

inhabitants of Bordeaux have had the inestimable advantage of first giving to France, to replace ourselves under the ancient banner of the Lillies, which assures us the return of peace and happiness.

Affectionate inhabitants of the Landes, give a loose to your hereditary enthusiasm for the descendants of the great and good Henry! No fear can henceforth suppress the movement of your hearts, or oppose your proclaiming your lawful king, the worthy descendant of the august dynasty of the Bourbons. Let your joy, your transports, repeat those cherished words, which recall amongst us the best, the most respectable of monarchs.

Let us all exclaim with emulation and repeat incessantly—*Vive le Roi!*

In doing me the honor to appoint me to the chief magistracy of this department, his Royal Highness Monseigneur the Duke of Angouleme, grandson of France, and representative of his Majesty Louis XVIII. has condescended to inform me, that his choice was decided by the esteem which you have been pleased to grant me. I may therefore promise myself, my dear fellow citizens, the concurrence and combination of all your efforts, to assist me in effecting all the good of which it may please his majesty to make me the instrument. The Proclamations of our Princes are known to you; confide without hesitation in their royal promises; our Kings (you know it) were always religious observers of their word—*Vive Louis XVIII!*

#### DE CARRERE.

Mont de Marsan, March 16, 1814.  
Speech of the Mayor of Bordeaux to Marshal Beresford.

The generous nation which has given such signal proofs of its magnanimity in assisting with unshaken constancy, its oppressed Allies, presents itself this day at the gates of the city of Bordeaux, as the ally of our august Sovereign Louis XVII.

"We approach you, General, for the purpose of expressing, in the name of our fellow citizens, the sentiments by which they are animated.

"You are about to witness the testimonies which will burst forth in every quarter, of our love for our King. These testimonies will also be mixed with the feeling of gratitude.

"May no obstacle henceforth present itself to the union of our countries! May your vessels freely enter our ports, and ours be received in yours as friends! Thus shall we mutually enjoy the benefits of our commercial intercourse. The alliance of England and France secures the happiness of the world."

Speech of the Mayor of Bordeaux, to his royal highness the Duc D'Angouleme.

SIR,  
How glorious is this day for the city of Bordeaux, which welcomes to its bosom the nephew, and the son-in-law of Louis XVII. and our well beloved king Louis XVII. France, then, is about to renew her happiness. She could enjoy it only under the paternal government of the descendant of Henry IV. of the monarch whose superior wisdom has been equally evinced in prosperity and amid misfortunes.

"What better assurance can we possess of our future happiness, than the presence of a prince so celebrated for his affability, his prudence and his firmness. Shew yourselves, sir, in the midst of the faithful subjects of our King, and give to them the example of our virtues. Receive the most decided marks of our love, our devotion and our profound respect."

Speech of the Archbishop of Bordeaux to the Duke D'Angouleme.

SIR,  
"Afflicted for a long series of years with calamities of all kinds, we have mourned our misery; and while our prayers were raised for a period to them, we were incessantly agitated by hopes and fears, which alternately prevailed.

"These painful emotions are at length hushed to peace, by the presence of your Royal Highness. We shall be happy! In the name of the clergy and the people of my diocese I presume to intreat your Royal Highness to convey to his Majesty the unfeigned assurance, that in his dominions he will not find subjects more faithful or more devoted."

LONDON, March 31.

The list of French frigates captured within these two months, will stand thus: the *Trave*, *Weser*, *Iphigene*, *Alceme*, *Clorinde*, *Sultane*, *Etoile*, *Terpichore*, & *Sirius*.

#### BULLETIN.

War Department—April 1.  
**LORD WELLINGTON.**

"Despatches have been received from the Marquis of Wellington, dated Tarbes, March 20.

The enemy collected his force at Conchez on the 13th; but on the 15th he returned to Lambege, leaving outposts towards the former place.

"Lord Wellington having been joined by detached troops, moved on the 18th inst. against the French army. Marshal Soult retreated before the allies to Vie Bagorey and Tarbes. A strong rear guard attempted to make a stand near the former town, upon the 19th, but were driven through it in a gallant manner by the 3d division.

