re 6,000,857 lbs. of Mary-
Kentucky, and 3,300,550
first quality and of the
. The contract for the
y C. Oliver & Co. at
, or 100 lbs. weight; the
Co. at 99c. 85c. and the
ery at 165c.

d upon by a gentleman
usiness of supplying the
and requested to correct
in the above statement, in
s in this State may not be
ole quantity of Maryland
ly about 300,000 lbs. are to
, which is contracted for at
at 105c. In the second
so much per *kilogram* of
quintal of 100 lbs. as stated

State Convention in Ohio.
son Shannon, of Belmont,

tern (Maine) Argus.
r of democracy, the Rich-
the 2d instant, speaking of
United States, says, "No-
he charge of Intrigue which
ainst him. No man is less
usation. HE NEVER MADE
SPEECH, OR ATE AN ELEC-
t. He did not, like Clay
out from Dan to Beersheba,
and making the most active
behalf. He kept aloof.—
e confined himself to the ho-
nce of his public duties.—
in spite of the false impres-
ents have sought to make upon

JUNIUS.
aper says:—"In the library
ll, Francis is a regular se-
Advertiser, during the period
ters were published in that
nearly every letter is cor-
gular stops inserted, by Sir
clear and very distinct auto-

mmercial Advertiser. Jan 29.
POS SCRIPT. 1. P. M.
S CONFLAGRATION.
k, at noon, a fire broke out in
n Fifth and Sixth streets, in
wo story brick houses.
ock all the houses on the ave-
wo streets mentioned were on
some rear buildings on Fifth

resent blowing a heavy gale,
t the fire department will not
the flames, until the fire shall
river.
uses are now on fire. These
about $3000 each. They
hally destroyed, even if the
preventing the farther spread
ent.
F PAST ONE O'CLOCK.
ave just learned, has crossed to
two or three blocks are said

HERN FRONTIER.
s been received at New York
he 22d January. Gen. Scott
manned the steamboats New
celona, which, with the Ful
y employed in preventing ar-
landing in Canada. A perfect
said to exist between Gen.
Hughes, the British Comman-

Times contains the following:
on of our Territory!!—We have
attsburg Republican, Extra—
on the 8th day of January,
of armed men from Hanning-
ded the town of Moore, in the
rk, and took eleven persons pri-
ed them to Canada. The pri-
wn and described by name by
three other persons corrobora-
affidavits, who saw them march-
by an armed force.

E TRUE STORY.
meeting of the Sunday School
Philadelphia, Dr. Tyng said,—
ght have painted this Union in
now I come with wreaths of
r monuments. Half our agents
harged—the depositories, have
the press is still—the plates are
labourer is dismissed—and the
y is no longer heard in our build-
his? Is there poverty in the land?
a year I have heard till I am
ure and of ruin. But where is
the halls of the rich, and the
rpet has not been sold. I have
rising mansion and it has not
I have dined at the tables of the
ting and revelry still went on!
in our luxury! Alas the picture
as brought us in debt to Europe?
To the merchants? Splendid fur-
equipages; large parties; dinners
n and oysters; wild speculations,
n to be rich. *This is the true sto-*
else is—nor can any part of the
an exception from it. The lawn
the plain Presbyterian, who have
meekness asked grace at the ta-
h, over bottles of Madeira, and
on, can hardly put in a plea in
nister of pride and vanity. Nor
day labourer, who is expending all

his high wages in ten times as expensive food
and clothing as he need have to make himself
comfortable, say much in diminution of the
charge. The truth is, the pride of life, in mere
externals—the pride of a butterfly, in its plu-
mage, is the great sin of the American people."

OFFICIAL.

HEAD QUARTERS, FIRST BRIGADE,
ARMY SOUTH OF THE WITHLACOOCHEE,
Camp about ten miles East of the Kissimmee.
Eight P. M. 26th December, 1837.

