2. The defendant then, to show title in Franklin and those claiming under him, down to her the defendant, in and to Gibson's Forest and Warner's Chance, read in evidence a commission from Benjamin Tasker and Benjamin Young, registers and chief judges of the land office, to Thomas Jennings, bearing date the 18th of May 1746, constituting and appointing him chief clerk of the land She also gave in evidence, that Jennings continued to hold and execute the office of clerk of the land office. under the said commission, until the time of his death. which took place some time in 1759. And also, to prove that some of the records of the land office have been lost. she gave in evidence, that original patents for land have been found in the state of which no record ever could be discovered in the land office, or elsewhere; and that in the year 1776 or 1777, the records of the land office were removed from Annapolis to Upper Marlborough in Prince-George's county, where they remained one year and upwards; and that there has been a tradition or report in the land office of the loss of some of its records prior to She also gave in evidence, that no certificates. warrants or patents, for the tracts of land called Gibson's Forest and Warner's Chance, or either of them, or of any tracts of either of those names, can be found among the records of the land office, now existing, where they have been repeatedly searched for, and that no such record books as Liber D D, No. 8, or Liber No. 28, do now exist or can be found among the records of the land office, or elsewhere. The defendant then produced two papers, purporting to be true copies from certain books of records in the land office, one called Liber D D, No. 8, and the other called Liber No. 28, certified by the said Jennings then clerk of the land office, under his hand as clerk thereof, of two certificates of surveys, one of Gibson's Forest, and the other of Warner's Chance, the first surveyed for Miles Gibson on the 20th of October 1695, and the latter surveyed for John Warner on the 17th of November 1710, and describing each of those tracts as they are described in the deed from Clark to Franklin as herein before set forth. She also proved, by witnesses produced and sworn, who were well acquainted with the said Jennings, and with his signature, that the name Thomas Jennings, subscribed to the said papers, purporting to be co-