MISCELLANY.

THE EXILE AT REST.

BY THE REV. JOHN PIERPONT.

His falchion flashed along the Nile;
His hosts he led through Alpine snows;
O'er Moscow's tower, that blazed the while,
His eagle flag unrolled—and froze.

Here sleeps he now, alone!—not one
Of all the Kings whose crowns he gave,
Bends o'er his dust—nor wife nor son
Has ever seen or sought his grave.

Behind this sea-girt rock, the star,
That led him on from crown to crown
Has sunk—and nations from afar
Gazed as it faded and went down.

High is his couch;—the ocean flood
Far, far below, by storms is curled;
As round him heaved while high he stood,
A stormy and unstable world.

Alone he sleeps! the mountain cloud,
That night hangs round him, & the breath
Of morning scatters, is the shroud
That wraps the conqueror's clay in death

Pause here!—the far off world at last
Breathes free; the hand that shook its thrones,
And to the earth its mitres cast,
Lies powerless now beneath these stones,

Hark! comes there, from the pyramids,
And from Siberian wastes of snow,
And Europe's hills, a voice that bids
The world be awed to mourn him? No:

The only, the perpetual dirge
That's heard here, is the sea bird's cry—
The mournful murmur of the surge—
The clouds deep voice, the wind's loud sigh.

DEATH OF LOUIS XVI.

The following is the account of the trial and execution of the unfortunate Louis:

"The behaviour of Louis XVI. on his trial, was simple, manly, and affecting. He rested his defence chiefly upon a positive denial of any knowledge of the letters and documents that were brought as proofs against him. His advocates on this occasion, Malesherbes, (who nobly volunteered this service on the refusal of Target,) Trouchet, and Deseze, did themselves great and lasting honour by their eloquence, intrepidity, and disinterested zeal. The Convention pronounced his condemnation by a majority of only twenty six voices out of above seven hundred. The smallness of this majority was made a plea to set aside the sentence. 'Decrees are passed by a simple majority,' said a member of the Mountain. 'True,' it was replied, 'but decrees may be recalled; whereas the life of a man cannot be recalled.' Some were for relieving themselves from the responsibility by an appeal to the nation, but this, it was thought, would betray distrust of the cause; and might also breed a civil war. The sitting of the Convention which concluded the trial lasted seventy two hours. It might naturally be supposed, that silence, restraint, and awe of religious awe, would have pervaded the scene; on the contrary, every thing bore the marks of gaiety, dissipation, and the most grotesque confusion.

The farther end of the hall was converted into boxes, where ladies, in a studied dishabille, swallowed ices, oranges, liquors, and received the salutations of the members, who went as on ordinary occasions. Here the door keepers on the Mountain side, opened and shut the boxes reserved for the mistresses of the Duke of Orleans Egalite; and here, though every sign of approbation or disapprobation was strictly forbidden, you heard the long and indignant 'Ho, ha's,' of the mother dutchess, the patrones of the bands of female Jacobins, whenever her ears were not loudly greeted with the welcome sounds of death. The upper gallery preserved for the people, was, during the whole trial, constantly full of strangers and spectators, of every description, drinking wine and brandy, as in a tavern. Bets were made as to the issue of the trial in all the neighbouring coffee-houses. Ennui, impatience, disgust, sat on every countenance. Each member seemed to ask whether his turn came next. A sick deputy, who was called, came forward, wrapped in his night gown, and the Assembly, when they beheld this sort of phantom, laughed. The figures, passing and repassing, and rendered more ghastly by the pallid lights, in a slow and sepulchral voice, only pronounced the word Death; the Duke of Orleans was hooted, almost spit upon, when he voted for the condemnation of his relative; others calculating if they should have time to go to dinner, before they gave their verdict, while the women were pricking cards with pins, in order to count the votes; some of the Deputies fallen asleep, and only waked up to give their sentence. Manuel, the Secretary, trying to falsify a few votes in favour of the unfortunate King, and in danger of being murdered, for his pains, in the passages—all this had the appearance of a hideous dream, rather than of the reality.

