THE SENTINEL.

ROCKVILLE, MD.

FRIDAY, ::: FEBRUARY 3, 1860.

Congress—Almost a Speaker.

The contest for the speakership of the House of Representatives of the United States, which has been going on since the 5th of December last, to the great detriment of the public business, was near being brought to a close on Friday last, when the Hon. W. R. N. SMITH, of North Carolina, on the last ballot, came within two votes of the required number to elect, and would have been elected had not some five members of the so-called "People's Party" changed their votes from Mr. Smith to other persons before the result was announced. The "Constitution," speaking of the last ballot on Friday, says:

"When the roll was called, Mr. Smith, of North Carolina, received thirty-six votes, five of which were from members of the so-called People's Party, namely: Joy Morris, Scranton, Junkin, and Millward, of Pennsylvania, and Nixon, of New Jersey. When this was ascertained, Mr. Mallory, of Kentucky, rose and announced that if the democratic forces could be brought to rally on Mr. Smith, an old-line whig, of private worth and high public character, totally unconnected with know-nothingism, that gentleman could be elected, the organization of the House effected, and Helperism signally defeated. Mr. Mallory made a dignified and earnest appeal to the patriotism of the Democratic party. He knew that twenty-three Americans would sustain Mr. Smith to the last. He knew that five republicans had voted for him; and he knew that if the democrats supported him he must be elected. His appeal was not made in vain. The North Carolina delegation immediately changed their votes and recorded them for Mr. Smith. Mr. Bocock, the unselfish and truly patriotic nominee of the democratic party, did the same in the most graceful and creditable manner. Mr. McClernand let the Northwestern democracy in the same direction. Cochrane and Harr, of New York, gave similar votes. The entire Southern democracy went for Mr. Smith in solid phalanx; and Horace F. Clark, of New York, also recorded his vote for the same candidate. As the vote stood, Mr. Smith was elected Speaker by two majority. But what did the Helperites? In the first place, Mr. John Sherman, who had never before voted for Speaker since Congress met, asked the clerk to call his name and record his vote for Mr. Corwin, thus increasing the number of votes necessary to a choice, and immediately thereafter Joy Morris, Scranton, and Junkin, of Pennsylvania, and Nixon, of New Jersey, withdrew their votes from Mr. Smith and went back to the Helperites.

"While they could hope to deceive the people by a show of patriotic disinterestedness the Helperite hacks were ready to vote for a national man. While they believed that there was no chance of an election they were willing to *appear* to vote against the Helperite candidate; but when they found that a man who would honestly uphold the Constitution and maintain the law was about to be placed in the chair, they instantly backed out, heedless of the load of infamy with which they covered themselves so long as they could avert the defeat of their atrocious designs.

"The people should know and remember how the democracy, forgetful of personal pride and party differences, and with a view to the interest of the nation alone, availed themselves of the first chance of electing a national man to the speakership of the House. The democrats have given fresh proof of their fidelity to their country and their nobleness of purpose. They have deserved well of their country. Henceforward their enemies cannot accuse them of factiousness. They dare not do it. The Helferites are alone responsible. Their tricks are now exposed; their base stratagems have been unmasked. They now stand before the country self-convicted traitors to its laws, void of every noble and patriotic sentiment—miserable, baffled tricksters."

There were three more ballots on Monday. The Republicans appear to have abandoned all hope of electing a Helferite, and have dropped Sherman and taken up ex-Governor Pennington, of New Jersey. Mr. Smith was still voted for as the anti-Republican candidate. Both parties mustered their absent forces, and the aggregate vote, on Monday, was increased materially. On the first ballot Mr. Pennington came within three votes of an election, and on the last one, within two votes; while Mr. Smith, though having a higher vote than on Friday, lacked five of an election.

A Speaker at Last!

Since the above was in type, we learn that Mr. PENNINGTON, of New Jersey, (Black Republican, but not a signer of the Helper book,) was elected Speaker on Wednesday last, by one vote. This result was brought about by the vote of H. WINTER DAVIS, of Maryland.—The Baltimore "Sun," speaking of Mr. Davis' vote, says: "This man, who grossly misrepresents the Fourth District of Maryland in the Congress of the United States, consummated the infamy of his position yesterday by giving the vote and suffrage of this people to a 'black republican' for speaker of the House of Representatives. The act is a foul calumny, a reckless libel upon the citizens of Baltimore, and is explicable only upon the well-known fact that he was returned solely by the violence and fraud of that 'plan law' which prevailed here upon election day. His seat will, of course, be confirmed by the 'black republicans,' into whose arms he has plunged to save himself from the hideous exposure which has pursued him to Washington in the testimony taken in the contested election cases of the State. Verily he has his reward. Unfortunately, Baltimore has no representation in the lower House of Congress."