"Soult assembled his forces on morning of the 20th, in a position of which the town of Tarbes formed a part.

"Lord Wellington marched in two columns to attack this position, from which the enemy retreated in all directions, after having suffered much loss from the attacks made by the 6th and light divisions which distinguished themselves.

"Lord Wellington states that the loss of the allies in these affairs has been inconsiderable, and he has not transmitted any returns.

"His Lordship's army encamped on the night of the 20th on the Larzet and the Larroz.

#### LONDON APRIL 4.

Capt. Collins, of the royal navy, has just arrived at the admiralty with despatches from Admiral Penrose.

These state that the gallant admiral had forced the entrance of the river Garonne, and a French ship of the line (we believe the *Regulus*) which defended it, was likely to fall into the hands of the assailants.

We also learn by this arrival that the city of Nantes, has espoused the Bourbon cause. Nantes is to the great river Loire what Bordeaux is to the Garonne, and one of the chief cities of France, both in a commercial and political view. It contains about 80,000 inhabitants.

Alm. Penrose entered the Garonne on Monday last.

The French frigate whose destruction we announced on Saturday, was the *Uraque*.

Lord Cochrane does not go out to America in the *Tonnant*. Captain Seene is appointed to the command, which he assumed at Portsmouth on Saturday morning.

Murat has gained a victory in Italy over Gen. Grenier.

A vessel has arrived at Cork from St. Jean de Luz, which she left on the 24th, bringing the important account of the surrender of Bayonne the day before. Government have not received any such late accounts. The late dispatch from Lord Wellington, at Tarbes, was dated the 20th at night.

**Another Government Bulletin.**  
Letters have been received by Holland from Sir C. Stewart and Lord Bergherst of the 26th and 27th ultimos.

Upon Buonaparte's march to Vitry, the Prince of Schwartzburg followed on that road and made a junction with Marshal Blucher.

The two armies then above 200,000 strong, resolved to march on Paris, and 10,000 cavalry, and 40 pieces of cannon were ordered under Winzingerode, to observe the rear of Buonaparte.

The combined armies arrived at Frere Champanois on the 26th, having on the 25th defeated several corps, taking above 10,000 prisoners and 70 pieces of cannon.

On the 27th Prince Schwartzburg was at Colomnier; Blucher at Ferte sous Jeurre.

They were to pass the Marene on the 28th, gen. Blucher at Meux, Schwartzburg at Lagny, and take the position of Montmartre.

Buonaparte on the 27th was marching by Brienne and Bar-sur-Aube upon Troyes, with the utmost precipitation.

At Rheims, Napoleon seized all the *Hairdressers* and *Shoemakers*, whom he incorporated with his imperial guard. His first column which passed through Espernay, was only 15 or 16,000 strong; and the column under Marshal Ney, that passed through Chalons, amounted to no more than 7 or 8,000.

Gen. Jomini has shown, by an accurate calculation, that within the last two years there have been raised within the French territory, exclusive of Roman, Dutch and Hanseatic departments, not less than one million three hundred thousand human sacrifices to the mad ambition of a single individual.

From the Baltimore Federal Gazette.

COMMUNICATED.  
Agreeably to the notice and previous arrangements of the committee appointed by the Grand Lodge of Maryland at their last annual communication for that purpose, the different Lodges in the city of Baltimore were assembled on Monday morning the 16th inst. at half past 8 o'clock at their respective lodge rooms—they then proceeded to the Riding School in King George-street where at ten o'clock they were joined by Levin Winder, Esq. R. W. G. Master and Governor of Maryland; brother Wm. Camp R. W. D. G. Master, and the other officers & members of the Grand Lodge of Maryland. The line of procession was immediately formed, and the brethren proceeded to the first Presbyterian Church in the following order:

Tyler with drawn sword, brother Lusby.  
Lodges agreeably to ancient usage, the junior lodges preceding the other lodges. In the ranks of the different lodges were stationed many distinguished brothers from distant parts of the state, and the U. S. and many aged brethren of the city, not attached to any particular lodge, but who, in their earlier years, were faithful and zealous members of the fraternity.

