

# The Maryland Gazette.

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ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, JANUARY 6, 1831.

NO. 1.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY  
**JONAS GREEN,**  
Church-Street, Annapolis.  
PRICE—THREE DOLLARS PER ANNUM.

**DANIEL HART,**  
OFFERS for sale a general assortment of  
GOODS in his line, on the most reasonable  
terms, to wit: A general assortment of  
**GROCERIES,**  
**WINE & C.**

**TEAS.**  
Imperial, Old Hyson, Young Hyson  
Superior Black, Hyson skin,  
Cue, Cut and Plain Glass, Liver-  
& Queensware, Tin & Stone Ware.

**WARDWARE, CUTLERY,**  
Stings, Wrought and Cut Nails,  
**PUNCH RAISINS, ALMONDS,**  
Crackers, Sperm and Tallow  
Candles, Sperm Oil.

**BACON, PORK, & LARD,**  
**BEST FAMILY FLOUR**  
**PAINTS, OILS, &**  
**CIDER**

Barrels, on Draught, and in Bottles.  
**GROUND PLASTER**  
Superior quality. Being agent for the Messrs.  
Sawney's Mill, has on hand, and intends  
keeping a general supply. He will sell at  
the Baltimore Price, adding the freight.

**BLANK BOOKS**  
Every description made to order. MER-  
CHANTS LEDGERS, JOURNALS, and  
RECORD BOOKS, suitable for public offices.

**BOOK BINDING**  
Executed in the most approved manner.

**NEW GOODS.**

**BASIL SHEPARD,**  
**MERCHANT TAILOR,**  
received from Philadelphia and  
Baltimore, his supply of **GOODS,**  
adapted to the season, consisting of  
**BLACK, BLUE, OLIVE, BROWN AND**  
**GREY**

**CLOTHS & CASSIMERES,**  
with a choice selection of the richest and  
latest importations of  
**VESTINGS.**

He will be glad to make them up in the lat-  
est and most approved fashions, or will dispose  
them unmade to those who prefer.  
**ALSO**—a neat and more general assort-  
ment than before, of  
**GENTLEMEN'S GLOVES, STOCKS, COLLARS AND**  
**SUSPENDERS.**  
The public are respectfully invited to  
call and examine them.  
Dec 2

**JUST RECEIVED**  
**AND FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE,**  
**LAW'S TWO LETTERS**  
To Dr. Hoadley, Bishop of Bangor.  
Price Twenty-five Cents.

**THE CHURCHMAN'S**  
**ALMANAC.**  
For 1831—Price 6½ Cents.  
Dec. 23.

**TRUSTEE'S SALE.**  
By virtue of a decree of the Court of Chan-  
cery of the State of Maryland, the sub-  
scribed, as trustee, will expose to public sale on  
Friday the seventh day of January next, at  
10 o'clock, M., on the premises, if fair, if not,  
at the first fair day thereafter, (Sunday excepted)  
part of the real estate of Thomas Griffith, be-  
ing all that tract, or part of a tract, or parcel  
of land, formerly called "Sappington's Sweep-  
see re-surveyed and called "Griffith's Pur-  
chase," containing

**300 ACRES OF LAND,**  
more or less, lying and being on Elk Ridge  
in Anne Arundel county, and between eighteen  
and nineteen miles from the cities of Baltimore  
and Washington, and within a quarter of a  
mile from the Washington Turnpike, and a  
part of three quarters of a mile from the Savage  
factory; this land is situated in one of the  
most healthy neighbourhoods in the State of  
Maryland; the improvements are:  
A large and comfortable frame  
Dwelling and other out-houses, suf-  
ficient for a large family, at present occupied  
by Thomas Marriott. A further description  
of the property is deemed unnecessary, as those  
who wish to purchase will view the premises  
previous to the day of sale.

**TERMS OF SALE.**  
Cash to be paid on the day of sale, on  
condition thereof by the Chancellor, when  
the Trustee is authorized to execute a deed to  
the purchaser or purchasers thereof.  
**BUSHROD W. MARRIOTT,** Trus.  
Dec. 16, 1830.

