in favor of the motion of the member from Virginia, Mr. Wise. He considered it reasonable and the only proposition which would lead to the organization of the House. Mr. Pickens said he had confidence in the Clerk, and did not believe he would play any miserable trick. He wished, he said, that gentlemen here would act in confidence, and nothing doubting. As for State sovereignity of which so much had been said, his opinion was that it rested not in a Governor or a Council, or State Officers, or in a seal, but in the People. That was his notion. Mr. P. said that the house alone was the tribunal to decide the disputed election if there was one. For himself, he should scorn to present his credentials upon the Clerk's table unless the House demanded it at his hands.

Mr. Barnard, of N. Y. followed in the debate, Mr. B. entered somewhat fully into the discussion of the subject. He spoke of Common law and Parliamentary law, and the designs of each. He also spoke of the law officers of the State of New Jersey, and of the law under which the Clerk of the House exercised the duties of his office. Mr. B. said he regarded the Clerk of the House of Representatives by parliamentary law to be entitled to enlarged duties in the absence of the Speaker. So enlarged were these duties that the Clerk was not only entitled to make and read a roll of the members, but to be a sort of Speaker *pro tem.* He could, according to his notions of law, put questions of adjourment to the House, and other questions if necessary pending the election of a Speaker. But he could go no further. Mr. B. entered into a legal argument, which was of some length, and which was listened to with great interest.

Mr. Cooper, a new member from Georgia, followed Mr. Barnard. He believed that the members with the certificates were as much entitled to their seats as he was. He made an argument which Mr. Wise, who followed him, considered a very able and conclusive one.

Mr. Wise followed and defended his resolution offered at the opening of the House. He was willing, he said, to trust to the honors of gentlemen of the House, and did not believe they would abuse the resolution if it was adopted.

Mr. Wise is on the floor while I close this report at half past three.

UNITED STATES SENATE.

The Senate was organized in the manner prescribed by the Constitution—the Secretary reading the names of the Members. There were present from

Maine—Messrs. Ruggles and Williams.
New Hampshire—Messrs. Pierce and Hubbard.
Massachusetts—Mr. Davis.
Rhode Island—Messrs. Knight and Betts.
New York—Mr. Wright.
New Jersey—Messrs. Wall and Southard.
Pennsylvania—Mr. Buchanan.
Delaware—Mr. Clayton.
Virginia—Mr. Roane.
North Carolina—Mr. Brown.
South Carolina—Mr. Calhoun.
Georgia—Mr. Lumpkin.
Ohio—Mr. Allen.
Indiana—Messrs. White and Smith.
Illinois—Messrs. Young and Robinson.
Mississippi—Mr. Walker.
Tennessee—Mr. White.
Kentucky—Messrs. Clay and Crittenden.
Alabama—Messrs. King and Clay.
Missouri—Messrs. Benton and Linn.
Arkansas—Mr. Fulton.

After the names of the Senators present were read, the Senate adopted a resolution providing for supplying the Senators with the usual number of newspapers.

Mr. Benton gave notice that to-morrow he would bring in a bill to provide for the collection of small notes in the District of Columbia. The motion has excited some surprise in the District. I have heard that it was intended to punish some persons here who issued shin-plasters, and who have refused to redeem them. The Senate then adjourned.

We received yesterday a letter from an officer of the U. S. Navy, at Pensacola, containing the following melancholy list of deaths, and though some of them have already been published, we give the letter as we received it.

Died at the Naval Hospital, Pensacola, on the 8th November, after an illness of five days, Walter William Hays, from New York, of yellow fever.

At a meeting of the Midshipmen of the U. S. Ship Levant, held on the 9th November, it was resolved, that as a testimony of respect to the memory of their deceased companion and messmate, they do wear the usual badge of mourning for the customary period.

Died, on the 26th October, at the Naval Hospital Pensacola, of yellow fever, William A. Green assistant Surgeon, U. S. Navy.

At the Naval Hospital, Pensacola, on the 17th October, Elisha Fitch, Professor of Mathematics, U. S. Navy, of yellow fever.

The Macedonia frigate, Ontario, Levant, Erie, and Warren, sloops of war, are now in port, preparing for sea destination, unknown at present. There are now at the hospital seven or eight officers and thirty men, under the influence of the prevailing sickness. We hear less of the fever every day, and it is evidently on the decrease; in fact no apprehension need be entertained from exposure to its virulence. One day or two more of cold weather, and it will leave us never more we trust to return.

