

NEW-YORK, April 21.

Last night arrived here, the ship Fanny, capt. Taylor, in 32 days from Greenock. We have received London and Liverpool papers to the 15th ult. and Glasgow papers to the 17th ult. but at too late an hour to give any more than marine extracts. Nothing of moment had transpired since our former advice. The king on the 13th, "continued to recover."—No attempt had been made to invade England. No fresh light thrown on the conspiracy, though much is said on the subject. Buonaparte was again expected at Boulogne. Pichegru was arrested—Moreau in the Temple. An expedition has failed for Boulogne, and very heavy firing heard after their arrival. Lord Moira was to command an expedition to Holland. The embargo was taken off.

On a perusal of the papers by the packet, we do not discover any thing of moment. The London Morning Chronicle of the 10th says, "There was yesterday a report that the French had gained possession of Elsinour. We made the most particular inquiries as to the source of this information, but we could trace it to no authentic quarter. That an alarm has subsisted for some time of the hostile designs of the chief consul against Denmark, is certain; and this has naturally been heightened by the circumstance of the embargo laid on all vessels to the North Seas; but we suspect that the rumour is unfounded, though it is certain that all the letters of Holland, as well as Hamburg, have countenanced the apprehension. The fact is irreconcilable with any notion of true policy on the part of the chief consul, as an attack upon Denmark would necessarily force the emperor of Russia to take a part in the war against France.

"The embargo on all vessels destined to the ports in the Baltic, &c. was yesterday extended to all vessels clearing out for Ireland. What can be the object of this measure? Is there a serious dread of British property falling into the hands of the enemy, that an interdiction is put upon all trade with the countries which are likely to be over-run? If the danger be indeed so imminent, it is fit that the most vigorous steps should be taken for our protection; and we lament to see, that in a moment like the present, the attention of our ministers seems to be occupied with measures so curious and futile as the present.

"Whatever foundation there may be in truth for the alarm of an attack upon Denmark and the capture of the town of Elsinour, it had the effect yesterday towards the close of the market, of sinking the funds about a half per cent."

April 23.

Captain Holland, who arrived here yesterday, left Cork on the 18th ult. He informs, that there is an astonishing unanimity in Ireland in favour of repelling any attempts which might be made to land French troops in that country. All disquietude among the people had subsided, and every man was prepared to fight for his country.

We have received Cork papers to the 17th, but they contain but little news. His Britannic majesty's ship Ardent had just arrived at Beerhaven, from Ferrol, where she left six ships of the line, under command of captain Sutton, of the Mars, blockading that port, in consequence of several French ships of war being at that place. The embargo ordered in England, extended, and was laid in Ireland.

Our Bourdeaux papers by the ship Commerce are to the 13th of March, and are wholly uninteresting. The captain confirms the intelligence in our last number, that gen. Pichegru had been arrested. He adds, that the police had apprehended Joyau the companion of Georges; and that the latter would not, in all probability, escape the vigilance of government. The embargo which had been laid on all vessels in the French ports, on the promulgation of the conspiracy against Buonaparte, was taken off a few days previous to the sailing of the Commerce.

## PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, April 23.

Arrived in this port the brig Belle Air, John Meany, master, from the Isle of France, in 98 days.

Sailed from the Isle of France on a cruise, a French squadron consisting of the following force:

One ship 74 guns  
Three do. 44 do.  
One do. 30 do.  
One do. 20 do.

Four of the above ships sailed in company and have captured in the Straits of Sunda, the company's ship Sunderland, laden with rice and cotton, from Bengal to China. The same squadron attacked the English settlement at Bencoolen. The English, on the approach of the enemy, set fire to the ships in the harbour, (two company's and two country ships) together with the stores and works on shore. Owing to an extraordinary exertion one of the ships was saved. Property taken and destroyed at Bencoolen is said to be worth ten millions of dollars.

