New Goods.

JOSEPH EVANS,
Has just received, a supply of new and fashionable GOODS, suitable to the present season.

Among which are the following, viz.
Superfine and second quality Broad Cloths, Kerseymeres, India Nankeens and Cotton Cassimeres, Marseilles Vesting assorted, Russia Sheeting, Domestic Linens, German Linens, 4-4 and 7-8 Irish ditto, Kentings, Shirting Cambrics, Domestic Shirtings, Check, Domestic Stripes and Plaids, Bed Ticken, White Jeans, Cambric Muslins, Book Muslins, Mull Mull and Jaconet Cambric ditto, Lenos and other Fancy Muslins, Calicoes and Ribbons, Bombazeys, Crapes, Barcelona, Bandanna and Madrass Handkerchiefs, Men, Women and Boys Cotton Hose, ditto Beaver and Kid Gloves, Earthern and Glass Ware, Wootten's Scythes, Weeding Hoes and Spades, and Cut Nails.
With a variety of other articles, and a choice selection of

GROCERIES,
All of which he offers for sale at the most reduced prices for Cash, or on short credit to punctual customers
June tf.

Woodford Farm.
The subscriber will sell at private sale, that valuable farm in Anne Arundel county, about six miles from Ellicott's Mills, and sixteen from the city of Baltimore, containing upwards of one hundred acres. This land is within a mile of Col. John E. Howard's farm. The soil of Woodford is not inferior to any in the state of Maryland, and upon no land does plaister operate more effectually. A large proportion of the tract is heavily timbered, and much of the cleared land highly cultivated with clover and plaister. The short distance from Ellicott's Mills affords a ready market for the sale of all kinds of grain, &c. The subscriber will receive United States Stock, or Stock in any of the Banks in Baltimore, in payment for the purchase money. Any person wishing to purchase, can view the land by applying to the manager, Mr. Thomas Anderson, and applications of purchasers will be received by Colonel John E. Howard, in Baltimore, or the subscriber living in the city of Annapolis.
June 15. *Wm. H. Marriott.*

Just Published.
And for Sale, at this Office,
THE
PUBLIC LAWS
OF THE
STATE OF MARYLAND.
Passed at the last Session of the Legislature.
Price—50 Cents.
June 8.

Anne-Arundel County, sc.
ON application to me, the subscriber, in the recess of Anne-Arundel county court, as chief judge of the third judicial district of Maryland, by petition in writing of Ephraim Duvall, of said county, praying the benefit of the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session eighteen hundred and five, and the several supplements thereto, upon the terms mentioned in the said act, and the supplements thereto, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors on oath, as far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his petition; and being satisfied me that he has resided in the state of Maryland for the period of two years immediately preceding his application, having also stated in his petition that he is in confinement for debt, and having prayed to be discharged from his confinement on the terms prescribed in said acts, I do hereby order and adjudge, that the person of the said Ephraim Duvall be discharged; and by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in one of the newspapers printed in the city of Annapolis, once a week for three successive months, before the third Monday of September next, he give notice to his creditors to appear before the said county court, on the third Thursday of September next, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Ephraim Duvall, should not have the benefit of said act and its supplements, as prayed. Given under my hand this 23d day of May 1815.
May 25. *Jeremiah T. Chase.*

NOTICE.
The subscriber having declined business, takes this method of requesting all those indebted to the firm of *Ridgely and Weems*, and the late firm of *Ridgely and Pindell*, and his own private business, to call on and make payment to Messieurs WARFIELD & RIDGELY, who are authorised to settle the business of the above firms. He also takes this method of returning his thanks to his friends and the public generally, for their patronage and generosity manifested towards him for forty years past. Those who have claims against the subscriber are requested to bring them in.
June 22. *Absalom Ridgely.*

Tobacco Notes.
And other Blanks, for Sale at this Office.

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

AND POLITICAL INTELLIGENCER.

[VOL. LXXIII. — ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, AUGUST 10, 1815. — No. 32.]

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JONAS GREEN, CHURCH-STREET, ANNAPOLIS.

Price—Three Dollars per Annum.

FOREIGN.

Late and Important News from the Seat of War in Europe.

