

LECTION. Monday... the 21st ult. melancholy dis- drawn into the Niagara, and gulf of the ca- on Tuesday Wheeler Buf- and a man by of Chataque Creek, upon ara river, in a lo. The wind the river, but d by a fresher stream, which at its presence, the boat di- which are low. As the three per- for shore- ly was fortun- l. The other g for some mi- s, but no help the shore, and into the aby- upon a small urt distance a-

Maryland Gazette
ANNAPOLIS,
THURSDAY, APRIL 6, 1826.

Married, in Baltimore, on the 10th ult. by the Rev. Mr. Uihlhorn, Mr. Samuel R. Hager's town, to Miss Elizabeth, youngest daughter of Conrad Schell, the former place.

For the Md. Gazette.

TO A BIRD.

Say, dear lord warbler, why dost thou fly
To rove abroad in winter's cold?
And meet the blast, who dost not feel
Of thy sweet song? Did I not find
And keep thee warm within my loving breast?
Of all I had hadst thou not ever the best?

Was I not pleased, while listening night
Unto thy pensive airs of melody?
Was there one note I deemed of lightly?
Would I permit mine ear to rove
To sweetest sounds, that rose in air,
Upon the dewy air, my Bird, to thee?

Have I not dreamed of angel-choirs,
Up-winging from the arms of fate,
When 'neath the moon's reflected rays,
I listened with suspended breath
To thy soft voice, that chose a tale
Of love and faith, as though thou knewest
them well?

And yet thou sought'st the dreary hills
The snow-wrapped desert of the glade,
Where thy last notes shall wake the rill,
That mourns within its vernal shade.
Unfelt, forlorn! thy dying notes shall fall
Where nature sleeps within her icy pall.

Ah, there, perchance, I yet may meet
A lifeless thing dropt on the snow,
And with my tears in sadness greet thee,
But that thou mayst not care to know,
Then heed me not—but lone, and cold
Sing on thy death-song's pensive melody.

CITY ELECTION.

The following statement shows the result of the Election held in this city on Monday last for seven gentlemen to compose a Board of Common Council:

ANTI-CANTON.

John Randall, jun. 10
George Shaw 10
James Murray 10
William R. Thompson, 10
Joseph Sands, jun. 10
Richard J. Crabo, 10
William M. Parlin, 10

PRO-CANTON.

George Wells, sen. 10
Jeremiah Hughes, 10
Henry Hobbs, 10
Jeremiah L. Boyd, 10
Nicholas Brewer, sen. 10
B. B. Brewer, 10
Thomas N. Alexander 10
Washington G. Tuck, 10

* Mr. Tuck withdrew his name from the ticket sometime after the polls were opened, and Mr. Alexander's was substituted.

THE JEFFERSON LOTTERY.

From the Baltimore Chronicle.

The following extract is taken from a letter just received from one of Mr. Jefferson's neighbours and most intimate friends. It is very similar to the one contained in the extract, had been suggested to us by a generous and distinguished friend here:

"The tickets in Mr. Jefferson's lottery will come out for sale on the 15th April, which is his birthday. Now my idea is, that the citizens of the U. S. might refer to him in the most delicate way, by purchasing the tickets and burning them. To make it more flattering, they might burn them on the 4th July, and remit him the money on the same day."

From the Alexandria Gazette of Saturday.

It was yesterday conceded by all, that the question on the proposed amendments to the Constitution, would be taken that evening; but Mr. McDuffie's speech has given a new turn to the debate, and will probably prostrate it for another week. We were his bold and pointed charges of corruption against Mr. Adams, Mr. Clay, and several other gentlemen of the House, the reply to him seems to be deemed indispensably necessary.

From the Connecticut Herald.

MELANCHOLY CATASTROPHE.

We have been favoured with the following extract of a letter, from a respectable shipmaster of this port, giving an account of the destruction of the whole of the Methodist Mission family, located at the island of Antigua, by shipwreck. It is dated

Antigua, March 5th, 1826.

"A most distressing and melancholy shipwreck occurred near this island the past week, attended with such circumstances as seem almost incredible, and we can only say, that, for the wisest purposes, though often to us inscrutable, the Lord has done it."