**Band of Music.**

Grand Tyler with drawn sword, brother Cook.  
Stewards, brothers Milhau and Marreste.  
Cornucopia carried by brother S. Vincent.  
Silver vessels with wine and oil, carried by brothers Wm. Stewart & J. K. Stapleton.  
Architect with appropriate tools, brother Small.  
Grand Secretary, brother Dobbin, & Grand Treasurer, brother Wood-year.  
(Guests, brethren J. C. Herbert, speaker of the house of representatives, Solomon Etting, William McDonald, Wm. Deneal, Brig. Gen. Winchester Wm. Rabourg.)  
Orator, brother G. H. Stewart.  
Holy writings, carried by brother R. Stewart.  
Grand Chaplain, the Rev. brother Hargrove.  
Grand standard bearer, brother Davis.  
Two lights carried by brothers Denmead and Jessop.  
Grand Wardens, brothers Jennings and Galt.  
One large light borne by brother Grosh.  
Deputy Grand Master, brother Camp.  
Book of Constitution, brother Vinson, master of the oldest lodge.  
Grand Deacons with black rods, brothers Usher and Robinson.  
Brothers Robert Gilmore, senior, and Gen. Swann.  
R. W. G. Master, His Excellency Br. Levin Winder, supported by Br. Edward Johnson, Mayor of the city.  
Grand Sword Bearer, br. G. Myers  
Stewards with white rods, brs. Towson and Neilson.

On the arrival of the advance of the procession at the church, the ranks of the brethren and the files of capt. Shrim's ancient and respectable volunteer company of infantry (who had been invited by the committee to honour the procession in their military capacity, with side arms and white rods in their hands to flank the Grand Lodge, but owing to the numerous concourse of spectators, had volunteered to file to the right and left for their accommodation) opened to the right and left, and the rear of the procession was first passed into the church. The Grand Lodge and the subordinate Lodges were conducted to their appointed seats by the Master of ceremonies—Brother Simkins.

The galleries of the church were crowded by a brilliant assemblage of ladies. While the procession was entering the church, a prelude on the organ by Mr. Meinicke.

The 133d Psalm Paraphrased, "Domestic Love and Happiness"—sung by a distinguished choir of vocal performers, accompanied with music, under the direction of Mr. Jno. Cole and Mr. Meinicke organist.

Selected passages were then read from the Holy Writings by the G. Chaplain.

Masonic Ode, composed for the occasion by Mr. John Cole.  
Anthem composed by Mr. Meinicke  
Concluding prayer by the grand Chaplain.

Antem composed by Mr. J. Cole.  
**Benediction.**

From the church, the procession moved in its first order to the foundation of the new Masonic Hall,

accompanied by a number of the reverend clergy.

Gen. S. Smith and E. Fromentin Senators of the U. S.  
Gentlemen of the Bar.  
Medical Faculty.

Directors of the Washington Monument; and officers of the army & navy of the U. S.

When the advance of the procession arrived at the north west corner of the building, they again opened the ranks to right and left, and the M. of C. Brother Simkins conducted the Rev. Clergy and the other distinguished visitors through the lines (the Grand Lodge following them to the north-east corner of the foundation; the officers of the G. L. then ascended a stage erected for their accommodation; the band of music took their stand on a stage erected for them, and the different lodges under the direction of the marshals, formed themselves within the foundation, the whole protected by Capt. Shrim's company.

The stone being suspended 6 feet perpendicular on a triangle erected for that purpose—ceremony commenced with a lively air by the band.

While they were playing his Excellency the R. W. G. M. dispatched his Grand Pursuivant, Brother George Peters, to summon the masters of lodges to witness the laying of the corner stone.

Prayer was pronounced by the Grand Chaplain.

His Excellency the R. W. G. M. directed the operative mason, brother Sweeting, thro' D. G. M. to lower the stone three feet.

Lively air by the band.  
His Excellency in like manner then directed the stone to be lowered to the surface of the earth. The architect brother Small, handed his Excellency, (thro' the D. G. M.) the square, plumb, and level, which he applied to the stone, and pronounced the same true and trusty.

