ted with that commerce
tores and warehouses, and
rers. If ministers are anx-
eal state of public feeling
atural war now impending,
e underwriter at Lloyds,
f the exchange, and they
matter-of-fact individuals
iscover the advantage En-
y giving up her valuable
, for the chances of a se-
ance. The Committee of
ied to the Admiralty for in-
ting the measures govern-
on for the protection of
ow afloat, and in reply have
directions for duly secur-
uch have been given. Con-
inted immediately for the
ela Sailing, and all tends to
ggle is not expected to be
. There are many here,
on, that the first gun fired
y such fearful consequence
ration of Earl Grey will be
gainst it, and that a contest,
will be dishonour, and defeat
ce, can only ultimately end
dismissal upon its project-

D AND BELGIUM.

at times seemingly intermi-
tween Holland and Belgium,
to a crisis. The London
th, polishes at length the
en France and England, for
vacuation of the citadel of
Dutch troops, and the forts
dant upon it. For this pur-
ockade of the coasts of the
to be jointly instituted by
land, and the citadel is to be
french army by land. The
convention have already been
public from the American
State; and as its essential pro-
rein correctly set forth, w
er our columns with the du

owever, contains an impo
the expression of the re
ere at finding that their M
ber of Austria, the King o
e Emperor of all the Russias
mo nt prepared to concur in
sure which are called for in
treat may be carried into
r war, the northern powers
he employment of force against
it is the fact, chiefly, that
eeding against Holland wh
portance. It will be seen by a
in Council, that the blockade
en commenced.

O ON DUTCH VESSELS.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

rt of St James, the 6th day of
32, present the King's Most
jesty in Council. It is this day
s Majesty, and with the ad-
rivy Council that no ship or
ging to any of his Majesty's
ermitted to enter and clear out
eports within the dominions of
h Netherlands until further or-
hi Majesty is further pleased to
general embargo stop be made
on vessels whatever belonging
cts of the King of Netherlands
or which shall hereafter come into
orts harbors, or rea within any
Majesty's dominions, together with
and effects on board such ships
and that the commanders of his
ships-of-war do detain and bring
merchant ships and vessels bear-
of the Netherlands; but that
be taken for the preservation of
y part of the cargoes on board
aid ships or vessels, so that no
mbezzlement whatever be com-
commander of his Majesty's
are hereby instructed to retain
to port every such ship and
gly. And the Right Honourable
Commissioners of his Majesty
he Lords Commissioners of
and the Lord Warden of the
s, are to give the necessary di-
ein as to them may respectively

go has been laid in the French
following an extract from the

equence of the refusal of the Ca-
Hague to comply with the de-
Courts of France and England,
ty to the stipulations of the Con-
ned at London on Oct. 22, the
rquent sailing off Ostende yesterday
orts of the kingdom for an embar-
d on all the Dutch ships."
th of November, the Commandant
of Antwerp, Col. Buzen, pub-
ollowing proclamation:—
lonel-Commandant of the town of
itizens to inform his fellow-citizens,
of Antwerp, that the King of Hol-
refused to evacuate such parts of
y as are occupied by his troops, co-
sures to compel him to do so will,
which is the island, be employed
and England, if by the 15th the
nstrators have not against the com-
Holland do not produce the de-
t Jonge will be released. Consequent-
citadel will be one of the principal
nst which the first attacks will be
he Government will take measures
the enemy, under pretext for op-
intensive opposition with the e-
But not being able to answer
of the citizens which the ene-
scrupulous in his choice of
dopt, the inhabitants of the town
are recommended to take such
is the emergency of circumstan-
for the safety of their persons
Dated Antwerp, November 7,
signed BUZEN."

The citadel of Antwerp has a strong m
choice garrison of 7 or 8,000 men. It is well
stocked with stores and provisions, and most
of the works are bomb proof. Should hosti-
lities take place the town of Antwerp can
easily be destroyed from the citadel. Just
ticipation that such a measure might be re-
solved upon by Gen Chasse, the Dutch Ge-
neral in command, it is confidently stated that
if the Commandant of the Citadel fires upon
the town, France and England will retaliate
upon Rotterdam. The English Consul at
Rotterdam, has sent his family to Mechlin.
As to the navigation of the Scheldt, the Dutch
can *pro tempore* prevent it in a day, by sink-
ing a few old merchant vessels loaded with
stone, at a point where there is only sufficient
space for one ship to pass.