THE OLD-LINE WHIGS.

The Washington "Constitution," of Monday last, says: "Whatever may be the result of the contest for the Speakership, the session of the House of Representatives on Friday last will be ever regarded by those who witnessed it as one of memorable interest. To the true lovers of the Constitution and the Union, who can raise their minds to an adequate idea of the duties of this crisis, and contemplate the actual state of feeling and opinion in the different parts of the Confederacy, it must have been a glorious spectacle to behold the spirit of concession and harmony which the Democratic party displayed for the purpose of effecting an organization. To the old-line Whigs in the galleries it was a sight never to be forgotten to behold the conservative men of different sections, and of variant political creeds, agreeing to rally on one of their own honored number. Divided as they have been in former times on obsolete issues, they never differed as to the great principles of political safety to the Union, or measures for the domestic peace and tranquility of the South; principles and measures which are now paramount to all other questions. Amidst the crowds of auditors and spectators there were hundreds of whigs who felt pride and satisfaction in the proofs which were manifested by member after member that all old issues were forgotten. The marks of joy and congratulation might be seen in every loyal and patriotic face. The universal feeling appeared to be that such a union of the minds, talents, sentiments, and political fortunes of *all national men* was now demanded as never has been excelled heretofore in the history of our country. It was felt that we must be preserved as we now exist, with our Constitution and our Union, from disorganizers and destructives—from their principles, their designs, their usurpations and invasions, open or insidious and concealed—and whether attempted by politicians or their fanatical emissaries. At such a crisis whoever would stand forward to resist such adversaries of the peace of the country, the integrity of the Union, and the stability of the Constitution, must be reckoned by Democrats among *their* friends and allies.

Clay and Webster would have looked upon this, when the Democrats sacrificed all mere partisan predilections and passions on the altar of their country, not only with the most hearty approval, but with gratitude to the great Director of Nations that he should put it into the hearts of men, in these times, TO KEEP THE PEACE, when they are heartily agreed on all questions that are to affect THE ONE GREAT CAUSE."

MONTGOMERY FIRE-INSURANCE COMPANY.—From the annual circular of this company, we notice that it is in a very healthy condition. The amount of property insured, $5,269,414.24. Amount of Premium notes, $329,131.44. Balance of cash in hand, $14,101.76. Present Liabilities, $2,571.27. Estimated assets for 1860, $350,869.88. All policies are suspended after thirty days from the first Monday in January, if the *interest* is not paid. The company declared a dividend of *fifty per cent.* at the annual meeting on the 1st ultimo.

FIRE.—We learn, with regret, that, on Monday night of last week, the country dwelling of Mr. WM. E. STUBBS, situated in Berry's District, in this county, was entirely destroyed by fire—the overseer (Mr. Musgrove Beall) and family, who resided in a part of the house, barely escaping with their lives. It is thought that the fire was the work of an incendiary. We understand it was insured.

CAUCUS NOMINATIONS.—The Democratic members of the Legislature met in caucus on Thursday night of last week, and made the following nominations:

State Treasurer.—Sprigg Harwood, Esq., of Anne Arundel county.

State Librarian.—Edwin M. Shipley, Esq., of Carroll county.

Keeper of Records.—Geo. H. Waters, Esq., of Prince George's county.

☞ We hope that every citizen of our village will attend the meeting at the Court House on Saturday evening, so that there may be a full expression of opinion in regard to the memorial to the Legislature for a charter of incorporation. The meeting will take place at 7 o'clock, P. M.

COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS.—It is stated that Ex-Governor Philip F. Thomas, of Md., the new Commissioner of Patents, will not enter upon his duties until March.

☞ The Baltimore Police Bill passed the House of Delegates yesterday, and is now a law.

Chesapeake and Ohio Canal.

[For the Montgomery County Sentinel.]

MR. EDITOR: The measure about to be introduced into the Legislature of the State, for the disposal of the State's interest in the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, is one of such magnitude, that I think it but fair the people should be put in possession of all the information necessary to enable them to form a correct understanding of the proposition.