When Malesherbes went to carry the tidings to the King, he found him with his head reclined on the table, in a musing posture, and he observed to him, at his entering, 'I have been for these two hours trying to recollect what I have ever done to incur the ill-will of my subjects.' The very endeavour showed goodness of heart, and a certain simplicity of character; but it would be long before one, taught from his childhood to believe that he could do no wrong, would find just ground of offence in his behaviour to his People.—The execution of the sentence was fixed for the 21st of January, 1793. Louis mounted the fatal scaffold with firmness. After administering the last sacrament, his confessor addressed him. 'Son of St. Louis! ascend into Heaven!' He, however, manifested some repugnance to submit to his fate, and would have addressed the spectators, staggering to one side of the platform for that purpose, when the drums beat, and he was suddenly seized by the executioners, and underwent the sentence of his judges. It is said that the indecent haste and eagerness of these men to complete their task arose from orders having been issued to the soldiers, in case of any attempt at rescue to fire at the scaffold, and that they were afraid of being themselves despatched if any alarm were given, or there were any symptoms of commotion among the crowd. One person tasted the blood, with a brutal exclamation, that it was 'shockingly bitter;' the hair and pieces of the dress were sold by the attendants.

No strong emotion was evinced at the moment; the place was like a fair; but a few days after, Paris, and those who had voted for the death of the monarch, began to feel serious and uneasy at what they had done. Louis XVI. had occupied his time while in prison, where his confinement was strict, chiefly in consoling his wife and sister, and in instructing his son. He discovered neither impatience, regret, or resentment. The truth is, that great and trying situations raise the mind above itself, and take out the sting of personal suffering, by the importance of the reflections and consequences they suggest. He read much, and often referred to the English history, where he found many examples of fallen monarchs, and one among them, condemned like himself by the People. He was attended during the whole time, and to his last moments, by his old servant, Clery, who never left him. The names of those who are faithful in misfortune are sacred in the page of history! The Queen followed her husband to the block after an interval of almost a year. There were circumstances of a distardly and cold blooded barbority attending the accusation against her.—But the revolutionary spirit had then attained its highest virulence and fury. She expressed her apprehension of being torn in pieces by the mob on her way to the scaffold, and was gravely assured by one of the gendarmes who accompanied her, that 'she would reach it without meeting any harm!' It is an affecting incident, that just before she expired she turned round her head to look back at the Tuileries, and then laid her neck on the block."

Hazlitt's Life of Napoleon.

From the Columbus (Georgia) Enquirer.

THE TIE-SNAKE.

Among the many interesting and curious traditions handed down to us from the Indians, the story of the Tie Snake is not the least remarkable. In one of my hunting excursions a few days ago, along the banks of a beautiful and romantic Chatahoochee, a few miles above the town of Columbus, fatigue and the scorching rays of a tropical sun, inclined me to rest under the cool shade of a large Magnolia, opposite the greatest fall of water on the river. While musing there on the grandeur of the picturesque scenery around, heightened by the foam of water thrown into a thousand channels and counter currents by the rapidity of the stream, my attention was arrested by the approach of an old Indian, with whom I was well acquainted. After the usual salutations had passed, I bade him sit down with me in the shade, and give me an account of the monsters that, in ancient times, had frequented the falls, to the great terror of his nation. The Tie-Snake, he said, was perhaps the most dangerous serpent that ever infested those huge rocks, pointing to the falls. In times gone by, many hundred moons ago, the serpent, in length about one hundred feet, and having the appearance, when floating in the water, of a number of kegs tied together, could at any time be seen catching its prey by folding its helpless victim in the coils, or ties of its tail, and instantly depriving it of life by a deadly hug. Many of his people, he continued, had been destroyed in crossing the river by this amphibious monster, which the Evil Spirit had sent as a curse upon the Red Men for their misdeeds, until of late years, the Tie-Snake had descended the Chatahoochee fifty or sixty miles below, as far as the Snake Shoals, where he is to be seen to the present day. There, said he, the Great Spirit has placed him, for many purposes; and as the White Men had taken the poor Red Man's home away, and were ascending and descending the river with large smoking boats, the Tie Snake, as an avenger for the wrongs done the Indian race, would frequently enfold his coils around the boats, and retard for months their progress. Look, said he, around at the magnificent grandeur of nature's works; see the tall forest filled with herds of deer and game of every description; behold the monarch trout that fills the liquid stream; the Indian corn that luxuriantly "rustles to the breeze;" see the mighty eagle, chief of his tribe, sitting in silent majesty on yonder dead oak, watching the industrious heron for its prey; look up yonder glade, where the long moss waves its sombre tresses thick among the forest, as if nature were in mourning for the decay of some of her handy work—all, all these gifts were once the sons of the Forest. Poor, wretched race, where are they now? Forlorn, miserable, and dejected—reduced to the miserable remnant of a once powerful nation, they were to end their days far in the west, across the Mississippi, and relinquish the land of their childhood, and the bones of their fathers, now lying silently under the clods of the valley, to the rapacious encroachments of the White Man—Farewell, he frantic exclaimed, my once happy land; and rushing into the forest, was quickly lost amongst its thick foliage. I almost repented that I had solicited from him the tradition of the snake, since the history of this monster had led to a digression so affecting.