Respectfully yours.

November 14.—I have opened this to announce to you the death of passed Midshipman Stephen D. Wilkinson, of yellow fever, which occurred yesterday morning, at Pensacola.

God grant that I may close this, without having the pain to record another.—*New York Gazette.*

PORK AND FLOUR IN THE WEST.

Sales of pork have been made at Ripley, Ohio, for $3,50 per 100 lbs; purchasers are scarce, and it is said many of the farmers, design packing on their own account.

At Zanesville, Ohio, on Saturday week, one thousand barrels of flour were offered at $2,75 per bbl. and no purchaser found. Fine times these for the farmers.

HYMENEAL.

Married, in Baltimore, on Sunday morning the 1st instant, by the Rev. Mr. Crosby, Mr. Abel Joice, of this county, to Miss Mary Jane Marriott, of the former place.

—, At Wilderness, the residence of the late Gov. Martin, on Tuesday evening the 26. of November, by the Rev. Dr. Henry M. Mason, John W. Martin, Esq. of Cambridge, Md. to Evelina L., second daughter of Gov. Martin.

OBITUARY.

Departed this transitory life on Wednesday last, the 27th ult., after an acute illness, which she bore with that fortitude which evidenced her submission to the fiat of her Creator, and in the full confidence of eternal bliss beyond the tomb, Mrs. Elizabeth, consort of Mr. Edward Jones, of South River, Anne Arundel county. In the demise of this truly excellent lady, her husband has been deprived of a sincerely devoted companion; her three daughters of a tender and indulgent mother.

[*Maryland Republican.*

STATE OF MARYLAND, Sc.

Anne-Arundel County Orphans' Court,
October 8th, 1839.

ON application by petition of Francis N. Daley, Administrator of James Medcalf, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in two of the newspapers printed in Annapolis.

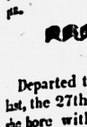
SAM'L. BROWN, Jun'r.
Reg. Wills, A. A. County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel County, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of James Medcalf, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 8th day of January next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 8th day of October, 1839.

FRANCIS N. DALEY, Adm'r.
Oct 10. 6w.

For the Accomodation of the Public, and all who may have Freight for Baltimore.



THE Schooner WILLIAM & JAMES will sail regularly from Beard's Point for Baltimore. Rate of freights the same as those sailing from that place. The Schooner is well known in Annapolis, and reference may be had of Adam & John Miller, or Hart & Franklin, or Swann & Iglehart, for the sobriety and industry of the Captain.

NOAH PORTER, Capt.
December 5th, 1839. tf.

FARM AT TRUSTEE'S SALE.

By Virtue of a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, passed on the 9th inst, in a cause wherein Elizabeth Denny, and others were petitioners, the subscriber will on THURSDAY the 5th day of December next, expose for Public Sale at 12 o'clock M. on the premises, the Real Estate of the late Thomas O. Denny, deceased, consisting of a FARM lying on West River, in Anne Arundel County, adjoining the lands of John S. Skinner, Gassaway Winterson and Thomas Gilham, and containing about

FOUR HUNDRED ACRES.

Among the improvements on this estate are a large Frame Dwelling, Kitchen, Barn, Windmill, Carriage House, &c. &c. There is a sufficient supply of Timber and Wood for the use of the Farm.

The Terms of Sale are.—one fourth of the purchase money to be paid on the day of Sale, or on the final ratification thereof, and the residue in three equal annual instalments, from the day of Sale, the whole to be secured by bonds of the purchaser with security, to be approved of by the subscriber, and to bear interest from the day of Sale,—on payment of the purchase money and interest, the subscriber is authorised to execute a Deed conveying the land to the purchaser free and discharged of all claims of the parties.

GEORGE GALE, Trustee.
West River, Nov. 12, 1839. ts.

SAINT-MARY'S COUNTY COURT,

August Term, 1839.

ORDERED BY THE COURT, That the creditors of Thomas S. Davis, a petitioner for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of Maryland, be and appear before St. Mary's County Court, on the first Monday of March next, and shew cause, if any they have, why the said Thomas S. Davis shall not have the benefit of said laws; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in the State of Maryland once a week for three months before the said first Monday of March next.