In the first place, I would like to be informed upon the following points:—The amount of all the debts and obligations; the character of each, and the interest thereon, of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, *which have precedence to the liens or mortgages held by the State of Maryland.*

Also, the indebtedness of the said Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, with the interest thereon, due the State of Maryland, whether for stock subscribed, loans made, or repairs done to that work, *which are subject to the liens of the State.*

Also, all other debts or liabilities, the character of each, with the interest thereon, incurred for, and growing out of, the construction and management of that work, *and over which the State's mortgage has precedence.*

If this information has not already been officially communicated to the Legislature, would it not be well for some member to introduce an order into either branch of that body, calling upon the treasurer, or other proper officer, for such information, so that it might be promulgated among the people?

Whilst I think it very proper that some provision should be made for the relief of a numerous class of creditors of that work, whose claims are just and equitable, and should have been provided for long ago, yet I do not agree that, under cover of relieving them, it is necessary to sacrifice and abandon all other interests to what I fear, in the present instance, is to enure rather to the benefit of stock-jobbers and speculators, than to the interest of the honest creditors of the canal. Nor do I think the Legislature empowered by the Constitution of the State to *give away* (such is the plain design of the present project) the interest of the people in that Work, without their direct approval at the polls. I would not however be considered as unconditionally opposed to a *sale* of State's interest in the canal; but I am opposed to surrendering the interest of the State without some consideration in the transaction; and if I were called upon to propose a plan which I would consider best for all parties, I do not know of a better one at present, than first for the State to make some direct provision for the relief of the creditors of that Work and then foreclose her mortgages, and then sell the whole concern, privileges and all, to the highest bidder for cash or reliable securities. To what extent and in what shape such relief should be extended would of course be a matter of legislative wisdom and discretion; but some such action would be far preferable to the contemplated measure, which, in my opinion, subjects the interests of the State, as well as those of a class of meritorious creditors of the canal, to contingencies which must terminate disastrously to both. There is danger in the whole scheme as at present concocted, and I throw out the suggestion, whether it would not be more proper, before the State's interest in the canal is finally relinquished, that any "Act" for that purpose should be coupled with a proviso that it shall not take effect unless confirmed by the succeeding Legislature, which might be empowered, by the terms of the Act, to amend and perfect it, aided as they would be by the cautious surroundings which a two years discussion on the popular forum would give it.

In regard to the committee which were sent to Annapolis by the authorities of Alexandria and the District cities for the purpose of instructing Maryland legislators in their duties to their own State, I consider the mission a very indelicate one, and would repudiate it as such; but the effrontery of speculating harpies hesitates at nothing, and I think I can discover their agency in this attempt, and that the "authorities" are the catspaws to be used in the accomplishment of their purpose. P.

PUBLIC MEETING.

According to previous notice, a meeting of the citizens of Rockville was held at the Court House, on Saturday evening, the 28th instant, to take into consideration the propriety of petitioning the Legislature of Maryland for an act of incorporation for the village of Rockville.

The meeting was organized by the appointment of LAWRENCE LYDDANE, Esq., chairman, and S. A. MATLACK, secretary.

By a vote of the meeting it was unanimously resolved that they were in favor of an act of incorporation.

On motion, a committee of three, consisting of Messrs. Brower, Vinson, and Bonic, were appointed to prepare an act of incorporation, and report at the next meeting.

On motion, the proceedings were ordered to be published, and the meeting adjourned to meet again on Saturday, the 4th instant, at 7 o'clock, P. M.

L. LYDDANE, Ch'n.

S. A. MATLACK, Sec.

AN INTERESTING ON-DIT.—It was currently rumored yesterday (says the Washington *Constitution*) that ten thousand dollars had been sent on here in charge of a trusty black-republican agent to be used for the purchase of sufficient votes to elect a black-republican Speaker. Of course we cannot learn who got the money, or how it has been divided. There are individuals who are probably better informed; but we cannot hope that they will enlighten the public. They have good reasons for keeping the secret—five thousand solid reasons each.

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30, 1860.

