

GEORGIA ELECTION.

All the Counties have been heard from regarding the election...

NOTICE OF PROCEEDINGS IN HUDSON.

We learn that a most unaccountable excitement, leading to acts of violence and the disturbance of public order, has existed in Hudson, in this State, for some days past...

OBITUARY.

On the 21st inst. at the residence of her father, Colonel Joseph Harris, in St. Mary's county, died Miss JANE HARRIS, aged 77 years...

IN CHANCERY.

October 31st, 1831. John Hoffman and Peter Hoffman, junior, vs. Joseph Walker, and others.

THE object of the bill filed in this case is to obtain a decree for the sale of the real estate of Bennet Walker, deceased...

As a measure calculated to increase the number of our members, your committee beg leave to suggest the propriety of causing a copy of our Constitution...

Resolved, That the executive committee be requested to carry into effect that part of the Report which relates to the special and personal invitation to be given to every inhabitant of this city to join this Association.

OHIO ELECTION.

It is yet uncertain which party has a majority in the Legislature of Ohio. There have been several losses in Jackson Counties...

dollars and seventy cents, with interest from the first day of June, eighteen hundred and thirteen...

The bill further states that as part of the sum of money due on said judgment has been paid, that the said James Walker was in his lifetime seized of a parcel of land called 'Greenbrier'...

It is thereupon, this 31st day of October, 1831, adjudged and ordered, that the complainants by causing a copy of this order to be inserted once in each of three successive weeks in one of the newspapers published in the city of Annapolis...

IN CHANCERY.

October 31st, 1831. John Hoffman and Peter Hoffman, vs. Gustavus Brown, Admr. of James Walker, Mary Lucinda Walker, Thomas Walker, Anne Walker, Gustavus Brown and Harriet his wife, Leopold Mudd and Mary A. his wife, Eleanor Walker, John Neal and Mary his wife, John Leigh and Joseph Walker.

THE object of the Bill in this case is to obtain a Decree for the sale of the real estate of James Walker, late of Saint Mary's county, deceased...

and thirteen, and seventeen dollars and sixty eight, and two third cents each, another for three hundred and sixty one dollars and thirty six cents, with interest from the first day of July, eighteen hundred and thirteen...

The bill further states that as part of the sum of money due on said judgment has been paid, that the said James Walker was in his lifetime seized of a parcel of land called 'Greenbrier'...

RAMSAY WATERS, Reg. Cur. Can. November 5.

STRAY HELPER. CAME to the subscriber's farm about the middle of August last, a red Heifer with a white stripe across the back...

J. THOMPSON Has just received and For Sale at this Office, PHILIP AUGUSTUS, 2 vols. THE KING'S SECRET, 2 vols. SEAWARD'S NARRATIVE, 3 vols. THE DUTCHMAN'S FIRESHIP, 2 vols. SCOTT'S AUTOBIOGRAPHY, Mair's Introduction, Clarke's Corderius, Ross's Latin Grammar. Oct. 27.

LUCKY LOTTERY OFFICE. (Church-Street) ODD & EVN. MARYLAND STATE LOTTERY, No. 9, for 1831. To be drawn in Baltimore, on WEDNESDAY the 30th of November. Half Tickets 81 Quarters 50 Cents

SCHEME: 1 prize of 6,000 is 6,000 2 prize of 1,000 is 2,000 3 prize of 500 is 1,500 4 prize of 200 is 800 5 prize of 100 is 500 6 prize of 50 is 250 7 prize of 20 is 100 8 prize of 10 is 50 9 prize of 5 is 25 10,000 of 5 is 50,000

10,299 Prizes \$38,000 G. N. B.—Uncurrent Money, bought at moderate Discount. E. D. Nov. 3.

POSTSCRIPT

Late from EUROPE. DISASTROUS NEWS—FALL OF WARSAW.

From the New York Courier of Oct. 31. By the British ship Arkwright, which arrived last evening, from Dundee on the 24th September, we have been able to obtain from a passenger the only late paper on hand—the Dundee Courier of the 20th—which contains the disastrous intelligence we give below of the surrender of Warsaw to the Russians...