## Legislature of Maryland.

### HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

WEDNESDAY, December 29th 1830.  
The House met. Present the same members as on yes-  
terday. The proceedings of Monday and Tuesday were  
read. Richard Mackall and Joseph W. Reynolds, Esq's,  
delegates returned for Calvert County, and Thomas Birch-  
enal, a delegate returned for Caroline County;—appeared,  
qualified, and took their seats.

Mr. Wright presents a petition from Levin Wall Hall, of  
Dorchester county, praying the passage of an act to alter  
and change his name, and that of his wife and infant daughter,  
to the name of Levin Hall Wall, which was read and refer-  
red to Messrs. Wright, Keene and Hicks.

Mr. Hunt presents a petition of Cornelia A. Howard, of  
the City of Baltimore, Guardian of John E. Howard, pray-  
ing the passage of an act to authorize her to lease certain prop-  
erty therein mentioned; which was read and referred to  
Messrs. Hunt, Nicholas and Chapman.

Mr. Hunt presents a petition of Charles Constable, and  
others, of the City of Baltimore, praying the passage of an  
act, authorizing the appointment of an Inspector and Con-  
dormer of fire wood, landed on the shore or wharves of that part  
of the City of Baltimore known by the name of the Spring Gar-  
dens, which was read and referred to the Committee on Inspec-  
tions.

Mr. Tilghman presents a petition of Anne M. Smith, wid-  
ow of the late Major Thomas Smith, praying for the ar-  
rearage of pay, due to her late husband for revolutionary services,  
which was read and referred to the Committee on pensions  
and Revolutionary Claims.

The Clerk of the Senate delivers the following message:  
By the Senate December 28th, 1830.

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates,  
The Senate have formed a quorum, and are ready to pro-  
ceed with the business of the session; we have chosen the Hon-  
orable William H. Marriott, President, and Louis Gassaw-  
ay, chief clerk, and propose to sit for the despatch of pub-  
lic business from ten o'clock in the morning until three in  
the afternoon.

By order,  
Louis Gassaway, Clk.

The message informing the Senate that this House had  
formed a quorum, was sent to the Senate.

On motion by Mr. Spence, leave given to bring in a bill  
for the benefit of the children of Robert L. Henry, late of  
Worcester County; ordered that Messrs. Spence, Mitchell  
and Parker, prepare and bring in the same.

The Speaker laid before the House reports from the clerks  
of Baltimore, Frederick, Montgomery, Allegany, Harford,  
Talbot, Queen Anne's, Kent, Caroline and Worcester Count-  
ies, relative to the attendance of Judges, which were read and  
referred to the Committee on Grievances and Courts of Justice.

Also reports from the Clerks of Montgomery, Allegany,  
Talbot, and Worcester counties, relative to the number of  
copies of Votes and proceedings remaining in their office,  
which were read and referred to the Committee on the Lib-  
rary;—Also a report of the Trustees of the Rockville  
Academy, in Montgomery County, which was read and refer-  
red to the Committee on Education.

And reports from the Clerks of Baltimore, Montgomery,  
Queen Anne's, Kent, Caroline and Worcester Counties, re-  
lative to the several sums of money paid by them into the pub-  
lic Treasury within the year ending on the 30th of Novem-  
ber 1830, which were read and referred to the Committee  
on Ways and Means.

On motion by Mr. Teackle, the following message was read  
and sent to the Senate:  
By the House of Delegates, December 29th 1830.

Gentlemen of the Senate:  
We propose with the concurrence of your honourable body,  
to appoint a committee to consist of five members of this  
House jointly with such gentlemen as may be appointed by  
the Senate on their part, to contract for the public print-  
ing. We have appointed Messrs. Teackle, Wootton, Claude,  
McElfresh and Hunt, on the part of this House.

By order,  
George G. Brewer, Clk.

On motion by Mr. Chapman the following message was  
read, assented to, and sent to the Senate:  
By the House of Delegates, December 29th, 1830.

Gentlemen of the Senate:  
We propose to appoint a joint committee of both Houses to  
wait on his excellency the Governor, and inform him that we  
are prepared to receive any communication which he may  
deem necessary to make. We have named on our part,  
Messrs. Chapman and Gale.

By order,  
George G. Brewer, Clk.

On motion by Mr. Teackle, the following message was  
read, assented to and sent to the Senate.  
By the House of Delegates, December 29th, 1830.