MR. EDITOR: Not being able "to wait to see" whether the House can elect Mr. Smith, of North Carolina, to the Speakership, or will have to submit to the triumph of some sort of Helperite, to-day, I must open this letter by expressing the obligations I feel towards the Democratic members for so promptly rallying, on Friday last, to the support of an old line Whig for that position. This is the best sacrifice of party feeling in behalf of an organization of the House, that has yet been made by any of the parties of which that body is composed. When Mr. Botuler, (American) withdrew some time since and proposed his colleague (Mr. Millson) as a proper man for the support of all the conservative members, scarcely half of my brother Know-nothings of that body cast their votes for him. If all of them had rallied to his support, or some one of the other half a dozen men that your Democratic friends presented from time to time, the House could have been organized long ago. After such an example as that of the Democratic members on Friday, they can no longer be charged with either factiousness or obstinacy. They made a noble sacrifice on the altar of their country's peace and harmony, and if some four of the "People's party" members (and that is only another name for "Americans") had not withdrawn their votes from Mr. Smith in the progress of the ballot, the House would have been organized that day, and "Helperism" laid on the shelf for the time being. As I was sitting in the crowded gallery a witness of the insincerity of these four North "Americans" in first voting for Mr. Smith and then withdrawing their votes, I wished I had been in possession of a speaking trumpet, to whisper in their ears—"*Oh, you mean and pitiful Pidgeties!*"

On Saturday, the Republicans held a caucus and rumor says "great enthusiasm prevailed." They will probably present some new candidate to-day, and find "soap-boiler Americans" enough from the non-slaveholding States to elect him. As I am rather thick-headed and short-sighted, you must pardon me for saying I can see no material difference between a "Helperite" like Mr. Sherman, and those who always voted for a "Helperite," like Messrs. Corwin, Pennington and E. Joy Morris.

Your correspondent "P." was right in speaking of the dearth of news in this metropolis. In that regard it is decidedly dull, and so it will continue until the House is organized. By the by, I know your correspondent "P." well and intimately. He is "a good egg." But, if you ever see him again tell him there was a time when he ought to have whipped a fellow, and if he asks you to name the fellow, tell him he is sometimes found "*scribing*" for the newspapers. The most interesting piece of political news afloat now, is the appointment by President Buchanan, of ex-Governor Philip Francis Thomas, of Maryland, to the office of Commissioner of Patents. This is an important and responsible position, requiring great legal talent and habits of close application to business on the part of the incumbent, and I have every confidence that Governor Thomas will be found more than equal to all its duties and responsibilities. All the Marylanders in Washington and numerous friends of Gov. Thomas from other States, now here, feel most grateful to President Buchanan for this most happy and appropriate appointment. Though, for a few brief years, an unfortunate misunderstanding between myself and Gov. Thomas prevented that social intercourse which ought always to exist among the sons of old Maryland, I always admired him for his true party fidelity, his almost unequaled social qualities, his ability as a young statesman, and his inflexible devotion to his friends. If he has accepted the post of Commissioner of Patents, (as I earnestly hope he has,) the public at large will find it filled by a gentleman of the first class, and all having business with that Bureau, will soon acknowledge his admirable fitness for its arduous and responsible duties. I must close my notice of this high-toned Maryland gentleman, by praying that he may live a thousand years.

You have heard from Annapolis of the passage by the Senate of the Baltimore city Police bill, and, perhaps, of the amendment introduced into one of the sections by my old friend (Col. Kimmell) of Frederick. This was a proviso that no man having the remotest sympathy with Helperism, should be appointed to any position created by that bill. You will see from this that some small particle of good occasionally comes out of that "political Nazareth" to which *they* say I belong. The Helperites all over the country ought to profit by the lesson which this Kimmell amendment to the Baltimore Police bill teaches. Col. Kimmell is a Senator from a county where slaves are not very numerous, and which borders on a "free State." Yet, the doctrines of the Republican party have even stirred up the anti-Democratic (as well as the Democratic) people of that region, to a determined stand in favor of the most extreme Southern position, and have made many men strenuous supporters of slavery, who might otherwise have looked upon the subject with indifference.

Whenever you come across our friend "P.," I want you to coax him to take his stand alongside of us in favor of President Buchanan's position on the Tariff question, as a proper tribute he owes to the thousands of old line Whigs who helped him to defeat the "Helperites" in 1856.

TIMON.

AN APPEAL TO THE LADIES.—The Alexandria *Sentinel* says that home-spun is becoming all the fashion with the sterner sex, but so far very few ladies have appeared on the street with their linseys and domestic ginghams. If home manufactures are to be encouraged, the ladies must lend a willing hand; and the *Sentinel* calls on them to do it. Without their aid our merchants and manufacturers can effect nothing.

