

ARD. accompany one of these to the...
...when he was suddenly taken...
...died in January 1799...
...first victim in the case of...
...discovery, to which so many...
...since become martyrs.
...His Siberian Journal has been...
...entire, and several letters...
...from Russia to Mr. Jefferson...
...other persons. His celebrated...
...Woman, so often repeated, and...
...beautifully verified by Mr. Barrow...
...was written at Yakutsk in Siberia...
...This Journal also contains many...
...remarks on the character and...
...the American Indians, as compared...
...the Sea Islanders, whom he had...
...seen in various parts of the globe...
...Journals and letters while he was...
...France and Spain are hardly less...
...Appos, containing observations on...
...and things often original and...
...striking. His letters from Egypt...
...Mr. Jefferson and the Secretary of...
...African Association, are equally...
...characteristic. His Journal of his...
...voyage though not a complete...
...abounds in lively descriptions of...
...pertinent remarks, and his account...
...Cooke's death is drawn up with...
...vividly and apparent truth, than...
...other that has been published...
...He believed that the paper taken...
...made to rescue them from their...
...and that the delineation they...
...will not be unacceptable to such...
...as love to contemplate the...
...of an ardent mind, engaged...
...fortitude the obstacles incident...
...great and hazardous enterprises.

Maryland Gazette
ANNAPOLIS:
THURSDAY, OCT. 25, 1827.
COURT OF APPEALS.
Thursday, Oct. 18th. **STEVENS, J.**
The argument, in the case of **Peaseo Insurance Company vs. Frick**, and by **Meredith** for the Appellants, and by **Meredith** for the Appellee.
Friday, Oct. 19th. The argument on the same case, was further continued by **Stevens, J.** for the Appellants, and by **Meredith** for the Appellee.
Saturday, Oct. 20th. The argument, on the same case, was concluded by **Stevens, J.** for the Appellants, and by **Meredith** for the Appellee.
Monday, Oct. 22d. **ARCHER, J.** attended the court. **BUCHANAN, Ch. J.** read the opinion of the court in **Stevens, J. vs. Frick**, and by **Meredith** for the Appellants. He also delivered the opinion of the court in **Stevens, J. vs. Frick**, and by **Meredith** for the Appellants.
Tuesday, Oct. 23d. The argument on the last mentioned cases was further continued by **Stevens, J.** for the Appellants, and by **Meredith** for the Appellee.
Wednesday, Oct. 24th. The argument on the last mentioned cases was further continued by **Stevens, J.** for the Appellants, and by **Meredith** for the Appellee.
Thursday, Oct. 25th. The argument on the last mentioned cases was further continued by **Stevens, J.** for the Appellants, and by **Meredith** for the Appellee.

