Liberia, in the place of Doctor Mathlin, who is about to return to the United States.

Odd Notion.—There is at this moment a lunatic at the Bicetre who fancies that, when at breakfast in a garrison town, he inadvertently swallowed a captain of Hussars, who had fallen into his glass.

Galig. Messenger.

A Bill of Cost.—In the case of Ross and Ogilvie, the cost in Chancery were recently taxed by the Registers of the London Bankrupty Court (by virtue of a late statute) at one million of dollars! ! !

WILMINGTON, (Del.) November 1.

We learn that a most atrocious and appalling murder was committed on Friday night last, near Frederica, in Kent county. The particulars, as we have heard them are as follows: The perpetrator of the deed, [illegible] Bonwell, lives on the Dover road about three miles this side of Frederica—the victim was his own daughter—a young girl of fourteen or fifteen years of age. He had returned home in the evening, and found one of the younger children crying, and upon inquiry was informed, that it had been corrected by the elder daughter. Without further inquiry, he attacked his daughter with savage ferocity, knocked her down with a heavy stick, and literally crushed her ribs by stamping on them with his feet She died in about 30 minutes. The innocent victim of this appalling crime, we are informed, had lately finished her education at the boarding school of Mr. Sand[illegible] Hilles in this city, and was an amiable and deserving girl. Bonwell is in good circumstances. He has been committed to Dover jail to await his trial.—*Journal.*

A WATCH FOUND IN A SHARK.

Some fishermen fishing in the river Thames near Poplar, Dec. 1st, 1787, with much difficulty drew into their boat a shark, yet living but apparently very sickly. It was taken to shore, and being opened, in its belly was found a silver watch, a metal chain, and a cornelian seal, together with several pieces of gold lace, supposed to have belonged to some young gentleman, who was so unfortunate as to have fallen overboard. The body and other parts had been digested; but the watch and gold lace not being able to pass through the fish had thereby become sickly, and would in all probability have very soon died. The watch had the name of "Henry Watson London, No. 1369," and the works were very much impaired.

On these circumstances being made public, Mr. Henry Watson, watchmaker in Shoreditch, recollected, that about two years ago he sold the watch to Mr. Ephraim Thompson of Whitechapel, as a present to his son, then going out on his first voyage, on board the ship Polly, Captain Vane, bound to Coast and Bay; about three leagues off Falmouth, by a sudden heel of the vessel, during a squall, Master T. fell overboard, and was no more seen. The news of his having been drowned soon after came to the knowledge of his father, who little thought of hearing any thing more concerning him.

Mr. T. is said to have purchased the watch to preserve it as a memorial of so singular an event. It is the largest ever remembered to have been taken up in the Thames; being from the tip of the snout to the extremity of the tail, 9 feet three inches; from the shoulder to the extremity of the body, 6 feet 1 inch; round the body, in the thickest part, 6 feet 6 inches; width of the jaw, when extended, 18 inches.—*Annual Register.*

Dreadful Affair.—We learned a few days since, (says the Washington Pa. News) from a gentleman who passed through Monticello, Georgia, that a most flagrant murder was committed in that place, Tuesday night, the 18th inst. on the body of a Mr. Ross, AUGUSTUS GLOVER. Some misunderstanding had existed, we understand, between the two parties previous to the event. Mr. Ross had accompanied some ladies into the Theatre and had scarcely seated himself, when an attack was made upon him.—He made an effort to defend himself, but was soon shot down. The ball, it was thought, passed directly through his heart. He died instantly. Both of these men, so far as we have heard were quite respectable.

The great Pyramid of Egypt cost the labour of one hundred thousand men for twenty years, exclusive of those who prepared and collected the materials. The steam engine of England, worked by thirty six [illegible] men, would raise, the same quantity of materials to the same height in eighteen days.

FOREIGN.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

The packet ship Silas Richards, at New York, brings advices from Liverpool to the 25th September. They furnish no political intelligence of importance, except it be the report that propositions had been made for an amicable arrangement between the contending parties in Portugal. These propositions, it is said, were forwarded to the British government, and until an answer was received, there would be a cessation of hostilities.