Spring and Summer
GOODS.

GEORGE MOTTE,
Merchant Tailor,

Has just received by the latest importation, a choice and handsome assortment of goods, in his line,

CONSISTING IN PART,
Of some of the First and Second Quality,
Black, Blue, Brown, Olive,
Green and Mixed
Cloths & Cassimeres,
And a Superior Article of
White Drilling, Black Brochelle,
Bombazette & Nankins,
And a Handsome Assortment of
VESTINGS.
April 3 tf

NOTICE

The creditors of Dr. B. M. Worthington are hereby notified that the sale of his estate will proceed on Monday the 11th of August next, to strike a dividend of the assets in hand; they are therefore requested to attend at 11 o'clock on that day at the Court House, in the city of Annapolis, with the vouchers of their particular claims.
GEORGE WELLS, Junr. Adm'r,
July 12 2

A Camp Meeting

Will commence on the 7th of August next, on the same ground which has been occupied for several years past, for the same purpose; belonging to Mr Stephen Beard, head of South River, Anne Arundel county.
July 10. 2

NOTICE.

The subscribers again respectfully call on all those indebted to the late firm of Evans and Iglehart to come forward and settle the same immediately. Those who do not attend to this notice by the 15th day of August next, suits will be instituted against, without respect to persons.
Joseph Evans,
James Iglehart,
July 3 3

Joseph Jewell

Respectfully notifies the public, that he has commenced the Blacksmith business, in the shop belonging to Rd. I Jones, esq. nearly opposite the Farmers Bank of Maryland and assures those who may be disposed to patronize him, that the strictest attention will be paid to have his work performed in the best manner. Accounts for work if it is expected, will be settled quarterly.
July 3 3

Selling Off
CHEAP FOR CASH.

The subscriber being determined to close his business in this city, and return to Baltimore, offers for sale his entire stock in trade. His customers and the public generally, will find it much to their advantage to call and purchase of him, as he intends selling off at the lowest auction prices, for cash. He also requests all who are indebted to him to call and make an immediate settlement. All persons having claims against him will please present the same for settlement.
RICHARD CAMBRILL.
July 3. 3

THE SALE

Of the personal estate of the late Thos W. Hall, advertised to take place on Wednesday 10th July, will be offered for sale on
WEDNESDAY 16th JULY.
Editors who have copied the advertisement from this paper, are requested to correct the mistake.
July 3 3

Persons

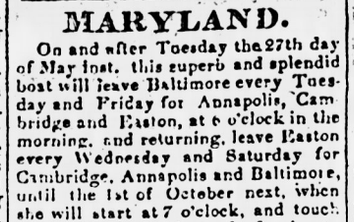
Who have borrowed any Books belonging to the late Jonathan Pinkney, are requested to return them to the office of the subscriber.
Jan. 17. Som. Pinkney.

RAGS

Bought at the Store of the subscriber.
Geo. Shaw.

PRINTING
Neatly executed at this Office.

THE ELEGANT STEAM-BOAT



MARYLAND.

On and after Tuesday the 27th day of May inst. this superb and splendid boat will leave Baltimore every Tuesday and Friday for Annapolis, Cambridge and Easton, at 6 o'clock in the morning, and returning, leave Easton every Wednesday and Saturday for Cambridge, Annapolis and Baltimore, until the 1st of October next, when she will start at 7 o'clock, and touch at Castle Haven, instead of going to Cambridge.