Gentlemen of the Senate:  
We propose to appoint a joint committee on the Library,  
and have nominated on the part of this House, Messrs.  
Teackle, Tilghman, and Gough, to act with such gentlemen  
as may be appointed by your honourable body to carry into  
effect the objects of the laws in that regard.

By order,  
George G. Brewer, Clk.

The Clerk of the Senate, delivers the following messages:  
By the Senate, December 29, 1830.

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates,  
We have appointed Messrs. Herbert and Thomas, to join  
the gentlemen named by you to wait on his excellency, the  
Governor.

By order,  
Louis Gassaway, Clk.

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates:  
The Senate accede to your message, proposing the appoint-  
ment of a joint committee on the Library, and name Messrs.  
Marriott, Heath and Herbert, to join the gentlemen named  
by you.

By order,  
Louis Gassaway, Clk.

Messrs. Harrison, Kennedy and Dennis, to join the commit-  
tee appointed by your House.

By order,  
Louis Gassaway, Clk.

Which were read.  
The Speaker laid before the House, reports from the Sheriffs  
of Queen Anne's and Caroline counties, relative to moneys  
paid into the Treasury, within the year ending on the 30th  
November, 1830.

Mr. Wallis presents a petition from Ann Jones and others,  
praying to make valid a deed of manumission therein men-  
tioned, which was read and referred to Messrs. Wallace, Piner,  
and Moffitt.

Mr. Chapman from the committee appointed to wait on  
his excellency the Governor, and inform him that a quorum  
of the House having convened, were ready to proceed to  
business, and receive any communication he might be pleas-  
ed to lay before them; reported, that the committee had per-  
formed the duties of their appointment, and that the Gov-  
ernor had answered that he would transmit a communication  
to this House, to-day at 12 o'clock.

Mr. Wright submitted the following order:  
Ordered, That the clerk of this House, have one hun-  
dred copies of the rules adopted for its government, printed  
for the use of the members of the Legislature.

Which was twice read, and on the question being put, on  
the adoption of said order, it was determined in the nega-  
tive.

The Clerk to the Council delivers a communication from  
the Executive, which was read and is as follows:  
**EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.**  
*Gentlemen of the Senate,*  
*and of the House of Delegates:*

The period has arrived, when we have to present a nar-  
rative of our proceedings, in the course of the current year,  
and we take advantage of the occasion, to offer our congrat-  
ulations upon the distinguished evidence of public confidence,  
which you have received from the hands of the people.

To you has been entrusted, by your constituents, the high  
responsibility of protecting their rights, and of devising such  
measures as will advance their welfare and happiness, and  
coming as you do, recently from them, acquainted with  
their interests and their wishes, you are well prepared to com-  
mence your duties, and to perform them in such manner, as  
to promote the great purposes for which you have been se-  
lected.

In meeting on this interesting occasion, it behoves us to  
tender our obliged acknowledgments to a kind and benefi-  
cent Providence, for the many blessings bestowed upon our  
country. Among them, there are surely none more calculat-  
ed to call forth the effusions of our gratitude, than the en-  
joyment of peace with all nations. By His beautiful hand,  
we have been abundantly supplied, also, with the productions  
of the earth. He has blessed us with a form of Government,  
the wisest and the best, the world ever saw; and he has al-  
lowed us in conformity with it, the inestimable privilege of  
thus assembling to represent the interests of free men.

The accountability of public officers, we hold to be one of  
the wise features of our republican government. It is the  
salutary check which the people, from whom only, all power  
is legitimately derived, have over those entrusted with the  
management of their concerns. In accordance with this prin-  
ciple, we shall proceed to lay before you such acts and pro-  
ceedings of this Department, as may be either interesting or  
necessary for your information, growing out of the resolutions  
of the last General Assembly, or required by the laws of the  
State.

The resolutions expressive of the high admiration of the  
Legislature, for the gallant conduct displayed by three of our  
distinguished naval officers in the late war, have received due  
notice. The swarms which were required to be prepared  
and presented under the resolutions referred to, have not been  
finished, but according to the agreement, will be ready for  
presentation in the next month.