GENERAL: A part of my force left Fort Gardner on the 19th inst. and I left with the balance, (excepting a small force to protect the supplies at that fort.) On the following morning, and after a rapid march down the Kissimmee, of which movement I advised you in my letter of the 19th, I reached its banks again on the evening of the third day, about fifteen miles above its entrance into Lake Okee-chobee; and learning from a prisoner I captured on that day that Alligator, with all the war spirits of the Semi oles, with Sam Jones and one hundred and seventy-five Micasukeys, were encamped about 25 miles distant, on the east side of the Kissimmee, I crossed the Kissimmee, (where I left Captain Munroe with his company, the prisoners, pontooners, and a large portion of the Delaware Indians, who declined going, alleging that their feet and legs were so badly cut by the saw palmetto, that they could not march further,) the next day, taking the captured Indian with me as a guide, who went very reluctantly, in pursuit of the enemy; and after passing several cypress swamps and dense hammocks, I reached the vicinity of the enemy's encampment on the morning of the 25th; and although occupying one of the strongest and most difficult places to approach and enter in Florida, which, no doubt, had been selected for the purpose of giving me battle there, as I was informed by a prisoner I took the evening previous, but relying on the valour of the officers and soldiers of my command, as well as on the skill of the former, I did not hesitate a moment in bringing them to action.

After making the necessary arrangement, I entered a swamp nearly a mile in width, impassable for horse and almost so for foot. I reached the hammock in which they were stationed between 12 and 1 p. m when the action commenced; the enemy opening a warm fire on the volunteers, who composed the first line, a great portion of whom fell back in rear of the fourth and sixth infantry, which corps, under one of the warmest and most destructive fires ever experienced from Indians, particularly the sixth, pressed forward, gained the hammock, and after a severe struggle for more than an hour, after being joined by the 1st infantry, which were held in reserve, and two companies of the 4th, that had been detached to the right, who joined a short time before the close of the battle, the enemy was completely routed and driven in every direction, and were pursued by the troops until near night, and until they were completely exhausted.

The victory was dearly purchased; but I flatter myself the result will be equivalent to the sacrifice made. The enemy made his greatest efforts to break the centre of the 6th, killing and wounding every officer of four companies, with one exception, and every orderly sergeant of these companies; killing its gallant commander and adjutant, who fell where they fought in the hottest of the action, and mortally wounding the sergeant-major, who is since dead. The next day was employed in the sad offices of interring the dead, and taking care of the wounded, all of whom were brought back across the morass to camp that evening, with one exception, not being able to find the body, and in constructing litters to convey the wounded to the place where I left my wagons I am thus far on my way to that point, and shall reach there to-morrow, when I shall take as good care of the wounded as possible, and also recruit my men and horses at my several advanced depots, particularly the latter, before I can again take the field.

The enemy, all things considered, probably suffered equally with ourselves. They left ten bodies on the field, besides carrying many off, without doubt, as there were traces of blood to the banks of the Okee-cho-kee lake, on the borders of which the battle was fought.

Wishing you health and happiness,
I remain, General,
Your obedient servant.
(Signed) Z. TAYLOR.
Colonel commanding.

Maj. Gen. T. S. JESUP,
Commanding Army of the South, Florida.

P. S. As soon as I can do so, I will mail you a more full report of the battle and my operations. I am now writing without candle, with pine knots as a substitute, in a cabbage tree hammock, in the centre of a large prairie, on a very dirty sheet of paper, which is the only one in camp.

Abstract from the report of the killed and wounded in the affair of the 25th December, 1837.

REGULAR ARMY.

KILLED—Lieut. Col. A. R Thompson, 6th U. S. infantry; Adjutant J. P. Center, do; Captain Van Swearingen, do; First Lieutenant F. J. Brooke, do; and nineteen rank and file.

WOUNDED—Captain G. Andrews, 6th U. S. infantry; First. Lieut. J. Hooper, 4th do; Second Lieut. W. H T. Walker, 6th do; and seventy-six rank and file.

Aggregate regulars killed, 23; aggregate wounded, 79.

MISSOURI VOLUNTEERS, &c.

WOUNDED—Colonel Gentry, Missouri volunteers, (since dead;) Major Sconce, spies; Capt. J. Childs, Missouri volunteers; Lieut. Hess, spies; Lieut. Gordon, do; and twenty-eight rank and file killed and wounded.

Aggregate militia killed and wounded, 35.