E. JOY MORRIS DENOUNCED IN PHILADELPHIA.—The Philadelphia journals are very severe in their strictures on the course of Hon. E. Joy Morris for defeating the organization of the House on Friday last. The Philadelphia Evening *Journal* of Saturday, a paper bitterly opposed to the Democratic party, in referring to the subject, says:

"It was seriously contemplated, last evening, to call an indignation meeting to denounce the action of the Pennsylvania members who prevented an organization yesterday, and many of our merchants suggested that Mr. Morris, from the second district of the city, should be burnt in effigy. The Democratic members had accepted as a candidate one who had always been an uncompromising opponent, and thus yielded to a party of not one-fourth their number."

A CHURCH GOING SOUTH.—The trustees of the M. E. Church on Taylor's Island, Dorchester county, Md., have, by a unanimous vote of the board, decided on leaving the M. E. Church and joining the Methodist Church South. The Cambridge Intelligencer says they will apply to the southern bishop for a supply. In the meantime the preachers of Church creek circuit will supply the pulpit till the sitting of the Philadelphia conference.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 1, 1860.

GRAIN.—The offerings of wheat this morning only amounted to some 2000 bushels, and prices were firm at $1.20@1.40 for fair to good white, and $1.43@1.50 per bushel for prime to choice; red sold at $1.22@1.30 per bushel for fair to prime. Of corn 3,000 bushels offered, and white sold at 70@73 cts, and yellow 70@72 cts. per bushel. Of oats 1,500 bushels offered, and sold at 36@37 cts. per bushel. We quote rye at 90@92 cts. per bushel.

SEEDS.—There was a fair demand for clover seed this morning, and fair to prime sold for $5.25 per bushel; small lots strictly prime brought $5.37½ per bushel.

Marriage.

MARRIED, on the 25th ultimo by the Rev. L. S. Rozell, Mr. WILLIAM R. BEALL to Miss ELIZA C. WEST, all of this county.

Notice.

☞ ALL PERSONS friendly to the construction of the Metropolitan Railroad, are requested to meet at the Court-House, in Rockville, on TUESDAY NEXT, the 7th instant, at 10 o'clock, A. M. Feb 3—1t

PLOWS & PLOW CASTINGS.

IN GREAT VARIETY, at prices less than can be had for in this city, at

R. M. JOHNSON & CO.'S

Agricultural Seed & Guano Warehouse,

9th St. near Canal, Washington, D. C.

feb 3—tf

CLOVER SEED.

A SUPERIOR LOT just received and for sale low. Also, TIMOTHY, BLUE GRASS, ORCHARD GRASS, &c., together with a full supply of pure and genuine GARDEN SEEDS, at

R. M. JOHNSON & CO.'S

Agricultural Seed and Guano Warehouse,

9th St., near Canal, Washington, D. C.

feb 3—tf

CIRCUIT COURT FOR MONTGOMERY COUNTY,

November Term, 1859. In Equity. On the Petition of John Bayne.

LEONARD W. CANDLER,
vs.
JOHN CANDLER AND AL.

ORDERED, that the defendant, John Candler, and the judgment creditors of said John, if any, do show cause, on or before the first Monday of March next, why the prayer of the petitioner to have his judgment paid out of the share of the said John be not granted: provided that a copy of this order be published in some newspaper printed in Montgomery county, once a week for three successive weeks, and the first insertion to be at least one month before said first Monday of March.

NICHOLAS BREWER,
November 15, 1859. Circuit Judge.

Copy—Test,
feb 2—4t JAS. G. HENING, Clk.

Late Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of three writs of fieri facias, issued by Gerard B. Brandt, a Justice of the Peace for the State of Maryland, in and for Montgomery county, and to the Sheriff of said county directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the residence of David L. Peugh,

ON SATURDAY, the 25th instant,

at the hour of 10 o'clock, A. M., for cash, all the right, title, claim and interest, both at law and in equity, of the said David L. Peugh, of, in and to the following pieces, parcels, or tracts of Land—to wit:

All that Tract of Land, called "ADDITION TO BROOK GROVE or BROOK PARK," containing—

45 Acres, more or less,

it being the land conveyed to the said David L. Peugh by William Johnson and others, by deed, dated the 28th of September, 1852, and recorded in Liber J. G. H., No. 1, Folio 488.

ALSO—All that Tract of Land, called "RESURVEY ON BROOK GROVE OR BROOK PARK," containing—

72½ Acres, more or less,

it being a tract of land conveyed to the said David L. Peugh by William Johnson, by deed, dated the 8th day of April, 1853, and recorded in Liber J. G. H., No. 2, folio 355, one of the Land Records for Montgomery county, as by reference thereto will more fully appear.