These reports are given as statements of passengers and private letters, by the steamboat, which arrived at Falmouth on the 21st, having left Lisbon on the 16th, and Oporto on the 14th September. The Liverpool Times of the 24th, in giving these statements says—"As we have no intimation from Lisbon correspondents that any proposition for a capitulation had been made on the part of the Usurper, we are not prepared to place much reliance on the reports which have reached us, that negotiations had actually commenced between the two conflicting brothers. But though we have no evidence of any proposals of accommodation having

lly made, or that any negotiation has solicited, with the hopes of a speedy adent, we may add, that in our opinion, a ation of the present desolating struggle ific overtures on the part of Don Miguel s by no means improbable, as it would ly be extremely politic."

is dates of the 21st had been received ndon, by which it appeared that a misstanding had arisen between the French and the Duke de Broglie, in consequence of Louis Phillippe having carried on a matic correspondence without consulting his Minister, who it is said tendered his ation, but was induced to withdraw it e solicitation of the other Ministers.—nderstandings are also represented to existed between some of the members of rench Cabinet which threatened a change Ministry.

r Minister, Mr. Livingston, we perceive, rrived at Paris.

ere is a report, says a correspondent in Times, of a conspiracy against the life of las having been discovered at St. Pe rg, in which many Poles are unfortuly implicated. On their being arrested, y have been seized tending to prove them aries sent to assassinate the Emperor e central committee sitting at Paris. It ed that letters from Lafayette have been d upon their persons.

e Belgian papers state that the King of gium has proposed to give a large portion r Queen of Portugal, in the event of her with the Duke of Leuchtenberg. Views mily aggrandisement are his motive.

is said that Charles X. and the Duchess ngoulême have refused to receive the ess de Berri or permit her to reside for e with her children. Her Highness has lingly left Rome for Florence accompa by the Count de Pali; but it is said that pes, through the means of the Count de rabriand, to overcome the scruples of yal relative and to be permitted to join at Prague.

e cost of the projected rail road from don to Brighton, is estimated at £225,000 the income at £125,000 a year

is said the British government has granted 500 per annum towards the support of Methodist Missionaries in Canada.

SUSPENSION OF HOSTILITIES.

MEDIATION OF ENGLAND.

From the Davenport Telegraph.

he Echo, steamer, Lieut. Otway, arrived on Thursday. Left Lisbon on the 12th. Oporto on the 14th inst.; and has brought e proposals from Don Miguel for the intervention of England in the quarrel between and his brother. Lisbon was closely beged, and there had been some severe fight, but the Miguelites had been repulsed at ry point.

On the 9th a Miguelite force, to the amount 400 cavalry, supported by a body of infantry, took possession of the village and parish of Ajuda, which they plundered, carrying off even the church plate. Don Miguel supposed to be at his palace at Queluz. Gen. Bourmont with the body of the Miguelite army, which was encamped at Campo ande, four miles from Lisbon.

n the 12th inst. Miguel sent in his proals for an accommodation by Col. Hare, of the attaches to Lord William Russell. of these propositions, among which were e—1st, for the inviolability of the church perty—2d, that Don Miguel should have red to him all the estates to which he was tled as Infant—3d, a general amnesty—e positively refused; the other propositions e on matters of little or no importance. soon as Don Pedro's reply to these terms known, Gen. Bourmont applied to Lord liam Russell and Admiral Parker to act mediators. This was declined, as they had sufficient authority to act, but they offerto despatch a steam packet immediately to land with the propositions, and to obtain structions from our government, which despatches were brought home by Lieut. Otaway the Echo, who proceeded forthwith to Lon. Meanwhile hostilities had ceased for present, though no formal armistice was red upon, and every precaution was taken prevent surprise.

The lines of Lisbon which now mount 100 ns, and in mortars have been so strengthened since the attack of the 5th, that it may be said to be impregnable, and a second ck, with Miguel's present forces, madness. The Pedroite forces, amount to 500 alry, including 250 lancers, under the mmand of Major Bacon, and about 17,000 antry. The city was in a very unsettled te, and the confidence of the merchants newhat lessened, in consequence of the apprent change in the policy of the English thorities. It was confidently asserted that e English Government had offered to send 0 troops to support Donna Maria on the ne of Portugal, if Don Pedro himself, of m there was some distrust, would consent to give up all authority, and quit the ntry.

This was refused and shortly after a letter s forwarded by Lord W. Russell to the rchants, informing them that those who ose to assist Don Pedro were perfectly at erty to do so, but they must consider, in at event, that they were without the protion of the British Government, and the cit assistance before given to the cause of e Constitutionalists was changed to a strict utrality.

