, Holmes, Bayonne, 31 days. Spoke, June 13, lat. 44, long. 20, 30, brig Susan and Betsy, Allen, from New-York for St. Andrew. July 12, lat. 42, 50, long. 64, brig Jefferson, Parker, 42 days from Bordeaux for New York.

Also, schooner Hope, Foster, Lisbon, 34 days. Spoke, June 8, lat. 39, 35, long. 25, 40, ship Adress, 10 days from Gibraltar for New-York. June 22, lat. 43, 25, long. 45, bearded a brig loaded with mahogany, full of water—no person on board.

July 24.
Arrived, ship Mayars, captain Edes, Cape of Good Hope, 70 days. At the Cape, Mandarin, Ricker, Newburyport, arrived March 28, sailed April 5, for India; Maryland, from New York for India, arrived March 29, sailed April 20; Projector, from New-York for Isle of France, arrived March 30, sailed April 20; Wm. Penn, from Philadelphia for Isle of France, arrived March 20, sailed April 7; Hazard, Burrell, from Salem for India, arrived April 16, to sail May 30; Calumet, Trevet, from Boston for Batavia, arrived April 26, to sail May 30; Lydia, Bardard, from Boston for India, arrived April 30, sailed May 5; Venus, Matchet, from Boston for Sumatra, arrived April 17, to sail May 20; Mount Etna, Grafton, from Boston for Isle of France, arrived May 8, sailed May 12; Penman, from Holland for Batavia, arrived January 28, sailed May 7; America, Storer, Pepperberrough, for Sumatra, arrived April 7, sailed May 9.

Also, ship Fair American, Still, 32 days from Lynington. Sailed from Norfolk, for Dunkirk, with 14 French passengers, by whom, in a long and tedious passage, he was very illly treated, and, together with his officers and crew, many times put in danger of his life; and through their means, after arriving at Dunkirk, they were all put under the guard of soldiers, and confined on board their ship for 70 days. Spoke nothing but what has arrived.

Also, via quarantine, schr. Betty, Goddard, from Tobago, 25 days. Sailed in co. with the Sussex, for New-York. Left, brig George, Knapp, for Boston.

Also, via quarantine, brig Pallas, Merchant, Demerara & St. Thomas; brig Ocean, Richard, St. Kitts.

July 25.
Arrived ship Samson, Goodwin, 50 days from Rotterdam. Capt. G. politely favored us with the following very particular marine list—Sail-

ed in co. from Helvoet, June 4, brig Ann, Lord, for Boston ship Hope, Hunt of Charleston, for Covert.—The Cyrus, Dagget, for Guernsey, and ViRory, of Boston, for Lisbon, sailed May 20.—Arrived at Helvoet, while captain G. lay there, Rebecca, McPherson, from Norfolk, 25th May, 25 days; Swan, Prior, Boston, 26th, 27 days; Eunice, M'Leian, Portland, 28th do. Industry, Bradford, do. 29th, 24 do; James, do. 30th do. do. and Eliza, Evans, Norfolk, 30th.—Left at Rotterdam, May 22, Three Sisters, Lathrop, of and for Boston; Adams, Bullock, of do; Taber, Soule, Providence; Womansant, Blandon, of Portsmouth, for Boston.—At Amsterdam, May 14—20, Chatham, Chew, New York; Cheesman, do; Oliver, Eisworth, do; Eagle, do; Huron, do; Patty, Hazard, do; Ms., Crocket, do; Holland, do; Caledonia, do; Thomas, Gardner, do; Rebecca, Low, of Boston, for Philadelphia; Atlantic, Russel, do; Lovely Lass, do; Margaret, Gardner, do; Venus, Baltimore; Harriot, Pierce, do; Spartan, do; Mars, Cushing, Newburyport; Aurora, Allen, Boston; Betsy, Cole, do; Harmon, Adams, do; Ann and Eliza, Providence; Olive Branch, Bennett, Charleston; William and Mary, do; Brothers Return, Scott, Alexandria; Ida, Applby, R. Island; Black Eagle, Lawton, Norfolk.

Spoke, July 8, at anchor on the Banks, lat 45, 26 long 51, 8, the schrs. Polly, and America, of Marblehead.—July 22, lat. 42, 56, long. 37, 30, brig Heit, 41 days from Rochfort, for New-Yurport.

Late last evening arrived, ship Ticonic, 50 days from Liverpool.—Nothing new.

Arrived at quarantine, since our last, schooner Sally, Lutkin, 25 days from Jamaica.

Captain L. sailed in co. with brig Neptune, Cross, for Portland, and Three Brothers, Pearson, for Newburyport.—Left, Maria, Lincoln, for Charleston; Albegal, Grant, for Boston, in a few days; Industry, Beal, of do; Leonora, Rust, of do; Sally, Church, do; Jersey, Murphy, of New York; Nancies, Kirk, do; Jersey, Bowman, do; Success, Farr, for Gloucester, in a few days; Clarks, Fletcher, of Philadelphia; Sally and Fanny, Hunt do. just arrived; Thomas, Webb, of Portland; Chance, Wallace, of New Haven; Minerva, Harding, of Kennebeck; Bee, Fletcher, of Newburyport; Hazard, Lander, from Salem, and Governor Strong, Boardman, from Portsmouth, just arrived.