In the course of some remarks on the amendment to the bill to limit the time for issuing treasury notes, the Hon. Wm. Cost Johnson made the following allusion to the reform question in Maryland. There is a home-thrust in what he says, that must be peculiarly pleasing to the getters up of the miserable edict," commonly called, King Veazy's bloody proclamation. Mr. Junior must have felt quite easy in his seat while undergoing the titillation of his colleague's sarcasm—REPUB.

el in opposed to improper executive power in the federal government. I have been and am opposed to it in my own State. I have been consistent if I have not been successful. Because it is in the hands of my own party in Maryland, I have not been convinced that it was right for that reason I have opposed a miserable edict issued by the executive of Maryland, which he called a proclamation, and which did not contain scarcely one sound principle of republicanism—which went the whole length of denying the right of the people to alter their constitution. And for this opposition I was called a demagogue. Yes, sir, the greatest in the State, excepting a colleague on this floor.

[Here Mr. Johnson was interrupted by Mr. Junior, who said that his colleague, Mr. Johnson, was discussing subjects which were irrelevant to that under debate.]

Mr. Johnson resumed. He said that he was the last man to wound the tender ears of his colleague. He knew that he was a gentleman of delicate nerves, and tender conscience on the subject. That gentleman may reason by induction: I perhaps argue by analogy—at any rate, I will not desire to be a copyist of my able colleague. But he could not but express his surprise that that gentleman should call him to order for alluding to a subject which that honourable gentleman discussed at great length in this hall at the last session. Yes, sir, the only speech which I have ever seen printed of my honourable colleague, was a speech he made *against reform* in Maryland, which may account, very rationally, why that question is so much stronger in Maryland since. And if he will favour this house with another, I will promise to listen with much less disquietude then that gentleman has evinced. I may mistake him in one respect, and perhaps, I may be speaking now as the gentleman was speaking than, for *home consumption*. [Confusion and great laughter. The chair called the house to order, and begged the gentleman from Maryland to confine his remarks to that subject under discussion.] Mr. Johnson resumed. You are correct, Mr. Chairman, in calling the house and myself to order—and in calling the house to order first—for there is more disorder with the house than with myself—[renewed laughter and excitement.]—But I will relieve the house and you, Mr. Chairman. This is more episode. I wish to see reform triumph in Maryland, and I wish to see it triumph in Washington, and there is a great necessity for it in both cases."

From late Canton Papers.

DREADFUL FIRE AT SURAT.

The late destructive fire at Surat commenced on Monday afternoon the 24th April, in the house of a Parsee, which had been accidentally set on fire by boiling pitch or dammer, which ignited. To whatever cause its origin may be attributed, it appears that in consequence of the difficulty of obtaining water it was at first much neglected. A fresh northerly breeze was blowing at the time, the flames spread rapidly, and shortly after sunset exhibited a fearful extent and strength of fire. The wind in the evening decreased, but the fire was augmented, and the vast volume of dense smoke which rose in enormous masses, was brilliant with the intensely fierce flame. In some of the narrow streets crowded with fine spacious houses, the fire acquired a force past all endurance or description. The fire was so fierce, the heat so intense, the volume of flame so vast, that nothing escaped. In its progress, the flames as it were, licked up every thing. Walls fell in, and the fire continued with such strength, that every thing was levelled with the ground The heat and dryness of the season aided the combustion, and the conflagration was soon beyond the power of man to control. All night the fire raged fierce, and within a few hours from its commencement must have covered, it is stated, an area of three miles, shifting its course with the wind After an interval of calm, just at daylight on Tuesday a breeze suddenly sprung up from about S. W. and directed the fire up a new column of buildings, and it raged the whole of Tuesday in the same awful manner as before. Many of the poor inhabitants who had removed their property to distant places of fancied safety, from which the fire had passed away, were surprised by a return there of the conflagration and lost their all. At 2 P. M. on Tuesday it was at its height. It then reached one of the city gates, which was destroyed, and the timber which supported the road being burned, the bridge fell in.