"About four weeks since there was a yearly general meeting at St. Kitts, of the Methodist missionaries from the neighbouring islands, from this place went the Rev. Mr. White, wife, three children and servants, Rev. Mr. Hilliar, Rev. Mr. Oakley, Rev. Mr. Jones, wife, and infant child. They left St. Kitts a few days since to return to this island, having added to the number Mr. Hilliar, another missionary, and his wife. The vessel in which they embarked, called the number of the mission family, at that time, amounting to thirteen souls as above, including our own. At Montserrat, their friends advised them to leave the vessel in which they were (being a doll sailor), and go on board the mail boat Maria, then ready to sail for the island. They did so; and a young lady who took passage with them. The schooner which they had left, arrived here yesterday, and brought the baggage of the mission family, which they did not think best to take on, the ordinary passage being only a few hours. Some alarm was felt for the mail boat but as the wind was very high, it was supposed that she probably had been blown over her sails, and put back in the bay. P. M. the 3d inst. however, we were brought to land, that part of the wreck was seen on the Weymouth, with two persons

Two or three boats immediately went down to her, and found it to be the mail boat Maria, and the only survivor of twenty-two souls was Mrs. Jones, in a state of insensibility.

It appears that she had been placed by the captain, (Whitney) between the bowsprit and the mast, where she could not wash away. She was in her night dress only, with her hair in a curl or coil on, and a sailor's cap on her head. The body of Capt. W. (the only one found) was lying near the bowsprit, and was buried yesterday. He had not been dead, probably more than an hour, as he was seen on the bowsprit about 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Mrs. Jones, it is hoped, is slowly recovering, and so far recollects her recollection, as to say, that she knows all the circumstances of the shipwreck but the doctor forbids her being questioned at present. The following circumstances, however, have been communicated by her—The vessel struck on the reef, in the night. Three or four days had elapsed, when she was taken off. Mr. White, his wife, three children, and servant, all went away together, clinging to each other; Mr. Hilliar attempted to swim to the island, and was drowned in her sight; his infant was washed away from her arms; his husband died on her lap, the night before she was taken off, and was washed away.

On returning recollection open to her the memory of the scene she has witnessed, I am often often exclaiming, "O, Captain Whitney, did he save me!" She must, indeed, be an unhappy lovely woman; and her grief for the remembrance of this mournful event. She is undoubtedly most to be pitied, for we have good reason to suppose the hope, that her kind friends are in heaven—that the scenes of Weymouth were but a passage to the haven of bliss. Dark, deep, and mysterious, are the ways of a righteous and unerring Providence! With wonder and astonishment, we behold a delicate and slender woman, of twenty years, for four days without sustenance, exposed to the inclemency of the weather, supported while highly scoured were twenty-one persons! We see, in a few short hours, the whole mission family, on the island, called from their earthly labours, and to receive, as we trust, a heavenly reward; but who can stay his hand? or who shall say to the Supreme Governor of the Universe, what dost thou? Shall not the Judge of all the earth do right?

A short about four miles from the harbor, and only a half a mile from a small island called Sandy Island.

Extract of a letter dated Port-au-Prince, March 12.

The President has refused to ratify the Treaty with France—the proclamation to that effect is here enclosed.

PROCLAMATION OF PRESIDENT BOYER—LIBERTY—EQUALITY.

Brethren! The power with which I have been invested by the Constitution, and the confidence of which you have given me the proof in the most difficult circumstances, have laid me under an honourable obligation, at all times, to inform you what I have undertaken, to insure your happiness, and to execute the rights which you have so gloriously gained by conquest.

"My proclamation of the 11th July, 1825, formed one of the negotiation concluded in the Capital with the Envoys of his Christian Majesty. In accepting the act which recognizes the independence of Hayti, we must conceal from ourselves the vague nature of its dispositions. We saw at once the necessity of a power which might be given to us, but we should have thought it impossible to the French government to suppose it actuated by any other thoughts or intentions than such as, in a declaration of the nature, can alone honour and immortalize the sovereign who proclaimed it.