On every MONDAY morning, she will leave BALTIMORE for CHESTERTOWN, and return the same day, leaving Chestertown at one o'clock, P. M. touching at CORSICA (for the Centreville passengers) going and coming.

The Maryland, in order to prevent collision will leave Baltimore on Sunday morning next (and every succeeding Sunday,) at the same hour during the season, at *half past nine o'clock*, A. M. (for Annapolis.)

☞The public are respectfully informed that the MARYLAND has been recently fitted up in the best manner, having the most approved copper boilers.
L. G. TAYLOR, Master.
May 24

NOTICE.

The Goods, Notes, Books and other evidences of Debt, of Thomas Clagett, Dry Good Merchant, became my property on the 26th of May ult. Anxious to close the concern as early as possible, the goods will continue to be offered by wholesale and retail at No. 59, Market st at reduced prices—all who were in any way indebted to said Clagett at the aforesaid date, will please make payment of the same as early as practicable, to the subscriber, who is alone authorised to receive the same.

The stock of Goods is large and general, and will be sold on the most pleasing terms.
CHARLES SALMON.
June 28, 1828 3

Consulate of the Netherlands.

The undersigned, Consul of his Majesty, the King of the Netherlands, Grand Duke of Lunenburgh, &c.

In compliance with instructions officially received from His Excellency P. R. Cantzelaar, Admiral and Governor General of his Majesty, in the West India possessions, informs those concerned, that since the 1st day of March last the port of the island of Curracoa has been declared free for the vessels of all nations, and also for the transportation and exportation of all wares and merchandise.

The captains of vessels shall, however, have to conform themselves to the enacting regulations of the port, with respect of piloting, or the police of the harbour.
P. G. Leichleitner.
Annapolis, June 30, 1828. 3

Annapolis, 20th June, 1828.

Proposals

Will be received until the TENTH DAY OF JULY NEXT, for building a THEATRE in this City calculated to contain FIVE HUNDRED PERSONS, the walls to be of brick, of eighteen inches thickness. It is expected that plans of the building will accompany the proposals.

Richard I Jones,
James Williamson,
Jonas Green,
James P. Brice,
Joseph Mayo.

☞Any one of the Managers will receive proposals, postage paid Bond, with good security, for the faithful performance of the contract, on or before the *twentieth day of December next*, to be given by the contractor.

Farmers Bank of Maryland,
15th June, 1828.

In compliance with the charter of the Farmers Bank of Maryland, and with a supplement thereto establishing a Branch thereof at Frederick town. Notice is hereby given to the stock holders on the Western Shore, that an election will be held at the Banking house in the city of Annapolis on the first Monday in August next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A M and 3 o'clock, P M. for the purpose of choosing from amongst the stockholders, sixteen directors for the Bank at Annapolis, & nine directors for the Branch Bank at Frederick town.
By order,
Samuel Maynard, Cash'r.
June 19.

The Editors of the Maryland Republican, Annapolis, and Federal Gazette and American, Baltimore, are requested to publish the above once a week for four weeks.

The Journal of Proceedings
OF THE
House of Delegates,
December Session 1827,

Has been completed and is ready for distribution. *A few copies for sale at this office,* PRICE $1 50.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the late firm of
Watkins & Selby
are requested to come forward immediately, and make settlement to either Nicholas J. Watkins or the subscriber, who having purchased the
STOCK OF GOODS
of the said firm, with the addition of a complete assortment of
Seasonable & Fashionable Goods,
(From Philadelphia and Baltimore,)
Offers them to his friends and the public generally, at the lowest Cash Prices.

He returns them his sincere thanks for past favours, and hopes they will continue to give him a share of their patronage, as he is determined to spare no pains to please them in both price and quality.
JOHN S. SELBY.
May 8.

State of Maryland, sc.

Anne-Arundel County, Orphans Court, June 20th, 1828.

On application by petition of John Glenn, administrator of Thomas W. Hall, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in Annapolis.
Thos. H Hall,
Reg. Wills, A. A. county.

