

To complete this infamous violation of natural justice, and disregard of every humane and honourable feeling, the whole of the Settlement was set on fire, and Commodore Hamelin expressed the most savage exultation in witnessing the destruction, and his vessels were leaving the place.

A party of soldiers, under the command of Repaud, had been previously sent to the country-house of Mr. Prince the absent, and, of course, offending President, who completely destroyed it, with all its contents; the stables also were consumed, several valuable horses were turned loose into the woods, & a flock of fifty head of fine cattle were nearly destroyed by shooting them.

KINGSTON, (Jam.) JULY 7.

The ship Cornwall, arrived here from England, on the 9th June, was boarded by La Dedaigneuse frigate, of 36 guns, Capt Wilbraham, the Argo of 44 guns, Capt. Warren, in company, with a fleet of Indiamen, consisting of 24 sail, under their convoy, and learnt that La Dedaigneuse had on the 9th May spoken the Illustrious, of 74 guns, Captain Broughton, with four transports destined for India, with troops, under her convoy.

At the period of La Dedaigneuse's departure from India, tranquillity was perfectly established among the troops—Every thing was arranged on a firm basis, and so satisfactorily adjusted, as to prevent the future recurrence of events so derogatory to the army, and mischievous in their tendency.

An expedition had been on foot when the disturbances were first manifested among the troops, for the purpose of proceeding against the Spice Islands, but from this spirit of insubordination it was abandoned, and the troops disposed of in the protection of the settlements. Since then, however, it was deemed proper to despatch two frigates, with 700 men, for the purpose of annoying them, and making prize of whatever valuables fell in their way.

Hopes were entertained that the French would be completely expelled from the Indian Seas, as an expedition which promised every success was preparing at Madras, for the purpose of reducing the Isle of France, the last refuge for the enemy's privateers in that part of the world.

A great proportion of the officers engaged in the mutiny were on board the fleet. Many of them had been tried.

Sir G. Birlow, it was expected, would embark for England shortly after the fleet quitted India.

The Prince Regent enjoyed the best health since the Tartar left the Brazils. All idea of his proceeding to Madeira for its renovation was in consequence abandoned. He was held in the highest estimation by the people.

British manufactures were exceedingly abundant in all parts of Portuguese America. Linen & cotton goods were only disposable at prices far inferior to their first cost. The slave trade was carried on briskly. Vessels were continually arriving with negroes from Africa.

JULY 14.

From the following agenda, dated June 26, "Several changes taken place in the government of this place. The Governor, who was generally disliked, has been deposed, and sent as a prisoner by way of Havanna, to Spain, to render an account of his conduct. The Lieutenant Governor, with two assistants as a Council, composed of the executive, and the Cabildo exercise provisionally the functions of the superior government. At Mampox some disturbances have taken place, but we are at present quiet. Communication of the changes will be made to the government of Jamaica.—The Cabildo have published a declaration of the principles on which they act.

PORT ROYAL (J.) JUNE 14.

Sir Alexander Cochrane has discharged all the American Seamen, discovered to be such, and serving under impressment, in the Squadron on the windward Islands station.

The Rainbow frigate of 28 guns, captain Woodriddle, anchored Thursday morning from a cruise. On the 1st inst. captain Woodriddle spoke the Bulwark of 74 guns, the hon. captain E. C. Fleming, with two Spanish line of battle ships under convoy, from Cadiz to Havanna.

The brig Gen. Blake, Mateno, from Cadiz, bound to Campeachy, having on board 14 males, females and children, out 62 days, put into Port Royal, on Thursday, being short of provision.

A British brig from this island, bound to St. John's, N. B. was taken on the 8th May, by a privateer, burnt off the Colorado reef.

By the latest accounts from Martinique, we understand that 46 American vessels were lying at that Island, principally laden with provisions. We should be happy that so favourable a supply had reached this, as the article of flour has encreased considerably in price within the last week.

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

ANNAPOLIS, WEDNESDAY, AUG. 15, 1810.

NOTICE.

WE are authorized to say, that Doctor ARCHIBALD DORSEY is a Candidate to represent this District, (composed of Prince-George's and Anne-Arundel counties and the City of Annapolis,) in the next Congress of the United States.

NOTICE.

WE are authorized to state that HENRY CHILDS will serve, if elected, as a delegate to the next General Assembly, for Anne-Arundel county.

NOTICE.

WE are requested to say, that ZACHARIAH DUVAL will serve, if elected, as a delegate to the next General Assembly, for Anne-Arundel county.

NOTICE.

WE are authorized to state that WILLIAM H. MARRIOTT will serve, if elected, as a delegate to the next General Assembly, for Anne-Arundel county.

BRANCH BANK, EASTON.

The following Gentlemen are elected Directors of the Branch of the Farmers Bank of Maryland, at Easton, for the present year.

For Easton and Talbot County.—Samuel Harrison, Joseph Haskin, Lambert W. Spencer, William Meluy, John Bennett, and Nicholas Hammond.