FALL OF WARSAW.

The capital has at length fallen. After two days of sanguinary fighting the town surrendered by capitulation, and the Russian troops entered on the 20th. The following communication is from the office of the London Times of the 17th. Official intelligence was received at Berlin, on the 11th inst. of the capitulation of the city of Warsaw on the 20th, at six o'clock, P. M. after a three days' siege, which the Russian army, during which the Russian army carried by assault all the outposts which had been raised to protect the city...

LATEST FROM ENGLAND. FALL OF WARSAW CONFIRMED.

The ship Colossus, at Philadelphia from Liverpool, brings London papers to the 21st and Liverpool to the 22d September. The U. S. Gazette furnishes the annexed items. The disastrous intelligence of the Fall of Warsaw, reported in the New York Courier, we regret to say, is but too well confirmed.

DETAILS OF THE CAPTURE.

A letter dated Warsaw, Sept. 8, (written by a Russian,) says—'Poland is again subject to its lawful sovereign. On the 3th inst. Field Marshal Count Paskewitch sent a confidential officer to Warsaw, to demand in the name of his majesty the submission of the city, and to promise, on the other hand, amnesty and pardon. With an infatuation which cannot be sufficiently deplored, these words of peace were rejected by the leaders of the insurrection. On the 6th, at day break, the Russian army advanced to storm the city. After a most desperate and sanguinary resistance, brave soldiers with rare intrepidity, made themselves masters of four redoubts which lay upon our line of attack, as well as the first line of intrenchments which surround Warsaw itself, and of which Wola is a perfect fortress. The task, however, was not ended with this; there remained a second line of intrenchments, and a broad moat round the city, defended by batteries.'

At four o'clock in the morning on the 7th the Field Marshal was preparing to overcome these last obstacles, when General Krokowicki sent General Prondzynski to him to announce the intention of the Polish nation to submit to its legitimate King. These sentiments were, however, not confirmed by that Chief of the Government, who soon after came in person to the Marshal. He affirmed that the consent of the Diet was necessary for such submission. After the most urgent exhortations and representations of the intillity of further defence, and the disasters which it would inevitably bring with it, the General withdrew at ten o'clock in the forenoon. Heretupon, three hours more were granted to General Krokowicki, within which time he was to announce to the Marshal his final resolution. As this was not given by one o'clock, the Marshal sent word that he should give orders to attack. Half an hour more was requested for consideration, but this also elapsed without a satisfactory answer being given. The Marshal issued orders for the attack. It was terrible, and very successful flags of truce were sent, but they brought only dilatory answers. The attack was, therefore, begun upon the second line of intrenchments, which was carried at the point of the bayonet. The enemy, who in the meantime received reinforcements, vigorously defended the gardens and the edges of the ditches towards the Jerusalem barrier, and even made our troops give way for a moment; but the ardour of the city, which presented a most formidable line of defence. The prodigies of valor which had already distinguished the two days were renewed; and at nine o'clock in the evening the intrenchments, the gardens, ditches, walls, every thing, in short, was in the hands of our brave troops. Meantime night had set in, and the army required repose. The lines of intrenchments carried by storm, 6,000 prisoners and nearly 100 pieces of cannon were the trophies of these two memorable days.

'Nothing could now save the city, and the enemy's army. Both, therefore, implied the clemency of the Emperor; and this circumstance made it the Marshal's duty to restrain the rage of the soldiers, which was excited to the utmost by such an obstinate resistance. To-day our troops are in Warsaw. The Polish army and the nation have submitted to their monarch; the former, in conformity with the Emperor's manifests, is going to Ploesk, there to await his orders. In several days we shall be able to give a more detailed account of these important events. The glorious success which we have obtained has been purchased by severe losses. The Field Marshal himself has received a contusion on the left arm and the breast. Krokowicki has resigned his power. Gen. Blachowski has announced to the Field Marshal in two letters signed by his own hand, that he leads the army to Ploesk with the intention of waiting there for the commands of his Imperial Majesty. We most hope that the Polish army will preserve these good sentiments, and disregard the perfidious insinuations which may, perhaps, have been addressed to it.'