By order, JO. HARRIS, Clk.
True copy, JO. HARRIS, Clk.
of St. Mary's County Court.
November 7. 3m.

"I know of no pursuit in which more real or important services can be rendered to any Country, than by improving its Agriculture."—Washington.

THE CULTIVATOR.

BEING A CONSOLIDATION OF
BUEL'S CULTIVATOR AND THE GENESEE FARMER.

William Gaylord & Luther Tucker, Editors—Jesse Buel & Co. Proprietors.

THE first number of the united paper will be issued at Albany, on the first of January, 1840. Albany rather than Rochester, has been selected as the place for publication, from the greater facilities of obtaining paper; the procuring and engraving of the numerous cuts required in such a work; and its generally more central and favorable situation for receiving and forwarding packages to all parts of the country.

That the interests of the subscribers will be promoted by the union of these Journals, is confidently anticipated. The vast amount of practical knowledge and skill, contributed to the columns of the separate papers, will now be embodied in one; and while each could boast of a circle of contributors of high rank in the science and practice of farming, it is scarcely possible their concentrated labors should fail of giving one of the most valuable agriculiural journals of the world. To the subscribers of the Genesee Farmer, the price of the new paper will of course be enhanced; the price continuing at one dollar per year; but when the increase in the size and quality of the sheet,—the greater quantity of matter that will be given by the use of close and smaller type—the number of cuts and illustrations that will be employed, and the general improvement in the united paper are taken into consideration, it is believed it will be found as cheap as the former, and as well worthy their support and patronage.

In short, no effort shall be spared to give the united paper a character worthy of the high rank and standing which the original journals, on their separate merits, had acquired. Devoted solely to the cause of the agriculturist,—to his instruction and improvement as a cultivator of the soil, and to his moral and intellectual elevation as a man and citizen of the Republic, we trust a paper will be offered worthy the confidence and the support of the American Farmer

In relation to the price of the Cultivator, which has been published for the last two years at one dollar a year, we copy the following from a recent number of that paper:—"The publication of the Cultivator was commenced at 25 cents per volume; the price was afterwards advanced to 50 cents, and at the commencement of the fifth volume, to One Dollar per annum. It is due to our patrons to explain the cause of this increase in price. The size of our pages has been enlarged, the quantity of matter increased, and quality of paper improved, until the expense of type-setting and paper, the two prominent items of our expense, is now more than double what it was when the price was fifty cents, and four times as great as it was when the price was but twenty five cents. To enable the reader to judge of its now relative cheapness, compared with literary periodicals, we state, for their information, that a volume of the cultivator, including its usual extra sheet, contains about double the quantity of matter that is contained in two volumes, published in a year, of the North American Review. The subscription price of the two volumes of the Review is Five Dollars—that of the Cultivator One Dollar. To be equal, in proportion to the quality of matter, the price of the Cultivator should be Ten Dollars a year.—We are only enabled to print the Cultivator at this small price, from the extent of our subscription; and we are indebted for our liberal subscription to the kind offices of our correspondents and agents."

JESSE BUEL & Co.
Albany, Proprietors.
December 5, 1839. tf.

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners for Anne-Arundel county will meet at the court house in the city of Annapolis, on TUESDAY, the 21st., day of January next for the purpose of hearing appeals and making transfers, and transacting the ordinary business of the Levy Court, and closing their books for the year 1839.

By order,
R. J. COWMAN, Clk.
Nov. 23. tm.

LARGE SALE OF STOCK AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

SADDLE and farm-horses of superior quality—some choice Devon cattle of genuine blood, bulls, cows and heifers—well selected milch cows of common blood—oxen and sheep—four large young mules—a new wagon, light and strong, with harness for four horses—ox and horse carts, and all sorts of agricultural implements.

The sale will take place, on account of the subscribers, at Tracey's Landing, near Fair Haven, A. A. Co., Md. on Monday, the 9th of December next, if fair—if not, the next fair day thereafter, to commence at half past 10, A. M. Terms of sale—Cash for all purchases not over $20; and six months credit with approved endorsed notes or Baltimore acceptances, with interest for all sums over that amount.