For Caroline County.—William Potter.

For Queen-Anne's County.—William Carmichael.

For Kent County.—Thomas Worrell.

For Cecil County.—John Groome.

For Dorchester County.—Josiah Bayly.

For Somerset County.—Thomas Williams.

For Worcester County.—Eph. K. Willson.

Those in *italic* are new members.

BOSTON, AUG. 3.

FROM ALGIERS.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Algiers, to a gentleman in this town, dated May 7.

"The brig Blancay, capt. Cotton, which I mentioned in my last as being the only American vessel at this place, was to have departed for Baltimore about the middle of April, but an unexpected occurrence has changed her destination, as she has been chartered by the French vice-consul, charge des affairs of France here, to carry him to Marseilles, he having been ordered by the Dey to quit the regency in 24 hours, in consequence of a dispute between them relative to a prize brought in by a French privateer; and as there was no other vessel in the port ready to take him within so short a period, Col. Lear has consented to her going to France as a cartel.—This affair happened the 30th of March. The brig sailed with the consul on the 1st of April, and is to return here immediately in ballast, and is now expected, and is to depart for the U. States immediately on her return. The Dey says his dispute is merely personal with this consul, and he has permitted several French vessels to depart since it happened; But I think it will be regarded in a different light in France.

"This is such a poor place for business that scarce a single article for exportation can be found.

"The affairs of the Americans stands very well at present. Our annuities are all paid up. The ship Resource, which brought out the stores, is daily expected back from Constantinople, for which place she was chartered by the Dey to carry presents to the Grand Signior."

Previous to the sailing of the Pedler, from Palermo, a British frigate arrived here to convey one of the Bourbon family to Spain. Probably the Duke of Orleans who married the daughter of the King of Sicily, who is now in the way Napoleon wishes his wife.) The daughter of Angouleme, who married the Duke of Angouleme, who married the late King of France, was recently at the point of leaving England for Spain, but was deterred by the request of the government. It is probable the Spanish Regency conceived at the presence of one of the Bourbon family will inspire the people with additional confidence and enthusiasm; or it may be intended to declare him sole Regent.)

Capt. Adams, from Lisbon, reports, that Massena had declared himself King of Portugal. (A rumour has heretofore been received that Buonaparte had appointed him Viceroy of Portugal. The latter French wars have been to provide thrones for would be Kings.)

It was reported yesterday that a vessel hence for Eastport, had been wrecked near Mount Desert, and all but two of the persons on board, perished. It was afterwards reported that the people were all saved. A vessel which sailed about the middle of July for Eastport, with 15 passengers, we understand arrived safe.

The knock of the French in Spain, in kidnapping American property, though pretty well known, may be further illustrated by the following example, copied from a protest of captain Grozer, of schooner Four Brothers of Providence-town, before the American Consul in Malaga, viz.—"On the 12th February, I was informed by the Consul, that permission had been given by General Sebastiani, for me to dispose of my cargo, take in another, and return to the U. States; that in consequence thereof my consignees sold on the 14th of said February four hundred quintals of my fish; But that on the 15th, I was informed by the Consul, that orders had been received by General Pierreimond, then Commander in Chief of Malaga and its district, from Marshal Soult, Duke of Dalmatia, from Seville, to confiscate all American vessels and cargoes that were in this port when French troops entered, or should arrive afterwards, of which said Consul was notified on that day, and the purchasers of my four hundred quintals of fish were equally notified on that day not to pay any part of its amount, either to me the aforesaid deponent, or my consignees, but to hold it subject to the order of a French Commission established for that purpose. The remainder part of my cargo was landed, advertised and sold, by order of the French government."

NEW-YORK, AUG. 9.

FROM BOURDEAUX.

The schr. Saloma, capt Burton, arrived here yesterday from North Carolina, a few days since fell in with the ship George Dyer, then 60 days from Bourdeaux bound to Baltimore, with upwards of seventy passengers.—Was informed, that the ship Ann, Prendergest (if permission was obtained) would sail in about 15 days for New-York, with upwards of 200 American seamen; being the crews of American vessels unjustly seized and condemned in the ports of France.—That Mr. LEE, our Consul at Bourdeaux, intended to embark for home in the Ann, but had received a note (who from is not stated) inviting him to become a French citizen!—which he refused.—That Mr. ARMSTRONG expected to leave France about the 15th of August for America in the ship Sally; but still waiting the Emperor's permission to embark in that vessel. 40,000 French troops had lately passed through Bourdeaux for Spain. There was no expectation of a restoration of American property in France.

Mr. Dubois, who was sent by the Governor on a mission to the prophet, returned on the 3d inst. He was received by the Prophet in a friendly manner, and he denied most positively any hostile intention against the U. States.—He was asked why he had been brought from the Lakes, and had no right to the country they occupied—and why he had rejected the salt, and ill-treated the men who carried it? To the first question he answered, that he had been directed by the Great Spirit to assemble all the Indians that he could collect, and that he would continue to do so to the question relative to the salt, he would return no answer.

