

banks of the river, and who brutally scoffed at their danger and left them to their fate.

The gentleman, who is postmaster at Havre-de-Grace, put off in a small boat to their assistance—the man was got on shore, but the woman who was surrounded by accumulating cakes of ice must inevitably have perished, as the night was setting in, and the boat unable to approach her, had returned; when Commodore ROGERS, with a spirit worthy of a seaman, and highly honourable to humanity, taking a piece of plank passed from cake to cake, until he reached the woman, and brought her to land, when she was nearly perished with cold, being himself benumbed in this noble attempt to rescue her.

In our relation of the rescue of the negro man and woman, who were perishing in the ice at the Susquehanna on the 23d ultimo, we were led by mistake to mention the Postmaster of Havre-de-Grace, as the person who assisted Commodore Roger's in saving those people, instead of DAVID VAN SCOTER the ferryman in the employ of the general post-office, whose conduct on this interesting occasion, was distinguished by the most generous courage and humanity.

The N. Castle packets, Caroline and Little-George-Eyre, arrived yesterday morning, had on board upwards of half a million of Spanish Dollars, intended for the China and India spring shipments.

CHARLESTON, Feb. 16: Capt. Grow, arrived this morning, informs, that Sir S. Hood, with one 74 and a frigate, touched at Madeira on the 16th January, on his way to Buenos-Ayres. A great number of merchantmen and transports for the same place, had touched at Madeira while Capt. Grow lay there.

ALEXANDRIA, March 2. Meriwether Lewis, Esq. has been nominated to the senate, as governor of Upper Louisiana, in the place of general James Wilkinson.

WASHINGTON CITY, March 4. On Monday, in congress, the directors of the office of discount and deposit in this city, from Alexandria, Georgetown and this place, met at the bank, and proceeded according to law to the election of a president; when JOHN P. VAN NESS was re-elected for the current year.

A copy of the treaty with England was yesterday received by the hon. Mr. Erskine. We hear that it has not yet been received by our government.

BALTIMORE, March 7. The following appeared in the Washington Federalist, of March 4: "A gentleman, on the correctness of whose information we place much reliance, was polite enough to call and inform us, that a copy of the treaty has been received by our government, and that it will be immediately returned to England, without being so much as laid before the senate. We are further told, that our ministers charged with the negotiation, were positively instructed to insist upon the relinquishment, by England, of the right of search, so far as it respects vessels sailing under the American flag. England, however, refused to admit the principle, and a treaty was concluded without it. Hence the hostility of the president towards it."

From the National Intelligencer of Friday last. We learn that the treaty lately concluded at London by the American and British commissioners has not yet been received by our government. It is believed, however, on good grounds, that the instrument in its existing form presents some difficulties which will require further negotiations in the same amicable spirit which has throughout prevailed, in order to render it acceptable to our government. It is understood particularly that it is deficient with respect to the important subject of improvements from American ships on the high seas; and that it is accompanied with a declaration on the part of the British government, that the signature of its commissioners is not to bind it to ratify the treaty or restrain it from retaliating measures against the late French decree, unless it shall be previously assured by the explanation or conduct of the United States, that they will pursue a satisfactory course against the infringement of their neutral rights by that decree.

We learn also, that Mr. Purviance was the person appointed by our commissioners to be the bearer of the treaty, and their accompanying dispatches, and that he left London on the 8th of January. His arrival may consequently be hourly looked for.

An order of council was to appear in the London Gazette of the 10th January, and is in substance, (says the Morning Chronicle) "that no neutral ships be permitted to trade from any port under the control, or in the possession of the enemy. The neutral trade direct from neutral nations to the enemy's ports still permitted; but the neutral trade from port to port is prohibited."

On the above order, the Morning Herald observes—"This measure will speedily decide the question, whether France, who has no commercial marine of her own, can dispense with the carrying trade, as pursued by neutrals, but which this measure goes completely to extinguish. She will now, in return for her menaced blockade, be hermetically sealed up, without an opportunity of exporting her produce to any part of the globe. The direct trade from America is permitted, but under this salutary regulation, the Americans will not be allowed to carry on the trade between France, Spain, Italy, Holland, &c."

The following statement of the "active force of France" is copied from the Aurora. It is called a "hasty sketch." The authority or source from which it is derived is not mentioned—it is, in all probability, a good deal conjectured. The addition is incorrect—the whole would amount to 1,144,000 men.

ACTIVE FORCE OF FRANCE.

GRAND ARMY.

Head-quarters, Warsaw, January 1.

Legion, Marshal Murat,	30,000 men.
Bernadotte,	25,000
Dayoust,	30,000
Augejeau,	25,000
Soult,	25,000
Ney,	20,000
Lafnes,	25,000
Mortier,	30,000

Reserve and imperial guard, marshal Bessiers,	55,000
	245,000
Grand reserve marshal Lefebvre,	70,000

CONTINGENT OF THE RHINE.

Bavaria, { Gen. Deroi,	20,000
{ Gen. Wrede,	15,000
	35,000

Wirttemberg, } Vandame,	12,000
Baden, } 10,000	
Isenburg, } 2,000	
Nassau Utingen, } Pr. Jerome,	1,500
Hesse Darmstadt,	4,000
	29,500

REINFORCEMENTS.

The Italian corps, Gen. Lecchi,	10,000
Old Polish legion from Italy, Malachowski,	10,000
Army of Holland,	30,000
Irish legion,	7,000
	57,000

GRAND ARMY OF RESERVE—At Metz.

Four legions—mar. Kellerman, 100,000

Marched by cohorts, 60,000

ARMY IN THE ITALIAN KINGDOM.