Dutch force in the Isle of France:

One ship of 60 guns, } Preparing for sea.  
Two do. of 50 do. }

April 24.

There are letters in town which state, that the emperor of Russia has, by his ambassador at Constantinople, interfered with his good offices to the release of the officers and crew of the United States frigate Philadelphia. From the quarter whence this information is derived, it is rendered highly probable.

[Aurora.]

We can say that besides the commercial riches, much additional commercial information has been obtained by our Indianen in the last trips beyond the Cape, which promise great increased advantage to our intercourse with Asia. [Ibid.]

April 25.

Our London correspondent, under a late date, observes, "Mr. Michael Elle is appointed private secretary to the consulate general in Egypt. Mr. Locke, second son of Mr. Locke, who made a princely fortune in India, is going out shortly in that capacity, upon a grand establishment, and with three distinct appointments, and under the patronage both of government and the East-India company. He is to take with him five Russian officers among the staff, and several transports with troops, which are designed to garrison the ports, and to take and keep possession of the keys of Egypt. Elsi Bey, who came over to this country last autumn, was sent by the beys collectively to confer with our ministers on the policy of entering into some agreement to consolidate the interest of both countries, and to seek the protection of the British government. Accordingly we understand such an agreement with Elsi Bey on behalf of the rest of the beys has been entered into. A constant commercial connection is to be established, and a regular packet is to be dispatched from Falmouth to Malta, from thence to Egypt: new roads are proposed to be made if possible to facilitate the communication across the country, for the readier correspondence with our East-India possessions. It must be apparent to all Europe, that the beys cannot secure to themselves a quiet possession of Egypt: They are therefore necessarily inclined to seek an alliance with some great maritime power, and they have chosen the strongest for that purpose. It is understood here, that this measure is well known at St. Petersburg."

Accounts received at Charleston, by a gentleman who arrived there the 8th inst. in 6 days from Nassau, state, that two days before he sailed, a Spanish government schooner arrived at that place from Havana. It was said that her object was to obtain the permission of the governor for the Frenchmen now at Havana to pass, unmolested by the cruisers of that island, on their way to Europe.

Accounts of the effects of the late fresh are reaching us from various quarters. On both sides of the Delaware the inundation has broken in upon the banks, and overwhelmed the meadows and fields, and, in some instances, sweeping off the cattle.—Bridges on the Schuylkill and neighbouring creeks were unable to resist the force of this element.

April 26.

Extract of a letter from New-Orleans, March 11.

"The vote of the senate upon the subject of the importation of slaves into Louisiana, has occasioned great disquietude in this city; otherwise every thing is tranquil."

A letter from Washington says, "Government has received a long letter from the deposed Tunisian bashaw, in which he informs the president, that he has a large force under his command; but being destitute of arms, stores and money, he is unable to make any attempt to regain his authority in Tripoli: That he wishes the United States to advance him 40,000 dollars; for which he promises, upon succeeding to the beyship, to release all American prisoners in Tripoli, and to repay the money. He offers, as a guaranty, to give possession to the United States of the strongest post he has at his disposal. Hanet bashaw, it is said, has already gained some advantages over the usurper."

It appears that much dissatisfaction prevails at New-Orleans, in consequence of the conduct of the general government, and particularly in regard to the vote of the senate, relative to the traffic in slaves. A meeting of the citizens was held on the 14th of March, in which much warmth of temper was evinced, and violent measures proposed. It was finally agreed to appoint a committee to draft an address or remonstrance to congress, on the affairs of the territory generally.

## MARYLAND.

BALTIMORE, April 24.

Madras papers to the 7th December, received by the Allegany, arrived at New-York, contain general Lake's official account of a most bloody but victorious battle with the natives. In this battle general Ware's head was shot away by a cannon ball. The slaughter on the side of the British was immense.

April 26.

Extract of a letter from a midshipman on board the Constitution, to his friend in Wilmington (Del.) dated, "Constitution, at Syracuse, November 29, 1803.