DEFEAT OF BUONAPARTE.

Boston Gazette Office, Monday, July 31—12 o'clock.

By the politeness of capt. Foster of the brig Favorite, who landed at Beverly last evening, in 35 days from Liverpool, we have received the following highly interesting intelligence.

London Gazette Extraordinary.

Downing street, June 22d, 1815.

Major the hon. H. Percy arrived last night with a despatch from Field Marshal the Duke of Wellington, K. G. to Earl Bathurst, his Majesty's principal Secretary of State for the War Department, of which the following is a copy.

Waterloo, June 19, 1815.

My Lord—Bonaparte having collected the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th and 6th corps of the French army and the Imperial Guards and nearly all the cavalry on the Sambre, and between that river and the Meause, between the 10th and 14th of the month, advanced on the 15th and attacked the Prussian posts at Thuin and Lobez on the Sambre, at day light in the morning.

I did not hear of these events till the evening of the 15th, and I immediately ordered the troops to prepare to march; and afterwards to march to their left, as soon as I had intelligence from other quarters to prove that the enemy's movements upon Charleroy was the real attack.

The enemy drove the Prussian post from the Sambre on that day; and general Zieten, who commanded the corps which had been at Charleroy, retired upon Fleurus; and Marshal Prince Blucher concentrated the Prussian army upon Sambref, holding the villages in front of his position of St. Amand and Ligny.

The enemy continued his march along the road from Charleroy towards Bruxelles, and on the same evening, the 15th, attacked a brigade of the army of the Netherlands, under the Prince de Weimar, posted at Frasne, and forced it back to the farm house on the same road, called Les Quartre Bras.

The Prince of Orange immediately reinforced this brigade with another of the same division, under Gen. Perponcher, and in the morning early regained part of the ground which had been lost, so as to have the command of the communication leading from Nivelles and Bruxelles, with Marshal Blucher's position.

In the mean time I had directed the whole army to march upon Les Quartres Bras, and the 5th division under Lieut. Gen. Sir Thomas Picton arrived at half past two in the day, followed by the corps of troops under the Duke of Brunswick, and afterwards by the contingent of Nassau.

At this time the enemy commenced an attack upon Prince Blucher with his whole force, excepting the 1st and 2d corps and a corps of cavalry under Gen. Kellerman, with which he attacked our post at Les Quartres Bras.

The Prussian army maintained their position with their usual gallantry and perseverance against a great disparity of numbers, as the 4th corps of their army had not joined, and I was not able to assist them as I wished, as I was attacked myself, and the troops, the cavalry in particular, which had a long distance to march, had not arrived.

We maintained our position also, and completely defeated and repulsed all the enemy's attempts to get possession of it. The enemy repeatedly attacked us with a large body of infantry and cavalry, supported by a numerous and powerful artillery; he made several charges with the cavalry upon our infantry, but all were repulsed in the steadiest manner. In this affair his royal highness the Prince of Orange, the duke of Brunswick, and Lt. Gen. Sir Thomas Picton, and Major Gen. Sir James Kempt, and Sir Dennis Pack, who were engaged from the commencement of the enemy's attack, highly distinguished themselves, as well as Lt. Gen. Charles Baron Alten, Major Gen. Sir C. Halket, Lt. General Cooke and Major Generals Maitland and Byng, as they successively arrived. The troops of the 5th division, and those of the Brunswick corps were long and severely engaged, and conducted themselves with the utmost gallantry. I must particularly mention the 28th, 42d, 78th and 92d regts. and the battalion of Hanoverians.

Our loss was great, as your Lordship will perceive by the inclosed return; and I have particularly to regret his serene highness the Duke of Brunswick, who fell, fighting gallantly at the head of his troops.

Although Marshal Blucher had maintained his position at Sambref, he still found himself much weakened by the severity of the contest in which he had been engaged, and as the fourth corps had not arrived, he determined to fall back and concentrate his army upon Wavre; and he marched in the night after the action was over.

This movement of the Marshal's rendered necessary a corresponding on my part; and I retired from the farm of Quatre Bras upon Genappe, and thence upon Waterloo the next morning, the 17th, at 10 o'clock.