Interesting Letter.
Extract of a letter from a Midshipman on board the U. S. frigate Constitution dated Smyrna, 8th August, 1827.
"We left Vourla the 11th ult. and thanks to a favourable breeze, arrived and anchored in the Straits of Salamis the evening of the 14th. It was here we lay about a month previous; great changes had taken place in that interval. The Turk and Greek forces in full view, were then encamped within a few miles of the Acropolis, which was still struggling, and it was hoped would have been able to have held out. Nothing now remains but the deserted trenches of the two armies, the Turks having removed from the high ground they had occupied to the flat country more contiguous to Athens, and the Greeks deserted their station at Port Leon, which had been occupied, to countenance the besieged, and impede the operations of the besiegers. The fate of Athens is of course known in the United States; and the articles of capitulation; negotiated, it is said, by the French Admiral, were honourable to the defenders, and faithfully observed by the Turks.
"Two parties were formed to visit the celebrated remains of the city of Minerva. The first took the day after our arrival; and the other, to which I belonged, the day following. We set out on our excursion at an early hour, and landed at Port Leon, the ancient Piræus, the principal of the three ports of that city of walled walls, and the seat of her principal power and wealth. The ruins scattered around its borders give, only to the extent of ground they occupy, an idea of the numerous apartments, the store-houses, arsenals and defences, which belonged to this celebrated naval station. Modern times of war have, in rivalry of former times, given a specimen of their more rapid though not less certain powers of destruction. The ruins of an old monastery, battered down by Cochrane's steam vessel, remain a memorial of her exploit.
"This port might have answered well enough for the small crafts of the ancients, but would not accommodate more than two or three of our frigates. Although small, it however appears to be a secure harbour. We walked from the Piræus to Athens, a distance of about four or five miles. The first object to attract our attention, which we met with in that famous city, was the hill of Arrogatus, a rocky and uneven eminence. There are no remains of the edifice in which that celebrated court held its sitting, at which tribune the soul of war stood on his pedestal. The rostrum where Demosthenes spoke, and the open space occupied by his auditors, next offered itself to our observation. Meeting with refusal to enter the Acropolis, from the rudeness of the Turks, who gave us to understand that we must wait for the arrival of our captain, whom we expected; in the meantime, our time was employed in viewing the Temple of Pheusus, which is in a more perfect state than any of the other antique buildings. It is an oblong building, surrounded by a portico of fluted pillars of the Doric order, the frieze is ornamented with bas-reliefs, representing some of the exploits of Pheusus. There are two doors, one in each front of the building, which are the only openings—there being no windows.
"On our return to the gate of the Acropolis, the Turks were civil, and allowed us to enter. The summit stands the temple of Minerva, considered the most perfect model of architecture in the world. It is of great extent, and the pillars Doric; said to be 42 feet high, and of proportionate circumference. Most of the bas-reliefs in a very perfect state of preservation. Besides the Parthenon, within the Acropolis, is the Temple of Neptune Erectheus, and Minerva Polia, built, it is said, on the spot where Neptune and Minerva contended for the honour of naming the city. This building is of the Ionic order, and colossal female figures support the capitals, instead of the usual pillars. After seeing all that was to be seen in the Acropolis, and suffering some inconvenience from the Turkish soldiers, (who did not appear to be the most polite people in the world,) we took our leave and proceeded to the Temple of Jupiter Olympus. This building, or rather its remaining pillars, are comparatively modern; it was built by the Emperor Adrian. The pillars are said to be sixty two feet in height, are fluted, of the Corinthian order and are in three rows. They have a magnificent appearance. Opposite the Temple of Jupiter Olympus is a beautiful marble gate, with the following inscription, in Greek: 'This is the gate of the city of Adrian, and not of Pheusus.'
"Late in the evening we went to our boats, and returned to the ship much gratified with our trip, but a little disappointed in not being allowed to carry away a few specimens of the marble. The Turks, whether from a love of antiquities, or some other cause, being very particular in preventing us from taking away any. The exterior wall, which is most modern, is the part of the Acropolis which has sustained nearly all the damage from the Turks. The Temple of Minerva, and the other antiquities, received little or no injury during the siege."