"Interests, however, and rights so dear as those of our country, could not be abandoned to arbitrary interpretation. My duty required of me to ask precise explanations. I have asked them. The Commissioners charged for that purpose, I invested with full powers, who were moreover charged to require in France the basis of our commercial relations, have returned. They have done every thing in their power, worthy to fulfil their mission, but they have not obtained that which they were specially charged to require. The essential clauses of the Convention they have handed to me, not being conformable precisely with the interests of Hayti, prudence requires that nothing shall be concluded in the business, in the well founded hope that ulterior explanation may produce the desired result.

"So far from prejudging any thing against the loyalty of the views of the French Ministry, doubtless, will clear up to the satisfaction of both parties, the important points as to which it is our duty to exercise the most scrupulous vigilance. Nevertheless, I shall always feel bound by my engagements, because good faith should be the first rule of conduct for those who govern States.

"Still in the existing condition of things, I will it to myself, to my country, and to the world, to declare the sense in which the Government of Hayti accepted the ordinance of 17th April.

"Free and independent for 22 years, Hayti has seen in that ordinance the application with respect to her of a formality to legitimize, in the eyes of other nations, the government of a people who had constituted themselves sovereign. It is this formalism from which results the renunciation by the King of France, for himself and his successors, of all sovereignty over the territory of the republic, of which we have obtained the independence, of which the 1st instalment has been paid, as will the others be punctually. The present legislature, in declaring the independence a national debt, have given a new guarantee of the good faith of their government.

"Thus there cannot exist, in the opinion of the world, the least doubt that such is the only reasonable interpretation of the ordinance recognizing the independence of Hayti—an interpretation, moreover, in strict accordance with the preceding manifestos of this government.

"I declare the declaration of your chief magistrate is in harmony with your own determination, which has been made on family, which they did not think best to take on, the ordinary passage being only a few hours. Some alarm was felt for the mail boat but as the wind was very high, it was supposed that she probably had been blown over her sails, and put back in the bay. P. M. the 3d inst. however, we were brought to land, that part of the wreck was seen on the Weymouth, with two persons

deeds and obedience which are their due. Forget not that union and concord will ever make your greatest strength. Clarify the public mind in the country, and let your thankful hearts daily offer to the Supreme Being the tributes of homage demanded by the wonderful protection he has granted you.

Soldiers! In charging you with the particular care of watching for its defence, the country does not dispense with the obligations I have enumerated. You have already given the measures of what valour can do guided by patriotism. Show yourselves, in all circumstances, faithful to honour and your duty. I will confide my glory to your devotedness, as I trust my happiness in the glory of my country.

Given at the National palace of Port au Prince, March 5th, 1825, 23rd year of Independence. BOYER.

From the Calcutta Government Gazette.

BURMAH.—The period since the cessation of active operations to the eastward, on account of the rains, has been productive of various reports concerning the views and preparations of the enemy, many of them curious and amusing, but none of them sufficiently authentic to be relied on. Among other on this of recent importation from Pegue, 4,200 Burmese had established themselves at Patanagoh, a post not far from Promé.

"A Burmese, who fled to Ava, after the capture of Donabaw, stated that the King had particularly requested the Chief Choo-noon-Bo, as to the certainty of the death of the Maha Bundoolah, and the reply was in the affirmative. It was quite impossible, he added, to resist the force of the English, either by land or water. Choo-noon-Bo suggested the expediency of the King himself taking the command of the army, but even then he expected no other result than that which had been the issue of the capture of Amoy, by the English, which put the city into great consternation.

"Naming the commander in chief, was anxious to effect a revolution, being weary of the ruinous measures of the King, and the desolation which the continuance of the war had produced throughout the empire. He therefore represented to his Majesty, that there was a rock named Kalahdoun, distant from Ava about 18 miles, to which if he proceeded alone, and was able to break any part of it, his success against the English would be ensured. But superstitious as the Court is, to be a trick contrived by Namine, to get the Golden Feet into a solitary place for the purpose of destroying him, and after seizing the reins of Government, entering into terms with the English at Promé. Upon this view of the case, the Chief Namine had been trodden to death under an elephant, by order of the King. And it was further said, that his Majesty wished to appoint the Prince of Sarawaddy his successor, as Commander in Chief, but was dissuaded from it by one of the women of his Palace. Main-Meean-Bo, the King's half-brother, was then nominated to the situation, with 60,000 men at his disposal, or rather 66,666, there being something magical in the number. Among them are said to be three Fénal sham Chiefs, with 2,000 followers, whose powers are so prodigious, that by holding up a finger on the firing of a cannon, the ball is turned to water!