Previous to the attack of the 5th, the merchants applied to the Admiral to land the marines to protect the Custom House, but this s not complied with.

Oporto is left in the command of General Sabbs. Captain Napier is still in the Tagus, with the principal part of his squadron fitting.

Some little inconvenience was felt at Lisbon in consequence of Bourmont having cut off the supply of water from the acqueduct, but as the whole of the south of the Tagus was open, a supply was obtained without much difficulty.

PORTUGAL.

From the Second Edition of the Falmouth Packet.

CAPITULATION OF MARSHAL BOURMONT.

We have just learned that the Echo brought intelligence that on the 11th instant Marshal Bourmont sent in fifteen articles of capitulation, which Don Pedro at once rejected, stating that he would promise nothing more than that Don Miguel's life should be spared.—Upon this Lord William Russel was applied to, and on his representation and advice to Don Pedro, it is believed that articles of capitulation were signed, as the Echo was sent immediately to England with despatches for His Majesty's Government. As the Echo left the Tagus flags were flying, and other testimonies of public rejoicings were manifest. Should this news prove correct of which we have no doubt, the arrival of Donna Maria at Lisbon will consummate the peace of Portugal

The French General Clouet, one of the commanders in the Miguelite army, was killed in the battle of the 5th instant.

As the Echo passed Oporto the water was quite discolored with the Port Wine which had been flowed into the sea in streams; 13,000 pipes were said to have been destroyed.

Our informant, who is a most respectable merchant connected with Oporto states that the truth of this intelligence may be relied on.

West India Colonies.—The amount advanced out of the vote of last session, of one million for the assistance of certain West India proprietors, has been—to Jamaica, £79,200; to St. Vincent, £117,600. There are, besides, [illegible] for further application, the securities for which are not yet completed—for Jamaica, £119,000; for Barbadoes, £100,250; for St. Vincent, £76,700; and for St. Lucia, £20,000, making a total of £325,150.

Trades with Russia.—By advices which have been received from St. Petersburgh to the 1st inst. a notice issued by order of the Russian Government has come to hand, rendering more strict the prohibition of British Woollen Manufactures into the ports of Russia

Death of the Empress of China.—On the 15th July, died at Pekin the Consort of the Emperor of China. A general mourning has been ordered in consequence. The Manchu *employes* are for 27 days to wear garments of coarse white linen, and caps without tassels, or buttons; during 100 days they must not shave their heads. The Chinese people must leave their heads unshaved for the same period, and are to wear no tassels on their caps for seven days. The right of nominating the Empress belongs to the Emperor's mother, who solicits within three years, one of the five spouses of her son for that office.—*Russian Paper.*

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 26.—On the 19th there was another great fire at Azab Kubussi, near Galata which destroyed above 500 houses. The fire was, to all appearance, the work of incendiaries. Since then we have reports of a new conspiracy.

COPENHAGEN, Sept 14.—On the 12th, was launched a new ship of the line of 80 guns. The navy now consists of 6 ships of the line, 6 frigates, 6 corvettes, 6 brig, 6 cutters, and 70 gunboats.

From the London Times, Sept. 25.

By the Tourist, steam packet, which arrived last night from the Elbe, we have received Hamburgh papers and letters of Tuesday last. They contain some accounts of the movements of the three sovereigns, whose expected meeting is at present an object of so much interest, but we now hear nothing of the commencement of those conferences which were supposed to threaten Europe with some new treaty or 'final act' of Holy Alliance guardianship. The King of Prussia, who had been reviewing his troops at Magdeburg, returned to Berlin on the 14th. With regard to the Emperor of Russia, he was to have arrived at Bunzlaw on the 9th. The Autocrat, however, did not appear until the day following, and then he passed rapidly on to Gorlitz.

The Berlin Wochenblatt notices with much emphasis, as a matter of paramount importance, a report that the French are fortifying Huningen, though at the same time it is acknowledged that the statement is authenticated. It is asserted that the French are extending the works more towards Basle than the site of the former batteries, demolished in 1815, which threatened to destroy that town. The restoration of this fortress, the Wochenblatt observes, would be a violation of the third article of the second peace of Paris. The many similar traits of a hostile spirit towards the French Government, which appear in the Prussian papers, acquire importance from the circumstance of these journals being all subject to a rigid censorship.