DIAMONDS.
The following interesting paragraphs are taken from a brief notice in the Edinburgh Journal of Science, of "An Account of the Diamond Workings and Diamonds of Sumbulpoore." By Peter Breton, esq. Surgeon, Superintendent of the School of native Doctors, at Calcutta.
The districts of Chota, Magpore, and Sirgoujah, are not marked for their productions. But Sumbulpoore has been, from time immemorial, distinguished for its production of the finest oriental diamonds in the known world. They are occasionally found in the bed of the Mahanuddie, and at the mouths of other rivers which terminate in it. The following is an extract from the observations of a gentleman, whose source of information on this interesting subject was the best that could be obtained in Sumbulpoore.
"The Mahanuddie is navigable for six months in the year, though not without obstructions and difficulties for boats of three or four hundred maunds burthen, from the Sea to Soneerain, which cannot be less than 380 miles, and for smaller vessels as far as Sumbulpoore for ten months. Diamonds of various sizes, and of the first quality, are occasionally found at the mouths of the rivers, Manul Khe, Keb, and others, which all have their sources in the mountainous parts of Coorba, Sirgoujah, Raoguri, Jangpore, and Gangpore, and fall into the Mahanuddie on its left bank. They are also picked up after the termination of the rains amongst the mud and sand deposited on the beds of islands on the left bank, where the stream, being resisted, makes a sharp turn, by means of a peculiar class, whose occupation is to search for them.
The diamond searchers, with their women and children, amounting to between four and five hundred persons, are annually employed from the month of November till the commencement of the rainy season, in searching the bed of the Mahanuddie for diamonds. They examine such parts of the river as are obstructed by rocks from Chunderpore to Soneerain, a distance of about 120 miles, and all the hollows in the bed of the Mahanuddie in which alluvial matter is deposited. The process pursued by the searchers is extremely simple, and three implements only are used by them. The first is a kind of pick axe, with one pick called ankoo; the second a plank of about five feet in length, and two feet in width, made a little concave towards the centre, and a rim of three inches in height on each side, called Dooer; and third, a board of similar form and only half the size of the former called Koolah. With the pick axe the earth is dug out of the hollows, and collected in heaps near the stream, pieces of this earth are then placed by the women on the large board, which is so inclined as to allow the earth, when mixed with water, gradually to run off the pebbles and coarse gravel are then picked and thrown away, and the remaining mass is afterwards removed from the large to the small board, and spread over the latter, to admit of every particle being minutely examined, and gems and grains of gold, if any be present, being collected. The earth in which the diamonds usually found consists of a mixture of stiff reddish clay, pebbles, and a small proportion of sand, and a little oxide of iron. This earth the searchers take particular pains to find, and they examine every particle of it with the greatest attention.
In the reign of the former rajahs and ranees in Sumbulpoore, the right to all diamonds found in the bed of the Mahanuddie was established, and on a diamond of magnitude being found by the Ibaras, the finder was rewarded by a grant of a small village in Jagere, and by presents in money and clothes. When detected in secreting a diamond, they were punished with death, or by being severely beaten and deprived of their Jagere; and of the privilege of again searching for diamonds.
The facility with which a diamond when found by the Ibaras, can be secreted, (for, instead of vigilance being exercised over them, they are left to use their own discretion in searching for this gem,) and the extreme difficulty in detecting the fraud, render it more than probable that many very valuable diamonds are at this moment in the possession of the finders, which they are afraid to disclose. For in 1818, on the power of the British government being established at Sumbulpoore, a diamond, which had been secreted by the searchers, was actually brought and delivered to the late political agent, and by him sent to government as a part of the property of Sumbulpoore, which, by right of conquest became the property of the state. It weighed eighty four grains, and was valued at 5000 rupees.
At Sumbulpoore the quality of the diamond is named after the four tribes of the Hindoos. A diamond of the first quality is called Brahmim; the second is named Chetree; the third Bysh; and the fourth Soudraj; and from experience, the native jewellers judge pretty accurately of their respective qualities.
"The valley of Sumbulpoore is 410 feet above the sea."

GIBRALTAR.
The advices from Gibraltar are to the 17th ult. The Chronicle of the 14th states that the insurgents in Spain, to the number of 2000, took possession of Reus, (in Catalonia) on the 9th of September, and imprisoned the principal inhabitants until the 21st and certain contributions. The rebels had previously entered Vendill, where they levied 85000 and were masters of Banes and other places on the coast. 4000 troops had arrived at Tarragona from Valencia, and subsequently marched out. The Madrid Gazette of the 4th, which had previously kept a strict silence on these matters, gives a detailed account of the proceedings of the rebels since 1825, and concludes with a royal order, directing a considerable body of troops of the line to be sent to Catalonia, and announcing that a general officer will be appointed to superintend the military operations, with powers from His Majesty to pardon the rebels, excepting the leaders.—Balt. Amer.
American Theatrical Engagements.
The following is a statement of sums paid to various London performers, by the Manager of the Philadelphia and Baltimore Theatres, taken from the books of the Treasurer:
Mr. George Cooke, 3,334 1 6 14,900
Mr. Keen, (1st engagement), 2,876 4 0 10,800
Mr. Keen, (2d engagement), 1,628 1 0 8,100
Mr. Matthews, 1,653 8 0 7,600
Mr. Phillips, 1,828 6 4 6,100
Mr. Macready, 1,236 12 0 5,300
Miss L. Kelly, 1,151 12 0 5,100
Mr. Ingleton, 1,099 0 0 4,450
Mr. James Wallack, 699 1 6 3,100
Mr. & Mrs. Bartley, 428 8 0 1,950
Mrs. Knight (late Miss Povey), 413 11 1 1,850
Passengers by the packet ship Montezuma, Captain West, at Philadelphia, from Liverpool.—Mr. Wemyss of the Philadelphia Theatre, accompanied by Mr. Southwell of the Theatre Royal Drury Lane, Mrs. Southwell, servant and child; Mr. and Mrs. Mover and Master Mover of the Theatre Royal Drury Lane, Mr. S. Chapman, Theatre Royal Covent Garden, Mr. Hinkings of the Theatre Royal York, Mr. Willis of the King's Theatre Italian Opera House, Mr. Norton of the King's Theatre and Professor of Music to the Royal Academy, Mr. and Miss Ken of the Adelphi Theatre, Miss Emery of the Theatre Royal Bristol, Miss Hawthorn of the Theatre Royal Drury Lane and Covent Garden, Mrs. Ken and Miss Worchman, Mr. Pagett, Mr. Fisher, Mr. Lockens, Mr. Haylan, Mr. J. Tains, Master Chapman and Mrs. Wert.
In addition to the ladies and gentlemen who accompany Mr. Wemyss in the Montezuma, we understand that Mr. and Mrs. Sloman, Mrs. Austin and Miss George have been engaged, and will appear as stars during the season. They may be expected in the Algonquin.