Notice is hereby given,

That the subscriber of Anne Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Thos. W. Hall late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at Baltimore, on or before the 20th day of December next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 20th day of June, 1828.
John Glenn, Adm'r of
Thos. W. Hall.
June 26 4

Public Sale.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, the subscriber will offer at public sale on Wednesday the 16th of July next, at the late residence of Thos W. Hall, near the head of South River,
The Personal Estate
of Thos. W. Hall, deceased consisting of Negroes, Horses, Cattle, Sheep Plantation utensils, &c. Terms of sale, A credit of six months will be allowed on all sums of twenty dollars or upwards the purchaser giving bond with security, with interest from the day of sale, under twenty dollars the cash to be paid. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock.
John Glenn adm'r.

The United States Telegraph and National Intelligencer, will publish the above once a week till sale, and forward their accounts to the subscriber.
June 26.

100 Dollars Reward.

Ran away from the farm of the late Jonathan Pinkney, Esq. near Annapolis, two negroes, one named JIM WOOTTEN, aged about thirty years, five feet ten inches high, and of a bright complexion.

The other named BEN SNOWDEN, about 19 years old, five feet 8 inches high, very black and walks a little lame.

It is supposed that these negroes went away in company with a bright mulatto man named Henry Wallace, belonging to Mrs Juliana Brice. The clothing of the above negroes is not known. A reward of fifty dollars will be given for the apprehension of the two negroes, or twenty five for each, if taken within this state, and secured in jail so that I get them again; or one hundred dollars for both, or fifty for each if taken out of the state.
Som. Pinkney, adm'r.
of Jona Pinkney.
June 5.

Superior Polishing Powder
For Silver, Brass, Copper, Steel and Tin.
Prepared and Sold by
Henry Coulter,
ANNAPOLIS.

Directions for using the powder. Let the metal be free from grease, by cleansing it with warm soap suds, and then apply the powder in small quantities with a piece of buckskin.
PRICE—25 cts. per Box.

The above powder is greatly superior, and different from any heretofore discovered.
June 26.

BOOK BINDING.
John W. Whittington
Respectfully informs the Public and his Friends in general, that he has taken the Stand in Church Street, opposite to the Office of the Maryland Gazette, where he intends carrying on the above business in all its various branches. He solicits a share of public patronage.
April 17.

Harris & Johnson's
REPORTS.

The 7th Volume is now completed and subscribers are respectfully requested to transmit the amount due by them for subscription.

The 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th and 7th Volumes of the REPORTS are for sale by the subscriber, at $6 per vol bound in calf, or at $5 per vol in boards.
GEO SHAW.
Annapolis, Jan. 17.

Dividend.

The President and Directors of the South River Bridge Company have declared a dividend of Forty five cents per share, for the last six months on the capital stock of said company. The same will be paid on or after the first day of July next, to stockholders in person or to their order.
By order of the President and Directors
Th. Franklin,
Treasurer.
June 26 3w

PROPOSAL
FOR PRINTING
The Journals of the Conventions of the Province of Maryland,
Held in the City of Annapolis, in the years 1774, 1775 and 1776.

IF Sufficient encouragement be offered, the Subscriber proposes to publish, in one volume octavo, the Journals of the Conventions of the Province of Maryland in the years 1774, '75 and '6. It is believed that there are not more than two copies of these Journals now extant; and from the circumstance that they were printed in pamphlet form, and unbound, it may be fairly concluded that they, too, must in a few years be destroyed by the mere decay of time. These Journals are the only authentic evidence of the Political History of Maryland, during that interesting and unquiet period. Although we have, in abundance, histories of Maryland, as connected with the association of Provinces and Colonies, at that time formed, for mutual protection against the improper assumption of power on the part of the Mother Country, yet none of these works embrace what may be termed its Domestic and Internal Political History.

This part of the history of Maryland it should be her pride to hand down to posterity, not only on account of its deep interest, but as a public State Record of the voluntary sacrifices, daring spirit, and determined resolution, of her citizens, during this period of doubt and dismay.

In the confident expectation that the citizens of Maryland will consider the proposed publication of sufficient importance to entitle it to their patronage, the Subscriber is induced to issue these proposals.

The Price per Copy, not to exceed $2 00.
J. GREEN.

DECISIONS
OF THE
Court of Appeals of Maryland.
PUBLISHED
By Subscription.