In the quarter of the city inhabited chiefly by people of the Horse Caste, there was one entrance only from the street to the houses they inhabited. All the men had left their homes to aid in extinguishing the fire, which did not then appear likely to reach this quarter. This it unfortunately afterwards did, and before they could return the only outlet was enveloped in flames, and numbers of helpless women and children perished, and the property was all destroyed.—Some Borras are said to have taken refuge in one of their *masjeeds*, where, it being entirely built of stone, they fancied themselves secure with their families and the little property they carried with them. Surrounded eventually by the fire, however, the building became so heated, the inmates were scorched to death, and all perished, literally baked as it were in an oven.

Corpses were discovered in such a position as to indicate that the parties had perished in the very act of escaping, with the money and gold, and silver ornaments found in their hands. The loss of life has been immense; as far as has yet been reported no less than 500 are stated to have perished. Great numbers of cattle likewise have been burnt, and the whole scene is one of wide spread ruin and desolation.

The number of houses destroyed is said to be upwards of 6,000, and from the dense population Surat contains, some faint idea of the misery and wretched state of the poor inhabitants may be conceived; most of them are left without food or shelter, and life has been preserved but to sink under famine and want. Whole families have been dispersed, and parents are seeking for their children, and children their natural protectors; so that besides being deprived of all the property they possessed, numbers have to bewail the loss of their nearest and dearest relatives.

A BOY WITHOUT ARMS OR LEGS.

Mr. Manuel Byram, a poor man of Chester, Morris county, has a child about 2 years old, without arms or legs but having the usual natural abilities of a child of that age, and he will cross the floor quite rapidly in a motion between rocking and rolling. The Jerseyman says there is a the right shoulder a protuberance similar to an arm from the shoulder to the elbow, at the end of which is a small flesh projection something of the shape of a finger, with which it takes up small articles from the floor, or will hold a stick —*Newark Daily Advertiser.*

DREADFUL SHIPWRECK.

The Russian ship Dyden, just arrived in King Road from Archangel, has landed six unfortunate men taken off the wreck of the brig Caledonia, Capt. Cock, from Quebec, bound to Glasgow. The sufferers saved are the captain, the first mate, the carpenter, Jas. Dauney, the second mate, and James Rimer, apprentice. The captain states, that in the late gale (on the 31st ult.) his ship sprung aleak, and became waterlogged, in lat. 55 deg. N, long. 15 deg. W., and the crew at first consisted of twelve hands, four of whom died, and two were washed overboard; scarcely any provisions; that two of the crew when near death from hunger and thirst, had their throats cut to obtain their blood for the remainder to subsist upon; and had not the Russian ship appeared, it was to have been the lot of the boy to suffer next. The captain of the Russian ship very kindly conveyed these men to St. Peter's Hospital in this city, where they now remain in a most distressing state. We understand their limbs are very much frost bitten, and the legs of one of them burst in conveying him from the boat to the shore at Rowham. —*Bristol Mirror.*

WEATHER IN BOSTON.

The thermometer in this city yesterday (Tuesday) morning, stood at 15 which is the greatest depression since the 23d of December. The greatest cold this winter was on the 22d Dec.—5° *above* zero. The weather for several weeks past has been such as we usually experience early in November. No snow has fallen since the beginning of December. The Crocus's and Peeonias have sprung up and the Honey-suckle has put forth its leaves.—*Advertiser.*

IMPRISONMENT FOR DEBT.

Govenor Vance, of Ohio in his message to the General Assembly, in recommending the abolishing of imprisonment for debt in that State says—"I have never discovered that it has been carried into execution (imprisonment for debt) but on two principles of action; the first, to gratify malice, and the second, to force the debt of the unfortunate out of some humane and benevolent friend, that would not see an old acquaintance, who perhaps had seen better days, incarcerated in a prison house."

A MOMENT.

One moment, what an effect it produces upon years! One moment! Virtue, crime, glory, shame, wo, rapture, rest upon mortals! Death itself is but a moment yet eternity is its successor.

FIVE REASONS.

"Mistress Grimes lend me your tub?" "Can't do it—all the hoops are off—it's full of sacs—besides I never had one—because I washes in a barrel."

FOREIGN.

EIGHT DAYS LATER FROM ENGLAND.