SCALDS & BURNS.
The following recipe will be found singularly efficacious in cases of scalds and burns, if applied in time, and will even remove inflammation after it has taken place.
Lined oil and lime water, each equal parts—the bottle to be shaken previous to application, as the ingredients will separate—lint or a piece of linen to be applied to the burn and kept constantly saturated with the liniment.—N. E. Farmer.
The New-York Commercial Advertiser computes the loss of human lives in that city, by falling from the wharves in the night, at 730 in a year, and hence urges the necessity of placing a fence round the slips.
The Mexican squadron, under Commodore Porter, consisting of the Libertad, Guerrero, Herman, and Surpize, was off Havana on the 27th ult. all well and in high spirits.
The Falls of Niagara have been found by actual measurement to be 138 feet four inches.
An operation was performed lately on the grand son of John D. Brown, Esq. in South Carolina, to extract from the windpipe a water melon seed, which threatened suffocation. As soon as opening was made in the windpipe, the seed was ejected by the air from the lungs, with great force, and instantaneous relief afforded to the little sufferer. In a few days the child had recovered.
The Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church, has an income of about 5000 dollars a year, and employs its missionaries chiefly among the different tribes of Indians.

Public Sale.
By virtue of an order from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, the subscriber will, on the 16th day of November next, if fair, if not the next fair day thereafter, offer for sale, the residue of
The Personal Estate
of J. H. Tillard, late of said county, deceased, consisting of Negroes, Cattle, Horses, Sheep, Hogs, Plantation Utensils, Household and Kitchen Furniture, &c. &c. Terms of Sale—All sums of twenty dollars or upwards, six months credit, note with good security; under that sum the cash to be paid. Sale to commence at 9 o'clock.
Thomas J. Hall, one of the administrators.
Oct 23.
Sheriff's Sale.
By virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of Anne Arundel county court, and to me directed against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements, of John G. Rogers at suit of Samuel Harris, I have seized and taken in execution, one negro Man by the name of Stephen, four head Horses, four work Oxen, three milch cows, twenty head Sheep, twenty five head Hogs, and one Gig and Harness, and on Thursday the 15th day of November next, at the residence of said Rogers, I shall proceed to sell the said property to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy the debt due as aforesaid. Sale to commence at eleven o'clock.
R. Welch, of Ben. Shff. A. A. county.
Oct 25
In Chancery,
September Term, 1827.
Henry C. Drury
Frederick Mills, & Others.
The bill in this case states, that a certain Achsah Mills sold and agreed in writing to convey, to the complainant, her portion of a tract of land in Anne Arundel county called "Holloway's Neck." said agreement is dated the 25th of June 1810, and is exhibited with the bill. The bill states, that the purchase money was paid, but no deed ever executed; that Achsah Mills is dead, and that Frederick Mills, Charlotte Lanham, and Lanham her husband, and Elizabeth, the wife of the complainant, are the heirs of the said Achsah; and that the said Charlotte Lanham, and her husband, and the said Frederick Mills, live out of the state. The object of the bill is to procure a conveyance from the said heirs to the complainant of the said Achsah's portion of said lands and interest therein, and all their interest therein derived through her. The bill states, that the purchase money was fully paid for said Achsah's interest in said land. It is thereupon, this nineteenth day of October, 1827, Ordered and adjudged, that the complainants, by insuring a copy of this order in one of the Annapolis newspapers, once in each of three successive weeks before the nineteenth day of November next, give notice to the absent defendants of the substance and object of this bill, that they may be warned to appear in this court in person or by solicitor, on or before the first day of March next, to answer the premises, and shew cause, if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.
True Copy—Test.
Ransay Waters, Reg. C. C. Can. 3w
Oct 25
Notice.
The Justices of the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, will be in session on every TUESDAY, from this day until the meeting of the County Court in April next, and NOT on SATURDAY as heretofore, of which all persons having business to lay before them will please to take notice.
By order,
Thos. H. Hall, Reg. C. C. Can. R.
NOTICE.
The Levy Court of Anne Arundel County, will meet at the Court House in the city of Annapolis, on the 2d Monday in November next, for the purpose of settling with the supervisors of the public roads, and on the second Tuesday of the same month will offer to the lowest bidder the necessary repairs to the gaol.
By order,
William S. Green, Ck. R.
STEAM-BOAT