The London Courier contradicts the report
of the immediate departure of Baron Van
Zuylen Van Nyevelt, the Dutch Ambassador.
It adds:—"We are assured that he has no
contemplation of suddenly leaving this country.
Such being the case, the hope remains
that means may even yet be devised to pre-
vent the actual commencement of hostilities
between England and Holland."

It is stated on the best authority, that al-
though Antwerp presents some of the bustle
and confusion incident to its critical situation,
so far from disaffection or an Orange feeling
being prevalent, as reported by some of the
Tory journals, the most calm determination
to make the best of circumstances, and a
press every tendency to party display in fa-
vour of the House of Orange, is manifested.

A letter from the Hague of the 6th of No-
vember says that on the first act of hostili-
ties, the King will call out the second ban of
reserved militia, which will bring into the
field 40,000 men. It is mentioned in the Lon-
don Courier that it was currently reported
that the King of Holland had determined to
refrain from any hostile steps against British
property, and not on any consideration
grant letters of marque.

The annexed item from the London Cou-
rier, is of no small importance, when taken in
connexion with the reference which we have
made above to the refusal of Prussia, Austria
and Russia to assent to the Convention be-
tween France and England.

"We are able to assert that the 3d, 7th
and 8th regiments of the Prussian army a
on their march to the Rhine accompanied w
all the warlike *material* for an active and i
mediate campaign. Should they be oblige
it is said, to enter Holland, they *will not
ter that country as enemies.*"

PORTUGAL.

Our last advices from Oporto are to the
of November. Nothing decisive had occurr
between the fraternal combatants. Occasio
al conflicts had taken place in which Don M
guel was almost uniformly worsted. Re
forcements from England, Scotland, and I
land, and subsistence from France were co
stantly arriving for the succour of Don P
dro.—Both armies had increased their nu
bers—but the latter in a greater ratio than
former.

RUSSIA.

The *Berlin State Gazette*, of the 4th N
vember, has the following:—"Yesterday
Aid-de-Camp of the Emperor of Rus
brought to the King the agreeable intellig
of the happy delivery of the Empress of R
sia of a Grand Duke on the 25th October."

COLONIZATION.

THE Members of the Anne Arundel A
iliary Colonization Society, are requ
ed to meet at the Assembly Room, in this
ty, on Saturday evening, the 5th inst. a
o'clock, for the purpose of appointing d
gates to attend a meeting of the State Colo
zation Society, to be held in this city on t
day evening, the 11th inst. at which the Au
iliary Societies throughout the State are in
ed "to appear by their representatives."

EDWARD SPARKS, Sec'y
A. A. C. Soc'y

Jan. 3, 1833. 1t.

NOTICE.

BY virtue of a writ of Election, issued
Richard Thomas, Esq. Speaker of the
House of Delegates of Maryland, an Elect
will be held at the Assembly Room in this c
y on Saturday the 12th inst. at 9 o'clock,
M. for the purpose of electing a delegate
e General Assembly to supply the vacan
casioned by the death of James Williams
q.

By order,

JOHN H. WELLS, Cl

n. 3, 1833.

METROPOLIS OF THE STA
OF MARYLAND.

MESSES LAKE—PROFESSOR
*CUTTING HAIR Phisiognomically, a
SHAVES Delectably!!!*

Hi Dressing Room adjoining the
Messrs. Williamson & Swann.

HE acknowledges with grateful emo
the continued and increasing patron
bestowed upon him, by the fashionable a
tasteful public of this Metropolis.

M. LAKE begs leave to continue the
cise of the consolatory sweep of his race
onward to refine himself more particula
to shaping the heads of this learned and
tinguished community. New York may
of her Saunders, Philadelphia of her Ase
but it was reserved for the Metropolis of th
state, to present the unrivalled talents of
LAKE.

M. Lake likewise informs the genera
that he can at all times furnish them wi
best (fried) Razors, Combs, Stocks and C
lars, Soap, &c. &c. He will be ever
attend to all commands in his business.

He superintends a SCOURINGS
BLISHMENT, and will cleanse CLO
of every description on reasonable ter

Dec. 27.

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS:
Thursday, January 3, 1833.

NOTICE.

A FAIR for the benefit of the Female Orphan Society of the city of Annapolis, will be held some time in the ensuing winter at the usual place. The Managers of said Society, give this notice, in order that all those who are interested in the prosperity thereof may commence their operations. The Managers solicit the continued patronage of the Public.