Dear Sir,

"I am extremely happy to have it in my power to inform you something of the circumstances of the Dey of Algiers.

"He has in his treasury fifteen millions of dollars, army 20,000 horse and foot, has ransomed from him, upon averaged calculation, 1200 slaves annually, at 1500 dollars each. Taxes, rents, trade, &c. between four and five millions—ninety-four thousand inhabitants, in the city of Algiers—naval force four frigates, three brigs, two schooners, three xebec ships. The Dey receives our consul, and the utmost attention was paid him by the Dey's first officers—we believe the United States to be the most favoured nation. He made us a handsome present of bullocks, sheep, poultry, and vegetables of every kind.

"The British consul is ordered from Algiers—we are informed the Dey has a number of British subjects at labour."

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, May 3, 1804.

From the Washington Federalist, April 25.

There was a considerable fresh in the Patowmack on Monday last.—The water rose to a great height, and most of the wharfs in George-town were covered. The scene at the Little Falls was sufficiently terrible to have excited a thousand fears and apprehensions. It was at the bridge the greatest damage was sustained—there the water rose to a height nearly with the top of the abutment which is almost 40 feet above the river in common tides—and by its great force carried away what is called the land bridge on the north side of the Patowmack—but the main arch withstood its most fierce assaults.—Large trees and great quantities of timber were borne down the river, and the shores were lined with adventurers endeavoring to save fuel for themselves and their neighbours—and it is with satisfaction we state much was saved, and to-day wood has been purchased at half the usual price.

From Philadelphia, April 25.

Arrived last evening the Eliza, of Providence, captain Holland, from Alicant, which he left the 28th of February, and informs, that when he sailed the Spanish packet was daily expected from Algiers, and it was confidently believed, would bring accounts of the liberation of captain Bainbridge and his officers, through the interference of the dey and French commercial agent residing at Algiers.

The United States brig Argus, lieutenant Hull, had arrived at Alicant, from Genoa, and informed, that the American vessels at that port had been put in requisition to convey French troops on a secret expedition. The ship Alexander, Hodgson, of Baltimore, was one of them.

MARRIED, at Baltimore, on Saturday evening last, by the rev. Mr. Richards, Mr. NOBLE LITTLE USHER to Mrs. HARRIOT ANNA SNOWDEN, both of the Theatre.

## Michael &amp; Barney Curran.

Have received by the late arrivals at Philadelphia,

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING GOODS,

Suitable for the present season, which they will sell at the most reduced prices.

Annapolis, May 3d, 1804.

## Union Bank of Maryland.

25th April, 1804.

Notice to Stockholders.

THE transfer-books will open on the 26th inst. and will close on the 25th day of May next, and remain closed until further notice.

The execution of letters of attorney for transferring stock in the Union Bank of Maryland, must be either proved by a witness or acknowledged by the parties thereto, before a judge, justice of the peace, mayor, or notary public, and in all cases where the proof or acknowledgement is made before a notary public or mayor, the same must be certified under seal of office.

R. HIGINBOTHOM, Cashier.

The different editors in this city and throughout the state, who published the articles of association of the Union Bank of Maryland, are requested to insert the above advertisement till the 20th of May, and to forward their respective accounts immediately to the cashier of said bank, stating to whom payment shall be made.

Baltimore, April 26, 1804.

## NOTICE.

THE creditors of JOSEPH DEALE, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are requested to attend at the house of the subscriber, near Herrington creek church, on Monday the 21st instant, to receive their dividend of assets.

SAMUEL DEALE, Administrator.

May 1, 1804.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, in the state of Maryland, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of JOHN WELCH, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, before the eighteenth day of October next, they otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 18th day of April, 1804.

JOHN ROSS, Administrator.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, in the state of Maryland, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of JOHN BATTEE, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the twenty-fourth day of October next, they otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 24th day of April, 1804.

LUCY BATTEE, Executrix.