F. G. SKINNER,
T. B. SKINNER.

The Nat. Intelligencer, and Richmond Inquirer, Norfolk Herald, Upper Marlbro' Gazette, Easton Gazette, Maryland Republican and Maryland Gazette, will copy the above twice a week until the day of sale, and send their accounts to the Office of the American Farmer, where they will be paid.
Nov. 28. ts

PROSPECTUS
FOR THE CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE AND APPENDIX.

These works have been published by us for 7 years. There are now more subscribers for them, probably, than for any other paper published in the United States; certainly more than there are for any other paper published in the District. This large and increasing subscription is conclusive evidence of their usefulness. They are invaluable to all who feel an interest in the proceedings of Congress. No other publication gives them so full, nor half so cheap. It is, indeed, the cheapest publication in the United States—perhaps in the world. Our position at the seat of Government enables us to print them at so low a rate. We are compelled to publish the proceedings of Congress in the detail, for our daily paper. This done, it requires, comparatively, but a small additional expense to change them to the forms of the Congressional Globe and Appendix. If it were not for these circumstances, we could not publish them for four times the sum charged. In some parts of the United States, the white paper, upon which these works are printed, would sell for as much as we charge for the publications.

The approaching session of Congress will probably continue seven months; and as it immediately precedes the Presidential election, all the prominent political questions which divide the country, will, no doubt, be fully discussed. These considerations induce us to believe that the Congressional Globe will make five hundred, and the Appendix, between six and seven hundred royal quarto pages.

The Congressional Globe is made up of the daily proceedings of the two houses of Congress, and the speeches of the members condensed. The yeas and nays on all important subjects are given. It is published weekly, with small type, on sixteen royal quarto pages.

The Appendix contains the speeches of the members, at full length, written out by themselves, and is printed in the same form as the Congressional Globe. It is published as fast as the speeches can be prepared. Usually there are more numbers printed for a session than there are weeks in it.

Each of these works is complete in itself. But it is desirable for every subscriber to have both; because, if there should be any ambiguity in the synopsis of a speech in the Congressional Globe, or any denial of its correctness, it may be removed at once, by referring to the speech in the Appendix.

Indexes to both are sent to subscribers, as soon as they can be prepared after the adjournment of Congress.

TERMS:

For one copy of the Congressional Globe, $1
One copy of the Appendix, $1

Six copies of either of the above works will be sent for $5, twelve copies for $10, and a proportionate number of copies for a larger sum.

Payments may be transmitted by mail, POSTAGE PAID, at our risk. The notes of any incorporated bank in the United States, current in the section of the country where a subscriber resides, will be received. But when subscribers can procure the notes of banks in the Northern and Middle States, they will please send them.

To insure all the numbers, the subscriptions should be here by the 9th of December next.

The Democratic papers with which we exchange, will please give this prospectus a few insertions.

☞No attention will be paid to any order unless the money accompanies it. BLAIR & RIVES.
Washington City, October 10, 1839.

Anne-Arundel County, Sct.

ON application to the subscriber, Chief Judge of the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel County, by petition in writing, of John C. Queesenbury of Anne Arundel County, stating that he is now in actual confinement for debt; and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at December session 1803, and the several supplements thereto; on the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors on oath, so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his petition, and the said John C. Queesenbury having satisfied me, by competent testimony, that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said John C. Queesenbury having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the delivering up of his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the next County Court of Anne-Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed William J. Leitch his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from the said John C. Queesenbury a conveyance and possession of all his property, real, personal and mixed, I do hereby order and adjudge, that the said John C. Queesenbury be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne-Arundel County, once a week for three consecutive months before the third Monday of April next, to appear before the said County Court, at the Court House of said County, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of recommending a Trustee for their benefit, and to show cause, if any they have, why the said John C. Queesenbury should not have the benefit of the said act, and supplements, as prayed. Given under my hand this thirteenth day of October in the year of our Lord, one thousand, eight hundred and thirty-nine.

R. WELCH of Ben. Chief Judge
Orphans Court A. A. County.
November 7. 3m.

COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That persons indebted for Taxes in the Second Collection District, may make payment to Messrs. Adam & John Miller, Annapolis, who is authorised to receipt for the same.

ABNER LINTHICUM, Jr.
Sep. 26—4t. Collector.

WANTED.

A LAD, 14 or 15 years of age, of good habits, will be taken as an Apprentice to the Printing Business at the Office of the Maryland Gazette.