"Moon-Sho-Azor was in confinement at Ava, and Laushago, the Shabunder of Rangoon still in irons."

Much has been said respecting the Assemblage of Mexican troops in Yucatan, and the following authentic statement translated by the Editor of the Philadelphia National Gazette, from the Mexican Agula of the 15th ult. throws some light upon the subject.

"The secretary of War has reported to the Supreme Congress, that in the opinion of the Executive, there are troops and other means enough to make a considerable landing on the coasts of Cuba, which will serve as a rallying point for the inhabitants of that island who may choose to adopt the cause of liberty; and the number of these is certainly great; but that to avoid all risk, however remote, the expedition must not be single on which account the Executive designed to concert with President Bolivar a joint expedition, in case the Congress should lend their sanction; that he had sent a respectable portion of our army to Yonacatan, the proximity of which to the island is known to every one, with the object to resist every hostile attempt on the part of the enemy, and to be nearer for the purposes of the expedition in question."

COMMERCE OF THE WEST.

Some idea may be formed of the increasing prosperity and growth of the Western country, from the fact of four steamboats having been launched at Cincinnati, Ohio, in one day, (the 24th last month). Such, says the editor of the Kentucky Whig, are the fruits of our free political institutions, of which we shall continue to boast in spite of the malignant sneers of Edinburgh and Quarterly Reviewers—such are the existing and visible demonstrations of the excellence of our government;—such are the unequivocal demonstrations of its capabilities to advance the prosperity and happiness of man in his social state."

The Chestertown Telegraph says, that the post office at Georgetown Cross roads, in Kent county, Md. which was discontinued sometime since, is again revived and in operation.

WHEAT PROSPECTS IN VIRGINIA.

The wheat and other small grain, wherever we have heard from, is reported to be uncommonly promising. In the neighbouring counties of North Carolina, we learn that the wheat, particularly, is so far advanced in its growth, that unless retarded by a hard frost, it will be ready for the sickle in the latter part of May.

Not. Her.

POSTSCRIPT

McDUFFIE'S RESOLUTIONS.
Extract of a letter to the editors of the American, dated House of Representatives 5 o'clock April 1st.

The question on Mr. McDuffie's last proposition to take from this House the election of President and Vice-President, has just been decided by the following vote: 138 for—103 against it.

On the 2d proposition, to establish a uniform system by districts, the vote was 90 for—103 against.

On the 3d proposition, to refer them to a committee of 24, to report, &c. the vote was ayes 113."

April 6 1m

We learn (says the Norfolk Beacon,) that the U. S. ship Guerriere, now lying at the Navy Yard Gosport, is ordered to be fitted for immediate service.

IMPORTANT.

From the Baltimore Patriot of Tuesday Evening.

Extract of a letter from a first rate source, to a merchant in Baltimore dated

London, 13th Feb. 1826.

Government has just received a despatch from Russia, stating that they will be compelled to declare war against Turkey to prevent a revolt of the Army—it is hoped, however, that through the mediation of Great Britain and France, the Porte will be induced to acknowledge the Independence of Greece, and thus prevent a war.

This is not generally known; be it as it may, things appear far from settled.

From Lord Liverpool's Speech, it is thought the Corn Law will not be altered this session, but as it is to be brought forward soon, I think it likely an alteration will take place, as ministers cannot well oppose such a measure, when their new commercial regulations are going into effect.

LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

By the ship Columbia, Graham, arrived at New-York from Liverpool, advices from London to the 1st and Liverpool to the 2d March have been received.

Many failures had lately taken place in England, and much commercial distress prevailed.