Mr. Dubois had some private conversation with some old friends of his, whom he met at the Prophet's-town, and from whom he learnt that the Prophet had been preparing for a long time, but they could not tell whether it was against the United States or the Osage nation.

We understand that the Governor has received a communication from the Indian agent at Fort Wayne, in which all the circumstances of the combination against the U. States are particularly detailed, and exactly correspond with what we had heard from other channels. [Vincennes paper.]

The Triumph's boats after the late hurricane at Cadiz, picked up near 700 boxes of quicksilver, which, for the purpose of being taken care of, were stowed in the different store-rooms and the hold, but the heat having caused the boxes to crack, several tons of the subtil fluid ran through the ship, and completely salivated the people; upwards of 300 of them were shifted into transports; several of them have lost all their teeth—one man his tongue, and many others are affected in so serious a manner, that it is feared they cannot recover. The provisions also partook of the pernicious influence of the quicksilver; and the Triumph is ordered to Gibraltar to be cleared immediately. [Lond. Pap.]

The Knell.

DIED—In New-York, on the 8th instant, the Hon. John Broome, Lieut. Gov. of that State.

At Fort M^cHenry, Baltimore, on the 9th inst. Lieutenant Solomon G. Conkling, of the U. S. Regiment of Artillerists.

In this County, suddenly, on Friday last, Mr. Joseph Jenifer.

In this City, on Saturday last, Mrs. Mary Buckland, in the 78th year of her age.

On Sunday last, in this City, Mr. William Sands, in the 75th year of his age.

Washington Monument Lottery,

FIRST CLASS.

SCHEME:

1 prize of 50,000 dolls.	is 50,000
1	50,000
1	20,000
2	10,000
3	5,000
20	100 tickets each
3	2,000
14	1,000
20	500
25	200
50	100
100	50
500	20
1,000	10
10,000	1

11,740 prizes
23,260 blanks—Not 2 blanks to a prize.

35,000 tickets at 10 dolls each 350,000
Cash prizes subject to a discount of 15 cent.

Stationary Prizes—as follows:
First 7,000 drawn blanks entitled to 12 d. each.

drawn ticket,
5, 10, 15 & 20th days
each day from the 21st to the 100
40th inclusive, (excepting the 100
tickets constituting prizes) each

The said twenty prizes to consist of number from 10,001 to 12,000 inclusive each hundred of the said 2,000 to be 1 prize the first hundred or lowest number for 21st day, and so regularly ascending to 40th.

First drawn tickets 42, 45, 48, 51
55 and 58 days, each

Do.	50	100
Do.	60	200
Do.	65	300
Do.	68	400
Do.	70	500

This scheme, to those who purchase with an eye to gain, offers advantages equal to any ever projected in America—but the managers know that the feelings of every freeman of his country, will prompt him to contribute his aid in raising a monument of gratitude to their illustrious countryman, independent of all pecuniary considerations.

They solicit gentlemen in every section of the union, generously to aid them in the disposal of tickets. All prizes will be paid the expiration of 60 days after the drawing is completed.

MANAGERS.

- | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| Jas. A. Buchanan | Nathaniel F. Williams |
| Robert Gilmer, jr. | David Winchester |
| Robert Miller | James Barroll |
| Isaac M ^c Kim | Levi Hollingsworth |
| George Hoffman | Fielding Lucas, jr. |
| Edward J. Coale | B. H. Mulliken |
| Lemuel Taylor | James Calhoun, jr. |
| Washington Hall | Nicholas G. Ridgely |
| John Frick | Dr. James Cocke |
| James Partridge | James Williams |
| Wm. Gwynn, Esq. | John Comegys |
| Wm. H. Winder, Esq. | |

TICKETS

IN the Washington Monument Lottery Baltimore, to be had at the different Lottery Offices, of the Managers and of E. Simkins, Sec^y Baltimore; of Mr. William S. Green and Mr. Horatio G. Munroe, Annapolis.

Benjamin Sewell, Boot & Shoemaker,

BEGS leave to inform his friends, and the public, that he has removed to the house lately occupied by HANLON & KARRER Church-street, where he intends carrying on the above business in all its various branches. He returns thanks to a kind and generous public for past favours, and hopes by a strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of their favours.

P. S. Those having accounts of long standing are requested to settle the same, as further indulgence cannot be given.

August 13, 1810.

NOTICE.

THE FREE SCHOOL of Anne-Arundel county will become vacant, on the 1st day of January next, any person that may be inclined to become a teacher at said place, of good moral character, possessing the qualifications of teaching reading, writing and arithmetic, will be pleased to attend on the premises, on Monday the 8th day of November next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the visitors of said school will attend to receive applications, and make known the several propositions.

- RICHARD HARWOOD,
JOHN WORTHINGTON,
LEONARD SELLMAN,
BRICE J. WORTHINGTON,
RICHD. HALL, of Edw.
WM. HALL, 3d.

August 8th, 1810.