The enemy made no effort to pursue Marshal Blucher. On the contrary, a patrole which I sent to Sambref in the morning, found all quiet, and the enemy's videttes fell back as the patrole advanced.—Neither did he attempt to molest our march to the rear, although made in the middle of the day, excepting by following with a large body of cavalry, brought from his right, the cavalry under the Earl of Uxbridge, (Gen. Paget] commander of horse.

This gave Lord Uxbridge an opportunity of charging them with the 1st Life Guards, upon their debouchee from the village of Genappe, upon which occasion his Lordship declared himself to be well satisfied with that regiment.

The position which I took up in front of Waterloo, crossed the high roads from Charleroy and Nivelle, and had its right thrown back to a ravine near Merke Braine, which was occupied, and its left extended to a height above the hamlet, Te la Hawe, which was likewise occupied. In front of the right and centre near the Nivelle road we occupied the large garden of Hougonment, which covered the return of that flank; and in front of the left centre, we occupied the farm of Le Haye Sainte. By our left we communicated with Marshal Prince Blucher, at Wavre through Ohaim; and the Marshal had promised me that in case we should be attacked, he would support me with one or more corps, as might be necessary.

The enemy collected his army, with the exception of the 3d corps, which had been sent to observe Marshal Blucher, on a range of heights within our front, in the course of the 17th and yesterday morning; & at about 10 o'clock he commenced a furious attack upon our post at Hongoment. I had occupied that post with a detachment from gen. Byng's brigade of guards which was in a position in its rear; and it was for sometime under the command of Lt. Col. Macdonald, and afterwards of Col. Home; and I am happy to add, that it was maintained throughout the day with the utmost gallantry by these brave troops, notwithstanding the repeated efforts of large bodies of the enemy to obtain possession of it.

This attack upon the right of our centre was accompanied by very heavy cannonade upon our whole line, which was destined to support the repeated attacks of cavalry and infantry occasionally mixed, but sometimes separate, which were made upon it. In one of these the enemy carried the farm-house of La Haye Sainte, as the detachment of the light battalion of the legion which occupied it, had expended all its ammunition, and the enemy occupied the only communication there was with them.

The enemy repeatedly charged our infantry with his cavalry, but these attacks were uniformly unsuccessful, and they afforded opportunities to our cavalry to charge, in one of which Lord E. Somerset's brigade, consisting of the Life Guards, Royal Horse Guards, and 1st. Dragoon Guards, highly distinguished themselves, as did that of Maj. Gen. Sir W. Ponsonby, having taken many prisoners and an eagle.

These attacks were repeated till about 7 in the evening, when the enemy made a desperate effort with the cavalry and infantry, supported by the fire of artillery to force our left centre near the farm of La Haye Sainte, which after a severe contest, was defeated; and having observed that the troops retired from this attack in great confusion, and that the march of Gen. Bulow's corps by Kuschermont upon Planchenorte and La Belle Alliance, had begun to take effect, and as I could perceive the fire of his cannon, and as Marshal Prince Blucher had joined in person, with a corps of his army to the left of our line by Ghaim, I determined to attack the enemy and immediately advanced the whole line of infantry supported by the cavalry and artillery. The attack succeeded in every point; the enemy was forced from his positions on the heights, and fled in the utmost confusion, leaving behind him as far as I could judge, 150 pieces of cannon, with their ammunition, which fell into our hands. I continued the pursuit till long after dark, and then discontinued it on account of the fatigue of our troops, who had been engaged during 12 hours, and because I found myself on the same road with Marshal Blucher, who assured me of his intention to follow the enemy throughout the night; he has sent me word this morning that he has taken 60 pieces of cannon belonging to the Imperial Guard, and several carriages, baggage, &c. belonging to Buonaparte, in Gennape.

I propose to move this morning upon Nivelles, and not to discontinue my operations.

Your Lordship will observe that such a desperate action could not be fought, and such advantages could not be gained, without great loss—and I am sorry to add, that ours has been immense. In Lt. Gen. Sir Thomas Picton, his majesty has sustained the loss of an officer who has frequently distinguished himself in his service, and he fell gloriously leading his division to charge with bayonets by which one of the most serious attacks made by the enemy on our position was defeated.