The packet ship Philadelphia, at New York from London, brings London papers to the 25th December. The following summary of intelligence is made up from the slips of the American, Post, and Journal of Commerce:

The first encounters between the patriots of Lower Canada and the British troops had been received, and caused of course great excitement. The London Courier of the 25th says, in reference to the numerous forces under Sir John Colborne:

We believe, and trust therefore, that the insurrection will be stifled in its birth, but it would be wrong to be too sanguine, or to cease regretting an attempt, which, however it may be decided, must leave many rankling wounds behind.

The Cotton market looks better again.

Money affairs have not varied much. Good mercantile paper was discounted at 4 per cent per annum.

The King of Hanover has called out the military to put down the manifestations of the students in favour of the Professors of the University, and has banished seven distinguished persons engaged in these liberal movements from his kingdom.

The dispute between Belgium and Holland about the forest of Grancuwelde, it is feared, may lead to some unpleasant consequences. The French forces in the vicinity would like nothing better than to have a slap at "the odious Prussians, whom they call the Bedouins of the North." Lewis Phillip is trying to settle the question by his mediation.

HYMENEAL.

Married, on Thursday last, by the Rev. Mr. Watkins, Mr. SAMUEL LYNCH, to Miss ANGELICA WILLIAMS, all of this County.

OBITUARY.

Died, on Sunday, at his residence, near Bladensburg, Prince George's county, Maryland, GEORGE CALVERT, Esq aged 70.

——, in Zanesville, Ohio, after a short illness, Doct. ROBERT MOORE, in the 68th year of his age, formerly of Baltimore.

——, at her residence, Nomony Hall, Westmorland County, Va., after a protracted illness of twenty-seven days, Mrs. JULIET S. ARNEST, consort of the late Doctor Arnest, leaving four interesting children to deplore her irreparable loss.

Another Patriot Gone!!!—Departed this life on Friday, 26th inst. JOHN O'NEAL, the Hero of Havre de Grace, in the 71st year of his age.—He was a native of the county of Antrim, Ireland, and emigrated to the United States in the 18th year of his age. He has resided in Havre de Grace for the last 40 years, beloved and respected by all who knew him. During the last war, when Rear Admiral Cockburn, with his numerous array, carried fire and sword along the shores of the Chesapeake, and landed at Havre de Grace, Mr. O'Neal, with a few associates, marched to defend the place. Finding their numbers were too few, they all fled but Mr. O'Neal, who remained within his little breastwork, where he endeavoured to repel the enemy. The town was at length set on fire, but still our hero was undaunted. At length being overpowered by numbers, he was taken prisoner in the act of loading his musket. He was carried on board the Maidstone frigate, and there detained some days, when he was released, and returned home to his family. He died as he lived, an honest and brave man, full of love to his adopted country, a worthy citizen, and a good christian.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the High Court of Chancery, bearing date the 19th day of January 1838, passed in a cause wherein Howard M. Duvall, Administrator of Howard Duvall, deceased, and others, are complainants, and George Mackubin, and others, defendants, the subscriber, as Trustee, will expose to Public Sale, at the Court House door, in the city of Annapolis, on *Monday*, the 19th February next, at 12 o'clock M. the

BRICK HOUSE AND LOT,

in Cornhill-street, in said city, where John W. Duvall now resides.

The Terms of Sale are as follows—one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale, or the ratification thereof, and the residue in three equal annual instalments, with interest on the whole sum then due on the payment of each instalment, the purchaser to give bond, with sufficient sureties, for the payment thereof, with interest from the day of sale.

On payment of the purchase money, according to the terms of sale, the Trustee is authorised to convey the property clear of all title or claim of the parties.

BUSHROD W. MARRIOTT, Trustee.
February 1. ts.

IN CHANCERY,

25th January, 1838.

ORDERED, That the sale of the lands in the cause of Elizabeth Snowden, and others, against John C. Herbert and Wife, and Julia Snowden, and others, made and reported by the trustee, Charles D. Warfield, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 27th day of March next, provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper once in each of three successive weeks before the 27th day of February next.

The report states that the land sold for $7 25 per acre.