The London Morning Herald of the 20th says—'The fate of Warsaw and the ruin of so sacred a cause as that of Poland, appear to cast a general gloom over the public mind; hard and bitter are the complaints against a government, which by a single manifestation of its will, could have saved a brave nation. The latest accounts from Paris represent the state of that capital as most alarming; the public feeling is raised to a state of frenzied hostility against the ministers, as their policy towards Poland; their funds have fallen from 2 to 3 per cent.'

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners of Anne Arundel county, will meet at the Court House in the city of Annapolis on Monday the 12th day of December next, for the purpose of settling with the supervisors of the roads, hearing appeals, and making transfers, and transacting the ordinary business of the Levy Court.

By order, BISHOP W. MARRIOTT, Ck. November 5.

Maryland, Charles County, to wit:

On this 18th October, 1831, Elijah Moran Jan, brought before the subscriber, one of the State of Maryland's Justice of the Peace, in and for said county, a stray trespassing on his enclosed a white Gelling, supposed to be twelve or thirteen years old, fifteen hands high, well made, swift tail, unshod, has old marks as if been worked in Gear, paces and gallops. Witness my hand and seal.

LEONARD S. ROBEY, Seal. Near Bryan T. The owner of the above described Gelling, are solicited to come, prove, pay, receive and take away. ELIJAH MORAN, Jan. Nov. 5.

CLARK'S OFFICE.

BALTIMORE, October 28, 1831. REPORT of the Drawing of the Maryland State Lottery, No. 8, for 1831. No. 4085 (old number) the capital prize \$6,000

*4553 prize of 2,000 *3505 do 1,000 *6473 do 500 *6191 do 300 *2999 do 200 *13,509, *6482, *13,096, *779, prizes of 100 *8853, *18,834, *14,402, *164, *19,303, 50 With 10 of 80, 20 of 40, 100 of 20, 150 of 10, and 10,000 of 5 each.

No. 4085, an odd number, having drawn the capital prize, agreeably to the scheme, there are, all odd numbers being those ending with four, all odd numbers being those ending with one, two, three, or four, are each entitled in two dollars, in addition to whatever prizes they may have drawn besides.

*All mark this sold at Clark's One quarter of the \$6000 on hand at Clark's

MARYLAND STATE LOTTERY, No. 9.

For 1831, will be drawn in Baltimore on WEDNESDAY, 30th November. Odd and Even System, by which the purchaser of two or more chances, must draw, gross, at least one half of the sum invested.

Highest Prize, 6,000 Dollars. SCHEME: 1 prize of \$6,000 is 6,000 2 prize of 1,000 is 2,000 3 prize of 500 is 1,500 4 prize of 200 is 800 5 prize of 100 is 500 6 prize of 50 is 250 7 prize of 20 is 100 8 prize of 10 is 50 9 prize of 5 is 25 10,000 of 5 is 50,000

10,299 Prizes \$38,000 G. N. B.—Uncurrent Money, bought at moderate Discount. E. D. Nov. 3.

CLARK'S OFFICE.

N. W. corner of Baltimore and Calvert Sts. W. corner of Baltimore and Gay, N. E. corner of Baltimore and Charles streets. *Orders either by mail (post paid) or personally conveyed, enclosing the cash or prizes, will meet the same prompt and punctual attention as if on personal application. Ad- dress to JOHN CLARK, Lottery Vender, BALTIMORE.

JUST RECEIVED

From the N. Y. Protestant Episcopal Press, THE HOLY BIBLE, Price, \$1, \$1 25, \$1 75. THE CHURCHMAN'S ALMANAC, For 1832—Price 6 1/2 Cents. For Sale at this Office, by T. THOMPSON.