Norfolk, July 26.
Arrived the ship Two Generals, capt. Beesom, 52 days from Dunkirk. Left there the ship Alexander, Ring; ship President, Boyd, and brig Juno, Watson, all from this port.

Entered, schr Two Generals, Beesom, Dunkirk; Anacreon, Fletcher, Newburyport; brig George, Emmerson, Baltimore; schr. Polly, Manchester, Boston; Norfolk, Deagle, Baltimore.

Cleared, brig Jefferson, Dean, Barbadoes; schr. Lively, Smith, Baltimore.

Sale by Auction.

THIS DAY,
The 1st August, at 11 o'clock, on the premises, will be sold,
The following VALUABLE PROPERTY,
viz:—
Five Lots of Ground, in fee simple, situate on East-street, between Charles and M'Clellan-streets, each 25 feet front, running back 75 feet to a 13 feet alley. These lots are in an agreeable and central situation, and increasing rapidly in value.

ALSO,
That extensive brick Warehouse and Lot, adjoining the above property, and now in possession of Mr. Steinbeck, furrier.
Also, immediately after the sale of the above, That commodious well finished Dwelling HOUSE, in fee simple, lately in the tenure of Mrs. Mary Nicholson, situate on an extensive lot at the corner of Mulberry-street and James-alley, in one of the most healthy and pleasant situations in the city; and has every convenience to accommodate a large family, such as stable, smokehouse, &c. with a pump of excellent water at the door. The terms of sale will be made known at the time and place of sale.

VAN WYCK & DORSEY, aud'rs.

Sale by Auction.

TO-MORROW,
The 2d inst. at 10 o'clock, at our auction room, at the head of Gay-street dock, will commence the sale of
A VARIETY OF DRY GOODS,
Part of which are, 4 bales fine India Muslins.
After which, at 12 o'clock,
101 hhds. and 190 barrels
Muscovado sugar } just arrived
47 do. 1st quality molasses }
23 do. clayed sugar
7 puncheons rum
3 pipes Madeira wine
6 do. gin and brandy, &c.
LEMMON & CAMPBELL, aud'rs.
AUG. 1

Sale by Auction.

TO-MORROW,
The 2nd instant, at 12 o'clock, at the auction-room, at the head of Gay-street dock, will be offered on terms that will then be made known. A number of Building LOTS, on the south side of the basin, near the property of Mr. Chris. Hughes, which he is now wharving—They are in high, healthy situations, and front on the road to the contemplated bridge over the Patapsco. A plat will be shown at the time of sale.
LEMMON & CAMPBELL, aud'rs.
AUG. 1

A Miscellaneous Concert.

BY PERMISSION.
On Thursday Evening, August 2, At the Rural Fidelity or Siege of York Garden, kept by THOMAS LEAMAN, on the Philadelphia road, about one quarter of a mile from the city, and near the same distance from the Point,
Will be presented, a PERSPICUOUS Entertainment in a Transparent view, called
THE GIANT FROLIC.
AFTER WHICH
Several favorite songs
The characteristic story called the Devil among the Taylors.
A German Allemande waltz
A Spanish fandango dance, over a dozen of eggs blindfolded
A Sea Engagement between the Ambuscade and Boston frigates.
[Particulars will be expressed in the handbills]
AUG. 1

To Let,
A LARGE commodious CELLAR. Enquire at No. 212, Market-street.
AUG. 1 eost

The French Consul's Office
Removed to the new House in Paca-street, next to the corner lot of Saratoga-street. Office open every day, Sundays excepted, from 9 A. M. till 3 P. M.
AUG. 1 dlm

A Chair, hung on Springs,
WITH Harness complete, nearly new, for sale cheap. Apply at this office.
AUG. 1 d

Received
By the ship Robert, and schooner Samuel, from New York.
FIFTY-eight barrels BEEF, and thirty-six barrels POLLS, which are offered for sale on moderate terms, by
Wm. H. MACKUBIN,
No. 71, Smith's wharf.
AUG. 1 2aw

W. I. Rum and Hides.
FORTY puncheons of well flavored West India RUM, and 500 well trimmed Spanish HIDES: for sale on accommodating terms by the subscriber; No. 21, Cheapside wharf.
THOMAS MACHROY.
AUG. 1 cost

John Bryan & Co.
AT the Warehouse of M'ulloch & Lannans, No. 13, Calvert-street, have just received and offer for sale, by the piece or package, an assortment of INDIA MUSLINS, viz:
Baftas
Sannahs
Cossacs
Gurrahs and
A few pieces Mulmul handkerchiefs
Which will be sold on moderate terms for cash or good notes.
AUG. 1 co