**Music.**  
His Excellency then directed the stone to be placed in the bed prepared for its reception. While the stone was placing, the Band played a solemn air. His Excellency was then conducted by Brother Simkins, M. of C. to the stone, when he gave it three emphatic knocks with his mallet—he then resumed his stand. The R. W. D. G. M. on behalf of the Grand Lodge, presented his Excellency with a golden trowel, with the following inscription:—"This trowel was presented to and used by his Excellency Levin Winder, Governor of Maryland, and R. W. G. Master of Masons in the said State, at the ceremony of laying the corner stone of the Masonic Hall, in the city of Baltimore, May 16th, A. D. 1814. A. L. 5814."

**On the reverse,**  
Virtute, opera, pace—Deo, et Patria adstas Discimus succurrere miseris et Deum laudare.

The Grand Secretary then presented the D. G. M. two stone tablets, with the following inscriptions:

**GRAND LODGE**  
Of Free and Accepted Ancient Masons of the State of Maryland; Brother Jacob Small Architect.

**On the reverse.**  
Societas Fraternalis; Lapidarium; Marylandica; Hunc lapidem angularem posuit;

**Die XVI Martii.**  
Anno Lucis MDCCLXXXIV.  
SECOND TABLET.

Proftemur omnes amare prosequi Deum nos adjuvet exercere quod proftemur.

**On the reverse.**  
This Corner Stone of a Masonic Hall, was laid in solemn possession on the 16th day of May 1814, under the jurisdiction of Levin Winder, Esquire, Right Worshipful Grand Master, and Governor of Maryland. In the 39th year of American Independence.

Which was read by him in an audible voice.

The Grand Treasurer Brother Wood-year, then presented the D. G. M. a diamond bible entirely of Baltimore manufacture: presented by Brother E. J. Coale. Washington's Valdeictory Address; presented by ditto. The various Coins of the United States. A Gold Medallion, containing a miniature likeness of General Washington, presented by Brothers Simkins and Caldwell. An enameled likeness of Gen. Washington; presented by Brother S. Cole. A Silver Medallion, containing the likeness of Captains Decatur and Lawrence; presented by Mr. Escaville; and a silver medal, presented by Brother George Meyers, G. S. Bearer. The D. G. M. then delivered the same to his Excellency, who was conducted by Brother Simkins to the stone, in a

cavity of which he placed the stone with the inscriptions and the various articles, (together with the different News-papers of the day printed in this city; he then directed the operative mason to put the cap stone in its place. His Excellency then ascended to the surface of the earth, and said—"May the Grand Architect of the Universe, grant a blessing on this building, the foundation stone of which we have now laid, and by his providence enable us to finish this and every other work which may be undertaken for the benefit of the craft, and the advantage of this city.

**GRAND HONORS.**

**Anthem.**

Brother S. Vincent then gave the D. G. M. the Cornucopia, and Brothers Stewart and Stapleton gave the Grand Wardens, Brothers Jennings and Galt, the silver vessels containing wine and oil, who presented them to the R. W. G. M. His Excellency then scattered the Corn, and poured the Wine and Oil on the stone, saying—"May the all bounteous Author of Nature bless this city with an abundance of Corn, Wine and Oil, and with all the necessities, conveniences and comforts of life! and may the same almighty power preserve this city from ruin and decay to the latest posterity."

**GRAND HONORS.**  
Oration by Brother George Hume Stewart.

His Excellency addressed the Architect:  
"Brother Small, the Grand Lodge of Maryland having the highest confidence in your skill and integrity as an Architect, do now intrust you with this building for their accommodation. I now present you with these symbols, (giving him the square plumb and level) by which you will prosecute this work, according to this design, (handing a draft of the building) to be dedicated to virtue and the liberal arts, and may the Almighty endue you with wisdom to plan, strength to execute, and perseverance to finish this work, and preserve you and all engaged therein from accident or injury."