ALSO—All the undivided right, title, claim and interest, both at law and in equity, of the said David L. Peugh, of, in and to all that Tract of Land, called "BENJAMIN SQUARE," containing—

111 Acres, more or less,

it being the land formerly owned by John Peugh, deceased.

ALSO—All the following PERSONAL PROPERTY—to wit:

3 Head of HORSES, 6 Head of CATTLE, 10 Head of HOGS, 1 Yoke of OXEN and OX-CART, 1 WAGON, 1 BUGGY and CARRIAGE, 1 WHEAT DRILL, 1 WHEAT FAN, with many other FARMING IMPLEMENTS, such as Plows, Harrows, Hoes, &c.

Seized and taken as the property of the said David L. Peugh, at the following suits: Two at the suit of J. T. Higgins & Bro., and one at the suit of Silas Browning, use of Charles M. Price, and will be sold to satisfy the same,

JOHN T. DENSON,
feb 3—ts Late Sheriff.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned, citizens of Montgomery county, Md., hereby give notice that they will petition the Commissioners of said county, at their FIRST MEETING, *Thirty Days after the publication of this notice*, to change the location of the road running from the Brookville road, near Enoch D. Hutton's, to the Unity road, through the lands of E. B. Hutton, Thomas D. Gaither, and others; the change petitioned for being on that part of the road running through the land of E. B. Hutton.

ENOCH D. HUTTON,
jan 27 And others.

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GREAT ATTRACTION!

HAMILTON & CO.,

No. 502 7th Street, Washington, D. C.

MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS IN

SASH, BLINDS,
DOORS, MOULDINGS,
BRACKETS, MANTLES, &c.

TO CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS.

$10,000! $10,000!

TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS WORTH OF—

SASH, DOORS,
BLINDS, MOULDINGS,
SLATE MANTLES,
BRACKETS, NEWEL,
POSTS & BALUSTERS

All now in store, and will be sold Cheap! Cheap!! CHEAP!!!

☞ Call and examine—

500 DOORS, 500 Pair BLINDS,
1000 WINDOW SASH,
100,000 Pieces of MOULDINGS,

That has just arrived from different States of the Union, and the Best and Cheapest ever before offered in this or the surrounding cities. Call and see our first class Doors! Call and see our first class Blinds! In fact, call and see all the different styles, sizes, qualities, and prices, and satisfy your own mind, at 502 Seventh Street, opposite Centre Market, Washington city, D. C.

H. W. HAMILTON & CO.
502 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.
feb 2—1y

BAUGH'S RAW BONE SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME,

Manufactured from unburnt Bones, by

BAUGH & SONS,

Wholesale Office and Store,
No. 20 South Wharves, between
Market and Chestnut Streets, Phila.

Cash Price,

$45 per 2000 Pounds—2 1-2 cts. per lb.

IN the preparation of this valuable Manure, BONES ARE USED IN THEIR RAW STATE ONLY. They have never been mutilated or calcined. They are taken as nature has made them, crushed with a powerful machinery, and subjected to a process, by which, while all the virtue of the bone is retained, a Fertilizer is procured, furnishing in a concentrated and soluble form the two indispensible ingredients for the growth of plants and enriching the soil—viz:

Phosphoric Acid and Ammonia.

These two ingredients, by the use of *BAUGH'S RAW BONE SUPER-PHOSPHATE*, are given to the soil in all their *original strength and purity*. They assimilate at once with the soil, furnishing all the needful ammonia for the growing crop, giving it ample luxuriance, and leave the land permanently benefitted, so that its presence can be traced for years afterwards. ☞ For sale by

HUSEY & BARNARD,
Bridge Street, Georgetown, D. C.
feb 3—3m

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of four writs of venditioni exponas, issued out of the Circuit Court for Montgomery county, and to the Sheriff of said county directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the Court-House door in Rockville,

On SATURDAY, the 25th instant,

at 12 o'clock, M., for cash, all the right, title, claim and interest, both at law and equity, of Joshua Stewart, of, in and to the following pieces, parcels or tracts of Land—to wit:

All that Tract of Land, called "BROOK GROVE," all that Tract called "FAIR HILL," and all that Tract called "BROOK PINEY GROVE," supposed to contain 300 ACRES OF LAND, more or less.

ALSO—All that Tract of Land, called "BROOK PINEY GROVE AND RETIREMENT," supposed to contain 103 ACRES, more or less; the whole supposed to contain

408 ACRES,

more or less.

ALSO—NEGRO BOYS, HENRY, OATH and JAMES, and NEGRO GIRL, ANN.