The Bank of England has agreed to assist the commercial interest by loans to the amount of three million of pledges of merchandise. This it was thought would have the effect to improve business.

The Duke of Wellington had proceeded with a splendid retinue of six carriages to congratulate the Emperor Nicholas on his accession. He arrived at Berlin on the 17th of Feb.

The Liverpool Mercury says "we can state on authority on which we ourselves place the greatest reliance, that urgent political negotiation, and not Court etiquette, is the chief object of the Duke's journey.—To prevent the general war to which the march of Russian troops against Turkey might lead, he is empowered to offer our co-operation for effecting the immediate and complete independence of Greece."

The accounts from St. Petersburg are unto February. It was said four hundred officers of distinction would be condemned to death. The arrest of Wm. Kuchelbecker, had just taken place in Warsaw.

An armistice was concluded between the British and Burmese armies on the 23d of Sept. to last for 53 days.

It is said that Spain has agreed to acknowledge the independence of the South American States.

The Greeks were carrying on the War against the Turks with success.

London, Feb. 28.

The Paris Constitutional states as a rumour which was gaining in well informed circles, that the Emperor Nicholas had sent an autograph letter to our monarch, declaring, that the state of things in Russia compelled him no longer to delay the passage of the Pruth; but to proceed at once to settle the affairs of the East, that he was determined to do every thing in his power not to disturb the general peace, and to maintain the harmony which had subsisted for 10 years amongst the principal European states; and that he wished to come to an understanding with the cabinet of St. James and the other great powers with respect to the mode of carrying into effect those projects of which he could no longer delay the execution. A copy of this letter is said to have been communicated to the French government, who delayed answering during 48 hours, although the reply was to be taken by the Duke of Wellington. It arrived, however, just before his grace quitted London for St. Petersburg, and its nature is described as rather evasive. If this statement be correct, let no one say that the influence of England has diminished, or that she is still considered, what she is in fact, as the arbiter of Europe. The measure of her importance may be found in the fact of such a letter being addressed to her sovereign; whilst a copy alone was thought sufficient for another powerful state.

The Art of Dancing.

MR. A. H. DUROCHER,
Respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Annapolis, that he will positively open

DANCING SCHOOL
in this city on the first day of May 1826, at the ASSEMBLY ROOM, and at the same time returns his sincere thanks for the encouragement he received last summer, and hopes by his utmost exertions to merit public patronage. Please apply for further information to Dr. Claude, General Marriot, or Mr. William son, with whom a subscription list is left.

April 6 1m

Public Sale.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, the subscriber will sell at public sale, on Tuesday the second day of May next, (if fair, if not the next fair day thereafter,) a part of the personal estate of Thomas Tongue, late of said county, deceased, consisting of valuable stock of cattle, horses, sheep, hogs, household and kitchen furniture, a handsome coach and harness, plantation utensils, &c. &c. Terms of sale—All sums of twenty dollars or upwards, a credit of six months will be given, the purchaser or purchasers giving note with good and sufficient security, bearing interest from date; all sums under that amount the cash must be paid. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.

Thomas I. Hall, Adm'r.

April 6 1m

NOTICE.

The letters of administration on the personal estate of Thomas Tongue, heretofore granted to Anna Tongue & T. I. Hall, having been revoked, and the administration committed to the subscriber, he hereby warns all persons who have claims against the estate, to exhibit them legally authenticated, and those indebted to make immediate payment to him.

Thomas I. Hall, Adm'r.

April 6 3w

Notice is hereby given,

That the subscriber has obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, letters of administration on the personal estate of George Allen, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present them, properly authenticated, and those indebted are desired to make payment.

Joseph Nicholson, Adm'r.

April 6 3w

State of Maryland, sc.
Anne Arundel county Orphans Court.

April 1st, 1826

On application by petition of Thomas I. Hall, administrator of Jesse Leitch, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette.

Thomas H. Hall, Reg. of Wills
A. A. County.

Notice is hereby given,

That the subscriber of A. A. county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Jesse Leitch, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers therefor, to the subscriber, on or before the 6th day of October next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 1st day of April 1826.