MARYLAND.
The Maryland will discontinue her Sunday route until the Spring, when she will again resume her regular routes. She will likewise leave Annapolis for the Eastern Shore at 11 o'clock, instead of half past 11.
L. G. Taylor.
Oct 25.

CURIOS CHANGE OF NAME.
The following singular application made to the Legislature of Tennessee, is a misapprehension.
He travel
Six Natic
alter the name Susannah Green
William Crimer, which was not
first time and passed. [The woman
had been considered a Pagan, and
worn female clothes upwards of
years, and had gone by a female
name.]
In 1825, petitioner changes his
name to Virginia, married a wife,
is now living in Green county.]

WINTER.
The Vermont papers say, that the snow has already fallen to the depth of six feet upon the White Mountains.
OHIO.
The death of the Hon. Mr. Wilson, representative in congress from Ohio, created a vacancy in the delegation from that state, which has been filled by the election of a Mr. Stanton, a devoted Jacksonian. The election was understood, turned entirely on the Presidential question.
Balt. Republican.
Illinois and Missouri.
The mode of appointing electors in Illinois and Missouri, generally, is by the people of each state, and calculations on the subject of the next election are not unfrequently made, predicated upon a probability of the voters of one or both states. This is a mistake; both states have in 1828 by General Ticket, and there is no probability of a division of the vote of either. In Missouri, the mode of providing for the appointment of electors is somewhat peculiar. The state is divided into districts; one or more of each of those districts is chosen by the voters of the whole state, no two persons residing in the same district can be chosen as electors, and the person (resident in any one district) having the greatest number of votes given in that district, will be the elector of that district. The practical consequence of this regulation will be, that each voter will give his vote to two persons, no two of whom reside in the same district; and the result will be the same as in the ordinary general ticket system, with the exception that the residence of the electors.

SENATOR.
Washington, Oct. 20.
High L. White, at present a Senator in Congress from Tennessee, has been re-elected to that office by the vote of the state, now in session, for six years from the 3d of March next, when his present term of service will expire.
It has been expressed, that an appointment should have been received by the Legislature, so long in session, of the new term of service of the Senator; but it may be accounted for, by the fact, that the Legislature of the state, which we believe, biennially, will not meet in another session before the year 1830.

FROM LIBERIA.
The Board of Managers of the Colonization Society have, by a late arrival from Africa, received advices from their Agent at Liberia, of a most encouraging and gratifying character, as to the continued health and condition of the colony.
DOMESTIC INDUSTRY.
By the last Rhode Island papers, it appears, incredible as it may seem, that the Lace School of New York alone, employs over six hundred hands, and that the same number would be employed, and on a comparison with the work appears not inferior to the best made in Europe.

SINGULAR COINCIDENCE.
Died, in Lainsburg, Portage county, Ohio, on the 21st of September, Moses and Aaron Wilcox, aged about 30. They, as we are informed, were twin brothers, born on the same day; they were married on the same day; their wives being sisters; they hoped to have experienced religion on the same day, and attached themselves to the same church, and on the same day; they engaged in mercantile business together, at Middleburg, and failed together; from thence they removed and settled themselves in this state, at a place which from them derived the name of Twin-burgh; they were taken sick on the same day, and were buried in the same grave, and have left their perished children the same rich inheritance of an unsullied moral and christian character.
The singular identity which pervaded the character of these men, and the events of their lives, manifested itself no less in their persons. During their youth and middle age, so nearly did they resemble each other as to challenge the most discriminating eye to distinguish them. Employed in the early part of their lives, in the neighborhood of each other, as school teachers, they were wont occasionally to change schools, and always without detection, on the part of the scholars, of the change. What reader of this that passes through Twinsburg, will not think of the Twins?
Cleveland Herald.
Oct 25.