On the other hand, the Russians are fortifying the possessions wrested from Sweden. By a letter, dated Stockholm, the 10th inst. it appears that 15000 men are daily employed on the works of Bomarsund, in the island of Aland. A military division of considerable strength, it is said, is to be encamped there.

IRELAND.

The Marchioness Wellesley does not come to this country, and Mrs Littleton, the daughter of the Noble and Illustrious Chief Governor, is to discharge the functions of Vice Queen at the Irish Court.

Dublin Evening Mail.

His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant has been pleased to remit the further imprisonment of Mr. H. B. Kelly, who was confined in Mullingar gaol. Mr. Kelly was accordingly liberated on Tuesday morning last, and arrived at his house, at Ballinacargy, on the same day. A large concourse of people assembled in the evening around a bonfire, anxious to testify their happiness on Mr. Kelly's return amongst them. The town was also brilliantly illuminated.—*Dublin Times.*

A professional gentleman on the Munster circuit is specially engaged to conduct a prosecution against an officer of the 10th regiment, for reducing a clergyman's wife, near Mallow.—*Ibid.*

Mr. Maurice O'Connell, M. P. arrived in this city on Saturday night from Cahircon, after having been the means of effecting some arrangements there, which must be highly delightful to the feelings of the family with which he is so closely allied. Another person, for sometime supposed to be a member of that amiable family, also arrived in this city on Saturday evening, and left for Dublin next morning, on her retirement forever from Cancicon.—*Ibid.*

A frightful scene of riot and bloodshed occurred at the Black Rock yesterday, which, at one period, threatened to be attended with the most serious and even fatal results. Two of the men who had hitherto been at work on the rail road, having had a dispute, were about to terminate it by a fight, when a Catholic clergyman, the Rev. Mr. Kendrick, happening to be passing by, interposed, and endeavoured to separate the combatants. In this he would have been entirely successful were it not for the interference of a gentleman whose windows chanced to be broken in the conflict, and who insisted that neither of the men should be separated until the police should arrive. In a few minutes two policemen were on the spot, and in spite of all remonstrance, endeavoured, by the most violent and unwarrantable means to lodge their prisoners in the police office. The course which they adopted was of all others, in the opinion of those present, the least calculated to effect that purpose. Their bayonets were soon drawn. At the risk of his life Mr. Kendrick rushed in, and with tears in his eyes, besought the policemen not to use their bayonets, promising that he would be responsible for their safety and the security of their prisoners. Finding, however, that he could not succeed, and being himself in danger, he retired. Wounds were soon inflicted by the policemen on the men, one of whom received several stabs in the head and face from a sub constable.—*Dublin Freemen's Journal.*

THE LOAD LIEUTENANCY.—It is positively asserted by the friends of the Government, that Lord Wellesly is to be the last Lord Lieutenant of Ireland. The office, when his Lordship retires is to be abolished, by which 100,000*l.* per annum will be saved to the country.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Sept. 20.—It is quite certain that there has been a serious altercation between Louis Philip and M. de Broglie, on the subject of a diplomatic correspondence carried on by the King without the participation of the Department of Foreign Affairs. M. de Broglie has even tendered his resignation, but he has been retained by the solicitations of several Ministers, one of whom was M. Guizot, who considered this act as the signal for the dissolution of the Doctrinaries Ministry.

Thus, then, notwithstanding the protest of the responsible Minister, the King will continue his direct correspondence abroad. This is not the first time that the Doctrinaries who affected so much external freedom and haughtiness when they attained to power, will have humbly bowed to the immutable will.

If we are well informed, orders have just been given to Marshal Clausel, who is now at Toulouse, to take the chief command of the Five Divisions of the South.

This news would account for the order suspending furloughs in certain places.

The African Commission, which on leaving Toulon was to go to Bona, has thought fit to go first to Algiers.

September 21—For these two or three days the Ministry has been endeavouring to come to an understanding on some important points and cannot succeed. The Ministers of War and Finance disagree. The former requires a supplementary credit, which the second persists in refusing. It is not known to which side the Majority of the Council will incline. At all events it is affirmed that M. Humann is resolved to retire rather than consent to present the Chamber a budget with a deficit.

SPAIN.

The cholera is making great progress in Spain, towards the frontiers of Portugal. Fears are entertained that it will penetrate into the heart of the country. At Seville it has caused great ravages, especially in the suburb of Toane, where it has proved fatal to all who have been attacked.