Head-quarters, Milan,	50,000
Grand army, Menou,	40,000
Conscripts of 1805,	35,000
Corps in Dalmatia { Marnont,	15,000
{ Laurikton,	10,000
Corps in Styria, Gen. —,	10,000
	150,000

NEAPOLITAN ARMY.

French, Marshal Massena,	35,000
Lombards, &c.	25,000
Neapolitans,	50,000
	110,000

NORTHERN NEW LEVIES.

Royal Saxons,	30,000
Saxe Weimar,	15,000
Hohenzollern,	5,000
Hanoverians,	20,000
Poles from Prussian corps,	25,000
Anspach and Bayreuth,	2,500
Hesse Cassel,	22,000
Curassiers new, gen. D'Espange,	3,000
Picked corps of Oudinot,	15,000
Legion of the north,	20,000
Polish national guards,	130,000
	287,500
	160,000
	57,000
	29,500
	35,000
	70,000
	245,000
	884,000

We observe in a London paper of the 1st January, that the *Life of Washington*, by judge Marshall, complete, is advertised for sale, in two editions—price in boards, printed on vellum, seven guineas; on demy, two and a half guineas. The publisher makes the following remarks:

"The public will learn with interest that the literary monument which has long been projected to the memory of the most illustrious character of modern times, is at length completed. No apology can be requisite for erecting such a monument to him, who was the first in war, the first in peace, and the first in the hearts of his fellow-citizens; to him who was the founder of a great and prosperous empire, and whose moderation and pure patriotism challenge the imitation of all statesmen.—This performance of judge Marshall, has already been distinguished by the most honourable and unequivocal testimonies: it has been hailed as an acquisition to standard literature; and it has been considered as deserving, in point of execution, a place by the side of Robinson's Charles the fifth, and as unrivalled in the authenticity of its materials, by any work in the entire compass of history and biography."

We wonder what has become of the 5th volume of the American edition? The fault of its not appearing, must be attributed to the publisher, we presume. [Norfolk Led.]

In addition to the few hundreds of banks already established in New-England, Eighty applications have been made to the present sitting of the legislature of Massachusetts to incorporate new ones! They have all been rejected.

The legislature of the state of Delaware have passed an act to establish a Farmers Bank in that state.

Two Royal Tygers are exhibiting in New-York—they are said to be nine feet in length, and three feet high.

A company of Hebrew volunteers, under the command of captain Myer Moses, has been raised at Charleston, (S. C.) and were lately reviewed with peculiar satisfaction by col. Roper and major Ward. The officers are all native Carolinians, esteemed and distinguished by the company for their courage and respectability.

S. Carolina is, perhaps, the first state, since the fall and dispersion of the Jewish nation, which has witnessed a procedure so honourable to that liberal spirit which should ever operate on the minds of freemen.

Died, on Friday morning last, at Baltimore, capt. DAVID GEDDES, an old and respectable inhabitant of Fell's Point.

ON Monday, the 30th March, at 10 o'clock, if fair, if not, the first fair day thereafter, the subscriber intends to offer at auction, the remains of his MERCHANDISE and HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, and in the intermediate time will dispose of either at very reduced prices. Among the merchandise are German linens, Waldren's lishes, warranted cast steel, reap-hooks, lithe stones, battle powder, cut and wrought nails, two pair fleelyards, and a few kegs of butter. Among the household furniture is a handsome sideboard, chest of drawers, second hand carpet, and bathing cistern. He has also for sale a horse and gig, the horse goes well under the saddle, as well as in the gig. He is in want of a woman servant that can do plain cooking and can wash and iron well—also a negro boy about 15 years of age, both or either of which he will hire by the year, or buy for a term of years.

Wm. WILKINS.

Annapolis, March 9, 1807.

Will be SOLD, at Squier's Neck, on Friday, the 24th inst.,

SOME cattle, among which are, one valuable pair work oxen, sheep, forty or fifty barrels of good corn, farming utensils, household furniture, and several other articles too tedious to mention. The sale to commence at eleven o'clock. The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

WILLIAM JOHNSON

March 10, 1807.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, letters testamentary on the estate of JOHN DAVIDSON, late of the city of Annapolis, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are requested to bring them in, legally authenticated, and passed by the orphans court, and those in any manner indebted to the estate of the deceased are desired without delay to make payment, to

ANN MARIA DAVIDSON, Executrix. March 12, 1807.

John Larmer,

Ladies and Gentlemens Hair-Dresser, RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that he has commenced business, in the line of his profession, at the shop formerly occupied by WILLIAM MORGAN, nearly opposite the printing office, and pledges himself, should he be fortunate enough to meet the approbation of a generous public, to give satisfaction to all who may employ him.

To all my Creditors.

I HEREBY give notice, that I intend to apply to the Baltimore county court, for the benefit of the act, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session, 1806, and of the supplement to said act, passed at the last November session.

JOHN H. SCHREIBER

March 10, 1807.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber intends to apply, by petition, in writing, to the honourable the justices of the county court for Prince-George's county, to be held at Upper-Marlborough, on the first day in April next, for a commission to mark and bound all those tracts or parcels of land, of which the subscriber is seized, lying and being in Prince-George's county, and state of Maryland, known by the names of Piscataway Forest, part of the largement of the Mill Dam, part of Patowmack Landing, and the Forest, with Townsend's Discharge, and the Forest, with Townsend's Discharge, whereof all persons in anywise concerned or indebted are hereby desired to take notice.

CHARLES EVERSFIELD,

NOTICE.

THE subscriber wishes to close his business on the 20th of March next, therefore requests persons indebted to him, on open account, to his store and settle them by payment, or oblige him by that time, and all those whose notes or bills have been standing upwards of twelve months, to present them.

What goods I have on hand will be sold for cash.

RICHARD MACKAY
Annapolis, February 19, 1807.