A NEW THEORY!

INTERESTING AND APPLICABLE TO THE AFFLICTED WITH

Diseases of the Stomach, or Nerves; Such as DYSPEPSIA, either Chronic or Casual, under the worst symptoms of restlessness; Lowness of Spirits, dull General Emaciation; Consumption, whether of the Lungs or Liver; Liver Affections; Jaundice, both Biliary and Spasmodic; Costiveness; Worms of every variety; Rheumatism, whether Acute or Chronic; together with Gout, Scrofula, Pains in the Head, Back, Limbs, and Side, Typhus Fever, Scarlet Fever, Putrid Sore Throat, Fever and Ague, Spasmodic Palpitation of the Heart and Arteries, Nervous Irritability, Nervous Weakness, Hysterics, Tic Douloureux, Cramps, Female Obstructions, Heartburn, Headache, Cough, the Common or Humid, and the Dry or the Whooping; Asthma, Gravel, and Dropsy.

The *Blood* has hitherto been considered by Empirics and others, as the great regulator of the human system, and such is the devotedness of the adherents to that erroneous doctrine, that they content themselves with the simple possession of this fallacious opinion, without enquiring into the primary sources from whence Life, Health, and vigour emanate, and, *vice versa*, pain, sickness, disease and death. Not so with Dr. Hunt, whose extensive research and practical experience so eminently qualify him for the profession of which he has been one of the most useful members. He contends—and a moment's reflection will convince any reasoning mind of the correctness of his views—that the stomach, liver, and the associated organs are the primary and great regulators of health, and that the blood in very many instances is dependent on these organs, and that unless medicine reaches THE ROOT OF THE DISEASE, the *superficial anodynes* usually prescribed, serve but as foils to cover the ravages of deep-rooted maladies. Under these convictions, at the expence of close application, the doctor has discovered a medicine whose searching powers are irresistible, and in prescribing, it is with a knowledge of its being a radical cure in the various diseases already enumerated, even if applied in the most critical cases; but he does not pretend to ascribe to

HUNT'S PILLS

a supernatural agency, although from positive proofs within the knowledge of hundreds, he is prepared to shew, that when every other earthly remedy has been given up,

HUNT'S PILLS

have never been known to fail in effecting two very gratifying results, that of raising from the bed of sickness and disease those who have tested their efficacy, and thus amply rewarding Dr. Hunt for his long and anxious study to attain this *perfection* in the Healing Art.

DR. HUNT'S PILLS.

In the midst of a general and in many instances not unfounded prejudice against many of the medical remedies of the day, **Dr. Hunt's Pills** have the enviable distinction of universal approbation. They are perhaps the only medicine publicly advertised that has the full and unreserved testimony of medical men in its favour, if not the only one which gives full satisfaction to its purchasers. Dr. Hunt has the satisfaction of knowing, that his Pills are not only recommended and prescribed by the most experienced physicians in their daily practice, but also taken by those gentlemen themselves, whenever they feel the symptoms of those diseases in which they well know them to be efficacious. He knows this to be generally the case in New York, Philadelphia, Albany, Boston, and other large cities, in which they have an extensive sale. That they should thus conquer professional prejudice and interested opposition, and secure the agency of the most eminent and best informed physicians in the country to render them useful to all classes, can be fairly ascribed to their undeniable and preeminent virtues.