The Earl of Uxbridge, after having successfully got through this arduous day, received a wound, by almost the last shot fired, which will, I am afraid, deprive his majesty for some time of his services.

His royal highness the Prince of Orange distinguished himself by his gallantry and good conduct, till he received a wound from a musket ball through his shoulder, which obliged him to quit the field.

It gives me the greatest satisfaction to assure your lordship, that the army never, upon any occasion, conducted itself better. The division of guards under Lt. Gen. Cooke, who is severely wounded, Major Gen. Maitland and Maj. Gen. Byng, set an example which was followed by all; and there is no officer, or description of troops that did not behave well.

I must however particularly mention, for his royal hignesses approbation, lt. gen. sir H. Clinton, maj. gen. Adam, lt. gen. sir Charles Baron Alten, severely wounded, Col. Omptede, col. Mitchell, commanding a brigade of the 4th division; maj. gen. sir James Kempt, and sir Dennis Pack, maj. gen. Lambert, maj. gen. lord E. Somerset, major gen. sir E. Ponsonby, maj. gen. sir C. Grant and maj. gen. sir H. Vivian; maj. gen. sir O. Vandelleur; maj. gen. count Dornberg. I am also particularly indebted to gen. lord Hill for his assistance and conduct upon this as upon former occasions.

The artillery and engineer departments, were conducted much to my satisfaction by col. sir G. Wood and col. Smyth, and I had every reason to be satisfied with the conduct of the adjutant general, maj. gen. Barnes, who was wounded, and of the quarter-master general, col. Delancy who was killed by a cannon shot in the middle of the action. This officer is a serious loss to his majesty's service, and to me at this moment. I was likewise much indebted to the assistance of Lieut. Col. Ld. Fitzroy Somerset, who was severely wounded, and of the officers composing my personal staff, who have suffered severely in this action. Lt. col. the hon. sir Alexander Gordon, who has died of his wounds, was a most promising officer, and is a serious loss to his majesty's service.

Gen. Kreuse, of the Nassau service, likewise conducted himself much to my satisfaction, as did gen. Trip, commanding the heavy brigade of cavalry, and gen. Vanhope commanding a brigade of infantry of the king of the Netherlands.

Gen. Pozzo di Borgo, gen. Baron Vincent, gen. Muffling and general Alavoa, were in the field during the action, and rendered me every assistance in their power; Baron Vincent is wounded but I hope not severely; and gen. Pozzo di Borgo received a contusion.

I should not do justice to my feelings or to marshal Blucher and the Prussian army, if I did not attribute the successful result of this arduous day, to the cordial and timely assistance I received from them.

The operation of gen. Bulow upon the enemy's flank was a most decisive one; and even if I had not found myself in a situation to make the attack, which produced the first result, it would have forced the enemy to retire, if his attacks should have failed, and would have prevented him from taking advantage of them, if they should unfortunately have succeeded.

I send with this despatch two eagles taken by the troops in this action, which maj. Percy will have the honour of laying at the feet of his royal highness.

I beg leave to recommend him to your lordship's protection.

I have the honor, &c.

(Signed) WELLINGTON.

P. S. Since writing the above, I have received a report, that Maj. Gen. Sir Wm. Ponsonby is killed, and in announcing this intelligence to your Lordship, I have to add the expression of my grief, for the fate of an officer who had already rendered very brilliant and important services, and was an ornament to his profession.

2d P. S. I have not yet got the returns of killed and wounded, but I inclose a list of officers killed and wounded on the two days, as far as the same can be made out without the returns; and I am very happy to add, that col. De Lancy is not dead, and that strong hopes of his recovery are entertained.

British Killed and Wounded.

KILLED.