It is probably the fear of producing a similar fermentation in the capital that has induced the members of the Government to change the resolution they had taken of following the King to the Escurial. The King has also, of his own free will, given up all thoughts of removing for the present to the Escurial. During the last few days he has frequently ventured abroad in his carriage; but he does not feel better on that account. His appearance is that of a man who has already one foot in the grave.

FIVE DAYS LATER FROM ENGLAND.

The New York Gazette, Mercantile Advertiser, Standard, and the Courier, of Monday morning, announce the arrival of the ship Ajax, Capt. Heirn, with London dates to the 29th and Liverpool to the 30th September. We make the following extracts from the Courier.

No further intelligence had been received in England from Lisbon, and we have therefore nothing further on the state of affairs in Portugal, except a contradiction in a London paper, the Globe—of the report that Marshal Bourmont had proposed to capitulate to Don Pedro. That paper states, that in answer to a proposition to that effect made by the British Ambassador, Lord Wm. Russel, the Marshal had replied that he did not feel himself in such circumstances as to render it expedient for him to decline recommending a further prosecution of the contest.

It is not without astonishment we perceive in the translations from French papers, that serious apprehensions are entertained that the Duchess de Berri intends again to attempt a landing in that country. Rumours of an intended insurrection in Paris, also prevailed. Should one take place, which we do not believe, it would probably be with a view to the abolition of all regal power whatever, and not to a restoration of the Bourbons.

It had been believed in London that a serious insurrection had broken out in Constantinople, but it appears that nothing more had occurred in the capital of Turkey, than some more of those disastrous conflagrations, which are so frequent there.

WANTED,

THREE OR FOUR LIKELY NEGROES. For further information apply at the Office of the Maryland Gazette.

Nov. 5

NOTICE.

THE Stockholders of the Annapolis Tobacco Inspection Company are hereby notified to meet at the City Hotel at 3 o'clock on TUESDAY EVENING NEXT, the 12th inst. for the purpose of transacting business of importance to the Company.

HENRY MAYNADIER, Pres't.

Nov. 7.

NOTICE.

THE commissioners for Anne-Arundel county will meet at the court house in the city of Annapolis on Tuesday the 17th day of December next, for the purpose of transacting the ordinary business of the Levy Court, and receiving the returns of the assessors.

By order,

R. J. COWMAN, Clk.

Nov. 7—tm.

A TEACHER WANTED.

PRIMARY School District, No. 11, is without a Teacher. Application, accompanied with satisfactory testimonials of abilities, and exemplary character, to be made to the subscribers

LEONARD IGLEHART,
ISAAC H. HOPKINS,
SAMUEL E. DUVALL, } Trustees.

Nov. 7—3w.

IN CHANCERY,

31 October, 1833.

ORDERED, That the sale as made and reported by Benjamin Watkins, Trustee for the sale of the real estate of Nicholas Watkins, of Thos. deceased, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn on or before the first day of January next; provided that a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper once in each of three successive weeks before the last day of November next. The report states the amount of sales to be Eight Thousand Dollars.

True copy—Test,

RAMSAY WATERS,
Reg. Cur. Can.

Nov. 7—3w.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, that the subscriber of Saint Mary's county, has obtained letters of administration De Bonis Non on the personal estate of William Gaither, late of said county, dec'd. All persons having claims against the said dec'd. are hereby notified to exhibit them, properly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the first day of April next, or they will otherwise be excluded by law from all benefit of said estate.

JAS. HEBB, A. D. B. N.

Nov. 7.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of an order from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, the subscriber, will offer at Public Sale, on TUESDAY, the 3d day of December next, (if fair, if not the first fair day thereafter,) at the late residence of Samuel Waters, on West River, the

PERSONAL ESTATE

of said Waters, consisting of Horses (among them a Mare said to be full bred, with a Colt by Ratler. (Cattle, (among them five work Steers.) Sheep, a large Lot of Hogs, about 250 barrels of Corn, Corn Fodder, Clover Hay, Household and Kitchen Furniture, &c.

TERMS OF SALE—For all sums of Twenty Dollars or upwards, a credit of six months will be allowed, the purchaser giving bond, with good security, with interest from date; under Twenty Dollars, Cash.

Sale to take place at 10 o'clock A. M. and continue until the whole is disposed of.

BUSHROD W. MARRIOTT,
Administrator.

Nov. 7.

TO RENT.