Enviable however, as this distinction is, it can easily be accounted for from the intrinsic and peculiar properties of the medicine itself. It does not pretend to too much, and it accomplishes all it promises. Dr. Hunt does not pretend, for instance, that his Pills will cure all diseases by merely purifying the blood; but he certainly does pretend, and has the authority of daily proofs for positively asserting that these medicines, taken as recommended, will cure a great majority of the diseases of the stomach, the lungs, & the liver, by which impurity of the blood is occasioned. The blood is made from the contents of the stomach; has its red colour and vitality given to it by the action of the lungs, and as it performs its duty in circulating through the veins and arteries, his its yellow or bilious excrement, which may be termed its refuse or worn out sediment, collected and discharged by the liver. These viscera, then, are the anatomical mechanism or apparatus by which the blood is manufactured and preserved; and it is therefore obvious that the state of these should be the first consideration of the physician Now there are various causes that will affect and derange these organs, with which the blood has nothing whatever to do. Thus the stomach may be utterly debilitated in one moment, by affright, grief, disappointment, heat of the weather, or any other nervous action, and be wholly unable to digest its food. Is the blood to blame for this? A nervous action of long continuance will produce settled dyspepsia, with headache, bile, mental and physical, and a funeral retinue of other evils. Is the blood to blame for this? Intemperance, by inflaming the coats of the stomach, and leaving it in the acid prostrate weakness, and an undue quantity and continuance of putgative medicines, by producing the same effects, will put this organ out of use for digesting wholesome solid food, and thus imporerish the blood and the whole system. Is the blood to blame for this? Again, with regard to the lungs, it is well known that a slight cold, occasioned by damp feet or a current of air, will inflame the bronchia, all down thro' the branching air tubes of the lungs, and create either excessive mucus, or that dreadfully insiduous disease, consumption, with pustules and suppuration of the lobes, which, though timely remedies may prevent, no earthly skill can cure. Is the blood of the fair and blooming victim to blame for this? So the liver, when climate, sedentary habits, intemperance, or other prostrating causes have withered away, or paralyzed it with distension, becomes unable to carry off the bile from the circulation, and instead of discharging its strength through the gall bladder, leaves it to come through the skin in jaundiced and sallow fluids, and to rush upon the stomach in irregular and excessive quantities. Is the unfortunate blood to blame for this? No: these vital organs are never affected by the blood, until after the blood has been affected by them; they are its makers and masters, and it is merely their work and their passive agent.

Dr. Hunt prescribes his beautifully efficacious Pills, acknowledged by medical men who have analyzed and recommended them, to be equal to any in the world—in cases which require the cleansing of the stomach and bowels.

These Pills are confidently recommended for the following complaints, and directions for use accompany them; dyspepsia, in all its forms; bilious and liver affections, in every stage and degree, female sickness, more particularly the nausea incident to mothers; floor albus, fever and ague; incipient consumption or declines, whether of the liver or lungs; headache and giddiness; loss of appetite; nervous tremors; inebriation, or delirium tremens; spasmodic affections of all kinds; rheumatism, whether chronic or inflammatory; nervous and bilious fevers of every variety; scrofula; salt rheum, and all blotches, bad humours, and impure complexions of the skin; restlessness at night, and daily irritability and melancholy; the summer complaint and cholera morbus or diarrhœa in grown persons; worms and flatulency, with bad breath; chlorosis and palpitations of the heart and head; changes of female constitution; and for impaired and disorganized constitutions in either sex which have not been permanently relieved by any other medicines

The purchaser should be careful to get them genuine at 100 Chatham street, New York, or of the authorised agents, as all others are base and ignorant imposition. For further particulars, we respectfully invite the public to peruse his other advertisements and medical papers, which may be depended upon for their strict and acknowledged truth.

☞ *The above invaluable Medicine, together with*
Dr. Goode's Celebrated Female Pills;
Dr. Evans' Camomile & Aperient Pills;
Dr. Evans' Soothing Syrup for Children;
Dr. Evans' Fever and Ague Pills, and
Baron Von Hutcheler's Herb Pills,

Are to be obtained at

Mortimer & Mowbray's,	Baltimore, Md.
Lewis Johnson's,	Washington, D. C.
Thomas Sutton,	Centreville.
Thos. H. Dawson & Sons,	Easton.
James Sangston & Son,	Denton,
N. T. Hynson,	Chestertown.
Parsons & Gordey,	Salisbury.
JEREMIAH HUGHES,	Annapolis.
George W. Wilson.	Upper Marlbro'.
James L. Hamilton,	Leesburgh.

DR. GOODE'S
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

These Pills are strongly recommended to the notice of the Ladies as a safe and efficient remedy in removing those complaints peculiar to their sex, from want of Exercise, or general Debility of the System, Obstructions, Suppressions, and Irregularity of the Menses; at the same time strengthening, cleansing, and giving tone to the Stomach and Bowels, and producing a new and healthy action throughout the system generally. They create Appetite, correct Indigestion, remove Giddiness and Nervous Headache, and are eminently useful in those Flatulent Complaints which distress Females so much at the "Turn of Life." They obviate Costiveness, and counteract all Hysterical and Nervous Affections, likewise afford soothing and permanent relief in Fluor Albus, or Whites, and in most obstinate cases of Chlorosis, or Green Sickness, they invariably restore the pallid and delicate female to health and vigour.