True copy—Test,
RAMSAY WATERS,
Reg. Cur. Can.
3w.
February 1.

In Calvert County Court in Equity.

29th January, 1838.

ORDERED, That the sale of the real estate of Samuel Chew and Eliza M Chew, made and reported by Samuel Chew, trustee, under decree of this Court to make said sale, be finally ratified and confirmed as reported, unless cause to the contrary be shewn before the second Monday of May next, provided a copy of this order be published once a week for three successive weeks before the first of March next, in some newspaper printed in the city of Annapolis.

The report states the amount of sales to be $4,226 90.

True copy.
THOS. B DORSEY.
February 1 3w.

A TEACHER WANTED

FOR PRIMARY SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 13, North Side of Severn, near Annapolis. A person qualified will find immediate employment, if application be made to

JOHN ARNOLD,
ZACHARIAH MERRIKEN, } Trustees.
PHILIP PETTEBONE,
January 18. 3w.

The Baltimore American will insert the above to the amount of one dollar and forward their account.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the Members of the General Assembly, and the citizens of Annapolis, that they have on hand a superior assortment of LIQUORS and WINES, consisting of the most approved Brands, both in Wood and in Glass, and at the most reasonable Prices. The following will exhibit their selection:

LIQUORS.

Pale, Cognac & Peach } BRANDY, Henessy, J. J. Dupuy. and other brands.
Old Rye & Rish } WHISKEY, warranted 10 years old.
Holland GIN, Strawberry brand.
Jamaica SPIRIT.

WINES.

Extra fine Old Burgundy MADEIRA.
Do do do Sercial do
do do Madeira.
Very fine old Pale and Brown SHERRY.
Do do do PORT.

WINES IN GLASS.

L. P. MADEIRA.
Blackburn's MADEIRA.
Extra fine Old MADEIRA.
Fine do do
Old Brown SHERRY.
Do Pale do
Extra fine Old PORT.

CHAMPAIGNES of the following Brands:

Orange, pts and qts
Star, qts.
A. Y. qts.
Forrest Fourneaux, pts.
Anchor, pts.
Lausenre, qts.

HOCKHEIMER.

Maraschino and Imperial Curracoa CORDIALS.
ROYAL PUNCH SYRUP.
CIGARS, CHEWING TOBACCO, &c.
CASES *loaned* in good order to Members of the Legislature purchasing their Liquors of the subscribers.

DUBOIS & WEEMS.
January 18.

WILLIAM BRYAN,

Merchant Tailor,

HAS just received a handsome assortment of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,

very superior in quality, and variety in colours, which he will make up in the most fashionable style, &c. to suit customers, at the shortest notice.

Gentlemen will find it to their interest to give him a call before they buy. His stand is directly opposite to Messrs. Swann & Iglehart's Hotel.

October 5.

A MANAGER WANTED,

FOR the ensuing year, on the Farm of Commodore Henry E. Ballard, near Annapolis. A person that can come well recommended or sobriety and industry, will find a desirable situation. None other need apply. Application can be made to Mrs Ballard, at the Farm, or to

TH FRANKLIN, Annapolis.
December 7, 1837

NOTICE.

THE creditors of John M. Robinson, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, are hereby notified to meet the subscriber at the Orphans Court of said county on the 1st of February 1838, to receive their respective dividends of said deceased's estate.

JOHN S. SELLMAN, Adm'r.

Note. All persons having books belonging to the deceased, are requested to leave them with Mrs. Shaw in Annapolis.

January 11.

I know of no pursuit in which more real or important services can be rendered to any country, than by improving its Agriculture.
WASHINGTON.

SUBSCRIPTION

FOR THE

FIFTH VOLUME OF

THE CULTIVATOR,

CONDUCTED BY J. BUEL

Office, No. 5, Washington-street, Albany.