Seized and taken as the property of the said Joshua Stewart, at the following suits: One at the suit of the State of Maryland, use of Richard C. Merrick and others; one at the suit of the State of Maryland, use of Greenbury Penn and wife, and others; one at the suit of the State of Maryland, use of Nicholas Benson and wife, and others; and one at the suit of Lloyd Dorsey, and will be sold to satisfy the same.

feb 3—ts SAMUEL CLOYD, Sh'ff.

Public Sale of Valuable REAL ESTATE.

THE subscriber, by virtue of a Deed of Trust from John H. Hilleary, will offer at public sale,

On TUESDAY, the 21st day of February next, at 12 o'clock, M.

at the Court-House door, in Rockville, all the following

REAL ESTATE,

lying in Montgomery county, Md., viz: The undivided interest of John H. Hilleary, being one moiety, of, in and to part of a Tract of Land, called "THE SPRAINED ANKLE," containing—

30 Acres of Land,

Being Lot No. 1 in the division of the Real Estate of the late THOMAS HILLEARY, containing—

A GRIST AND SAW MILL, (known as "Black Rock Mills") and DWELLINGS appurtenants thereto. Also, part of a Tract of Land, called "THE SPRAINED ANKLE," and part of a Tract called "THE PLEASANT HILL," lying in said county, laid off to John H. Hilleary by the Commissioners in the division of said Thomas Hilleary's estate, and containing—

154 ACRES,

as upon reference to the return of said Commissioners will more fully appear.

The latter tracts have been surveyed and sub-divided into FOUR LOTS; three exclusively in WOOD, and which is said to contain very fine timber.

☞ These Lands will be offered in Lots to suit purchasers; or as a whole, as may be found most expedient for all concerned.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-half of the purchase money to be paid in hand, or in six months, bearing interest; the residue in twelve months, secured by note or single bill. The whole to bear interest from the day of sale.

jan 27—ts RICH'D J. BOWIE, Trustee.

NOTICE.

WE, the undersigned subscribers, do hereby forewarn all persons from trespassing on our premises, by hunting with dog or gun, or trespassing in any other way, as we are determined to prosecute those who disobey this notice.

PERRY BROWNING,
WILLIAM D. LEWIS,
ZACHARIAH E. WINDSOR,
HAMILTON K. BROWNING,
JOHN R. LEWIS,
CHARLES T. BROWNING,
EDWARD LEWIS,
HOWARD YOUNG,
GEORGE W. TABLER,
JOHN A. LEWIS.

jan 27—3t

FOR SALE OR HIRE.

A NEGRO BOY, about 17 years of age—to serve until he is twenty-one. He will be hired by the year, or, if desired, his time sold. Also, a young NEGRO WOMAN, with one child, for hire; she is an excellent house servant, and will be hired on reasonable terms. For further particulars, apply at this office.

jan 27—tf

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY

BY virtue of a Deed of Mortgage, from Perry L. Trundle to the subscriber, dated 31st October, 1858, and duly recorded among the Land Records of Montgomery county, will be exposed to public sale, at the residence of Perry L. Trundle,

On WEDNESDAY, the 15th day of February next,

Commencing at 9 o'clock, A. M.

all the following PERSONAL PROPERTY—to wit:

Two Horses, 5 Colts,

(including one BLACK HAWK Colt, and one Red Buck,) 5 MILCH COWS, TWO CALVES, 24 SHOATS and Four Brood SOWS.

1 Yoke of Oxen,

1 THRESHING MACHINE
1 WHEAT DRILL
1 FOUR-HORSE WAGON
5 DOUBLE-SHOVEL PLOWS
3 SINGLE Do Do
3 THREE-HORSE PLOWS
2 TWO-HORSE Do
1 REAPER, 1 CIDER MILL
1 CUTTING BOX
1 CARRIAGE AND HARNESS

ONE NEGRO MAN, ISAAC,

(About 42 years of age,)

6 BEDS, BEDSTEADS & FURNITURE
1 DOZEN CHAIRS (Maple)
2 MAHOGANY SIDE TABLES
3 LOOKING GLASSES, ETC.

TERMS OF SALE—CASH. No articles to be removed until settled for.

jan 27—ts HORATIO TRUNDLE.

NOTICE.

WE, the undersigned citizens of Montgomery county, Md., hereby give notice that we will petition the Commissioners of said county, at their FIRST MEETING, *Thirty Days after the publication of this notice*, for the construction of a Bridge over Seneca, on the Georgetown and Frederick road.