MOUSING RAT.
On the farm of Lynton, near Falkirk, Eng. there is a remarkable instance not only of docility, but usefulness, in a rat. It first discovered the mice caught in traps, and was afterwards seen to catch them as they ventured from their holes, till at length the whole house was cleared of these vermin, except, as is believed a single one. It has frequently been seen in pursuit of this solitary mouse, and the little fugitive, which takes refuge behind the ingle, has a part of its fur singed off. From the service it renders, the family kindly protect the rat, and it runs about and gambols among them on the floor without the least uneasiness. It sometimes disappears for a week or ten days, and it is supposed that, in these intervals, it visits the stackyard in its professional capacity.
HYMNICAL.
Married, on Sunday last, on the North side of Severn, by the Rev. Mr. Watkins, Mr. HENRY BALDWIN, to Miss SUSANNAH PEACE.
In Limington on the 14th Inst. Mr. GEORGE SKELL, jun. to Miss ESTHER CHASE.
Ye men of distant regions hear,
The wonders of this place;
A man went chasing far and near
A chasing what? A Chase.
And oh let not the bard be blamed
Who speaks this pious case,
The sole reward that he obtain'd
Was—what? 'twas wild goose Chase.
A virgin too—belov'd by all,
Pursu'd with eager haste,
Thy' her temptation was but Small,
Has given up the Chase.
And yet, O strange perplexing case,
(How sad our fortunes fall),
'Tis said of him who got the Chase,
He'll find his joy but Small.

Notice.
The Commissioners of the Tax for Anne Arundel county, will meet at the court house in the city of Annapolis, on Tuesday the 20th day of November next, for the purpose of hearing appeals and making transfers &c.
By order,
R. I. Cowman, Ck.
Com. of the Tax A. A. county
Oct 25
Sheriff's Sale.
By virtue of three writs of fieri facias issued out of Anne Arundel county court and to me directed, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements, of Richard G. Watkins, at suit of Henry C. Drury, of Samuel, and Nicholas Owens, of Izard, and at suit of Thomas J. Hall, use of B. Donald & Ridgely, I have seized and taken in execution, all the right, title, interest, property, claim and demand, either at law or in equity, to all those tracts or parts of tracts or parcels of land called "Gassaway's Lot, Bear Ridge, and Nathan's Purchase," containing 298 acres of land, more or less, and on Thursday the 15th day of November next, at the premises, I shall proceed to sell the said property or so much thereof as may be necessary to discharge the claims, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy the debt due as aforesaid. Sale to commence at 2 o'clock.
R. Welch, of Ben. Shff. A. A. C.
Oct 25.

IRISH COTTON.
Since the repeal of the board of protection duties in 1825, the cotton manufacture has begun to make a very considerable progress in Ireland. This is proved by a statement laid before the House of Commons, which shows that the number of yards of cotton goods, manufactured chiefly from yarn sent from England, exported from Ireland to Great Britain, in 1822 amounted to 466,667; in 1823, to 536,646; in 1824, to 640,000; and in 1825, it amounted to 800,000; nearly twelvefold increased in four years, by the abolition of duties, were intended to protect the industry of Ireland.

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Oct 25
Sheriff's Sale.
By virtue of three writs of fieri facias issued out of Anne Arundel county court and to me directed, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements, of Richard G. Watkins, at suit of Henry C. Drury, of Samuel, and Nicholas Owens, of Izard, and at suit of Thomas J. Hall, use of B. Donald & Ridgely, I have seized and taken in execution, all the right, title, interest, property, claim and demand, either at law or in equity, to all those tracts or parts of tracts or parcels of land called "Gassaway's Lot, Bear Ridge, and Nathan's Purchase," containing 298 acres of land, more or less, and on Thursday the 15th day of November next, at the premises, I shall proceed to sell the said property or so much thereof as may be necessary to discharge the claims, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy the debt due as aforesaid. Sale to commence at 2 o'clock.
R. Welch, of Ben. Shff. A. A. C.
Oct 25.