THE FRIGATE CONSTELLATION.

The following paragraph, received since the intelligence in the preceding columns was prepared, would seem to prove conclusively that the reported disaster to the Constellation is without any foundation whatever:

From the Philadelphia Chronicle.

There can be no truth in the report of the loss of the Constellation frigate, which seems to have excited a strong sensation both here and in New York. We have now before us a letter written on board the ship of the 1st and of Congo, on the 18th of last October, by Mr. William Barclay, of this city, whose post in the frigate is that of Captain's Clerk. The account of the disaster was brought to Trieste on the 27th, from Smyrna, by a vessel which had made the passage in 10 days. Mr. Barclay says in his letter, which is addressed to one of his nearest relations:—

"Here I am alive and well, notwithstanding all the horrible tales you will probably have heard, by the time this reaches home, of our having been dismasted and shipwrecked in the equinoctial gale of the 25th of September last, with this trifling addition to the story, that those of us who escaped from the wreck, died afterwards of the plague. Now, all this combination of the terrible is a sheer fabrication, invented by the newsmongers of Smyrna during our absence with the last convoy, and as several vessels sailed thence for the United States while we were cruising, I deem it best to put you on your guard against such ridiculous stories. It is true that we were caught in a tremendous gale, the day after leaving our convoy on the 24th of September; yet, though it lasted with unabated fury for forty-eight hours, we did not suffer the slightest injury, if I except the loss of our fore gaff, which was cut away; but that, any one will tell you, is trifle. As to the Plague, we are as free from it as your self."

SOUTH CAROLINA.

The legislature adjourned finally between 2 and 3 o'clock on the morning of Friday the 21st inst. The "Ordinance" Bill was finally passed with such amendments as were reported by the committee of conference in reference to the test oath. The Charleston papers, without specifying the precise alterations made, say that the part of the bill is almost a new one, retaining, however, some of the old provisions.

The principal difficulty was to specify the time when the "oath" should be taken. It was at last determined that all persons now in office and remaining should take the oath when called upon to enforce the Ordinance, and not before. Those elected or appointed during the present session, or hereafter, are required to take the oath upon entering on the duties of office.

The time of election for members of the next Congress has been fixed for the first Monday in September next. The regular period was last fall, but the election was suspended at a previous meeting of the legislature, on account of the pendency of the apportionment bill in Congress.

A meeting was held in Providence (R. I.) last Saturday week, for the purpose of responding to the sentiments expressed in the Proclamation of the President. The Mayor of the city was called to the chair, and resolutions were adopted expressing in energetic terms the determination of the meeting to support the President, executing the laws and upholding the Constitution of the Country. *Nat. Intel.*

A great Anti-Nullification meeting has been held at Buffalo, New York. Judge Rochester was at the head of the Committee, by whom were reported Resolutions condemning the course of the Nullifiers and approving the President's Proclamation *in toto*. *Ibid.*

RICHMOND, Dec. 29.

VIRGINIA RESOLUTIONS.—The House to-day went into Committee of the whole, Mr. Miller, of Boutetort, in the Chair, on the Resolutions reported by the Committee of 21; they having been read by the clerk, Mr. Wallace offered a substitute, which, in substance, denounces Nullification, views the Ordinance as the immediate provocation of the act, and demands a reduction of the Tariff. The substitute makes no allusion to the doctrines of the Proclamation, nor, as well as I could hear, to that paper in any shape. Mr. Moore, of Rockbridge, then offered an amendment to Mr. Wallace's substitute, the object of which is a deprecation of any interference on the part of Virginia.

Mr. Moore addressed the House at length, and was on the floor when our paper went to press. *Whig*

FROM SOUTH CAROLINA.

From the Correspondent of the Southern Patriot.

COLUMBIA, (S. C.) Dec. 20.

The House met, and much business of importance was transacted, when a proclamation of the Governor was received, issued in obedience to a resolution of the House, and to warn the citizens of this State against the principles contained in the President's proclamation.

After the reading of the Governor's proclamation, Col. Preston introduced a resolution requiring the Secretary of State of this State to forward a copy of the same to the President of the United States, *with a request that he communicate it to the Congress of the United States*; which was adopted.

The report of the Committee of Federal Relations on the President's proclamation was taken up, and the resolutions offered by Col. Preston yesterday *were adopted* by the usual vote.