W. H. Benson,	O. S. Layton,
J. B. Higgins,	James W. Day,
John Crawford,	U. M. Layton,
J. G. House,	M. King,
Richard Green,	J. W. Hurley,
G. W. Burdett,	W. D. Waters,
Z. Dowden,	J. A. Claudle.
N. H. Miller,	O. S. Watkins,
Jas B. Noel,	J. H. Miles,
A. T. Lewis,	W. H. Benson,
C. H. Murphy,	R. R Thompson,
S. Dowden,	J. T. Johnston,
G. W. Linthicum,	L. Willson,
William Williams,	C. R. Murphy,
Joshua Riggs,	R. A. Leaman,
Jno. D. King,	L. Reinheart,
H. G. Warfield,	W. M. Burdett,
Z. Waters,	E. A. Watkins,
C. W. Hilton,	R. A. Hurley,
Vincent Brewer,	J. Pickery,
W. N. Thompson,	J. H C Brewer,
W. Nicholson,	Henry Gue,
H. Young,	L. L. Hurley,
Wm. H. Belt,	D. Thompson,
G. S. Waters,	T. S. Nicholls,
R. S. Thompson,	A. J. Cumming,
Horace Waters,	J. H. Bayd,
Tilghman Waters,	H. H. Griffith,
W. W. Blunt,	R. W. Jones,
Remus D. Riggs,	J. Williams,
Lloyd Dorsey,	E. A. Jones,
Joshua Dorsey,	Nathan Cooke.

jan 27—td

NOTICE.

THE undersigned, citizens of Montgomery county, Md., hereby give notice that they will petition the Commissioners of said county, at their FIRST MEETING, *Thirty Days after the publication of this notice*, for a change or alteration in part of the public road leading from the old Georgetown road, near the Stone tavern, to the River road, near Concord meeting-house—the change or alteration to be as follows: To be closed from the point where said road reaches Christopher W. Labadale's land, and from thence to the River road, and to be changed to or opened, from the east end of said road, where it leaves through the lands of Allison Sailor and John Thoggmorton, upon the old bed or route upon which the road originally run to said River road.

J. Counselman,	Wm. Reading,
J. H. Luffborough,	I. Shoemaker,
J. H. Davidson,	G. M. Watkins,
Robert J. Lewis,	R. P. Dunlop,
H. Renshaw,	Samuel Jones,
T. M. Maccubin,	Henry Bradley,
Joshua Hateman,	T. H. Rabbitt,
Aquila Eld,	C. F. Willett,
R. L. Ball,	W. H. Birch,
Hilleary Ball,	W. D. Brooke,
R. Williams,	C. A. Buckey,
C. Counselman,	W. G. Hazel,
W. G. Counselman,	J. W. Offutt.

jan 27—td

BLACKSMITHING.

E. MOULDEN & BRO. would respectfully inform the public that they have opened, in Rockville, on the street leading to Frederick,

A Blacksmith Shop,

where they are prepared to do any kind of work entrusted to them—such as IRONING WAGONS, CARRIOLES, BUGGYS, &c.

HORSE-SHOEING neatly done with our own make of shoes, as we are determined to use no other.

REPAIRING of all kinds done at the shortest notice, and on moderate terms.

By strict attention to business, we hope to share a portion of the public patronage.

We intend to keep on hand a lot of SHOVEL PLOWS, which we will sell for $5, ironed in the best manner.

jan 27—tf E. MOULDEN & BRO.

$20 REWARD.

BROKE JAIL, on the night of the 24th instant, two white Men, named

WM. M'DOUGAL & — HARRINGTON.

McDougal is about 30 years of age, about five feet eight or nine inches high, and rather slender made—light complexion, and has a tooth out in front—his clothing, as well as recollected, was a gray frock coat and pants, and leather hat, like those worn by boatmen.

—Harrington is about 35 years of age, six feet high, and stout built—rather dark complexion, and very much pitted by the small pox—hair short—had on, when he escaped, a blue sack coat and dark gray pants.

Ten Dollars each will be paid for the apprehension and return of the above described prisoners. SAM'L. CLOYD, Sh'ff.

jan 27—3t of Montgomery county.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Montgomery county letters testamentary on the personal estate of

GEORGE GAITHER,

late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 24th day of January, 1861; otherwise they may, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 24th day of January, 1860.

jan 27—3t THOS. D. GAITHER, Ex'r.