Duke of Brunswick, Oels.
Lieut. General Sir Thomas Picton.
Lieut. General Sir H. Ponsonby.
Colonel Du Plat, K. G. L.
Colonel Ompheta, do.
Colonel Morrice, 69th regiment.
Colonel Sir W. Ellis, 23d.
Lieut. Colonel Macara, 42d regiment.
Lieut. Col. Cameron, 92d regiment.
Lieut. Colonel Sir Alexander Gordon, K. C. B. A. D. C. to the Duke of Wellington.
Lieut. Colonel Canning.
Lieut. Colonel Currie, lord Hill's Staff.
Major the Hon. Frederick Howard, 10th Hussars.
Major George Cain, Royal Artillery.
Major Norman Ramsay, do.
Major Cairnes, ditto.
Major Chambers, 30th regiment.
Brigade Major Crofton, 5th Division.
B. Major Rosewiel, 2d light Regiment.
Captain Bolton, Royal Artillery.
Captain Crowford, Guards.
Captain the hon. Curzon, A. D. C. to his R. H. the Prince of Orange.
Captain Chambers, A. D. C. to Lt. Gen. Picton.
Captain Charles Ellis, 95th regiment.
Captain Robertson, 73d regiment.
Captain Kennedy, 73d regiment.
Captain Shauman, 2d Light Bat. K. G. L.
Captain Halgeoman, 1st do.
Captain Henry Marshal, 1st do.
Captain Grohen, ditto.
Captain Cumming, 10th Hussars.
Captain Grove, 1st Guards.
Lieut. C. Manners, Royal Artillery.
Lieut. Lester, 95th regiment.
Ensign Lord Hay, A. D. C. to General Maitland.
Ensign Brown, 1st Guards.

WOUNDED.

General His Royal Highness the Prince of Orange, G. C. B. severely.
Lieut, Gen. the Earl of Uxbridge, G. C. B. right leg amputated.
Liet. Gen. Sir Charles Alten, K. C. B. severely.
Lieut. Gen. Cooke, right arm amputated.
Lieut. Gen. Sir E. Barnes, K. C. B. Adjt. Gen. severely.
Lieut. Gen. Sir J. Kempt, K. C. B. slightly.
Lieut. Gen. Sir Colin Halkitt, K. C. B. severely.
Lieut. General Adams, severely.
Lieut. Gen. Sir W. Dornbey, K. C B severely.
Col Sir J. Elley, K. C. B. slightly
Colonel Harris, 73d regiment.
Colonel Quentin, 10th Hussars, slightly.
Colonel the hon Frederick Parnaby, severely
Colonel Sir W De Lancy, severely
Lieutenant Colonel Lord Fitzroy Somerset, right leg amputated.
Lieutenant Colonel Hay, 16th Light Dragoons, severely
Lieutenant Colonel Vigoureau, 30th
Lieutenant Colonel Abercrombie, A Q M G slightly
Lieutenant Colonel Hamilton, 30th regiment
Lieutenant Colonel Norcott, 95th regiment, severely
Lieutenant Colonel Cameron, 95th, severely
Lieutenant Colonel Wyndham, 1st Foot Guards, severely
Lieutenant Colonel Bowater, 3d Foot Guards, slightly
Lieutenant Colonel Macklonell, Goldstream, slightly
Lieutenant Colonel Dashwood, 3d Guards, severely
Lieutenant Colonel Sir R Hill, Royal Horse Guards Blue, severely
Lieutenant Colonel Hill
Lieutenant Colonel Schroidor, 8th Line Battalion
Lieutenant Colonel Adam, 1st Guards, severely
Lieutenant Colonel Miller, 1st Guards, dangerously
Lieutenant Colonel Sir George Henry Berkley, A R G
Major Maclean, 73d
Major Beckwith, 95th, severely
Major Jessop, Assistant Quarter Master General
Major Burche, 1st Light Battalion, K. G. L. right arm amputated.
Major Parkinson, 73d, severely.
Major Parker, R. H. artillery, leg amputated.
Major Robert Hall, Royal Artillery, severely.
Major Hamilton, Aid-de-Camp to Gen. Sir E. Barnes.
Major Lindsey, 69th regiment, severely.
Major Watson, do. do. do.
B. M. Emmen, dangerously.
L. Wilkins, 93d reg. severely.
M. Miller, do. do. do.
Capt. Smith, do. do. do.
Captain Tyler, A. D. C. to Sir Thomas Picton, slightly.
Captain Dance, 23d Light Dragoons.