THE DECISIONS
OF THE
COURT OF APPEALS OF MARYLAND,
To be Reported by Thomas Harris, Esquire, Clerk of the Court of Appeals, and Reverdy Johnson, Esquire, Attorney at Law.

These Decisions will form a continuation of the first volume of Reports already published by Messrs Harris and Johnson, which closes with the year 1805. It is proposed to publish the Decisions in a series of Numbers, each to contain not less than one hundred and twenty five pages, and four numbers to constitute a volume. The last number of each volume will contain a full and complete Index. This mode of publication, it is conceived, possesses advantages which give it a decided preference to that of publishing the Reports in bulky volumes. It ensures the earlier publication of the Reports, and as not more than four numbers will be published in a year, the expense will not be so sensibly felt.

TERMS

The price of each number of the Reports will be $1 25, payable on delivery.

☞Subscriptions to the above work are received at GEO. SHAW'S Store, the Maryland Gazette Office, and the respective Offices of the County Clerks of this State.

The
VOL. LXXXIII.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED
BY
Jonas Green,
PRINCE-STREET, ANNAPOLIS.

☞Three Dollars per annum.

MISCELLANY.

PAUL LORRAINE.

By N. P. Willis.

There is poetry that is not written. Living in the hearts of many to whom rhyme is a mystery. As I see it, it is delicate perception; a feeling which is in the nature, enabling one man to detect harmony, know forms of beauty better than others. It is like a peculiar vision; creating a new world; enabling to combine, and separate, and arrange elements of beauty into the proportions of a picture. The ear hears music in common sounds, sees loveliness by the way-side. There is not a change in the sky, nor ripple of the water, nor a sweet human voice, which does not bring him delight. He sees all the light and hears all the music about him—and he is a poetry.

In one thus gifted, nature is a source of many sweet offices and true inspirations. Call it visionary if you will, she has glad fellowship for the unhappy, and medicine for the troubled spirit, and calm communings and gentle thoughts, which are the food of his moral being. Let him be what he will, if his heart is nothing but dead, the poor sympathy of the world is a mockery of the ministering influences. I dare not deny. The power of nature over such a mind as I have described, is a power of extreme mental sufferance or abandonment, stronger than any other moral influence. There is a delight in its deep and serene beauty inexpressibly, soothing to the disturbed mind. It steals over it silently and gradually, like an invisible hand, erasing its dark lines and removing its brooding shadows, and though he is aware, he is loving, and hearing, and feeling as he did in his days, when his spirit was unchained. To those who see nothing in them but physical convenience, such assertions may seem extravagant; but they are, nevertheless, true; and blessed be the Author of our faculties, there are some who know, by experience, that nature is a friend and physician to the sick and solitary spirit of her worshipper.

Paul Lorraine, by the above definition, was a poet. He had been often called a strange child. It is a way of saying that they did not understand him. His unbounded joy when gay, and his singular dejection at times, were unaccountable. He was as docile and affectionate a girl; but he would wander for a summer morning, and neglect his books, like a very truant. He could never resist the stirrings of joy, and the smallest bird that began singing over him on his way to school, tempted him off irresistibly. His spirit revolted at confinement in such seasons, and when chided for absence, his spirit rose within him, and he answered indignantly. On one of these occasions he was punished with a blow. I remember it as if it were yesterday. He was perfectly transformed. The delicate, quiet boy whom we expected to subdue and weep, sprang to his feet with the sternness of a lion. He compressed his beautiful lip, and his eye flashed for a moment—and then he stood calm and immovable till the blood gushed from his nostrils. It was the last attempt to subdue him, and he was left to his own wayward course.

At fourteen, Paul Lorraine was the most engaging being I ever saw. He was tall for his years, and surpassingly graceful; but his face won you like a spell. It was not its regularity, but its clear, transparent complexion, not his fine eye, with its long shadowy lashes; but a delicious melancholy, that was refreshing, like twilight, to look upon. He was fonder than most boys; often gay; but whatever the change in the features that were singularly flexible, there was always there. His person was apparently slight; but exquisite symmetry, and the exercise of his wanderings, had given it com-

pactness, and his step was a bearing was habitual sadness chastened it be long in his covering the minded boy impulses.

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