An *Additional* resolution was proposed by Mr. Preston, the substance of which was that the President's proclamation created no more surprise, on account of the fact, that the State of Georgia had practised upon the theory of this State, as advanced in the ordinance of nullification, even unto the shedding of blood, *without incurring the Executive censure*, and, as it was generally thought *with the approbation of the President*—CARROLL.

A message was received from the Governor, inclosing a letter from Mr. Livingston, Secretary of State of the United States, covering the President's proclamation: which letter expressed a desire that the proclamation of the President should be laid before the legislature: all which was referred to the committee on Federal Relations.

FRIDAY MORNING, Dec. 21.

The two houses finally adjourned this morning at five o'clock, having been in session all night. About midnight committees of conference were appointed on the subject of the time and manner of taking the test oath, the two houses differing as to the time. The result was, that the oath is to be taken when all the civil and military officers now in commission, are called up to discharge any duty under the ordinance. All officers elected after the 1st of February, to take it at the time they take out commissions.

GEORGIA.

The anti-Nullification Resolutions of Mr. Ryan have passed the Senate of Georgia by 25. A substitute, calling a Convention of all the states, was negatived—15 to 27. A resolution asserting that the senate has not the constitutional right to impugn the motives or reflect upon the acts of a *sovereign state*, was negatived—18 to 23.

In the bill reducing the duties on posts, reported by the Committee of Ways and Means, as published in the Globe and in the other papers of this city, cotton and wool are, by an error of the press, made free of duty. This is wholly a mistake for cotton wool, or raw cotton. Wool is provided for a special, though reduced rates of duty in the beginning of the bill. *Globe.*

NATIVE GOLD.

In a discussion which took place in Congress, on the 19th inst. on a bill to establish Assay Officers in the gold region, Mr. Carson stated that in 1830, the gold found in North Carolina amounted to 204,000 dollars. In Georgia it amounted to 210,000 dollars. This amount, he was informed, has been more than doubled during the last year.

MARYLAND LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

The following Senators appeared in the Senate Chamber.

Messrs. John G. Chapman, Francis Claude, Littleton P. Dennis, Thomas Emory, Benjamin S. Forrest, William Hamlett, James Montgomery, John B. Morris, Henry Page, Thomas Sappington, William F. Wootton.

The Senate proceeded to organize, when the Hon. Benjamin S. Forrest, was unanimously appointed President, and Joseph H. Nicholson, Esq. Clerk.

Mr. John N. Watkins was appointed assistant clerk, and, Mr. Isaac Jones, committee clerk, Mr. Andrew Shaw, messenger, and Mr. Samuel Peaco, door-keeper.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Monday, Dec. 31st, 1832.

This being the day appointed by the Constitution and Form of Government, for the meeting of the General Assembly of this State, the following members appeared:—

For Saint Mary's county.—Richard Thomas and Benedict I. Hard, Esq'rs

For Kent county—William Hayne, Unit Chandler, James P. Vickers, and Garret Garretson, Esquires.

For Anne-Arundel county—Henry Ellicott, Thomas Burgess, Elie Duvall, and William J. W. Compton, Esquires.

For Calvert county—James Kent, Alexander Somervell, and James S. Mursell, jr. Esquires.

For Charles county—William D. Merrick, Walter M. Miller, and Theodore Mudd, Esquires.

For Baltimore county—James Turner, Hugh Ely, Zachariah H. Worthington, and John B Holmes, Esquires.

For Talbot county—John Stephens, Solomon Mulliken, George Dodder, and Joseph Bruff, Esquires.

For Somerset county—Littleton U. Dennis, Joseph S. Cottman, Littleton D. Teackle, and Isaac D. Jones, Esquires.

For Dorchester county—Joseph Nicols, Martin L. Wright, John Trafton, and Levin Richardson, Esquires.

For Cecil county—George A. Thomas, John Evans, and William Knight, Esquires.

For Prince George's county—George W. Duvall, and Thomas G. Pratt, Esquires.

For the City of Annapolis—Nicholas Brewer, Esquire.

For Queen Anne's county—Thomas Wright 3d, Robert Lehmore, and Edward O'Bourke, Esquires.

Worcester county—Ebenezer Horn, James H. Milbourn, James Powell, and Edward Forman, Esquires.

For Frederick county—William Coat Johnson, Abiel Wilkefer, David Schley, and Thomas Hammond, Esquires.

For Harford county—Henry H. Johns, Samuel Sutton, Thomas Hope, and John Forwood, Esquires.