These Pills have gained the sanction and approbation of the most eminent Physicians in the United States, and many mothers can likewise testify to their extraordinary efficacy. To married females, whose expectations of the tenderest pledges of connubial happiness have been defeated, these Pills may be truly esteemed a blissful boon. They soon renovate all functional debility, and if taken, (according to directions) obviate all morbid action. They dispel that fulsome and disagreeable sensation common to females at each monthly return, likewise the attendant pains in the back, side or loins; they generally counteract the nausea, vomiting, and other nervous affections in Chlorosis, or green sickness, in a few days, and if continued (according to directions) soon effect a perfect cure.—Nothing is so signally efficacious in recruiting the pallid and sickly female (who has been during her life irregular and sensitive) as the **Female Pills.** These pills invigorate the whole system, improve the memory, and enliven the imagination, create appetite and restore tranquil repose. Many hundred females can testify of their efficacy, and many Physicians (in this city, as also throughout the United States) can bear testimony to their merits and extraordinary virtues. They are invaluable to enfeebled and relaxed females, who from repeated and difficult labours are afflicted with weakness and infirmities, in which case they are highly useful, strengthening at the time the stomach, the back, the weakened organs, and the whole constitution.

Dr. Goode's Celebrated Female Pills:

These Pills are of two kinds, namely: No. 1, or Laxative Pills, and No. 2, or Restorative Pills. They are for all the following diseases: Suppression, Irregularity or Retention of the Menses, Fluor Albus, Chlorosis or Green Sickness, Costiveness, Gravel, Incontinence of Urine, Nervous Affections, Hysterics, Prolapsus Uteri, or falling of the Womb, and Piles.—These Pills are also particularly adapted to the male as well as the female sex, for the cure of the following diseases: Nervous Diseases, Liver Complaint; Dyspepsia, Bilious Diseases, and all cases of Hypochondriacism, Low Spirits, Palpitation of the Heart, Nervous Irritability, Nervous Weakness, Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Heartburn, General Debility, Bodily Weakness, or Flatulency, Headaches, Nightmare, Rheumatism, Asthma, Tic Douloureux, Cramp, Spasmodic Affections; and those who are victims to that most excruciating disorder, *Gout;* also, Pains in the Side, Chest, Limbs, Head, Stomach or Back, Dimness or Confusion of Sight, alternate flushes of Heat and Chilliness, Tremors, Watchings, Agitation, Anxiety, bad Dreams and Spasms.

This Medicine is acknowledged to be one of the most valuable ever discovered, as a purifier of the blood and fluids. It is superior to Sarsaparilla, whether as a sudorific or alterative.

Directions for use.—Pills No. 1 must be taken from three to six, or more, at bed time, sufficient to operate briskly, till the desired object is effected. Take No. 2 according to the directions as on the box.

In all cases, both kinds of the pills are to be used at the same time, in the following manner—Take three pills or more of No. 1 every night on going to bed, increasing the number if they do not open the bowels; also, take three of the pills No. 2, half an hour before each meal, three times daily.

Sold at 100 Chatham-street, N. Y.
Agent.
JEREMIAH HUGHES,
Annapolis, Md.
September 19,

RATES OF TOLL

ESTABLISHED by the President and Directors of the South River Bridge Company, 18th September 1839.

For every single person,	6¼	cents.
For every single horse,	6¼	cents.
For every man and horse,	6¼	cents.
For every cart,	25	cents.
For every carriage, if drawn by 1 horse,	25	cents.
For every carriage, if drawn by 2 or more horses,	50	cents.
For every wagon, if drawn by 2 horses,	37½	cents.
For every wagon, if drawn by more than 2 horses,	50	cents.

By order, R J. COWMAN, Treasurer.

MORUS MULTICAULIS.
40,000 *and upwards of MORUS MULTICAULIS TREES.*

THE subscriber, acting as the agent for the Growers in this city and its vicinity, offers for sale by the Bud or Tree, the above number of Trees, and will warrant them to be genuine. The Trees are of a most luxuriant and superior growth, and cannot be surpassed by any that may be produced elsewhere. They will be ready for delivery in November next. Persons addressing me on the subject through the Post Office, will pay the postage. EDWARD DUBOIS.