Brother Small replied—  
"R. W. SIR—I am sensibly impressed with the distinguished honor conferred on me by the Grand Lodge of Maryland on this occasion. The importance of the charge committed to my care, has excited feelings in my breast, which I am at this time incapable of expressing. I will however briefly remark that (with the assistance of the grand architect of the universe) I will use my best endeavors to execute your designs in the best manner, for the convenience of the craft, and an ornament to this city."

**Grand Honors, Music, Benediction.**  
The Lodges then formed agreeably to seniority, the Grand Lodge in advance, and proceeded to Lodge La Verite, in Gay-st.

The Committee embrace this opportunity of tendering their thanks to the Rev. Grand Chaplain, Brother Hargrove, for his participation in the ceremonies of the day—To Brother George Hume Stewart, for his oration prepared upon so short a notice as must have required the utmost exertion of Masonic zeal and industry—To Br. Warner, Grand Marshal, and Brother Sam'l. Myers and Etschberger, Roney and Buck, Deputy Marshals, for the ability with which the whole ceremony was conducted, and at the same time they beg leave to congratulate their brethren on the good order, solemnity and decorum, which auspiciously prevailed throughout the whole ceremonies.

The committee also feel it their duty to acknowledge the obligations they are under to the gentlemen Amateurs of the band, the choir of the First Presbyterian Church, and to the respectable ancient company of volunteers commanded by Capt. Shrim. The Revd. Dr. Inglis and Trustees of the First Presbyterian Church, will be pleased to accept the sincere and hearty thanks, not only of the committee, but of the fraternity generally, for the use of their church. For and in behalf of Brothers.

WM. CAMP,  
EDW. G. WOODYEAR, } Committee  
JOS. K. STAPLETON } of  
SAMUEL COLE, } Arrangement.  
J. LAURENCE, }  
ELI SIMPKINS, Secy.

A letter from Amsterdam of the 12th March, states, that the Prince of Orange has appointed Mr. Chauvignon, of Leyden, Minister to the U. S. and it was expected he would embark on his mission shortly after the above date. [Phil. Gaz.]

From the New York

May 19  
FROM NANTZ.

The fast sailing, Capt. Bartlett being brought no papers, but confirmation of the news, from Rochelle, American from Liverpool however in some parts states, that—

The combined arms of Prussia, and Sweden days hard fighting, and of Paris, (the 28th, 29th, 30th, & 31st) captured that city on the 1st of April.

That there was no exception that it was 20,000 men only had under the command of Prince Royal of Sweden them under severe discipline they do not pretend to, but that the French liberty to chase on selves.

That the English Government says the same at Boulogne.

That the Emperor was said, was at Fontenoy, 80,000 men.

That the Empress, Rome, and the Court to Orleans.

That Lyons was taken March; that Toulouse part of the south of France no longer in possession.

That the people of generally pleased with having a new ruler, excise officers of the tax were afraid to perform the inhabitants having defiance.

Letters from Nantz April, say, that it was where Buonaparte was well and testament, we find on the margin paper of the 4th of April.

"I leave to the immortal genius—my exploiters—to my partizans—ledger of the national creditors—to the French of my crimes—my tyrants—to France—kings—and the hospitals."

The following is an extract brought by the *Painbat*, (30 miles) April 10th, at New Orleans.

"The news of the emperor has re-taken and entered Paris at 200,000 men. The triumph is, however, doubtless of the politicians."

[It will be perceived of the above letter in April, which must be day after the 1st of April.]

**ALARM AT PORTSMOUTH.**  
We understand that U. S. troops, now in tutation are under march to the western frontiers.

The government is acquainted with the danger this place is exposed to, and has discharged their duty early and pressing of the necessity of means of protection; with no ordinary degree of that the people of this city see their government when additionally imperiously demanded approaching exigency, a part of the protection have.

We have on the satisfaction of stating the activity and patriotism of Captain Hull and the commanding officers, and the works in this harbor put in the best order, provided to resist hostilities.

**BOSTON.**  
We learn that Capt. Hull has received information, in consequence of perfect confidence in the armament has been at Bermuda designed to attack upon the 7th of April, and that it was expected he would embark on his mission shortly after the above date. [Phil. Gaz.]