For Caroline county—Thomas S. Carter, Jacob Charles, Abram Jump, jr. and Joseph P. W. Richardson, Esquires.

For the City of Baltimore—Louis William Jenkins, and Charles Carroll Harper, Esq'rs.

For Washington county—John H. Mann, Joseph Hollman, and John D. Grove, Esq'rs.

For Montgomery county—Stepen N. C. White, and Thomas Gittings, Esquires.

For Allegany county—Moses H. Leathan, and Andrew Bruce, Esquires.

A sufficient number of Delegates being convened, they severally qualified in the presence of each other, agreeably to the Constitution and Form of Govenment, and then adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

Tuesday, Jan. 1st, 1833.

Present the same members as on yesterday, Benjamin G. Harris, and William J. Blackistone, Esquires, delegates returned for Saint Mary's county; Thomas Rogerson, Esq. a delegate returned for Charles county; Raphael J. Edelen, Esq. a delegate returned for Prince George's county; Henry Harding and Horace Willson, Esqrs. delegates returned for Montgomery county, severally appeared, qualified, and took their seats.

The house proceeded to ballot for a Speaker, the ballots of the members being collected in the ballot box; on examination thereof, it appeared, that Richard Thomas, Esq. received fifty votes, and that there were thirteen blank ballots.

Whereupon, Richard Thomas, Esq. was declared duly elected the speaker of the house of delegates, and accordingly took the chair.

Mr. Ely, submitted the following order:

Ordered, That this house now proceed to the election, by ballot, for officers of this house.

Which was read.

Mr Wright, of Dorchester, offered as a substitute for said order, the following:

Ordered, That George G. Brewer, be appointed chief clerk, and Gordon M. Handy, assistant clerk to this house, and that they qualify as such.

On the question being put, will the house adopt the substitute

It was resolved in the affirmative.

Mr Merseil, submitted the following order:

Ordered, That John W. Pratt, Thomas Kearney, jr. Mackall Harris, Benjamin Seegar, and Robert Griffith, be committee clerks during the present session.

Which was read.

Mr. Schley offered as a substitute for said order, the following:

Whereas, the mode of appointing committe clerks to this house, adopted at the last session of the Legislature, is aristocratic in its principles, inconsistent with our republican institutions, and at variance with the established customs of this house—Therefore,

Ordered, That we now proceed to elect by ballot, five committee clerks, and the three from the western, and two from the eastern shore, receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared duly elected the committee clerks for the present session.

Which was read.

Mr. Ely, then moved to lay the order and substitute on the table.

Determined in the negative.

The question was then put on the adoption of the substitute.

Determined in the negative.

The question then recurred and was put on the adoption of the order.

Received in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the clerks named in said order, qualify as such.

On motion by Mr. Ely,

Ordered, That the rules and regulattions for the government of the last house of delegates, be adopted as the rules for the government of this house, until they be revised, or other rules adopted.

Mr. Brewer, submitted the following order, which was twice read, and adopted;

Ordered, That Gotleb I. Grammer, be appointed seargeant at arms, and John Quynn, door-keeper, to this house, during the present session.

On motion by Mr. Brewer,

Ordered, That the members of this house, in respect to the memory of James Williamson, Esq. deceased, a delegate elect for the city of Annapolis, and Thomas Kennedy, Esq. a delegate elect for Washington county, wear crape on the left arm for thirty days.

On motion by Mr. Brewer,

Ordered, That the speaker be requested to issue a warrant of election to the Mayor, Recorder, and Aldermen, of the city of Annapolis, to hold an election to supply the vacancy occasioned by the death of James Williamson, Esq. a delegate elected and returned for said city.

A warrant of election was accordingly issued, signed by the speaker and clerk, and forwarded to the Mayor, Recorder and Aldermen of the city of Annapolis.

On motion by Mr. Mann,

Ordered, That the speaker be required to issue a warrant to the Sheriff of Washington county, for an election to supply the vacancy occasioned by the death of Thomas Kennedy, Esq. a delegate elect, and returned for Washington county.

A warrant of election was accordingly issued, signed by the speaker and clerk, and transmitted by express to the Sheriff of Washington county.

The Speaker laid before the house reports from the clerks of Somerset and Kent counties, relative to the attendance of Judges, which were read and referred to the Committee on Grievances and Courts of Justice.