THE CULTIVATOR is a monthly publication of 16 pages, devoted to agriculture, on a sheet of the largest size of paper —28 by 40 inches. The price is ONE DOLLAR per annum, payable in advance. The postage on a volume of the *Cultivator* will not exceed 18¾ cents to any part of the Union, and within the state, and a circle of 100 miles, it will be but 12½ cents. A volume will contain more than 200 pages quarto, will be illustrated with cuts of animals, implements, &c. and be furnished with a copious index. It will comprise as much letter press print as 1500 pages of common duodecimo—as much as the Penny Magazine, published by the British Society for the Promotion of Useful Knowledge, and which, at two dollars per annum, has been reputed to be the cheapest periodical any where published

The *Cultivator* will continue to treat of the science of agriculture, to furnish instructions for the best models of practice in all the departments of husbandry, in horticulture, and other rural affairs, and to furnish useful lessons for the improvement of the young mind. The Conductor will endeavour to render it a *present help*, and a volume of *useful reference*, to all who have the ambition to distinguish themselves in rural labours and rural improvements—to help themselves and to benefit society

☞ Subscriptions to the above work received by

A COWAN, Annapolis.

N. B Those who wish the Cultivator will please send their subscription by the first February next. A. C.

FOR SALE.

THE OLD PAINTING OFFICE, standing on CHARLES LANDS, late occupied by Messrs. Hodges & Machabin, Esq. will be offered at Public Auction, on FRIDAY, 2d day of February next, on the premises, to the highest bidder for cash, the purchaser being at liberty to remove or cause the same to be removed from said Lots immediately. Sale to take place at 11 o'clock

R. W. GILL,
JAS IGLEHART.
January 25.

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners for Anne-Arundel county will meet at the court house in the city of Annapolis, on MONDAY, the 5th day of March next, for the purpose of ascertaining the expenses of the county, and laying the levy for 1837.

By order,
R. J. COWMAN, Clk.
tm.
January 25

AN STRAY COW

TAKEN UP, trespassing on the Farm of the subscriber, near Annapolis, about the 1st December 1836, A RED COW about four years old, marked with a hole in each year The owner of the above Cow is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away

CHARLES SEARS.
January 4.

A Supplement to the By Law entitled A Supplement to the By Law to open and establish the lines of Compromise-street. and for other purposes, passed on the 11th of September 1837.

[Passed January 8th, 1838.]

Whereas by the By Law passed on the 11th day of December 1837, entitled, A supplement to the By-Law to open and establish the lines of Compromise-street in the City of Annapolis, and for other purposes, passed on the 11th day of September 1837, it was provided that the Mayor should appoint three Commissioners to ascertain the damages which will be sustained by the owners of property on the line of said street; And whereas the Mayor was himself interested in the matters involved—Therefore,

Be it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Common Council of the city of Annapolis, That Andrew Slicer, Philip Clayton, and Aaron Duvall, be and they are hereby appointed Commissioners to assess said damages, and that they be and they are hereby vested with the same powers and authorities, and subjected to the same duties, as if they had been appointed by the Mayor in virtue of the By-Law to which this is a supplement

JNO MILLER, Mayor.
January 11.

IN CHANCERY,

23d January 1838

ORDERED, That the sale of the real estate of Luther Moxley and others, as made and reported by Isaac P Ijams, the trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 25d day of March next, provided a copy of this order be published once in each of three successive weeks before the 23d day of February next in some newspaper.

The report states the amount of sales to be eleven hundred and ninety-seven dollars.

True copy—Test,
RAMSAY WATERS,
Reg. Cur Can.
3w.
January 25.

ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY, Sct.

On application to Nicholas Brewer, Esquire, Chief Justice of the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, by petition in writing of Peter McRoberts, of Anne-Arundel county, stating that he is now in actual confinement, and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at December session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his said petition, and the said Peter McRoberts having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said Peter McRoberts having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the insolvent on his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the county court of Anne-Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed Beale Gaither his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from said Peter McRoberts a conveyance and possession of all his property real, personal and mixed—I do hereby order and adjudge, that the said Peter McRoberts be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne-Arundel county, once a week for three consecutive months, before the third Monday in April next, to appear before the said county court at the court house in said county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Peter McRoberts should not have the benefit of the said act, and supplements, as prayed. Given under my hand this twenty-seventh day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven

NICH'S. BREWER,
Chief Judge of the Orphans Court, Anne-Arundel County

Test. WM. S GREEN, Clk.
A. A. County Court.
December 29 3m.