To Let,
And entered upon immediately,
A SPACIOUS and convenient three-story Dwelling HOUSE, situate in the most eligible part of Baltimore, on Paca-street, by the new Market-house, now erecting. For particulars enquire of Robt. and Wm. Edwards, on the premises, or at their dwelling upper end of Pratt-street.
AUG. 1 eo

Was Found
ON Tuesday morning, on the Common near Mr. M'Eldey's, a Silver Watch, with two seals and a large gold key. The owner may have it again, proving property and paying charges, by applying at 27, North Calvert-street.
AUG. 1 ddt

The Subscribers
Have received by the Ship Orb, from Liverpool, 40 crates of AKTHEN WARE, which they will sell at a moderate advance.
They have also for Sale,
600 barrels New York Pork, of a superior quality
360 do. Herrings
50 pipes Cogniac Brandy
12 do. Holland Gin
5 do. W I Rum
Cannon
Rifle } Powder, glazed and rough
Musket }
Refined Salt Petre
500 hhds. Tar, in good shipping order
160 hhds. Maryland Tobacco.
LORMAN & FULFORD.
AUG. 1 d

For Freight or Charter,
The Ship ORB,
Daniel Farley, master,
Durthen about 400 hogsheads; she is a new and strong vessel, off her first voyage, and will be ready to receive a cargo on board in a few days, for any part of Europe. For terms apply to
BEN. & GEO. WILLIAMS,
No. 3, Bowly's wharf,
Who have received by the above vessel,
About 4000 bushels fine Liverpool SALT.
The consignees of goods on board the above ship are requested to have them entered as soon as possible and deliver the permits to the proper officer.
AUG. 1 dlot

Ten Dollars Reward,
RAN away, on the 29th ult. from the subscriber, living near the Spring Gardens, a mulatto apprentice boy, named JOHN BARKLEY, about 19 years of age, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, stout made; had on a light cloth coat, nankeen pantaloons, white hat, about half worn; he walks stiff, having lost one or two of his toes by a burn when young, and shows his teeth when he speaks. I will give the above reward if brought home or lodged in goal. Masters of vessels are forbid harboring or carrying him off.
RANDEL BARRY, brick-maker.
AUG. 1 ddt

Circuit Court, District of Columbia,
July 25, 1804.
ON the report of Daniel Carol Brent of the sale made by him as trustee of the property decreed to be sold by this court in the suit of the United States, against Samuel Jackson, William Shannon, Phillip Fitzhugh, Joshua B. Bond and Frederick Shaffer. It is ordered, that the said sale be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown, on or before the 25th day of August next. Provided a copy of this order be inserted at least three times prior to that day, in those papers in which the sale was advertised. The report of the said sale property was purchased by Gabriel Downall, Esq. who was the highest bidder at the sum of six thousand six hundred dollars.
By order,
URIAH FORBES, clk.
AUG. 1 ddt

Sale Postponed.
Will be sold at auction, by FRIDAY NEXY, at 4 o'clock, in the afternoon, on the premises, A large and valuable LOT OF GROUND, with a new two-story frame House, completely finished—situated on Union-street, near the corner of Franklin and Mulberry streets. The lot fronts on Union-street 31 feet, running back to a new street 170 feet. This property is situated in a healthy part of the city, had been good water, not far from the new market house, and will be sold in fee. On paying a small part of the purchase money, a liberal credit will be given for the remainder. For further information, enquire of Richard Culverwell, who will at any time before the sale, give directions, where any gentleman may view the premises. Terms made known at the time and place of sale.
AUG. 1 ddt

American.

BALTIMORE
WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 1, 1804.

On the subject of Mr. LIVINGSTON'S letter to TALLEYRAND, respecting Drake's conspiracy, the editor of the National Egis observes—

"But while we justify the propriety of Mr. LIVINGSTON'S communication, we offer no remarks on the subject, which occasioned it. With the EMPEROR BONAPARTE, Republicans have nothing to do. This military usurper, we leave to the custody of fearful precaution and of slavish jealousy. In France, the sacred flame of liberty seems extinguished, but we trust, some living embers may remain, kindling destruction to tyranny. Not that we would recommend (alamosé Anglois) the assassination of the sovereign; but we cherish a strong reliance on that resistless spirit of freedom, that brooks not servility, that yields not to domination—a spirit, which neither the confusion of anarchy, nor the calm of despotism will ever be able to eradicate."

Extract of a letter from an officer, late of the United States frigate Philadelphia, dated, Tripoli, February 24, 1804.
Commodore Preble writes that he expects an answer to his dispatches from America by the beginning of April, and assures us he will enter upon negotiation for our ransom as soon as authorized by government. He also assures, that no exertions shall be wanting, on his part, to render our situation here as comfortable, and our captivity of as short duration as possible; he at the same time writes a very firm and manly letter to the prime minister here; he tells him, it has pleased Providence to put in his power a supply of his unfortunate countrymen, whom he hopes his humanity will discharge him