Also, a report from the clerk of Caroline county court, relative to monies paid into the public treasury, within the year, ending on the 30th November, which was read and referred to the committee on ways and means.

Mr. Edelen obtained leave to bring in a bill to be entitled, An act to explain and amend an act of Assembly, passed at December session, 1831—chapter 223; entitled, An act relating to free negroes and slaves.

Ordered, That Messrs. Edelen, Harding and Merrick, report the same.

Mr. Holmes obtained leave to bring in a bill, to repeal an act entitled An act to abolish imprisonment for debt on certain judgments rendered by justices of the peace, passed at December session 1830, chapter 155.

Ordered, That Messrs. Holmes, Pratt, and Burgess, report the same.

Mr. Teackle obtained leave to bring in a bill to be entitled, An act directing the manner of choosing electors of President and Vice President of the United States.

Ordered, That Messrs. Teackle, Wright of Queen Anne's Chandler, Hammond, Harris, Rogerson, and Turner, report the same.

The Speaker laid before the house a petition of Bernard Thompson of the state of Kentucky, a revolutionary soldier.

And Mr. Jenkins presented a petition of George Pearce, a soldier of the revolutionary war; severally praying to be placed on the pension roll; which were severally read and referred to the committee on pensions and revolutionary claims.

Mr. Merrick presented a petition of Edward J. Hamilton;

Also, a petition of John R. Freeman, and others, of Charles county, severally praying to be authorized to bring into this state certain negro slaves, therein mentioned; which were severally read, and referred to Messrs. Merrick, Dennis and Bruce.

Mr. Jenkins presented a petition of Luther Baker of the city of Baltimore, praying that his name be changed to Martin Luther Baker; which was read and referred to Messrs. Jenkins, Harper and Holmes.

Mr Heard presented a petition of Clement M'Williams of Saint Mary's county, praying that he may be authorised to bring into this state certain negro slaves therein mentioned; which was read and referred to Messrs. Heard, Jones and White.

Mr. White presented a petition of Henry W. Talbot of Montgomery county, praying permission to remove certain slaves from the state of Virginia into this state: which was read and referred to Messrs. White, Somerville and Bourke.

The house then proceeded by ballot, to the election of Registers of Wills for Anne-Arundel and Charles counties, in conformity with arrangement made with the senate for that purpose; and the ballots of the members being collected in the ballot box, it was sealed up and delivered to the committee appointed on the part of the house to meet the committee on the part of the senate, to count the joint ballot of both houses, and report the result; who having retired to the conference room, after a short time had elapsed, returned and reported—that on counting the joint ballot of both houses, they had found there were altogether seventy eight votes taken, of which number Samuel Brown, jr. received sixty-three votes, as Register of Wills for Anne-Arundel county;—and for Register of Wills for Charles county, Henry Brawner received fifty-five votes; William B. Stone received five votes, and George W. Matthews received eighteen votes.

Whereupon it was declared and resolved in the House of Delegates—That Samuel Brown, jr. be, and he is hereby recommended to his Excellency the Governor of Maryland to be commissioned as Register of Wills for Anne-Arundel county: and that Henry Brawner be also recommended to his Excellency to be commissioned as Register of Wills for Charles county.

The house then adjourned until to morrow morning ten o'clock.

HYMENEAL.

Married on Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Blanchard, Lieut. JOHN B. SCOTT, of the U. S. Army, to Miss REBECCA T. daughter of A. C. Magruder, Esq. of this city.

—On the same evening, by the Rev. Mr. Watkins, Mr. ALEXANDER B. COX, to Miss ELEANORA THOMPSON, all of this city.

WILLIAM BRYAN, MERCHANT TAILOR.

TAKES this method of informing his friends and the Public, that he has just received a large assortment of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, & VESTINGS,

Of a variety of colours and very superior in quality. He would inform those who will honour him with their custom, that he will make up at the shortest notice and most fashionable style, or to suit fancy. All who wish to get bargains will call and examine his stock of goods before they purchase elsewhere.

He has also received a handsome assortment of

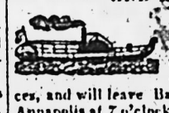
STOCKS AND COLLARS,

which he will sell lower than they have ever been sold here before.

Jan. 3, 1833.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, CASTLE HAVEN, AND EASTON.



The Steam boat MARYLAND, will leave Baltimore on Friday morning next, at 7 o'clock for the above places, and will leave Baltimore on Monday for Annapolis at 7 o'clock, to return the same day. Also, will leave Baltimore from her usual place, lower end Dugan's wharf, on Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock for Annapolis only.