In rendering testimonials to the officers, who have done  
honour to their state, by their bravery and honourable ser-  
vices in the late war, the name of a most gallant gentleman  
is scarce forgot, no doubt inadvertently, of former  
Legislators, and we most respectfully ask leave, now to  
introduce it to your attention;—we allude to Capt. George R-  
gers. The justly celebrated action between the Wasp and the  
British ship, the Foe, is fresh in our recollection. It was  
in that hard fought battle, Lieutenant Rogers, of the Wasp,  
evinced the patriotic ardor and naval skill, which entitled  
him, among others, to the warmest expression of gratitude  
from the citizens of his native state.

The resolutions Nos. 54 and 55, have been duly complied  
with. The sealed proposals for executing the public print-  
ing, as required are herewith transmitted, for the considera-  
tion of the Legislature.

The Executive, in conformity with the resolution No. 59,  
caused abstracts of the election laws to be distributed with  
the laws passed at the last session of the General Assembly;  
and a copy of the laws and resolutions was forwarded to the  
Trustees of the press in each county of the State, pursu-  
ant to the resolution No. 62.

According to the act of Assembly of last session, authoris-  
ing and requiring the Executive to appoint a suitable per-  
son to represent the State in all future meetings of the  
stockholders of all joint stock companies incorporated to  
make roads and canals, and to vote therein." the Honorable  
Michael C. Sprigg of Washington county, has been ap-  
pointed to represent the interest of the state, and to vote upon  
the stock in the Chesapeake and Ohio canal company.

The attention of the Executive was drawn to the act of As-  
sembly, passed in 1825, authorizing the purchase of a com-  
plete set of the manuscript or printed votes and proceedings  
of every session of the several conventions held antecede-  
ntly to the formation of the state government, and the  
votes and proceedings of the Senate and House of Delegates,  
which are missing." And we have the satisfaction to state,  
that a purchase has been made of these records, from Mr.  
Jonas Green of Annapolis.

They commence in the year 1772, and are continued to the  
year 1826. It is believed, that this is the only set of  
these early records to be obtained; and it must certainly  
be a source of much gratification to all who hold in grateful  
recollection the services of their ancestors, thus to be en-  
abled to examine their proceedings, and at the same time,  
to be furnished with useful information for future legislation.

In virtue of the authority given under the resolution No.  
64, adopted at November Session 1811, Gideon Pearce, Esq.  
has been appointed to prepare an index to the Laws of the  
General Assembly, commencing with the session of 1826,  
and ending with the session of 1829—when this work shall  
have been completed, it will remain for the Legislature to

determine upon the compensation to be allowed for this  
service.

Being requested by the Commissioners to that effect, a  
letter was addressed, by order of the Executive, to the Sec-  
retary of War, for an Engineer to survey the route for a Ca-  
nal to connect Pocomoke River, Sinepuxent Bay and Tan-  
gier Sound." The acting Secretary of War, in his reply,  
states, that a previous communication had been made upon  
the subject by the late Executive of the State—that the ap-  
plication should be kept in view, and would receive the  
consideration of the Secretary of War, at the proper time.

We have the honour herewith to transmit a letter from the  
Secretary of State, by order of his Excellency the Governor  
of Delaware. This letter was accompanied with three copies  
of the revised edition of the laws of that State, up to the year  
1829, and three copies of the acts passed at the last session  
of the General Assembly. A request was made at the same  
time, that the Executive of Maryland would furnish that  
State with copies of the laws as would, when received, afford  
a complete set—a memorandum of the laws asked for, is an-  
nexed, and can be referred to. Not having any copies of  
the laws at our disposal, we take leave to submit the com-  
munication to the Legislature, and merely express the hope,  
that the civility extended to us, may, if practicable, be reci-  
procated.

Communications have been received, and now are trans-  
mitted for the deliberation of the General Assembly, from the  
Executive departments of the States of Ohio and Delaware, in  
regard to the tariff of 1828; both of which, contain resolutions  
adopted by the Legislatures of these States, expressive of the  
expediency of that measure, and of its accordance with the  
spirit of the constitution of the United States.

As requested by his Excellency, the Governor of Virginia,  
we present authenticated copies of two acts of the General  
Assembly, respecting the Chesapeake and Ohio canal com-  
pany.

Copies of the laws of several states have been received;  
and from the State of Maine, a copy of Greenleaf's Map and  
statistical view of the State. We have deemed it proper to  
present the several communications accompanying these docu-  
ments, in order that they may be referred to, if necessary.