THE Office near the Court House, lately occupied by Sprigg Harwood, Esq. For terms apply to

WILLIAM BISHOP.

Oct. 31. 2

WALDIE'S

CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

NOTICE.—For the sake of combining the old and new series, and making the third volume correspond both in date and manner, the subscriber has concluded to print *thirteen* additional numbers to the second volume of the first or old series. These numbers will be furnished *gratuitously* to those who commenced with No. 1 and No. 6, and who have paid their subscription, or who shall have paid it before the 26th No. of Volume 2 is issued. Those whose subscriptions remain unsettled at the publication of that No. will be struck off the list, and charged SIX DOLLARS, as lately announced.

To those who have *really patronised* the "Library," by prompt payment of their subscription, very sincere acknowledgments are tendered, and a continuance of their patronage respectfully tequested.

ADAM WALDIE.

Sept. 5

WILLIAM BRYAN,
MERCHANT TAILOR,

TAKES this method of returning his sincere thanks to his friends, and the public in general for the liberal patronage they have heretofore bestowed upon him, and begs leave to inform them, that he has been compelled, from the heavy calamity which befel him on the 29th October, to remove his shop to the brick building owned by Washington G. Tuck, Esq. one door below the Store of Messrs. Hart & Franklin, and nearly opposite the residence of Dr. Dennis Claude, where he intends carrying on his business in his usual manner; and where he will be happy to accommodate his friends in the line of his profession. He was, by the aid of his fellow-citizens, enabled, on the morning of the above calamity, to save a portion of his Stock in hand, and hopes, in a short time, to be enabled to reinstate his whole stock. He therefore confidently solicits the former patronage of his friends, together with that of the public at large.

Nov 7.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans Court of St. Mary's county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Raphael Morgan, late of said county, deceased All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the 10th day of September next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands this 1st day of November 1833.

JAMES A. MORGAN,
GEORGE W. MORGAN, } Ex'rs.

Nov 7. 4w

MARYLAND

STATE LOTTERY.

CLASS NO. 2, for 1833.

Approved by Wm. R. Stuart, Edward Hughes and J. S. Williams, Commissioners.

To be drawn at Baltimore,

On SATURDAY, the 9th of November, 1833.

Sixty-six Number Lottery, Ten Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1	prize of	$20,000
1	prize of	5,000
1	prize of	2,000
1	prize of	1,500
1	prize of	1,372
5	prizes of	1000
10	prizes of	500
10	prizes of	300
10	prizes of	200
24	prizes of	150
56	prizes of	100
56	prizes of	50
56	prizes of	30
56	prizes of	25
112	prizes of	20
2184	prizes of	12
15400	prizes of	6

18,040 *prizes, amounting to* $183,040

Tickets $5—*Halves* $2 50—*Quarters* $1 25.

Tickets and shares for sale at

DUBOIS'

LOTTERY AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,

(OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.)

Nov. 7

BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. ANN HOLLAND, begs leave, respectfully, to notify her former friends and the public, that she has been at considerable expense in repairing and making more comfortable her Establishment, for the reception and accommodation of Members of the General Assembly, and others who may patronize her house; and assures those who may favor her with their custom, that the same attention shall be paid to their comfort and convenience which has heretofore regulated her conduct.

It is scarcely necessary to state, that her house is in the immediate vicinity of the State House, and the Public Offices, which renders it the more convenient to those having business with either.

She respectfully solicits a share of public patronage—and has taken the liberty of forwarding a copy of this notice to her Old Friends.

October 17.

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be offered at public (or Private) Sale, on Monday the 25th day of November, 1833, a part of the Personal Estate of Samuel Owings, of Thos. deceased, of Anne Arundel county, consisting of

Negroes, 17 head of Horses, among which are three fine Saddle Horses, first rate Brood Mares, and Colts, a large stock of Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, two Yoke well broke Oxen, Wheat, Rye and Oats, Corn, and Corn Fodder Rye in the ground, Tobacco in the House, Potatoes, 1 Set Blacksmith's Tools, Carpenter's Tools, Farming Utensils Household and Kitchen Furniture &c.

On a credit of six months for all sums of Twenty Dollars and upwards, the purchaser giving bond, with good and sufficient security, bearing interest from the day of sale, all sums below Twenty Dollars the cash to be paid. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock. A. M.

WILLIAM OWINGS,
HUMPHREY DORSEY, } Ex'rs.

Oct. 31. 2