Passage to Easton or Castle Haven $3.00
Do. to or from Annapolis 2.00

N. B. All Baggage at the risk of the owner or owners.

L. G. TAYLOR, Capt.

Jan. 3, 1833.

NOTICE.

THE Maryland State Temperance Society will hold its next Anniversary Meeting in this city on Tuesday evening the 15th instant. The Auxiliaries are again requested to forward reports of the condition of their Societies to the Secretary, and to appoint Delegates to attend this meeting.

N. B. The Editors of newspapers in this State, are respectfully requested to insert this notice.

A RANDALL, Secretary.

January 3, 1833.

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners of Anne-Arundel County, will meet at the Court House in the City of Annapolis, on Tuesday the 8th day of January next, for the purpose of settling with the Inspectors, at the several Tobacco Inspection Warehouses, hearing appeals and making transfers, and transacting the ordinary business of the Levy Court. All persons having appeals or transfers to make are hereby notified, that on that day the books of the commissioners will be closed for the year 1833.

By order,

B. J. COWMAN, Clk.
Comm'rs. A. A. C.

Dec. 6 5 tm.

A LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Annapolis, on the 1st of January, 1833.

Stephen Beard
Jno. T. Barber (2)
Jno. Blanford
Jas. B. Brewer
Peter Byers

Philip Clayton

Zach. Duvall
Dr. Howard Duvall
Israel Davidson

Lt. Wm. Mervine, U. S. schr. Experiment
J. P. Sanford do
Robt. Patton do

Jabez B. Fletcher

Levin Gale (2)
David Gregg

Rev. Eli Hinkle
F. C. Hyde (3)
Vachel Harding

Martha Ann Iglehart
Leonard Iglehart
Milly Jenkins

William Kirby (2)
Joseph Kennedy

Elizabeth Love

Philip Miller
James Miller
Geo. Murdock
Wm. Murdock (2)
Charles F. Mayer

Elizabeth Nicholls

Wm O'Hara

Capt. Jno Phillips
Elijah Pearker

Jas. Raymond
Jno. Ringgold

John Smith
Mary Sutton
Mrs. Ann Sands
Eliza Sewell

Gye Warren, (2)
Mrs. P. Welch
Jno. S. Whittington
Mrs. A. Winnietts
Chas. H. Willingman

B
Peter Bias
Sarah Button
Thomas Burley
John Bowman
Jer. L. Boyd (2)

C
Dr. Jos. Carr

D
Jas. M. Downes
Gabriel H. Duvall
Caleb Davis

E
Francis Hagerty do
Richard Esten
Mary Ann Elliott

F

G
Wm. H. Griffith
Benj. Gaither

H
Rebecca Hull
Th. Hodgkins
Dr. Wm. Hammond

IJ
Mildred Jenkens
Richard Jone

K
Jacob Kosure

L

M
Bosh. W. Marriott (3)
John Mullan
N. R. Merryman
James Mills
Gilbert Murdock

N
Dr. Francis Nett

O

P
Peter A. Pascal

R
Jos. Rawlings, jr.

S
Jno. Sullivan
John S. Sellman
Sergt. Smith

W
Lucy Ward
Wm. R. S. Willson
Widow of Jas. Weedon
John Wellington.

J. GREEN, P. M.

Jan. 3.

Tickets only five Dollars—Lowest Prize six Dollars.

MARYLAND
STATE LOTTERY.

CLASS NO. 21, for 1832.

Approved by Wm. R. Stuart, Edward Hughes and J. S. Williams, Commissioners.

To be drawn at Baltimore,
On SATURDAY *5th* of Jan. 1833,
AT ONE O'CLOCK, P. M.

Sixty-six Number Lottery, Ten Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1	prize of	$20,000
1	prize of	5,000
1	prize of	2,000
1	prize of	1,500
1	prize of	1,372
5	prizes of	1,000
10	prizes of	500
10	prizes of	300
10	prizes of	200
24	prizes of	150
56	prizes of	100
56	prizes of	50
56	prizes of	40
56	prizes of	30
56	prizes of	25
112	prizes of	20
2,184	prizes of	12
15,400	prizes of	6

18,040 *prizes.*

Tickets $5—Halves $2½—Quarter $1 25

Tickets to be had at
DUBOIS'
LOTTERY AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,
(Opposite the Post Office.)