



JAMES MARK BALDWIN.

JAMES M. BALDWIN, PSYCHOLOGIST, DIES

American Professor Cause of
Sharp Note to Germany by
President Wilson.

TORPEDO HURT DAUGHTER

Author and Teacher Honored by
Many Universities—Legion of
Honor Cross Awarded Him.

PARIS, Nov. 8 (AP).—James Mark Baldwin, American psychologist and author, died of pneumonia today at the American Hospital after an illness of two days. He was 73 years old and was a native of Columbia, S. C. Burial will take place in the United States.

On Torpedoed Vessel.

Professor Baldwin was a survivor of the cross-Channel steamer *Sussex* when that vessel was torpedoed by a German submarine in the World War. His daughter Elizabeth, who is now the wife of Philip M. Stimson, 25 Claremont Avenue, New York City, was badly injured on that occasion, and she, incidentally, was the first American noncombatant to be wounded by enemy action during the World War.

As a result of the *Sussex* tragedy, Professor Baldwin sent an open telegram to his old friend, President Woodrow Wilson, after which a sharp note of warning was sent to Germany.

Dr. Baldwin, who succeeded the late William James as foreign correspondent of the Institute of France in 1910, had lived abroad for about thirty-five years. Before that, however, he had devoted twenty-four years as an instructor and professor in three American universities and one in Canada.

He held the first honorary degree in science (D. Sc.) ever awarded by Oxford University. Dr. Baldwin was an M. A. and Ph. D. of Princeton University, honorary Doctor of Science of Geneva University and Doctor of Letters of Glasgow University and of the University of South Carolina. He was also foreign correspondent of the Royal Academy of Belgrade, the Japanese Academy and the Aristotelian Society of London.

Father Federal Official.

Born at Columbia, S. C., Jan. 12, 1861, he was the son of Cyrus H. Baldwin, who was Assistant Treasurer of the United States, and Lydia Eunice Ford Baldwin of Connecticut.

After attending Princeton, Leipzig and Berlin Universities, he became a Fellow and instructor at Princeton in 1885. From 1887 to 1880 he was Professor of Philosophy at Lake Forest University. Then he was Professor of Logic and Metaphysics at the University of Toronto from 1890 to 1903.

Dr. Baldwin returned to Princeton in 1893 and was Stuart Professor of Psychology there, in addition to his duties at the Canadian university. From 1903 to 1909 he was Professor of Philosophy and Psychology at Johns Hopkins University.

Dr. Baldwin was the founder of *The Psychological Review*, which he edited from 1894 to 1909. He also compiled a "Dictionary of Philosophy and Psychology" in four volumes, between 1901 and 1906.

Professor Baldwin was honorary professor at the University of Mexico from 1908 to 1912. He was Herbert Spencer lecturer at Oxford in 1915. From 1916 to 1918 he was professor at the *Ecole des Hautes Etudes Sociales*, Paris.

He married Miss Helen Hayes Green, a daughter of the late William Henry Green, D. D., president of Princeton Theological Seminary, in 1888. Mrs. Baldwin lives in Paris. Two daughters, Mrs. Stimson and Mrs. John A. Sterrett, also survive.

In 1917 the Cross of the Legion of Honor was awarded to Dr. Baldwin.