His Excellency, the Governor of Connecticut, has for-  
warded to this Department, to be laid before you, a resolution  
adopted by the Legislature, expressing a non-concurrence  
with the State of Missouri, in the proposal so to amend the  
constitution of the United States as to provide a uniform mode  
of electing the President and Vice-President of the United  
States, without the intervention of electors; and to prevent  
the election in any case, from being submitted to the House  
of Representatives of the United States.

Resolutions adopted by the General Assembly of Kentucky  
are also placed before you. These relate to the "American  
System," and are in answer to certain proceedings of the Leg-  
islature of South Carolina, and other States, concerning the  
powers of the General Government in relation to the tariff and  
internal improvements.

We should, perhaps, go beyond the limits prescribed for  
us, to express opinions upon the several proceedings referred  
to; we have only to submit them, therefore, to the Legisla-  
ture, in the confidence, they will receive the attention their  
importance deserves.

A list of the indigent Deaf and Dumb, selected by the  
Executive of this State, and placed in the Pennsylvania Insti-  
tution, is now furnished by the Clerk of the Council. It shews  
the name of each individual, the counties from which they  
have been taken, and the amount of money paid for their sup-  
port and tuition. It will also appear from which counties  
there have been no reports.

We have thus given as much in detail, as necessary, an ac-  
count of the performance of the few duties, which were par-  
ticularly assigned us; and have also made such other commu-  
nications as requested, either for the information or relief  
of the Legislature; our task might therefore be complet-  
ed. Entertaining, however, a proper sense of the magnitude  
of the trusts committed to our hands, we beg permission to  
offer a few suggestions upon such topics of public concern  
as we may think proper to introduce;—at the same time, we  
are well aware, that there are few subjects of general interest  
to the state, which have not been adverted to by those who  
have preceded us; yet, if such should be now presented, we  
trust, it will not be considered an useless occupation of your  
time, again to be reminded of them.

There is no subject upon which the patriot and the philan-  
thropist can dwell with a deeper interest, than that of Educa-  
tion. It is one which has often attracted the attention of the  
Legislature, and we should do injustice to our own feelings,  
not to entreat their constant and untiring efforts to diffuse  
its benefits. Its beneficial effects upon the happiness of man-  
kind—its connexion with the comforts of rational beings  
—and its certain tendency to the permanence of political  
freedom, producing a knowledge of its blessings, and thereby,  
a proper appreciation of its value, are truths admitted by all  
who have intelligence to comprehend them. And to the en-  
lightened representatives of the people of Maryland, it will  
scarcely be necessary to urge the propriety of appropriating  
liberally to this object, whenever the finances of the State  
will justify the expenditure.

The free school fund has been productive of great benefits,  
wherever it has been distributed. Many children, within our  
knowledge, who would otherwise have remained in ignorance  
from their unfortunate condition in life, have been taught  
those branches of learning, which may lay the ground work  
of their future usefulness. And we indulge the pleasing hope,  
that by the well directed exertions of the Legislature, the  
time will not be far distant, when no individual in the state,  
no matter how humble his situation, shall be deprived of the  
benefits of an education essential to his own happiness, and  
necessary to make him a useful member of society.

To ameliorate the condition of his fellow men, and to ad-  
vance them in the comforts and happiness of life, are pri-  
mary objects with a wise legislator. To effect these objects,  
his attention must necessarily be drawn to the repression of  
the vicious propensities of human nature, and of the evil  
consequences flowing from their indulgence. Among the plans  
devised by the benevolence of enlightened men, for the  
punishment of crime, and for the reformation of offenders, an  
efficient Penitentiary system stands pre-eminent.

It is here the sanguinary infliction of punishment upon those  
who have violated the laws of their country, has yielded to  
the humane substitutes, seclusion and labour. In the Peni-  
tentiary of Maryland, imprisonment and labour have been re-  
sorted to, as the punishment for crime. The plan has been in  
operation for several years; the experiment has been tried, and  
at an enormous expense upon the people; it therefore be-  
comes the imperative duty of the legislature to inquire whe-  
ther, under the present system, violations of penal law have  
been less frequent. Has reformation been the consequence