Thos. I. Hall, Adm'r.

April 6 6w

South River Bridge Company.

Notice is hereby given, to the stock holders in the South River Bridge Company, that an election for nine Directors, to manage the affairs of said company, for the ensuing year, will be held at Williamson's Hotel, in Annapolis, on Monday the 1st day of May next, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

Thomas Franklin, Treasurer.

April 6th 1826

To the Voters of Anne Arundel County.

Fellow-Citizens,

I offer myself as an ELECTOR OF THE SENATE, at the Election to be held on the First Monday in September next, and respectfully solicit your suffrages.

Your obt. servant,
WM. H. MARRIOTT.

Feb. 23d, 1826.

To be Rented,

That large and commodious Brick Dwelling House, at present occupied by Mrs. Edwards, fronting on the dock, and adjoining the dwelling-house of Mr. Richard Ridgely.

Possession can be given on the 1st April. For terms apply to
Heur. H. Maynardier.
Annapolis, March 30, 1826.

ATTENTION!

"First Annapolis Sharp Shooters."

You are requested to meet at the Ball Room on Saturday evening next at 7 o'clock, on business of importance to the Company.

By order,
JAMES DUNN, O. S.

April 6.

Seminary for Females.

The subscriber takes this opportunity of informing the citizens of Annapolis and its vicinity, that he has obtained a Lady to assist him in his Academy, where the following branches will be taught:

TERMS
Orthography 4 dolls. per Qr.
Reading and writing 45
Grammar and Arithmetic 6
Geography & History 8
Natural Philosophy, Chymistry, Composition, Rhetoric, Logic, Stenography, Mathematics, 10
Music, Needlework, &c extra charges.

N. B. The subscriber will take a few Boarding Scholars, on reasonable terms, where every attention will be paid to them, &c.

E. BENNETT.

April 6

In Chancery,

April 5th, 1826.

Ordered, That the sale made and reported by Louis Gassaway, trustee for the sale of the property in the case of Charles Waters, &c. against Elisha and Ephraim Marriot, and others, be ratified and confirmed; unless cause be shewn to the contrary before the 10th day of May next, provided a copy of this order be inserted once in each of three successive weeks, in one of the Annapolis newspapers, before the 5th day of May next.

The report states the amount of sales to be \$530.

True copy,
Ramsay Waters,
Rez Cur. Can.

Public Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery of the state of Maryland, the subscriber will expose at public sale, on Friday the 28th of the present month, if fair, if not the next fair day thereafter, on the premises, PART OF THE REAL ESTATE of the late Thomas Woodfield, deceased, situate on the head of South River, and containing 124 acres of land, more or less. Terms of sale cash, or on the ratification thereof by chancellor. Upon payment of the purchase money the trustee is authorized to execute a deed to the purchaser.

W. H. Woodfield, Trustee.
April 6, 1826.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Court of Appeals, and to me directed, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of John H. D. Lane, at suit of James Williamson, adm'r. of James Egoe, I have seized and taken in execution, all the right, title, interest, property, claim and demand, either at law or in equity, of the said Lane, to all that tract or part of a tract or parcel of land, now in the possession of the said Lane, called Grammer's Chance, containing one hundred and fifteen acres of land more or less; and I hereby give notice, that on Friday 28th April instant, at the premises, I shall proceed to sell the said land to the highest bidder, at 12 o'clock, for cash, to satisfy the debt due as aforesaid.

R. Welch, of Ben. Shff.
April 6, 1826.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of Frederick county court, and to me directed, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements, of Beal C. Stimpicomb, I have levied upon and taken in execution all the right, title, interest and claim, either at law or in equity, of the said Stimpicomb, in and to all that tract or part of a tract or parcel of land, lying and being on Elk Ridge, in Anne Arundel county, called Hammond's Discovery, containing three hundred acres land, more or less; and I hereby give notice, that on Friday the 28th day of April instant, at 12 o'clock, noon, I shall proceed to sell on the premises, the above mentioned tract of land, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy the debt due as aforesaid.

R. Welch, of Ben. Shff.
April 6, A. A. county.